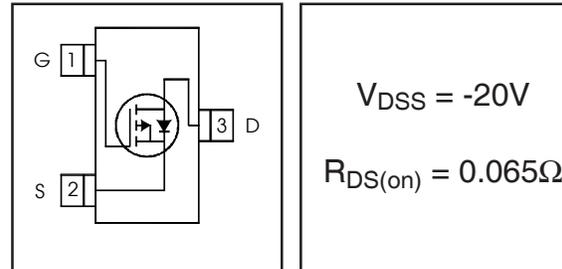


# IRLML6402PbF

HEXFET® Power MOSFET

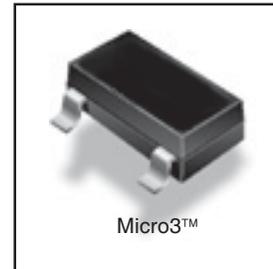
- Ultra Low On-Resistance
- P-Channel MOSFET
- SOT-23 Footprint
- Low Profile (<1.1mm)
- Available in Tape and Reel
- Fast Switching
- Lead-Free
- Halogen-Free



## Description

These P-Channel MOSFETs from International Rectifier utilize advanced processing techniques to achieve extremely low on-resistance per silicon area. This benefit, combined with the fast switching speed and ruggedized device design that HEXFET® power MOSFETs are well known for, provides the designer with an extremely efficient and reliable device for use in battery and load management.

A thermally enhanced large pad leadframe has been incorporated into the standard SOT-23 package to produce a HEXFET Power MOSFET with the industry's smallest footprint. This package, dubbed the Micro3™, is ideal for applications where printed circuit board space is at a premium. The low profile (<1.1mm) of the Micro3 allows it to fit easily into extremely thin application environments such as portable electronics and PCMCIA cards. The thermal resistance and power dissipation are the best available.



## Absolute Maximum Ratings

	Parameter	Max.	Units
$V_{DS}$	Drain- Source Voltage	-20	V
$I_D @ T_A = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ -4.5V$	-3.7	A
$I_D @ T_A = 70^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ -4.5V$	-2.2	
$I_{DM}$	Pulsed Drain Current ①	-22	
$P_D @ T_A = 25^\circ C$	Power Dissipation	1.3	W
$P_D @ T_A = 70^\circ C$	Power Dissipation	0.8	
	Linear Derating Factor	0.01	W/°C
$E_{AS}$	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy④	11	mJ
$V_{GS}$	Gate-to-Source Voltage	$\pm 12$	V
$T_J, T_{STG}$	Junction and Storage Temperature Range	-55 to + 150	°C

## Thermal Resistance

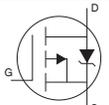
	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JA}$	Maximum Junction-to-Ambient③	75	100	°C/W

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## Electrical Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$V_{(BR)DSS}$	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	-20	—	—	V	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = -250\mu A$
$\Delta V_{(BR)DSS}/\Delta T_J$	Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient	—	-0.009	—	V/°C	Reference to $25^\circ\text{C}, I_D = -1\text{mA}$ ②
$R_{DS(on)}$	Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance	—	0.050	0.065	$\Omega$	$V_{GS} = -4.5V, I_D = -3.7A$ ②
		—	0.080	0.135		$V_{GS} = -2.5V, I_D = -3.1A$ ②
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	-0.40	-0.55	-1.2	V	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = -250\mu A$
$g_{fs}$	Forward Transconductance	6.0	—	—	S	$V_{DS} = -10V, I_D = -3.7A$ ②
$I_{DSS}$	Drain-to-Source Leakage Current	—	—	-1.0	$\mu A$	$V_{DS} = -20V, V_{GS} = 0V$
		—	—	-25		$V_{DS} = -20V, V_{GS} = 0V, T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$
$I_{GSS}$	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage	—	—	-100	nA	$V_{GS} = -12V$
	Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage	—	—	100		$V_{GS} = 12V$
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge	—	8.0	12	nC	$I_D = -3.7A$
$Q_{gs}$	Gate-to-Source Charge	—	1.2	1.8		$V_{DS} = -10V$
$Q_{gd}$	Gate-to-Drain ("Miller") Charge	—	2.8	4.2		$V_{GS} = -5.0V$ ②
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	350	—	ns	$V_{DD} = -10V$
$t_r$	Rise Time	—	48	—		$I_D = -3.7A$
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	588	—		$R_G = 89\Omega$
$t_f$	Fall Time	—	381	—		$R_D = 2.7\Omega$
$C_{iss}$	Input Capacitance	—	633	—	pF	$V_{GS} = 0V$
$C_{oss}$	Output Capacitance	—	145	—		$V_{DS} = -10V$
$C_{rss}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	110	—		$f = 1.0\text{MHz}$

## Source-Drain Ratings and Characteristics

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$I_S$	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	—	—	-1.3	A	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction diode. 
$I_{SM}$	Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) ①	—	—	-22		
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage	—	—	-1.2	V	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_S = -1.0A, V_{GS} = 0V$ ②
$t_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Time	—	29	43	ns	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_F = -1.0A$
$Q_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Charge	—	11	17	nC	$di/dt = -100A/\mu s$ ②

### Notes:

- ① Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. junction temperature.
- ② Pulse width  $\leq 400\mu s$ ; duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$ .
- ③ Surface mounted on 1" square single layer 1oz. copper FR4 board, steady state.
- ④ Starting  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, L = 1.65\text{mH}$   
 $R_G = 25\Omega, I_{AS} = -3.7A$ .