MULTI-RATE GIGABIT ETHERNET & FIBRE CHANNEL SFP TRANSCEIVERS WITH DIGITAL DIAGNOSTICS

TRPEG1-E2 Single Mode

Product Description

The TRPEG1-E2 SFP series of multi-rate fiber optic transceivers with integrated digital diagnostics monitoring functionality provide a quick and reliable interface for 1000BASE-LX Gigabit Ethernet and 1.062GBd Fibre Channel applications. The transceivers are designed to support data rates ranging from 1.25Gb/s down to 125Mb/s. The diagnostic functions, alarm and warning features as described in the Multi-Source Agreement (MSA) document, SFF-8472 (Rev. 9.4), are provided via an I²C serial interface.

Four options are offered with minimum optical link power budgets of 11dB, 18dB, 22dB and 24dB to support 10km to 80km link applications. Option "LX" uses a 1310nm Fabry Perot laser and provides a minimum optical link budget of 11dB, corresponding to a minimum distance of 10km, assuming fiber loss of 0.45dB/km. Option "EX" uses a 1310nm DFB laser and provides a minimum optical link budget of 18dB, corresponding to a minimum distance of 40km, assuming fiber loss of 0.35dB/km. Options "YX" and "ZX" use 1550nm DFB lasers and provide a minimum optical link budgets of 22dB and 24dB respectively, which correspond to minimum distances of 70km and 80km, assuming fiber loss of 0.25dB/km. All modules satisfy Class I Laser Safety requirements in accordance with the U.S. FDA/CDRH and international IEC-60825 standards.

The transceivers connect to standard 20-pad SFP connectors for hot plug capability. This allows the system designer to make configuration changes or maintenance by simply plugging in different types of transceivers without removing the power supply from the host system.

The transceivers have colored bail-type latches, which offer an easy and convenient way to release the modules. The latch is compliant with the SFP MSA.

The transmitter and receiver DATA interfaces are AC-coupled internally. LV-TTL Transmitter Disable control input and Loss of Signal output interfaces are also provided.

The transceivers operate from a single +3.3V power supply over operating case temperature ranges of -5° C to $+70^{\circ}$ C or -40° C to $+85^{\circ}$ C. The housing is made of metal for EMI immunity.



Features

- ✓ Compliant with IEEE 802.3z Gigabit Ethernet 1000BASE-LX PMD Specifications
- ☑ Compliant with SFP MSA
- ☑ Digital Diagnostics through Serial Interface
- ☑ Internal Calibration for Digital Diagnostics
- ☑ Distance Options to Support 10km to 80km
- ☑ Eye Safe (Class I Laser Safety)
- ☑ Duplex LC Optical Interface
- ☑ Loss of Signal Output & TX Disable Input
- ✓ -40°C to +85°C Operating Case Temperature Option
- ☑ Hot-pluggable
- ☑ Single +3.3V Power Supply

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter		Symbol	Minimum	Maximum	Units	
Storage Temperature		T_{st}	- 40	+ 85	°C	
Operating Case Temperature 1	Commercial Temp.	T_{op}	- 5	+ 70	°C	
	Industrial Temp.		- 40	+ 85		
Supply Voltage		V_{cc}	0	+ 3.47	V	
Input Voltage		$V_{_{in}}$	0	V_{cc}	V	
¹ Measured on top side of SFP mo	dule at the front center ve	ent hole of the cage.				





Transmitter Performance Characteristics (Over Operating Case Temperature, V_{cc} = 3.13 to 3.47V)

All parameters guaranteed only at typical data rate

Parameter	Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	
Operating Data Rate	В	125	-	1250	Mb/s	
	LX ²		- 9.0	-	- 3.0	dBm
Optical Output Power ¹	EX		- 4.5	-	0	
	YX	P_o	- 2.0	-	+ 3.0	
	ZX		0	-	+ 5.0	
Center Wavelength	LX		1275	1310	1357	nm
	EX	λ_c	1280	1310	1335	
	YX, ZX		1500	1550	1580	
Spectral Width (RMS)	LX	$\Delta\lambda_{\scriptscriptstyle RMS}$	-	-	2.5	nm
Spectral Width (-20dB)	EX, YX, ZX	$\Delta\lambda_{20}$	-	-	1.0	nm
Side Mode Suppression Ratio	EX, YX, ZX	SMSR	30	-	-	dB
Extinction Ratio	·	P_{hi}/P_{lo}	9	-	-	dB
Deterministic Jitter		DJ	-	-	80	ps
Total Jitter		TJ	-	-	227	ps
Optical Rise/Fall Time (20% to 80%)		t_r , t_f	-	-	0.32	ns
Relative Intensity Noise		RIN	-	-	-120	dB/Hz
Discouries Develop 3	YX		-	-	1.2	dB
Dispersion Penalty ³	ZX	Ī -			1.5	
Optical Output Eye	C	ompliant with Eye	Mask Defined in	IEEE 802.3z standa	ırd	

¹Measured average power coupled into single mode fiber (SMF).

Receiver Performance Characteristics (Over Operating Case Temperature, V_{cc} = 3.13 to 3.47V) All parameters guaranteed only at typical data rate

	Parameter		Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Operating Data Rate			В	125	-	1250	Mb/s
Minimum Input Optical Power (10 ⁻¹² BER) ¹ EX YX, ZX			- 20.0	-	-	dBm	
		P_{min}	- 22.5	-	-		
] [- 24.0	-	-		
Maximum Input Option	cal Power (10 ⁻¹² BER) ¹	•	P _{max}	- 3.0	-	-	dBm
LOS Thresholds		LX		-	-	- 20.0	dBm
	Increasing Light Input	EX	P_{los+}	-	-	- 22.5	
	Input	YX, ZX		-	-	- 24.0	
	Decreasing Light Input	LX		- 30.0	-	-	
		EX, YX, ZX	P_{los-}	- 35.0	-	-	
LOS Timin - Dalan	Increasing Light Input		t_loss_off	-	-	100	
LOS Timing Delay	Decreasing Light Input		t_loss_on	-	-	100	μs
LOS Hysteresis			-	0.5	-	-	dB
Deterministic Jitter			DJ	-	-	170	ps
Total Jitter		TJ	-	-	266	ps	
Wavelength of Operation			λ	1100	-	1600	nm
Optical Return Loss			ORL	12	-	-	dB
Electrical 3dB Upper Cutoff Frequency			-	-	-	1500	MHz
Stressed Receiver Sensitivity				Complia	nt with IEEE 802.3	8z standard	

¹When measured with 2⁷-1 PRBS at 125Mb/s, 1062.5Mb/s & 1250Mb/s and 1310nm for LX & EX, and 1550nm for YX & ZX.

²For 50mm or 62.5mm multimode fiber (MMF) operation, the output power is 0.5dB less and is measured after a SMF offset-launch mode-conditioning patch cord as specified in IEEE 802.3z.

³Specified at 1440ps/nm (YX) and 1600ps/nm (ZX) dispersion, which corresponds to the approximate worst-case dispersion for 70km and 80km G.652/G.654 fiber over the wavelength range of 1500 to 1580nm.

Transmitter Electrical Interface (Over Operating Case Temperature, V_{CC} = 3.13 to 3.47V)

Parameter	Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Input Voltage Swing (TD+ & TD-) ¹	$V_{_{PP ext{-}DIF}}$	0.50	-	2.4	V
Input HIGH Voltage (TX Disable) ²	$V_{_{I\!H}}$	2.0	-	V_{cc}	V
Input LOW Voltage (TX Disable) ²	$V_{_{ m IL}}$	0	-	0.8	V
Output HIGH Voltage (TX Fault) ³	$V_{_{\mathrm{OH}}}$	2.0	-	V _{CC} + 0.3	V
Output LOW Voltage (TX Fault) ³	$V_{\scriptscriptstyle OL}$	0	-	0.8	V

¹Differential peak-to-peak voltage.

Receiver Electrical Interface (Over Operating Case Temperature, $V_{\rm CC}$ = 3.13 to 3.47V)

Parameter	Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Output Voltage Swing (RD+ & RD-) ¹	$V_{_{PP ext{-}DIF}}$	0.6	-	2.0	V
Output HIGH Voltage (LOS) ²	$V_{_{OH}}$	2.0	-	V _{CC} + 0.3	V
Output LOW Voltage (LOS) ²	$V_{\scriptscriptstyle OL}$	0	-	0.5	V

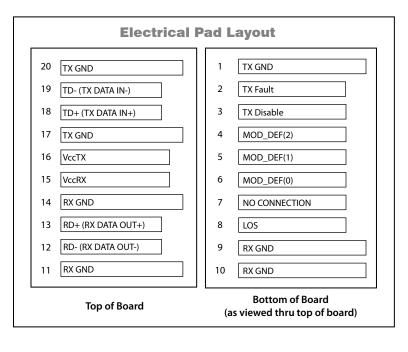
 $^{^1}$ Differential peak-to-peak voltage across external 100Ω load.

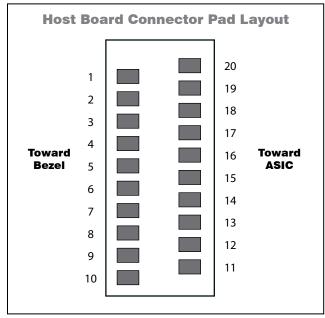
Electrical Power Supply Characteristics (Over Operating Case Temperature, V_{cc} = 3.13 to 3.47V)

Parameter		Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Supply Voltage		V_{cc}	3.13	3.3	3.47	V
Company Commany	LX	ī	-	190	245	A
Supply Current	EX, YX, ZX	1 _{CC}	-	200	300	mA

Module Definition

MOD_DEF(0) pin 6			Interpretation by Host	
TTL LOW	SCL	SDA	Serial module definition protocol	

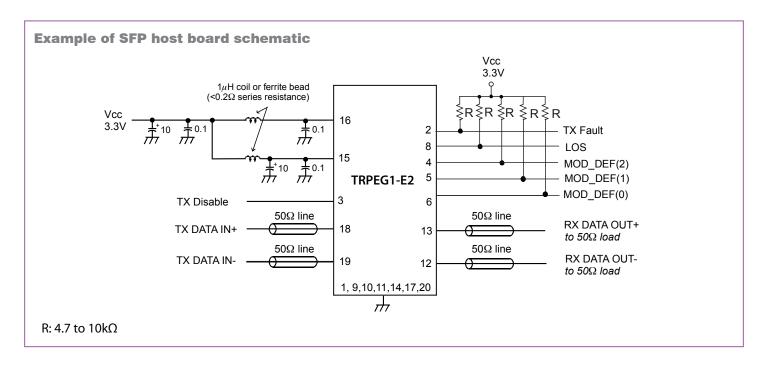




²There is an internal 4.7 to $10k\Omega$ pull-up resistor to *VccT*.

 $^{^3}$ Open collector compatible, 4.7 to $10k\Omega$ pull-up resistor to *Vcc* (Host Supply Voltage).

²Open collector compatible, 4.7 to $10k\Omega$ pull-up resistor to *Vcc* (Host Supply Voltage).



Application Notes

Electrical Interface: All signal interfaces are compliant with the SFP MSA specification. The high speed DATA interface is differential AC-coupled internally with $0.1\mu F$ and can be directly connected to a 3.3V SERDES IC. All low speed control and sense output signals are open collector TTL compatible and should be pulled up with a 4.7 - $10k\Omega$ resistor on the host board.

Loss of Signal (LOS): The Loss of Signal circuit monitors the level of the incoming optical signal and generates a logic HIGH when an insufficient photocurrent is produced.

TX Fault: The output indicates LOW when the transmitter is operating normally, and HIGH with a laser fault including laser end-of-life. TX Fault is an open collector/drain output and should be pulled up with a $4.7 - 10 k\Omega$ resistor on the host board. TX Fault is non-latching (automatically deasserts when fault goes away).

TX Disable: When the TX Disable pin is at logic HIGH, the transmitter optical output is disabled (less than -45dBm).

Serial Identification and Monitoring: The module definition of SFP is indicated by the three module definition pins, MOD_DEF(0), MOD_DEF(1) and MOD_DEF(2). Upon power

up, MOD_DEF(1:2) appear as NC (no connection), and MOD_DEF(0) is TTL LOW. When the host system detects this condition, it activates the serial protocol (standard two-wire I²C serial interface) and generates the serial clock signal (SCL). The positive edge clocks data into the EEPROM segments of the SFP that are not write protected, and the negative edge clocks data from the SFP.

The serial data signal (SDA) is for serial data transfer. The host uses SDA in conjunction with SCL to mark the start and end of serial protocol activation. The supported monitoring functions are temperature, voltage, bias current, transmitter power, average receiver signal, all alarms and warnings, and software monitoring of TX Fault/LOS. The device is internally calibrated.

The data transfer protocol and the details of the mandatory and vendor specific data structures are defined in the SFP MSA, and SFF-8472, Rev. 9.4.

Power Supply and Grounding: The power supply line should be well-filtered. All $0.1\mu F$ power supply bypass capacitors should be as close to the transceiver module as possible.

Laser Safety

Laser Safety: All transceivers are Class I Laser products per FDA/CDRH and IEC-60825 standards. They must be operated under specified operating conditions.



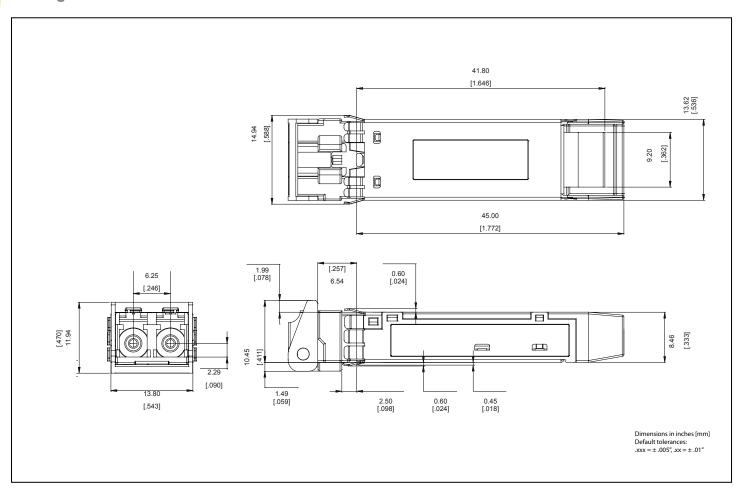
This product complies with 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11

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Meets Class I Laser Safety Requirements



Package Outline



Ordering Information

Part Number	Туре	Operating Temperature	Latch Color	Nominal Wavelength	Optical Link Power Budget ⁴	Distance ¹
TRPEG1CLXC000E2	LX	- 5°C to +70°C	Blue	1310nm	11dB	10km
TRPEG1EEXC000E2	EX	- 5°C to +70°C	Brown	1310nm	18dB	40km²
TRPEG1HYXC000E2	YX	- 5°C to +70°C	Orange	1550nm	22dB	70km³
TRPEG1JZXC000E2	ZX	- 5°C to +70°C	Green	1550nm	24dB	80km³
TRPEG1CLXI000E2	LX	- 40°C to +85°C	Blue	1310nm	11dB	10km
TRPEG1EEXI000E2	EX	- 40°C to +85°C	Brown	1310nm	18dB	40km²
TRPEG1HYXI000E2	YX	- 40°C to +85°C	Orange	1550nm	22dB	70km³
TRPEG1JZXI000E2	ZX	- 40°C to +85°C	Green	1550nm	24dB	80km³

¹The indicated transmission distance is for guidelines only, not guaranteed. The exact distance is dependent on the fiber loss, connector and splice loss, and allocated system penalty. Longer distances can be supported if the optical link power budget is satisfied.

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²Assuming a total connector and splice loss of 2dB, total system penalty of 2dB and fiber cable loss of 0.35dB/km.

³Assuming a total connector and splice loss of 2dB, total system penalty of 2dB and fiber cable loss of 0.25dB/km.

⁴Minimum Optical Link Power Budget.