







# SMT POWER INDUCTORS

## Flat Coils - PG0277NL Series



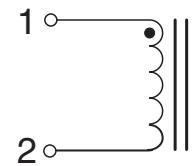
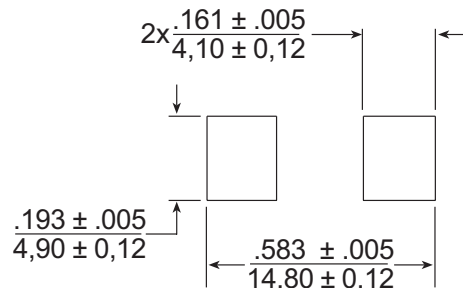
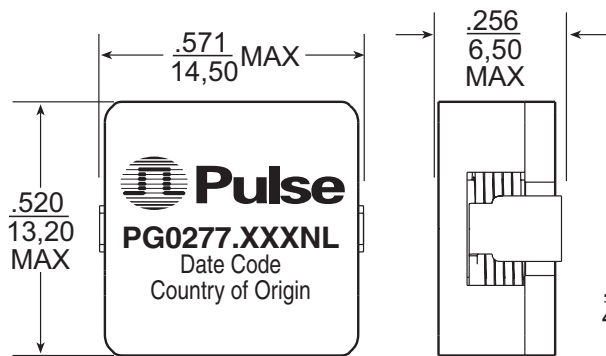
-  **Height:** 6.5mm Max
-  **Footprint:** 14.5mm x 13.2mm Max
-  **Current Rating:** up to 35A
-  **Inductance Range:** 0.38μH to 2.65μH
-  **RoHS compliant**
-  **Self-leded version of PG0077 series**

### Electrical Specifications @ 25°C — Operating Temperature -40°C to +130°C <sup>1</sup>

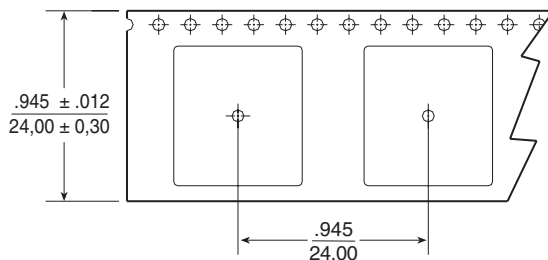
Part <sup>8,9</sup> Number	Inductance <sup>2</sup> @I <sub>rated</sub> (μH TYP)	I <sub>rated</sub> <sup>3</sup> (A)	DCR (mΩ)		Inductance @0Adc (μH ±20%)	Saturation <sup>4</sup> Current I <sub>sat</sub> (A)	Heating <sup>5</sup> Current I <sub>bc</sub> (A)	Core Loss <sup>6</sup> Factor K2
			TYP	MAX				
PG0277.401NL	0.38	35	0.75	0.80	0.45	48	35	33.5
PG0277.801NL	0.75	31	1.20	1.30	0.80	38	31	42.5
PG0277.142NL	1.32	26	2.00	2.10	1.40	28	26	57.8
PG0277.202NL	1.90	21	2.80	2.90	2.00	24	21	67.6
PG0277.282NL	2.65	17	4.10	4.20	2.80	20	17	80.1

### Mechanical

### Schematic



**SUGGESTED PAD LAYOUT**



**TAPE & REEL LAYOUT**

Weight.....5.5 grams  
 Tape & Reel .....300/reel  
 Dimensions: Inches  
                   mm

Unless otherwise specified, all tolerances are ±  $\frac{.010}{0.25}$

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### Notes from Tables

1. The temperature of the component (ambient plus temperature rise) must be within the specified operating temperature range.
2. Inductance at  $I_{rated}$  is a typical inductance value for the component taken at rated current.
3. The rated current listed is the lower of the saturation current @ 25°C or the heating current.
4. The saturation current,  $I_{SAT}$ , is the current at which the component inductance drops by 20% (typical) at an ambient temperature of 25°C. This current is determined by placing the component in the specified ambient environment and applying a short duration pulse current (to eliminate self-heating effects) to the component.
5. The heating current,  $I_{DC}$ , is the DC current required to raise the component temperature by approximately 40°C. The heating current is determined by mounting the component on a typical PCB and applying current for 30 minutes. The temperature is measured by placing the thermocouple on top of the unit under test. Take note that the component's performance varies depending on the system condition. It is suggested that the component be

tested at the system level, to verify the temperature rise of the component during system operation.

6. Core loss approximation is based on published core data:

$$\text{Core Loss} = K1 * (f)^{1.30} * (K2\Delta I)^{2.41}$$

Where: Core Loss = in Watts

$$K1 = 3.50E-10$$

f = switching frequency in kHz

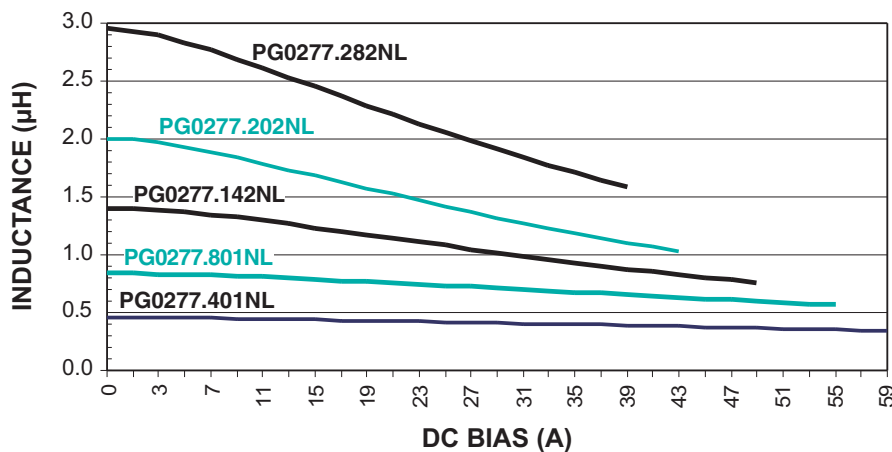
K1 & K2 = core loss factors

$\Delta I$  = delta I across the component in Ampere

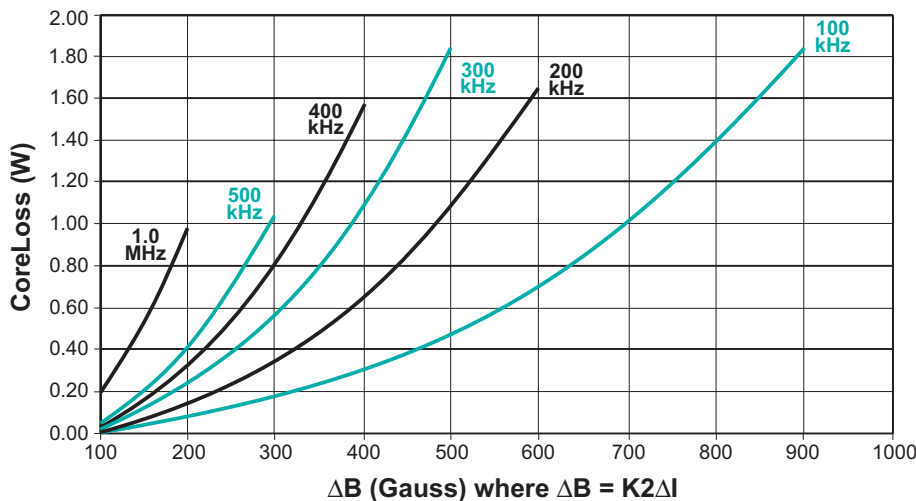
$K2\Delta I$  = one half of the peak to peak flux density across the component in Gauss

7. Unless otherwise specified, all testing is made at 100kHz, 0.1Vac.
8. Optional Tape & Reel packaging can be ordered by adding a "T" suffix to the part number (i.e. PG0277.401NL becomes PG0277.401NLT). Pulse complies to industry standard tape and reel specification EIA481.

### Inductance vs Current Characteristics



### Typical Core Loss vs Peak Flux Density



$\Delta B$  (Gauss) where  $\Delta B = K2\Delta I$