

flow90PIM 1

Output Inverter Application

1200V/25A

General conditions**3phase SPWM**

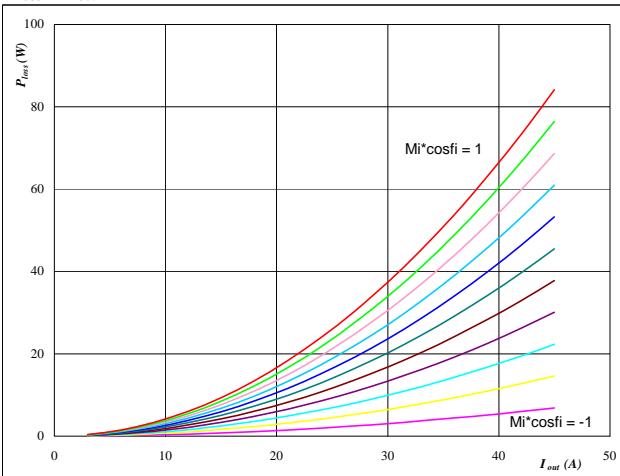
V_{GEon}	=	15 V
V_{GEoff}	=	-15 V
R_{gon}	=	32 Ω
R_{goff}	=	32 Ω

Figure 1

IGBT

Typical average static loss as a function of output current

$$P_{loss} = f(I_{out})$$

**At**

$$T_j = 150 \quad ^\circ C$$

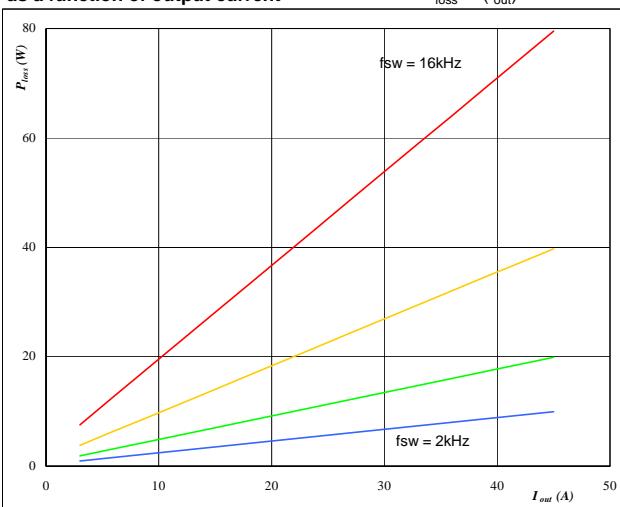
Mi*cosφ from -1 to 1 in steps of 0,2

Figure 3

IGBT

Typical average switching loss as a function of output current

$$P_{loss} = f(I_{out})$$

**At**

$$T_j = 150 \quad ^\circ C$$

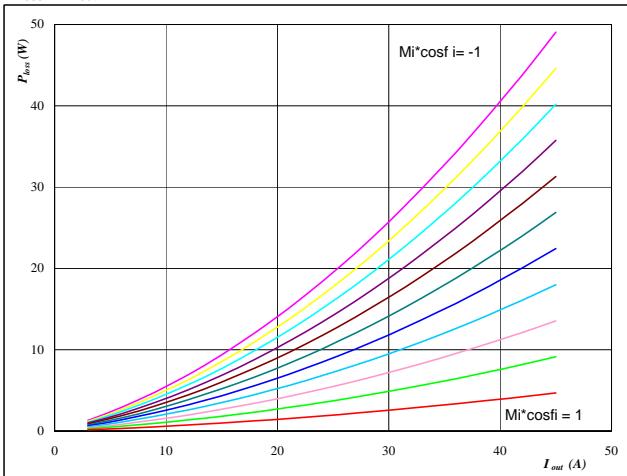
$$DC \text{ link} = 600 \quad V$$

f_{sw} from 2 kHz to 16 kHz in steps of factor 2**Figure 2**

FWD

Typical average static loss as a function of output current

$$P_{loss} = f(I_{out})$$

**At**

$$T_j = 150 \quad ^\circ C$$

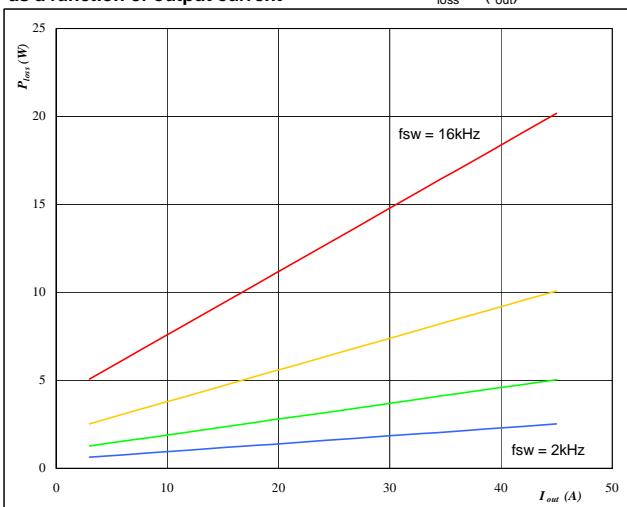
Mi*cosφ from -1 to 1 in steps of 0,2

Figure 4

FWD

Typical average switching loss as a function of output current

$$P_{loss} = f(I_{out})$$

**At**

$$T_j = 150 \quad ^\circ C$$

$$DC \text{ link} = 600 \quad V$$

f_{sw} from 2 kHz to 16 kHz in steps of factor 2

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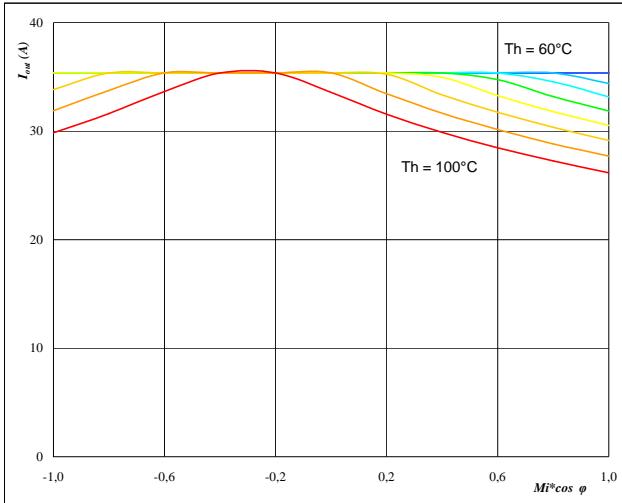
1200V/25A

Figure 5

**Typical available 50Hz output current
as a function $M_i \cos \varphi$**

Phase

$$I_{out} = f(M_i \cos \varphi)$$

**At** $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ C$

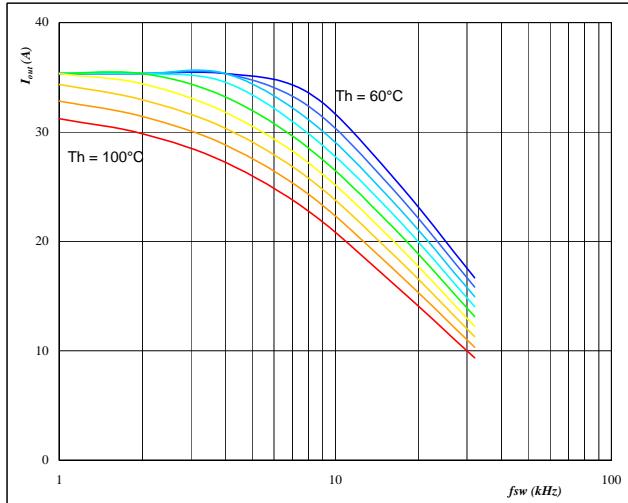
DC link = 600 V

 $f_{sw} = 4 \text{ kHz}$ T_h from 60 °C to 100 °C in steps of 5 °C**Figure 6**

**Typical available 50Hz output current
as a function of switching frequency**

Phase

$$I_{out} = f(f_{sw})$$

**At** $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ C$

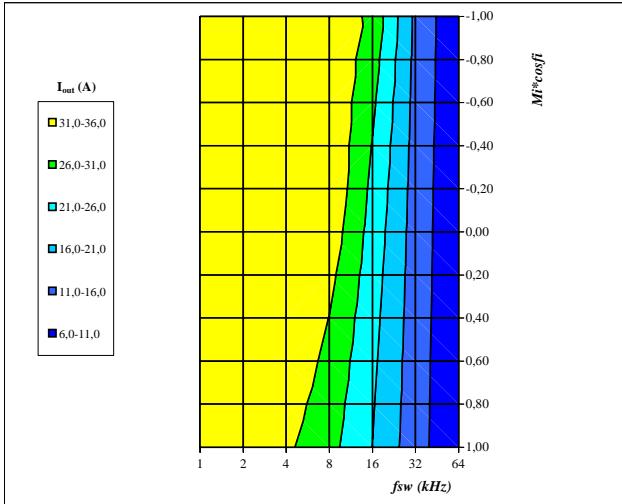
DC link = 600 V

 $M_i \cos \varphi = 0,8$ T_h from 60 °C to 100 °C in steps of 5 °C**Figure 7**

**Typical available 50Hz output current as a function of
 $M_i \cos \varphi$ and switching frequency**

Phase

$$I_{out} = f(f_{sw}, M_i \cos \varphi)$$

**At** $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ C$

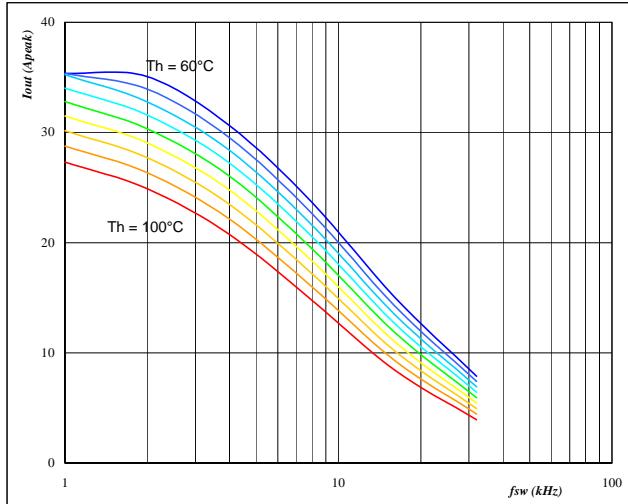
DC link = 600 V

 $T_h = 80 \text{ } ^\circ C$ **Figure 8**

**Typical available 0Hz output current as a function
of switching frequency**

Phase

$$I_{outpeak} = f(f_{sw})$$

**At** $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ C$

DC link = 600 V

 T_h from 60 °C to 100 °C in steps of 5 °C $M_i = 0$

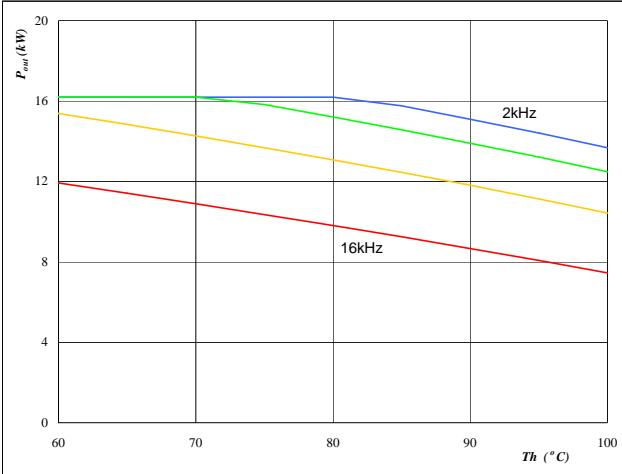
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Figure 9

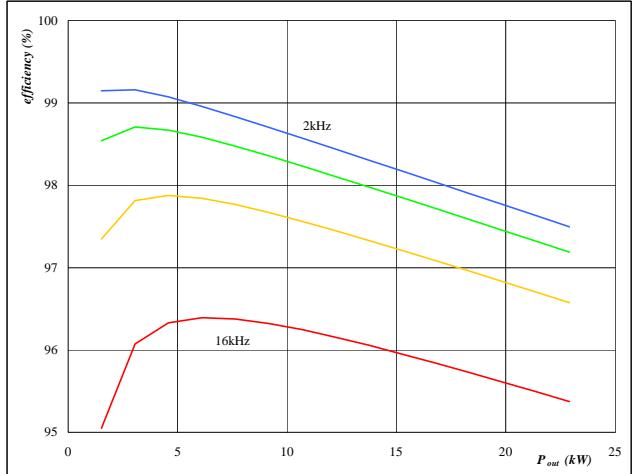
Inverter
Typical available peak output power as a function of heatsink temperature
 $P_{out}=f(T_h)$

**At**

T_j = 150 °C
DC link = 600 V
Mi = 1
cos φ = 0,80
f_{sw} from 2 kHz to 16 kHz in steps of factor 2

Figure 10

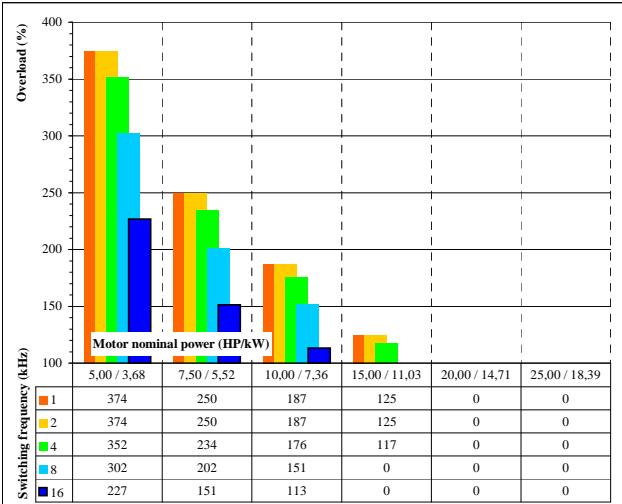
Inverter
Typical efficiency as a function of output power
efficiency=f(P_{out})

**At**

T_j = 150 °C
DC link = 600 V
Mi = 1
cos φ = 0,80
f_{sw} from 2 kHz to 16 kHz in steps of factor 2

Figure 11

Inverter
Typical available overload factor as a function of motor power and switching frequency
 $P_{peak} / P_{nom}=f(P_{nom}, f_{sw})$

**At**

T_j = 150 °C
DC link = 600 V
Mi = 1
cos φ = 0,8
f_{sw} from 1 kHz to 16 kHz in steps of factor 2
T_h = 80 °C
Motor eff = 0,85