

80V PNP MEDIUM POWER TRANSISTOR IN SOT89

Description

This Bipolar Junction Transistor (BJT) has been designed to meet the stringent requirements of Automotive Applications.

Features

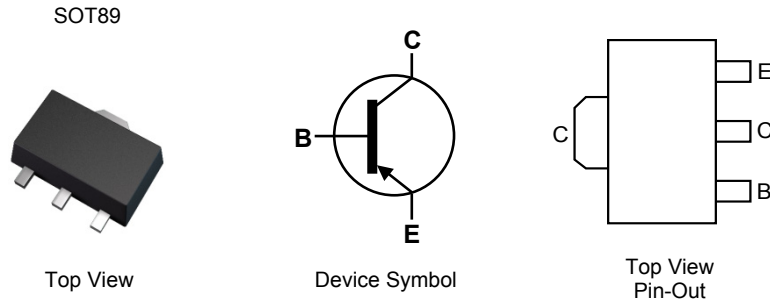
- $BV_{CEO} > -45V, -60V \text{ \& } -80V$
- $I_C = -1A$ Continuous Collector Current
- $I_{CM} = -1.5A$ Peak Pulse Current
- Low Saturation Voltage $V_{CE(SAT)} < -500mV @ -0.5A$
- Complementary NPN types: BCX5616Q
- **Totally Lead-Free & Fully RoHS compliant (Notes 1 & 2)**
- **Halogen and Antimony Free. "Green" Device (Note 3)**
- **Qualified to AEC-Q101 Standards for High Reliability**
- **PPAP Capable (Note 4)**

Mechanical Data

- Case: SOT89
- Case Material: Molded Plastic, "Green" Molding Compound
UL Flammability Rating 94V-0
- Moisture Sensitivity: Level 1 per J-STD-020
- Terminals: Finish - Matte Tin Finish Leads, Solderable per MIL-STD-202 Method 208 **Ⓢ3**
- Weight: 0.055 grams (Approximate)

Applications

- Automotive
- Medium Power Switching or Amplification Applications
- AF Driver and Output Stages

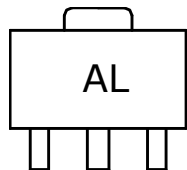


Ordering Information (Notes 4 & 5)

Product	Compliance	Marking	Reel Size (inches)	Tape Width (mm)	Quantity per Reel
BCX5316QTA	Automotive	AL	7	12	1,000

- Notes:
1. No purposely added lead. Fully EU Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS) & 2011/65/EU (RoHS 2) compliant.
 2. See http://www.diodes.com/quality/lead_free.html for more information about Diodes Incorporated's definitions of Halogen- and Antimony-free, "Green" and Lead-free.
 3. Halogen- and Antimony-free "Green" products are defined as those which contain <900ppm bromine, <900ppm chlorine (<1500ppm total Br + Cl) and <1000ppm antimony compounds.
 4. Automotive products are AEC-Q101 qualified and are PPAP capable. Automotive, AEC-Q101 and standard products are electrically and thermally the same, except where specified.
 5. For packaging details, go to our website at <http://www.diodes.com/products/packages.html>.

Marking Information



AL = Product Type Marking Code

Absolute Maximum Ratings (@T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise specified.)

Characteristic	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-Base Voltage	V _{CB0}	-100	V
Collector-Emitter Voltage	V _{CEO}	-80	V
Emitter-Base Voltage	V _{EBO}	-5	V
Continuous Collector Current	I _C	-1	A
Peak Pulse Collector Current	I _{CM}	-1.5	
Continuous Base Current	I _B	-100	mA
Peak Pulse Base Current	I _{BM}	-200	

Thermal Characteristics (@T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise specified.)

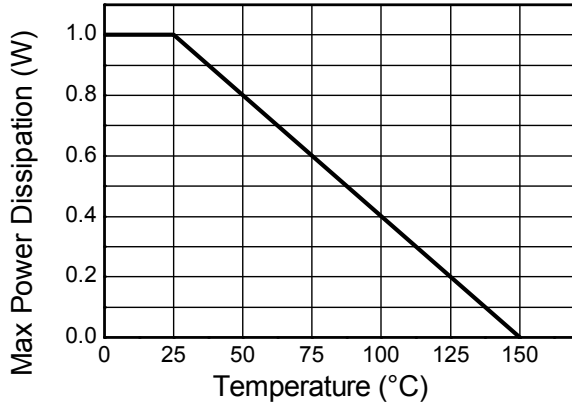
Characteristic		Symbol	Value	Unit
Power Dissipation	(Note 6)	P _D	1	W
	(Note 7)		1.5	
	(Note 8)		2.0	
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient Air	(Note 6)	R _{θJA}	125	°C/W
	(Note 7)		83	
	(Note 8)		60	
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Lead	(Note 9)	R _{θJL}	13	°C/W
Operating and Storage Temperature Range		T _J , T _{STG}	-65 to +150	°C

ESD Ratings (Note 10)

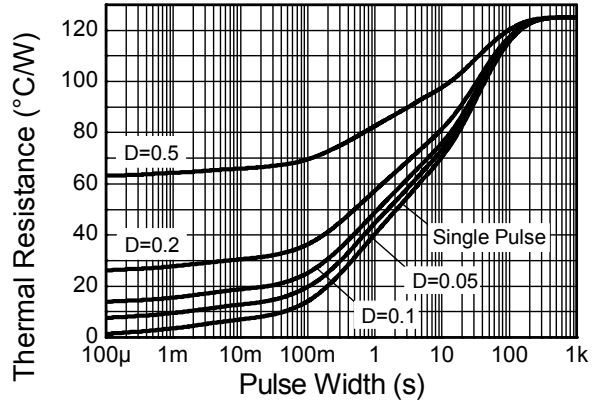
Characteristic	Symbol	Value	Unit	JEDEC Class
Electrostatic Discharge - Human Body Model	ESD HBM	4,000	V	3A
Electrostatic Discharge - Machine Model	ESD MM	400	V	C

- Notes:
6. For a device mounted with the exposed collector pad on 15mm x 15mm 1oz copper that is on a single-sided 1.6mm FR4 PCB; device is measured under still air conditions whilst operating in a steady-state.
 7. Same as note (6), except the device is mounted on 25mm x 25mm 1oz copper.
 8. Same as note (6), except the device is mounted on 50mm x 50mm 1oz copper.
 9. Thermal resistance from junction to solder-point (on the exposed collector pad).
 10. Refer to JEDEC specification JESD22-A114 and JESD22-A115.

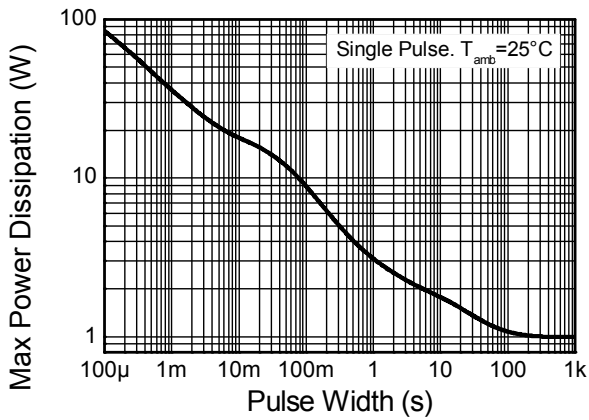
Thermal Characteristics and Derating Information



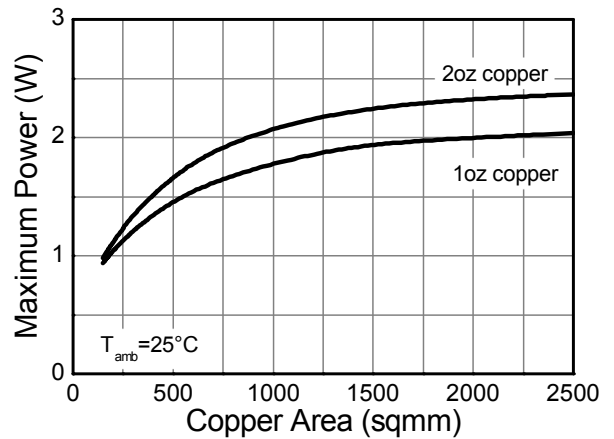
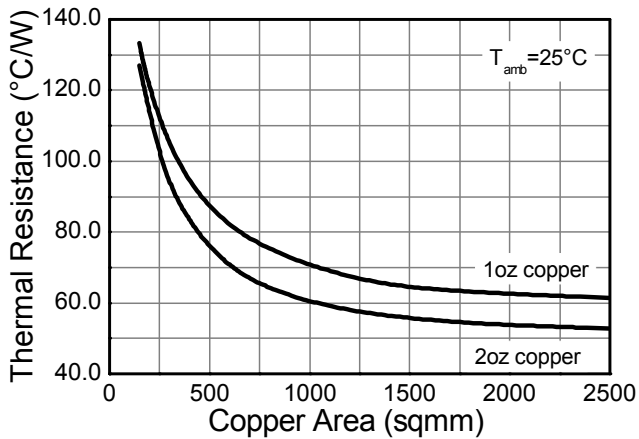
Derating Curve



Transient Thermal Impedance



Pulse Power Dissipation



Electrical Characteristics (@ $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified.)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Test Condition
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage	BV_{CB0}	-100	—	—	V	$I_C = -100\mu\text{A}$
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage (Note 11)	BV_{CEO}	-80	—	—	V	$I_C = -10\text{mA}$
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage	BV_{EBO}	-5	—	—	V	$I_E = -10\mu\text{A}$
Collector Cut-off Current	I_{CBO}	—	—	-0.1 -20	μA	$V_{CB} = -30\text{V}$ $V_{CB} = -30\text{V}, T_J = +150^\circ\text{C}$
Emitter Cut-off Current	I_{EBO}	—	—	-20	nA	$V_{EB} = -5\text{V}$
Static Forward Current Transfer Ratio (Note 11)	h_{FE}	25 100 25	— — —	— 250 —	—	$I_C = -5\text{mA}, V_{CE} = -2\text{V}$ $I_C = -150\text{mA}, V_{CE} = -2\text{V}$ $I_C = -500\text{mA}, V_{CE} = -2\text{V}$
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage (Note 11)	$V_{CE(sat)}$	—	—	-0.5	V	$I_C = -500\text{mA}, I_B = -50\text{mA}$
Base-Emitter Turn-On Voltage (Note 11)	$V_{BE(on)}$	—	—	-1.0	V	$I_C = -500\text{mA}, V_{CE} = -2\text{V}$
Transition Frequency	f_T	150	—	—	MHz	$I_C = -50\text{mA}, V_{CE} = -10\text{V}$ $f = 100\text{MHz}$
Output Capacitance	C_{obo}	—	—	25	pF	$V_{CB} = -10\text{V}, f = 1\text{MHz}$

Note: 11. Measured under pulsed conditions. Pulse width $\leq 300\mu\text{s}$. Duty cycle $\leq 2\%$.

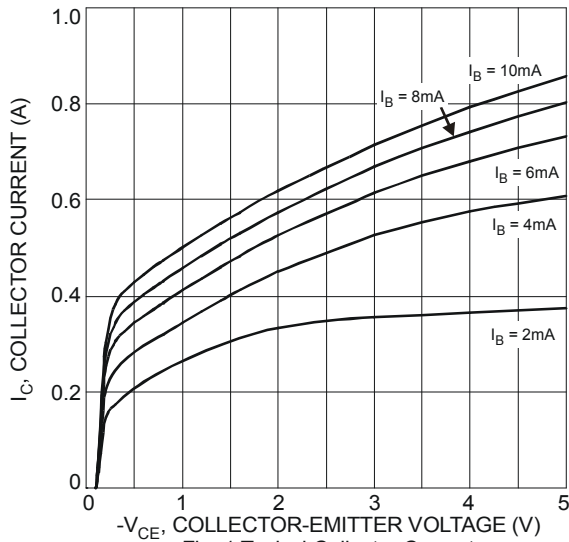


Fig. 1 Typical Collector Current vs. Collector-Emitter Voltage

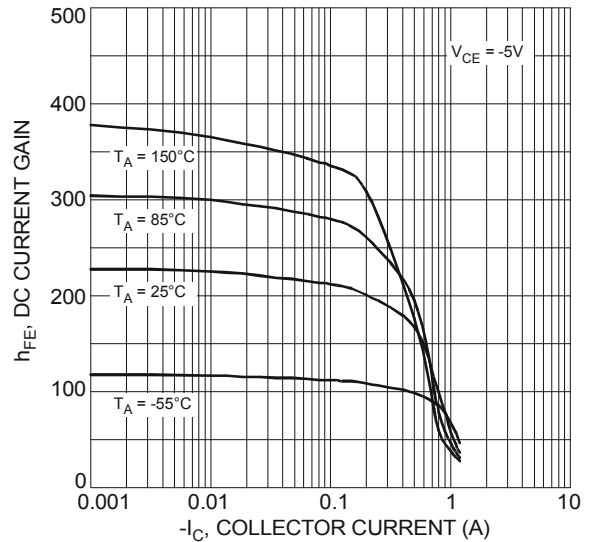


Fig. 2 Typical DC Current Gain vs. Collector Current

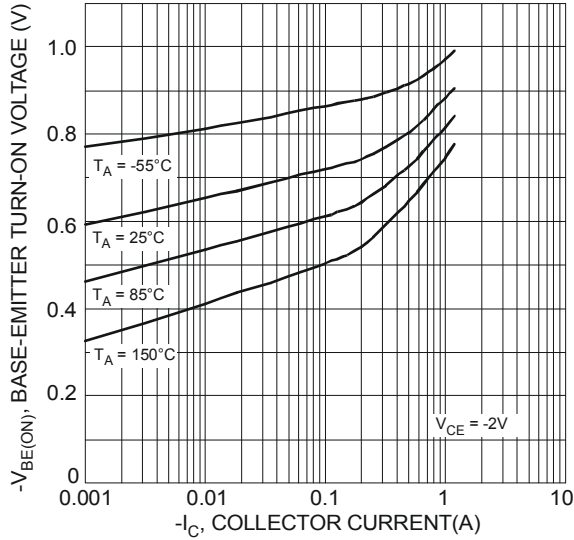


Fig 3 Typical Base-Emitter Turn-On Voltage vs. Collector Current

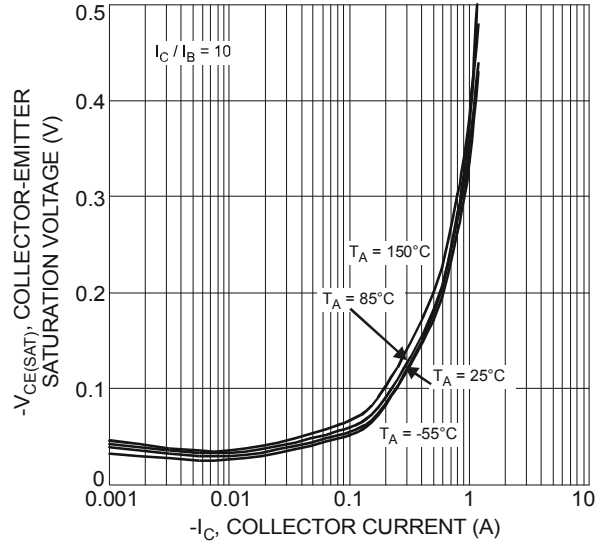


Fig. 4 Typical Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Collector Current

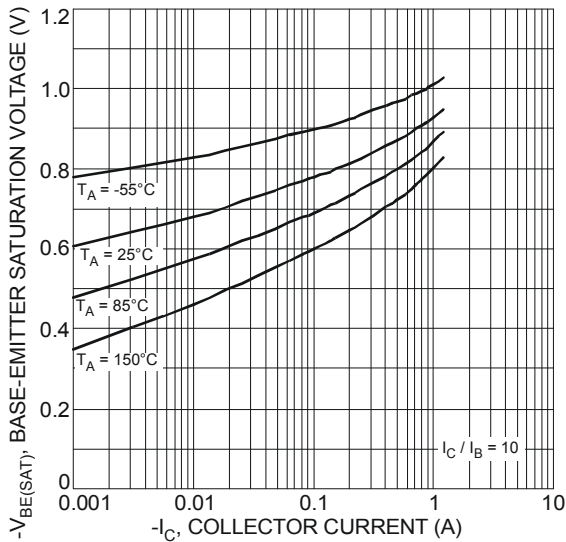


Fig. 5 Typical Base-Emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Collector Current

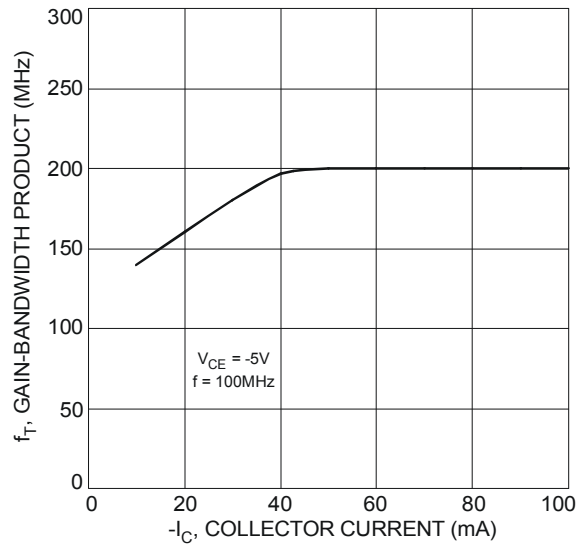


Fig. 6 Typical Gain-Bandwidth Product vs. Collector Current

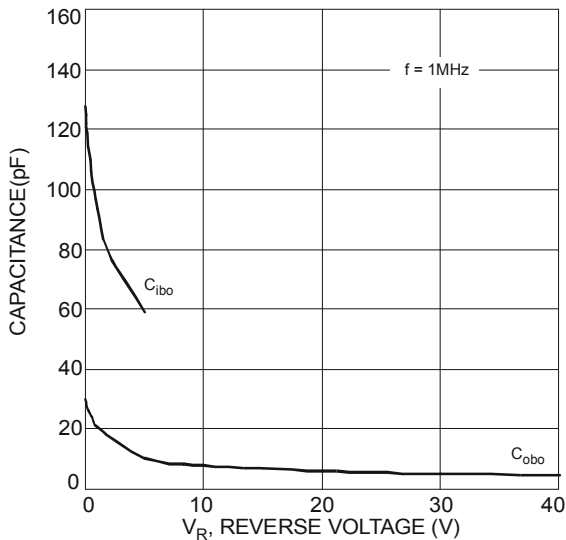
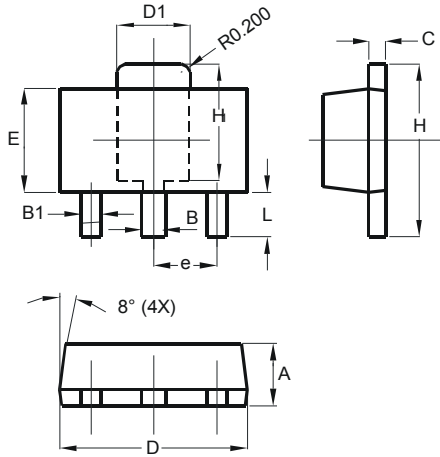


Fig. 7 Typical Capacitance Characteristics

Package Outline Dimensions

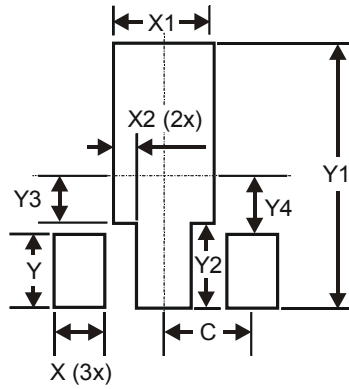
Please see AP02002 at <http://www.diodes.com/datasheets/ap02002.pdf> for latest version.



SOT89		
Dim	Min	Max
A	1.40	1.60
B	0.44	0.62
B1	0.35	0.54
C	0.35	0.44
D	4.40	4.60
D1	1.62	1.83
E	2.29	2.60
e	1.50 Typ	
H	3.94	4.25
H1	2.63	2.93
L	0.89	1.20
All Dimensions in mm		

Suggested Pad Layout

Please see AP02001 at <http://www.diodes.com/datasheets/ap02001.pdf> for the latest version.



Dimensions	Value (in mm)
X	0.900
X1	1.733
X2	0.416
Y	1.300
Y1	4.600
Y2	1.475
Y3	0.950
Y4	1.125
C	1.500

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