

flow90PACK 1 2nd gen

Output Inverter Application

1200V/25A

General conditions**3phase SPWM**

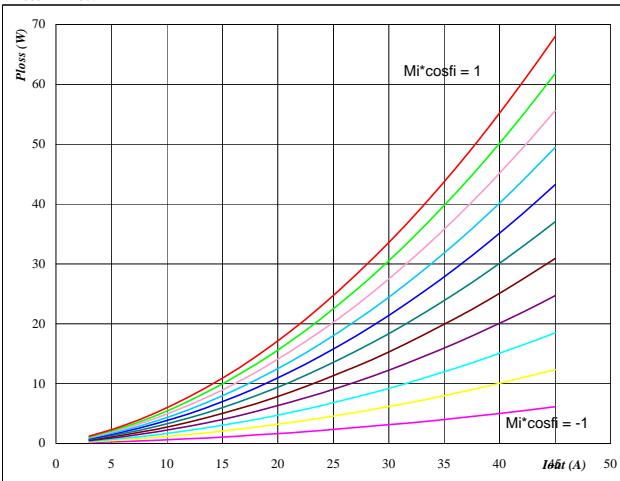
V_{GEon}	= 15 V
V_{GEoff}	= -15 V
R_{gon}	= 32 Ω
R_{goff}	= 32 Ω

Figure 1

IGBT

Typical average static loss as a function of output current

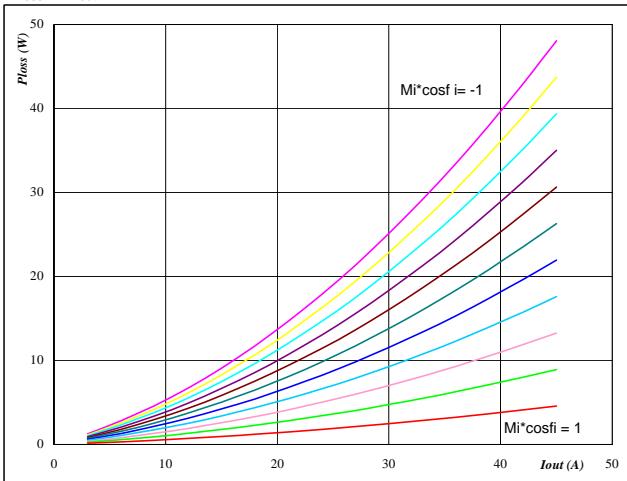
$$P_{loss} = f(I_{out})$$

**Figure 2**

FWD

Typical average static loss as a function of output current

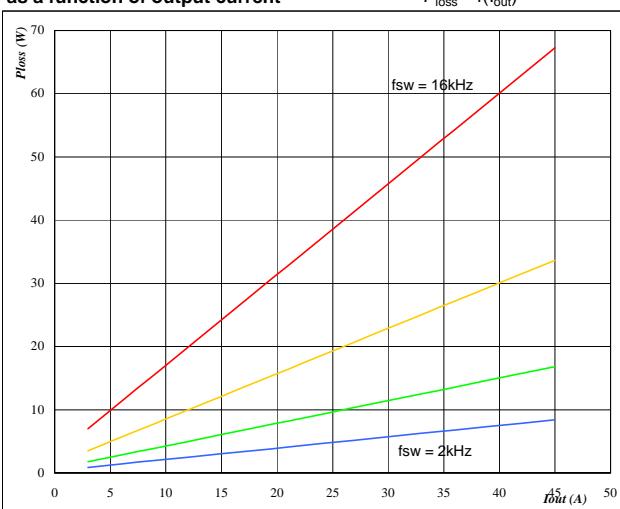
$$P_{loss} = f(I_{out})$$

**Figure 3**

IGBT

Typical average switching loss as a function of output current

$$P_{loss} = f(I_{out})$$

**At** $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$

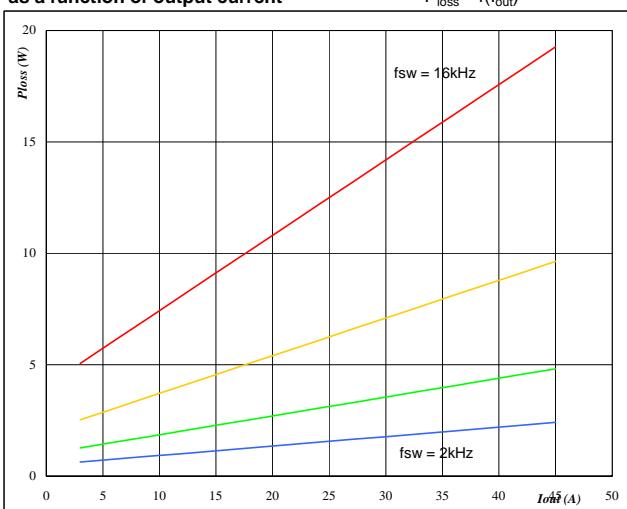
DC link = 600 V

 f_{sw} from 2 kHz to 16 kHz in steps of factor 2**Figure 4**

FWD

Typical average switching loss as a function of output current

$$P_{loss} = f(I_{out})$$



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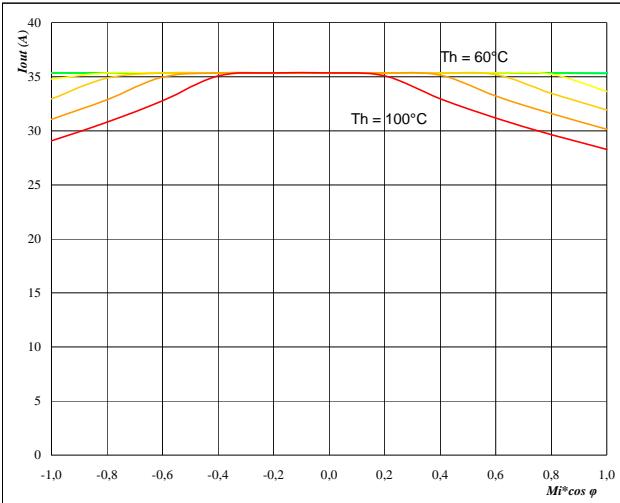
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Figure 5

**Typical available 50Hz output current
as a function $M_i \cos \varphi$**

$$I_{out} = f(M_i \cos \varphi)$$

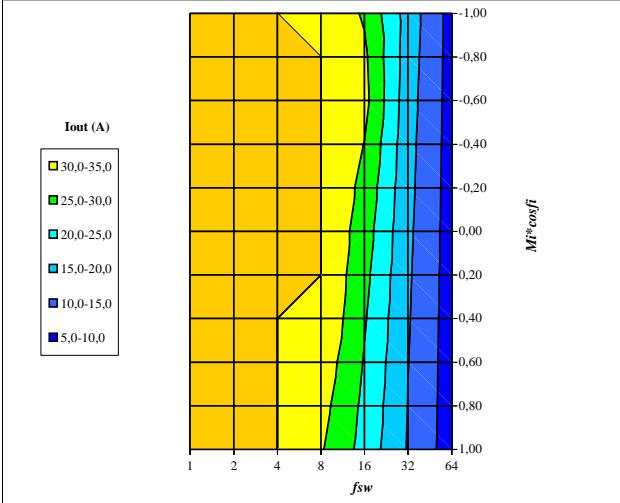
**At** $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

DC link = 600 V

 $f_{sw} = 4 \text{ kHz}$ T_h from 60 °C to 100 °C in steps of 5 °C**Figure 7**

**Typical available 50Hz output current as a function of
 $M_i \cos \varphi$ and switching frequency**

$$I_{out} = f(f_{sw}, M_i \cos \varphi)$$

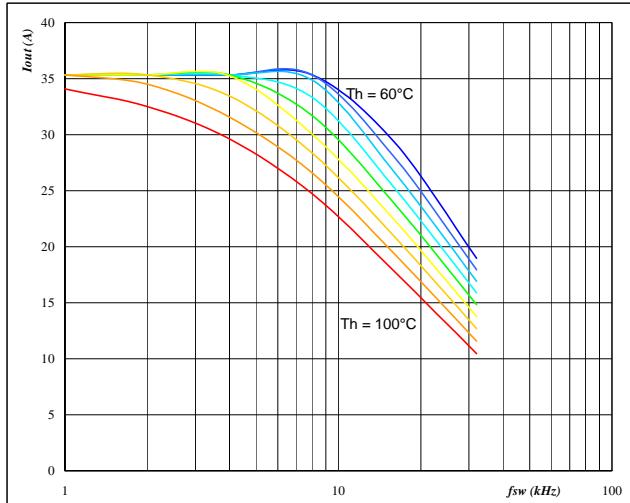
**At** $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

DC link = 600 V

 $T_h = 80 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$ **Figure 6**

**Typical available 50Hz output current
as a function of switching frequency**

$$I_{out} = f(f_{sw})$$

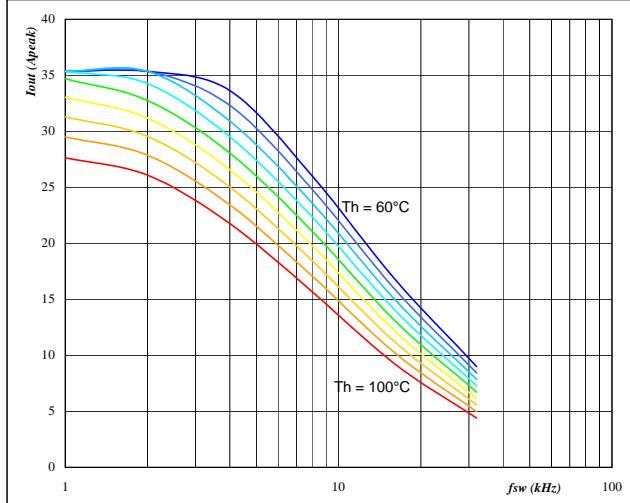
**At** $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

DC link = 600 V

 $M_i \cos \varphi = 0,8$ T_h from 60 °C to 100 °C in steps of 5 °C**Figure 8**

**Typical available 0Hz output current as a function
of switching frequency**

$$I_{outpeak} = f(f_{sw})$$

**At** $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

DC link = 600 V

 T_h from 60 °C to 100 °C in steps of 5 °C $M_i = 0$

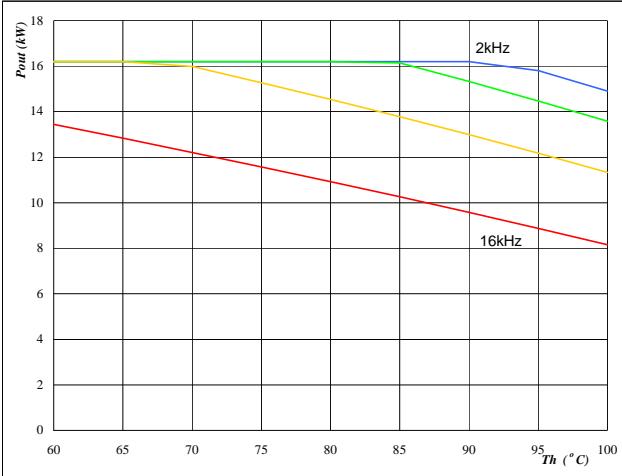
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Figure 9

Typical available peak output power as a function of heatsink temperature
 $P_{out}=f(T_h)$

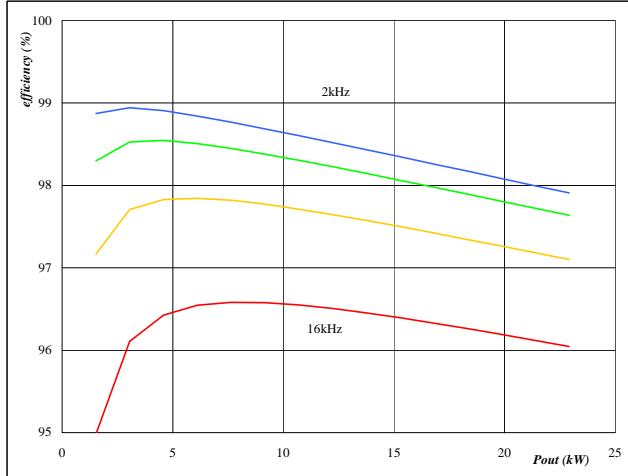
**At** $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

DC link = 600 V

Mi = 1

 $\cos \varphi = 0,80$ f_{sw} from 2 kHz to 16 kHz in steps of factor 2**Inverter****Figure 10**

Typical efficiency as a function of output power
 $\text{efficiency}=f(P_{out})$

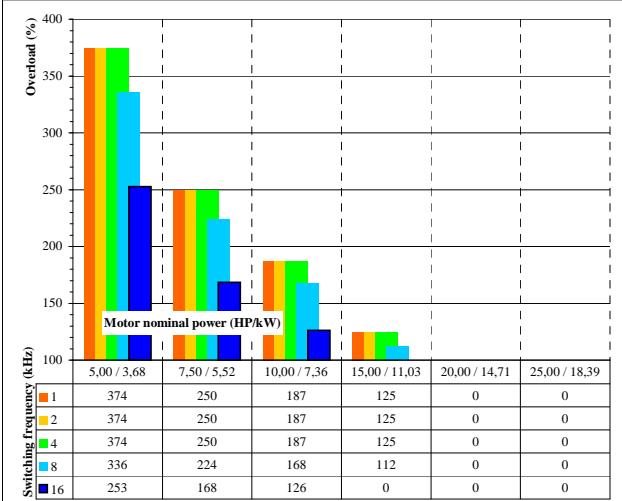
**At** $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

DC link = 600 V

Mi = 1

 $\cos \varphi = 0,80$ f_{sw} from 2 kHz to 16 kHz in steps of factor 2**Figure 11**

Typical available overload factor as a function of motor power and switching frequency
 $P_{peak} / P_{nom}=f(P_{nom}, f_{sw})$

**At** $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

DC link = 600 V

Mi = 1

 $\cos \varphi = 0,8$ f_{sw} from 1 kHz to 16 kHz in steps of factor 2 $T_h = 80 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

Motor eff = 0,85