

# 800mA Low Dropout Voltage Regulator

## FEATURES

- Guaranteed 0.8A Output Current
- Guaranteed 1A Peak Current
- Three Terminal Adjustable or Fixed 1.5V, 1.8V, 2.5V, 2.85V, 3.0V, 3.3V and 5V
- Low Quiescent Current
- Low Dropout Voltage of 1.1V at 0.8A
- 0.1% Line and 0.2% Load Regulation
- Stable with 2.2uF Ceramic Capacitor
- Overcurrent and Thermal Protection
- Lead Free, RoHS Compliant Packages: SOT-223, TO-252, TO-220, and TO-263

## APPLICATIONS

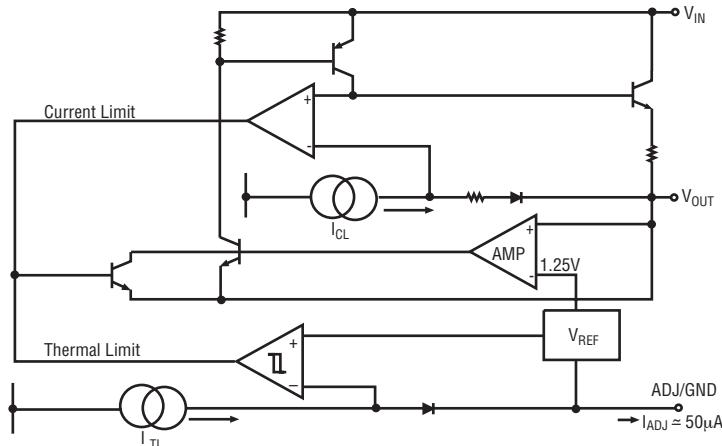
- Desktop PC's Servers
- SCSI-II Active Terminator
- Portable/ Palm Top / Notebook Computers
- Cordless Phones
- Battery Chargers
- Disk Drives
- Portable Consumer Equipment
- Portable Instrumentation
- SMPS Post-Regulator

## DESCRIPTION

The SPX1117 is a low power positive-voltage regulator designed to satisfy moderate power requirements with a cost effective, small footprint solution. This device is an excellent choice for use in battery-powered applications and portable computers. The SPX1117 features very low quiescent current and a low dropout voltage of 1.1V at a full load. As output current decreases, quiescent current flows into the load, increasing efficiency. SPX1117 is available in adjustable or fixed 1.5V, 1.8V, 2.5V, 2.85V, 3.0V, 3.3V and 5V output voltages.

The SPX1117 is offered in several 3-pin surface mount packages: SOT-223, TO-252, TO-220 and TO-263. An output capacitor of 10 $\mu$ F provides unconditional stability while a smaller 2.2 $\mu$ F capacitor is sufficient for most applications.

## FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM



## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Power Dissipation.....	Internally Limited
Lead Temperature (soldering, 5 seconds) .....	260°C
Storage Temperature Range.....	-65°C to +150°C
Operating Junction Temperature Range.....	-40°C to +125°C
Input Supply Voltage .....	+20V
Input to Output Voltage .....	18.8V
ESD Rating.....	2kV min

These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these ratings or any other above those indicated in the operation sections of the specifications below is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods of time may affect reliability.

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 10\mu\text{F}$ , unless otherwise specified. The Boldface applies over the full operating temperature range.

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
<b>1.5V Version</b>					
Output Voltage	$I_{OUT} = 5\text{mA}$ , $V_{IN} = 3.0\text{V}$ , $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $5\text{mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 800\text{mA}$ , $2.9\text{V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 10\text{V}$	1.485 <b>1.470</b>	1.500	1.515 <b>1.530</b>	V
<b>1.8V Version</b>					
Output Voltage	$I_{OUT} = 5\text{mA}$ , $V_{IN} = 3.3\text{V}$ , $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $5\text{mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 800\text{mA}$ , $3.2\text{V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 10\text{V}$	1.782 <b>1.764</b>	1.800	1.818 <b>1.836</b>	V
<b>2.5V Version</b>					
Output Voltage	$I_{OUT} = 5\text{mA}$ , $V_{IN} = 4.0\text{V}$ , $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $5\text{mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 800\text{mA}$ , $3.9\text{V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 10\text{V}$	2.475 <b>2.450</b>	2.500	2.525 <b>2.550</b>	V
<b>2.85V Version</b>					
Output Voltage	$I_{OUT} = 5\text{mA}$ , $V_{IN} = 4.35\text{V}$ , $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $5\text{mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 800\text{mA}$ , $4.25\text{V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 10\text{V}$	2.821 <b>2.793</b>	2.850	2.878 <b>2.907</b>	V
<b>3.00V Version</b>					
Output Voltage	$I_{OUT} = 5\text{mA}$ , $V_{IN} = 4.5\text{V}$ , $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $5\text{mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 800\text{mA}$ , $4.4\text{V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 10\text{V}$	2.970 <b>2.940</b>	3.000	3.030 <b>3.060</b>	V
<b>3.30V Version</b>					
Output Voltage	$I_{OUT} = 5\text{mA}$ , $V_{IN} = 4.8\text{V}$ , $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $5\text{mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 800\text{mA}$ , $4.7\text{V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 10\text{V}$	3.267 <b>3.234</b>	3.300	3.333 <b>3.366</b>	V
<b>5V Version</b>					
Output Voltage	$I_{OUT} = 5\text{mA}$ , $V_{IN} = 6.5\text{V}$ $5\text{mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 800\text{mA}$ , $6.4\text{V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 12\text{V}$	4.950 <b>4.90</b>	5	5.050 <b>5.10</b>	V
<b>All Voltage Options</b>					
Reference Voltage	$I_{OUT} = 5\text{mA}$ , $(V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) = 2\text{V}$ , $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $5\text{mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 800\text{mA}$ , $1.4\text{V} \leq (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) \leq 10\text{V}$	1.238 <b>1.225</b>	1.250	1.262 <b>1.270</b>	V
Output Voltage Temperature Stability			0.3		%
Line Regulation (Note 1)	$V_{INMIN} \leq V_{IN} \leq 12\text{V}$ , $V_{OUT} = \text{Fixed/Adj}$ , $I_{OUT} = 5\text{mA}$		3	7	mV
Load Regulation (Note 1)	$5\text{mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 800\text{mA}$ , $V_{OUT} = \text{Fixed/Adj}$		6	<b>12</b>	mV
Dropout Voltage (Note 2)	$I_{OUT} = 100\text{mA}$ $I_{OUT} = 500\text{mA}$ $I_{OUT} = 800\text{mA}$		1.00 1.05 1.10	<b>1.20</b> <b>1.25</b> <b>1.30</b>	V
Quiescent Current	$4.25\text{V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 6.5\text{V}$		5	<b>10</b>	mA

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## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 10\mu\text{F}$ , unless otherwise specified. The Boldface applies over the full operating temperature range.

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Adjust Pin Current			50	<b>120</b>	$\mu\text{A}$
Current Limit	$(V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) = 5\text{V}$	1.0	1.5	2.0	A
Thermal Regulation	$25^\circ\text{C}$ , 30mS pulse		0.01	0.1	%/W
Ripple Rejection	$f_{RIPPLE} = 120\text{Hz}$ , $(V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) = 2\text{V}$ , $V_{RIPPLE} = 1\text{V}_{pp}$	60	75		dB
Long Term Stability	$125^\circ\text{C}$ , 1000Hrs		0.03		%
RMS Output Noise	% of $V_{OUT}$ , $10\text{Hz} \leq f \leq 10\text{kHz}$		0.003		%

\*Note 1 - For fixed option,  $V_{INMIN} = V_{OUT} + 1.5\text{V}$

- For adjustable option,  $V_{INMIN} = V_{IN} - V_{OUT} = 1.4\text{V}$

\*Note 2 - Dropout voltage is the input voltage minus output voltage that produces a 1% decrease in output voltage with respect to the nominal output voltage at  $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1.5\text{V}$

## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

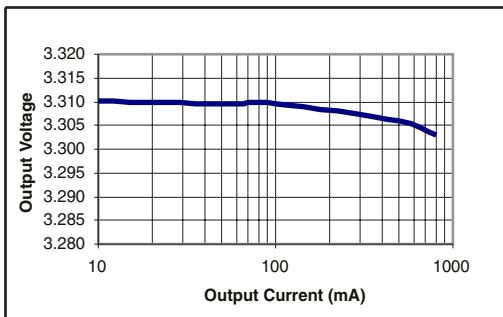


Figure 1. Load Regulation for SPX1117M3-3.3;  
 $V_{IN}=4.8V$

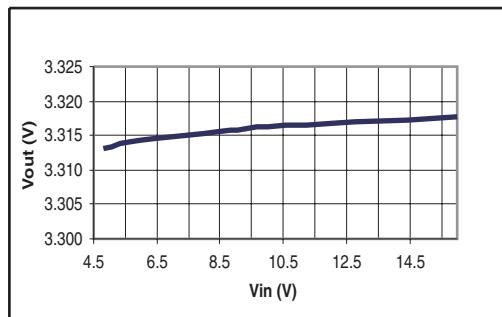


Figure 2. Line Regulation for SPX1117M3-3.3;  
 $I_{OUT}=10mA$

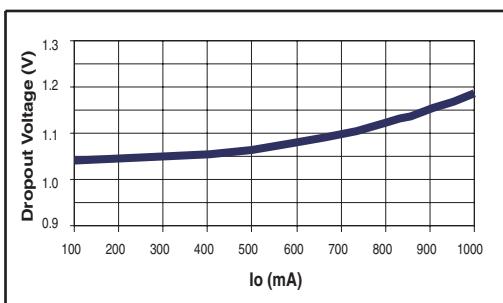


Figure 3. Dropout Voltage vs Output Current for  
SPX1117M3-3.3;  $V_{IN}=4.8V$ ,  $C_{OUT}=2.2\mu F$

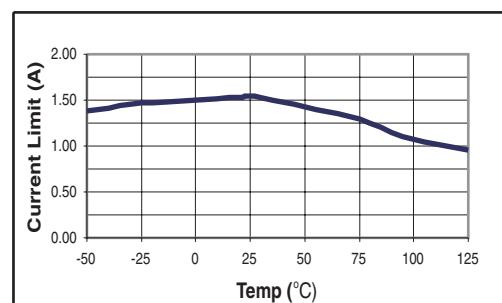


Figure 4. Current Limit for SPX1117M3-3.3;  $V_{IN}=4.8V$ ,  
 $C_{IN}=C_{OUT}=1\mu F$ ,  $I_{OUT}$  pulsed from 10mA to Current Limit

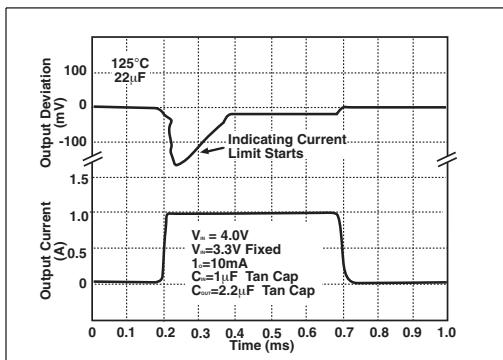


Figure 5. Current Limit for SPX1117M3-3.3, Output Voltage Deviation with  $I_{OUT}=10mA$  to 1A Step

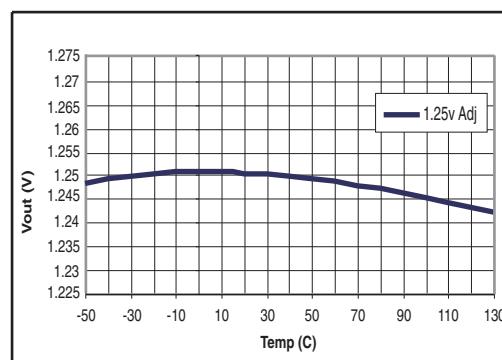


Figure 6.  $V_{OUT}$  vs Temperature,  $V_{IN}=2.5V$ ,  $I_{OUT}=10mA$

## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS: Continued

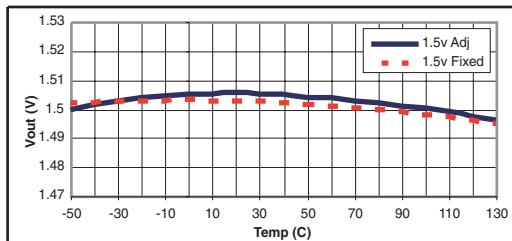


Figure 7.  $V_{IN}=3.0V$ ,  $I_{OUT}=10mA$

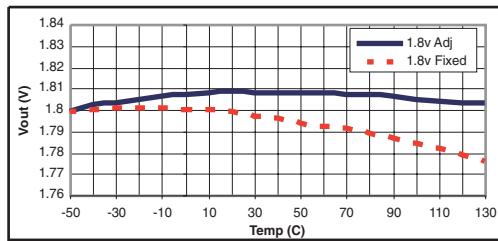


Figure 8.  $V_{IN}=3.3V$ ,  $I_{OUT}=10mA$

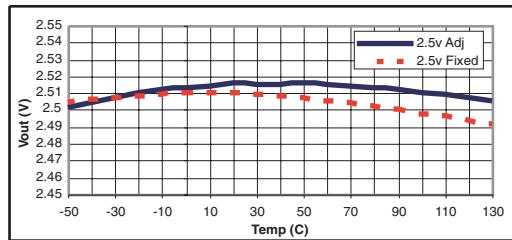


Figure 9.  $V_{IN}=4.0V$ ,  $I_{OUT}=10mA$

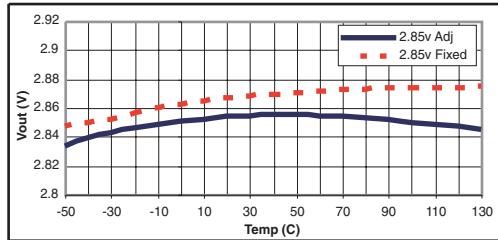


Figure 10.  $V_{IN}=4.85V$ ,  $I_{OUT}=10mA$

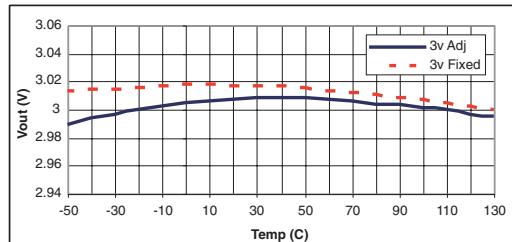


Figure 11.  $V_{IN}=4.85V$ ,  $I_{OUT}=10mA$

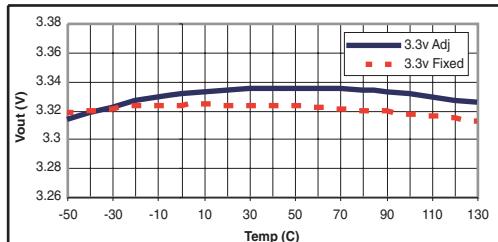


Figure 12.  $V_{IN}=5.0V$ ,  $I_{OUT}=10mA$

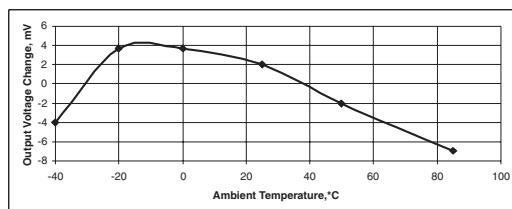


Figure 13. Line Regulation vs Temperature.  $V_{OUT}=1.8V$  (adjustable),  $V_{IN}=3.3V$

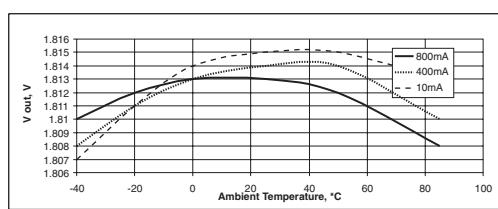


Figure 14. Output Voltage vs Temperature at different Current Loads,  $V_{IN}=3.3V$ ,  $V_{OUT}=1.8V$  Adjustable

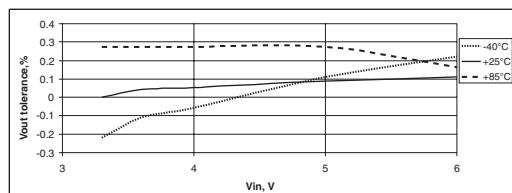
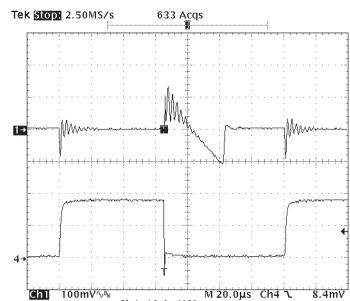
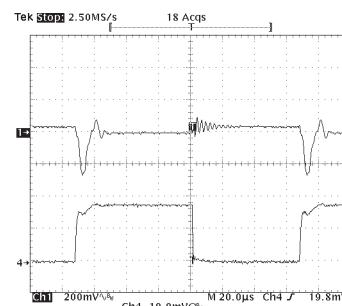


Figure 15. Line Regulation at  $I_{LOAD}=800mA$  over Temperature,  $V_{OUT}=1.8V$  adjustable

## Output Capacitor

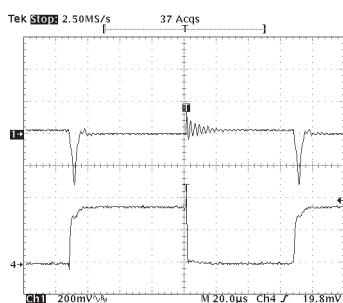
To ensure the stability of the SPX1117, an output capacitor of at least  $2.2\mu\text{F}$  (tantalum or ceramic) or  $10\mu\text{F}$  (aluminum) is required. The value may change based on the application requirements of the output load or temperature range. The value of ESR can vary based on the type of capacitor used in the applications to guarantee stability. The recommended value for ESR is  $0.5\Omega$  or less. A larger value of output capacitance (up to  $100\mu\text{F}$ ) can improve the load transient response.



**Figure 16. Load Step Response (0 to 800mA),  $V_{in}=3.3\text{V}$ ,  $V_{out}=1.8\text{V}$ ,  $C_{in}=10\mu\text{F}$ ,  $C_{out}=2.2\mu\text{F}$ , Ceramic; 1 =  $V_{out}$ , 4 =  $I_{load}$**

## Soldering Methods

The SPX1117 SOT-223 package is designed to be compatible with infrared reflow or vapor-phase reflow soldering techniques. During soldering, the non-active or mildly active fluxes may be used. The SPX1117 die is attached to the heatsink lead which exits opposite the input, output, and ground pins.



**Figure 17. Load Step Response (0 to 800mA),  $V_{in}=3.3\text{V}$ ,  $V_{out}=1.8\text{V}$ ,  $C_{in}=10\mu\text{F}$ ,  $C_{out}=2.2\mu\text{F}$ , OSCON; 1 =  $V_{out}$ , 4 =  $I_{load}$**

## Thermal Characteristics

The thermal resistance of SPX1117 (SOT-223 Package) is 15°C/W from junction to tab and 31 °C/W from tab to ambient for a total of 46 °C/W from junction to ambient (Table 1). The SPX1117 features the internal thermal limiting to protect the device during overload conditions. Special care needs to be taken during continuous load conditions such that the maximum junction temperature does not exceed 125 °C. Thermal protection is activated at >155°C and deactivated at <140 °C.

Taking the FR-4 printed circuit board and 1/16 thick with 1 ounce copper foil as an experiment (fig.13), the PCB material is effective at transmitting heat with the tab attached to the pad area and a ground plane layer on the backside of the substrate. Refer to table 1 for the results of the experiment.

The thermal interaction from other components in the application can effect the thermal resistance of the SPX1117. The actual thermal resistance can be determined with experimentation.

SPX1117 power dissipation is calculated as follows:

$$P_D = (V_{IN} - V_{OUT})(I_{OUT})$$

Maximum Junction Temperature range:

$$T_J = T_A(\text{max}) + P_D * \text{thermal resistance} \\ (\text{junction-to-ambient})$$

Maximum junction temperature must not exceed the 125°C.

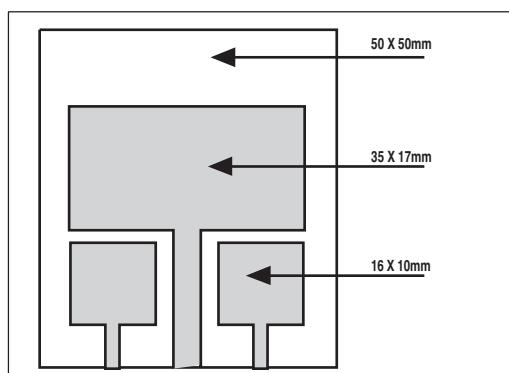


Figure 19. Substrate Layout for SOT-223

## Ripple Rejection

Ripple rejection can be improved by adding a capacitor between the ADJ pin and ground as shown in Figure 23. When ADJ pin bypassing is used, the value of the output capacitor required increases to its maximum. If the ADJ pin is not bypassed, the value of the output capacitor can be lowered to 10µF for an electrolytic aluminum capacitor or 2.2µF for a ceramic or solid tantalum capacitor (Fig 22).

However the value of the ADJ-bypass capacitor should be chosen with respect to the following equation:

$$C = 1 / (6.28 * F_R * R_1)$$

Where

$C$  = value of the capacitor in Farads

(select an equal or larger standard value),

$F_R$  = ripple frequency in Hz,

$R_1$  = value of resistor R1 in Ohms.

If an ADJ-bypass capacitor is used, the amplitude of the output ripple will be independent of the output voltage. If an ADJ-bypass capacitor is not used, the output ripple will be proportional to the ratio of the output voltage to the reference voltage:

$$M = V_{OUT} / V_{REF}$$

Where  $M$  = multiplier for the ripple seen when the ADJ pin is optimally bypassed.

$$V_{REF} = 1.25V$$

Ripple rejection for the adjustable version is shown in Figure 20.

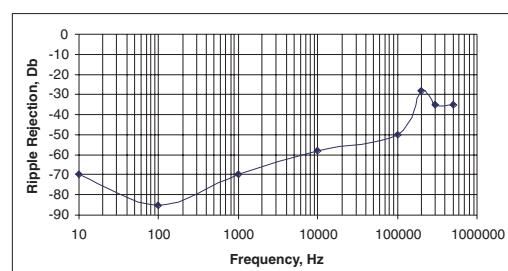


Figure 20. Ripple Rejection;  $V_{IN}=3.3V$ ,  $V_{OUT}=1.8V$  (adj.),  $I_{load}=200mA$

**TABLE 1**

PC BOARD mm <sup>2</sup>	TOPSIDE COPPER mm <sup>2</sup>	BACKSIDE COPPER mm <sup>2</sup>	THERMAL RESISTANCE JUNC. TO AMB. °C/W
2500	2500	2500	46
2500	1250	2500	47
2500	950	2500	49
2500	2500	0	51
2500	1800	0	53
1600	600	1600	55
2500	1250	0	58
2500	915	0	59
1600	600	0	67
900	240	900	72
900	240	0	85

**Output Voltage**

The output of the adjustable regulator can be set to any voltage between 1.25V and 15V. The value of  $V_{OUT}$  can be quickly approximated using the formula

$$V_{OUT} = 1.25 * (R_1 + R_2) / R_1.$$

A small correction to this formula is required depending on the values of resistors  $R_1$  and  $R_2$ , since the adjustable pin current (approx 50µA) flows through  $R_2$ . When  $I_{ADJ}$  is taken into account, the formula becomes

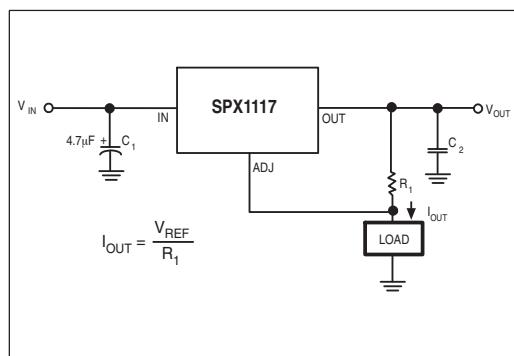


Figure 21. Current Source

$$V_{OUT} = V_{REF} \left(1 + \frac{R_2}{R_1}\right) + I_{ADJ} * R_2,$$

where

$$V_{REF} = 1.25V.$$

**Layout Considerations**

Parasitic line resistance can degrade load regulation. In order to avoid this, connect  $R_1$  directly to  $V_{OUT}$  as illustrated in Figure 25. For the same reason,  $R_2$  should be connected to the negative side of the load.

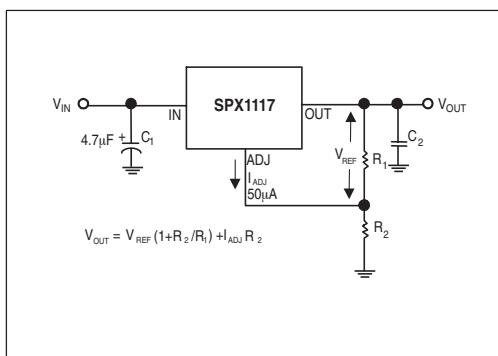


Figure 22. Typical Adjustable Regulator

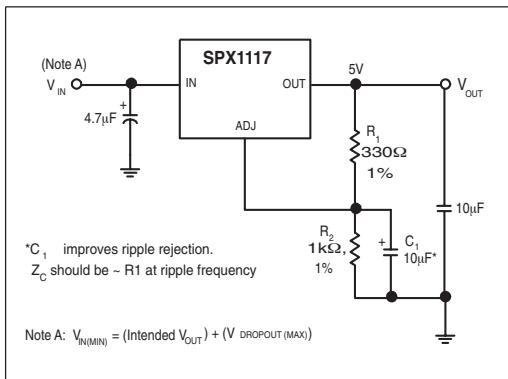


Figure 23. Improving Ripple Rejection

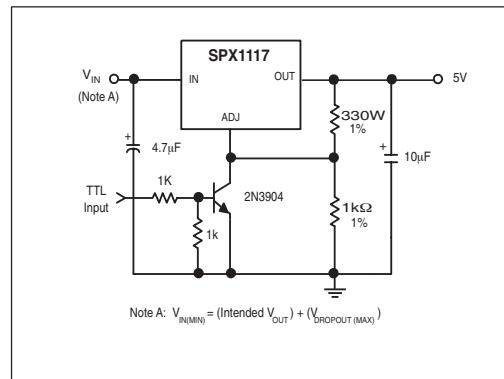


Figure 24. 5V Regulator with Shutdown

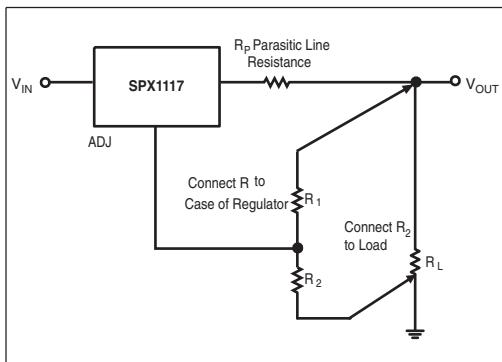
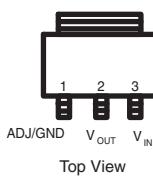


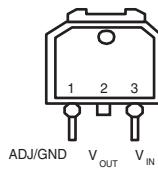
Figure 25. Recommended Connections for Best Results

## PINOUTS

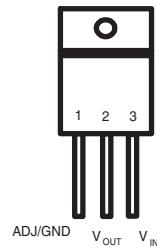
SOT-223 (M3)



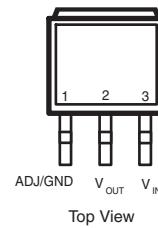
TO-252 (R)



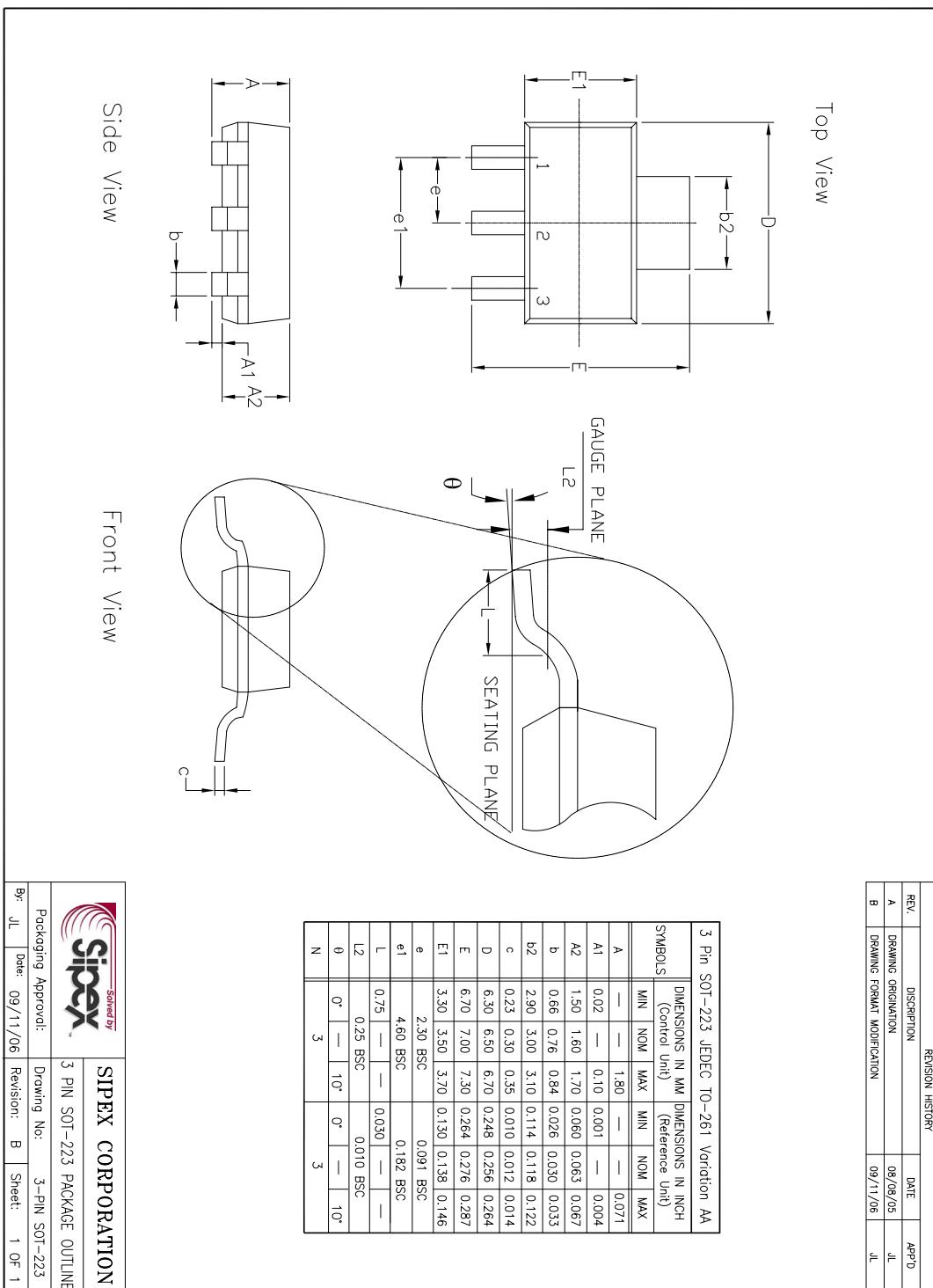
TO-220-3 (U)



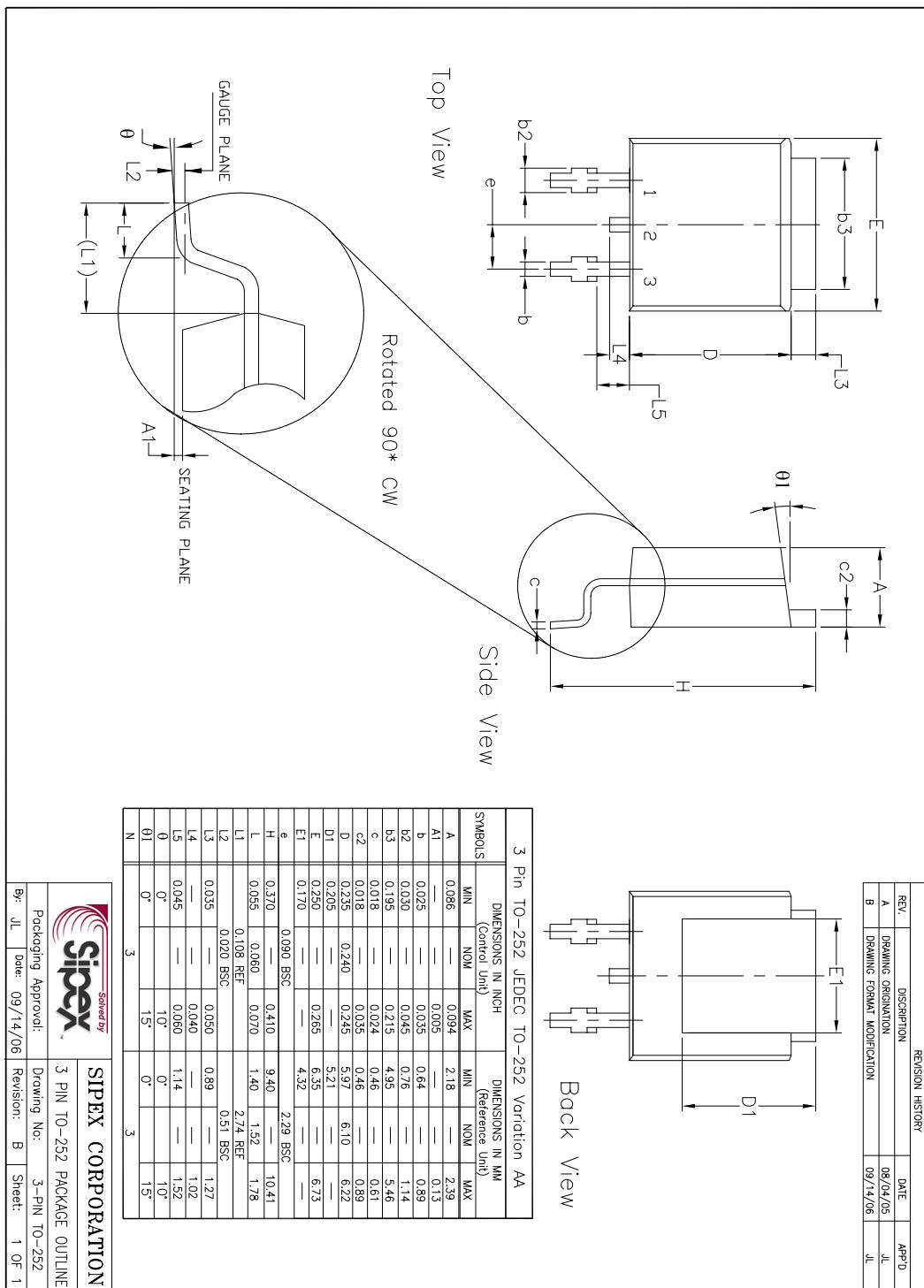
TO-263-3 (T)

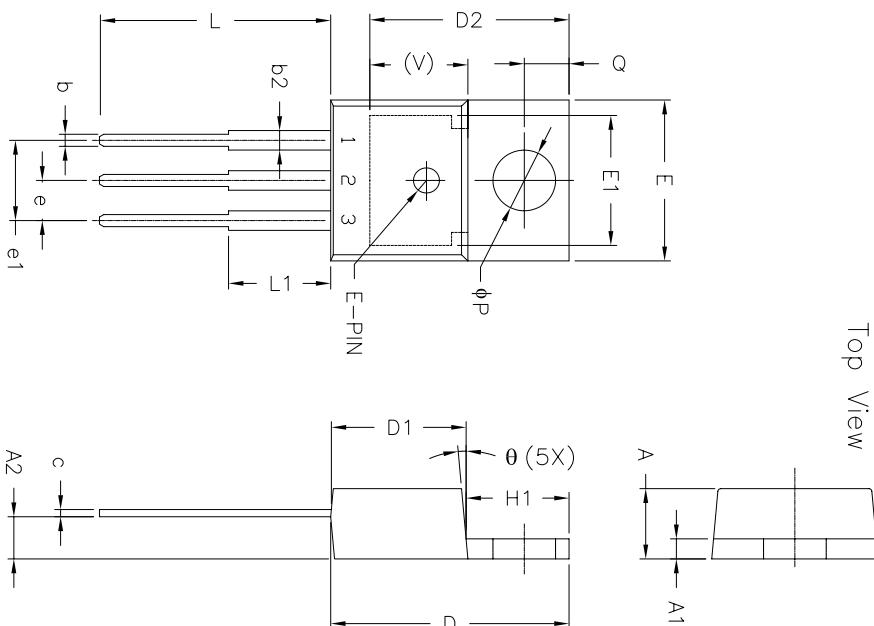


Note: For all Pinouts, TAB is connected to Pin2 Vout.



REVISION HISTORY			
REV. A	DESCRIPTION DRAWING ORIGINATOR	DATE 08/08/05	APP'D JL
B	DRAWING FORMAT MODIFICATION	09/11/06	JL

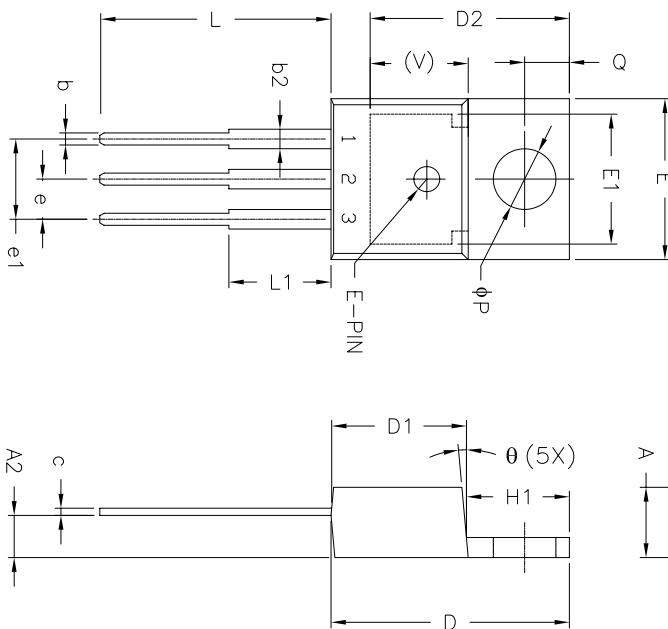




3 Pin TO-220 (Option 1)* JEDEC TO-220-AB				
SYMBOLS	DIMENSIONS IN INCH (Control Unit)		DIMENSIONS IN MM (Reference Unit)	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	0.140	0.190	3.56	4.82
A1	0.020	0.055	0.51	1.40
A2	0.080	0.115	2.03	2.92
b	0.015	0.040	0.38	1.02
c	0.014	0.024	0.36	0.61
D	0.560	0.650	14.22	16.51
D1	0.330	0.355	8.38	9.02
D2	0.480	0.507	12.19	12.88
E	0.380	0.420	9.65	10.67
E1	0.270	0.350	6.86	8.89
e	0.100	BSC	2.54	BSC
e1	0.200	BSC	5.08	BSC
H1	0.230	0.270	5.84	6.86
L	0.500	0.580	12.70	14.73
L1	—	0.250	—	6.35
P	0.139	0.156	3.53	3.96
Q	0.103	0.113	2.62	2.87
V	0.240	REF	6.10	REF
θ	3°	7°	3°	7°
N	3		3	

\* Refer to product datasheet for P0D option being used

SIPEX CORPORATION	
3 PIN TO-220 PACKAGE OUTLINE	
Packaging Approval:	3-PIN TO-220
By: JL Date: 05/25/06 Revision: B Sheet: 1 OF 2	



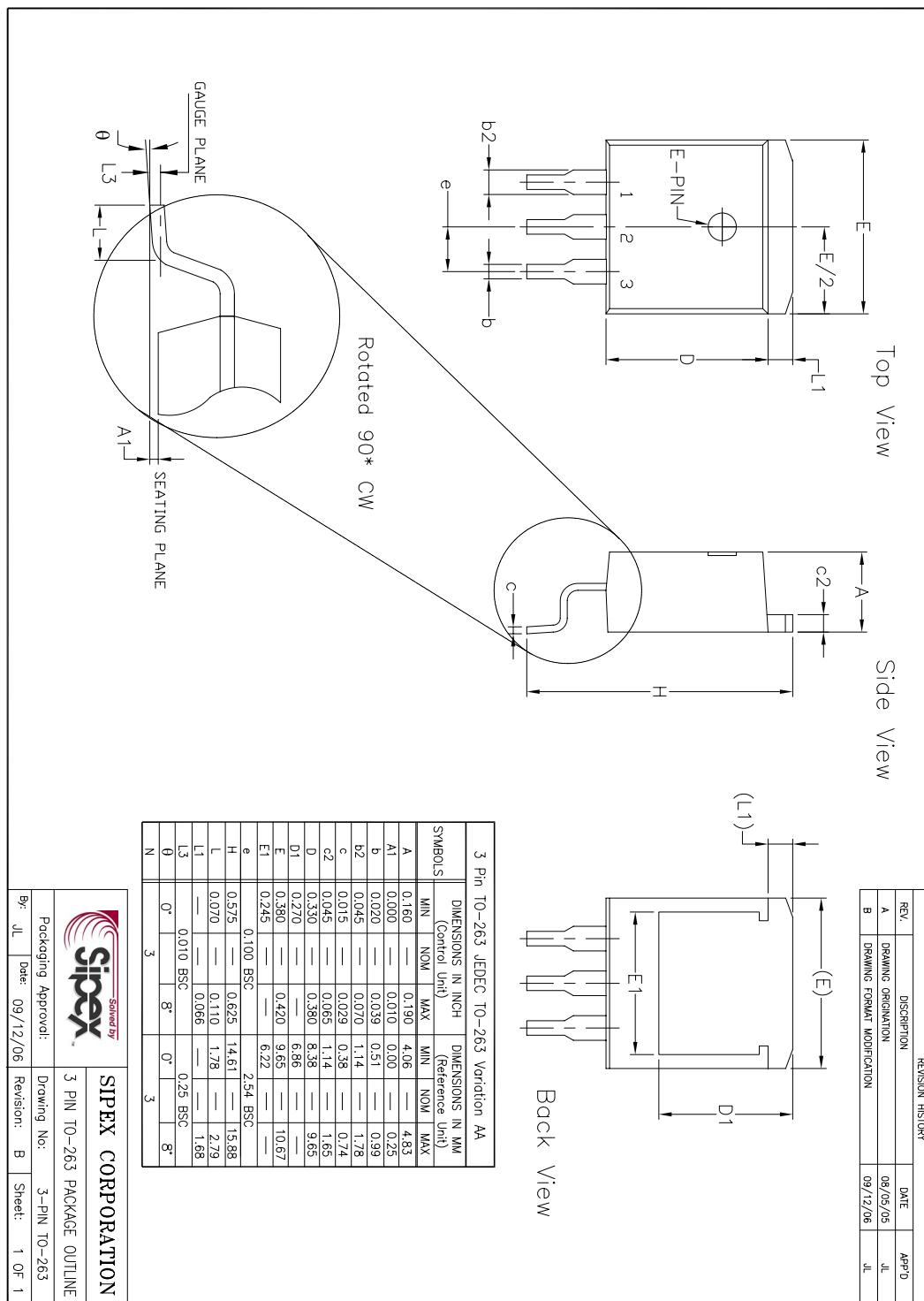
\* Refer to product datasheet for P00 option being used

SIPEX CORPORATION	
3 PIN TO-220 PACKAGE OUTLINE	
Packaging Approval:	3-PIN TO-220
By: JL	Date: 05/25/06
Revision: B	Sheet: 1 OF 2

Front View

Side View

REVISION HISTORY			
REV.	DISCUSSION	DATE	APP'D
A	DRAWING ORIGINATOR	06/04/05	JL
B	DRAWING FORMAT MODIFICATION	05/25/06	JL



SIPEX CORPORATION	
3 PIN TO-263 PACKAGE OUTLINE	
Packaging Approval:	3-PIN TO-263
By: J.L. Date: 09/12/06 Revision: B Sheet: 1 OF 1	

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**ORDERING INFORMATION**

PART NUMBER	ACC.	OUTPUT VOLTAGE	PACKAGE
SPX1117HM3 .....	1%	Adj .....	3 Pin SOT-223
SPX1117HM3/TR .....	1%	Adj .....	3 Pin SOT-223
SPX1117HM3-1.5 .....	1%	1.5V .....	3 Pin SOT-223
SPX1117HM3-1.5/TR .....	1%	1.5V .....	3 Pin SOT-223
SPX1117HM3-1.8 .....	1%	1.8V .....	3 Pin SOT-223
SPX1117HM3-1.8/TR .....	1%	1.8V .....	3 Pin SOT-223
SPX1117HM3-2.5 .....	1%	2.5V .....	3 Pin SOT-223
SPX1117HM3-2.5/TR .....	1%	2.5V .....	3 Pin SOT-223
SPX1117HM3-2.85 .....	1%	2.85V .....	3 Pin SOT-223
SPX1117HM3-2.85/TR .....	1%	2.85V .....	3 Pin SOT-223
SPX1117HM3-3.0 .....	1%	3.0V .....	3 Pin SOT-223
SPX1117HM3-3.0/TR .....	1%	3.0V .....	3 Pin SOT-223
SPX1117HM3-3.3 .....	1%	3.3V .....	3 Pin SOT-223
SPX1117HM3-3.3/TR .....	1%	3.3V .....	3 Pin SOT-223
SPX1117HM3-5.0 .....	1%	5.0V .....	3 Pin SOT-223
SPX1117HM3-5.0/TR .....	1%	5.0V .....	3 Pin SOT-223
SPX1117M3 .....	1%	Adj .....	3 Pin SOT-223
SPX1117M3/TR .....	1%	Adj .....	3 Pin SOT-223
SPX1117M3-1.5 .....	1%	1.5V .....	3 Pin SOT-223
SPX1117M3-1.5/TR .....	1%	1.5V .....	3 Pin SOT-223
SPX1117M3-1.8 .....	1%	1.8V .....	3 Pin SOT-223
SPX1117M3-1.8/TR .....	1%	1.8V .....	3 Pin SOT-223
SPX1117M3-2.5 .....	1%	2.5V .....	3 Pin SOT-223
SPX1117M3-2.85 .....	1%	2.85V .....	3 Pin SOT-223
SPX1117M3-2.85/TR .....	1%	2.85V .....	3 Pin SOT-223
SPX1117M3-3.0 .....	1%	3.0V .....	3 Pin SOT-223
SPX1117M3-3.0/TR .....	1%	3.0V .....	3 Pin SOT-223
SPX1117M3-3.3 .....	1%	3.3V .....	3 Pin SOT-223
SPX1117M3-3.3/TR .....	1%	3.3V .....	3 Pin SOT-223
SPX1117M3-5.0 .....	1%	5.0V .....	3 Pin SOT-223
SPX1117M3-5.0/TR .....	1%	5.0V .....	3 Pin SOT-223

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## ORDERING INFORMATION

PART NUMBER	ACC.	OUTPUT VOLTAGE	PACKAGE
SPX1117R .....	1%	Adj .....	3 Pin TO-252
SPX1117R/TR .....	1%	Adj .....	3 Pin TO-252
SPX1117R-1.5 .....	1%	1.5V .....	3 Pin TO-252
SPX1117R-1.5/TR .....	1%	1.5V .....	3 Pin TO-252
SPX1117R-1.8 .....	1%	1.8V .....	3 Pin TO-252
SPX1117R-1.8/TR .....	1%	1.8V .....	3 Pin TO-252
SPX1117R-2.5 .....	1%	2.5V .....	3 Pin TO-252
SPX1117R-2.5/TR .....	1%	2.5V .....	3 Pin TO-252
SPX1117R-2.85 .....	1%	2.85V .....	3 Pin TO-252
SPX1117R-2.85/TR .....	1%	2.85V .....	3 Pin TO-252
SPX1117R-3.0 .....	1%	3.0V .....	3 Pin TO-252
SPX1117R-3.0/TR .....	1%	3.0V .....	3 Pin TO-252
SPX1117R-3.3 .....	1%	3.3V .....	3 Pin TO-252
SPX1117R-3.3/TR .....	1%	3.3V .....	3 Pin TO-252
SPX1117T .....	1%	Adj .....	3 Pin TO-263
SPX1117TTR .....	1%	Adj .....	3 Pin TO-263
SPX1117T-1.5 .....	1%	1.5V .....	3 Pin TO-263
SPX1117T-1.5/TR .....	1%	1.5V .....	3 Pin TO-263
SPX1117T-1.8 .....	1%	1.8V .....	3 Pin TO-263
SPX1117T-1.8/TR .....	1%	1.8V .....	3 Pin TO-263
SPX1117T-2.5 .....	1%	2.5V .....	3 Pin TO-263
SPX1117T-2.5/TR .....	1%	2.5V .....	3 Pin TO-263
SPX1117T-2.85 .....	1%	2.85V .....	3 Pin TO-263
SPX1117T-2.85/TR .....	1%	2.85V .....	3 Pin TO-263
SPX1117T-3.0 .....	1%	3.0V .....	3 Pin TO-263
SPX1117T-3.0/TR .....	1%	3.0V .....	3 Pin TO-263
SPX1117T-3.3 .....	1%	3.3V .....	3 Pin TO-263
SPX1117T-3.3/TR .....	1%	3.3V .....	3 Pin TO-263
SPX1117U .....	1%	Adj .....	3 Pin TO220
SPX1117U-1.5 .....	1%	1.5V .....	3 Pin TO220
SPX1117U-1.8 .....	1%	1.8V .....	3 Pin TO220
SPX1117U-2.5 .....	1%	2.5V .....	3 Pin TO220
SPX1117U-2.85 .....	1%	2.85V .....	3 Pin TO220
SPX1117U-3.0 .....	1%	3.0V .....	3 Pin TO220
SPX1117U-3.3 .....	1%	3.3V .....	3 Pin TO220

Available in lead free packaging. To order add "-L" suffix to part number.

Example: SPX1117M3-5.0/TR = standard; SPX1117M3-L-5.0/TR = lead free



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