

TC1300

300 mA CMOS LDO with Shutdown, Bypass and Independent Delayed Reset Function

Features

- LDO with Integrated Microcontroller Reset Monitor Functionality
- Low Input Supply Current (80 μA, typical)
- · Very Low Dropout Voltage
- 10 μsec (typ.) Wake-Up Time from SHDN
- · 300 mA Output Current
- Standard or Custom Output and Detected Voltages
- · Power-Saving Shutdown Mode
- Bypass Input for Quiet Operation
- · Separate Input for Detected Voltage
- 140 msec Minimum RESET Output Duration
- Space-Saving MSOP Package
- Specified Junction Temperature Range: -40°C to +125°C

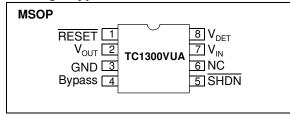
Applications

- Battery-Operated Systems
- · Portable Computers
- · Medical Instruments
- · Pagers
- Cellular / GSM / PHS Phones

Related Literature

- AN765, "Using Microchip's Micropower LDOs", DS00765.
- AN766, "Pin-Compatible CMOS Upgrades to Bipolar LDOs", DS00766.
- AN792, "A Method to Determine How Much Power a SOT23 Can Dissipate in an Application", DS00792.

Package Type



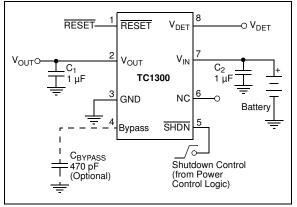
General Description

The TC1300 combines a low dropout regulator and a microcontroller reset monitor in an 8-Pin MSOP package. Total supply current is $80 \ \mu A$ (typical), 20 to 60 times lower than bipolar regulators.

The TC1300 has a precise output with a typical accuracy of ±0.5%. Other key features include low noise operation, low dropout voltage and internal feed-forward compensation for fast response to step changes in load. The TC1300 has both over-temperature and over-current protection. When the shutdown control (SHDN) is low, the regulator output voltage falls to zero, RESET output remains valid and supply current is reduced to 30 μ A (typical). The TC1300 is rated for 300 mA of output current and stable with a 1 μ F output capacitor.

An active-low $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ is asserted when the detected voltage (V_{DET}) falls below the reset voltage threshold. The RESET output remains low for 300 msec (typical) after V_{DET} rises above reset threshold. The TC1300 also has a fast wake-up response time (10 µsec., typical) when released from shutdown.

Typical Application Circuit



© 2001-2012 Microchip Technology Inc.

1.0 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Absolute Maximum Ratings*

Input Voltage	6.5V
Output Voltage	(V _{SS} - 0.3) to (V _{IN} + 0.3)
Power Dissipation	Internally Limited (Note 6)
Operating Junction Temperature,	
Maximum Junction Temperature,	Tj150°C
Storage Temperature	65°C to +150°C
Maximum Voltage on Any Pin	(V _{SS} -0.3) to (V _{IN} +0.3)

*Notice: Stresses above those listed under "maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at those or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational listings of this specification is not implied. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

PIN DESCRIPTIONS

Pin	Description	
RESET	$\begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	
V _{OUT}	Regulated Voltage Output	
GND	Ground Terminal	
Bypass	Reference Bypass Input. Connecting an optional 470 pF to this input further reduces output noise.	
SHDN	Shutdown Control Input. The regulator is fully enabled when a logic high is applied to this input. The regulator enters shutdown when a logic low is applied to this input. During shut- down, regulator output voltage falls to zero, RESET output remains valid and supply cur- rent is reduced to 30 μ A (typ.).	
NC	No connect	
V _{IN}	Power Supply Input	
V _{DET}	Detected Input Voltage. V_{DET} and V_{IN} can be connected together.	

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$, $I_L = 0.1$ mA, $C_L = 3.3 \mu$ F, SHDN > V_{IH} , $T_A = 25^{\circ}$ C, unless otherwise noted. **BOLDFACE** type specifications apply for junction temperature (**Note 8**) of -40^{\circ}C to +125°C.

Parameters	Sym	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Conditions
Input Operating Voltage	V _{IN}	2.7		6.0	V	Note 7
Maximum Output Current	IOUT _{MAX}	300		_	mA	
Output Voltage	V _{OUT}	 V _R - 2.5%	V _R ± 0.5%	 V _R + 2.5%	V	Note 1
V _{OUT} Temperature Coefficient	$\Delta V_{OUT} / \Delta T$	_	25	_	ppm/°C	Note 2
Line Regulation	$\Delta V_{OUT} / \Delta V_{IN}$		0.02	0.35	%	$(V_{R} + 1V) \leq V_{IN} \leq 6V$
Load Regulation	$\Delta V_{OUT}/V_{OUT}$		0.5	2.0	%	$I_L = 0.1 \text{ mA to } I_{OUTMAX}$, Note 3

Note 1: V_R is the regulator output voltage setting.

2:
$$TCV_{OUT} = \frac{(V_{OUTMAX} - V_{OUTMIN}) \times 10^6}{V_{OUT} \times \Delta T}$$

- **3:** Regulation is measured at a constant junction temperature using low duty cycle pulse testing. Load regulation is tested over a load range from 0.1 mA to the maximum specified output current. Changes in output voltage due to heating effects are covered by the thermal regulation specification.
- 4: Dropout voltage is defined as the input to output differential at which the output voltage drops 2% below its nominal value measured at a 1V differential.
- 5: Thermal Regulation is defined as the change in output voltage at a time t after a change in power dissipation is applied, excluding load or line regulation effects. Specifications are for a current pulse equal to I_{LMAX} at V_{IN} = 6V for t = 10 msec.
- 6: The maximum allowable power dissipation is a function of ambient temperature, the maximum allowable junction temperature and the thermal resistance from junction-to-air (i.e. T_A, T_J, θ_{JA}). Exceeding the maximum allowable power dissipation causes the device to initiate thermal shutdown. Please see Section 4.0, "Thermal Considerations", of this data sheet for more details.
- 7: The minimum V_{IN} has to meet two conditions: V_{IN} \ge 2.7V and V_{IN} \ge (V_R + V_{DROPOUT}).
- 8: The junction temperature of the device is approximated by soaking the device under test at an ambient temperature equal to the desired junction temperature. The test time is small enough such that the rise in the junction temperature over the ambient temperature is not significant.

DS21385D-page 2

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (CONTINUED)

 $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$, $I_L = 0.1$ mA, $C_L = 3.3 \mu$ F, $\overline{SHDN} > V_{IH}$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}$ C, unless otherwise noted. **BOLDFACE** type specifications apply for junction temperature **(Note 8)** of -40^{\circ}C to +125°C.

Parameters	Sym	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Conditions
Dropout Voltage (Note 4)	V _{IN} _V _{OUT}	_	1 70 210	30 130 390	mV	$I_{L} = 0.1 \text{ mA}$ $I_{L} = 100 \text{ mA}$ $I_{L} = 300 \text{ mA}$
Supply Current	I _{SS1}	—	80	160	μA	$\overline{SHDN} = V_{IH}$
Shutdown Supply Current	I _{SS2}	—	30	60	μA	SHDN = 0V
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	—	60	—	dB	f ≤ 1 kHz, C _{BYPASS} = 1 nF
Output Short Circuit Current	I _{OUTSC}	—	800	1200	mA	V _{OUT} = 0V
Thermal Regulation	$\Delta V_{OUT} / \Delta P_D$	_	0.04	—	%/W	Note 5
Output Noise	eN	_	900	_	nV/Hz	$\label{eq:constraint} \begin{array}{l} f < 1 \ kHz, \ C_{OUT} = 1 \ \muF, \\ R_{LOAD} = 50 \ \Omega, \\ C_{BYPASS} = 1 \ nF \end{array}$
Wake-Up Time (from Shutdown Mode)	t _{WK}	_	10	20	µsec	C_{IN} = 1 μ F, V_{IN} = 5V, C_{OUT} = 4.7 μ F, I_L = 30 mA, See Figure 3-2
Settling Time (from Shutdown Mode)	ts	_	50	_	µsec	$\begin{array}{l} C_{\text{IN}} = 1 \ \mu\text{F}, \ V_{\text{IN}} = 5\text{V} \\ C_{\text{OUT}} = 4.7 \ \mu\text{F} \\ \text{I}_{\text{L}} = 30 \ \text{mA}, \ \text{See Figure 3-2} \end{array}$
Thermal Shutdown Die Temperature	T _{SD}	—	150	—	°C	
Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis	T _{HYS}	—	10	—	°C	
Thermal Resistance Junction to Case	RthetaJA	_	200	_	°C/Watt	EIA/JEDEC JESD51-751-7 4- Layer Board
SHDN Input High Threshold	V _{IH}	45	_	_	%V _{IN}	V _{IN} = 2.5V to 6.0V
SHDN Input Low Threshold	V _{IL}	_	_	15	%V _{IN}	V _{IN} = 2.5V to 6.0V

Note 1: V_R is the regulator output voltage setting.

2:
$$TCV_{OUT} = \frac{(V_{OUTMAX} - V_{OUTMIN}) \times 10^6}{V_{OUT} \times \Delta T}$$

- **3:** Regulation is measured at a constant junction temperature using low duty cycle pulse testing. Load regulation is tested over a load range from 0.1 mA to the maximum specified output current. Changes in output voltage due to heating effects are covered by the thermal regulation specification.
- 4: Dropout voltage is defined as the input to output differential at which the output voltage drops 2% below its nominal value measured at a 1V differential.
- 5: Thermal Regulation is defined as the change in output voltage at a time t after a change in power dissipation is applied, excluding load or line regulation effects. Specifications are for a current pulse equal to $I_{L_{MAX}}$ at $V_{IN} = 6V$ for t = 10 msec.
- 6: The maximum allowable power dissipation is a function of ambient temperature, the maximum allowable junction temperature and the thermal resistance from junction-to-air (i.e. T_A, T_J, θ_{JA}). Exceeding the maximum allowable power dissipation causes the device to initiate thermal shutdown. Please see Section 4.0, "Thermal Considerations", of this data sheet for more details.
- 7: The minimum V_{IN} has to meet two conditions: V_{IN} \ge 2.7V and V_{IN} \ge (V_R + V_{DROPOUT}).
- 8: The junction temperature of the device is approximated by soaking the device under test at an ambient temperature equal to the desired junction temperature. The test time is small enough such that the rise in the junction temperature over the ambient temperature is not significant.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (CONTINUED)

 $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$, $I_L = 0.1$ mA, $C_L = 3.3 \mu$ F, SHDN > V_{IH} , $T_A = 25^{\circ}$ C, unless otherwise noted. **BOLDFACE** type specifications apply for junction temperature (**Note 8**) of -40^{\circ}C to +125°C.

Parameters	Sym	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Conditions	
RESET Output							
Voltage Range	V _{DET}	1.0 1.2		6.0 6.0	V	$T_{A} = 0^{\circ}C \text{ to } +70^{\circ}C$ $T_{A} = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C$	
Reset Threshold	V _{TH}	2.59	2.63	2.66	V	TC1300R-XX, T _A = +25°C	
		2.55	_	2.70		TC1300R-XX, T _A = – 40°C to +125°C	
		2.36	2.40	2.43		TC1300Y-XX, T _A = +25°C	
		2.32		2.47		TC1300Y-XX, T _A = - 40°C to +125°C	
Reset Threshold Tempco	ΔV_{TH} / ΔT	_	30	—	ppm/°C		
V _{DET} to Reset Delay	t _{RPD}	_	160	—	µsec	$V_{DET} = V_{TH}$ to $(V_{TH} - 100 \text{ mV})$	
Reset Active Timeout Period	t _{RPU}	140	300	560	msec		
RESET Output Voltage Low	V _{OL}	_	_	0.3	V	$V_{DET} = V_{TH} min,$ $I_{SINK} = 1.2 mA$	
RESET Output Voltage High	V _{OH}	0.8 V _{DET}	_	_	V	V _{DET} > V _{TH} max, I _{SOURCE} = 500 μA	

Note 1: V_R is the regulator output voltage setting.

2:
$$TCV_{OUT} = \frac{(V_{OUTMAX} - V_{OUTMIN}) \times 10^6}{V_{OUT} \times \Delta T}$$

3: Regulation is measured at a constant junction temperature using low duty cycle pulse testing. Load regulation is tested over a load range from 0.1 mA to the maximum specified output current. Changes in output voltage due to heating effects are covered by the thermal regulation specification.

- 4: Dropout voltage is defined as the input to output differential at which the output voltage drops 2% below its nominal value measured at a 1V differential.
- 5: Thermal Regulation is defined as the change in output voltage at a time t after a change in power dissipation is applied, excluding load or line regulation effects. Specifications are for a current pulse equal to $I_{L_{MAX}}$ at V_{IN} = 6V for t = 10 msec.
- 6: The maximum allowable power dissipation is a function of ambient temperature, the maximum allowable junction temperature and the thermal resistance from junction-to-air (i.e. T_A, T_J, θ_{JA}). Exceeding the maximum allowable power dissipation causes the device to initiate thermal shutdown. Please see Section 4.0, "Thermal Considerations", of this data sheet for more details.
- 7: The minimum V_{IN} has to meet two conditions: $V_{IN} \geq 2.7V$ and $V_{IN} \geq (V_R + V_{DROPOUT}).$
- 8: The junction temperature of the device is approximated by soaking the device under test at an ambient temperature equal to the desired junction temperature. The test time is small enough such that the rise in the junction temperature over the ambient temperature is not significant.

2.0 **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Note: The graphs and tables provided following this note are a statistical summary based on a limited number of samples and are provided for informational purposes only. The performance characteristics listed herein are not tested or guaranteed. In some graphs or tables, the data presented may be outside the specified operating range (e.g., outside specified power supply range) and therefore outside the warranted range.

Junction temperature (T_{i}) is approximated by soaking the device under test at an ambient temperature equal to the desired Junction temperature. The test time is small enough such that the rise in the Junction temperature over the Ambient temperature is not significant.

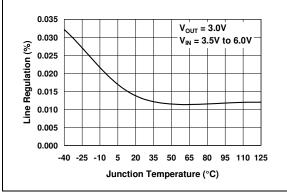


FIGURE 2-1: Temperature.

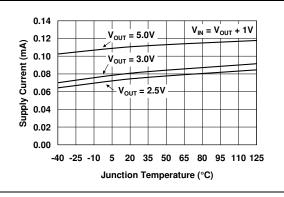
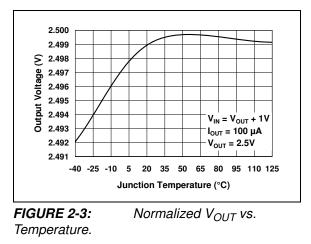


FIGURE 2-2: Temperature.

Supply Current vs.

Line Regulation vs.



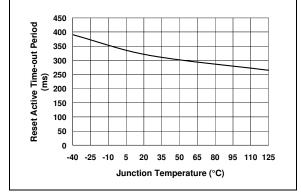


FIGURE 2-4: Reset Active Time-out Period vs. Temperature.

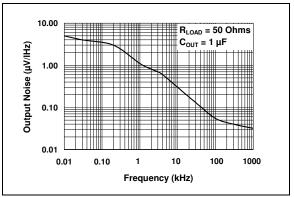
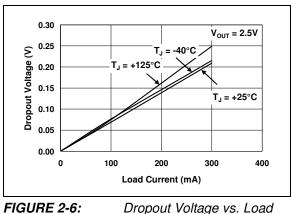


FIGURE 2-5:

Output Noise vs. Frequency.



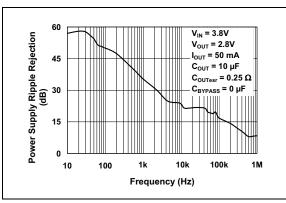
Current (2.5V).

Dropout Voltage vs. Load

© 2001-2012 Microchip Technology Inc.

2.0 TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (CON'T)

Junction temperature (T_{i}) is approximated by soaking the device under test at an ambient temperature equal to the desired Junction temperature. The test time is small enough such that the rise in the Junction temperature over the Ambient temperature is not significant.



Power Supply Rejection FIGURE 2-7: Ratio vs. Frequency.

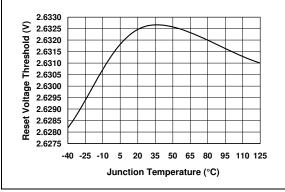
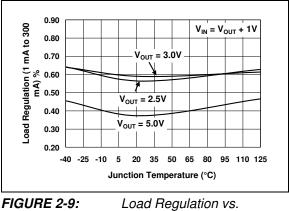


FIGURE 2-8: Reset Voltage Threshold vs. Junction Temperature.



Temperature.

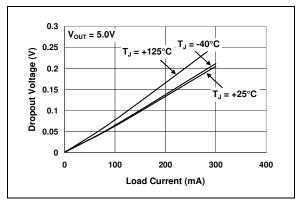


FIGURE 2-10: Dropout Voltage vs. Load Current (5.0V).

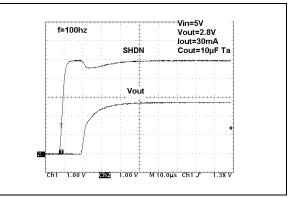


FIGURE 2-11: Wake-Up Response Time.

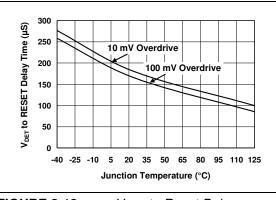


FIGURE 2-12:

V_{DET} to Reset Delay vs.

Temperature.

2.0 TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (CON'T)

Junction temperature (T_J) is approximated by soaking the device under test at an ambient temperature equal to the desired Junction temperature. The test time is small enough such that the rise in the Junction temperature over the Ambient temperature is not significant.

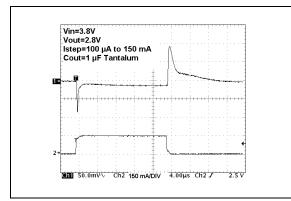


FIGURE 2-13: Load Transient Response 1 μ F Output Capacitor.

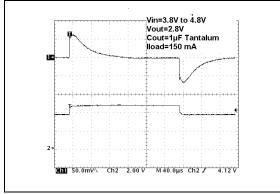


FIGURE 2-14: Line Transient Response 1 μ F Output Capacitor.

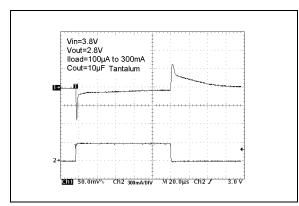


FIGURE 2-15: Load Transient Response 10 μF Output Capacitor.

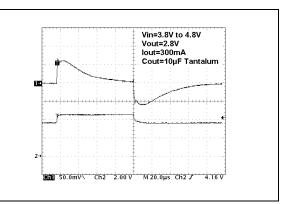


FIGURE 2-16: Line Transient Response 10 μF Output Capacitor.

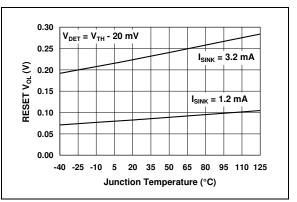


FIGURE 2-17: RESET Output Voltage Low vs. Junction Temperature.

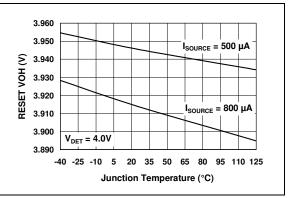


FIGURE 2-18: RESET Output Voltage High vs. Junction Temperature.

^{© 2001-2012} Microchip Technology Inc.

3.0 DETAILED DESCRIPTION

The TC1300 is a combination of a fixed output, low dropout regulator and a microcontroller monitor/RESET. Unlike bipolar regulators, the TC1300 supply current does not increase with load current. In addition, V_{OUT} remains stable and within regulation over the entire specified operating load range (0 mA to 300 mA) and operating input voltage range (2.7V to 6.0V).

Figure 3-1 shows a typical application circuit. The regulator is enabled any time the shutdown input (SHDN) is above V_{IH} . The regulator is shutdown (disabled) when SHDN is at or below V_{IL} . SHDN may be controlled by a CMOS logic gate or an I/O port of a microcontroller. If the SHDN input is not required, it should be connected directly to the input supply. While in shutdown, supply current decreases to 30 μ A (typical), V_{OUT} falls to zero and RESET remains valid.

3.1 RESET Output

The RESET output is driven active-low within 160 μ sec of V_{DET} falling through the reset voltage threshold. RESET is maintained active for a minimum of 140 msec after V_{DET} rises above the reset threshold. The TC1300 has an active-low RESET output. The output of the TC1300 is valid down to V_{DET} = 1V and is optimized to reject fast transient glitches on the V_{DET} line.

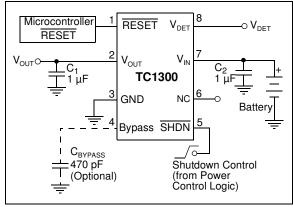


FIGURE 3-1: Typical Application Circuit.

3.2 Output Capacitor

A 1 μ F (min) capacitor from V_{OUT} to ground is required. A 1 μ F capacitor should also be connected from V_{IN} to GND if there is more than 10 inches of wire between the regulator and the AC filter capacitor, or if a battery is used as the power source. As with all low dropout regulators, a minimum output capacitance is required to stabilize the output voltage. For the TC1300, a minimum of 1 μ F of output capacitance is enough to stabilize the device over the entire operating load and line range. The selected output capacitor plays an important role is compensating the LDO regulator. For the TC1300, the selected output capacitor equivalent series resistance (ESR) range is 0.1 ohms to 5 ohms when using 1 μ F of output capacitance, and 0.01 ohms to 5 ohms when using 10 μ F of output capacitance. Because of the ESR requirement, tantalum and aluminum electrolytic capacitors are recommended. Aluminum electrolytic capacitors are not recommended for operation at temperatures below -25°C. When operating from sources other than batteries, rejection and transient responses can be improved by increasing the value of the input and output capacitors and employing passive filtering techniques.

3.3 Bypass Input (Optional)

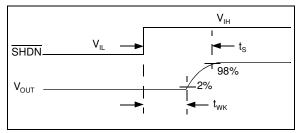
An optional 470 pF capacitor connected from the Bypass input to ground reduces noise present on the internal reference, which in turn significantly reduces output noise and improves PSRR performance. This input may be left unconnected. Larger capacitor values may be used, but results in a longer time period to rated output voltage when power is initially applied.

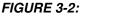
3.4 Turn On Response

The turn-on response is defined as two separate response categories, Wake-Up Time (t_{WK}) and Settling Time $(t_{\text{S}}).$

The TC1300 has a fast Wake-Up Time (10 μ sec typical) when released from shutdown. See Figure 3-2 for the Wake-Up Time designated as t_{WK} . The Wake-Up Time is defined as the time it takes for the output to rise to 2% of the V_{OUT} value after being released from shutdown.

The total turn-on response is defined as the Settling Time (t_S) (see Figure 3-2). Settling Time (inclusive with t_{WK}) is defined as the condition when the output is within 2% of its fully enabled value (50 µsec typical) when released from shutdown. The settling time of the output voltage is dependent on load conditions and output capacitance on V_{OUT} (RC response).





Wake-Up Response Time.

4.0 THERMAL CONSIDERATIONS

4.1 Thermal Shutdown

Integrated thermal protection circuitry shuts the regulator off when the die temperature exceeds 150°C. The regulator remains off until the die temperature drops to approximately 140°C.

4.2 Power Dissipation

The amount of power the regulator dissipates is primarily a function of input and output voltage, and output current. The following equation is used to calculate worst case *actual* power dissipation:

EQUATION

$$P_D \approx (V_{INMAX} - V_{OUTMIN}) I_{LOADMAX}$$

Where:

 P_D = worst case actual power dissipation V_{INMAX} = maximum voltage on V_{IN} V_{OUTMIN} = minimum regulator output voltage $I_{LOADMAX}$ = maximum output (load) current

The maximum allowable power dissipation, P_{DMAX}, is a

function of the maximum ambient temperature (T_{AMAX}), the maximum recommended die temperature (125°C) and the thermal resistance from junction-to-air (θ_{JA}). The MSOP-8 package has a θ_{JA} of approximately 200°C/Watt when mounted on a FR4 dielectric copper clad PC board.

EQUATION

$$P_{DMAX} = \frac{(T_{JMAX} - T_{AMAX})}{\theta_{JA}}$$

The worst case actual power dissipation equation can be used in conjunction with the LDO maximum allowable power dissipation equation to ensure regulator thermal operation is within limits. For example:

Find:

Given:

EQUATION:

$$P_D \approx (V_{INMAX} - V_{OUTMIN})I_{LOADMAX}$$

= [(4.1) - (3.0 × .975)]200 × 10⁻³
= 220 mW

EQUATION:

MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE POWER DISSIPATION

$$P_{DMAX} = \frac{(T_{JMAX} - T_{AMAX})}{\theta_{JA}}$$
$$= \frac{(125 - 55)}{200}$$
$$= 350 \text{ mW}$$

In this example, the TC1300 dissipates a maximum of only 220 mW; below the allowable limit of 350 mW. In a similar manner, the maximum actual power dissipation equation and the maximum allowable power dissipation equation can be used to calculate maximum current and/or input voltage limits. For example, the maximum allowable power dissipation of 350 mW into the actual power dissipation equation, from which $V_{INMAX} = 4.97V$.

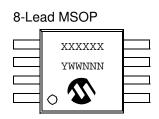
4.3 Layout Considerations

The primary path of heat conduction out of the package is via the package leads. Therefore, layouts having a ground plane, wide traces at the pads and wide power supply bus lines combine to lower θ_{JA} and, therefore, increase the maximum allowable power dissipation limit.

^{© 2001-2012} Microchip Technology Inc.

5.0 PACKAGING INFORMATION

5.1 Package Marking Information





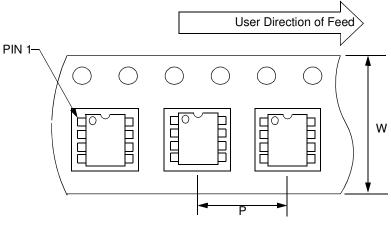


Part Number	Marking Code (XXXXXX)
TC1300R - 2.5VUA	1300RA
TC1300Y - 2.7VUA	1300YF
TC1300R - 2.8VUA	1300RB
TC1300R - 2.85VUA	1300RC
TC1300R - 3.0VUA	1300RD
TC1300R - 3.3VUA	1300RE

Legend	: XXX Y YY WW NNN (©3) *	Customer-specific information Year code (last digit of calendar year) Year code (last 2 digits of calendar year) Week code (week of January 1 is week '01') Alphanumeric traceability code Pb-free JEDEC designator for Matte Tin (Sn) This package is Pb-free. The Pb-free JEDEC designator (e3) can be found on the outer packaging for this package.
Note:	be carried	nt the full Microchip part number cannot be marked on one line, it will d over to the next line, thus limiting the number of available for customer-specific information.

DS21385D-page 10

5.2 Package Dimensions



Component Taping Orientation for 8-Pin MSOP Devices

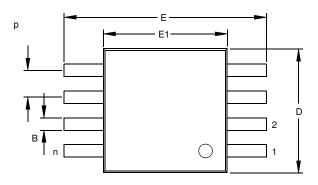
Standard Reel Component Orientation for TR Suffix Device

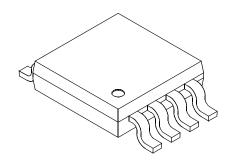
Package	Carrier Width (W)	Pitch (P)	Part Per Full Reel	Reel Size
8-Pin MSOP	12 mm	8 mm	2500	13 in.

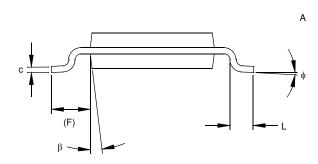
^{© 2001-2012} Microchip Technology Inc.

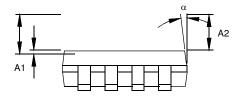
8-Lead Plastic Micro Small Outline Package (UA) (MSOP)

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging









Units		INCHES			MILLIMETERS*		
Dimens	sion Limits	MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	n		8				8
Pitch	р		.026		0.65		
Overall Height	А			.044			1.18
Molded Package Thickness	A2	.030	.034	.038	0.76	0.86	0.97
Standoff §	A1	.002		.006	0.05		0.15
Overall Width	E	.184	.193	.200	4.67	4.90	.5.08
Molded Package Width	E1	.114	.118	.122	2.90	3.00	3.10
Overall Length	D	.114	.118	.122	2.90	3.00	3.10
Foot Length	L	.016	.022	.028	0.40	0.55	0.70
Footprint (Reference)	F	.035	.037	.039	0.90	0.95	1.00
Foot Angle	ф	0		6	0		6
Lead Thickness	с	.004	.006	.008	0.10	0.15	0.20
Lead Width	В	.010	.012	.016	0.25	0.30	0.40
Mold Draft Angle Top	α		7			7	
Mold Draft Angle Bottom	β		7			7	
*O - stralling Demonstration							

*Controlling Parameter § Significant Characteristic

Notes:

Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed .010" (0.254mm) per side.

Drawing No. C04-111

6.0 **REVISION HISTORY**

Revision D (November 2010)

Added a note to each package outline drawing.

^{© 2001-2012} Microchip Technology Inc.

TC1300

NOTES:

DS21385D-page 14

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM

To order or obtain information, e.g., on pricing or delivery, refer to the factory or the listed sales office.

PART NO. Device	- <u>X.X X /XX</u> Output Temperature Package	Examples: a) TC1300R-2.5VUA: 300mA CMOS LDO w/
Device: Output Voltages: RESET Threshold Voltages: - 2.4V = Y - 2.63V = R Temperature Range: Package:	Voltages Range TC1300X-X.XXXX: 300mA CMOS LDO w/Shutdown, Bypass & Independent Delayed Reset TC1300X-X.XXXXTR: 300mA CMOS LDO w/Shutdown, Bypass & Independent Delayed Reset (Tape and Reel) 2.5V = 2.5 2.7V = 2.7 2.8V = 2.8 2.85V = 2.85	 Shutdown, Bypass & Independent Delayed Reset, 2.5V output voltage, 2.63V RESET Threshold. b) TC1300R-2.8VUA: 300mA CMOS LDO w/Shut- down, Bypass & Independent Delayed Reset, 2.8V output voltage, 2.63V RESET Threshold. c) TC1300R-2.85VUA: 300mA CMOS LDO w/ Shutdown, Bypass & Independent Delayed Reset, 2.85V output voltage, 2.63V RESET Threshold. d) TC1300R-3.0VUA: 300mA CMOS LDO w/Shut- down, Bypass & Independent Delayed Reset, 3.0V output voltage, 2.63V RESET Threshold. e) TC1300R-3.3VUA: 300mA CMOS LDO w/Shut- down, Bypass & Independent Delayed Reset, 3.0V output voltage, 2.63V RESET Threshold. f) TC1300R-2.85VUATR: 300mA CMOS LDO w/ Shutdown, Bypass & Independent Delayed Reset, 3.3V output voltage, 2.63V RESET Threshold. f) TC1300R-2.85VUATR: 300mA CMOS LDO w/ Shutdown, Bypass & Independent Delayed Reset, 2.85V output voltage, 2.63V RESET Threshold, tape and reel. g) TC1300Y-2.7VUA: 300mA CMOS LDO w/ Shut- down, Bypass & independent Delayed Reset, 2.7V output voltage, 2.4V RESET Threshold.

Sales and Support

Data Sheets

Products supported by a preliminary Data Sheet may have an errata sheet describing minor operational differences and recommended workarounds. To determine if an errata sheet exists for a particular device, please contact one of the following:

1. Your local Microchip sales office

2. The Microchip Worldwide Site (www.microchip.com)

Please specify which device, revision of silicon and Data Sheet (include Literature #) you are using.

New Customer Notification System

Register on our web site (www.microchip.com/cn) to receive the most current information on our products.

^{© 2001-2012} Microchip Technology Inc.

TC1300

NOTES:

Note the following details of the code protection feature on Microchip devices:

- · Microchip products meet the specification contained in their particular Microchip Data Sheet.
- Microchip believes that its family of products is one of the most secure families of its kind on the market today, when used in the intended manner and under normal conditions.
- There are dishonest and possibly illegal methods used to breach the code protection feature. All of these methods, to our knowledge, require using the Microchip products in a manner outside the operating specifications contained in Microchip's Data Sheets. Most likely, the person doing so is engaged in theft of intellectual property.
- Microchip is willing to work with the customer who is concerned about the integrity of their code.
- Neither Microchip nor any other semiconductor manufacturer can guarantee the security of their code. Code protection does not mean that we are guaranteeing the product as "unbreakable."

Code protection is constantly evolving. We at Microchip are committed to continuously improving the code protection features of our products. Attempts to break Microchip's code protection feature may be a violation of the Digital Millennium Copyright Act. If such acts allow unauthorized access to your software or other copyrighted work, you may have a right to sue for relief under that Act.

Information contained in this publication regarding device applications and the like is provided only for your convenience and may be superseded by updates. It is your responsibility to ensure that your application meets with your specifications. MICROCHIP MAKES NO REPRESENTATIONS OR WARRANTIES OF ANY KIND WHETHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, WRITTEN OR ORAL, STATUTORY OR OTHERWISE, RELATED TO THE INFORMATION, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO ITS CONDITION, QUALITY, PERFORMANCE, MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR PURPOSE. Microchip disclaims all liability arising from this information and its use. Use of Microchip devices in life support and/or safety applications is entirely at the buyer's risk, and the buyer agrees to defend, indemnify and hold harmless Microchip from any and all damages, claims, suits, or expenses resulting from such use. No licenses are conveyed, implicitly or otherwise, under any Microchip intellectual property rights.

QUALITY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM CERTIFIED BY DNV = ISO/TS 16949=

Trademarks

The Microchip name and logo, the Microchip logo, dsPIC, FlashFlex, KEELOQ, KEELOQ logo, MPLAB, PIC, PICmicro, PICSTART, PIC³² logo, rfPIC, SST, SST Logo, SuperFlash and UNI/O are registered trademarks of Microchip Technology Incorporated in the U.S.A. and other countries.

FilterLab, Hampshire, HI-TECH C, Linear Active Thermistor, MTP, SEEVAL and The Embedded Control Solutions Company are registered trademarks of Microchip Technology Incorporated in the U.S.A.

Silicon Storage Technology is a registered trademark of Microchip Technology Inc. in other countries.

Analog-for-the-Digital Age, Application Maestro, BodyCom, chipKIT, chipKIT logo, CodeGuard, dsPICDEM, dsPICDEM.net, dsPICworks, dsSPEAK, ECAN, ECONOMONITOR, FanSense, HI-TIDE, In-Circuit Serial Programming, ICSP, Mindi, MiWi, MPASM, MPF, MPLAB Certified logo, MPLIB, MPLINK, mTouch, Omniscient Code Generation, PICC, PICC-18, PICDEM, PICDEM.net, PICkit, PICtail, REAL ICE, rfLAB, Select Mode, SQI, Serial Quad I/O, Total Endurance, TSHARC, UniWinDriver, WiperLock, ZENA and Z-Scale are trademarks of Microchip Technology Incorporated in the U.S.A. and other countries.

SQTP is a service mark of Microchip Technology Incorporated in the U.S.A.

GestIC and ULPP are registered trademarks of Microchip Technology Germany II GmbH & Co. & KG, a subsidiary of Microchip Technology Inc., in other countries.

All other trademarks mentioned herein are property of their respective companies.

© 2001-2012, Microchip Technology Incorporated, Printed in the U.S.A., All Rights Reserved.

Rinted on recycled paper.

ISBN: 9781620767832

Microchip received ISO/TS-16949:2009 certification for its worldwide headquarters, design and water fabrication facilities in Chandler and Tempe, Arizona; Gresham, Oregon and design centers in California and India. The Company's quality system processes and procedures are for its PIC® MCUs and dsPIC® DSCs, KEELOQ® code hopping devices, Serial EEPROMs, microperipherals, nonvolatile memory and analog products. In addition, Microchip's quality system for the design and mulfacture of development systems is ISO 9001:2000 certified.

© 2001-2012 Microchip Technology Inc.



Worldwide Sales and Service

AMERICAS

Corporate Office 2355 West Chandler Blvd. Chandler, AZ 85224-6199 Tel: 480-792-7200 Fax: 480-792-7277 Technical Support: http://www.microchip.com/ support

Web Address: www.microchip.com

Atlanta Duluth, GA Tel: 678-957-9614 Fax: 678-957-1455

Boston Westborough, MA Tel: 774-760-0087 Fax: 774-760-0088

Chicago Itasca, IL Tel: 630-285-0071 Fax: 630-285-0075

Cleveland Independence, OH Tel: 216-447-0464 Fax: 216-447-0643

Dallas Addison, TX Tel: 972-818-7423 Fax: 972-818-2924

Detroit Farmington Hills, MI Tel: 248-538-2250 Fax: 248-538-2260

Indianapolis Noblesville, IN Tel: 317-773-8323 Fax: 317-773-5453

Los Angeles Mission Viejo, CA Tel: 949-462-9523 Fax: 949-462-9608

Santa Clara Santa Clara, CA Tel: 408-961-6444 Fax: 408-961-6445

Toronto Mississauga, Ontario, Canada Tel: 905-673-0699 Fax: 905-673-6509

ASIA/PACIFIC

Asia Pacific Office Suites 3707-14, 37th Floor Tower 6, The Gateway Harbour City, Kowloon Hong Kong Tel: 852-2401-1200 Fax: 852-2401-3431 Australia - Sydney

Tel: 61-2-9868-6733 Fax: 61-2-9868-6755

China - Beijing Tel: 86-10-8569-7000 Fax: 86-10-8528-2104

China - Chengdu Tel: 86-28-8665-5511 Fax: 86-28-8665-7889

China - Chongqing Tel: 86-23-8980-9588 Fax: 86-23-8980-9500

China - Hangzhou Tel: 86-571-2819-3187 Fax: 86-571-2819-3189

China - Hong Kong SAR Tel: 852-2943-5100

Fax: 852-2401-3431 China - Nanjing

Tel: 86-25-8473-2460 Fax: 86-25-8473-2470 China - Qingdao

Tel: 86-532-8502-7355 Fax: 86-532-8502-7205

China - Shanghai Tel: 86-21-5407-5533 Fax: 86-21-5407-5066

China - Shenyang Tel: 86-24-2334-2829 Fax: 86-24-2334-2393

China - Shenzhen Tel: 86-755-8864-2200 Fax: 86-755-8203-1760

China - Wuhan Tel: 86-27-5980-5300 Fax: 86-27-5980-5118

China - Xian Tel: 86-29-8833-7252 Fax: 86-29-8833-7256

China - Xiamen Tel: 86-592-2388138 Fax: 86-592-2388130

China - Zhuhai Tel: 86-756-3210040 Fax: 86-756-3210049

ASIA/PACIFIC

India - Bangalore Tel: 91-80-3090-4444 Fax: 91-80-3090-4123

India - New Delhi Tel: 91-11-4160-8631 Fax: 91-11-4160-8632

India - Pune Tel: 91-20-2566-1512 Fax: 91-20-2566-1513

Japan - Osaka Tel: 81-66-152-7160 Fax: 81-66-152-9310

Japan - Yokohama Tel: 81-45-471- 6166 Fax: 81-45-471-6122

Korea - Daegu Tel: 82-53-744-4301 Fax: 82-53-744-4302

Korea - Seoul Tel: 82-2-554-7200 Fax: 82-2-558-5932 or 82-2-558-5934

Malaysia - Kuala Lumpur Tel: 60-3-6201-9857 Fax: 60-3-6201-9859

Malaysia - Penang Tel: 60-4-227-8870 Fax: 60-4-227-4068

Philippines - Manila Tel: 63-2-634-9065 Fax: 63-2-634-9069

Singapore Tel: 65-6334-8870 Fax: 65-6334-8850

Taiwan - Hsin Chu Tel: 886-3-5778-366 Fax: 886-3-5770-955

Taiwan - Kaohsiung Tel: 886-7-213-7828 Fax: 886-7-330-9305

Taiwan - Taipei Tel: 886-2-2508-8600 Fax: 886-2-2508-0102

Thailand - Bangkok Tel: 66-2-694-1351 Fax: 66-2-694-1350

EUROPE

Austria - Wels Tel: 43-7242-2244-39 Fax: 43-7242-2244-393 Denmark - Copenhagen Tel: 45-4450-2828 Fax: 45-4485-2829

France - Paris Tel: 33-1-69-53-63-20 Fax: 33-1-69-30-90-79

Germany - Munich Tel: 49-89-627-144-0 Fax: 49-89-627-144-44

Italy - Milan Tel: 39-0331-742611 Fax: 39-0331-466781

Netherlands - Drunen Tel: 31-416-690399 Fax: 31-416-690340

Spain - Madrid Tel: 34-91-708-08-90 Fax: 34-91-708-08-91

UK - Wokingham Tel: 44-118-921-5869 Fax: 44-118-921-5820

11/27/12