

### SG6846A

#### **FEATURES**

- Two-level OCP with 1700ms delay time
- Output short-circuited delay time: 100ms
- Low start-up current (8μA)
- Low operating current (3.7mA)
- Peak-current mode operation with cycle-by-cycle current limiting
- Programmable PWM frequency with frequency hopping
- PWM frequency continuously decreasing with burst mode at light loads
- V<sub>DD</sub> over-voltage protection (OVP)
- AC input brownout protection with hysteresis and constant output power limit
- Constant output power limit (full AC input range)
- Internal latch circuit for OVP, OTP, and OCP
- Built-in soft-start
- Open-loop protection with 1700ms delay time

### **APPLICATIONS**

General-purpose switch-mode power supplies and flyback power converters, including:

- Power adapters
- Open-frame SMPS
- Specifically fit for SMPS with surge-current output (such as for printers, scanners, motor drivers, etc.)

### **DESCRIPTION**

The highly integrated SG6846A series of PWM controllers provides features to enhance the performance of flyback converters. To minimize standby power

consumption, a proprietary green-mode function provides off-time modulation to continuously decrease the switching frequency under light-load conditions. Under zero-load conditions, the power supply enters burst-mode.

The SG6846A is especially designed for SMPS with surge-current output, incorporated with a two-level OCP function. Besides the cycle-by-cycle current limiting, if the switching current is higher than two thirds the peak-current threshold for 1700ms, over-current protection is activated and the SG6846A latches off.

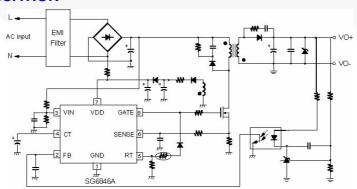
If the switching current is higher than two thirds the peak-current threshold for 100ms and the voltage on the VDD pin is higher than  $V_{DD\text{-}OFF}$  + 1V, the PWM pulses are latched off immediately once  $V_{DD}$  voltage is lower than  $V_{DD\text{-}OFF}$  + 1V; useful if an output short-circuit occurs.

SG6846A also integrates a frequency hopping function that reduces EMI emission of a power supply with minimum line filters. Its built-in synchronized slope compensation provides proprietary internal compensation for constant output power limit over a universal AC input range. Also, the gate output is clamped at 18V to protect the external MOSFET from over-voltage damage. Internal soft-start is built-in to reduce stress on the MOSFET and start-up current during power-on period.

Other protection functions include: AC input brownout protection with hysteresis,  $V_{DD}$  over-voltage protection, and over-temperature protection. For over-temperature protection, an external NTC thermistor can be applied to sense the ambient temperature. When OCP,  $V_{DD}$  OVP, or OTP are activated, an internal latch circuit is used to latch-off the controller. The PWM pulses stay latched off until the power supply is unplugged from the main outlet.

SG6846A is available in an 8-pin SOP package.

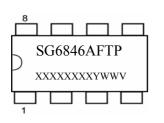
### **TYPICAL APPLICATION**





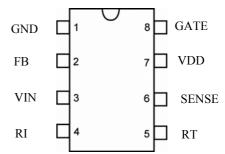
SG6846A

### **MARKING DIAGRAMS**



F: L=OCP Latch, C=OCP
auto-recovery
T: S=SOP
P: Z=Lead Free
Null=regular package
XXXXXXXX: Wafer Lot
Y: Year; WW: Week
V: Assembly Location

### **PIN CONFIGURATION**



### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

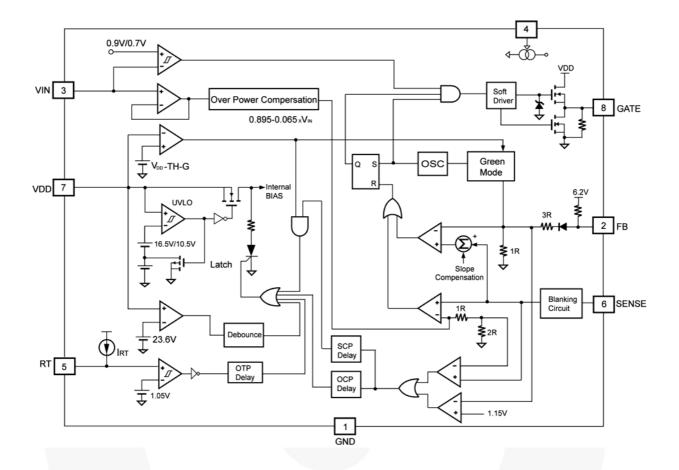
Part Number	OCP Latch	Pb-Free	Package
SG6846ALSZ	Yes		8-Pin SOP
SG6846ACSZ (Preliminary)	No		8-Pin SOP

# **PIN DESCRIPTIONS**

Pin No.	Symbol	Function	Description
1	GND	Ground	Ground.
2	FB	Feedback	The signal from the external compensation circuit is fed into this pin. The PWM duty cycle is determined in response to the signal from this pin and the current-sense signal from Pin 6.
3	VIN	Line-voltage Detection	Line-voltage detection. The line-voltage detection is used for brownout protection with hysteresis. Constant output power limit over a universal AC input range is also achieved using this VIN pin. Consider adding a low-pass filter to filter out line ripple on the bulk capacitor.
4	RI	Reference Setting	A resistor from the RI pin to ground generates a reference current source that determines the switching frequency. Increasing the resistance reduces the switching frequency. Using a $26k\Omega$ resistor results in a $65kHz$ switching frequency.
5	RT	Temperature Detection	For over-temperature protection, an external NTC thermistor is connected from this pin to the GND pin. The impedance of the NTC decreases at high temperatures. Once the voltage of the RT pin drops below a threshold, PWM output is disabled.
6	SENSE	Current Sense	Current sense. The sensed voltage is used for peak-current-mode control and cycle-by-cycle current limiting. If the switching current is higher than two thirds of the peak-current threshold for longer than 100ms and $V_{\text{DD}}$ is higher than 12V and lasts for 1700ms, over-current protection is activated. If an output short over-current also occurs and lasts for 100ms and $V_{\text{AUX}}$ is lower than 12V, SG6846A turns off immediately. This two-level OCP feature is especially suitable for SMPS with surge current output. It also has built-in 5ms soft-start time as switching frequency operates at 65KHz.
7	VDD	Power Supply	Power supply. If an open-circuit failure occurs in the feedback loop, the internal protection circuit disables PWM output as long as V <sub>DD</sub> exceeds the threshold.
8	GATE	Driver Output	The totem-pole output driver for the power MOSFET, internally clamped below 18V.



# **BLOCK DIAGRAM**





SG6846A

### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
$V_{VDD}$	Supply Voltage	25	V
V <sub>L</sub>	Input Voltage to VIN, FB, SENSE Pins	-0.3 to 7.0	V
P <sub>D</sub>	Power Dissipation	400	mW
$R_{\theta JC}$	Thermal Resistance (Junction-to-Case)	54.4	°C/W
TJ	Operating Junction Temperature	-40 to +125	°C
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage Temperature Range	-65 to +150	°C
$T_L$	Lead Temperature (Wave Soldering or Infrared, 10 Seconds)	260	°C
ESD	Electrostatic Discharge Capability, Human Body Model	5.0	kV
EOD	Electrostatic Discharge Capability, Machine Model	200	V

<sup>\*</sup> All voltage values, except differential voltages, are given with respect to GND pin.

# RECOMMENDED OPERATING JUNCTION TEMPERATURE

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating Ambient temperature	-20°C ~ 85°C	V

<sup>\*</sup>For proper operation

# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

 $V_{DD}$ =15V,  $T_A$ =25°C, unless otherwise noted.

# **V<sub>DD</sub> SECTION**

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
$V_{\text{DD-OP}}$	Continuously Operating Voltage				20	V
$V_{DD-ON}$	Turn-on Threshold Voltage		15.5	16.5	17.5	V
$V_{\text{DD-OFF}}$	Turn-off Voltage		9.5	10.5	11.5	٧
I <sub>DD-ST</sub>	Start-Up Current	V <sub>DD-ON</sub> – 0.16V	2		30	μΑ
I <sub>DD-OP</sub>	Operating Supply Current	GATE open			5	mA
$V_{\text{DD-OVP}}$	V <sub>DD</sub> Over-Voltage Protection (Latch off)		22.6	23.6	24.6	٧
t <sub>D-VDDOVP</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> OVP Debounce Time	R <sub>I</sub> =26KΩ		100		μs
$I_{\text{DD-OVP}}$	V <sub>DD</sub> OVP Latch-up Holding Current	V <sub>DD</sub> =5V			70	μΑ
$V_{\text{DD-SCP}}$	Threshold Voltage on V <sub>DD</sub> for Short-Circuit Protection	V <sub>CS</sub> >V <sub>STH</sub> lasts for T <sub>DELAY-Short</sub>	V <sub>DD-OFF</sub> + 0.5V	V <sub>DD-OFF</sub> + 1V	V <sub>DD-OFF</sub> + 1.5V	V

# **VIN SECTION**

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
$V_{\text{IN-OFF}}$	PWM Turn-off Threshold Voltage	0.65	0.70	0.75	V
V <sub>IN-ON</sub>	PWM Turn-on Threshold Voltage	V <sub>IN-OFF</sub> +0.18	V <sub>IN-OFF</sub> +0.2	V <sub>IN-OFF</sub> +0.22	V

<sup>\*</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device.



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# **FEEDBACK INPUT SECTION**

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
A <sub>V</sub>	Input Voltage to Current-Sense Attenuation	At Green Mode		1/4		V/V
Z <sub>FB</sub>	Input Impedance			5.5		$\mathbf{k}\Omega$
$V_{\text{FB-OPEN}}$	FB Pin Open Voltage		5.6	6.2	6.6	V
$V_{FB-OLP}$	FB Open-Loop Trigger Level		4.7	5.2	5.7	V
t <sub>D-OLP</sub>	Delay Time of FB Pin Open-Loop Protection	R <sub>I</sub> =26KΩ	1600	1700	1800	ms

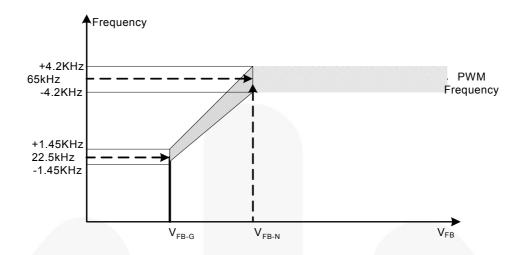
# **CURRENT-SENSE SECTION**

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Z <sub>SENSE</sub>	Input Impedance			12		$\mathbf{k}\Omega$
t <sub>PD</sub>	Delay to Output				250	ns
t <sub>LEB</sub>	Leading-Edge Blanking Time		270	360		ns
V <sub>STH1V</sub>	Threshold Voltage for Current Limit	V <sub>IN</sub> =1V	4	0.83		V
V <sub>STH3V</sub>	Threshold Voltage for Current Limit	V <sub>IN</sub> =3V		0.70		V
V <sub>STH1V-2/3</sub>	2/3 Threshold Voltage for Current Limit	V <sub>IN</sub> =1V	0.58	0.61	0.64	V
V <sub>STH3V-2/3</sub>	2/3 Threshold Voltage for Current Limit	V <sub>IN</sub> =3V	0.48	0.51	0.54	V
t <sub>D-OCP</sub>	*Delay Time for Over-Current Protection	R <sub>i</sub> =26KΩ	1500	1600	1700	ms
V <sub>SLOPE</sub>	Slope Compensation	Duty=DCY <sub>MAX</sub>		0.33		V
t <sub>D-Short</sub>	*Output Short Delay Time	$V_{CS} > V_{STH}, R_I = 26K\Omega$	92	100	108	ms
t <sub>SS-65KHz</sub>	Soft-Start Time	R <sub>i</sub> =26KΩ		5		ms
t <sub>SS-130KHz</sub>	Soft-Start Time	R <sub>i</sub> =13KΩ		2.5		ms

# **OSCILLATOR SECTION**

Symbol	Parameter		Test Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
_	Normal DWAA Fraguera	Center Frequency	R <sub>I</sub> =26KΩ, V <sub>FB</sub> >V <sub>N</sub>	62	65	68	141.1=
Fosc	Normal PWM Frequency	Jitter Range	R <sub>I</sub> =20KΩ, V <sub>FB</sub> >V <sub>N</sub>		±4.2		kHz
_	Maximum DMM Fraguesia	Center Frequency	R <sub>I</sub> =13KΩ, V <sub>FB</sub> >V <sub>N</sub>	124	130	136	141.1=
F <sub>OSC,MAX</sub>	Maximum PWM Frequency	Jitter Range	K -13K12, VFB>VN		±8.4		kHz
_ \	Minimum DIAMA Fraguency	Center Frequency	D-26KO V 5V	44.8	47.0	49.2	Id I=
F <sub>OSC,MIN</sub>	Minimum PWM Frequency	Jitter Range	$R_I$ =36K $\Omega$ , $V_{FB}$ > $V_N$		±2.9		kHz
t <sub>hop-1</sub>	Jitter Period		$R_I=26K\Omega$ , $V_{FB}>V_N$	/	4.4		ms
F <sub>osc-G</sub>	Green-Mode Minimum Frequency		R <sub>I</sub> =26KΩ	18.0	22.5	25.0	kHz
\ /	FB Pin Frequency Reduction	Pin, FB Voltage	D-00KO W -W		2.1		V
$V_{FB-N}$	Threshold	Jitter Range	$R_I=26K\Omega$ , $V_{FB}=V_N$		4.2		KHz
	ED Valtaria et E	Pin, FB Voltage	D-00KO W -W		1.6		V
$V_{FB-G}$	FB Voltage at Fosc-green	Jitter Range	$R_I=26K\Omega$ , $V_{FB}=V_G$		1.45		KHz
S <sub>G</sub>	Slope for Green-Mode Modulation		R <sub>i</sub> =26KΩ		85		Hz/mV
F <sub>DV</sub>	Frequency Variation vs. V <sub>DD</sub> Deviation	on	V <sub>DD</sub> =11.5V to 20V			5	%
F <sub>DT</sub>	Frequency Variation vs. Temperatur	e Deviation	T <sub>A</sub> =-20 to 85 °C		1.5	5.0	%





# **PWM OUTPUT SECTION**

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
DCY <sub>MAX</sub>	Maximum Duty Cycle			\	90	%
V <sub>GATE-L</sub>	Output Voltage Low	V <sub>DD</sub> =15V, I <sub>O</sub> =50mA			1.5	V
V <sub>GATE-H</sub>	Output Voltage High	V <sub>DD</sub> =12V, I <sub>O</sub> =50mA	8			V
$t_R$	Rising Time	GATE=1nF		350		ns
t <sub>F</sub>	Falling Time	GATE=1nF		50		ns
V <sub>GATE-CLAMP</sub>	Gate Output Clamping Voltage	V <sub>DD</sub> =20V			18	V

### **OVER-TEMPERATURE PROTECTION SECTION**

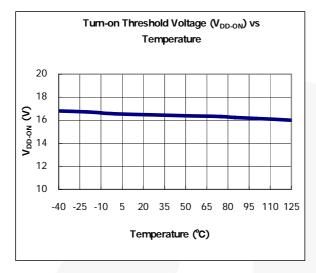
Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
I <sub>RT</sub>	Output Current of RT Pin	R <sub>I</sub> =26KΩ	64	70	76	μΑ
V <sub>RTTH</sub>	Threshold Voltage for Over-Temperature Protection		1.015	1.065	1.115	V
t <sub>D-OTP</sub>	Over-Temperature Latch-Off Debounce	R <sub>i</sub> =26KΩ	//	100		ms

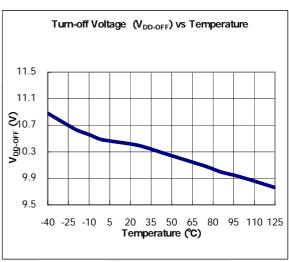
# **RI SECTION**

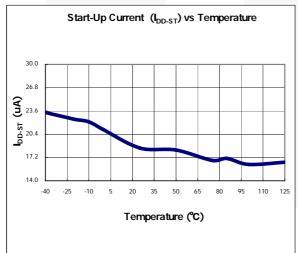
Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
RI <sub>NOR</sub>	RI Operating Range		13		36	$\mathbf{k}\Omega$

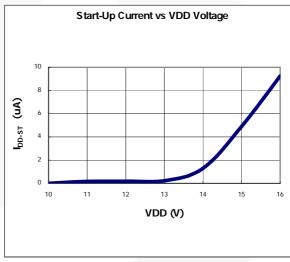


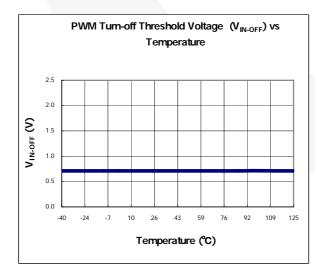
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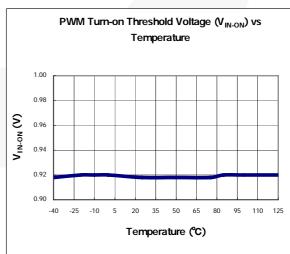




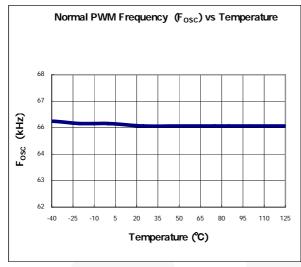


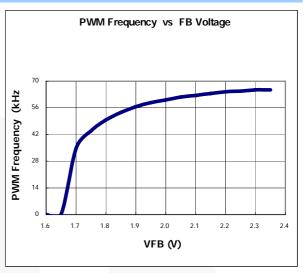


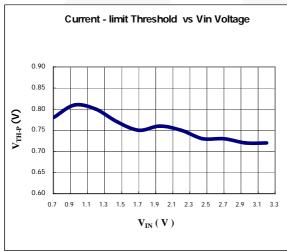


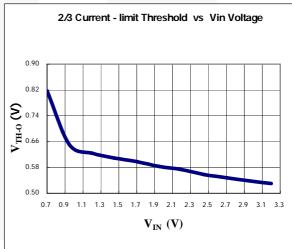


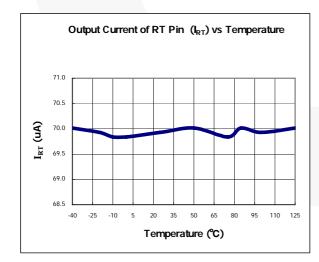
### SG6846A

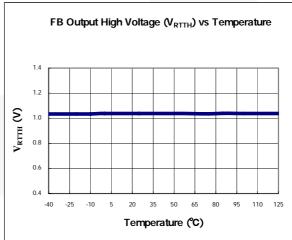














#### SG6846A

#### **OPERATION DESCRIPTION**

#### **Start-up Operation**

The turn-on/turn-off thresholds are fixed internally at 16.5V/10.5V. To enable the SG6846A during start-up, the hold-up capacitor must first be charged to 16.5V through the start-up resistor.

The hold-up capacitor continues to supply  $V_{DD}$  before energy can be delivered from the auxiliary winding of the main transformer. The  $V_{DD}$  must not drop below 10.5V during this start-up process. This UVLO hysteresis window ensures that the hold-up capacitor can adequately supply  $V_{DD}$  during start-up.

The typical start-up current is only  $8\mu A$ , which allows a high-resistance, low-wattage start-up resistor to minimize power loss. A  $1.5M\,\Omega/0.25W$  start-up resistor and a  $10\mu F/25V\,V_{DD}$  hold-up capacitor are sufficient for a universal input range.

The required operating current has been reduced to 3.7mA, which enables higher efficiency and reduces the  $V_{DD}$  hold-up capacitance requirement.

### **Green-Mode Operation**

The proprietary green-mode function provides off-time modulation to continuously decrease the switching frequency under light-load conditions. Maximum on-time is limited to provide protection against abnormal conditions. To further reduce power consumption under zero-load condition, the PWM oscillator is completely turned off and the power supply enters burst-mode. This green-mode function dramatically reduces power consumption under light-load and zero-load conditions. Power supplies using the SG6846A can meet even the most restrictive international regulations regarding standby power consumption.

### **Oscillator Operation**

A resistor connected from the RI pin to GND generates a reference current source used to determine the PWM frequency. Increasing the resistance decreases the amplitude of the current source and reduces the PWM frequency. Using a  $26k\,\Omega$  resistor results in a

corresponding 65kHz switching frequency. The relationship between R<sub>I</sub> and the switching frequency is:

$$f_{\text{PWM}}(\text{kHz}) = \frac{1690}{R_{I}(\text{k}\Omega)} \quad ----- \quad (1)$$

If an open-circuit or short-circuit to ground occurs at the RI pin, the internal protection circuit immediately shuts down the controller.

#### **Two-Level Over-Current Protection**

The cycle-by-cycle current limiting shuts down the PWM immediately when the switching current is over the peak-current threshold. Additionally, when the switching current is higher than two thirds the peak-current threshold, the internal counter counts down. When the total accumulated counting time is more than around  $1600 \text{ms} \ (R_i=26 \text{k}\Omega)$ , the controller is latched off the internal counter counting up. When the switching current is lower than two thirds of the peak current threshold, the internal counter counts down. When the total accumulated counting time is more than about  $1700 \text{ms} \ (R_i=26 \text{k}\Omega)$ , the controller is latched off.

This two-level OCP protection and up/down counter are especially designed for SMPS with surge current for printers, scanners, motor drivers, etc.

#### **Constant Output Power Limit**

For constant output power limit over a universal input-voltage range, the peak-current threshold is adjusted by the voltage of the VIN pin. Since the VIN pin is connected to the rectified AC input line voltage through the resistive divider, a higher line voltage generates a higher  $V_{\rm IN}$  voltage. The threshold voltage decreases as the  $V_{\rm IN}$  voltage increases, making the maximum output power at high-line input voltage equal to that at low-line input.

#### **Brownout Protection**

Since the VIN pin is connected through a resistive divider to the rectified AC input line voltage, it can also be used for brownout protection. If the  $V_{\rm IN}$  voltage is less than 0.7V, the PWM output shuts off. If the  $V_{\rm IN}$  voltage is over 0.9V, the PWM output turns on again. The hysteresis window for ON/OFF is around 0.2V.

# **V<sub>DD</sub> Over-voltage Protection**

 $V_{\rm DD}$  over-voltage protection is built-in to prevent the controller from over-voltage destruction. When  $V_{\rm DD}$  voltage is over 23.6V, the SG6846A is latched off.

#### **Over-Temperature Protection**

An external NTC thermistor can be connected from the RT pin to GND. The impedance of the NTC decreases at high temperatures. When the voltage of the RT pin drops below 1.065V, the SG6846A is turned off. For the protection modes options, please see ORDER INFORMATION.

#### **Noise Immunity**

Noise from the current sense or the control signal may cause significant pulse jitter, particularly in continuous-conduction mode. Slope compensation helps alleviate this problem. Good placement and layout practices should be followed. Avoid long PCB traces and component leads. Compensation and filter components should be located near the SG6846A. Usually an RC network is put on between sensing resistor and the CS pin to filter high-frequency switching noise, as shown Figure 1.

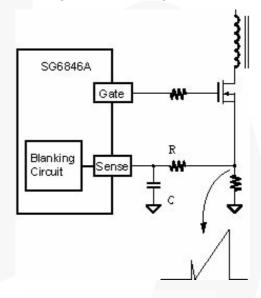
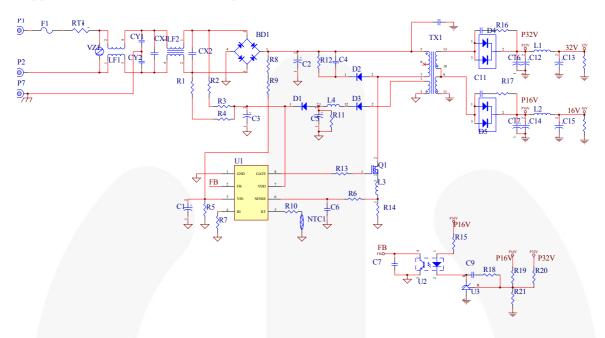


FIG-1 Current Sense RC Filter



# **REFERENCE CIRCUIT**

# **Application Circuit for 32V/16V Output**

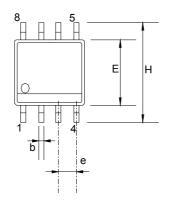


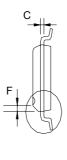
### **BOM**

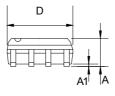
PART NO.	VALUE	PART NO.	VALUE	PART NO.	VALUE
R1, R2, R3, R4	470ΚΩ +/-5%	C4	103 P 630V	D3	FR103 1.0A 200V
R8, R9	S1MΩ +/-1%	C10,C11	102 P 1KV	BD1	DBL406G
R5	16K2Ω +/-1%	C6,C7	102 P 50V	D4	BYT28-300
R15	1K5Ω +/-5%	C9	222 P 50V	D5	BYV32-150
R13	10Ω +/-5%	C14,C17	470µ 25V	F1	250V4A QUICK
R18	4K7Ω +/-5%	C15	220µ 25V	L1,L2	1.8µH
R21	15ΚΩ +/-1%	C13,C16	220µ 50V	L4	10µH
R7	27ΚΩ +/-5%	C2	150µ 400V	U3	TL431 +/-1%
R6	330Ω +/-1%	C1	4µ7 50V	U1	SG 6846
R19	102ΚΩ +/-1%	C3	10μ 50V	U2	PC817
R14	0Ω22 +/-5%	CX1	X1 0.47μ 275V	Q1	7NB60
R16, R17	1W 20Ω +/-5%	C8	Y2 222P 250V	TX1	EI-33
R11	20ΚΩ +/-5%	C5	100µ 50V	RT1	SCK053
R12	100ΚΩ +/-5%	CX2	X2 0.1µF 275V	VZ1	14ψ 470V
R20	887KΩ +/-1%	D1	1N4148		
R22	10ΚΩ +/-1%	D2	BYV95C		

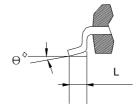


# PACKAGE INFORMATION8PINS-SOP(S)









# **Dimensions**

Symbol	Millimeter			Inch	Inch		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Α	1.346		1.752	0.053		0.069	
A1	0.101		0.254	0.004	-	0.010	
b		0.406			0.016		
С		0.203			0.008		
D	4.648		4.978	0.183		0.196	
E	3.810		3.987	0.150		0.157	
е	1.016	1.270	1.524	0.040	0.050	0.060	
F		0.381X45°			0.015X45°		
Н	5.791		6.197	0.228		0.244	
L	0.406		1.270	0.016		0.050	
θ°	0°		8°	0°		8°	



SG6846A





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#### PRODUCT STATUS DEFINITIONS

#### Definition of Terms

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