CMOS SINGLE TIMER

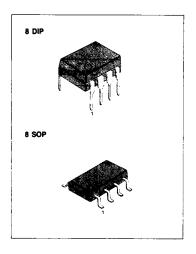
The KS555 is a CMOS timer with improved performance over a standard bipolar one. Due to its high-impedance inputs, it is capable of producing accurate time delays and oscillations with less expensive (smaller) timing capacitors than a standard bipolar timer.

Its dramatic advantages over bipolar ones are very low power consumption and wide operating voltage range especially during stable low voltage operations.

FEATURES

- Low power consumption
- Pin to pin operation with bipolar timer in most cases
- Extremely low trigger, threshold, and reset pin current
- High-speed operation (500KHz)
- Stable low voltage operation (possible 1.5V operation with most samples)
- Wide operating voltage range: 2 to 18V
- High output source/sink driver meet TTL/CMOS
- Immunized to static charge with inner protection devices

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM

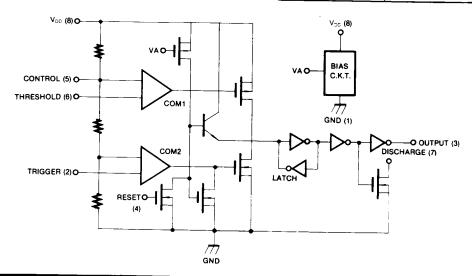


APPLICATIONS

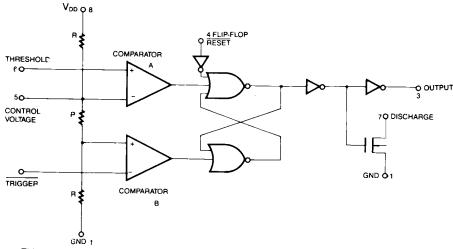
- Precision Timing
- Pulse Generation
- Sequential Timing
- · Time Delay Generation
- · Pulse Width Modulation
- Pulse Position Modulation
- Missing Pulse Detector

ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Package	Operating Temperature
KS555	8 DIP	
KS555D	8 SOP	- 20 ~ + 85°C



BLOCK DIAGRAM



This block diagram reduces the circuitry down to its simplest equivalent components. Tie down unused inputs. $R = 100 K\Omega \pm 20\%$ Typ.

TRUTH TABLE

Threshold Voltage	Trigger Voltage	Reset	Output	Discharge Switch
Don't Care	Don't Care	Low	Low	On
>2/3 (V _{cc})	>1/3 (V _{cc})	High	Low	On
< 1/3(V _{cc}) ~ 2/3(V _{cc})	>1/3(V _{cc}) ~ 2/3(V _{cc})	High	Stable	Stable
Don't Care	<1/3 (V _{cc})	High	High	Off

Note: RESET will dominate all other input.TRIGGER will dominate over THRESHOLD.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Characteristic	Symbol	Value	Unit	
Supply Voltage	V _{DD}	18	- V	
Power Dissipation	Po	200	mW	
Operating Temperature Range	T _{OPR}	-20~+85	°C	
Storage Temperature Range	T _{STG}	-65~+150	°C	

Note 1: Stresses above those listed under absolute maximum rating may cause permanent damage to the device.



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $(T_A = 25$ °C, $V_{DD} = 2$ to 15V, unless otherwise specified)

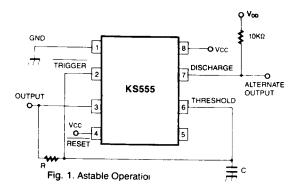
Characteristic	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	V _{DD}	- 20°C < TA < + 70°C	2		18	V
Supply Current	I _{DD}	V _{DD} = 2V		30		μА
		V _{DD} = 18V		60		μА
Timing Error Initial Accuracy	ACCUR	$R_A = R_B = 1K\Omega$ to $100K\Omega$ $C = 0.1\mu F$, $5V \ge V_{DD} \le 15V$		2.0	10.0	%
	Δt/ΔΤ	$V_{DD} = 5V$		50		ppm/°C
Drift With Temperature		V _{DD} = 10V		75		ppm/°C
		V _{DD} = 15V		100		ppm/°C
Drift With Supply Voltage	$\Delta t/\Delta V_{DD}$	$V_{DD} = 5V$		1.0	3.0	%/V
Threshold Voltage	V _{TH}	V _{DD} = 5V		0.66		Vcc
Trigger Voltage	V _{TR}	V _{DD} = 5V		0.33		Vcc
	ITR	V _{DD} = 18V		50		pA
Trigger Current		$V_{DD} = 5V$		10		pΑ
		$V_{DD} = 2V$		1		pA
	Ітн	V _{DD} = 18V		50		pA
Threshold Current		V _{DD} = 5V		10		pA
		$V_{DD} = 2V$		1		pA
Reset Current	I _{RST}	V _{RST} = GND V _{DD} = 18V		100		pΑ
		V _{RST} = GND V _{DD} = 5V		20		pΑ
Reset Voltage	V _{RST}	V _{DD} = 18V	0.4	0.7	1.0	V
		$V_{DD} = 2V$	0.4	0.7	1.0	V
Control Voltage	Vc	$V_{DD} = 5V$		0.66		V _{cc}
Low Output Voltage	VoL	V _{DD} = 18V, I _{SINK} = 3.2mA		0.1	0.4	V
		$V_{DD} = 5V$, $I_{SINK} = 3.2mA$		0.15	0.4	٧
High Output Voltage	V _{OH}	V _{DD} = 18V, I _{SOURCE} = 1.0mA	17.25	17.8		٧
		V _{DD} = 5V, I _{SOURCE} = 1.0mA	4.0	4.5		V
Rise Time of Output	t _R	$R_L = 10M\Omega$, $C_L = 10pF$,	35	40	75	ns
Fall Time of Output	t _F	$V_{DD} = 5V$	35	40	75	ns
Guaranteed Max Osc. Freq.	f _(MAX)	Astable Operation	500			KHz



APPLICATION NOTES

Astable Operation

The KS555 can free run as a multivibrator by triggering itself; refer to Fig. 2. The output can swing from V_{DD} to GND and have 50% duty cycle square wave. Less than 1% frequency deviation can be observed, over a voltage range of 2 to 5 V. f = 1/1.4RC



Monostable Operation

The KS555 can be used as a one-shot, i.e. monostable multivibrator. Initially, because the inside discharge transtor is on state, external timing capacitor is held to GND potential. Upon application of a negative TRIGGER pulse pin 2, the internal discharge transistor is off state and the voltage across the capacitor increases with time constant = R_AC and OUTPUT goes to high state. When the voltage across the capacitor equals 2/3 V_{DD} the inner compator is reset by THRESHOLD input and the discharge transistor goes to on state, which in turn discharges the apacitor rapidly and also drives the OUTPUT to its low state.

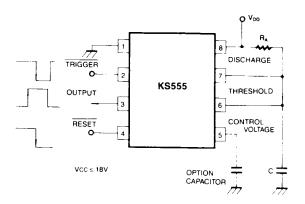


Fig. 2. monostable Operation

