

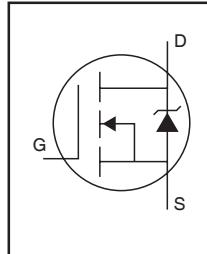


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AUIRFR2905Z

**Features**

- Advanced Process Technology
- Ultra Low On-Resistance
- 175°C Operating Temperature
- Fast Switching
- Repetitive Avalanche Allowed up to Tjmax
- Lead-Free, RoHS Compliant
- Automotive Qualified\*



$V_{(BR)DSS}$	<b>55V</b>
$R_{DS(on)}$	<b>typ. 11.1mΩ</b>
	<b>max. 14.5mΩ</b>
$I_D$ (Silicon Limited)	<b>59A ⑨</b>
$I_D$ (Package Limited)	<b>42A</b>

**Description**

Specifically designed for Automotive applications, this HEXFET® Power MOSFET utilizes the latest processing techniques to achieve extremely low on-resistance per silicon area. Additional features of this design are a 175°C junction operating temperature, fast switching speed and improved repetitive avalanche rating. These features combine to make this design an extremely efficient and reliable device for use in Automotive applications and a wide variety of other applications.



G	D	S
Gate	Drain	Source

**Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only; and functional operation of the device at these or any other condition beyond those indicated in the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. The thermal resistance and power dissipation ratings are measured under board mounted and still air conditions. Ambient temperature ( $T_A$ ) is 25°C, unless otherwise specified.

	Parameter	Max.	Units
$I_D$ @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10\text{V}$ (Silicon Limited)	59 ⑨	A
$I_D$ @ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10\text{V}$ (Silicon Limited)	42⑨	
$I_D$ @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10\text{V}$ (Package Limited)	42	
$I_{DM}$	Pulsed Drain Current ①	240	
$P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	Power Dissipation	110	W
	Linear Derating Factor	0.72	W/°C
$V_{GS}$	Gate-to-Source Voltage	± 20	V
$E_{AS}$	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy(Thermally limited) ②	55	mJ
$E_{AS}$ (Tested )	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy Tested Value ⑨	82	
$I_{AR}$	Avalanche Current ①	See Fig.12a, 12b, 15, 16	A
$E_{AR}$	Repetitive Avalanche Energy ⑨		mJ
$T_J$	Operating Junction and	-55 to + 175	°C
$T_{STG}$	Storage Temperature Range		
	Soldering Temperature, for 10 seconds		
	Mounting Torque, 6-32 or M3 screw	300 (1.6mm from case )	
		10 lbf•in (1.1N•m)	

**Thermal Resistance**

	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{QJC}$	Junction-to-Case ⑧	—	1.38	°C/W
$R_{QJA}$	Junction-to-Ambient (PCB mount) ⑦	—	50	
$R_{QA}$	Junction-to-Ambient	—	110	



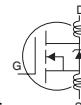
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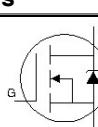
## Static Electrical Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$V_{(\text{BR})\text{DSS}}$	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	55	—	—	V	$V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$ , $I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$
$\Delta V_{(\text{BR})\text{DSS}/\Delta T_J}$	Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient	—	0.053	—	V/ $^\circ\text{C}$	Reference to $25^\circ\text{C}$ , $I_D = 1\text{mA}$
$R_{DS(\text{on})}$	Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance	—	11.1	14.5	$\text{m}\Omega$	$V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$ , $I_D = 36\text{A}$ ③
$V_{GS(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	2.0	—	4.0	V	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}$ , $I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$
$g_{fs}$	Forward Transconductance	20	—	—	S	$V_{DS} = 25\text{V}$ , $I_D = 36\text{A}$
$R_G$	Gate Input Resistance	—	1.3	—	$\Omega$	$f = 1\text{MHz}$ , open drain
$I_{DSS}$	Drain-to-Source Leakage Current	—	—	20	$\mu\text{A}$	$V_{DS} = 55\text{V}$ , $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$
		—	—	250		$V_{DS} = 55\text{V}$ , $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$ , $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
$I_{GSS}$	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage	—	—	200	$\text{nA}$	$V_{GS} = 20\text{V}$
	Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage	—	—	-200		$V_{GS} = -20\text{V}$

## Dynamic Electrical Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge	—	29	44	nC	$I_D = 36\text{A}$
$Q_{gs}$	Gate-to-Source Charge	—	7.7	—		$V_{DS} = 44\text{V}$
$Q_{gd}$	Gate-to-Drain ("Miller") Charge	—	12	—		$V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$ ③
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	14	—	ns	$V_{DD} = 28\text{V}$
$t_r$	Rise Time	—	66	—		$I_D = 36\text{A}$
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	31	—		$R_G = 15 \Omega$
$t_f$	Fall Time	—	35	—		$V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$ ③
$L_D$	Internal Drain Inductance	—	4.5	—	nH	Between lead, 6mm (0.25in.) from package and center of die contact
$L_s$	Internal Source Inductance	—	7.5	—		
$C_{iss}$	Input Capacitance	—	1380	—		$V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$
$C_{oss}$	Output Capacitance	—	240	—		$V_{DS} = 25\text{V}$
$C_{rss}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	120	—		$f = 1.0\text{MHz}$
$C_{oss}$	Output Capacitance	—	820	—	pF	$V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$ , $V_{DS} = 1.0\text{V}$ , $f = 1.0\text{MHz}$
$C_{oss}$	Output Capacitance	—	190	—		$V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$ , $V_{DS} = 44\text{V}$ , $f = 1.0\text{MHz}$
$C_{oss\ eff.}$	Effective Output Capacitance	—	300	—		$V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$ , $V_{DS} = 0\text{V}$ to $44\text{V}$ ④

## Diode Characteristics

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$I_S$	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	—	—	42③	A	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction diode.
$I_{SM}$	Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) ①	—	—	240		
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage	—	—	1.3	V	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , $I_S = 36\text{A}$ , $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$ ③
$t_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Time	—	23	35	ns	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , $I_F = 36\text{A}$ , $V_{DD} = 28\text{V}$
$Q_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Charge	—	16	24	nC	$dI/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ ③
$t_{on}$	Forward Turn-On Time	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible (turn-on is dominated by LS+LD)				



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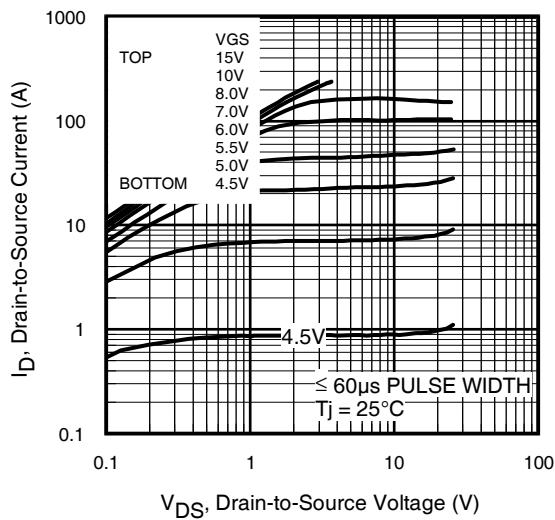
**Qualification Information<sup>†</sup>**

<b>Qualification Level</b>		Automotive (per AEC-Q101) <sup>††</sup>	
Comments: This part number(s) passed Automotive qualification. IR's Industrial and Consumer qualification level is granted by extension of the higher Automotive level.			
<b>Moisture Sensitivity Level</b>	D PAK	MSL1	
<b>ESD</b>	Machine Model	Class M3(400V) (per AEC-Q101-002)	
	Human Body Model	Class H1A(500V) (per AEC-Q101-001)	
	Charged Device Model	Class C5 (1125V) (per AEC-Q101-005)	
<b>RoHS Compliant</b>		Yes	

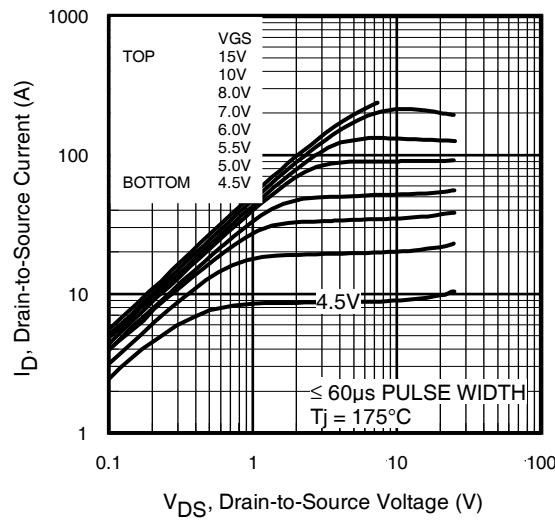


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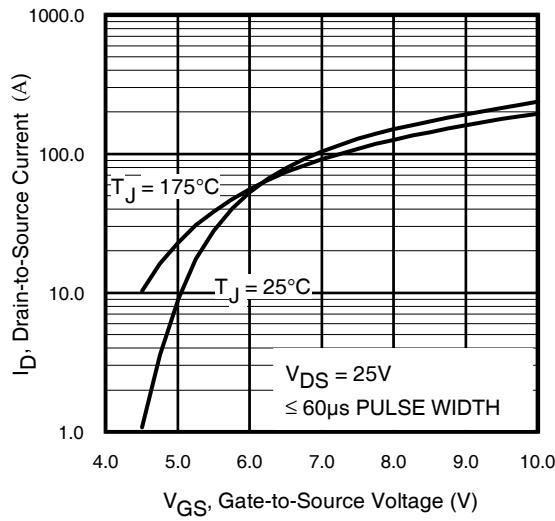
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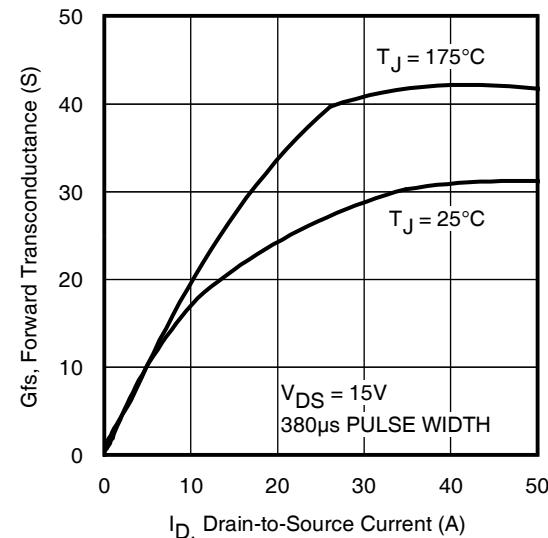
**Fig 1.** Typical Output Characteristics



**Fig 2.** Typical Output Characteristics



**Fig 3.** Typical Transfer Characteristics

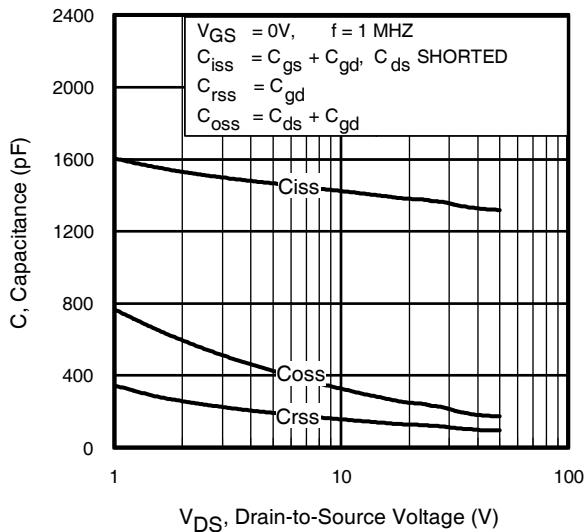


**Fig 4.** Typical Forward Transconductance Vs. Drain Current

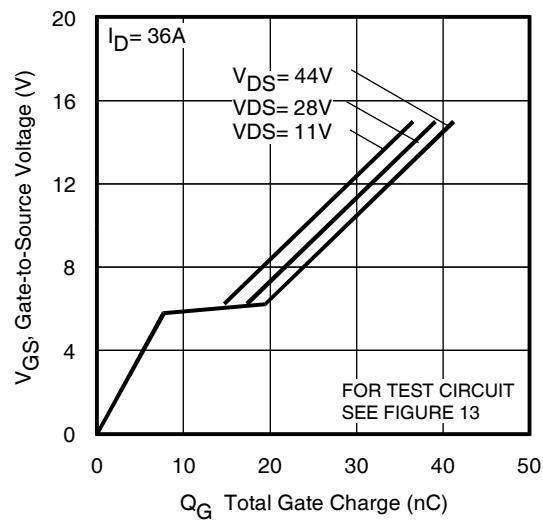


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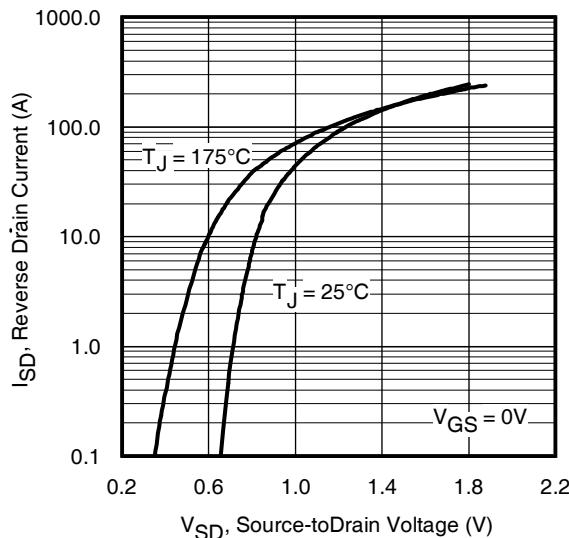
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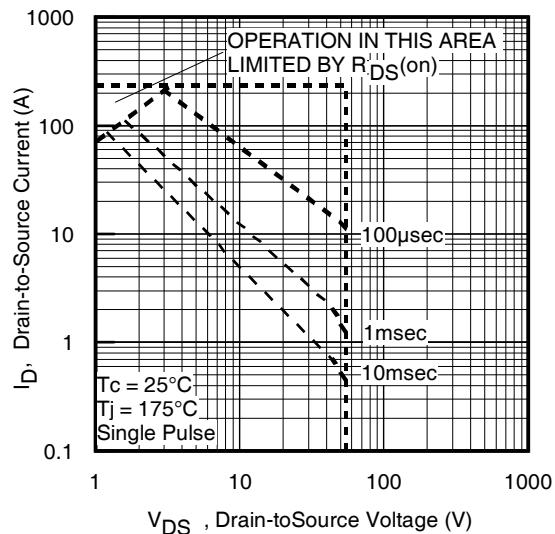
**Fig 5.** Typical Capacitance Vs.  
Drain-to-Source Voltage



**Fig 6.** Typical Gate Charge Vs.  
Gate-to-Source Voltage



**Fig 7.** Typical Source-Drain Diode  
Forward Voltage

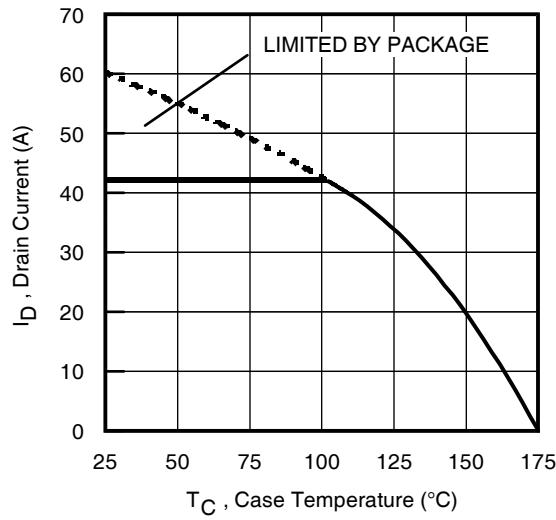


**Fig 8.** Maximum Safe Operating Area

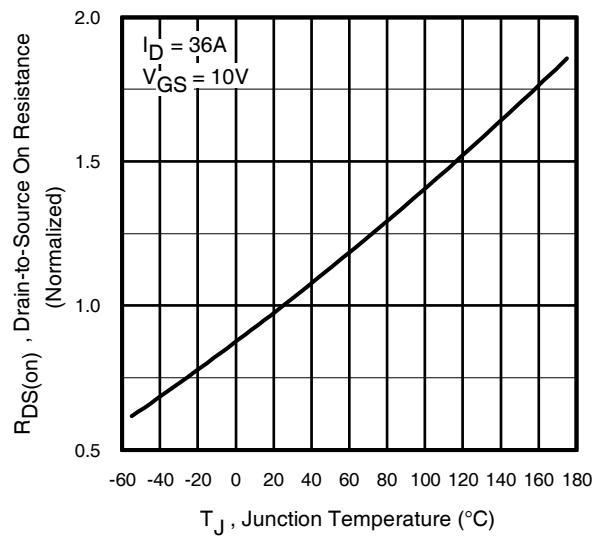


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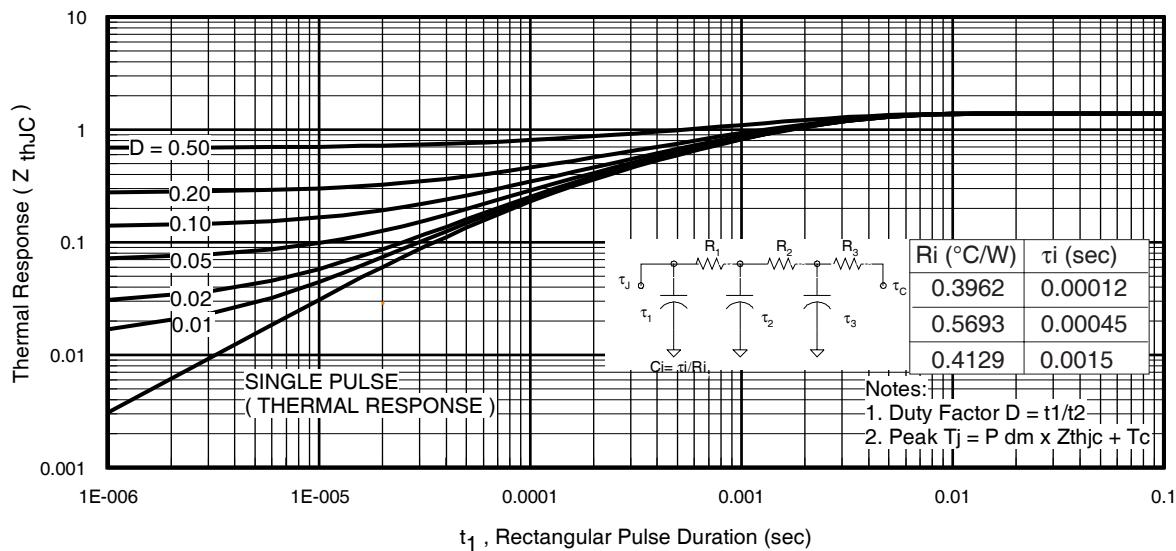
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**Fig 9.** Maximum Drain Current Vs.  
Case Temperature



**Fig 10.** Normalized On-Resistance  
Vs. Temperature

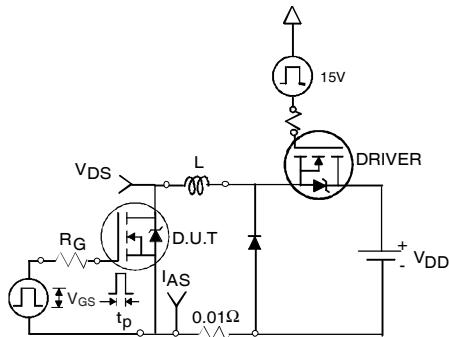


**Fig 11.** Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

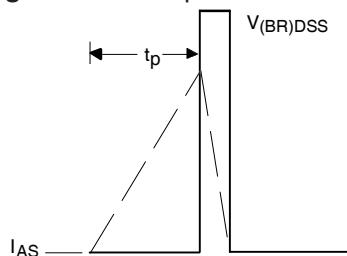


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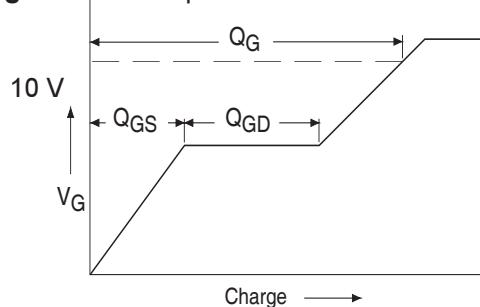
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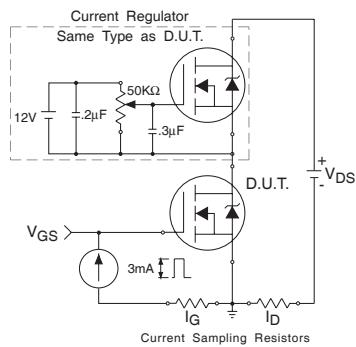
**Fig 12a.** Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit



**Fig 12b.** Unclamped Inductive Waveforms

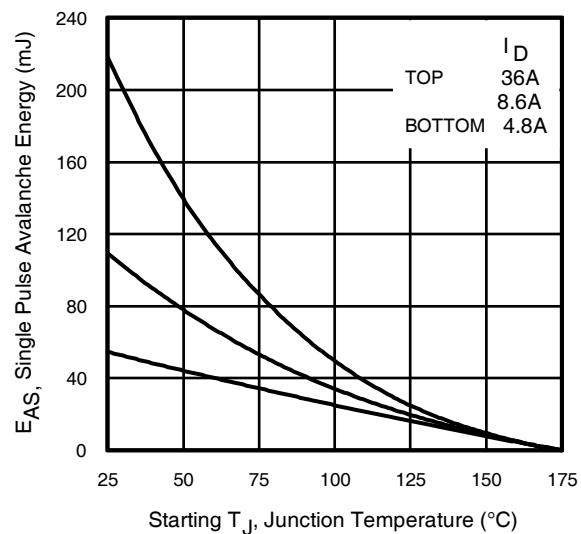


**Fig 13a.** Basic Gate Charge Waveform

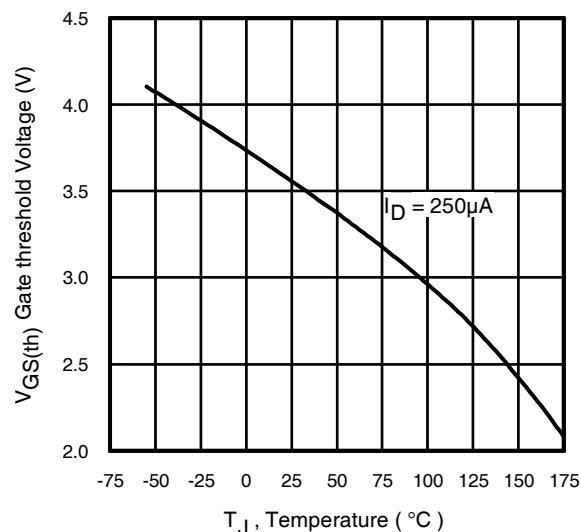


**Fig 13b.** Gate Charge Test Circuit

[www.kersemi.com](http://www.kersemi.com)



**Fig 12c.** Maximum Avalanche Energy Vs. Drain Current

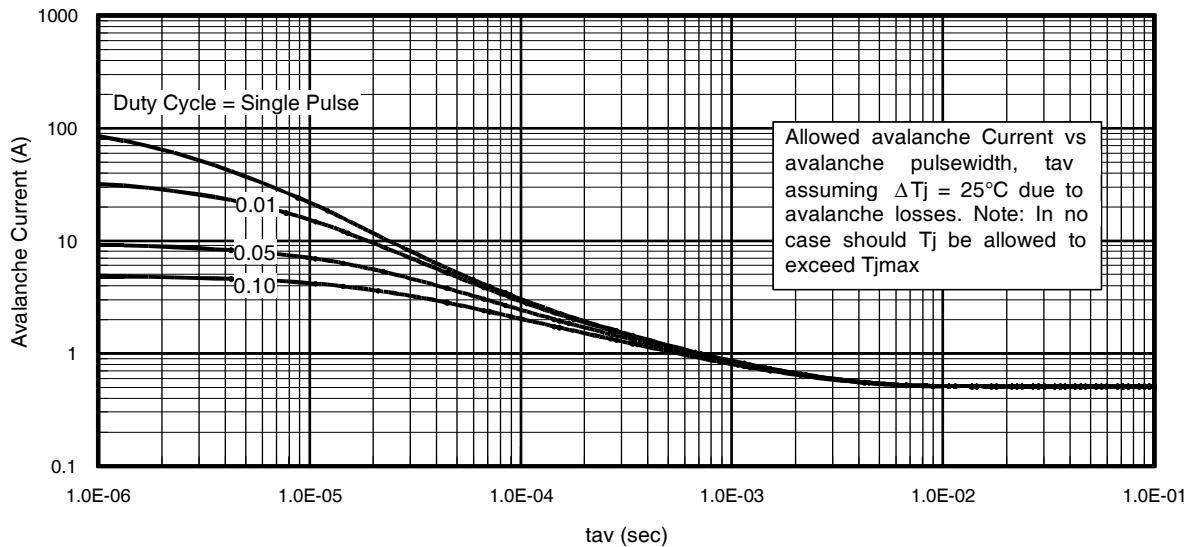


**Fig 14.** Threshold Voltage Vs. Temperature

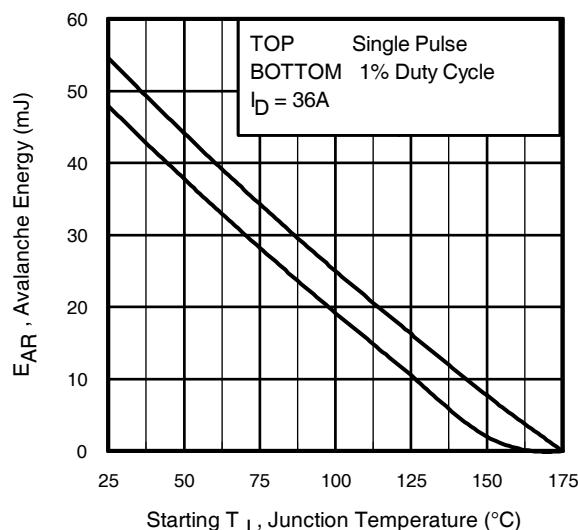


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**Fig 15.** Typical Avalanche Current Vs.Pulsewidth



**Fig 16.** Maximum Avalanche Energy Vs. Temperature

**Notes on Repetitive Avalanche Curves , Figures 15, 16:**  
(For further info, see AN-1005 at [www.irf.com](http://www.irf.com))

1. Avalanche failures assumption:  
Purely a thermal phenomenon and failure occurs at a temperature far in excess of  $T_{j\max}$ . This is validated for every part type.
2. Safe operation in Avalanche is allowed as long as  $T_{j\max}$  is not exceeded.
3. Equation below based on circuit and waveforms shown in Figures 12a, 12b.
4.  $P_{D(\text{ave})}$  = Average power dissipation per single avalanche pulse.
5. BV = Rated breakdown voltage (1.3 factor accounts for voltage increase during avalanche).
6.  $I_{av}$  = Allowable avalanche current.
7.  $\Delta T$  = Allowable rise in junction temperature, not to exceed  $T_{j\max}$  (assumed as 25°C in Figure 15, 16).  
 $t_{av}$  = Average time in avalanche.  
 $D$  = Duty cycle in avalanche =  $t_{av} \cdot f$   
 $Z_{thJC}(D, t_{av})$  = Transient thermal resistance, see figure 11)

$$P_{D(\text{ave})} = 1/2 (1.3 \cdot BV \cdot I_{av}) = \Delta T / Z_{thJC}$$

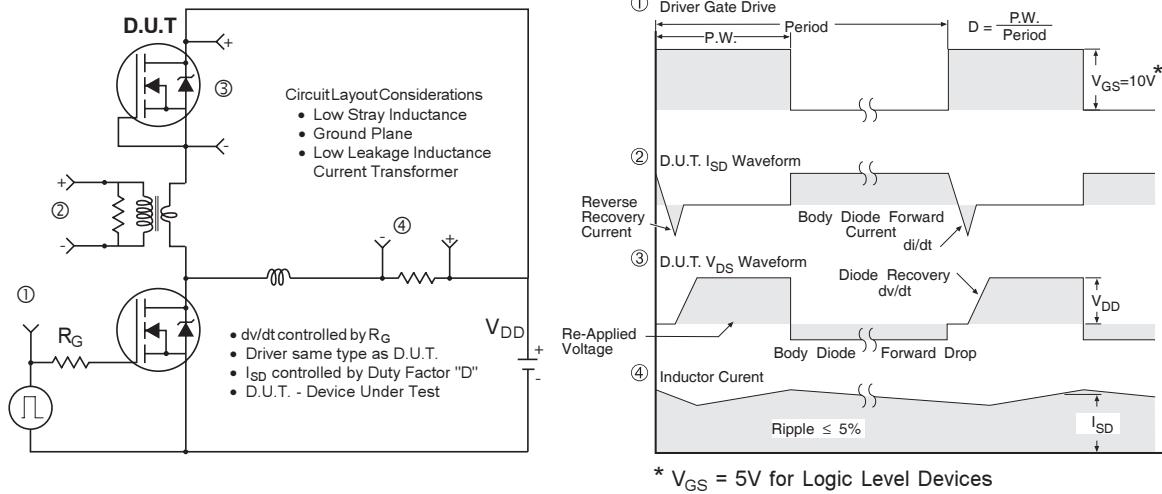
$$I_{av} = 2\Delta T / [1.3 \cdot BV \cdot Z_{th}]$$

$$E_{AS(AR)} = P_{D(\text{ave})} \cdot t_{av}$$

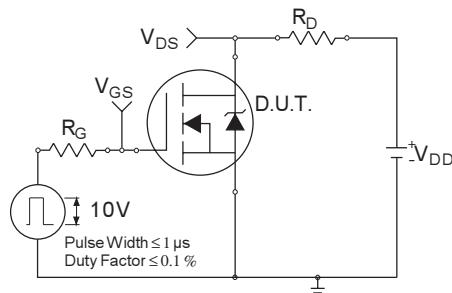


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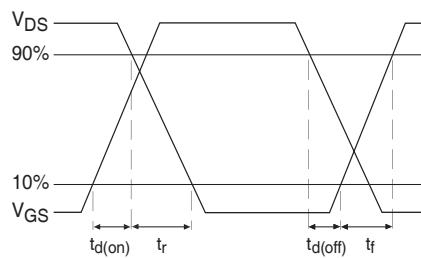
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**Fig 17.** Peak Diode Recovery  $dv/dt$  Test Circuit for N-Channel HEXFET® Power MOSFETs



**Fig 18a.** Switching Time Test Circuit



**Fig 18b.** Switching Time Waveforms

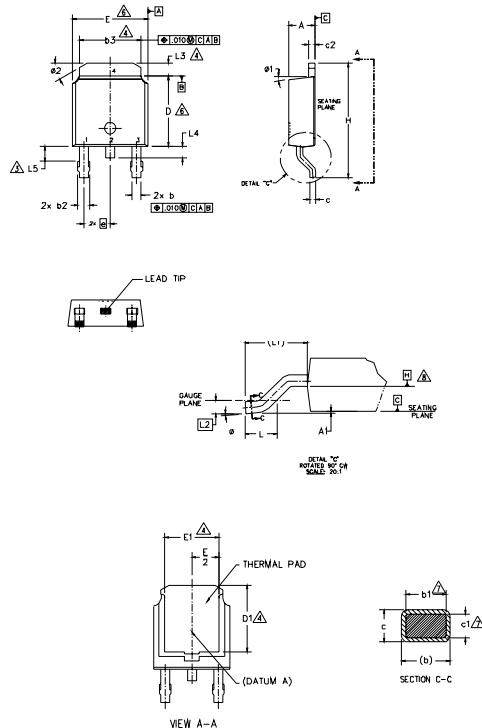


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## D-Pak (TO-252AA) Package Outline

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



### NOTES

- 1.- DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M-1994
- 2.- DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN INCHES [MILLIMETERS]
- 3.- LEAD DIMENSION UNCONTROLLED IN L5.
- 4.- DIMENSION D1, E1, L3 & b3 ESTABLISH A MINIMUM MOUNTING SURFACE FOR THERMAL PAD.
- 5.- SECTION C-C DIMENSIONS APPLY TO THE FLAT SECTION OF THE LEAD BETWEEN .005 AND .010 [.013 AND .025] INCHES.
- 6.- DIMENSION D & E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED .005 [.013] PER SIDE. THESE DIMENSIONS ARE MEASURED AT THE OUTMOST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY.
- 7.- DIMENSION b1 & c1 APPLIED TO BASE METAL ONLY.
- 8.- DATUM A & B TO BE DETERMINED AT DATUM PLANE H.
- 9.- OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDEC OUTLINE TO-252AA.

SYMBOL	DIMENSIONS		NOTES
	MILLIMETERS	INCHES	
	MIN.	MAX.	
A	2.18	.239	.086 .094
A1	—	.13	.005
b	0.64	.089	.025 .035
b1	0.65	.079	.025 .031
b2	0.76	.114	.030 .045
b3	4.95	.546	.198 .215
c	0.46	.061	.018 .024
c1	0.41	.056	.016 .022
c2	0.46	.089	.018 .035
D	5.97	.622	.235 .245
D1	5.21	—	.205 —
E	6.35	.673	.250 .265
E1	4.32	—	.170 —
e	2.29 BSC	—	.090 BSC
H	9.40	10.41	.370 .410
L	1.40	1.78	.055 .070
L1	2.74 BSC	—	.108 REF.
L2	0.51 BSC	—	.020 BSC
L3	0.89	1.27	.035 .050
L4	—	1.02	— .040
L5	1.14	1.52	.045 .060
φ	0°	10°	0° 10°
φ1	0°	15°	0° 15°
φ2	25°	35°	25° 35°

### LEAD ASSIGNMENTS

#### HEXFET

- 1.- GATE
- 2.- DRAIN
- 3.- SOURCE
- 4.- DRAIN

#### IGBT & CoPAK

- 1.- GATE
- 2.- COLLECTOR
- 3.- Emitter
- 4.- COLLECTOR

## D-Pak (TO-252AA) Part Marking Information

Part Number

AUFR2905Z

IR Logo

YWWA

Date Code

Y= Year

WW= Work Week

A= Automotive, Lead Free

XX ● XX

Lot Code

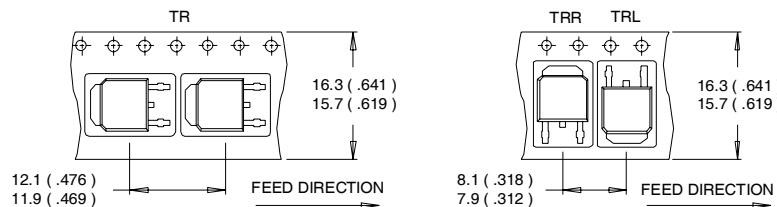


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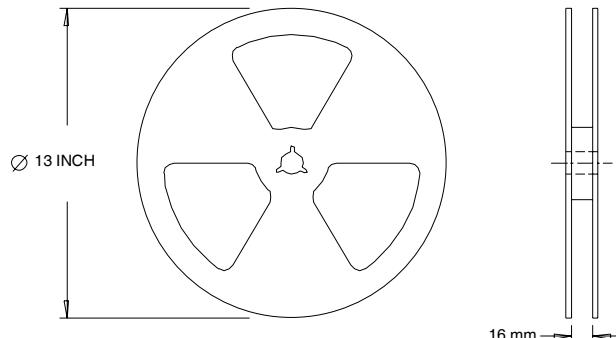
### D-Pak (TO-252AA) Tape & Reel Information

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



NOTES :

1. CONTROLLING DIMENSION : MILLIMETER.
2. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS ( INCHES ).
3. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO EIA-481 & EIA-541.



NOTES :

1. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO EIA-481.

**Notes:**

- ① Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. junction temperature. (See fig. 11).
- ② Limited by  $T_{J\max}$ , starting  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $L = 0.08\text{mH}$   $R_G = 25\Omega$ ,  $I_{AS} = 36\text{A}$ ,  $V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$ . Part not recommended for use above this value.
- ③ Pulse width  $\leq 1.0\text{ms}$ ; duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$ .
- ④  $C_{oss\ eff}$  is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as  $C_{oss}$  while  $V_{DS}$  is rising from 0 to 80%  $V_{DSS}$ .
- ⑤ Limited by  $T_{J\max}$ , see Fig.12a, 12b, 15, 16 for typical repetitive avalanche performance.
- ⑥ This value determined from sample failure population. 100% tested to this value in production.
- ⑦ When mounted on 1" square PCB (FR-4 or G-10 Material) . application note #AN-994
- ⑧  $R_\theta$  is measured at  $T_J$  approximately  $90^\circ\text{C}$
- ⑨ Calculated continuous current based on maximum allowable junction temperature. Package limitation current is 42A