

International **IR** Rectifier

RADIATION HARDENED POWER MOSFET THRU-HOLE (Low-Ohmic TO-257AA)

PD-97193A

2N7594T3
IRHYS67234CM
250V, N-CHANNEL



Product Summary

Part Number	Radiation Level	RDS(on)	ID
IRHYS67234CM	100K Rads (Si)	0.22Ω	12A
IRHYS63234CM	300K Rads (Si)	0.22Ω	12A

International Rectifier's R6™ technology provides superior power MOSFETs for space applications. These devices have improved immunity to Single Event Effect (SEE) and have been characterized for useful performance with Linear Energy Transfer (LET) up to 90MeV/(mg/cm²). Their combination of very low RDS(on) and faster switching times reduces power loss and increases power density in today's high speed switching applications such as DC-DC converters and motor controllers. These devices retain all of the well established advantages of MOSFETs such as voltage control, ease of paralleling and temperature stability of electrical parameters.



Features:

- Low RDS(on)
- Fast Switching
- Single Event Effect (SEE) Hardened
- Low Total Gate Charge
- Simple Drive Requirements
- Ease of Parallelizing
- Hermetically Sealed
- Ceramic Eyelets
- Electrically Isolated
- Light Weight

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Pre-Irradiation

	Parameter	Units	
ID @ VGS = 12V, TC = 25°C	Continuous Drain Current	A	12
ID @ VGS = 12V, TC = 100°C	Continuous Drain Current		7.6
IDM	Pulsed Drain Current ①	48	
PD @ TC = 25°C	Max. Power Dissipation	W	75
	Linear Derating Factor	W/C	0.6
VGS	Gate-to-Source Voltage	V	±20
EAS	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ②	mJ	80
IAR	Avalanche Current ①	A	12
EAR	Repetitive Avalanche Energy ①	mJ	7.5
dv/dt	Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt ③	V/ns	5.2
TJ	Operating Junction	°C	-55 to 150
TSTG	Storage Temperature Range		
	Lead Temperature	300 (0.063 in. /1.6 mm from case for 10s)	
	Weight	4.3 (Typical)	g

For footnotes refer to the last page

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1

06/15/10

Electrical Characteristics @ $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Test Conditions
BV_{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	250	—	—	V	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}, \text{ID} = 1.0\text{mA}$
$\Delta \text{BV}_{\text{DSS}}/\Delta T_j$	Temperature Coefficient of Breakdown Voltage	—	0.26	—	$\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$	Reference to 25°C , $\text{ID} = 1.0\text{mA}$
$R_{\text{DS(on)}}$	Static Drain-to-Source On-State Resistance	—	—	0.22	Ω	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 12\text{V}, \text{ID} = 7.6\text{A}$ ④
$\text{V}_{\text{GS(th)}}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	2.0	—	4.0	V	$\text{V}_{\text{DS}} = \text{V}_{\text{GS}}, \text{ID} = 1.0\text{mA}$
$\Delta \text{V}_{\text{GS(th)}}/\Delta T_j$	Gate Threshold Voltage Coefficient	—	-10.2	—	$\text{mV}/^\circ\text{C}$	
g_{fs}	Forward Transconductance	8.6	—	—	S	$\text{V}_{\text{DS}} = 15\text{V}, \text{ID}_{\text{S}} = 7.6\text{A}$ ④
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	—	—	10	μA	$\text{V}_{\text{DS}} = 200\text{V}, \text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}$
		—	—	25		$\text{V}_{\text{DS}} = 200\text{V}, \text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}, T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$
I_{GSS}	Gate-to-Source Leakage Forward	—	—	100	nA	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 20\text{V}$
I_{GSS}	Gate-to-Source Leakage Reverse	—	—	-100		$\text{V}_{\text{GS}} = -20\text{V}$
Q_g	Total Gate Charge	—	—	40	nC	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 12\text{V}, \text{ID} = 12\text{A}$
Q_{gs}	Gate-to-Source Charge	—	—	12		$\text{V}_{\text{DS}} = 125\text{V}$
Q_{gd}	Gate-to-Drain ('Miller') Charge	—	—	12	ns	
$t_{\text{d(on)}}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	—	19		$\text{V}_{\text{DD}} = 125\text{V}, \text{ID} = 12\text{A}, \text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 12\text{V}, \text{R}_G = 7.5\Omega$
t_r	Rise Time	—	—	27		
$t_{\text{d(off)}}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	—	36		
t_f	Fall Time	—	—	20		
$L_S + L_D$	Total Inductance	—	6.8	—	nH	Measured from Drain lead (6mm / 0.025 in from package) to Source lead (6mm/ 0.025 in from package)
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	—	1420	—	pF	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}, \text{V}_{\text{DS}} = 25\text{V}$
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	—	184	—		$f = 1.0\text{MHz}$
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	2.2	—		
R_g	Gate Resistance	—	0.98	—	Ω	$f = 1.0\text{MHz}$, open drain

Source-Drain Diode Ratings and Characteristics

	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Test Conditions
I_S	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	—	—	12	A	
I_{SM}	Pulse Source Current (Body Diode) ①	—	—	48		
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	—	—	1.2	V	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_S = 12\text{A}, \text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}$ ④
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	—	—	620	ns	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_F = 12\text{A}, di/dt \leq 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$
Q_{RR}	Reverse Recovery Charge	—	—	5.0	μC	$V_{\text{DD}} \leq 50\text{V}$ ④
t_{on}	Forward Turn-On Time	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible. Turn-on speed is substantially controlled by $L_S + L_D$.				

Thermal Resistance

	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Test Conditions
R_{thJC}	Junction-to-Case	—	—	1.67	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$	
R_{thJA}	Junction-to-Ambient	—	—	80		Typical Socket Mount

Note: Corresponding Spice and Saber models are available on International Rectifier Web site.

For footnotes refer to the last page

Radiation Characteristics

IRHYS67234CM, 2N7594T3

International Rectifier Radiation Hardened MOSFETs are tested to verify their radiation hardness capability. The hardness assurance program at International Rectifier is comprised of two radiation environments. Every manufacturing lot is tested for total ionizing dose (per notes 5 and 6) using the TO-3 package. Both pre- and post-irradiation performance are tested and specified using the same drive circuitry and test conditions in order to provide a direct comparison.

Table 1. Electrical Characteristics @ $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$, Post Total Dose Irradiation ^{⑤⑥}

	Parameter	Up to 300K Rads (Si) ¹		Units	Test Conditions
		Min	Max		
BV_{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	250	—	V	$V_{GS} = 0\text{V}, I_D = 1.0\text{mA}$
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	2.0	4.0		$V_{GS} = V_{DS}, I_D = 1.0\text{mA}$
I_{GSS}	Gate-to-Source Leakage Forward	—	100	nA	$V_{GS} = 20\text{V}$
I_{GSS}	Gate-to-Source Leakage Reverse	—	-100		$V_{GS} = -20\text{V}$
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	—	10	μA	$V_{DS} = 200\text{V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$
$R_{DS(on)}$	Static Drain-to-Source ^④ On-State Resistance (TO-3)	—	0.24	Ω	$V_{GS} = 12\text{V}, I_D = 7.6\text{A}$
$R_{DS(on)}$	Static Drain-to-Source On-State ^④ Resistance (Low Ohmic TO-257)	—	0.22	Ω	$V_{GS} = 12\text{V}, I_D = 7.6\text{A}$
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage ^④	—	1.2	V	$V_{GS} = 0\text{V}, I_D = 12\text{A}$

1. Part numbers IRHYS67234CM and IRHYS63234CM

International Rectifier radiation hardened MOSFETs have been characterized in heavy ion environment for Single Event Effects (SEE). Single Event Effects characterization is illustrated in Fig. a and Table 2.

Table 2. Typical Single Event Effect Safe Operating Area

LET (MeV/(mg/cm ²))	Energy (MeV)	Range (μm)	VDS (V)				
			@ $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	@ $V_{GS}=-5\text{V}$	@ $V_{GS}=-10\text{V}$	@ $V_{GS}=-15\text{V}$	@ $V_{GS}=-20\text{V}$
$44 \pm 5\%$	$1350 \pm 5\%$	$125 \pm 10\%$	250	250	250	250	40
$61 \pm 5\%$	$825 \pm 5\%$	$66 \pm 7.5\%$	250	250	250	50	-
$90 \pm 5\%$	$1470 \pm 5\%$	$80 \pm 5\%$	75	75	-	-	-

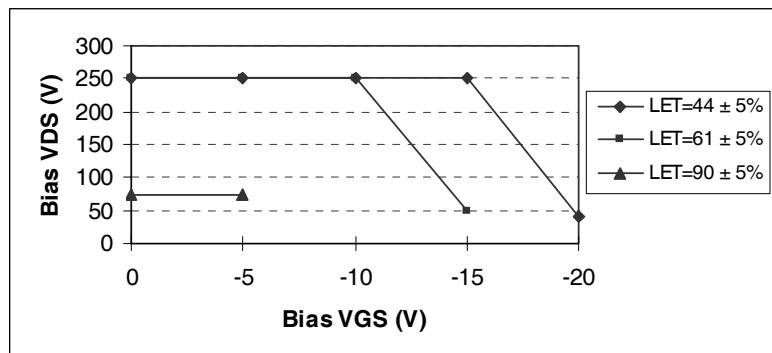


Fig a. Typical Single Event Effect, Safe Operating Area

For footnotes refer to the last page

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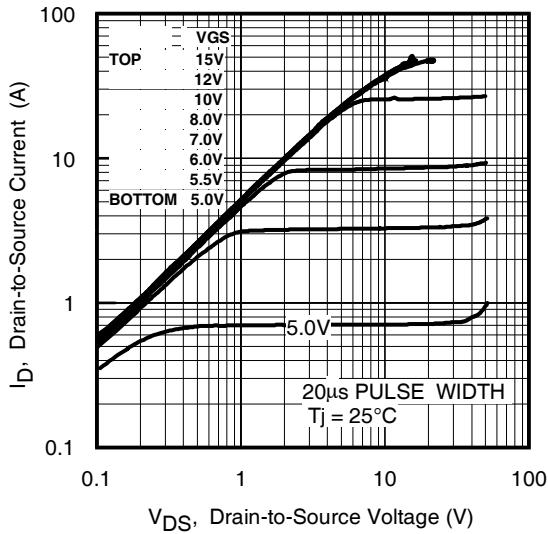


Fig 1. Typical Output Characteristics

Pre-Irradiation

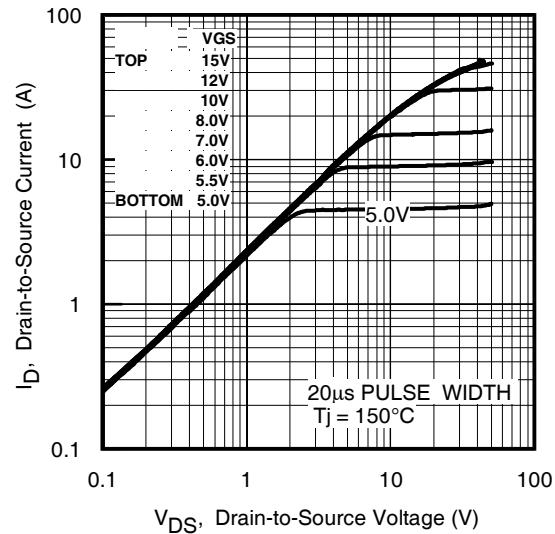


Fig 2. Typical Output Characteristics

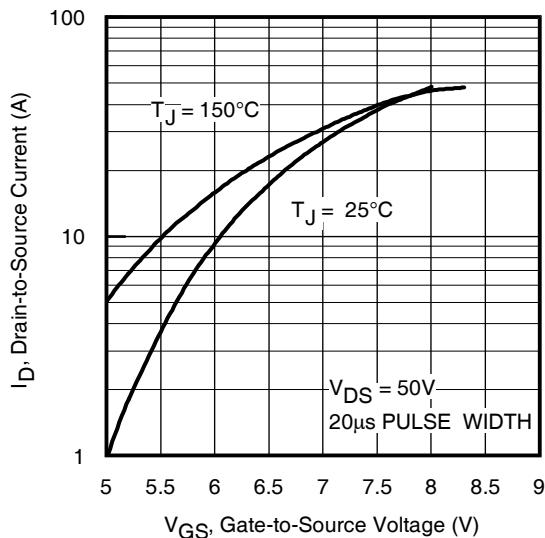


Fig 3. Typical Transfer Characteristics

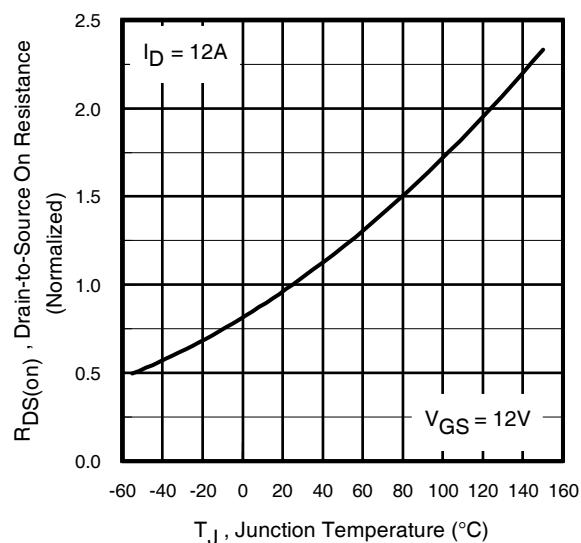


Fig 4. Normalized On-Resistance Vs. Temperature

Pre-Irradiation

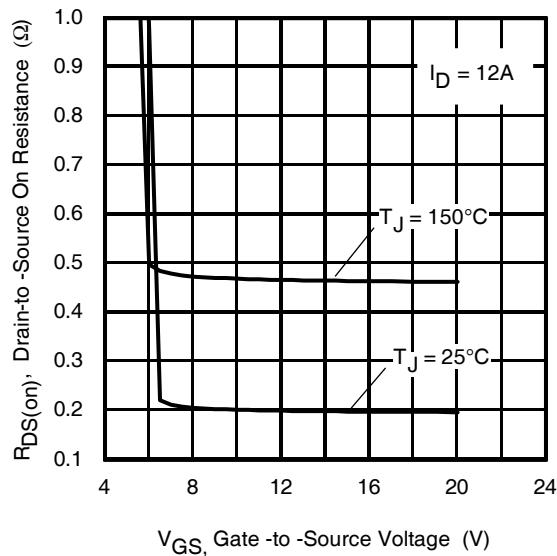


Fig 5. Typical On-Resistance Vs Gate Voltage

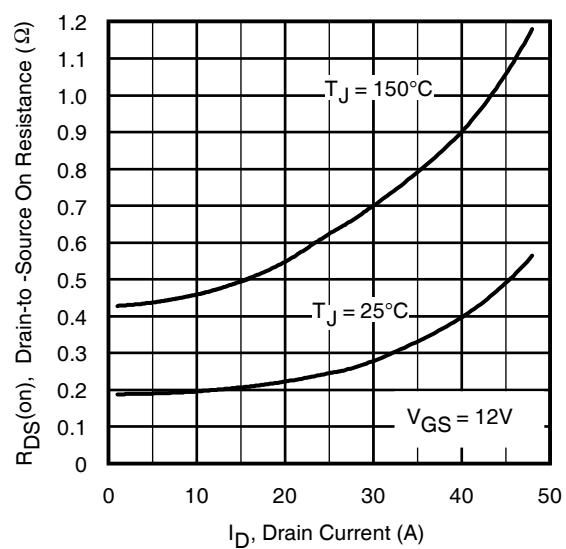


Fig 6. Typical On-Resistance Vs Drain Current

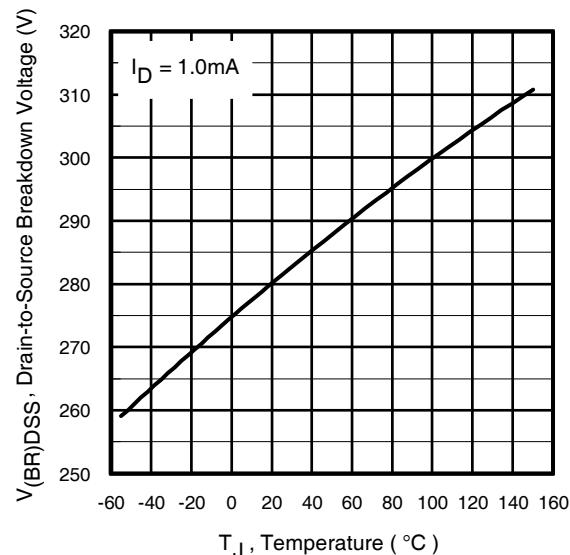


Fig 7. Typical Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage Vs Temperature

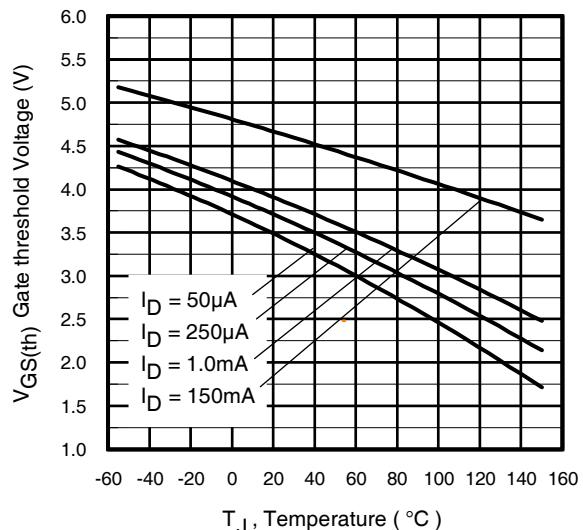


Fig 8. Typical Threshold Voltage Vs Temperature

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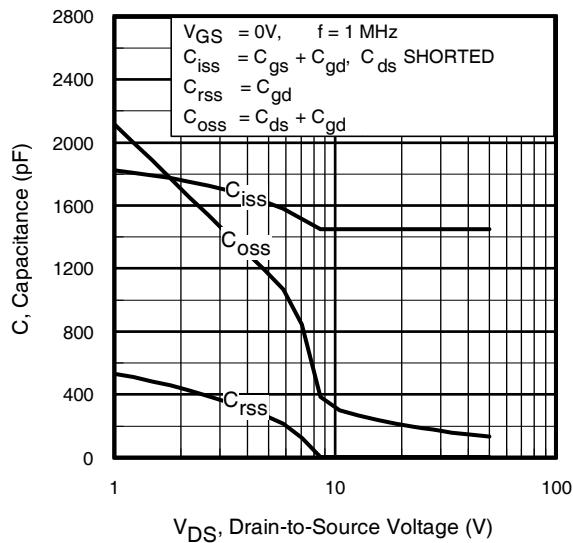


Fig 9. Typical Capacitance Vs.
Drain-to-Source Voltage

Pre-Irradiation

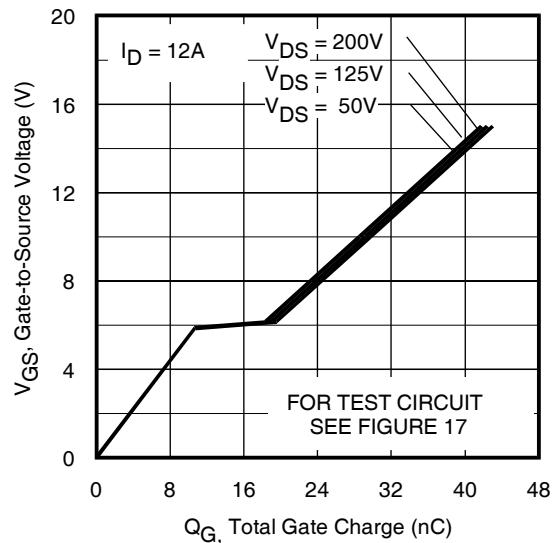


Fig 10. Typical Gate Charge Vs.
Gate-to-Source Voltage

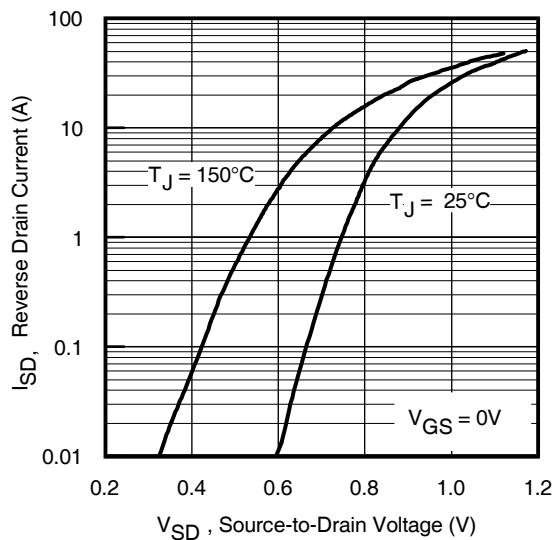


Fig 11. Typical Source-Drain Diode
Forward Voltage

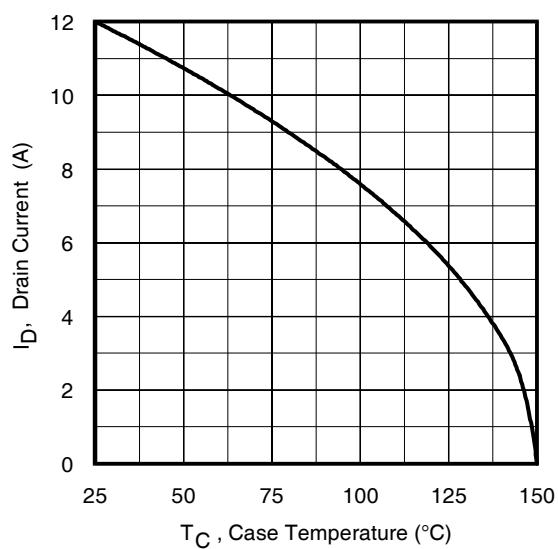


Fig 12. Maximum Drain Current Vs.
Case Temperature

Pre-Irradiation

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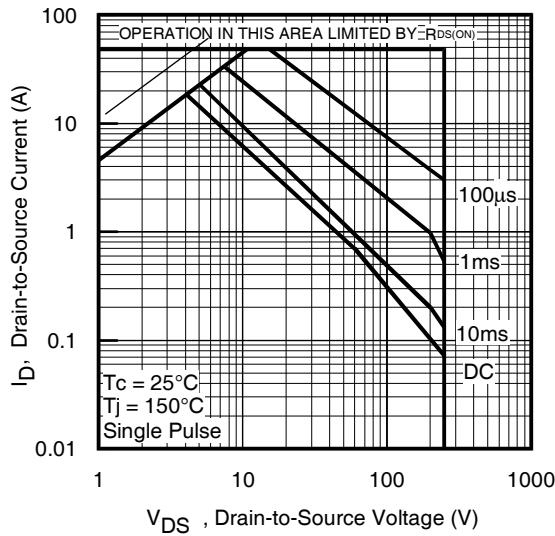


Fig 13. Maximum Safe Operating Area

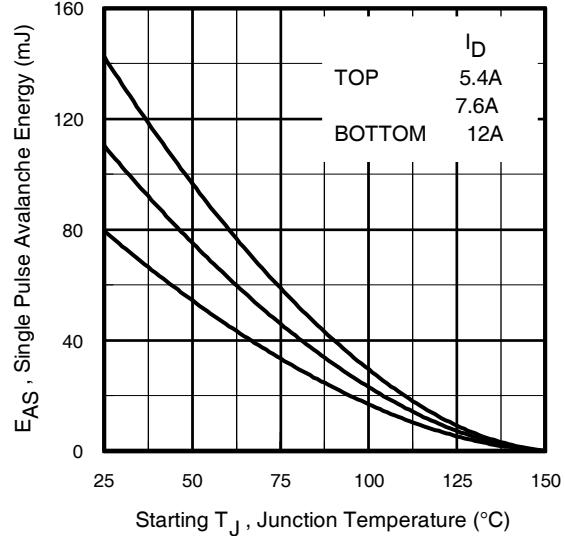


Fig 14. Maximum Avalanche Energy Vs. Drain Current

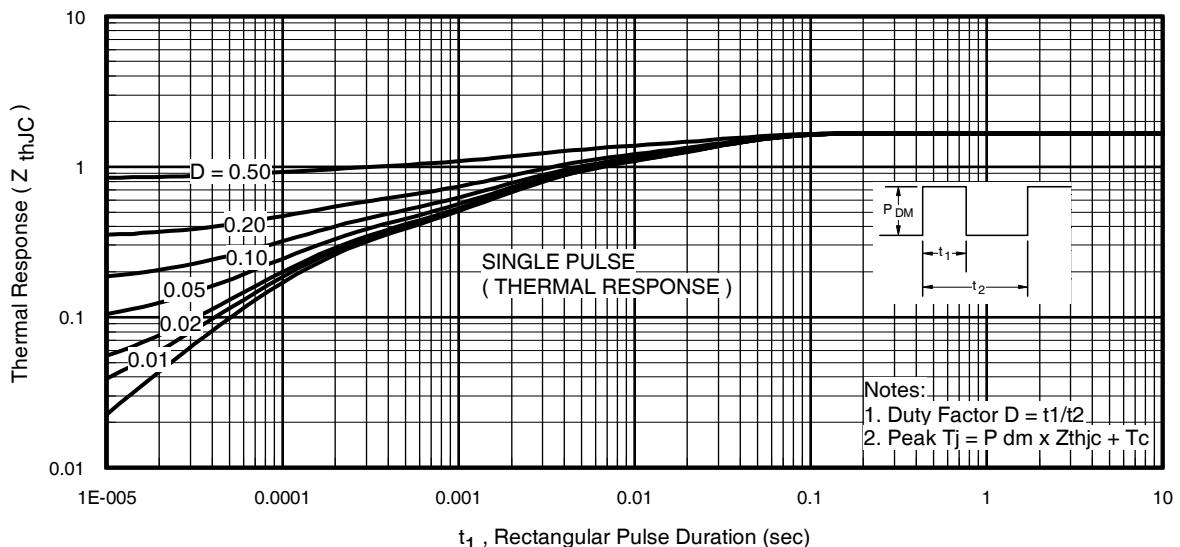


Fig 15. Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

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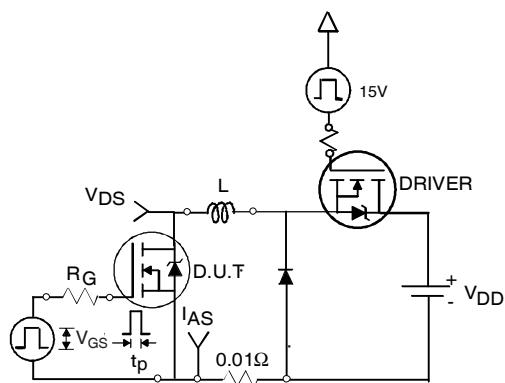


Fig 16a. Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

Pre-Irradiation

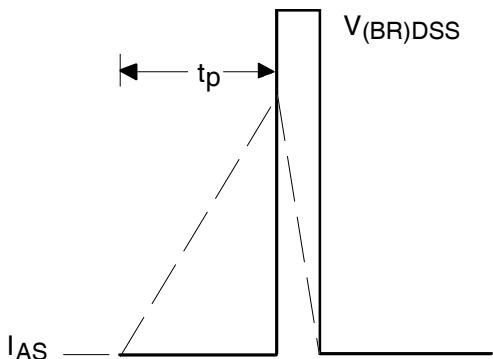


Fig 16b. Unclamped Inductive Waveforms

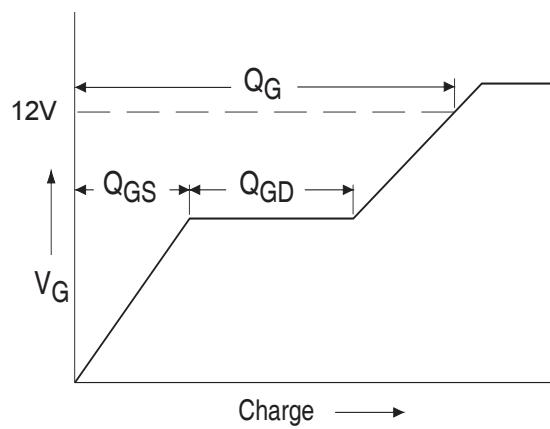


Fig 17a. Basic Gate Charge Waveform

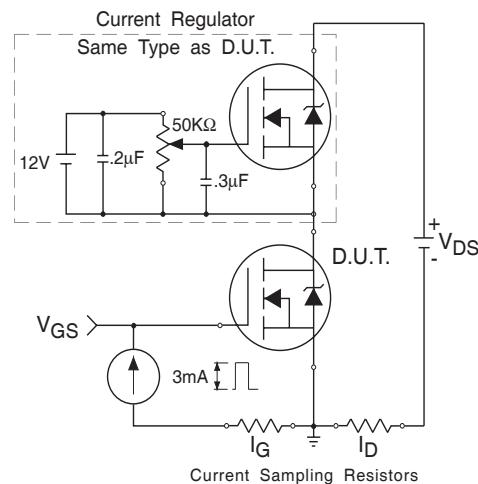


Fig 17b. Gate Charge Test Circuit

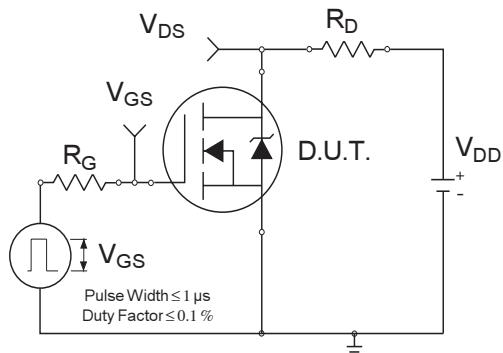


Fig 18a. Switching Time Test Circuit

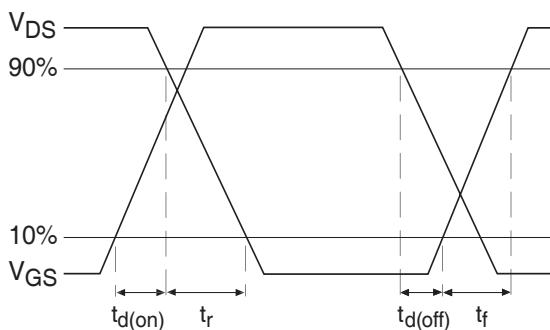


Fig 18b. Switching Time Waveforms

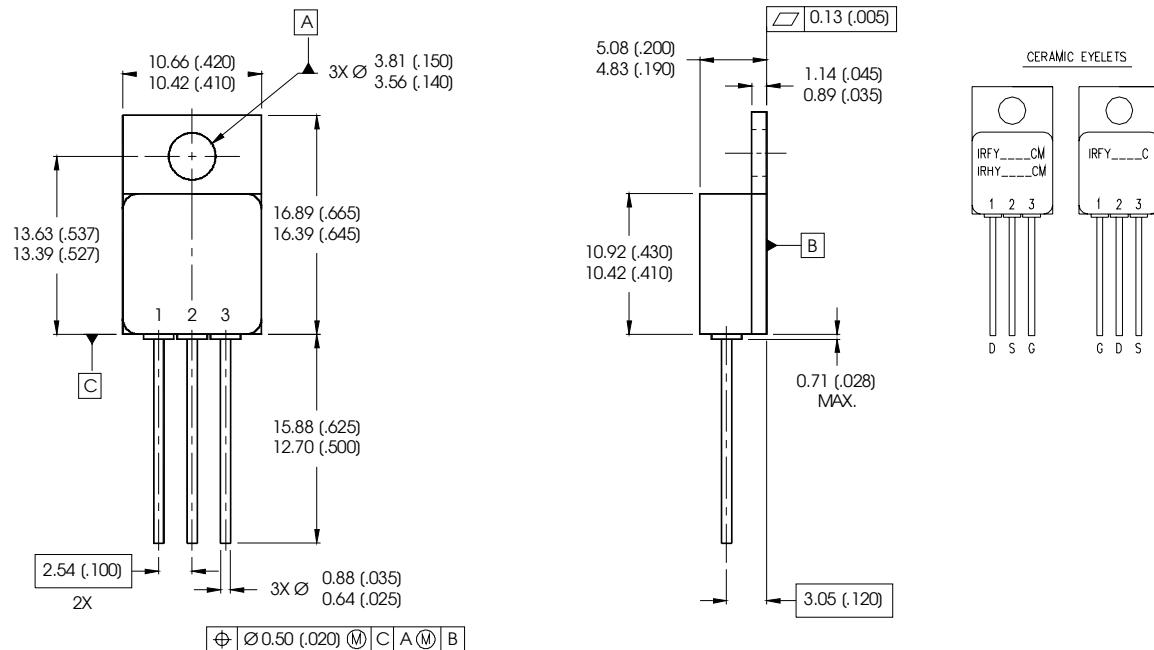
Pre-Irradiation

IRHYS67234CM, 2N7594T3

Footnotes:

- ① Repetitive Rating; Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature.
- ② $V_{DD} \leq 50V$, starting $T_J = 25^\circ C$, $L = 1.1mH$
Peak $I_L = 12A$, $V_{GS} = 12V$
- ③ $ISD \leq 12A$, $dI/dt \leq 508A/\mu s$,
 $V_{DD} \leq 250V$, $T_J \leq 150^\circ C$
- ④ Pulse width $\leq 300 \mu s$; Duty Cycle $\leq 2\%$
- ⑤ **Total Dose Irradiation with V_{GS} Bias.**
12 volt V_{GS} applied and $V_{DS} = 0$ during irradiation per MIL-STD-750, method 1019, condition A.
- ⑥ **Total Dose Irradiation with V_{DS} Bias.**
200 volt V_{DS} applied and $V_{GS} = 0$ during irradiation per MIL-STD-750, method 1019, condition A.

Case Outline and Dimensions — Low-Ohmic TO-257AA (Low Ohmic)



NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONING & TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M-1994.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
3. DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS (INCHES).
4. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDEC OUTLINE TO-257AA

LEAD ASSIGNMENTS

- 1 = DRAIN
- 2 = SOURCE
- 3 = GATE

International
IR Rectifier

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