

Am79530/Am79531/Am79534/Am79535

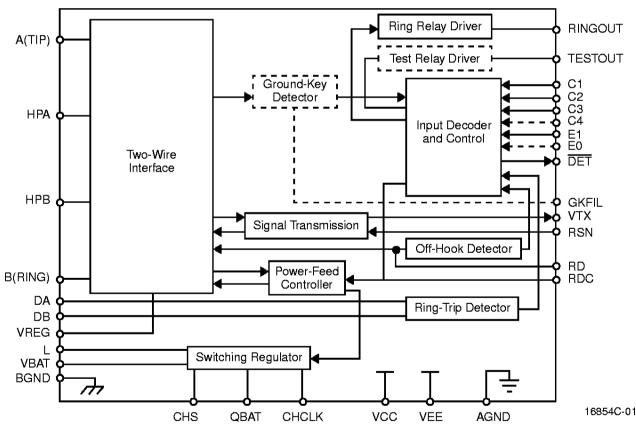
Subscriber Line Interface Circuit

DISTINCTIVE CHARACTERISTICS

- Programmable constant-current feed
- Line-feed characteristics independent of battery variations
- Programmable loop-detect threshold
- On-chip switching regulator for low-power dissipation
- Pin for external ground-key noise-filter capacitor available

- Ground-key detect
- Two-wire impedance set by single external impedance
- Polarity reversal feature
- Tip Open state for ground-start lines
- Test relay driver optional
- On-hook transmission

BLOCK DIAGRAM



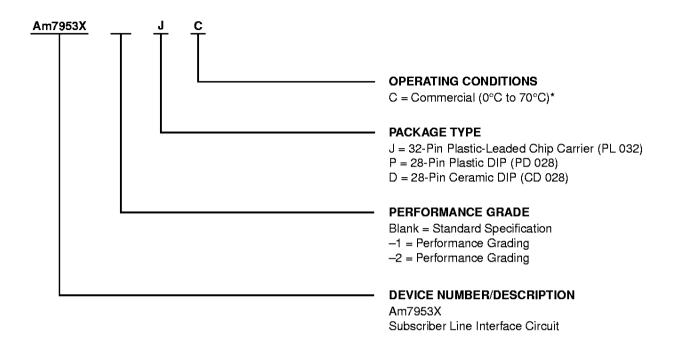
Notes:

- 1. Am79530—E0 and E1 inputs; ring relay sourced internally to BGND; no test relay driver.
- 2. Am79531—E0 and E1 inputs; ring relay sourced internally to BGND; no test relay driver; ground-key filter pin.
- 3. Am79534—E0 and E1 inputs; ring and test relay drivers sourced internally to BGND.
- 4. Am79535—E0 and E1 inputs; ring relay driver sourced internally to BGND; ground-key filter pin.
- 5. Current gain $(K_1) = 1000$ for all parts.

ORDERING INFORMATION

Standard Products

AMD standard products are available in several packages and operating ranges. The order number (Valid Combination) is formed by a combination of the elements below.



Valid Combinations					
		DC			
Am7953X	_1 2	JC			
		PC			

Valid Combinations

Valid Combinations list configurations planned to be supported in volume for this device. Consult the local AMD sales office to confirm availability of specific valid combinations, to check on newly released combinations, and to obtain additional data on AMD's standard military grade products.

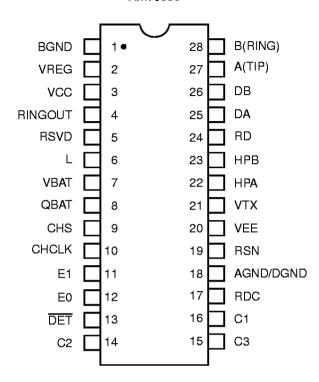
Note:

* Functionality of the device from $0^{\circ}C$ to $+70^{\circ}C$ is guaranteed by production testing. Performance from $-40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$ is guaranteed by characterization and periodic sampling of production units.

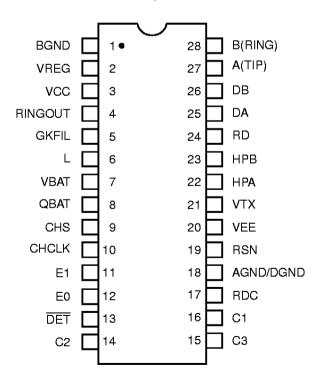
CONNECTION DIAGRAMS

Top View

Am79530



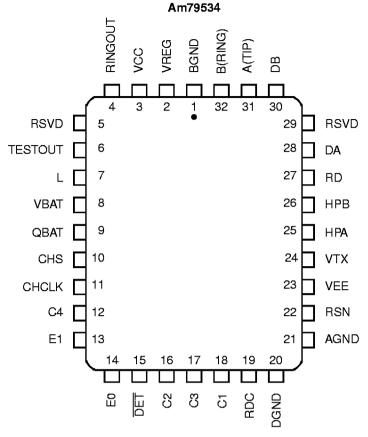
Am79531

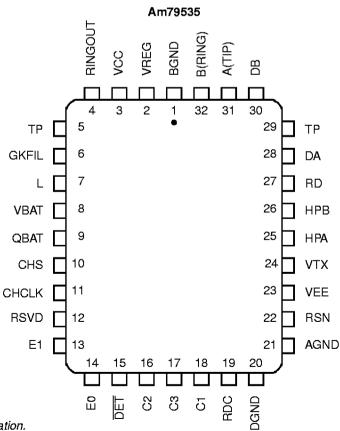


Notes:

- 1. Pin 1 is marked for orientation.
- 2. RSVD = Reserved. Do not connect to this pin.

CONNECTION DIAGRAMS (continued)





Notes:

- 1. Pin 1 is marked for orientation.
- 2. TP is a thermal conduction pin tied to substrate (QBAT).
- 3. RSVD = Reserved. Do not connect to these pins.

PIN DESCRIPTIONS

Pin Names	Туре	Description			
AGND	Gnd	(Am79534 and Am79535) Analog (quiet) ground			
AGND/DGND	Gnd	(Am79530 and Am79531) Analog and Digital ground connected internally to a single pin.			
A(TIP)	Output	Output of A(TIP) power amplifier.			
BGND	Gnd	Battery (power) ground.			
B(RING)	Output	Output of B(RING) power amplifier.			
C3-C1	Inputs	Decoder. TTL compatible. C3 is MSB and C1 is LSB.			
C4	Input	TTL compatible. A logic High enables the driver.			
CHCLK	Input	Input to switching regulator (TTL compatible) Frequency = 256 kHz (nominal).			
CHS	Input	Chopper Stabilization. Connection for external stabilization components.			
DA	Input	Ring-trip negative. Negative input to ring-trip comparator.			
DB	Input	Ring-trip positive. Positive input to ring-trip comparator.			
DET	Output	Detector. Logic Low indicates that the selected detector is tripped. Logic inputs C3–C1, E0, and E1 select the detector. Open-collector with a built-in 15 k Ω pull-up resistor.			
DGND	Gnd	(Am79534 and Am79535) Digital ground.			
E0	Input	Read enable. A logic High enables DET. A logic Low disables DET.			
E1	Input	E1 = High connects the ground-key detector to DET, and E1 = Low connects the off-hook or ring-trip detector to DET.			
GKFIL	Capacitor	(Am79531 and Am79535) Ground-key filter capacitor. An external capacitor for filtering out high-frequency noise from the ground-key loop can be connected to this pin. An internal 36 kΩ, –20%, +40% resistor is provided to form an RC filter with the external capacitor. In versions that have a GKFIL pin, 3.3 nF minimum capacitance must be connected from the GKFIL pin to ground.			
HPA	Capacitor	High-pass filter capacitor; A(TIP) side of high-pass filter capacitor.			
HPB	Capacitor	High-pass filter capacitor, B(RING) side of high-pass filter capacitor.			
L	Output	Switching Regulator Power Transistor. Connection point for filter inductor and anode of catch diode. Has up to 60 V pulse waveform; isolated from sensitive circuits. You must keep the diode connections short because of the high currents and high di/dt.			
QBAT	Battery	Quiet battery. Filtered battery supply for the signal processing circuits.			
RD	Resistor	Detector resistor. Threshold modification/filter point for the off-hook detector.			
RDC	Resistor	DC feed resistor. Connection point for the DC feed current programming network, which also connects to the receiver summing node (RSN). V _{RDC} is negative for normal polarity and positive for reverse polarity.			
RINGOUT	Output	Ring relay driver; sourcing from BGND with internal diode to QBAT.			
RSN	Input	The metallic current (AC and DC) between A(TIP) and B(RING) = 1000 x the current into this pin. The networks that program receive gain, two-wire impedance, and feed current all connect to this node. This node is extremely sensitive. Route the 256-kHz chopper clock and switch lines away from the RSN node.			
TESTOUT	Output	Test relay driver. Sourcing from BGND with internal diode to QBAT.			
TP	Thermal	Thermal pin. Connection for heat dissipation. Internally connected to substrate (QBAT). Leave as open circuit or connected to QBAT. In both cases, the TP pins can connect to an area of copper on the board to enhance heat dissipation			
VBAT	Battery	Battery supply through an external protection diode.			
VCC	Power	+5 V power supply.			
VEE	Power	−5 V power supply.			
VREG	Input	Regulated voltage. Provides negative power supply for power amplifiers, connection point for inductor, filter capacitor, and chopper stabilization.			
VTX	Output	Transmit Audio; Unity gain version of the A(TIP) and B(RING) metallic voltage. VTX also sources the two-wire input impedance programming network.			

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Storage temperature –55°C to +150°C
V_{CC} with respect to AGND/DGND–0.4 V to +7.0 V
$V_{\mbox{\footnotesize EE}}$ with respect to AGND/DGND+0.4 V to -7.0 V
V_{BAT} with respect to AGND/DGND \ldots +0.4 V to -70 V
Note: Rise time of V_{BAT} (dv/dt) must be limited to 27 V/ μ s or less when Q_{BAT} bypass = 0.33 μ F.
BGND with respect to AGND/DGND + 1.0 V to -3.0 V
A(TIP) or B(RING) to BGND:
$\begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$
Current from A(TIP) or B(RING) ± 150 mA
Voltage on RINGOUT BGND to 70 V above Q_{BAT}
Voltage on TESTOUT BGND to 70 V above $\boldsymbol{Q}_{\text{BAT}}$
Current through relay drivers 60 mA
Voltage on ring-trip inputs (DA and DB) V_{BAT} to 0 V
Current into ring-trip inputs $\hdots \dots \hdots \pm 10 \mbox{ mA}$
Peak current into regulator switch (L pin) 150 mA
Switcher transient peak off voltage on L pin $\ .\ .\ +1.0\ V$
C4–C1, E1, CHCLK to AGND/DGND0.4 V to (V _{CC} + 0.4 V)
Maximum power dissipation (see note) $T_A = 70$ °C
In 28-pin ceramic DIP package 2.58 W In 28-pin plastic DIP package 1.4 W In 32-pin PLCC package

Note: Thermal limiting circuitry on chip will shut down the circuit at a junction temperature of about 165°C. The device should never be exposed to this temperature. Operation above 145°C junction temperature may degrade device reliability. See the SLIC Packaging Considerations for more information.

Stresses above those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent device failure. Functionality at or above these limits is not implied. Exposure to Absolute Maximum Ratings for extended periods may affect device reliability.

OPERATING RANGES

Commercial (C) Devices

Ambient temperature 0°C to +70°C*
$V_{CC} \dots \dots 4.75 \ V$ to 5.25 V
V_{EE}
V_{BAT}
AGND/DGND
BGND with respect to AGND/DGND100 mV to +100 mV
Load resistance on VTX to ground 10 $k\Omega$ min

Operating Ranges define those limits between which the functionality of the device is guaranteed.

^{*} Functionality of the device from $0^{\circ}C$ to $+70^{\circ}C$ is guaranteed by production testing. Performance from $-40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$ is guaranteed by characterization and periodic sampling of production units.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Description	Test Conditions (See	Note 1)	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
Analog (V _{TX}) output impedance				3		Ω	4
Analog (V _{TX}) output offset	0°C to +70°C -40°C to +85°C	-1*	-35 -30 -40		+35 +30 +40	mV	4
Analan (DON) in set important		_1	- 35	4	+35		4
Analog (RSN) input impedance	300 Hz to 3.4 kHz			1	20	Ω	4
Longitudinal impedance at A or B					35		
Overload level $Z_{2WIN} = 600 \Omega$ to 900Ω	4-wire 2-wire		-3.1		+3.1	Vpk	2
Transmission Performance, 2-Wire In	npedance					l	
2-wire return loss (See Test Circuit D)	300 Hz to 500 Hz 500 Hz to 2.5 kHz 2.5 kHz to 3.4 kHz		26 26 20			dB	4, 10
Longitudinal Balance (2-Wire and 4-V	Vire, See Test Circuit C)						
$R_L = 600 \Omega$ Longitudinal to metallic L-T, L-4	300 Hz to 3.4 kHz	–1 *	48 52				
Longitudinal to metallic L-T, L-4	200 Hz to 1 kHz: Normal polarity 0°C to +70°C Normal polarity -40°C to +85°C	-2* -2	63 58				4
	Reverse polarity	-2	54			dB	
	1 kHz to 3.4 kHz: Normal polarity 0°C to +70°C Normal polarity	-2*	58				
	-40°C to +85°C Reverse polarity	-2 -2	54 54				4
Longitudinal signal generation 4-L	300 Hz to 800 Hz 300 Hz to 800 Hz	-1*	40 42				
Longitudinal current capability per wire	Active state OHT state			25 18		mArms	4
Insertion Loss (2- to 4-Wire and 4- to	2-Wire, See Test Circuits	s A and B)					
Gain accuracy	0 dBm, 1 kHz 0°C to +70°C 0 dBm, 1 kHz		-0.15		+0.15		
	-40°C to +85°C 0 dBm, 1 kHz 0°C to +70°C	_1*	-0.20 -0.1		+0.20		4
	0 dBm, 1 kHz -40°C to +85°C	-' -1	-0.1 -0.15		+0.15		4
Variation with frequency	300 Hz to 3.4 kHz (relative to 1 kHz):	·	-			dB	
	0°C to +70°C -40°C to +85°C		-0.1 -0.15		+0.1 +0.15		4
Gain tracking	+7 dBm to -55 dBm: 0°C to +70°C -40°C to +85°C		-0.1 -0.15		+0.1 +0.15		4

Note:

^{*} P.G. = Performance Grade (-2 performance parameters are equivalent to -1 performance parameters, except where indicated).

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Description	Test Conditions (See No	te 1)	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
Balance Return Signal (4- to 4-Wire	, See Test Circuit B)						
Gain accuracy	0 dBm, 1 kHz 0°C to +70°C 0 dBm, 1 kHz		-0.15		+0.15		
	-40°C to +85°C 0 dBm, 1 kHz 0°C to +70°C	–1 *	-0.20 -0.1		+0.20		4
	0 dBm, 1 kHz -40°C to +85°C	-1	-0.15		+0.15	dB	4
Variation with frequency	300 Hz to 3.4 kHz (relative to 1 kHz):					ub	
	0°C to +70°C -40°C to +85°C		-0.1 -0.15		+0.1 +0.15		4
Gain tracking	+7 dBm to -55 dBm: 0°C to +70°C -40°C to +85°C		-0.1 -0.15		+0.1 +0.15		4 4
Group delay	f = 1 kHz			5.3		μs	4
Total Harmonic Distortion (2- to 4-V	Vire or 4- to 2-Wire, See Test C	ircuits	A and B)	•			
Total harmonic distortion	0 dBm, 300 Hz to 3.4 kHz +9 dBm, 300 Hz to 3.4 kHz			-64 -55	-50 -40	dB	
Idle Channel Noise							
C-message weighted noise	2-wire: 0°C to +70°C 2-wire: 0°C to +70°C 2-wire: -40°C to +85°C	-1 *		+7 +7 +7	+15 +12 +15	-ID O	4
	4-wire 0°C to +70°C 4-wire 0°C to +70°C 4-wire -40°C to +85°C	-1*		+7 +7 +7	+15 +12 +15	dBrnC	4
Psophometric weighted noise	2-wire 0°C to +70°C 2-wire 0°C to +70°C 2-wire -40°C to +85°C	–1 *		-83 -83 -83	-75 -78 -75	<u>.</u>	7 4
	4-wire 0°C to +70°C 4-wire 0°C to +70°C 4-wire -40°C to +85°C	-1 *		-83 -83 -83	-75 -78 -75	dBmp	7
Single Frequency Out-of-Band Nois	se (See Test Circuit E)						ı
Metallic	4 kHz to 9 kHz 9 kHz to 1 MHz 256 kHz and harmonics			-76 -76 -57		j	4, 5, 9 4, 5, 9 4, 5
Longitudinal	1 kHz to 15 kHz Above 15 kHz 256 kHz and harmonics			-70 -85 -57		dBm	4 4, 5, 9 4, 5
DC Feed Currents (See Figure 1) Ba	AT = -48 V		1	ı		l	ı
Active state loop-current accuracy	I _{LOOP} (nominal) = 40 mA		-7.5		+7.5	%	
OHT state	R _L = 600 Ω		18	20	22		
Tip Open state	R _L = 600 Ω				1.0	^	
Open Circuit state	R _L = 0 Ω				1.0	m A	
Fault current limit, I _L LIM (I _{AX} + I _{BX})	A and B shorted to GND				130		

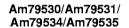
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

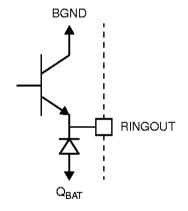
Description	Test Conditions (See Note	1)	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
Power Dissipation BAT = -48 V, N	ormal Polarity						
On-hook Open Circuit state		-1 *		35 35	120 80		
On-hook OHT state		-1 *		135 135	250 200		
On-hook Active state		-1 *		200 200	400 300	mW	
Off-hook OHT state	$R_L = 600 \Omega$			500	750		
Off-hook Active state	$R_L = 600 \Omega$			650	1000		
Supply Currents	·				•		
V_{CC} on-hook supply current V_{EE} on-hook supply current	Open Circuit state OHT state Active state Open Circuit state			3.0 6.0 7.5	4.5 10.0 12.0 2.3		
VEE OIT-HOOK SUPPLY CUITER	OHT state Active state			2.2 2.7	3.5 6.0	mA	
V _{BAT} on-hook supply current	Open Circuit state OHT state Active state			0.4 3.0 4.0	1.0 5.0 6.0		
Power Supply Rejection Ratio (V _R	_{ilPPLE} = 50 mVrms)						
V _{CC}	50 Hz to 3.4 kHz	-1*	25 30	45 45			
	3.4 kHz to 50 kHz	-1	22 25	35 35			
V _{EE}	50 Hz to 3.4 kHz	-1*	20 25	40 40		dB	6,7
	3.4 kHz to 50 kHz	-1	10 10	25 25			0, 7
V_{BAT}	50 Hz to 3.4 kHz	-1*	27 30	45 45			
	3.4 kHz to 50 kHz	-1	20 25	40 40			
Off-Hook Detector							
Current threshold accuracy	I _{DET} = 365/R _D nominal		- 20		+20	%	
Ground-Key Detector Thresholds	Active State, BAT = -48 V (See T	est C	ircuit F)				
Ground-key resistance threshold	B(RING) to GND		2.0	5.0	10.0	kΩ	
Ground-key current threshold	B(RING) to GND Midpoint to GND			9		mA	8
Ring-Trip Detector Input							
Bias current			- 5	-0.05		μΑ	
Offset voltage	Source resistance 0 to 2 $M\Omega$		-50	0	+50	mV	11

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

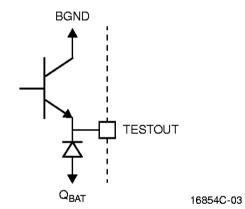
Description	Test Conditions (See Note 1)	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
Logic Inputs (C4–C1, E0, E1, a	and CHCLK)					•
Input High voltage		2.0			v	
Input Low voltage				0.8	v	
Input High current	All inputs except E1 Input E1	–75 –75		40 45	μА	
Input Low current		-0.4			mA	
Logic Output (DET)		•				•
Output Low voltage	I _{OUT} = 0.8 mA			0.4	v	
Output High voltage	I _{OUT} = -0.1 mA	2.4			v	
Relay Driver Outputs (RINGO	UT, TESTOUT)					
On voltage	50 mA source	BGND - 2	BGND – 0.95		٧	
Off leakage			0.5	100	μА	
Clamp voltage	50 mA sink	Q _{BAT} – 2			٧	

RELAY DRIVER SCHEMATICS





Am79534



SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

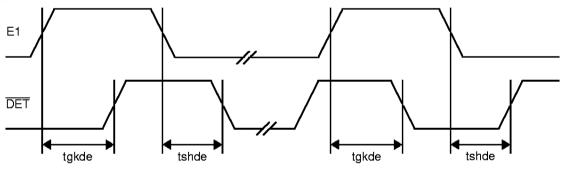
Am79530/Am79531/Am79534/Am79535

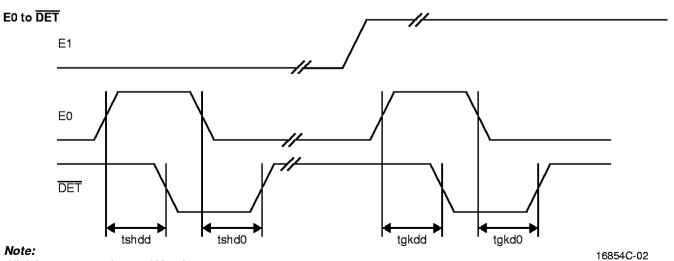
Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Temperature Range	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
tgkde	E1 Low to DET High (E0 = 1)		0°C to +70°C -40°C to +85°C			3.8 4.0		
	E1 Low to DET Low (E0 = 1)	Ground-key Detect state	0°C to +70°C -40°C to +85°C			1.1 1.6		
tgkdd	E0 High to DET Low (E1 = 0)	(See Figure H)	0°C to +70°C -40°C to +85°C			1.1 1.6		
tgkd0	E0 Low to DET High (E1 = 0)		0°C to +70°C -40°C to +85°C			3.8 4.0	μs	4
tshde	E1 High to DET Low (E0 = 1)		0°C to +70°C -40°C to +85°C			1.2 1.7	μ5	+
	E1 High to DET High (E0 = 1)	Switchhook Detect state R _L = 600 Ω, R _G open	0°C to +70°C -40°C to +85°C			3.8 4.0		
tshdd	E0 High to DET Low (E1 = 1)	(See Figure G)	0°C to +70°C -40°C to +85°C			1.1 1.6		
tshd0	E0 Low to DET High (E1 = 1)		0°C to +70°C -40°C to +85°C			3.8 4.0		

SWITCHING WAVEFORMS

Am79530/Am79531/Am79534/Am79535

E1 to DET

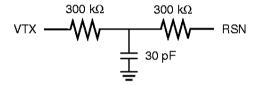




All delays measured at 1.4 V level.

Notes:

- Unless otherwise noted, test conditions are BAT = -48 V, V_{CC} = +5 V, V_{EE} = -5 V, R_L = 600 Ω, C_{HP} = 0.22 μF, R_{DC1} = R_{DC2} = 31.25 kΩ, C_{DC} = 0.1 μF, R_D = 51.1 kΩ, no fuse resistors, two-wire AC output impedance, programming impedance (Z_T) = 600 kΩ resistive, receive input summing impedance (Z_{RX}) = 300 kΩ resistive. (See Table 2 for component formulas.)
- 2. Overload level is defined when THD = 1%.
- Balance return signal is the signal generated at V_{TX} by V_{RX}. This specification assumes the two-wire AC load impedance matches the impedance programmed by Z_T.
- 4. Not tested in production. This parameter is guaranteed by characterization or correlation to other tests.
- 5. These tests are performed with a longitudinal impedance of 90 Ω and metallic impedance of 300 Ω for frequencies below 12 kHz and 135 Ω for frequencies greater than 12 kHz. These tests are extremely sensitive to circuit board layout.
- 6. This parameter is tested at 1 kHz in production. Performance at other frequencies is guaranteed by characterization.
- 7. When the SLIC is in the Anti-sat 2 operating region, this parameter is degraded. The exact degradation depends on system design. The Anti-sat 2 region occurs at high loop resistances when $|V_{BAT}| |V_{AX} V_{BX}|$ is less than approximately 11 V.
- 8. "Midpoint" is defined as the connection point between two 300 Ω series resistors connected between A(TIP) and B(RING).
- 9. Fundamental and harmonics from 256 kHz switch-regulator chopper are not included.
- 10. Assumes the following Z_T network:



- 11. Tested with 0Ω source impedance. 2 M Ω is specified for system design purposes only.
- 12. Group delay can be reduced considerably by using a Z_T network such as that shown in Note 10 above. The network reduces the group delay to less than 2 μs. The effect of group delay on linecard performance may be compensated for by using QSLACTM or DSLACTM devices.

Table 1. SLIC Decoding

					DET Outp	ut (E0 = 1*)
State	СЗ	C2	C1	Two-Wire Status	E1 = 0	E1 = 1
0	0	0	0	Open Circuit	Ring trip	Ring trip
1	0	0	1	Ringing	Ring trip	Ring trip
2	0	1	0	Active	Loop detector	Ground key
3	0	1	1	On-hook TX (OHT)	Loop detector	Ground key
4	1	0	0	Tip Open	Loop detector	_
5	1	0	1	Reserved	Loop detector	_
6	1	1	0	Active Polarity Reversal	Loop detector	Ground key
7	1	1	1	OHT Polarity Reversal	Loop detector	Ground key

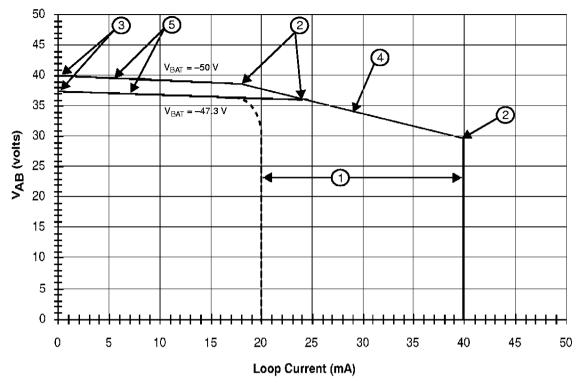
Note:

^{*} For the Am79530, Am79531, Am79534, and Am79535, a logic Low on E0 disables the DET output into the open-collector state.

Table 2. User-Programmable Components

$Z_{\rm T} = 1000(Z_{\rm 2WIN} - 2R_{\rm F})$	Where Z_T is connected between the VTX and RSN pins. The fuse resistors are R_F , and Z_{2WIN} is the desired 2-wire AC input impedance. When computing Z_T , the internal current amplifier pole and any external stray capacitance between VTX and RSN must be taken into account.
$Z_{\rm RX} = \frac{Z_{\rm L}}{G_{42L}} \bullet \frac{1000 \bullet Z_{\rm T}}{Z_{\rm T} + 1000(Z_{\rm L} + 2R_{\rm F})}$	Where Z_{RX} is connected from V_{RX} to the RSN pin, Z_T is defined above, and G_{42L} is the desired receive gain.
$R_{DC1} + R_{DC2} = \frac{2500}{I_{FEED}}$	Where R_{DC1} , R_{DC2} , and C_{DC} form the network connected to the RDC pin. R_{DC1} and R_{DC2} are approximately equal.
$C_{DC} = 1.5 \text{ ms} \bullet \frac{R_{DC1} + R_{DC2}}{R_{DC1} \bullet R_{DC2}}$	
$R_{\rm D} = \frac{365}{I_{\rm T}}, \qquad C_{\rm D} = \frac{0.5 \text{ ms}}{R_{\rm D}}$	Where R_D and C_D form the network connected from RD to -5 V and I_T is the threshold current between on hook and off hook.

DC FEED CHARACTERISTICS



$$R_{DC} = 62.5 \text{ k}\Omega$$

_____ Active state OHT state

Notes:

1. Constant-current region:

 $\textit{Active state:} \qquad \qquad I_L \, = \, \frac{2500}{R_{DC}}$

OHT state: $I_L = \frac{1}{2} \bullet \frac{2500}{R_{DC}}$

2. Anti-sat turn-on (Active state):

Anti-sat -1: $V_{AB} = 29.95 V$

Anti-sat -2: $V_{AB} = 1.082 |V_{BAT}| - 15.149$

3. Open Circuit voltage (Active state):

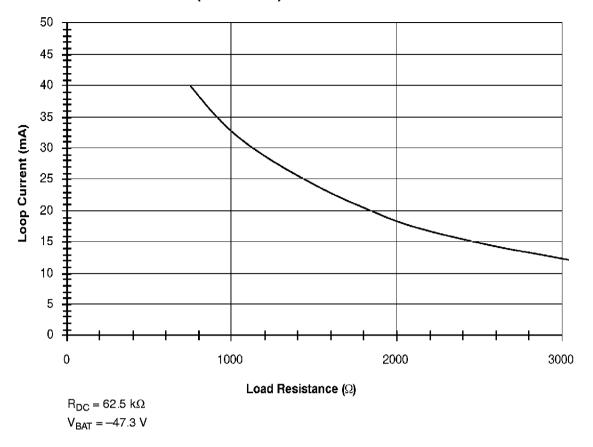
 $V_{AB} = 0.9 |V_{BAT}| - 4.995,$ $|V_{BAT}| < 56.9 \text{ V}$ $V_{AB} = 46.25 \text{ V},$ $|V_{BAT}| \ge 56.9 \text{ V}$

4. Anti-sat –1 region: $V_{AB} = 46.25 - I_L \frac{R_{DC}}{150.6}$

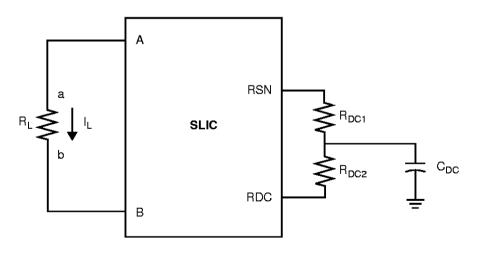
5. Anti-sat –2 region: $V_{AB} = 0.9 |V_{BAT}| - 4.995 - I_L \frac{R_{DC}}{1128}$

a. V_A-V_B (V_{AB}) Voltage vs. Loop Current (Typical)

DC FEED CHARACTERISTICS (continued)



b. Loop Current vs. Load Resistance (Typical)

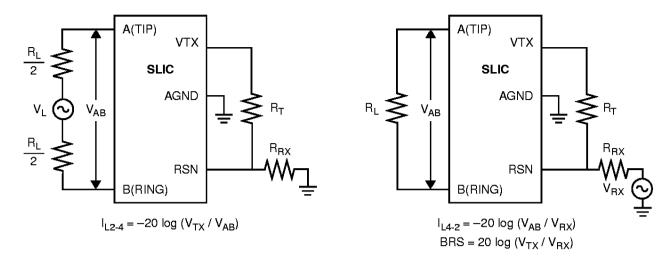


Feed current programmed by R_{DC1} and R_{DC2}

c. Feed Programming

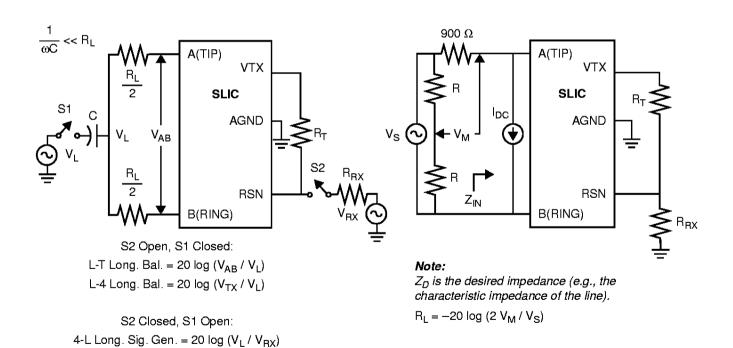
Figure 1. DC Feed Characteristics

TEST CIRCUITS



A. Two- to Four-Wire Insertion Loss

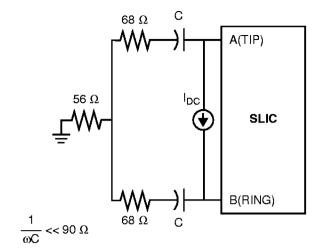
B. Four- to Two-Wire Insertion Loss and Balance Return Signal



C. Longitudinal Balance

D. Two-Wire Return Loss Test Circuit

TEST CIRCUITS (continued)



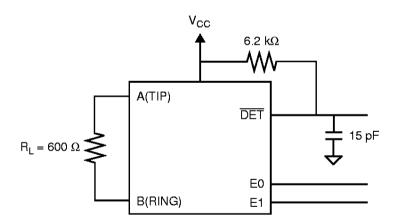
R_L
A(TIP)

S_M
R_L
B(RING)

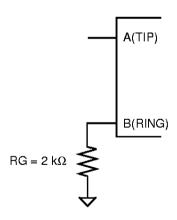
S_E
R_E
Current Feed or Ground Key

E. Single-Frequency Noise

F. Ground-Key Detection







H. Ground-Key Switching

REVISION SUMMARY

Revision B to Revision C

- Minor changes to the data sheet style and format were made to conform to AMD standards.
- Connection Diagrams—Changed pin 29 from TP to RSVD in the Am79534 diagram.

Revision C to Revision D

- In Table 1, SLIC Decoding, the Open Circuit state of 001 was changed to 000.
- In Pin Description table, inserted/changed TP pin description to: "Thermal pin. Connection for heat dissipation. Internally connected to substrate (QBAT). Leave as open circuit or connected to QBAT. In both cases, the TP pins can connect to an area of copper on the board to enhance heat dissipation."
- Minor changes to the data sheet style and format were made to conform to AMD standards.

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