74AUP2GU04

Low-power dual unbuffered inverter Rev. 5 — 11 October 2013

Product data sheet

1. **General description**

The 74AUP2GU04 provides two unbuffered inverting gates.

This device ensures a very low static and dynamic power consumption across the entire V_{CC} range from 0.8 V to 3.6 V.

Features and benefits 2.

- Wide supply voltage range from 0.8 V to 3.6 V
- High noise immunity
- ESD protection:
 - HBM JESD22-A114F Class 3A exceeds 5000 V
 - ♦ MM JESD22-A115-A exceeds 200 V
 - CDM JESD22-C101E exceeds 1000 V
- Low static power consumption; $I_{CC} = 0.9 \mu A$ (maximum)
- Latch-up performance exceeds 100 mA per JESD 78 Class II
- Inputs accept voltages up to 3.6 V
- Multiple package options
- Specified from -40 °C to +85 °C and -40 °C to +125 °C

Ordering information 3.

Table 1. **Ordering information**

Type number	Package								
	Temperature range	Name	Description	Version					
74AUP2GU04GW	$-40~^{\circ}\text{C}$ to +125 $^{\circ}\text{C}$	SC-88	plastic surface-mounted package; 6 leads	SOT363					
74AUP2GU04GM	–40 °C to +125 °C	XSON6	plastic extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 6 terminals; body 1 \times 1.45 \times 0.5 mm	SOT886					
74AUP2GU04GF	–40 °C to +125 °C	XSON6	plastic extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 6 terminals; body 1 \times 1 \times 0.5 mm	SOT891					
74AUP2GU04GN	–40 °C to +125 °C	XSON6	extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 6 terminals; body $0.9 \times 1.0 \times 0.35$ mm	SOT1115					
74AUP2GU04GS	–40 °C to +125 °C	XSON6	extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 6 terminals; body 1.0 \times 1.0 \times 0.35 mm	SOT1202					



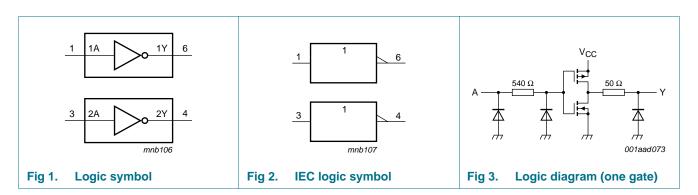
4. Marking

Table 2. Marking

Type number	Marking code ^[1]
74AUP2GU04GW	aD
74AUP2GU04GM	aD
74AUP2GU04GF	aD
74AUP2GU04GN	aD
74AUP2GU04GS	aD

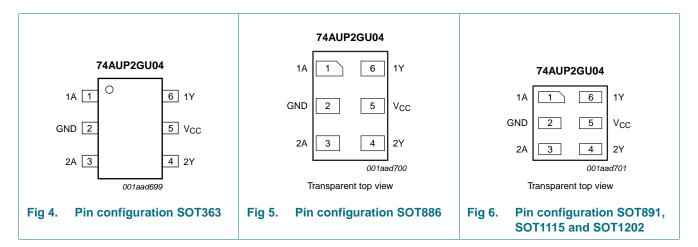
^[1] The pin 1 indicator is located on the lower left corner of the device, below the marking code.

5. Functional diagram



6. Pinning information

6.1 Pinning



6.2 Pin description

Table 3. Pin description

Symbol	Pin	Description
1A	1	data input
GND	2	ground (0 V)
2A	3	data input
2Y	4	data output
V _{CC}	5	supply voltage
1Y	6	data output

7. Functional description

Table 4. Function table[1]

Input	Output
nA	nY
L	Н
Н	L

^[1] H = HIGH voltage level;L = LOW voltage level.

8. Limiting values

Table 5. Limiting values

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V_{CC}	supply voltage		-0.5	+4.6	V
I _{IK}	input clamping current	V _I < 0 V	–50	•	mA
VI	input voltage		<u>[1]</u> –0.5	+4.6	V
I _{OK}	output clamping current	V _O < 0 V	–50	•	mA
Vo	output voltage		<u>[2]</u> –0.5	$V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I _O	output current	$V_O = 0 V to V_{CC}$	-	±20	mA
I _{CC}	supply current		-	50	mA
I_{GND}	ground current		–50	•	mA
T _{stg}	storage temperature		–65	+150	°C
P _{tot}	total power dissipation	$T_{amb} = -40 ^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } +125 ^{\circ}\text{C}$	[3] -	250	mW

^[1] The minimum input voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input current ratings are observed.

^[2] The output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the output current ratings are observed.

^[3] For SC-88 packages: above 87.5 °C the value of P_{tot} derates linearly with 4.0 mW/K. For XSON6 packages: above 118 °C the value of P_{tot} derates linearly with 7.8 mW/K.

9. Recommended operating conditions

Table 6. Recommended operating conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V_{CC}	supply voltage		8.0	3.6	V
VI	input voltage		0	3.6	V
Vo	output voltage		0	V_{CC}	V
T _{amb}	ambient temperature		-40	+125	°C
Δt/ΔV	input transition rise and fall rate	V _{CC} = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	0	200	ns/V

10. Static characteristics

Table 7. Static characteristics

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
$T_{amb} = 2$	5 °C					
V _{IH}	HIGH-level input voltage	$V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	$0.75 \times V_{CC}$	-	-	V
V_{IL}	LOW-level input voltage	$V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	-	-	$0.25 \times V_{CC}$	V
V _{OH}	HIGH-level output voltage	$V_I = GND \text{ or } V_{CC}$				
		$I_O = -20 \mu A$; $V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V}$ to 3.6 V	$V_{CC}-0.1$	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -1.1 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.1 \text{ V}$	$0.75 \times V_{CC}$	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -1.7 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V}$	1.11	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -1.9 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V}$	1.32	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -2.3 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$	2.05	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -3.1 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$	1.9	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -2.7 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	2.72	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -4.0 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	2.6	-	-	V
V_{OL}	LOW-level output voltage	$V_I = GND \text{ or } V_{CC}$				
		$I_O = 20 \mu A$; $V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.1	V
		I _O = 1.1 mA; V _{CC} = 1.1 V	-	-	$0.3 \times V_{\text{CC}}$	V
		$I_O = 1.7 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.31	V
		I _O = 1.9 mA; V _{CC} = 1.65 V	-	-	0.31	V
		$I_{O} = 2.3 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.31	V
		$I_O = 3.1 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.44	V
		$I_{O} = 2.7 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.31	V
		$I_O = 4.0 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.44	V
I _I	input leakage current	V_I = GND to 3.6 V; V_{CC} = 0 V to 3.6 V	-	-	±0.1	μΑ
I _{CC}	supply current	$V_I = GND \text{ or } V_{CC}; I_O = 0 \text{ A};$ $V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.5	μΑ
C _I	input capacitance	$V_{CC} = 0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V; } V_I = \text{GND or } V_{CC}$	-	1.5	-	pF
Co	output capacitance	$V_O = GND; V_{CC} = 0 V$	-	1.8	-	pF

 Table 7.
 Static characteristics ...continued

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
T _{amb} = -	40 °C to +85 °C					
V_{IH}	HIGH-level input voltage	V _{CC} = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	$0.75 \times V_{CC}$	-	-	V
V_{IL}	LOW-level input voltage	$V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	-	-	$0.25 \times V_{CC}$	V
V_{OH}	HIGH-level output voltage	$V_I = GND \text{ or } V_{CC}$				
		$I_O = -20~\mu A;~V_{CC} = 0.8~V~to~3.6~V$	$V_{CC}-0.1$	-	-	V
		$I_O = -1.1 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.1 \text{ V}$	$0.7 \times V_{CC}$	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -1.7 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V}$	1.03	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -1.9 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V}$	1.30	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -2.3 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$	1.97	-	-	V
		$I_O = -3.1 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$	1.85	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -2.7 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	2.67	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -4.0 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	2.55	-	-	V
V_{OL}	LOW-level output voltage	$V_I = GND \text{ or } V_{CC}$				
		$I_O = 20 \mu A$; $V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.1	V
		I _O = 1.1 mA; V _{CC} = 1.1 V	-	-	$0.3 \times V_{CC}$	V
		$I_O = 1.7 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.37	V
		$I_O = 1.9 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.35	V
		$I_{O} = 2.3 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.33	V
		$I_{O} = 3.1 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.45	V
		$I_O = 2.7 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.33	V
		$I_O = 4.0 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.45	V
I _I	input leakage current	$V_I = GND$ to 3.6 V; $V_{CC} = 0$ V to 3.6 V	-	-	±0.5	μΑ
I _{CC}	supply current	V_I = GND or V_{CC} ; I_O = 0 A; V_{CC} = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.9	μΑ
T _{amb} = -	40 °C to +125 °C					
V _{IH}	HIGH-level input voltage	$V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	$0.75 \times V_{CC}$	-	-	V
V_{IL}	LOW-level input voltage	V _{CC} = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	-	-	$0.25 \times V_{CC}$	V
V _{OH}	HIGH-level output voltage	$V_I = GND \text{ or } V_{CC}$				
		$I_{O} = -20 \mu A$; $V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V}$ to 3.6 V	V _{CC} - 0.11	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -1.1 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.1 \text{ V}$	$0.6 \times V_{CC}$	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -1.7 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V}$	0.93	-	-	٧
		$I_{O} = -1.9 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V}$	1.17	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -2.3 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$	1.77	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -3.1 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$	1.67	-	-	V
		$I_O = -2.7 \text{ mA}$; $V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	2.40	-	-	٧
		$I_O = -4.0 \text{ mA}$; $V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	2.30	-	-	V

 Table 7.
 Static characteristics ...continued

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V_{OL}	LOW-level output voltage	$V_I = GND \text{ or } V_{CC}$				
		I_O = 20 μ A; V_{CC} = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.11	V
		$I_O = 1.1 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.1 \text{ V}$	-	-	$0.33 \times V_{CC}$	V
		$I_O = 1.7 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.41	V
		$I_O = 1.9 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.39	V
		$I_O = 2.3 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.36	V
		$I_O = 3.1 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.50	V
		$I_O = 2.7 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.36	V
		$I_{O} = 4.0 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.50	V
I _I	input leakage current	$V_I = GND$ to 3.6 V; $V_{CC} = 0$ V to 3.6 V	-	-	±0.75	μΑ
I _{CC}	supply current	$V_1 = GND \text{ or } V_{CC}; I_O = 0 \text{ A};$ $V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	-	-	1.4	μΑ

11. Dynamic characteristics

Table 8. Dynamic characteristics

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see Figure 8.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions			25 °C		-40 °C to +1		25 °C	Unit
				Min	Typ[1]	Max	Min	Max (85 °C)	Max (125 °C)	
$C_L = 5 p$	F				'			'	•	
t _{pd}	propagation delay	nA to nY; see Figure 7	[2]							
		$V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V}$		-	6.2	-	-	-	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.1 \text{ V to } 1.3 \text{ V}$		0.9	2.3	4.4	0.9	4.8	5.3	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V to } 1.6 \text{ V}$		0.7	1.7	3.1	0.6	3.4	3.8	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$		0.5	1.4	2.6	0.5	2.9	3.2	ns
		$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$		0.4	1.1	2.0	0.4	2.3	2.6	ns
		$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$		0.3	1.0	1.8	0.3	2.1	2.4	ns
C _L = 10	pF									
t _{pd}	propagation delay	nA to nY; see Figure 7	[2]							
		$V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V}$		-	9.6	-	-	-	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.1 \text{ V to } 1.3 \text{ V}$		1.2	3.1	6.1	1.2	6.8	7.5	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V to } 1.6 \text{ V}$		1.0	2.3	4.0	0.9	4.6	5.1	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$		0.8	1.9	3.3	0.7	3.8	4.2	ns
		$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$		0.6	1.5	2.7	0.6	3.1	3.5	ns
		$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$		0.5	1.3	2.4	0.5	2.7	3.0	ns

 Table 8.
 Dynamic characteristics ...continued

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see Figure 8.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions			25 °C		-40	°C to +1	25 °C	Unit
				Min	Typ[1]	Max	Min	Max (85 °C)	Max (125 °C)	
C _L = 15	pF									
t _{pd}	propagation delay	nA to nY; see Figure 7	[2]							
		$V_{CC} = 0.8 V$		-	13.0	-	-	-	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.1 \text{ V to } 1.3 \text{ V}$		1.6	3.8	7.9	1.4	8.8	9.7	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V to } 1.6 \text{ V}$		1.3	2.8	4.9	1.1	5.7	6.3	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$		1.0	2.3	4.0	0.9	4.7	5.2	ns
		$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$		0.8	1.9	3.2	8.0	3.7	4.1	ns
		$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$		0.7	1.6	2.9	0.7	3.3	3.7	ns
C _L = 30	pF									
t _{pd}	propagation delay	nA to nY; see Figure 7	[2]							
		$V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V}$		-	23.2	-	-	-	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.1 \text{ V to } 1.3 \text{ V}$		2.4	6.0	13.1	2.2	14.8	16.3	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V to } 1.6 \text{ V}$		2.0	4.2	7.6	1.8	9.0	9.9	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$		1.7	3.6	6.1	1.5	7.2	8.0	ns
		$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$		1.4	2.9	4.8	1.3	5.7	6.3	ns
		$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$		1.2	2.5	4.3	1.1	5.1	5.7	ns
C _L = 5 p	F, 10 pF, 15 pF and	30 pF								
C _{PD}	power dissipation	$f_i = 1 \text{ MHz}$; $V_I = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$	[3][4]							
	capacitance	$V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V}$		-	1.1	-	-	-	-	pF
		$V_{CC} = 1.1 \text{ V to } 1.3 \text{ V}$		-	1.1	-	-	-	-	pF
		$V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V to } 1.6 \text{ V}$		-	1.3	-	-	-	-	pF
		$V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$		-	1.5	-	-	-	-	pF
		$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$		-	3.0	-	-	-	-	pF
		$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$		-	4.5	-	-	-	-	pF

^[1] All typical values are measured at nominal V_{CC} .

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i \times N + \Sigma (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o) \text{ where:}$$

 f_i = input frequency in MHz;

f_o = output frequency in MHz;

C_L = load capacitance in pF;

 V_{CC} = supply voltage in V;

N = number of inputs switching;

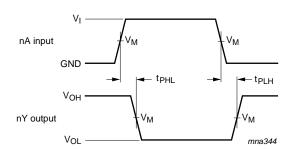
 $\Sigma(C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$ = sum of the outputs.

^[2] t_{pd} is the same as t_{PLH} and t_{PHL} .

^[3] All specified values are the average typical values over all stated loads.

^[4] C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μ W).

12. Waveforms



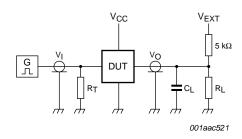
Measurement points are given in Table 9.

Logic levels: V_{OL} and V_{OH} are typical output voltage drops that occur with the output load.

Fig 7. The data input (nA) to output (nY) propagation delays

Table 9. Measurement points

Supply voltage	Output	Input						
V _{CC}	V _M	V _M	V _I	$t_r = t_f$				
0.8 V to 3.6 V	$0.5 \times V_{CC}$	$0.5 \times V_{CC}$	V _{CC}	≤ 3.0 ns				



Test data is given in <u>Table 10</u>.

Definitions for test circuit:

R_L = Load resistance.

 C_L = Load capacitance including jig and probe capacitance.

 R_T = Termination resistance should be equal to the output impedance Z_0 of the pulse generator.

V_{EXT} = External voltage for measuring switching times.

Fig 8. Test circuit for measuring switching times

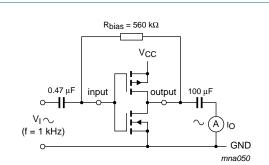
Table 10. Test data

Supply voltage	Load		V _{EXT}		
V _{CC}	C _L	R _L [1]	t _{PLH} , t _{PHL}	t _{PZH} , t _{PHZ}	t _{PZL} , t _{PLZ}
0.8 V to 3.6 V	5 pF, 10 pF, 15 pF and 30 pF	5 k Ω or 1 M Ω	open	GND	$2 \times V_{CC}$

[1] For measuring enable and disable times R_L = 5 k Ω , for measuring propagation delays, set-up and hold times and pulse width R_L = 1 M Ω .

74AUP2GU04

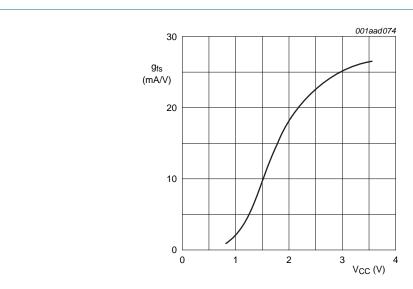
13. Additional characteristics



$$g_{fs} = \frac{\Delta I_O}{\Delta V_I}$$

V_O is constant.

Fig 9. Test set-up for measuring forward transconductance



 T_{amb} = 25 °C.

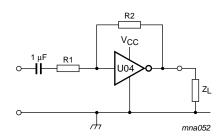
Fig 10. Typical forward transconductance as a function of supply voltage

14. Application information

Some applications for the 74AUP2GU04 are:

- Linear amplifier (see Figure 11)
- Crystal oscillator (see Figure 12)

Remark: All values given are typical values unless otherwise specified.



 $Z_L > 10 \text{ k}\Omega$.

 $R1 \ge 3 \ k\Omega$.

 $R2 \leq 1~M\Omega.$

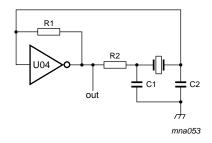
Open loop amplification: $A_{OL} = 20$.

Voltage amplification: $A_V = -\frac{A_{OL}}{I + \frac{RI}{R2}(I + A_{OL})} \, .$

 $V_{o(p\text{-}p)}$ = $V_{CC}-$ 1.5 V centered at 0.5 \times $V_{CC}.$

Unity gain bandwidth product is 5 MHz.

Fig 11. Linear amplifier application



C1 = 47 pF

C2 = 22 pF

R1 = 1 M Ω to 10 M Ω .

R2 optimum value depends on the frequency and required stability against changes in V_{CC} or average minimum I_{CC} ($I_{CC}=2$ mA at $V_{CC}=3.3$ V and f = 10 MHz).

Fig 12. Crystal oscillator application

15. Package outline

Plastic surface-mounted package; 6 leads

SOT363

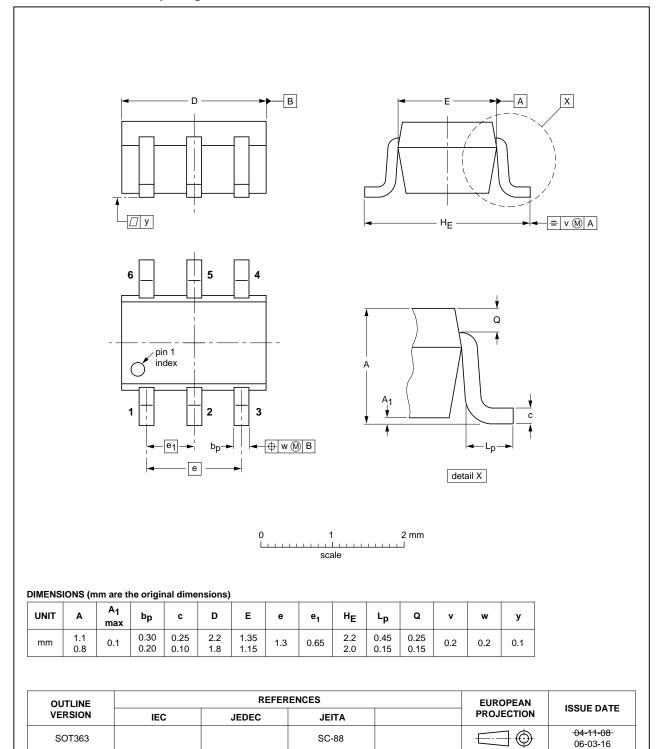


Fig 13. Package outline SOT363 (SC-88)

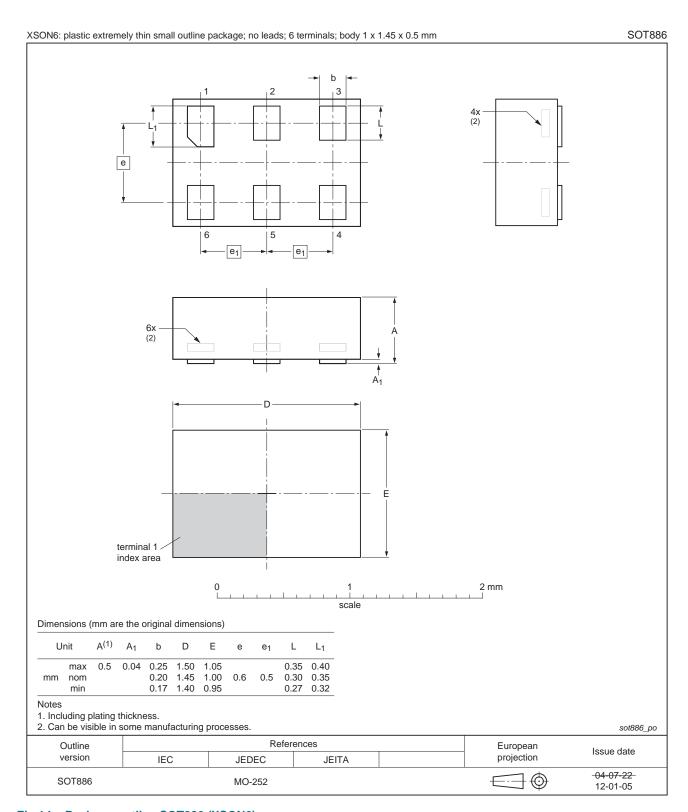


Fig 14. Package outline SOT886 (XSON6)

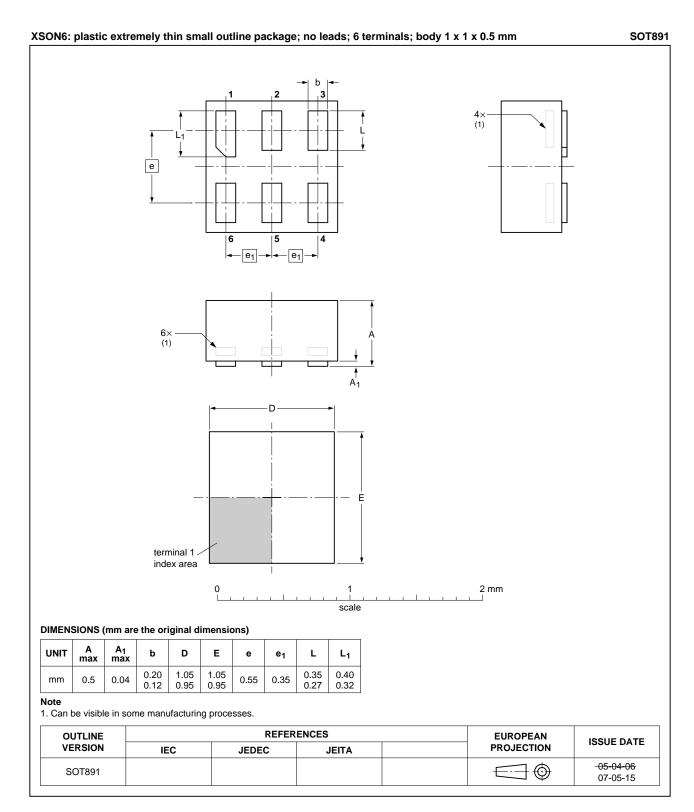


Fig 15. Package outline SOT891 (XSON6)

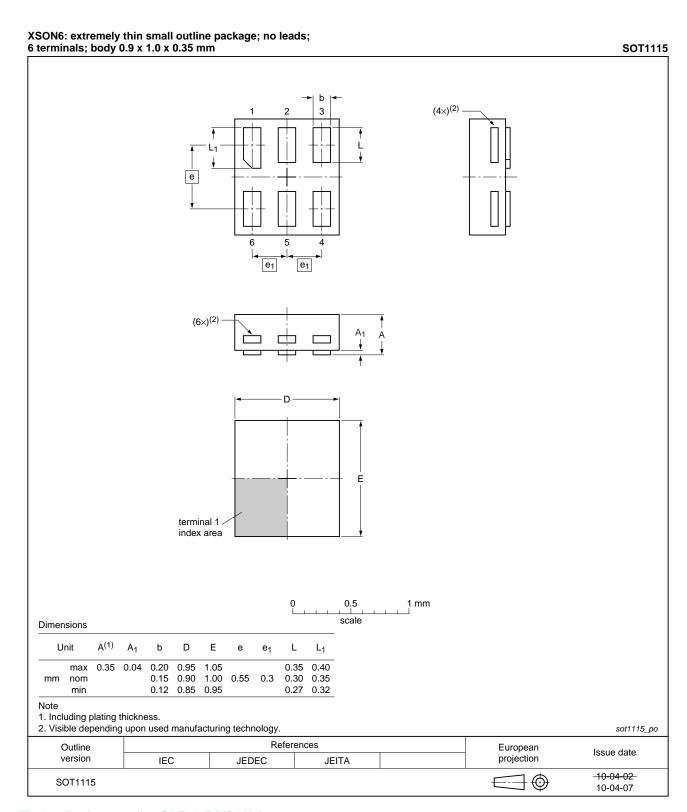


Fig 16. Package outline SOT1115 (XSON6)

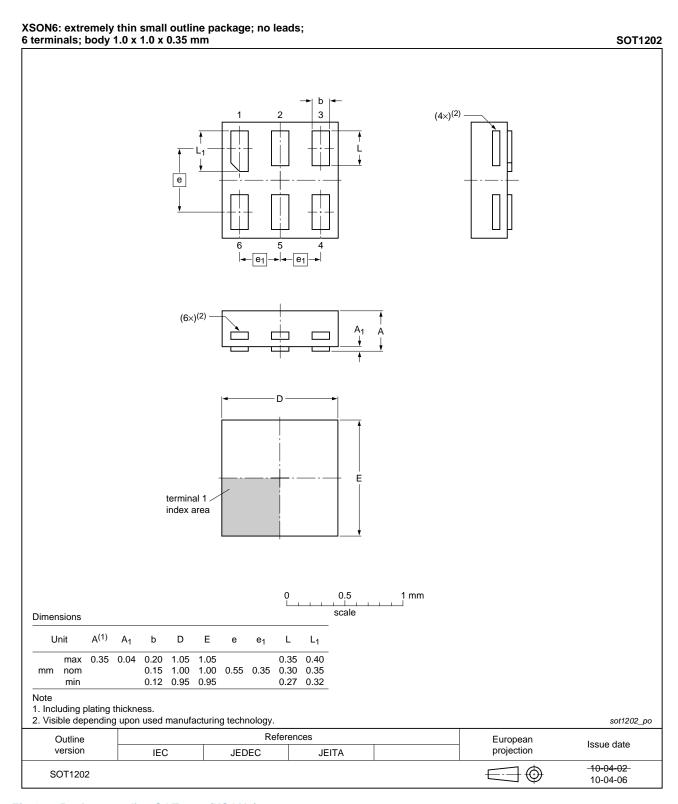


Fig 17. Package outline SOT1202 (XSON6)

16. Abbreviations

Table 11. Abbreviations

Acronym	Description
CDM	Charged Device Model
DUT	Device Under Test
ESD	ElectroStatic Discharge
НВМ	Human Body Model
MM	Machine Model

17. Revision history

Table 12. Revision history

Document ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Supersedes
74AUP2GU04 v.5	20131011	Product data sheet	-	74AUP2GU04 v.4
Modifications:	 Package ou 	Itline drawing of SOT886 (Fig	gure 14) modified.	
74AUP2GU04 v.4	20111207	Product data sheet	-	74AUP2GU04 v.3
Modifications:	 Legal pages 	s updated.		
74AUP2GU04 v.3	20101110	Product data sheet	-	74AUP2GU04 v.2
74AUP2GU04 v.2	20090703	Product data sheet	-	74AUP2GU04 v.1
74AUP2GU04 v.1	20061215	Product data sheet	-	-

18. Legal information

18.1 Data sheet status

Document status[1][2]	Product status[3]	Definition
Objective [short] data sheet	Development	This document contains data from the objective specification for product development.
Preliminary [short] data sheet	Qualification	This document contains data from the preliminary specification.
Product [short] data sheet	Production	This document contains the product specification.

- [1] Please consult the most recently issued document before initiating or completing a design.
- [2] The term 'short data sheet' is explained in section "Definitions"
- [3] The product status of device(s) described in this document may have changed since this document was published and may differ in case of multiple devices. The latest product status information is available on the Internet at URL http://www.nxp.com.

18.2 Definitions

Draft — The document is a draft version only. The content is still under internal review and subject to formal approval, which may result in modifications or additions. NXP Semiconductors does not give any representations or warranties as to the accuracy or completeness of information included herein and shall have no liability for the consequences of use of such information.

Short data sheet — A short data sheet is an extract from a full data sheet with the same product type number(s) and title. A short data sheet is intended for quick reference only and should not be relied upon to contain detailed and full information. For detailed and full information see the relevant full data sheet, which is available on request via the local NXP Semiconductors sales office. In case of any inconsistency or conflict with the short data sheet, the full data sheet shall prevail.

Product specification — The information and data provided in a Product data sheet shall define the specification of the product as agreed between NXP Semiconductors and its customer, unless NXP Semiconductors and customer have explicitly agreed otherwise in writing. In no event however, shall an agreement be valid in which the NXP Semiconductors product is deemed to offer functions and qualities beyond those described in the Product data sheet.

18.3 Disclaimers

Limited warranty and liability — Information in this document is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, NXP Semiconductors does not give any representations or warranties, expressed or implied, as to the accuracy or completeness of such information and shall have no liability for the consequences of use of such information. NXP Semiconductors takes no responsibility for the content in this document if provided by an information source outside of NXP Semiconductors.

In no event shall NXP Semiconductors be liable for any indirect, incidental, punitive, special or consequential damages (including - without limitation - lost profits, lost savings, business interruption, costs related to the removal or replacement of any products or rework charges) whether or not such damages are based on tort (including negligence), warranty, breach of contract or any other legal theory.

Notwithstanding any damages that customer might incur for any reason whatsoever, NXP Semiconductors' aggregate and cumulative liability towards customer for the products described herein shall be limited in accordance with the *Terms and conditions of commercial sale* of NXP Semiconductors.

Right to make changes — NXP Semiconductors reserves the right to make changes to information published in this document, including without limitation specifications and product descriptions, at any time and without notice. This document supersedes and replaces all information supplied prior to the publication hereof.

Suitability for use — NXP Semiconductors products are not designed, authorized or warranted to be suitable for use in life support, life-critical or safety-critical systems or equipment, nor in applications where failure or malfunction of an NXP Semiconductors product can reasonably be expected to result in personal injury, death or severe property or environmental damage. NXP Semiconductors and its suppliers accept no liability for inclusion and/or use of NXP Semiconductors products in such equipment or applications and therefore such inclusion and/or use is at the customer's own risk

Applications — Applications that are described herein for any of these products are for illustrative purposes only. NXP Semiconductors makes no representation or warranty that such applications will be suitable for the specified use without further testing or modification.

Customers are responsible for the design and operation of their applications and products using NXP Semiconductors products, and NXP Semiconductors accepts no liability for any assistance with applications or customer product design. It is customer's sole responsibility to determine whether the NXP Semiconductors product is suitable and fit for the customer's applications and products planned, as well as for the planned application and use of customer's third party customer(s). Customers should provide appropriate design and operating safeguards to minimize the risks associated with their applications and products.

NXP Semiconductors does not accept any liability related to any default, damage, costs or problem which is based on any weakness or default in the customer's applications or products, or the application or use by customer's third party customer(s). Customer is responsible for doing all necessary testing for the customer's applications and products using NXP Semiconductors products in order to avoid a default of the applications and the products or of the application or use by customer's third party customer(s). NXP does not accept any liability in this respect.

Limiting values — Stress above one or more limiting values (as defined in the Absolute Maximum Ratings System of IEC 60134) will cause permanent damage to the device. Limiting values are stress ratings only and (proper) operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those given in the Recommended operating conditions section (if present) or the Characteristics sections of this document is not warranted. Constant or repeated exposure to limiting values will permanently and irreversibly affect the quality and reliability of the device.

Terms and conditions of commercial sale — NXP Semiconductors products are sold subject to the general terms and conditions of commercial sale, as published at http://www.nxp.com/profile/terms, unless otherwise agreed in a valid written individual agreement. In case an individual agreement is concluded only the terms and conditions of the respective agreement shall apply. NXP Semiconductors hereby expressly objects to applying the customer's general terms and conditions with regard to the purchase of NXP Semiconductors products by customer.

No offer to sell or license — Nothing in this document may be interpreted or construed as an offer to sell products that is open for acceptance or the grant, conveyance or implication of any license under any copyrights, patents or other industrial or intellectual property rights.

74AUP2GU04

All information provided in this document is subject to legal disclaimers.

Export control — This document as well as the item(s) described herein may be subject to export control regulations. Export might require a prior authorization from competent authorities.

Non-automotive qualified products — Unless this data sheet expressly states that this specific NXP Semiconductors product is automotive qualified, the product is not suitable for automotive use. It is neither qualified nor tested in accordance with automotive testing or application requirements. NXP Semiconductors accepts no liability for inclusion and/or use of non-automotive qualified products in automotive equipment or applications.

In the event that customer uses the product for design-in and use in automotive applications to automotive specifications and standards, customer (a) shall use the product without NXP Semiconductors' warranty of the product for such automotive applications, use and specifications, and (b) whenever customer uses the product for automotive applications beyond

NXP Semiconductors' specifications such use shall be solely at customer's own risk, and (c) customer fully indemnifies NXP Semiconductors for any liability, damages or failed product claims resulting from customer design and use of the product for automotive applications beyond NXP Semiconductors' standard warranty and NXP Semiconductors' product specifications.

Translations — A non-English (translated) version of a document is for reference only. The English version shall prevail in case of any discrepancy between the translated and English versions.

18.4 Trademarks

Notice: All referenced brands, product names, service names and trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

19. Contact information

For more information, please visit: http://www.nxp.com

For sales office addresses, please send an email to: salesaddresses@nxp.com



NXP Semiconductors

Low-power dual unbuffered inverter

20. Contents

1	General description
2	Features and benefits
3	Ordering information 1
4	Marking 2
5	Functional diagram 2
6	Pinning information
6.1	Pinning
6.2	Pin description
7	Functional description 3
8	Limiting values 3
9	Recommended operating conditions 4
10	Static characteristics 4
11	Dynamic characteristics 6
12	Waveforms
13	Additional characteristics 9
14	Application information 10
15	Package outline
16	Abbreviations
17	Revision history 16
18	Legal information
18.1	Data sheet status
18.2	Definitions
18.3	Disclaimers
18.4	Trademarks
19	Contact information 18
20	Contents

Please be aware that important notices concerning this document and the product(s) described herein, have been included in section 'Legal information'.