# AN7007S, AN7007S(U)

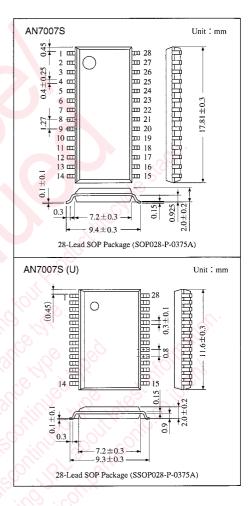
## Adjustment-free FM/AM Tuner ICs for Headphone Stereo with Radio

#### Overview

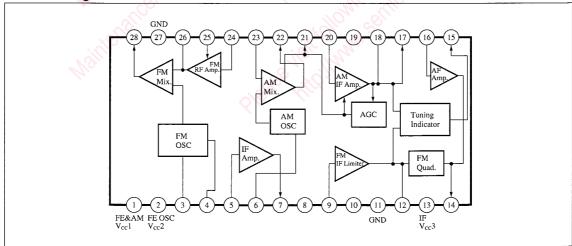
The AN7007S and the AN7007S(U) are the single chip ICs integrating tuner block of FM/AM radio, so far constituted by two ICs. And these ICs allow the reduction of external adjusting coils in FM detection, AM-IFT block and adjustment-free, thereby realizing downsizing and process simplification of a radio set.

#### Features

- Incorporating FM/AM tuner on a single chip (VHF TV operation)
- Adjustment-free FM/AM IF
- Low power consumption: 2mA at AM, 5.8mA at FM
- Fewer external parts
- Built-in FM/AM indicator



#### Block Diagram



## ■ Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Supply Voltage	V <sub>cc</sub>	4	V
Supply Current	$I_{CC}$	14	mA
Power Dissipation (Ta=75℃)	P <sub>D</sub>	100	mW
Operating Ambient Temperature	Topr	-20 ~ +75	ొ
Storage Temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	$-55 \sim +125$	C

### **Recommended Operating Range** ( $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$ )

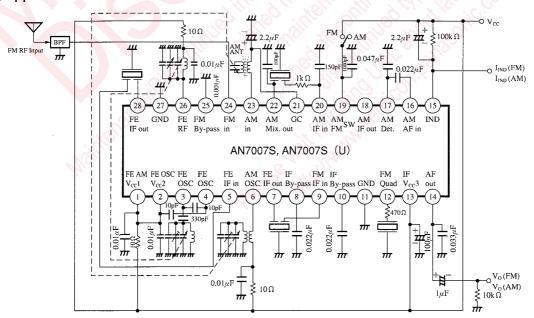
Parameter	Symbol	Range
Operating Supply Voltage Range	$V_{cc}$	1.8V ~ 4V

### ■ Electrical Characteristics ( $V_{CC}=3V$ , Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	
FM Section (f=98MHz, $f_M$ =1kHz, $f_{dev}$ = $\pm$ 22.5kHz, $V_{in}$ =60dB $\mu$ )							
Detection Output Voltage	V <sub>O</sub> (FM)		35	6	80	mVrms	
Limiting Sensitivity	V <sub>i</sub> (lim)	$V_O(FM) = 0 dB$ , Input level when $V_O(FM)$ becomes $-3 dB$	Nich.	7	13	dΒμ	
Signal to Noise Radio	S/N (FM)		9—	60		dB	
Output Signal Distortion	THD (FM)		l —	0.2		%	
AM Section (f=1MHz, f <sub>M</sub> =400Hz, Mod.=30%, V <sub>in</sub> =60dBμ)							
Detection Output Voltage	V <sub>O</sub> (AM)	100	30	45	65	mVrms	
Maximun Sensitivity	S <sub>max</sub> .	Input level at V <sub>0</sub> =10mVrms	5	10	16	$dB\mu$	
Signal to Noise Radio	S/N (AM)		<del>-0</del> 0	44	-	dB	
Output Signal Distortion	THD (AM)	S STO WAY	12	1.3	¥0.	%	



## Application Circuit



## ■ Pin Descriptions

Pin No.	Pin Name	Typ. Waveform (at $V_{CC} = \pm 3V$ )	Description	Equivalent Circuit
1		Determine with ripple filter resistance (external) and I <sub>tot</sub> (IC).	FM-F · E/AM-RF power supply	
2	Supply Voltage	(Reference is +3V)	FM-LOSC power supply	
13		DC+3V	FM/AM-IF power supply	
3	- FM Local Oscillation	FM oscillation signal wave superimposes on DC+3V.	Local oscillation pin Resonance circuit is connected.	To Mix.
4		FM oscillation signal wave superimposes on DC+2.3V.	Feedback pin Feedback capacitance is connected between Pin(3) and Pin(4)	4
5	Within FM-F · E Intermediate	FM intermediate frequency signal superimposes on DC +0.7V.	Intermediate frequency amplifier input Signal input through 1st CF (10.7MHz) from Mixer output.	3 4.7kΩ ##
7	Frequency Amplifier	FM intermediate frequency signal superimposes on DC +2.1V.	Intermediate frequency amplifier output Connect 2nd CF (10.7MHz).	Ψ 100Ω 100Ω 111
6	AM Local Oscillation	AM local oscillation signal superimposes on DC+3V.	Local oscillation pin Resonance circuit is connected.	To Mix.
8 10	FM Intermediate Frequency Amplifier	DC+2.8V.	Negative feedback pin of FM/AM intermediate frequency amplifier. By-pass capacitor is connected.	8 10 470Ω ≥ 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
9		FM intermediate frequency signal superimposes on DC +2.8V.	FM intermediate frequency amplifier input. 2nd CF is connected.	9 To AM IF
11	- GND	06	ForAM-RF/MIX and FM/AM-IF/DET	
27		X `	For FM-F · E/IF amplifier and AM-OSC	<del></del>
12	FM Detection	FM intermediate frequency signal superimposes on DC +2.1V.	Quad detection pin Discriminator is connected.	12 1kΩ 10pF

## ■ Pin Descriptions (Cont.)

Pin No.	Pin Name	Typ. Waveform (at $V_{CC} = \pm 3V$ )	Description	Equivalent Circuit
. 14	FM/AM AF Output	Audio output (FM/AM) superimposes on DC +0.7V.	Audio amplifier is built-in. FM/AM both sound signal is output.	2.7kΩ 
15	Tuning Indicator		Drive LED driver transistor (external) in proportion to FM/AM both selective characteristics.	
16	AM Sound Input	AM sound signal superimposes on DC +2.8V.	Sound signal (AM) is input through filter from AM detector.	16 +
17	AM Detection Output	AM sound signal superimposes on DC +2V.	AM sound signal is output and CR filter is connected.	
18	AM IF Output	AM IF signal superimposes on DC +2.7V.	IF signal is output from AM IF amp. last stage.	100kΩ \$6.8kΩ To NF
19	FM/AM Switching	Potential difference with V <sub>CC</sub> is FM within 0.3V and AM at open.	FM/AM mode switching logic pin.	470Ω E To FM Ref. Circuit
20	AM IF Input	AM intermediate frequency signal superimposes on DC +2.7V.	AM intermediate frequency signal is input through CF (AM) from Mixer output.	20 £2.7kΩ
21	AM AGC	DC+0.8V is generated at AGC OFF.	Low pass filter pin for AGC signal Rectifying capacitor is connected.	To RF To 1F



# ■ Pin Descriptions (Cont.)

Pin No.	Pin Name	Typ. Waveform (at $V_{CC} = \pm 3V$ )	Description	Equivalent Circuit
22	AM Mixer Output	AM intermediate frequency signal superimposes on DC +0.2V.	Load is built-in resistance $(4.7k\Omega)$ due to IFT-less. Built-in buffer amp. after that.	3.3kΩ (22)
23	AM Mixer Input	DC bias is applied through ANT secondary coil from V <sub>AGC</sub> (Pin②).	AM high frequency signal is input from ANT secondary side.	23
24		FM-RF signal superimposes on DC +0.4V.	FM-RF amp. input	26 H-
25	FM RF Amp.	DC+1.1V	RF amp. by-pass	25 7
26	<b>N</b>	RF signal superimposes on Va.	RF amp. output	\$500Ω 1117 1117
28	FM FE-IF	FM IF signal superimposes on DC +2.1V.	FM IF amp. output. 1st CF is connected.	- 100Ω - 28 - 777

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