

**TOSHIBA**

TOSHIBA Original CMOS 8-Bit Microcontroller

**TLCS-870/X Series**

**TMP88PU74FG**

Not Recommended  
for New Design

**TOSHIBA CORPORATION**

Semiconductor Company

## Document Change Notification

The purpose of this notification is to inform customers about the launch of the Pb-free version of the device. The introduction of a Pb-free replacement affects the datasheet. Please understand that this notification is intended as a temporary substitute for a revision of the datasheet.

Changes to the datasheet may include the following, though not all of them may apply to this particular device.

1. Part number

Example: TMPxxxxxF      TMPxxxxxFG

All references to the previous part number were left unchanged in body text. The new part number is indicated on the prelims pages (cover page and this notification).

2. Package code and package dimensions

Example: LQFP100-P-1414-0.50C      LQFP100-P-1414-0.50F

All references to the previous package code and package dimensions were left unchanged in body text. The new ones are indicated on the prelims pages.

3. Addition of notes on lead solderability

Now that the device is Pb-free, notes on lead solderability have been added.

4. RESTRICTIONS ON PRODUCT USE

The previous (obsolete) provision might be left unchanged on page 1 of body text. A new replacement is included on the next page.

5. Publication date of the datasheet

The publication date at the lower right corner of the prelims pages applies to the new device.

1. Part number
2. Package code and dimensions

Previous Part Number (in Body Text)	Previous Package Code (in Body Text)	New Part Number	New Package Code	OTP
TMP88PU74F	P-QFP80-1420-0.80B	TMP88PU74FG	QFP80-P-1420-0.80B	—

\*: For the dimensions of the new package, see the attached Package Dimensions diagram.

### 3. Addition of notes on lead solderability

The following solderability test is conducted on the new device.

Lead solderability of Pb-free devices (with the G suffix)

Test	Test Conditions	Remark
Solderability	(1) Use of Lead (Pb) ·solder bath temperature = 230°C ·dipping time = 5 seconds ·the number of times = once ·use of R-type flux (2) Use of Lead (Pb)-Free ·solder bath temperature = 245°C ·dipping time = 5 seconds ·the number of times = once ·use of R-type flux	Leads with over 95% solder coverage till lead forming are acceptable.

### 4. RESTRICTIONS ON PRODUCT USE

The following replaces the “RESTRICTIONS ON PRODUCT USE” on page 1 of body text.

#### RESTRICTIONS ON PRODUCT USE

20070701-EN

- The information contained herein is subject to change without notice.
- TOSHIBA is continually working to improve the quality and reliability of its products. Nevertheless, semiconductor devices in general can malfunction or fail due to their inherent electrical sensitivity and vulnerability to physical stress. It is the responsibility of the buyer, when utilizing TOSHIBA products, to comply with the standards of safety in making a safe design for the entire system, and to avoid situations in which a malfunction or failure of such TOSHIBA products could cause loss of human life, bodily injury or damage to property. In developing your designs, please ensure that TOSHIBA products are used within specified operating ranges as set forth in the most recent TOSHIBA products specifications. Also, please keep in mind the precautions and conditions set forth in the “Handling Guide for Semiconductor Devices,” or “TOSHIBA Semiconductor Reliability Handbook” etc.
- The TOSHIBA products listed in this document are intended for usage in general electronics applications (computer, personal equipment, office equipment, measuring equipment, industrial robotics, domestic appliances, etc.). These TOSHIBA products are neither intended nor warranted for usage in equipment that requires extraordinarily high quality and/or reliability or a malfunction or failure of which may cause loss of human life or bodily injury (“Unintended Usage”). Unintended Usage include atomic energy control instruments, airplane or spaceship instruments, transportation instruments, traffic signal instruments, combustion control instruments, medical instruments, all types of safety devices, etc.. Unintended Usage of TOSHIBA products listed in this document shall be made at the customer’s own risk.
- The products described in this document shall not be used or embedded to any downstream products of which manufacture, use and/or sale are prohibited under any applicable laws and regulations.
- The information contained herein is presented only as a guide for the applications of our products. No responsibility is assumed by TOSHIBA for any infringements of patents or other rights of the third parties which may result from its use. No license is granted by implication or otherwise under any patents or other rights of TOSHIBA or the third parties.
- Please contact your sales representative for product-by-product details in this document regarding RoHS compatibility. Please use these products in this document in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations that regulate the inclusion or use of controlled substances. Toshiba assumes no liability for damage or losses occurring as a result of noncompliance with applicable laws and regulations.
- For a discussion of how the reliability of microcontrollers can be predicted, please refer to Section 1.3 of the chapter entitled Quality and Reliability Assurance/Handling Precautions.

### 5. Publication date of the datasheet

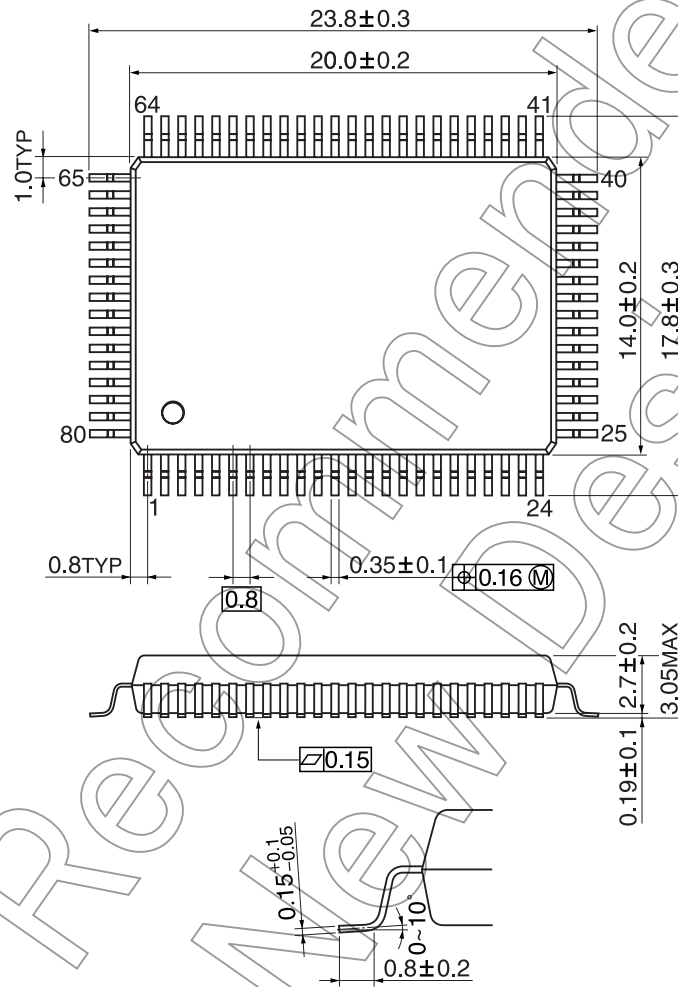
The publication date of this datasheet is printed at the lower right corner of this notification.

(Annex)

Package Dimensions

QFP80-P-1420-0.80B

Unit: mm

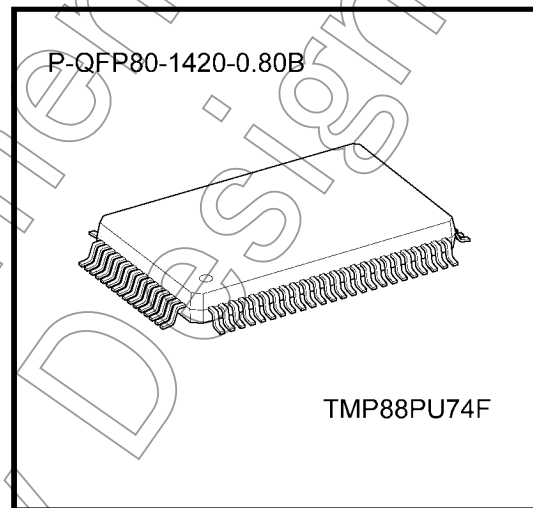


Not Recommended for New Design

## CMOS 8-Bit Microcontroller TMP88PU74F

The TMP88PU74 are the high-speed and high performance 8-bit single chip microcomputers which built in a program storage area (96 Kbytes) and the One-Time PROM of vector table storage area (256 bytes). The TMP88PU74 is pin compatible with the TMP88CU74. The operations possible with the TMP88PU74 can be performed by writing programs to PROM. The TMP88PU74 can write and verify in the same way as the TC571000 an EPROM programmer.

Product No.	OTP	RAM	Package	Adaptor Socket
TMP88PU74F	96 Kbytes + 256 bytes	2 Kbytes	P-QFP80-1420-0.80B	BM11131

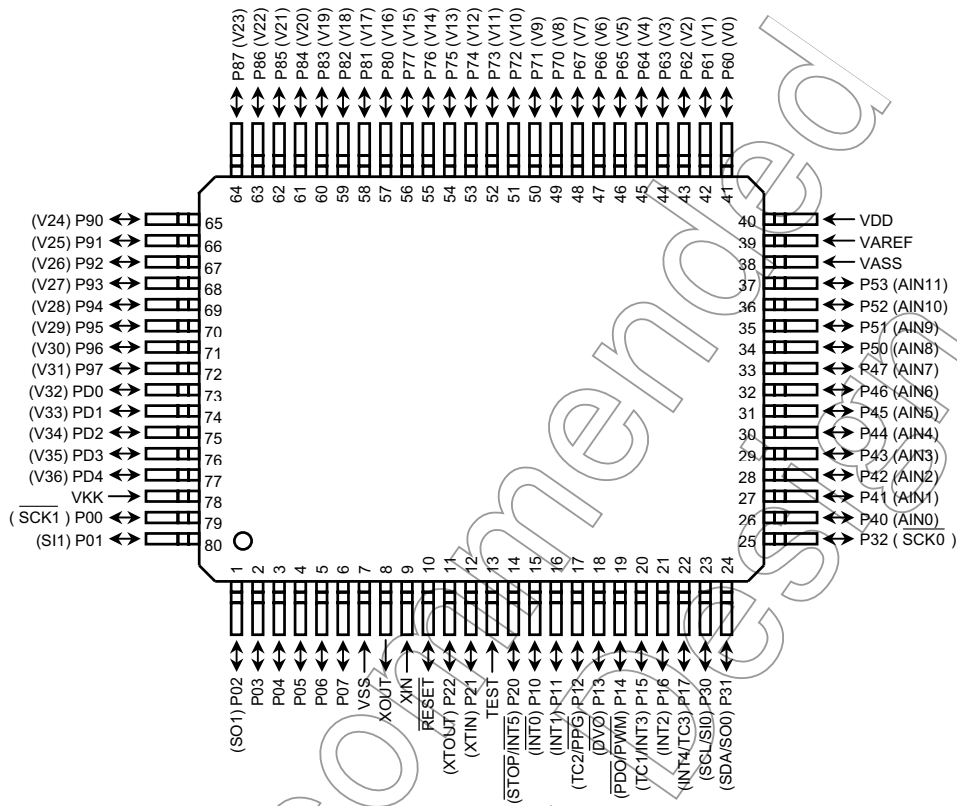


070122EBP

- The information contained herein is subject to change without notice. 021023\_D
- TOSHIBA is continually working to improve the quality and reliability of its products. Nevertheless, semiconductor devices in general can malfunction or fail due to their inherent electrical sensitivity and vulnerability to physical stress. It is the responsibility of the buyer, when utilizing TOSHIBA products, to comply with the standards of safety in making a safe design for the entire system, and to avoid situations in which a malfunction or failure of such TOSHIBA products could cause loss of human life, bodily injury or damage to property. In developing your designs, please ensure that TOSHIBA products are used within specified operating ranges as set forth in the most recent TOSHIBA products specifications. Also, please keep in mind the precautions and conditions set forth in the "Handling Guide for Semiconductor Devices," or "TOSHIBA Semiconductor Reliability Handbook" etc. 021023\_A
- The TOSHIBA products listed in this document are intended for usage in general electronics applications (computer, personal equipment, office equipment, measuring equipment, industrial robotics, domestic appliances, etc.). These TOSHIBA products are neither intended nor warranted for usage in equipment that requires extraordinarily high quality and/or reliability or a malfunction or failure of which may cause loss of human life or bodily injury ("Unintended Usage"). Unintended Usage include atomic energy control instruments, airplane or spaceship instruments, transportation instruments, traffic signal instruments, combustion control instruments, medical instruments, all types of safety devices, etc. Unintended Usage of TOSHIBA products listed in this document shall be made at the customer's own risk. 021023\_B
- The products described in this document shall not be used or embedded to any downstream products of which manufacture, use and/or sale are prohibited under any applicable laws and regulations. 060106\_Q
- The information contained herein is presented only as a guide for the applications of our products. No responsibility is assumed by TOSHIBA for any infringements of patents or other rights of the third parties which may result from its use. No license is granted by implication or otherwise under any patents or other rights of TOSHIBA or the third parties. 070122\_C
- The products described in this document are subject to foreign exchange and foreign trade control laws. 060925\_E
- For a discussion of how the reliability of microcontrollers can be predicted, please refer to Section 1.3 of the chapter entitled Quality and Reliability Assurance/Handling Precautions. 030619\_S

Pin Assignments (Top View)

P-QFP80-1420-0.80B



Not Recommended for New

## Pin Function

The TMP88PU74 has two modes: MCU and PROM.

(1) MCU mode

In this mode, the TMP88PU74 is pin compatible with the TMP88CU74 (fix the TEST pin at low level).

(2) PROM mode

Pin Name (PROM mode)	Input/Output	Functions	Pin Name (MCU mode)
A16	Input	PROM address inputs	P60
A15 to A8			P05, P32 to 30, P53 to 50
A7 to A0			P47 to P40
D7 to D0	I/O	PROM data input/outputs	P17 to P10
$\overline{CE}$	Input	Chip enable signal input (active low)	P03
$\overline{OE}$		Output enable signal input (active low)	P04
PGM		Program mode single input	P02
VPP	Power supply	+12.75 V/5 V (Program supply voltage)	TEST
VCC		+6.25 V/5 V	VDD
GND		0 V	VSS
P37 to P30	Input	Pull-up with resistance for input processing	PROM mode setting pin. Be fixed at high level.
P47 to P41			
P54 to P50			
P01		PROM mode setting pin. Be fixed at low level.	
P21			
P07, P06, P00			
P22, P20			
$\overline{RESET}$			
P67 to P61	Output	Open	
P77 to P70			
P87 to P80			
P97 to P90			
PD4 to PD0			
XIN	Input	Connect an 10 MHz oscillator to stabilize the internal state.	
XOUT	Output		
VAREF	Power supply	0 V (GND)	
VASS			
VKK			

## Operational Description

The configuration and functions of the TMP88PU74 are the same as those of the TMP88CU74, except in that a one-time PROM is used instead of an on-chip mask ROM.

### 1. Operating Mode

The TMP88PU74 has two modes: MCU and PROM.

#### 1.1 MCU Mode

The MCU mode is activated by fixing the TEST/VPP pin at low level.

In the MCU mode, operation is the same as with the TMP88CU74 (the TEST/VPP pin cannot be used open because it has no built-in pull-down resistance).

##### 1.1.1 Program Memory

The TMP88PU74 has a 96 Kbytes (addresses 04000H to 1BFFFFH in the MCU mode, addresses 00000H to 17FFFFH in the PROM mode) of program storage area and 256 byte (addresses FFF00 to FFFFFH in the MCU mode, addresses 1FF00 to 1FFFFH in the PROM mode) one-time PROM of vector table storage area.

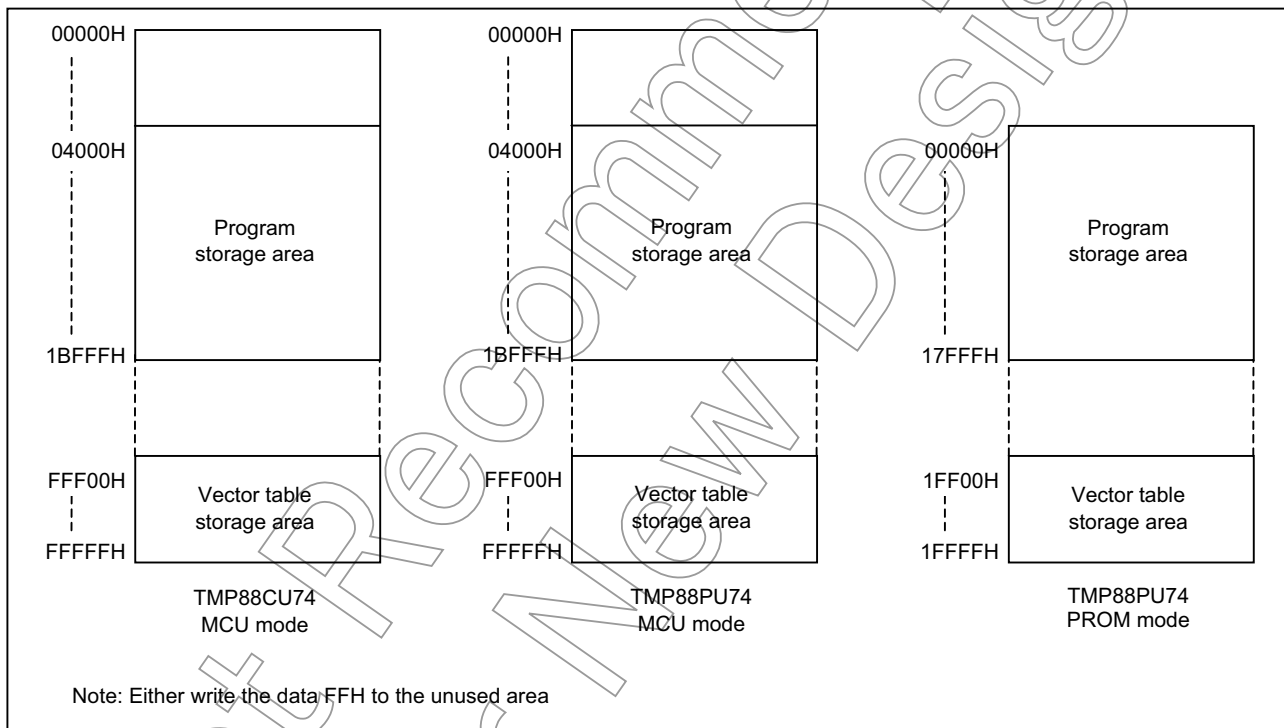


Figure 1.1.1 Program Storage Area



### 1.1.2 Data Memory

The TMP88PU74 has an on-chip 2-Kbyte data memory (static RAM).

### 1.1.3 Input/Output Circuitry

#### (1) Control pins

The control pins of the TMP88PU74 are the same as those of the TMP88CU74 except that the TEST pin has no built-in pull-down resistance.

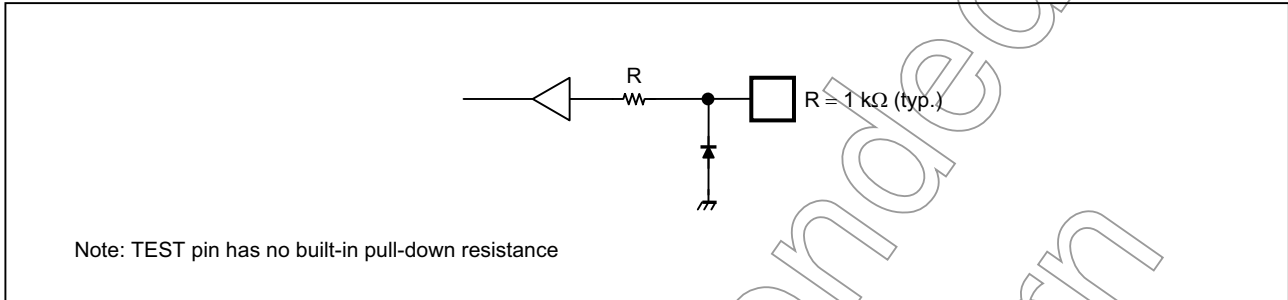


Figure 1.1.2 TEST Pin

#### (2) I/O ports

The I/O circuitries of TMP88PU74 I/O ports are the same as the I/O circuitries of the TMP88CU74.

Not Recommended for New Design

## 1.2 PROM Mode

The PROM mode is activated by setting shown in Figure 1.2.1. The PROM mode is used to write and verify programs with a general-purpose PROM programmer. The high-speed programming mode can be used for program operation.

The TMP88PU74 is not supported an electric signature mode, so the ROM type must be set to TC571000.

Set the adaptor socket switch to "N".

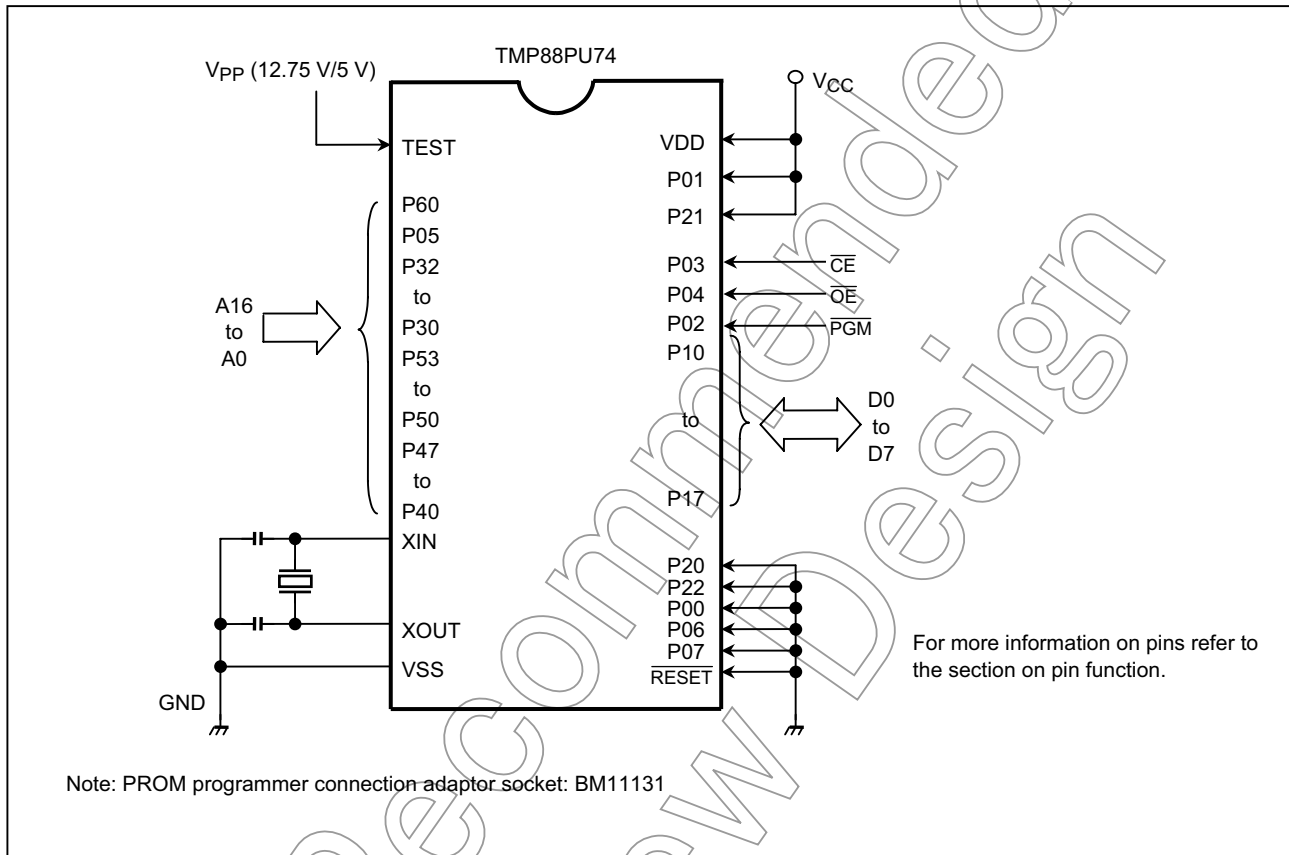


Figure 1.2.1 Setting for PROM Mode

1.2.1 Programming Flowchart (High-speed programming)

The high-speed programming mode is achieved by applying the program voltage (+12.75 V) to the Vpp pin when Vcc = 6.25 V. After the address and input data are stable, the data is programmed by applying a single 0.1ms program pulse to the CE input. The programmed data is verified. If incorrect, another 0.1ms program pulse is applied and then the programmed data is verified. This process should be repeated (up to 25 times) until the program operates correctly. After that, change the address and input data, and program as before. When programming has been completed, the data in all addresses should be verified with Vcc = Vpp = 5 V.

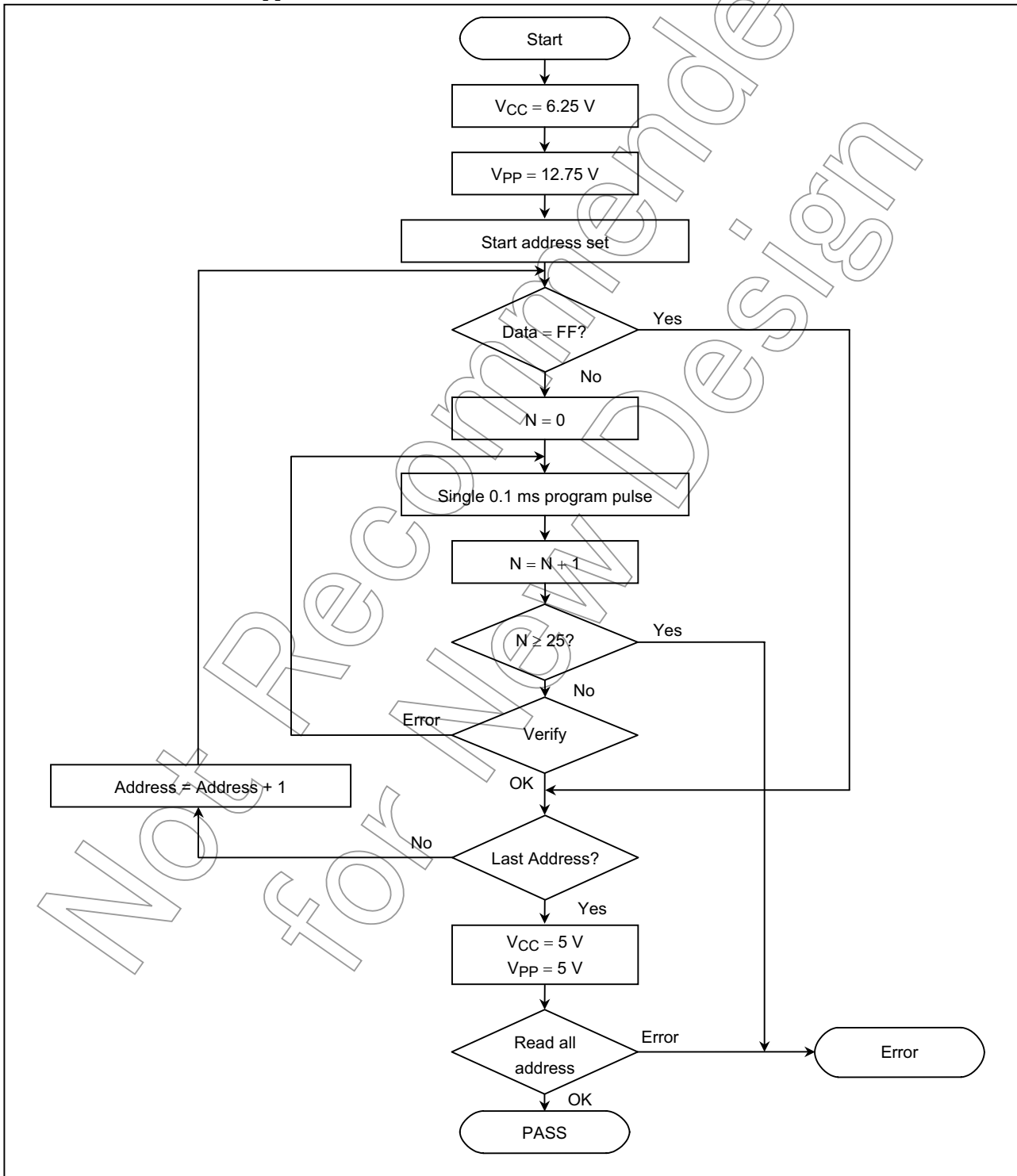


Figure 1.2.2 Flowchart of High-speed Programming

## 1.2.2 Writing Method for General-purpose PROM Program

### (1) Adapters

BM11131

### (2) Adapter setting

Switch (SW1) is set to side N.

### (3) PROM programmer specifying

#### i) PROM type is specified to TC571000.

Writing voltage: 12.75 V (high-speed program)

#### ii) Data transfer (copy) (note 1)

In TMP88PU74, EPROM is within the addresses 00000H to 17FFFH and the addresses 1FF00H to 1FFFFH. Data is required to be transferred (copied) to the addresses where it is possible to write. The program area in MCU mode and PROM mode is referred to "Program memory area" in Figure 1.1.1.

Ex. In the block transfer (copy) mode, executed as below.

Program area: transferred addresses 04000H to 1BFFFH to addresses 00000 to 17FFFH

Vector area: transferred addresses FFF00H to FFFFFH to 1FF00 to 1FFFFH

#### iii) Writing address is specified. (note 1)

Start address: 00000H

End address: 1FFFFH

### (4) Writing

Writing/Verifying is required to be executed in accordance with PROM programmer operating procedure.

Note 1: The specifying method is referred to the PROM programmer description. Either write the data FFH to the unused area or set the PROM programmer to access only the program storage area.

Note 2: When MCU is set to an adapter or the adapter is set to PROM programmer, a position of pin 1 must be adjusted. If the setting is reversed, MCU, the adapter and PROM program is damaged.

Note 3: The TMP88PU74 does not support the electric signature mode (hereinafter referred to as "signature"). If the signature is used in PROM program, a device is damaged due to applying  $12\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$  to the address pin 9 (A9). The signature must not be used.

## Electrical Characteristics

Absolute Maximum Ratings ( $V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Pins	Ratings	Unit
Supply Voltage	$V_{DD}$		-0.3 to 6.5	V
Program Voltage	$V_{PP}$	TEST/VPP	-0.3 to 13.0	
Input Voltage	$V_{IN}$		-0.3 to $V_{DD} + 0.3$	
Output Voltage	$V_{OUT1}$	P2, P3 (at open drain)	-0.3 to $V_{DD} + 0.3$	mA
	$V_{OUT2}$	P6, P7, P8, P9, PD	$V_{DD} - 40$ to $V_{DD} + 0.3$	
Output Current (Per 1 pin)	$I_{OUT1}$	P0, P1, P2, P4, P5	3.2	
	$I_{OUT2}$	P6, P7, P8, P9, PD	-25	
Output Current (Total)	$\Sigma I_{OUT1}$	P0, P1, P3, P4, P5	-40	
	$\Sigma I_{OUT2}$	P0, P1, P2, P3, P4, P5	120	
	$\Sigma I_{OUT3}$	P6, P7, P8, P9, PD	-160	
Power Dissipation [ $T_{opr} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ]	PD (Note 2)		1200	mW
Soldering Temperature (time)	$T_{sld}$		260 (10 s)	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$		-55 to +125	
Operating Temperature	$T_{opr}$		-30 to 70	

Note 1: The absolute maximum ratings are rated values which must not be exceeded during operation, even for an instant. Any one of the ratings must not be exceeded. If any absolute maximum rating is exceeded, a device may break down or its performance may be degraded, causing it to catch fire or explode resulting in injury to the user. Thus, when designing products which include this device, ensure that no absolute maximum rating value will ever be exceeded.

Note 2: Power Dissipation (PD); For PD, it is necessary to decrease 14.3 mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$ .  
(Reference to TMP88CU74)

Recommended Operating Conditions ( $V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$ ,  $T_{opr} = -30$  to  $70^\circ\text{C}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Pins	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	$V_{DD}$		$f_c = 12.5\text{ MHz}$	NORMAL1, 2 modes	4.5	5.5
				IDLE1, 2 modes		
			$f_s = 32.768\text{ KHz}$	SLOW modes	2.7	
				SLEEP modes		
		STOP modes	2.0			
Input High Voltage	$V_{IH1}$	Except hysteresis input	$V_{DD} \geq 4.5\text{ V}$	$V_{DD} \times 0.70$	$V_{DD}$	V
	$V_{IH2}$	Hysteresis input		$V_{DD} \times 0.75$		
	$V_{IH3}$		$V_{DD} < 4.5\text{ V}$	$V_{DD} \times 0.90$		
Input Low Voltage	$V_{IL1}$	Except hysteresis input	$V_{DD} \geq 4.5\text{ V}$	0	$V_{DD} \times 0.30$	
	$V_{IL2}$	Hysteresis input		$V_{DD} \times 0.25$		
	$V_{IL3}$		$V_{DD} < 4.5\text{ V}$	$V_{DD} \times 0.10$		
Clock Frequency	$f_c$	XIN, XOUT	$V_{DD} = 4.5$ to $5.5\text{ V}$ (Note 2)	8	12.5	MHz
		XTIN, XTOUT	$V_{DD} = 2.7$ to $5.5\text{ V}$	30.0	34.0	kHz

Note 1: The recommended operating conditions for a device are operating conditions under which it can be guaranteed that the device will operate as specified. If the device is used under operating conditions other than the recommended operating conditions (supply voltage, operating temperature range, specified AC/DC values etc.), malfunction may occur. Thus, when designing products which include this device, ensure that the recommended operating conditions for the device are always adhered to.

Note 2: Clock frequency  $f_c$ : Supply voltage range is specified in NORMAL 1/2 mode and IDLE 1/2 mode.

DC Characteristics (V<sub>SS</sub> = 0 V, T<sub>opr</sub> = -30 to 70°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Pins	Conditions	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit										
Hysteresis Voltage	V <sub>HS</sub>	Hysteresis input		-	0.9	-	V										
Input Current	I <sub>IN1</sub>	TEST	V <sub>DD</sub> = 5.5 V V <sub>IN</sub> = 5.5 V/0 V	-	-	±2	μA										
	I <sub>IN2</sub>	Open drain ports, Tri-state ports															
	I <sub>IN3</sub>	RESET, STOP															
Input Resistance	R <sub>IN3</sub>	RESET		100	220	450	kΩ										
Pull-down Resistance	R <sub>K</sub>	Source open drain ports	V <sub>DD</sub> = 5.5 V, V <sub>KK</sub> = -30 V	50	80	110	kΩ										
Output Leakage Current	I <sub>LO1</sub>	Sink open drain ports	V <sub>DD</sub> = 5.5 V, V <sub>OUT</sub> = 5.5 V	-	-	2	μA										
	I <sub>LO2</sub>	Source open drain ports	V <sub>DD</sub> = 5.5 V, V <sub>OUT</sub> = -32 V	-	-	-2											
	I <sub>LO3</sub>	Tri-state ports	V <sub>DD</sub> = 5.5 V, V <sub>OUT</sub> = 5.5 V/0V	-	-	2											
Output High Voltage	V <sub>OH</sub>	Tri-state ports	V <sub>DD</sub> = 4.5 V, I <sub>OH</sub> = -0.7 mA	4.1	-	-	V										
Output Low Voltage	V <sub>OL</sub>	Except XOUT	V <sub>DD</sub> = 4.5 V, I <sub>OL</sub> ≥ 1.6 mA	-	-	0.4											
Output High current	I <sub>OH</sub>	P6, P7, P8, P9, PD port	V <sub>DD</sub> = 4.5 V, V <sub>OH</sub> = 2.4 V	-	-20	-											
Supply Current in NORMAL 1, 2 modes	I <sub>DD</sub>		V <sub>DD</sub> = 5.5 V V <sub>IN</sub> = 5.3 V/0.2 V f <sub>c</sub> = 12.5 MHz f <sub>s</sub> = 32.768 kHz	-	13.5	20	mA										
Supply Current in IDLE 1, 2 modes								-	30	60	μA						
Supply Current in SLOW mode												-	15	30			
Supply Current in SLEEP mode															-	0.5	10
Supply Current in STOP mode																	

Note 1: Typical values show those at T<sub>opr</sub> = 25°C, V<sub>DD</sub> = 5 V.

Note 2: Input Current I<sub>IN3</sub>; The current through resistor is not included, when the input resistor (pull-up/pull-down) is contained.

AD Conversion Characteristics (V<sub>SS</sub> = 0 V, V<sub>DD</sub> = 4.5 to 5.5 V, T<sub>opr</sub> = -30 to 70°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Analog Reference Voltage	V <sub>AREF</sub>		4.5	-	V <sub>DD</sub>	V
	V <sub>ASS</sub>					
Analog Reference Voltage Range	V <sub>AIN</sub>		V <sub>ASS</sub>	-	V <sub>AREF</sub>	
Analog Input Voltage	I <sub>REF</sub>	V <sub>AREF</sub> = 5.5 V, V <sub>ASS</sub> = 0.0 V	-	0.5	1.0	mA
Nonlinearity Error		V <sub>DD</sub> = 5.0 V, V <sub>SS</sub> = 0.0 V V <sub>AREF</sub> = 5.000 V V <sub>ASS</sub> = 0.000 V	-	-	±1	LSB
Zero Point Error			-	-	±1	
Full Scale Error			-	-	±1	
Total Error			-	-	±2	

Note: Quantizing error is not contained in those errors.

AC Characteristics (V<sub>SS</sub> = 0 V, V<sub>DD</sub> = 4.5 to 5.5 V, Topr = -30 to 70°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Machine Cycle Time	tcy	In NORMAL1, 2 modes	0.32	-	0.5	μs
		In IDLE1, 2 modes				
		In SLOW mode	117.6	-	133.3	
		In SLEEP mode				
High Level Clock Pulse Width	t <sub>WCH</sub>	For external clock operation (XIN input), f <sub>c</sub> = 12.5 MHz	33.75	-	-	ns
Low Level Clock Pulse Width	t <sub>WCL</sub>					
High Level Clock Pulse Width	t <sub>WSH</sub>	For external clock operation (XTIN input), f <sub>s</sub> = 32.768 kHz	14.7	-	-	μs
Low Level Clock Pulse Width	t <sub>WSL</sub>					

Recommended Oscillating Conditions (V<sub>SS</sub> = 0 V, V<sub>DD</sub> = 4.5 to 5.5 V, Topr = -30 to 70°C)

Parameter	Oscillator	Oscillation Frequency	Recommended Oscillator	Recommended Constant	
				C <sub>1</sub>	C <sub>2</sub>
High-frequency Oscillation	Ceramic Resonator	12.5 MHz	Murata CSA12.5MTZ	30 pF	30 pF
		8 MHz	Murata CSA8.00MTZ	30 pF	30 pF
	Crystal Oscillator	12.5 MHz	NDK AT-51	10 pF	10 pF
Low-frequency Oscillation	Crystal Oscillator	32.768 KHz	NDK MX-38T	15 pF	15 pF



Note 1: An electrical shield by metal shield plate on the IC package should be recommend able in order to prevent the device from the high electric fieldstress applied for continuous reliable operation.

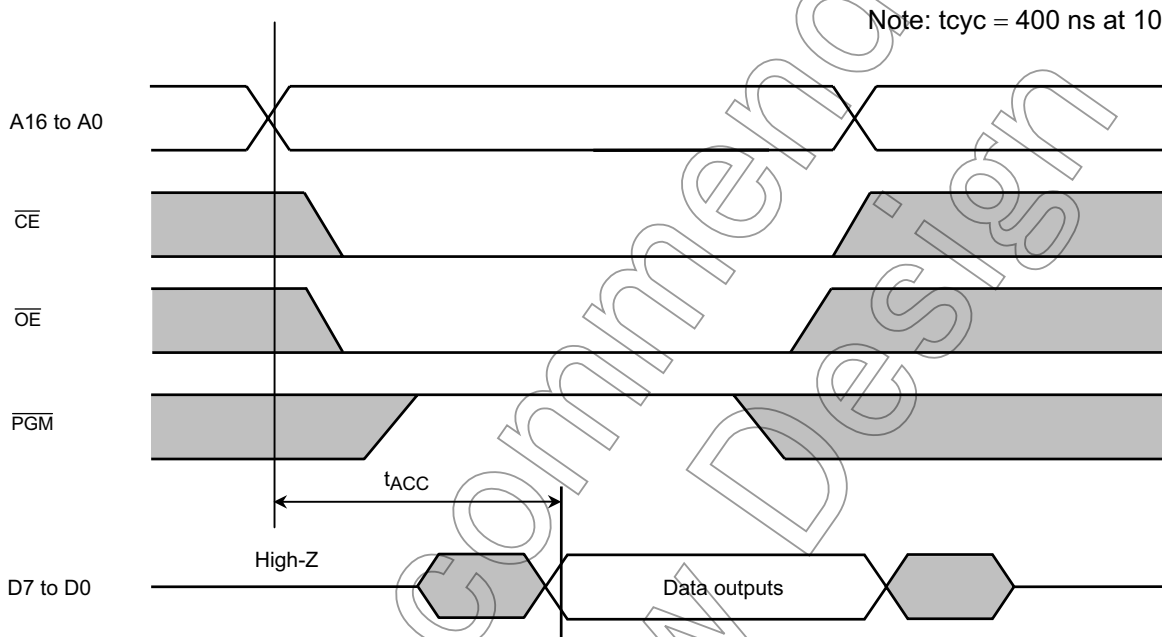
Note 2: The product numbers and specifications of the resonators by Murata Manufacturing Co., Ltd. are subject to change. For up-to-date information, please refer to the following URL;

<http://www.murata.co.jp/search/index.html>

DC/AC Characteristics (PROM mode) ( $V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$ )

(1) Read operation ( $V_{DD} = 5.0 \pm 0.25\text{ V}$ ,  $T_{opr} = 25 \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Input High Voltage (A0 to A16, $\overline{CE}$ , $\overline{OE}$ , $\overline{PGM}$ )	$V_{IH4}$		$V_{DD} \times 0.7$	-	$V_{DD}$	V
Input Low Voltage (A0 to A16, $\overline{CE}$ , $\overline{OE}$ , $\overline{PGM}$ )	$V_{IL4}$		0	-	0.8	
Program Power Supply Voltage	$V_{PP}$		4.75	5.0	5.25	
Address Access Time	$t_{ACC}$		-	$1.5t_{cyc} + 300$	-	ns



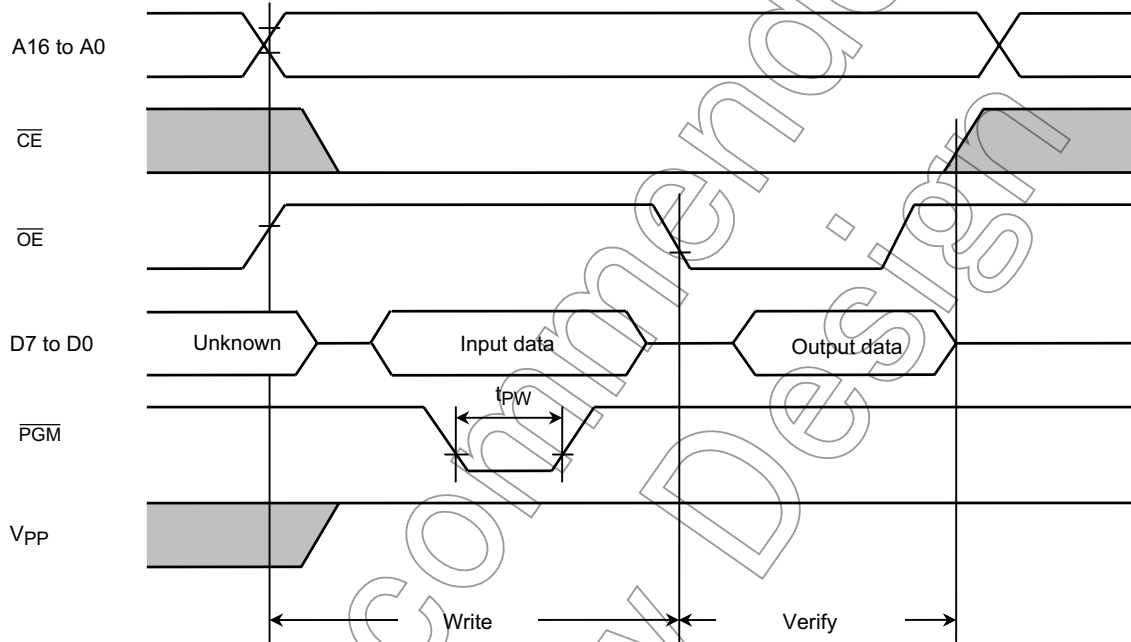
Not Recommended for New Design



(2) High-speed programming operation ( $T_{opr} = 25 \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 6.25 \pm 0.25\text{ V}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Input High Voltage (D0 to D7, A0 to A16, $\overline{\text{CE}}$ , $\overline{\text{OE}}$ , $\overline{\text{PGM}}$ )	$V_{IH4}$		$V_{DD} \times 0.7$	–	$V_{DD}$	V
Input Low Voltage (D0 to D7, A0 to A16, $\overline{\text{CE}}$ , $\overline{\text{OE}}$ , $\overline{\text{PGM}}$ )	$V_{IL4}$		0	–	0.8	
Program Power Supply Voltage	$V_{PP}$		12.5	12.75	13.0	
Initial Program Pulse Width	$t_{PW}$	$V_{DD} = 6.0\text{ V}$	0.095	0.1	0.105	ms

High-program



Note 1: When  $V_{CC}$  power supply is turned on or after,  $V_{PP}$  must be increased.

When  $V_{CC}$  power supply is turned off or before,  $V_{PP}$  must be decreased.

Note 2: The device must not be set to the EPROM programmer or picked up from it under applying the program voltage ( $12.75\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$ ) to the  $V_{PP}$  pin as the device is damaged.

Note 3: Be sure to execute the recommended programming mode with the recommended programming adaptor. If a mode or an adaptor except the above, the misoperation sometimes occurs.

Not Recommended  
for New Design