DESCRIPTION

The M5M51008CP,FP,VP,RV,KV,KR are a 1048576-bit CMOS static RAM organized as 131072 word by 8-bit which are fabricated using high-performance quadruple-polysilicon and double metal CMOS technology. The use of thin film transistor (TFT) load cells and CMOS periphery result in a high density and low power static RAM.

They are low standby current and low operation current and ideal for the battery back-up application.

The M5M51008CVP,RV,KV,KR are packaged in a 32-pin thin small outline package which is a high reliability and high density surface mount device(SMD). Two types of devices are available. M5M51008CVP,KV(normal lead bend type package),

M5M51008CRV,KR(reverse lead bend type package). Using both types of devices, it becomes very easy to design a printed circuit board.

FEATURES

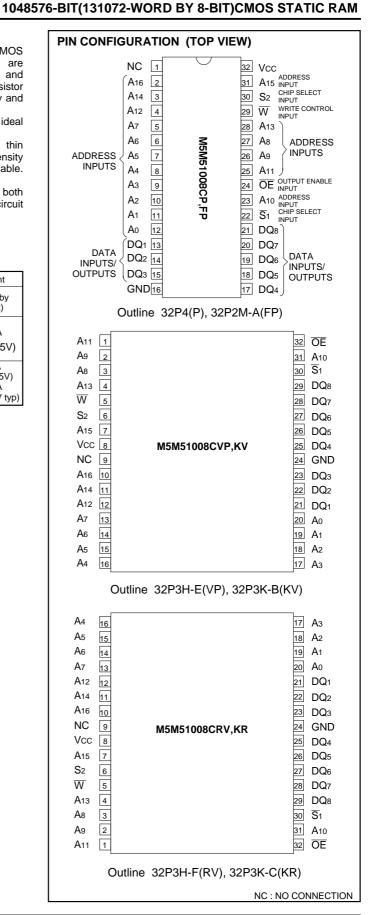
	Access	Power supply current			
Type name	time (max)	Active (1MHz) (max)	stand-by (max)		
M5M51008CP,FP,VP,RV,KV,KR-55HI	55ns		40µA		
M5M51008CP,FP,VP,RV,KV,KR-70HI	70ns	15mA	(Vcc=5.5V)		
M5M51008CP,FP,VP,RV,KV,KR-55XI	55ns	(1MHz)	16µA (Vcc=5.5V)		
M5M51008CP,FP,VP,RV,KV,KR-70XI	70ns		0.1µA (Vcc=3.0V typ)		

- Low stand-by current 0.1µA (typ.)
- Directly TTL compatible : All inputs and outputs
- Easy memory expansion and power down by S1,S2
- Data hold on +2V power supply
- Three-state outputs : OR tie capability
- OE prevents data contention in the I/O bus
- Common data I/O
- Package

M5M51008CP	32pin	600mil	DIP
M5M51008CFP	32pin	525mil	SOP
M5M51008CVP,RV	' 32pin	8 X 20 n	nm² TSOP
M5M51008CKV,KR	32pin	8 X 13.4	mm ² TSOP

APPLICATION

Small capacity memory units



FUNCTION

The operation mode of the M5M51008C series are determined by a combination of the device control inputs $\overline{S}_1,S_2,\overline{W}$ and \overline{OE} .

Each mode is summarized in the function table.

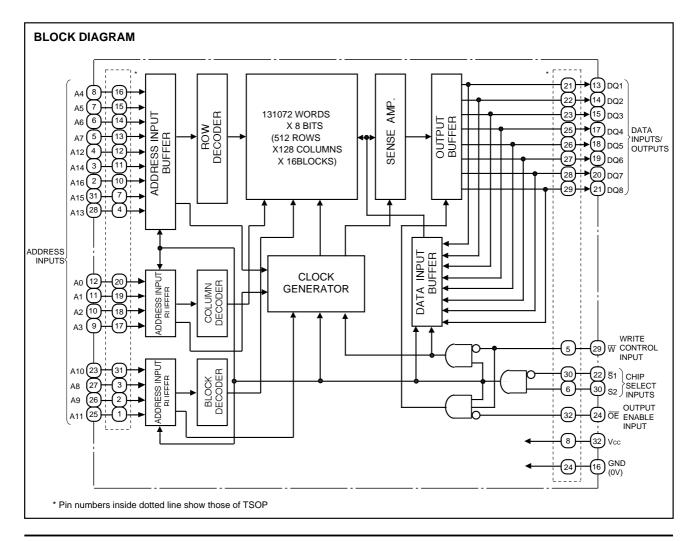
A write cycle is executed whenever the low level \overline{W} overlaps with the low level \overline{S}_1 and the high level S_2 . The address must be set up before the write cycle and must be stable during the entire cycle. The data is latched into a cell on the trailing edge of $\overline{W},\overline{S}_1$ or S_2 , whichever occurs first,requiring the set-up and hold time relative to these edge to be maintained. The output enable input \overline{OE} directly controls the output stage. Setting the \overline{OE} at a high level, the output stage is in a high-impedance state, and the data bus contention problem in the write cycle is eliminated.

A read cycle is executed by setting \overline{W} at a high level and \overline{OE} at a low level while \overline{S}_1 and S_2 are in an active state(\overline{S}_1 =L,S₂=H).

When setting \overline{S}_1 at a high level or S_2 at a low level, the chip are in a non-selectable mode in which both reading and writing are disabled. In this mode, the output stage is in a high- impedance state, allowing OR-tie with other chips and memory expansion by \overline{S}_1 and S_2 . The power supply current is reduced as low as the stand-by current which is specified as Icc3 or Icc4, and the memory data can be held at +2V power supply, enabling battery back-up operation during power failure or power-down operation in the non-selected mode.

FUNCTION TABLE

S ₁	S ₂	\overline{W}	ŌE	Mode	DQ	Icc
Х	L	Х	Х	Non selection	High-impedance	Stand-by
Н	Х	Х	Х	Non selection	High-impedance	Stand-by
L	Н	L	Χ	Write	Din	Active
L	Н	Н	L	Read	Dout	Active
L	Н	Н	Н		High-impedance	Active



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Vcc	Supply voltage		- 0.3*~7	V
VI	Input voltage	With respect to GND	- 0.3*~Vcc + 0.3	V
Vo	Output voltage		0~Vcc	V
P _d	Power dissipation	Ta=25°C	700	mW
T _{opr}	Operating temperature		- 40~85	°C
T _{stq}	Storage temperature		- 65~150	°C

^{* -3.0}V in case of AC (Pulse width 50ns)

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Ta=-40~85°C, Vcc=5V±10%, unless otherwise noted)

Symbol Parameter		Test conditions		Limits			Unit		
Symbol	Parameter	l est conditions		Min	Тур	Max	Offic		
VIH	High-level input voltage				2.2		Vcc + 0.3	V	
VIL	Low-level input voltage				-0.3*		0.8	V	
Vон	High-level output voltage	Iон= -1.0mA			2.4			V	
VOH	i ligit-level output voltage	Iон= -0.1mA		Vcc - 0.5			V		
Vol	Low-level output voltage	IoL=2mA					0.4	V	
lı	Input current	Vi=0~Vcc					±1	μA	
lo	Output current in off-state	S1=VIH or S2=VIL or OE=VIH VI/O=0~VCC					±1	μA	
	Active supply current \$1 Vcc-0.2V, \$2 VCC-0.2V	55ns			80				
Active supply current (AC, MOS level)	other inputs 0.2V or VCC-0.2V Output-open(duty 100%)		70ns			70	mA		
			1MHz			15			
	\$4-VII \$2-VIII	\$1-VII \$2-VIH	S1=VIL,S2=VIH,		55ns			85	
ICC2	Active supply current (AC, TTL level)	other inputs=VIH or VIL		70ns			70	mA	
		Output-open(duty 100%)		1MHz			15		
				~25°C			2		
			-HW	~40°C			6		
		1) S ₂ 0.2V,	-1 100	~70°C			20		
Icc3	Stand-by current	other inputs=0~Vcc 2) \$\overline{S}_1\$ Vcc-0.2V,		~85°C			40		
1003	Stand-by current	S ₂ Vcc–0.2V,		~25°C			1	μA	
		other inputs=0~Vcc	-XW	~40°C			3		
		-AVV		~70°C			8		
				~85°C			16		
ICC4	Stand-by current	S ₁ =V _{IH} or S ₂ =V _{IL} , other inputs=0~V _{CC}					3	mA	

^{* -3.0}V in case of AC (Pulse width 50ns)

CAPACITANCE (Ta=- 40~85°C, Vcc=5V±10% unless otherwise noted)

0	Parameter	Took on a dition o		1.1.26		
Symbol		Test conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Cı	Input capacitance	VI=GND, VI=25mVrms, f=1MHz			6	pF
Со	Output capacitance	Vo=GND,Vo=25mVrms, f=1MHz			10	pF

Note 1: Direction for current flowing into an IC is positive (no mark).

2: Typical value is Vcc = 5V, Ta = 25°C

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Ta=- 40~85°C, 5V±10% unless otherwise noted)

(1) MEASUREMENT CONDITIONS

Input pulse level ------ VIH=2.4V, VIL=0.6V (-70HI,-70XI)

VIH=3.0V,VIL=0.0V (-55HI,-55XI)

Input rise and fall time 5ns

Reference level ······· VoH=VoL=1.5V

Output loads----- Fig.1, CL=30pF (-55HW,-70HW,-55XW,-70XW)

CL=5pF (for ten,tdis)

Transition is measured ± 500mV from steady

state voltage. (for ten,tdis)

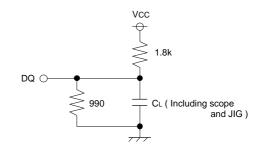


Fig.1 Output load

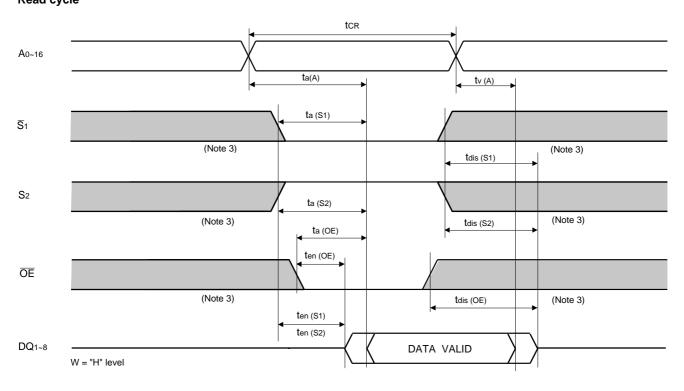
(2) READ CYCLE

	Parameter					
Symbol		-55HI	I,-55XI	-70HI,-70XI		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
tcr	Read cycle time	55		70		ns
ta(A)	Address access time		55		70	ns
ta(S1)	Chip select 1 access time		55		70	ns
ta(S2)	Chip select 2 access time		55		70	ns
ta(OE)	Output enable access time		30		35	ns
tdis(S1)	Output disable time after \$\overline{S}_1\$ high		20		25	ns
tdis(S2)	Output disable time after S2 low		20		25	ns
tdis(OE)	Output disable time after OE high		20		25	ns
ten(S1)	Output enable time after \$\overline{S}_1\$ low	5		10		ns
ten(S2)	Output enable time after S ₂ high	5		10		ns
ten(OE)	Output enable time after OE low	5		5		ns
tV(A)	Data valid time after address	5		10		ns

(3) WRITE CYCLE

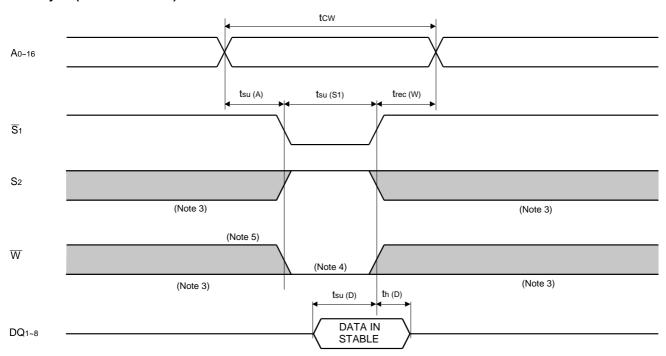
			Limits					
Symbol Parameter	Parameter	-55H	I,-55XI	-70HI	,-70XI	Unit		
		Min	Max	Min	Max			
tcw	Write cycle time	55		70		ns		
tw(W)	Write pulse width	45		55		ns		
tsu(A)	Address setup time	0		0		ns		
tsu(A-WH)	Address setup time with respect to W	50		65		ns		
tsu(S1)	Chip select 1 setup time	50		65		ns		
tsu(S2)	Chip select 2 setup time	50		65		ns		
tsu(D)	Data setup time	25		30		ns		
th(D)	Data hold time	0		0		ns		
trec(W)	Write recovery time	0		0		ns		
tdis(W)	Output disable time from \overline{W} low		20		25	ns		
tdis(OE)	Output disable time from OE high		20		25	ns		
ten(W)	Output enable time from W high	5		5		ns		
ten(OE)	Output enable time from OE low	5		5		ns		

(4) TIMING DIAGRAMS Read cycle

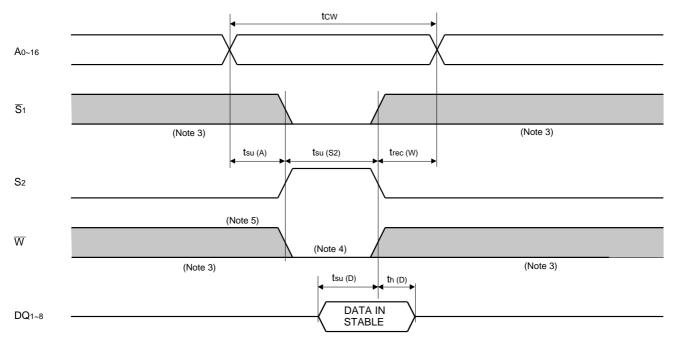


Write cycle (W control mode) tcw A0~16 tsu (S1) \overline{S}_1 (Note 3) (Note 3) S₂ **t**su (S2) (Note 3) (Note 3) tsu (A-WH) ŌĒ tsu (A) tw (W) trec (W) $\overline{\mathsf{W}}$ tdis (W) ten(OE) ten (W) tdis (OE) DATA IN DQ1~8 **STABLE** th (D) tsu (D)

Write cycle (\$\overline{S}_1\$ control mode)



Write cycle (S2 control mode)



- Note 3: Hatching indicates the state is "don't care". 4: Writing is executed while S_2 high overlaps \overline{S}_1 and \overline{W} low.
 - 5: When the falling edge of $\overline{\mathbb{W}}$ is simultaneously or prior to the falling edge of $\overline{\mathbb{S}_1}$ or rising edge of S2, the outputs are maintained in the high impedance state.
 - 6: Don't apply inverted phase signal externally when DQ pin is output mode.

POWER DOWN CHARACTERISTICS

(1) ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Ta=-40~85°C, unless otherwise noted)

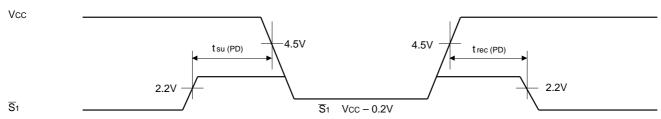
Cumbal	Doromotor	Test condition	Took oou ditions		Limits			11.2
Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions		Min	Тур	Max	Unit	
VCC (PD)	Power down supply voltage				2.0			V
VI (S1)	Chip select input \$\overline{S}_1\$	2.2V Vcc(PD)			2.2			V
VI (31)	Chip select input 51	2V Vcc(PD) 2.2V				Vcc(PD)		V
1/1/00	Old and addition to	4.5V Vcc(PD)	4.5V Vcc(PD) Vcc(PD)<4.5V				8.0	V
VI (S2)	Chip select input S ₂	Vcc(PD)<4.5V					0.2	V
	Power down supply current			~25°C			1	
			-HI	~40°C			3	_
		Vcc = 3V 1) S ₂ 0.2V,	-'''	~70°C			10	
ICC (PD)		other inputs = 0~3V		~85°C			20	
		2) \$\overline{S}_1 \text{Vcc-0.2V}, \$2 \text{Vcc-0.2V}		~25°C			0.5	μA
		other inputs = 0~3V	-XI	~40°C			1.5	
				~70°C			4	
				~85°C			8	

(2) TIMING REQUIREMENTS (Ta=- 40~85°C, unless otherwise noted)

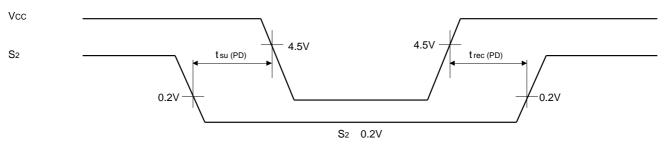
Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions		1.1		
			Min	Тур	Max	Unit
tsu (PD)	Power down set up time		0			ns
trec (PD)	Power down recovery time		5			ms

(3) POWER DOWN CHARACTERISTICS

S₁ control mode



S₂ control mode



Keep safety first in your circuit designs!

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