IXYS

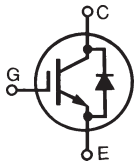
Advance Technical Data

HiPerFAST™ IGBT with Diode

C2-Class High Speed IGBTs

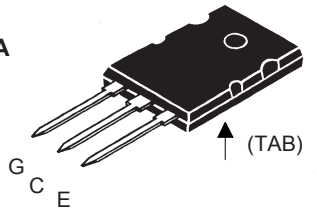
IXGK 60N60C2D1
IXGX 60N60C2D1

V_{CES} = 600 V
I_{C25} = 75 A
$V_{CE(sat)}$ = 2.5 V
$t_{fi(typ)}$ = 35 ns

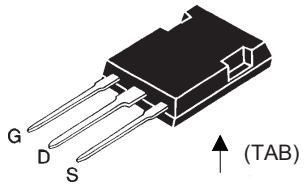


Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings	
V_{CES}	T_J = 25°C to 150°C	600	V
V_{CGR}	T_J = 25°C to 150°C; R_{GE} = 1 MΩ	600	V
V_{GES}	Continuous	±20	V
V_{GEM}	Transient	±30	V
I_{C25}	T_C = 25°C (limited by leads)	75	A
I_{C110}	T_C = 110°C	60	A
I_{CM}	T_C = 25°C, 1 ms	300	A
SSOA (RBSOA)	V_{GE} = 15 V, T_{VJ} = 125°C, R_G = 10 Ω Clamped inductive load @ $V_{CE} \le 600$ V	I_{CM} = 100	A
P_C	T_C = 25°C	480	W
T_J		-55 ... +150	°C
T_{JM}		150	°C
T_{stg}		-55 ... +150	°C
M_d	Mounting torque, TO-264	1.13/10	Nm/lb.in.
Weight	TO-264	10	g
	PLUS247	6	g
Maximum lead temperature for soldering 1.6 mm (0.062 in.) from case for 10 s		300	°C

TO-264 AA (IXGK)



PLUS247 (IXGX)



G = Gate C = Collector
E = Emitter Tab = Collector

Symbol	Test Conditions		Characteristic Values (T_J = 25°C, unless otherwise specified) Min.	Typ.	Max.	
$V_{GE(th)}$	I_C = 250 μA, $V_{CE} = V_{GE}$		3.0		5.0	V
I_{CES}	$V_{CE} = V_{CES}$	T_J = 25°C			650	μA
	V_{GE} = 0 V	T_J = 125°C			5	mA
I_{GES}	V_{CE} = 0 V, V_{GE} = ±20 V				±100	nA
$V_{CE(sat)}$	I_C = 50 A, V_{GE} = 15 V	T_J = 25°C		2.1	2.5	V
	Note 1	T_J = 125°C		1.8		V

Features

- Very high frequency IGBT and anti-parallel FRED in one package
- Square RBSOA
- High current handling capability
- MOS Gate turn-on for drive simplicity
- Fast Recovery Epitaxial Diode (FRED) with soft recovery and low I_{RM}

Applications

- Switch-mode and resonant-mode power supplies
- Uninterruptible power supplies (UPS)
- DC choppers
- AC motor speed control
- DC servo and robot drives

Advantages

- Space savings (two devices in one package)
- Easy to mount with 1 screw

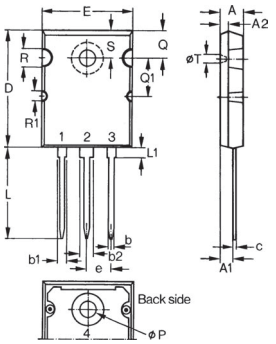
Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values (T_J = 25°C, unless otherwise specified) Min.	Typ.	Max.	
g_{fs}	I_C = 50 A; V_{CE} = 10 V, Note 1	40	58		S
C_{ies}			3900		pF
C_{oes}	V_{CE} = 25 V, V_{GE} = 0 V, f = 1 MHz		280		pF
C_{res}			97		pF
Q_g			146		nC
Q_{ge}	I_C = 50 A, V_{GE} = 15 V, V_{CE} = 0.5 V_{CES}		28		nC
Q_{gc}			50		nC
$t_{d(on)}$			18		ns
t_{ri}	**Inductive load, T_J = 25°C**		25		ns
$t_{d(off)}$	I_C = 50 A, V_{GE} = 15 V		95	150	ns
t_{fi}	V_{CE} = 400 V, R_G = R_{off} = 2.0 Ω		35		ns
E_{off}			0.48	0.8	mJ
$t_{d(on)}$			18		ns
t_{ri}	**Inductive load, T_J = 125°C**		25		ns
E_{on}	I_C = 50 A, V_{GE} = 15 V		0.9		mJ
$t_{d(off)}$	V_{CE} = 400 V, R_G = R_{off} = 2.0 Ω		130		ns
t_{fi}			80		ns
E_{off}			1.2		mJ
R_{thJC}				0.26	K/W
R_{thCK}			0.15		K/W

Reverse Diode (FRED)

Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values (T_J = 25°C, unless otherwise specified) min.	typ.	max.	
V_F	I_F = 60 A, V_{GE} = 0 V, Note 1 T_J = 150°C			2.1 1.4	V
I_{RM}	I_F = 60 A, V_{GE} = 0 V, -di$_F$/dt = 100 A/µ T_J = 100°C V_R = 100 V			8.3	A
t_{rr}	I_F = 1 A; -di/dt = 200 A/ms; V_R = 30 V		35		ns
R_{thJC}				0.85	K/W

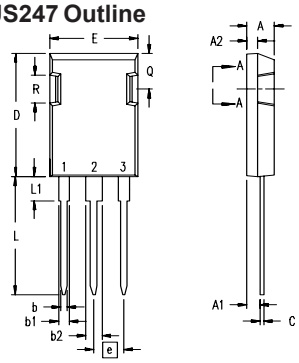
Note 1: Pulse test, t ≤ 300 µs, duty cycle ≤ 2 %

TO-264 AA Outline



Dim.	Millimeter Min.	Max.	Inches Min.	Max.
A	4.82	5.13	.190	.202
A1	2.54	2.89	.100	.114
A2	2.00	2.10	.079	.083
b	1.12	1.42	.044	.056
b1	2.39	2.69	.094	.106
b2	2.90	3.09	.114	.122
c	0.53	0.83	.021	.033
D	25.91	26.16	1.020	1.030
E	19.81	19.96	.780	.786
e	5.46 BSC		.215 BSC	
J	0.00	0.25	.000	.010
K	0.00	0.25	.000	.010
L	20.32	20.83	.800	.820
L1	2.29	2.59	.090	.102
P	3.17	3.66	.125	.144
Q	6.07	6.27	.239	.247
Q1	8.38	8.69	.330	.342
R	3.81	4.32	.150	.170
R1	1.78	2.29	.070	.090
S	6.04	6.30	.238	.248
T	1.57	1.83	.062	.072

PLUS247 Outline



Terminals: 1 - Gate
2 - Drain (Collector)
3 - Source (Emitter)
4 - Drain (Collector)

Dim.	Millimeter Min.	Max.	Inches Min.	Max.
A	4.83	5.21	.190	.205
A_1	2.29	2.54	.090	.100
A_2	1.91	2.16	.075	.085
b	1.14	1.40	.045	.055
b_1	1.91	2.13	.075	.084
b_2	2.92	3.12	.115	.123
C	0.61	0.80	.024	.031
D	20.80	21.34	.819	.840
E	15.75	16.13	.620	.635
e	5.45 BSC		.215 BSC	
L	19.81	20.32	.780	.800
L1	3.81	4.32	.150	.170
Q	5.59	6.20	.220	0.244
R	4.32	4.83	.170	.190

Fig. 1. Output Characteristics @ 25 Deg. C

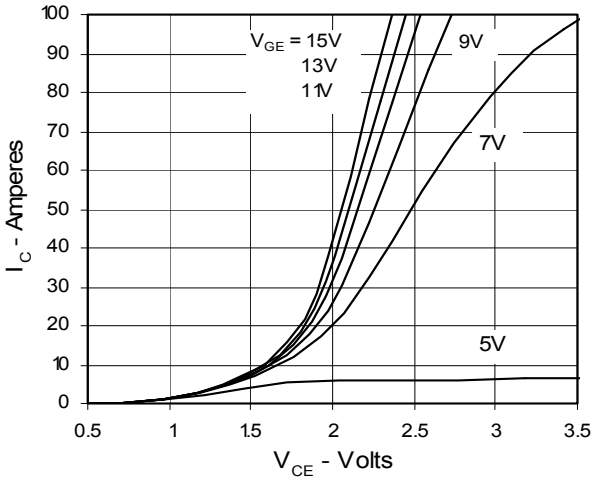


Fig. 2. Extended Output Characteristics @ 25 deg. C

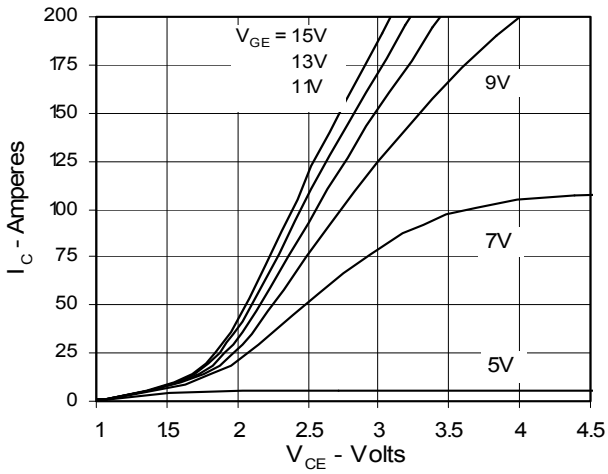


Fig. 3. Output Characteristics @ 125 Deg. C

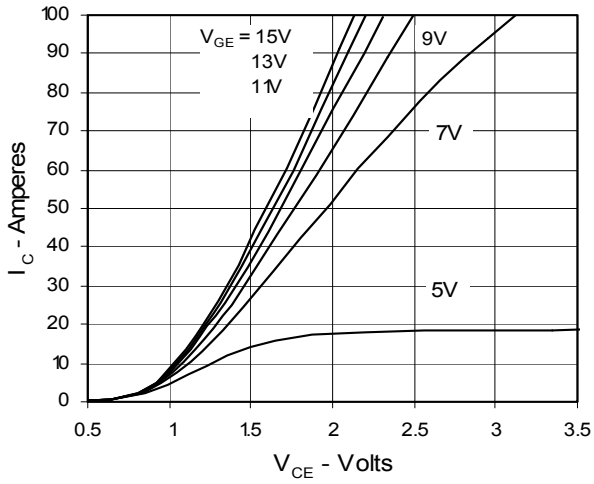


Fig. 4. Temperature Dependence of $V_{CE(sat)}$

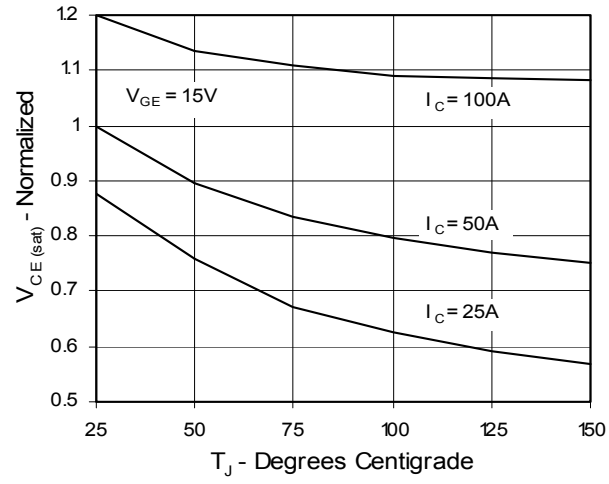


Fig. 5. Collector-to-Emitter Voltage vs. Gate-to-Emitter voltage

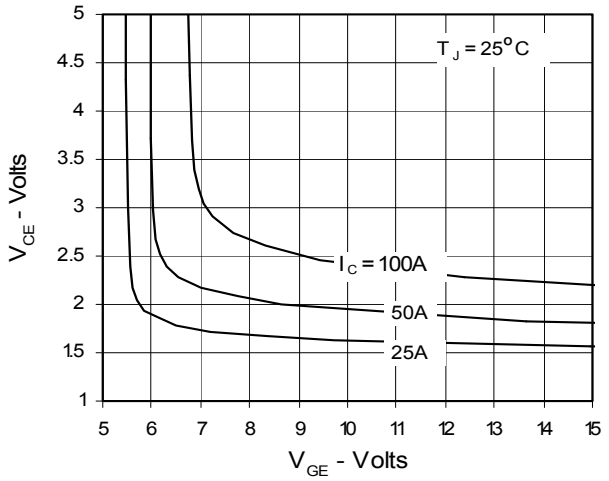


Fig. 6. Input Admittance

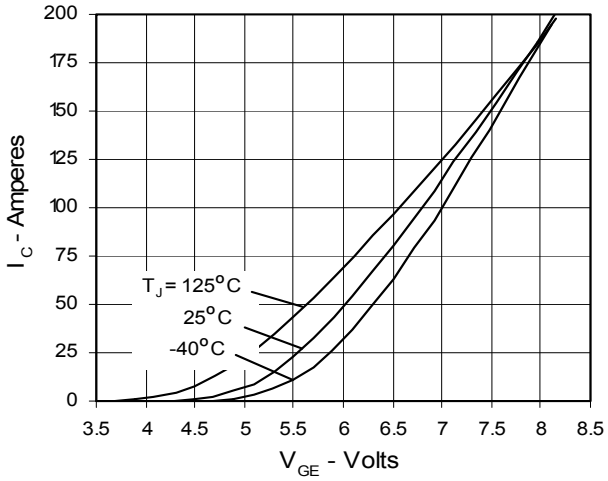


Fig. 7. Transconductance

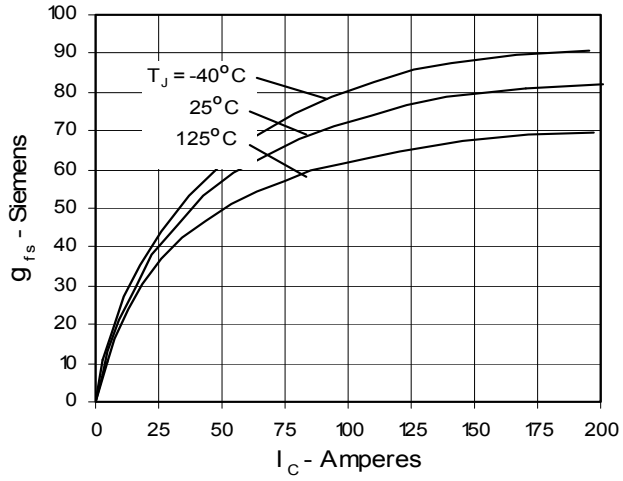


Fig. 8. Dependence of E_{off} on R_G

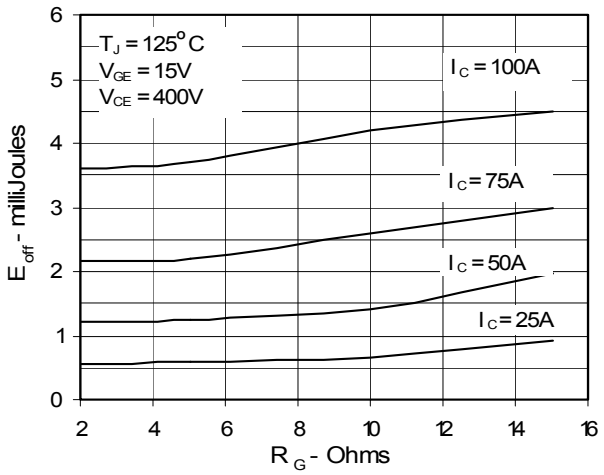


Fig. 9. Dependence of E_{off} on I_C

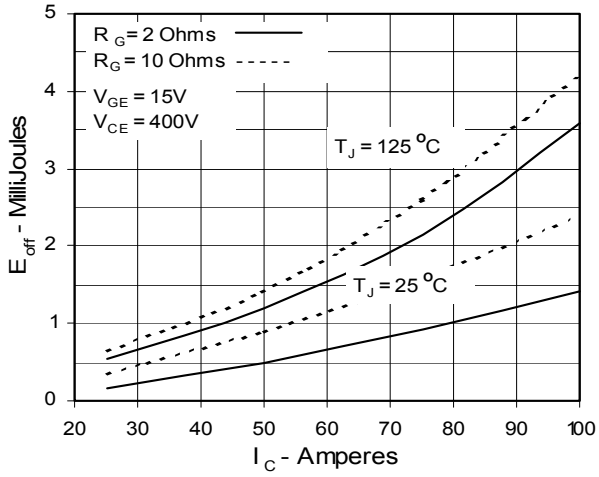


Fig. 10. Dependence of E_{off} on Temperature

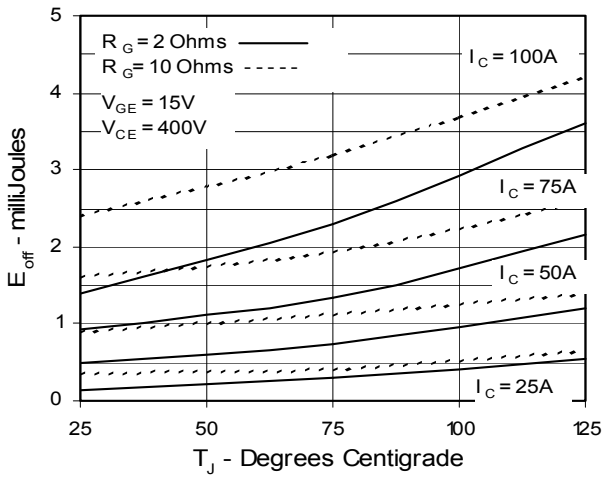


Fig. 11. Gate Charge

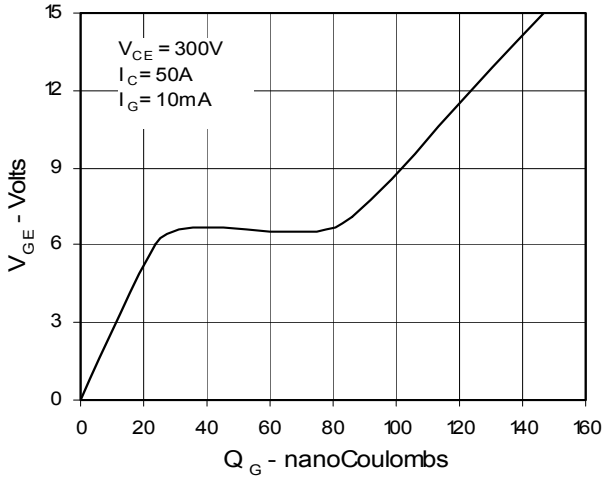
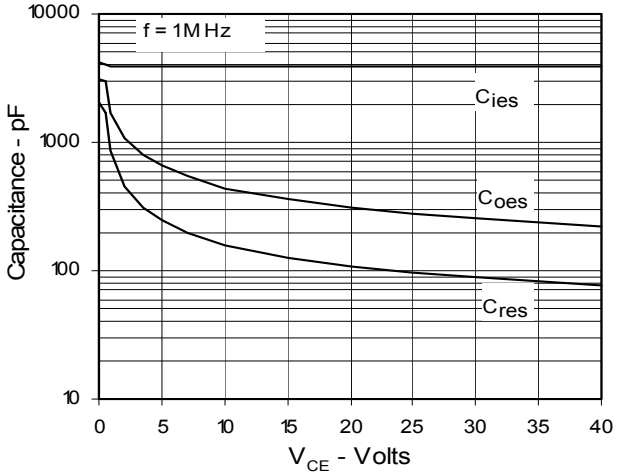


Fig. 12. Capacitance



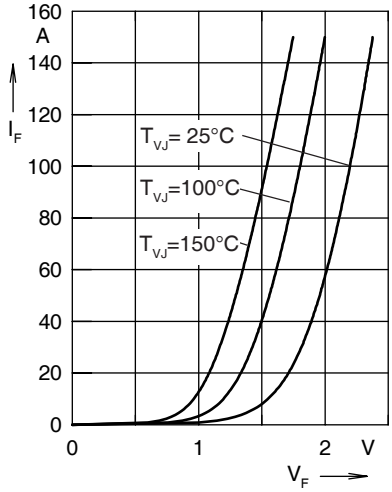


Fig. 12 Forward current I_F versus V_F

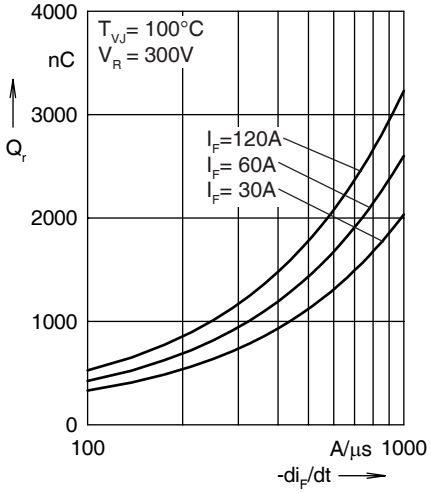


Fig. 13 Reverse recovery charge Q_r versus $-di_F/dt$

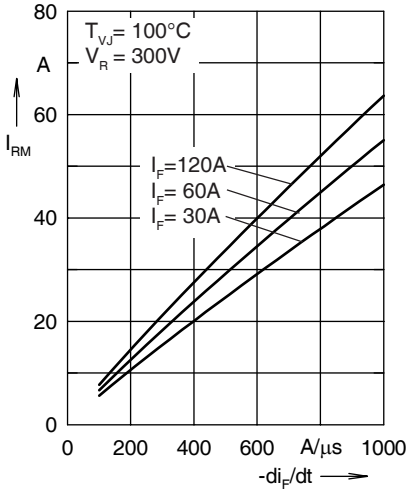


Fig. 14 Peak reverse current I_{RM} versus $-di_F/dt$

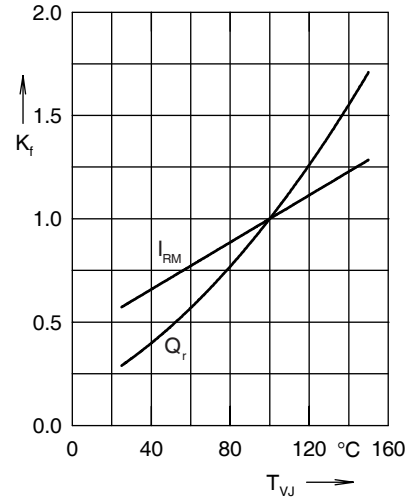


Fig. 15 Dynamic parameters Q_r, I_{RM} versus T_{VJ}

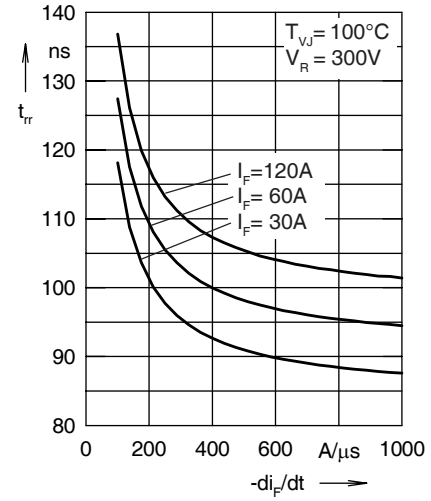


Fig. 16 Recovery time t_{rr} versus $-di_F/dt$

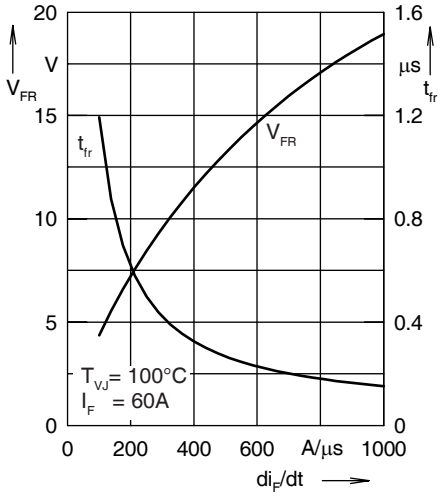


Fig. 17 Peak forward voltage V_{FR} and t_{fr} versus di_F/dt

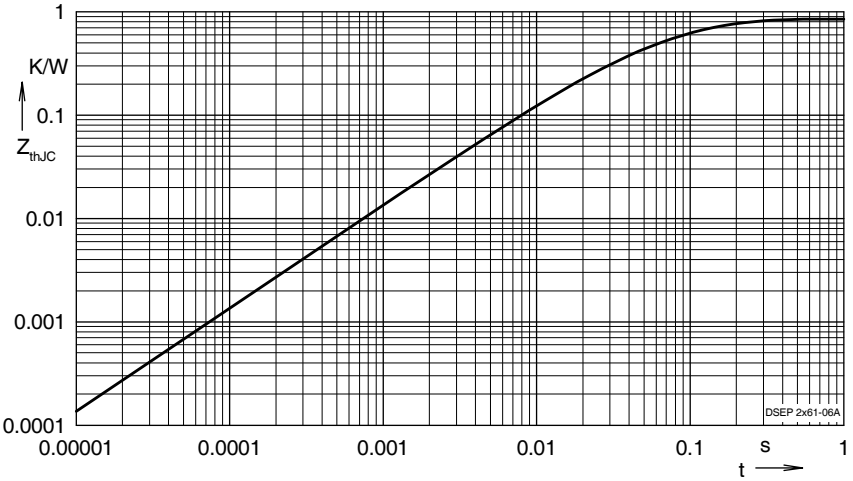


Fig. 18 Transient thermal resistance junction to case

Constants for Z_{thJC} calculation:

i	R_{thi} (K/W)	t_i (s)
1	0.3073	0.0055
2	0.3533	0.0092
3	0.0887	0.0007
4	0.1008	0.0399