

# LQ150X1DW11 TFT LCD Module

(Model No.: LQ150X1DW11)

Spec. Issue Date: September 4, 2001

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TFT LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY GROUP

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#### 1. Application

This specification applies to the color 15.0 XGA TFT-LCD module LQ150X1DW11.

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#### 2. Overview

This module is a color active matrix LCD module incorporating amorphous silicon TFT (Thin Film Transistor). It is composed of a color TFT-LCD panel, driver ICs, control circuit, power supply circuit and a back light unit. Graphics and texts can be displayed on a  $1024 \times 3 \times 768$  dots panel with about 16 million colors by supplying 48 bit data signals(8bit  $\times$  2pixel  $\times$  RGB), two display enable signals, two dot clock signals, +5V DC supply voltages for TFT-LCD panel driving and supply voltage for back light.

It is a wide viewing-angle-module (Vertical viewing angle:  $170^{\circ}$  Horizontal viewing angle:  $170^{\circ}$  ,  $CR \ge 10$ ).

3. Mechanical Specifications

Parameter	Specifications	Unit
Display size	38.0 (Diagonal)	cm
	15.0 (Diagonal)	Inch
Active area	304.1 (H)×228.1 (V)	mm
Pixel format	1024 (H) × 768 (V)	Pixel
	(1 pixel=R+G+B dots)	
Pixel pitch	0.297 (H) × 0.297 (V)	mm
Pixel configuration	R,G,B vertical stripe	
Display mode	Normally black	
Unit outline dimensions [Note1]	340 (W) $\times$ 264 (H) $\times$ 21.1 (D)	mm
Mass	$1850 \pm 50$	g
Surface treatment	Anti-glare	
	(Haze value = 23)	

[Note1] excluding back light cables.

The thickness of module (D) doesn't contain the projection.

Outline dimensions are shown in Fig.1.



#### 4. Input Terminals

4-1. TFT-LCD panel driving

CN1 (Interface signals and +5VDC power supply)

Using connectors : FX10B-100P/10-SV (Hirose Electric Co., Ltd.)
Corresponding connectors : FX10A(B)-100S/10-SV (Hirose Electric Co., Ltd.)

D: NI	0 1 1	F4i	Din No	Function	Function
Pin No.	Symbol	Function + 5 V power supply	Pin No.	V C C	+5 V power supply
1	VCC	+5 V power supply	4	VCC	+5 V power supply
<u>3</u>	V C C	+5 V power supply	6	VCC	+5 V power supply
3 7	GND	Fixed GND	8	GND	GND
		R E S E R V E	10	- GND	RESERVE
9	G N D	G N D	- 10	GND	Fixed GND
<u>-</u> 11	GND	G N D	12	GND	GND
13	RB7	Bport red data (MSB)	14	RA7	Aport red data (MSB)
15	RB6	B port red data	16	RA6	Aport red data
17	GND	G N D	18	GND	GND
19	RB5	B port red data	20	RA5	port red data
21	RB4	B port red data	22	RA4	Aport red data
23	GND	GND	24	GND	GND
25	RB3	B port red data	26	RA3	Aport red data
27	RB2	Boort red data	28	RA2	Aport red data
29	GND	GND	30	GND	GND
-	GND	Fixed GND	_	GND	Fixed GND
31	GND	GND	32	GND	GND
33	RB1	Bport red data	34	RA1	Aport red data
35	R B O	Bport red data (LSB)	36	R A O	Aport red data (LSB)
37	GND	GND	38	GND	GND
39	G B 7	Boort green data (MSB)	40	GA7	Aport green data (MSB)
41	GB6	Bport green data	42	GA6	Aport green data
43	GND	GND	44	GND	GND
45	GB5	Bport green data	46	GA5	Aport green data
47	G B 4	Bport green data	48	GA4	Aport green data
49	GND	GND	50	GND	GND
_	GND	Fixed GND		GND	Fixed GND
51	GND	GND	52	GND	GND
53	GB3	Bport green data	54	GA3	Aport green data
55	GB2	B port green data	56	GA2	Aport green data
57	GND	GND	58	GND	GND
59	GB1	B port green data	60	GA1	Aport green data
61	GBO	B port green data (L S B)	62	GAO	Aport green data (L S B)
63	GND	GND	64	G N D C L K	G N D Aport_clock
65	CLKB	Bport clock	68	GND	G N D
67	GND	GND Bport data enable	70	DEA	Aport data enable
69	DEB	Fixed G N D	-	GND	Fixed GND
- 71	G N D G N D	G N D	72	GND	G N D
	BB7	Bport blue data (MSB)	74	BA7	Aport blue data (M S B)
73 75	BB6	Boort blue data (M3B)	76	BA6	Aport blue data (M 3 B)
77	GND	G N D	78	GND	G N D
79	BB5	Bport blue data	80	BA5	Aport blue data
81	BB4	Bport blue data	82	BA4	Aport blue data
83	GND	G N D	84	GND	GND
85	BB3	Boort blue data	86	BA3	Aport blue data
87	B B 2	Bport blue data	88	BA2	Aport blue data
89	GND	G N D	90	GND	GND
-	GND	Fixed GND	-	GND	Fixed GND
91	BB1	Boort blue data	92	BA1	Aport blue data
93	BBO	Bport blue data (LSB)	94	ВАО	Aport blue data (LSB)
95	GND	GND	96	GND	GND
	GND	GND	98	GND	GND
97	ONDI				



#### 4-2. Back light driving

#### CN 2, 4 (High voltage side)

The module-side connector

: BHR-03(6.0)VS-1

(JST)

The user-side connector

: SM03(6.0)B-BHS-1

(JST)

			<u> </u>							
Pin no.	symbol	I/O	Function							
1	V <sub>HIGH</sub>	I	Power supply for lamp 1 (High voltage side	ie)						
2	V <sub>HIGH</sub>	I	Power supply for lamp 2 (High voltage signal	de)						
3	V <sub>HIGH</sub>	I	Power supply for lamp 3 (High voltage signal	de)						

#### CN 3,5(Low voltage side)

The module-side connector

: BHR-03VS-1

(JST)

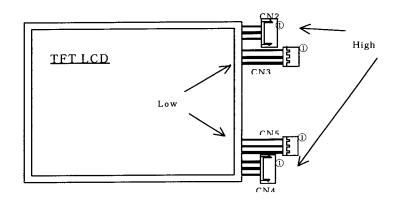
The user-side connector

: SM03(4.0)B-BHS-1

(JST)

Pin no.	symbol	I/O	Function
1	V <sub>LOW</sub>	I	Power supply for lamp 1 (Low voltage side)
2	V <sub>LOW</sub>	I	Power supply for lamp 2 (Low voltage side)
3	V <sub>LOW</sub>	I	Power supply for lamp 3 (Low voltage side)

The pair of CN2 and CN3 is for the same CCFT lamps. The pair of CN4 and CN5 is in the same way.



5. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Ratings	Unit	Remark
Storage temperature	Tstg		$-25 \sim +60$	℃	[Note1]
Operating temperature (Ambient)	Topa		$0 \sim +50$	$^{\circ}$	
Input voltage	V <sub>I</sub>	Ta=25℃	$-0.3 \sim +3.6$	V	[Note2]
supply voltage	Vcc	Ta=25℃	0 ~ + 6	V	

[Note1] Humidity: 95%RH Max. (Ta≤40°C)

Maximum wet-bulb temperature at  $39^{\circ}\text{C}$  or less. ( Ta> $40^{\circ}\text{C}$  )

No condensation.

[Note2] CLKA, CLKB, RAO~RA7, GAO~GA7, BAO~BA7, RBO~RB7, GBO~GB7, BBO~BB7, DEA, DEB



#### 6. Electrical Characteristics

#### 6-1. TFT-LCD panel driving

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Supply voltage	Vdd	4.5	5.0	5.5	V	[Note1]
Current dissipation	Idd	_	400	650	mA	[Note2]
Permissive input ripple voltage	V <sub>RF</sub>		_	100	mVp-p	
Input voltage (Low)	$v_{IL}$	GND		0.6	V	[Note3]
Input voltage (High)	V <sub>IH</sub>	2.6	3.3	3.5	V	[Note3]
Input current (Low)	IIL	_	_	10	μΑ	V <sub>I</sub> =GND【Note3】
Input current (High)	I <sub>IH</sub>	_		10	μΑ	V <sub>I</sub> =Vcc [Note3]

#### [Note1]

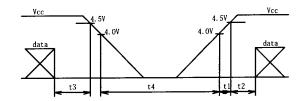
On-off sequences of Input voltage

 $0 \le t1 \le 100 \text{ms}$ 

 $0 < t2 \le 100 \text{ms}$ 

0≦t3≦1s

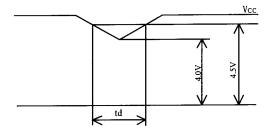
t4≧1s



Dip conditions for supply voltage

- 1) 4.0V≦Vcc<4.5V td≦10ms
- 2) Vcc < 4.0V

The LCD module shuts down.

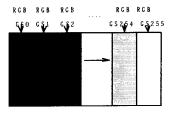


[Note2] Typical current situation : 256-bar pattern

Vcc=+5.0V, fck=32.5MHz, 25°C

The explanation of each RGB scale is described below section 8.

[Note3] CLKA, CLKB, RA0~RA7, GA0~GA7, BA0~BA7, RB0~RB7, GB0~GB7, BB0~BB7,DEA, DEB





#### 6-2. Back light driving

The back light system is an edge-lighting type with six CCFTs (Cold Cathode Fluorescent Tube).

The characteristics of the lamp are shown in the following table.

The value mentioned below is at the case of one CCFT.

CCFT Model Name: KTBE264MSTF-314KB176-Z (Stanley Electric Co.,Ltd)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Lamp current range	IL	4.0	6.0	7.0	mArms	[Note1]
Lamp voltage	$V_{L}$	_	680	_	Vrms	Ta=25℃
Lamp power consumption	PL		4.08	_	W	[Note2]
Lamp frequency	Fı	35	60	70	KHz	[Note3]
Kick-off voltage	Vs		_	1250	Vrms	Ta=25°C [Note4]
		_	_	1600	Vrms	Ta=0°C【Note4】
Lamp life time	TL	50,000		_	hour	[Note5]

[Note1] A lamp can be light in the range of lamp current shown above.

Maximum rating for current is measured by high frequency current measurement equipment connected to  $V_{LOW}$  at circuit showed below.

(Note: To keep enough kick-off voltage and necessary steady voltage for CCFT.)

Lamp frequency : 35  $\sim$  70 kHz

Ambient temperature :  $0 \sim 50 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$ Module

\*CN3, 5 VLOW

\*CN3, 5 VLOW

[Note2] Referential data per one CCFT by calculation (  $IL \times VL$  ) .

The data doesn't include loss at inverter.

- [Note3] Lamp frequency of inverter may produce interference with horizontal synchronous frequency, and this may cause horizontal beat on the display. Therefore, adjust lamp frequency, and keep inverter as far as from module or use electronic shielding between inverter and module to avoid interference.
- [Note4] Kick-off voltage value is described as the index in the state of lamp only.

The kick-off voltage is estimated to be risen up as approx. +200V in the state of module only, and the further rise up can be seen according to the assembling status of user cabinet. Please set the kick-off voltage of inverter to avoid the lighting failures in the state of operation. Please design the inverter so that its open output voltage can be connected for more than 1 second to startup. Otherwise, the lamp may not be turned on. But, please set as 100ms when the ambient luminance around the lamp is more than 1 lux.

- [Note5] Lamp life time is defined as the time when either ① or ② occurs in the continuous operation under the condition of Ta=25°C and  $IL=6.0\pm0.5$ mArms.
  - ① Brightness becomes 50% of the original value under standard condition.
  - ② Kick-off voltage at Ta=0°C exceeds maximum value, 1600Vrms.

[Note6] Synchronize frequency and phase of two CCFT in the same connector.

Otherwise it may exceed rated voltage of connector.



《Note》

The performance of the back light, for example life time or brightness, is much influenced by the characteristics of the DC-AC inverter for the lamp . When you design or order the inverter, please make sure that a poor lighting caused by the mismatch of the back light and the inverter (miss-lighting, flicker, etc.) never occurs. When you confirm it, the module should be operated in the same condition as it is installed in your instrument.

Use the lamp inverter power source incorporating such safeguard as overvoltage / overcurrent protective circuit or lamp voltage waveform detection circuit, which should have individual control of each lamp.

In case one circuit without such individual control is connected to more than two lamps, excessive current may flow into one lamp when the other one is not in operation.

#### 7. Timing characteristics of input signals

#### 7-1-1. Timing characteristics

	Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Clock	Frequency	1/Tc	25	32.5	40	MHz	[Note1]
	High period	Tch	9			ns	
	Low period	Tcl	9	_		ns	
	Skew	Tesq	-4	0	4	ns	
Data	Setup period	Tds	5	_	_	ns	
	Hold period	Tdh	5	_	_	ns	
	Setup period	Tes	5		Tc-10	ns	
	Hold period	Teh	5			ns	
	Horizontal period	TH	528	672	860	clock	
Data enable			16.6	20.7	1	μs	
signal	Horizontal period (High)	THd	512	512	512	clock	
	Vertical period	TV	773	806	990	line	[Note2]
	Vertical period (High)	TVd	768	768	768	line	

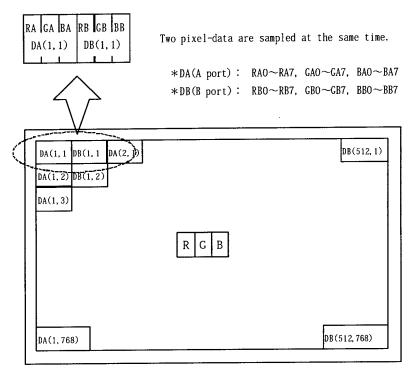
[Note1] Two pixel-data are sampled at the same time.

[Note2] In case of using the long vertical period, the deterioration of display quality, flicker etc. may occur.



7-2 Input Data Signals and Display Position on the screen

Graphics and texts can be displayed on a 1024  $\times$  3 $\times$  768 dots panel with 16M colors by supplying 48 bit data signal (8bit/color [256 gray scales]  $\times$  3  $\times$  2 pixels).



Display position of input data (H,V)

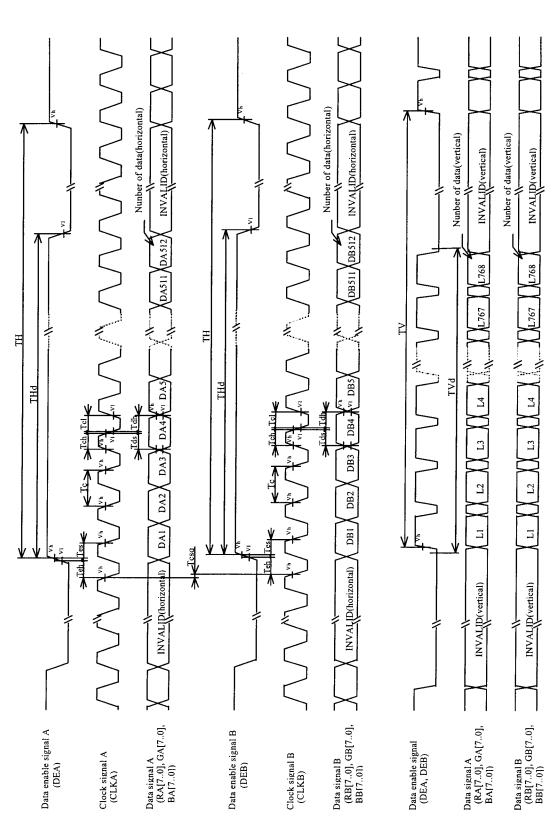


Fig. 2 Input Signal Waveforms



8. Input Signals, Basic Display Colors and Gray Scale of Each Color

	nput Sigi				<u>r</u> j					,	Cale			a sign												
	Colors &	Gray	RA	RA	RA	RA	RA	RA	RA	RA	GA	GA	GA	GA	GA	GA	GA	GA	ВА	BA						
	Gray	Scale		RB1							GB0	GB1	GB2	GB3	GB4	GB5	GB6	GB7	BB0	BB1	BB2	BB3	BB4	BB5	BB6	BB7
	Black	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Green		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Cyan		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
: Color	Red	_	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
or	Magenta	_	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	_	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	_	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	ì	1	1	ı	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Û	GS1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	Darker	GS2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
/ Sca	Û	4	ψ								↓								↓							
Gray Scale of Red	Û	4	$\downarrow$												V				₩							
Rec	Brighter	GS253	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Û	GS254	0	1	1	1	1	ı	l	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	GS255	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	C80	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6	Û	GS1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray Scale of Green	Darker	GS2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Scal	Û	<b>\</b>					ı								V							,	ı			
e of	Û	<b>+</b>				,	V			:				,	L							`	L			
Gree	Brighter	GS253	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	ı	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
n	Û	GS254	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	GS255	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Û	GS1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
згау	Darker	GS2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Scal	Û	<b>4</b>	<b>V</b>												ı							`	ı			
Gray Scale of Blue	û	Ψ	<b>V</b>							<b>V</b>						↓										
Blue	Brighter	GS253	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	ì
	Û	GS254	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	ı	1	1	1	1
	Blue	GS255	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

0: Low level voltage,

1: High level voltage.

Each basic color can be displayed in 256 gray scales from 8 bit data signals. According to the combination of total 48 bit data signals, the 16-million-color display can be achieved on the screen.



#### 9. Optical Characteristics

Ta= $25^{\circ}$ C, Vcc =+5V

								14 25 5, 100 151
Parameter		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Viewing	Vertical	θ11	CR≧10	70	85		Deg.	
angle		θ 12		70	85	_	Deg.	
range	Horizontal	$\theta$ 21, $\theta$ 22		70	85	_	Deg.	
Contrast ratio		C R	$\theta = 0^{\circ}$		350			[Note2,4]
Response	Rise	τr		_	5	25	m s	[Note3,4]
Time	Decay	τd		_	20	50	m s	
Chromaticity of		Wx		0.283	0.313	0.343		[Note4]
White		Wy		0.299	0.329	0.359		
Chromaticity of		Rx		0.607	0.637	0.667		
Red		Ry		0.309	0.339	0.369		
Chromaticity of		Gx		0.245	0.275	0.305	-	
Green		Gy		0.575	0.605	0.635	_	
Chromaticity of		Bx		0.115	0.145	0.175		
Blue		Ву		0.057	0.087	0.117	_	
Luminance of white		YL		240	300	_	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	IL=6.0mA rms
								FL=60kHz
								[Note4]
White Uniformity		δw			—	1.25		[Note5]

<sup>\*</sup>The measurement shall be executed 30 minutes after lighting at rating.

The optical characteristics shall be measured in a dark room or equivalent state with the method shown in Fig.3 below.

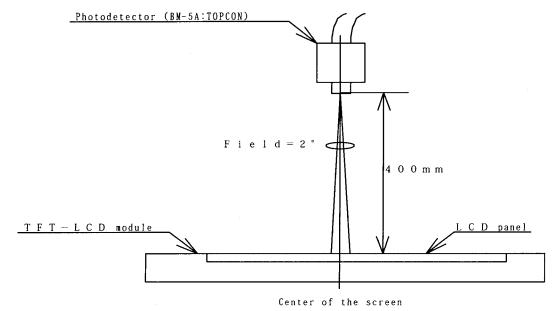
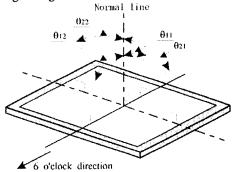


Fig. 3 Optical characteristics measurement method



[Note1] Definitions of viewing angle range:



#### [Note2] Definition of contrast ratio:

The contrast ratio is defined as the following.

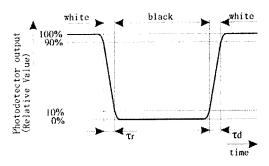
Contrast Ratio (CR) =

Luminance (brightness) with all pixels white

Luminance (brightness) with all pixels black

#### [Note3] Definition of response time:

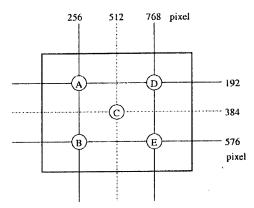
The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white".



[Note4] This shall be measured at center of the screen.

#### [Note5] Definition of white uniformity:

White uniformity is defined as the following with five measurements  $(A \sim E)$ .



 $\delta w = \frac{\text{Maximum Luminance of five points (brightness)}}{\text{Minimum Luminance of five points (brightness)}}$ 



#### 10. Handling Precautions

- a) Be sure to turn off the power supply when inserting or disconnecting the cable.
- b) Be sure to design the cabinet so that the module can be installed without any extra stress such as warp or twist.
- c) Since the front polarize is easily damaged, pay attention not to scratch it.
- d) Since long contact with water may cause discoloration or spots, wipe off water drop immediately.
- e) When the panel surface is soiled, wipe it with absorbent cotton or other soft cloth.
- f) Since the panel is made of glass, it may break or crack if dropped or bumped on hard surface. Handle with care.
- g) Since CMOS LSI is used in this module, take care of static electricity and take the human earth into consideration when handling.
- h) Make sure the four mounting holes of the module are grounded sufficiently. Take electro-magnetic interference (EMI) into consideration.
- i) The module has some printed circuit boards (PCBs) on the back side. Take care to keep them form any stress or pressure when handling or installing the module; otherwise some of electronic parts on the PCBs may be damaged.
- j) Observe all other precautionary requirements in handling components.
- k) When some pressure is added onto the module from rear side constantly, it causes display non-uniformity issue, functional defect, etc. So, please avoid such design.
- l) When some pressure is added onto the module from rear side constantly, it causes display non-uniformity issue, functional defect, etc. So, please avoid such design.
- m) When handling LCD modules and assembling them into cabinets, please be noted that long-term storage in the environment of oxidization or deoxidization gas and the use of such materials as reagent, solvent, adhesive, resin, etc. which generate these gasses, may cause corrosion and discoloration of the LCD modules.

#### 11. Packing form

- a) Piling number of cartons: maximum 6 cartons
- b) Packing quantity in one carton: 5 module
- c) Carton size: 473mm(W)  $\times 443$ mm(D)  $\times 258$ (H)
- d) Total mass of one carton filled with full modules: Max.11300g
- e) Packing form: Packing form is shown in Fig.4



12. Reliability test items

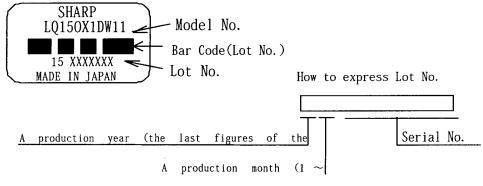
No.	Test item	Conditions				
1	High temperature storage test	$Ta = 60^{\circ}C$ 240h				
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta = -25°C 240h				
3	High temperature	$Ta = 40^{\circ}C$ ; 95%RH 240h				
	& high humidity operation test	(No condensation)				
4	High temperature operation test	$Ta = 50^{\circ}C$ 240h				
		(The panel temp. must be less than 60°C)				
5	Low temperature operation test	$Ta = 0^{\circ}C \qquad 240H$				
6	Vibration test	Frequency: 10~57Hz/Vibration width (one side): 0.075mm				
	(non- operating)	: $58\sim500$ Hz/Gravity : $9.8$ m/s $^2$				
		Sweep time: 11 minutes				
		Test period: 3 hours				
		(1 hour for each direction of X,Y,Z)				
7	Shock test	Max. gravity : 490m/s <sup>2</sup>				
	(non- operating)	Pulse width: 11ms, sine wave				
		Direction: $\pm X$ , $\pm Y$ , $\pm Z$ ,				
		once for each direction.				

#### [Result Evaluation Criteria]

Under the display quality test conditions with normal operation state, these shall be no change which may affect practical display function.

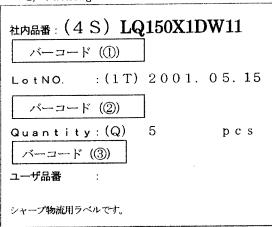
#### 13. Others

1) Lot No. and indication Bar Code Label:





2) Packing Label



- (I) Model No. (LQ150X1DW11)
- 2 Lot No. (Date)
- ③ Quantity

- 3) Adjusting volume have been set optimally before shipment, so do not change any adjusted value. If adjusted value is changed, the specification may not be satisfied.
- 4) Disassembling the module can cause permanent damage and should be strictly avoided.
- 5) Please be careful since image retention may occur when a fixed pattern is displayed for a long time.
- 6) The chemical compound which causes the destruction of ozone layer is not being used.
- 7) Warning of mercury and material information of LPG(Light Pipe Guide) are labeled on the back of the module.

## MATERIAL INFORMATION >PLASTIC LIGHT GUIDE:PMMA<

8)Cold cathode fluorescent lamp in LCD PANEL contains a small amount of mercury, Please follow local ordinances or regulations for disposal. (put on the back of the module. Size: 63×25.5mm)



- 9) When any question or issue occurs, it shall be solved by mutual discussion.
- © Carton storage condition

Temperature

0°C to 40°C

Humidity

95%RH or less

Reference condition:

20°C to 35°C, 85%RH or less (summer)

: 5°C to 15°C, 85%RH or less (winter)

• the total storage time (40°C,95%RH): 240H or less

Sunlight

Be sure to shelter a product from the direct sunlight.

Atmosphere

Harmful gas, such as acid and alkali which bites electronic components and/or

wires, must not be detected.

Notes

Be sure to put cartons on palette or base, don't put it on floor, and store them with

removing from wall

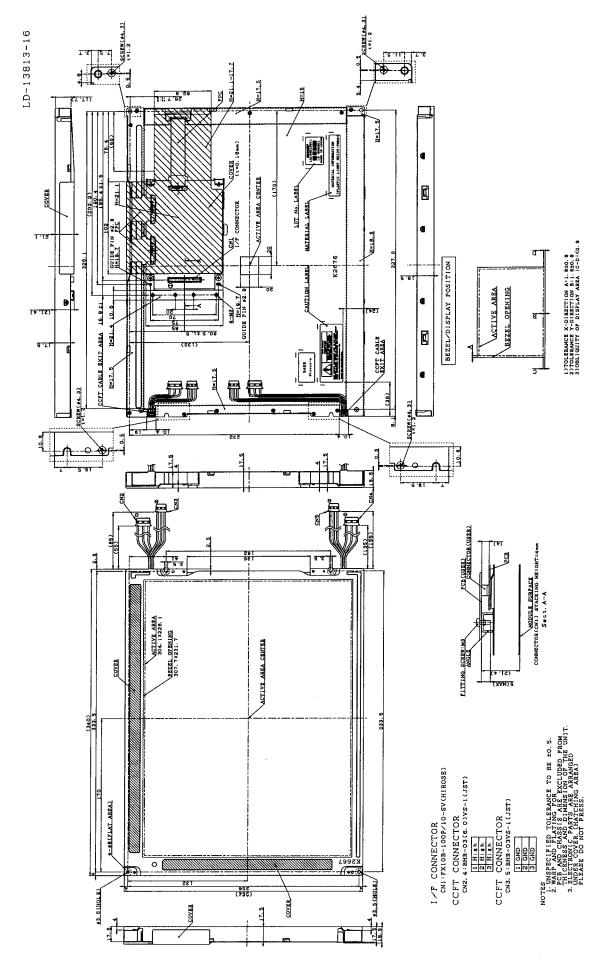
Please take care of ventilation in storehouse and around cartons, and control

changing temperature is within limits of natural environment

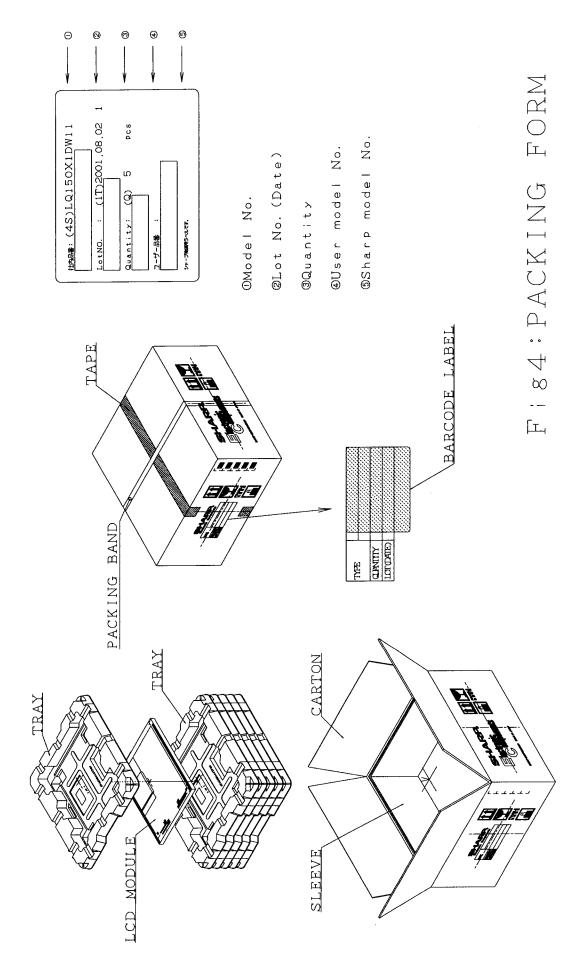
Storage period

1 year

#### **SHARP**



F:81:15"XGA OUTLINE DIMENSIONS(LQ150X1DW11)



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