

5V Single Chip WAN Multi-Mode Serial Transceiver

■ Interface Modes Supported:

- ✓ RS-232 (V.28) ✓ X.21/RS-422 (V.11)
- ✓ EIA-530 (V.10 & V.11) ✓ EIA-530A (V.10 & V.11)
- ✓ RS-449 (V.10 & V.11) ✓ V.35 (V.35 & V.28)
- ✓ V.36 (V.10 & V.11) ✓ RS-485 (unterminated V.11)

■ Software Selectable Protocol

■ Highest Differential Transmission Rates

at over 20Mbps

■ +5V Only Operation

■ Seven (7) Drivers and Seven (7) Receivers

■ Driver and Receiver Tri-state Control

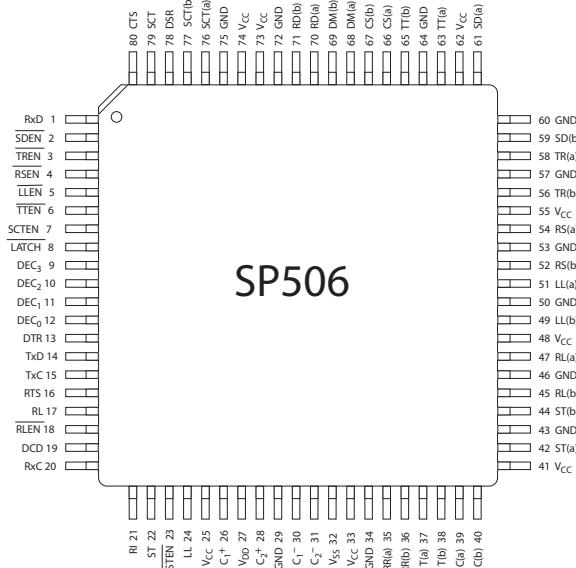
■ Internal Transceiver Termination Resistors for V.11 and V.35 Protocols

■ Loopback Self-Test Mode

■ Improved ESD Tolerance for Analog I/Os

■ Compliant to NET1/2 and TBR2 Physical Layer Requirements

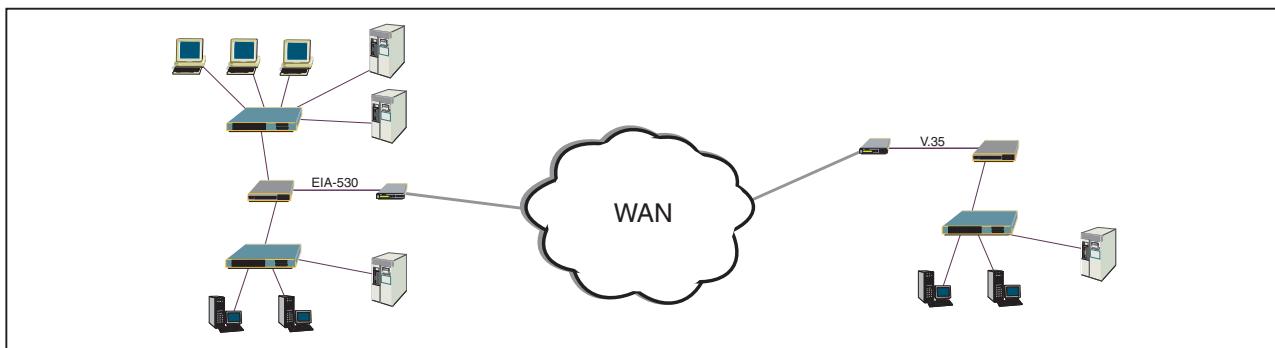
■ Used in WAN Serial Ports in Routers, Switches, DSU/CSU's and other Access Devices



DESCRIPTION

The SP506 is a monolithic IC that supports eight (8) popular serial interface standards for DTE to DCE connectivity. The SP506 is pin-to-pin compatible to our SP505 multi-protocol transceiver but with faster throughput. The seven (7) drivers and seven (7) receivers can transmit and receive signals at 20Mbps. As with the SP505, the SP506 requires no additional external components for compliant operation for all of the eight (8) modes of operation. All necessary termination is integrated within the SP506 and is switchable when V.35 drivers, V.35 receivers, and V.11 receivers are used. The SP506 can operate as either a DTE or DCE.

Additional features with the SP506 include internal loopback that can be initiated in either single-ended or differential modes. While in loopback mode, driver outputs are internally connected to receiver inputs creating an internal signal path convenient for diagnostic testing. This eliminates the need for an external loopback plug. The SP506 also includes a latch enable pin with the driver and receiver address decoder. Tri-state ability for the driver and receiver outputs is controlled by supplying a 4-bit word into the address decoder. Seven (7) drivers and one (1) receiver in the SP506 include separate enable pins for added convenience.



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these ratings or any other above those indicated in the operation sections of the specifications below is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods of time may affect reliability.

V_{CC}+7V

Input Voltages:

- Logic.....-0.3V to (V_{CC} +0.5V)
- Drivers.....-0.3V to (V_{CC} +0.5V)
- Receivers.....±15.5V

Output Voltages:

- Logic.....-0.3V to (V_{CC} +0.5V)
- Drivers.....±15V
- Receivers.....-0.3V to (V_{CC} +0.5V)

Storage Temperature.....-65°C to +150°C

Power Dissipation per package

80-pin QFP (derate 18.3mW/°C above +70°C) ... 1500mW

STORAGE CONSIDERATIONS

Due to the relatively large package size of the 80-pin quad flat-pack, storage in a low humidity environment is preferred. Large high density plastic packages are moisture sensitive and should be stored in Dry Vapor Barrier Bags. Prior to usage, the parts should remain bagged and stored below 40°C and 60%RH. If the parts are removed from the bag, they should be used within 48 hours or stored in an environment at or below 20%RH. If the above conditions cannot be followed, the parts should be baked for four hours at 125°C in order to remove moisture prior to soldering. Exar ships the 80-pin QFP in Dry Vapor Barrier Bags with a humidity indicator card and desiccant pack. The humidity indicator should be below 30%RH.

SPECIFICATIONS

T_A = +25°C and V_{CC} = +4.75V to +5.25V unless otherwise noted.

	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	CONDITIONS
LOGIC INPUTS					
V_{IL} V_{IH}	2.0		0.8	Volts Volts	
LOGIC OUTPUTS					
V_{OL} V_{OH}	2.4		0.4	Volts Volts	$I_{OUT} = -3.2\text{mA}$ $I_{OUT} = 1.0\text{mA}$
V.28 DRIVER <u>DC Parameters</u> Outputs					
Open Circuit Voltage Loaded Voltage Short-Circuit Current Power-Off Impedance	±5.0		±15 ±15 ±100	Volts Volts mA Ω	per Figure 1 per Figure 2 per Figure 4 per Figure 5
<u>AC Parameters</u> Outputs	300				$V_{CC} = +5\text{V}$ for AC parameters
Transition Time Instantaneous Slew Rate Propagation Delay			1.5 30	μs $\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$	per Figure 6; +3V to -3V
t_{PHL} t_{PLH}	0.5 0.5 120	1 1 230	5 5	μs μs kbps	per Figure 3
V.28 RECEIVER <u>DC Parameters</u> Inputs					
Input Impedance Open-Circuit Bias HIGH Threshold LOW Threshold	3		7 +2.0 3.0	k Ω Volts Volts Volts	per Figure 7 per Figure 8
<u>AC Parameters</u> Propagation Delay	0.8	1.7 1.2			$V_{CC} = +5\text{V}$ for AC parameters
t_{PHL} t_{PLH}	50 50	100 100	500 500	ns ns	

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	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	CONDITIONS
V.28 RECEIVER (continued) <u>AC Parameters (cont.)</u> Max.Transmission Rate	120	230		kbps	
V.10 DRIVER <u>DC Parameters</u> Outputs Open Circuit Voltage Test-Terminated Voltage Short-Circuit Current Power-Off Current <u>AC Parameters</u> Outputs Transition Time Propagation Delay t_{PHL} t_{PLH} Max.Transmission Rate	± 4.0 $0.9V_{OC}$		± 6.0 ± 150 ± 100	Volts Volts mA μA	per Figure 9 per Figure 10 per Figure 11 per Figure 12 $V_{CC} = +5\text{V}$ for AC parameters
200	ns				per Figure 13; 10% to 90%
t_{PHL} t_{PLH}	50 50 120	100 100	500 500	ns ns kbps	
V.10 RECEIVER <u>DC Parameters</u> Inputs Input Current Input Impedance Sensitivity <u>AC Parameters</u> Propagation Delay t_{PHL} t_{PLH} Max.Transmission Rate	-3.25 4		+3.25 ± 0.3	mA $k\Omega$ Volts	per Figures 14 and 15 $V_{CC} = +5\text{V}$ for AC parameters
500	ns				
120	ns kbps				
V.11 DRIVER <u>DC Parameters</u> Outputs Open Circuit Voltage Test Terminated Voltage Balance Offset Short-Circuit Current Power-Off Current <u>AC Parameters</u> Outputs Transition Time Propagation Delay t_{PHL} t_{PLH} Differential Skew Max.Transmission Rate	± 2.0 $0.5V_{OC}$		± 5.0 $0.67V_{OC}$ ± 0.4 +3.0 ± 150 ± 100	Volts Volts Volts Volts Volts μA	per Figure 16 per Figure 17 per Figure 17 per Figure 17 per Figure 18 per Figure 19 $V_{CC} = +5\text{V}$ for AC parameters
20	ns				per Figures 21 and 36; 10% to 90%
50	65	85	ns		per Figures 33 and 36, $C_L = 50\text{pF}$
50	65	85	ns		per Figures 33 and 36, $C_L = 50\text{pF}$
10	20	20	ns		per Figures 33 and 36, $C_L = 50\text{pF}$
20			Mbps		per Figure 33, $C_L = 50\text{pF}$ $f_{IN} = 10\text{MHz}$
V.11 RECEIVER <u>DC Parameters</u> Inputs Common Mode Range Sensitivity	-7		+7 ± 0.3	Volts Volts	

SPECIFICATIONS

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	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	CONDITIONS
V.11 RECEIVER (continued) <u>DC Parameters (cont.)</u> Input Current Current w/100Ω Termination Input Impedance <u>AC Parameters</u> Propagation Delay t_{PHL} t_{PLH} Differential Skew Max.Transmission Rate	-3.25 4 30 30 20		± 3.25 ± 60.75 85 85 ns ns ns Mbps	mA mA kΩ ns ns ns Mbps	per Figure 20 and 22 per Figure 23 and 24 $V_{CC} = +5\text{V}$ for AC parameters per Figures 33 and 38; $C_L = 50\text{pF}$ per Figures 33 and 38; $C_L = 50\text{pF}$ per Figure 33; $C_L = 50\text{pF}$ per Figure 33; $C_L = 50\text{pF}$ $f_{IN} = 10\text{MHz}$
V.35 DRIVER <u>DC Parameters</u> Outputs Open Circuit Voltage Test Terminated Voltage Offset Source Impedance Short-Circuit Impedance <u>AC Parameters</u> Outputs Transition Time Propagation Delay t_{PHL} t_{PLH} Differential Skew Max.Transmission Rate	± 0.44 50 135		± 1.20 ± 0.66 ± 0.6 150 165 30 40 ns ns ns ns Mbps	Volts Volts Volts Ω Ω ns ns ns Mbps	per Figure 16 per Figure 25 per Figure 25 per Figure 27; $Z_S = V_2/V_1 \times 50\Omega$ per Figure 28 $V_{CC} = +5\text{V}$ for AC parameters per Figure 29; 10% to 90% per Figures 33 and 36; $C_L = 20\text{pF}$ per Figures 33 and 36; $C_L = 20\text{pF}$ per Figures 33 and 36; $C_L = 20\text{pF}$ per Figure 33; $C_L = 20\text{pF}$ $f_{IN} = 10\text{MHz}$
V.35 RECEIVER <u>DC Parameters</u> Inputs Sensitivity Source Impedance Short-Circuit Impedance <u>AC Parameters</u> Propagation Delay t_{PHL} t_{PLH} Differential Skew Max.Transmission Rate	90 135	± 80	110 165 75 75 10 ns ns ns Mbps	mV Ω Ω ns ns ns Mbps	per Figure 30; $Z_S = V_2/V_1 \times 50\Omega$ per Figure 31 $V_{CC} = +5\text{V}$ for AC parameters per Figures 33 and 38; $C_L = 20\text{pF}$ per Figures 33 and 38; $C_L = 20\text{pF}$ per Figure 33; $C_L = 20\text{pF}$ per Figure 33; $C_L = 20\text{pF}$ $f_{IN} = 10\text{MHz}$
TRANSCEIVER LEAKAGE CURRENTS Driver Output 3-State Current Rcvr Output 3-State Current		500 1	10	μA μA	per Figure 32; Drivers disabled $DEC_X = 0000, 0.4\text{V} - V_O - 2.4\text{V}$

OTHER AC CHARACTERISTICS

$T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ and $V_{CC} = +5.0\text{V}$ unless otherwise noted.

PARAMETER	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	CONDITIONS
DRIVER DELAY TIME BETWEEN ACTIVE MODE AND TRI-STATE MODE					
RS-232/V.28 t_{PZL} ; Tri-state to Output LOW		0.70	5.0	μs	$C_L = 100\text{pF}$, Fig. 34 & 40; S_1 closed
t_{PZH} ; Tri-state to Output HIGH		0.40	2.0	μs	$C_L = 100\text{pF}$, Fig. 34 & 40; S_2 closed
t_{PLZ} ; Output LOW to Tri-state		0.20	2.0	μs	$C_L = 100\text{pF}$, Fig. 34 & 40; S_1 closed
t_{PHZ} ; Output HIGH to Tri-state		0.40	2.0	μs	$C_L = 100\text{pF}$, Fig. 34 & 40; S_2 closed
RS-423/V.10 t_{PZL} ; Tri-state to Output LOW		0.15	2.0	μs	$C_L = 100\text{pF}$, Fig. 34 & 40; S_1 closed
t_{PZH} ; Tri-state to Output HIGH		0.20	2.0	μs	$C_L = 100\text{pF}$, Fig. 34 & 40; S_2 closed
t_{PLZ} ; Output LOW to Tri-state		0.20	2.0	μs	$C_L = 100\text{pF}$, Fig. 34 & 40; S_1 closed
t_{PHZ} ; Output HIGH to Tri-state		0.15	2.0	μs	$C_L = 100\text{pF}$, Fig. 34 & 40; S_2 closed
RS-422/V.11 t_{PZL} ; Tri-state to Output LOW		2.80	10.0	μs	$C_L = 100\text{pF}$, Fig. 34 & 37; S_1 closed
t_{PZH} ; Tri-state to Output HIGH		0.10	2.0	μs	$C_L = 100\text{pF}$, Fig. 34 & 37; S_2 closed
t_{PLZ} ; Output LOW to Tri-state		0.10	2.0	μs	$C_L = 15\text{pF}$, Fig. 34 & 37; S_1 closed
t_{PHZ} ; Output HIGH to Tri-state		0.10	2.0	μs	$C_L = 15\text{pF}$, Fig. 34 & 37; S_2 closed
V.35 t_{PZL} ; Tri-state to Output LOW		2.60	10.0	μs	$C_L = 100\text{pF}$, Fig. 34 & 37; S_1 closed
t_{PZH} ; Tri-state to Output HIGH		0.10	2.0	μs	$C_L = 100\text{pF}$, Fig. 34 & 37; S_2 closed
t_{PLZ} ; Output LOW to Tri-state		0.10	2.0	μs	$C_L = 15\text{pF}$, Fig. 34 & 37; S_1 closed
t_{PHZ} ; Output HIGH to Tri-state		0.15	2.0	μs	$C_L = 15\text{pF}$, Fig. 34 & 37; S_2 closed
RECEIVER DELAY TIME BETWEEN ACTIVE MODE AND TRI-STATE MODE					
RS-232/V.28 t_{PZL} ; Tri-state to Output LOW		0.12	2.0	μs	$C_L = 100\text{pF}$, Fig. 35 & 38; S_1 closed
t_{PZH} ; Tri-state to Output HIGH		0.10	2.0	μs	$C_L = 100\text{pF}$, Fig. 35 & 38; S_2 closed
t_{PLZ} ; Output LOW to Tri-state		0.10	2.0	μs	$C_L = 100\text{pF}$, Fig. 35 & 38; S_1 closed
t_{PHZ} ; Output HIGH to Tri-state		0.10	2.0	μs	$C_L = 100\text{pF}$, Fig. 35 & 38; S_2 closed
RS-423/V.10 t_{PZL} ; Tri-state to Output LOW		0.10	2.0	μs	$C_L = 100\text{pF}$, Fig. 35 & 38; S_1 closed
t_{PZH} ; Tri-state to Output HIGH		0.10	2.0	μs	$C_L = 100\text{pF}$, Fig. 35 & 38; S_2 closed
t_{PLZ} ; Output LOW to Tri-state		0.10	2.0	μs	$C_L = 100\text{pF}$, Fig. 35 & 38; S_1 closed
t_{PHZ} ; Output HIGH to Tri-state		0.10	2.0	μs	$C_L = 100\text{pF}$, Fig. 35 & 38; S_2 closed

OTHER AC CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

$T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ and $V_{CC} = +5.0\text{V}$ unless otherwise noted.

PARAMETER	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	CONDITIONS
RS-422/V.11 t_{PZL} ; Tri-state to Output LOW		0.10	2.0	μs	$C_L = 100\text{pF}$, Fig. 35 & 39; S_1 closed
t_{PZH} ; Tri-state to Output HIGH		0.10	2.0	μs	$C_L = 100\text{pF}$, Fig. 35 & 39; S_2 closed
t_{PLZ} ; Output LOW to Tri-state		0.10	2.0	μs	$C_L = 15\text{pF}$, Fig. 35 & 39; S_1 closed
t_{PHZ} ; Output HIGH to Tri-state		0.10	2.0	μs	$C_L = 15\text{pF}$, Fig. 35 & 39; S_2 closed
V.35 t_{PZL} ; Tri-state to Output LOW		0.10	2.0	μs	$C_L = 100\text{pF}$, Fig. 35 & 39; S_1 closed
t_{PZH} ; Tri-state to Output HIGH		0.10	2.0	μs	$C_L = 100\text{pF}$, Fig. 35 & 39; S_2 closed
t_{PLZ} ; Output LOW to Tri-state		0.10	2.0	μs	$C_L = 15\text{pF}$, Fig. 35 & 39; S_1 closed
t_{PHZ} ; Output HIGH to Tri-state		0.10	2.0	μs	$C_L = 15\text{pF}$, Fig. 35 & 39; S_2 closed
TRANSCEIVER TO TRANSCEIVER SKEW (per Figures 33, 36, 38)					
V.28 Driver		100		ns	$[(t_{phl})_{Tx1} - (t_{phl})_{Tx6,7}]$
		100		ns	$[(t_{phl})_{Tx1} - (t_{phl})_{Tx6,7}]$
V.28 Receiver		20		ns	$[(t_{phl})_{Rx1} - (t_{phl})_{Rx2,7}]$
		20		ns	$[(t_{phl})_{Rx1} - (t_{phl})_{Rx2,7}]$
V.11 Driver		2		ns	$[(t_{phl})_{Tx1} - (t_{phl})_{Tx6,7}]$
		2		ns	$[(t_{phl})_{Tx1} - (t_{phl})_{Tx6,7}]$
V.11 Receiver		3		ns	$[(t_{phl})_{Rx1} - (t_{phl})_{Rx2,7}]$
		3		ns	$[(t_{phl})_{Rx1} - (t_{phl})_{Rx2,7}]$
V.10 Driver		5		ns	$[(t_{phl})_{Tx2} - (t_{phl})_{Tx3,4,5}]$
		5		ns	$[(t_{phl})_{Tx2} - (t_{phl})_{Tx3,4,5}]$
V.10 Receiver		5		ns	$[(t_{phl})_{Rx2} - (t_{phl})_{Rx3,4,5}]$
		5		ns	$[(t_{phl})_{Rx2} - (t_{phl})_{Rx3,4,5}]$
V.35 Driver		4		ns	$[(t_{phl})_{Tx1} - (t_{phl})_{Tx6,7}]$
		4		ns	$[(t_{phl})_{Tx1} - (t_{phl})_{Tx6,7}]$
V.35 Receiver		6		ns	$[(t_{phl})_{Rx1} - (t_{phl})_{Rx2,7}]$
		6		ns	$[(t_{phl})_{Rx1} - (t_{phl})_{Rx2,7}]$

POWER REQUIREMENTS

PARAMETER	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	CONDITIONS
V_{CC}	4.75	5.00	5.25	Volts	
I_{CC} (No Mode Selected) (V.28/RS-232) (V.11/X.21) (EIA-530 & RS-449) (V.35)		30 65 175 250 100		mA mA mA mA mA	All I_{CC} values are with $V_{CC} = +5\text{V}$ $f_{IN} = 120\text{kbps}$; Drivers active & loaded. $f_{IN} = 10\text{Mbps}$; Drivers active & loaded. $f_{IN} = 10\text{Mbps}$; Drivers active & loaded. V.35 @ $f_{IN} = 10\text{Mbps}$, V.28 @ 20kbps; Drivers active & loaded.

TEST CIRCUITS

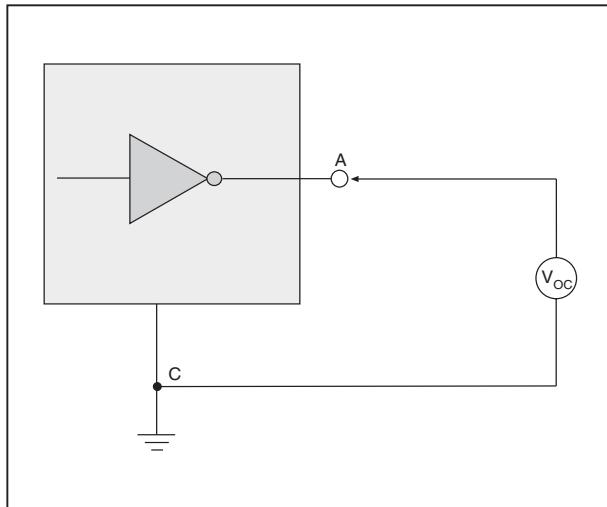


Figure 1. V.28 Driver Output Open Circuit Voltage

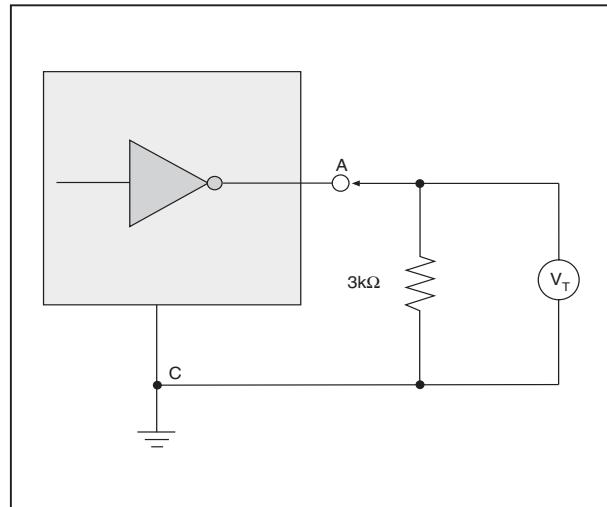


Figure 2. V.28 Driver Output Loaded Voltage

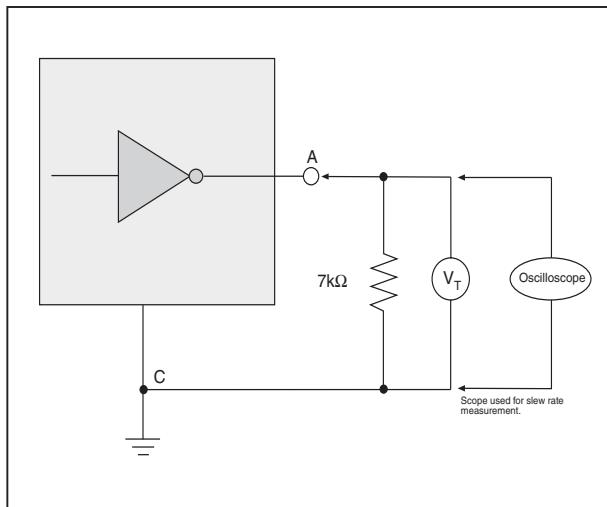


Figure 3. V.28 Driver Output Slew Rate

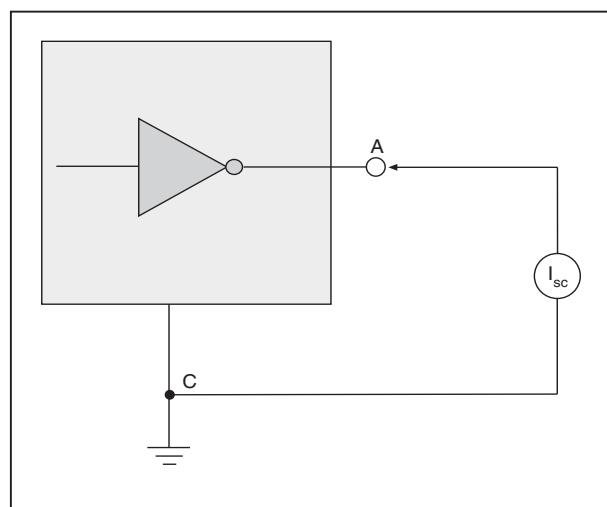


Figure 4. V.28 Driver Output Short-Circuit Current

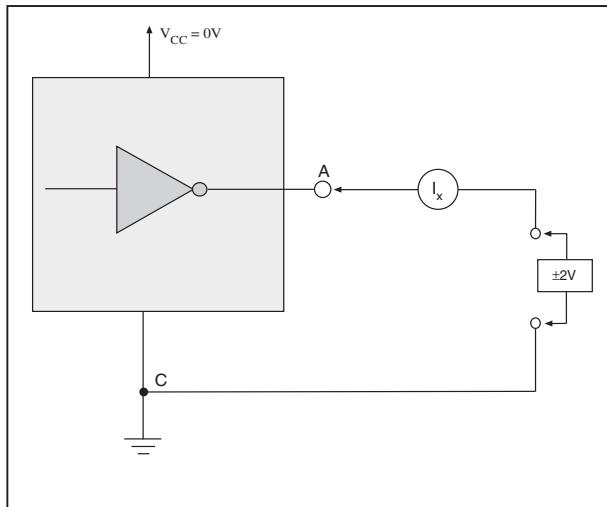


Figure 5. V.28 Driver Output Power-Off Impedance

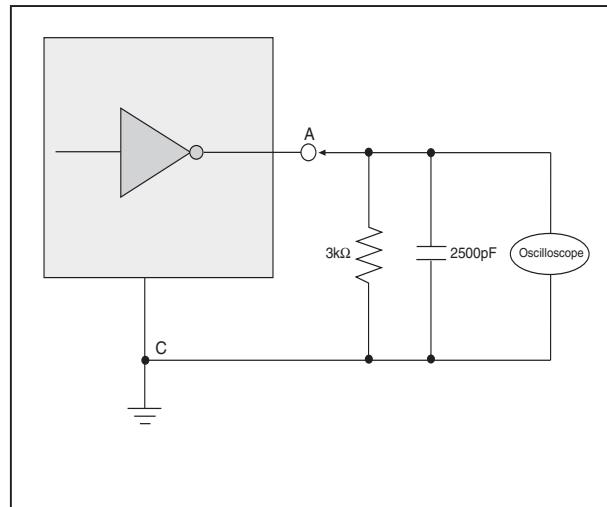


Figure 6. V.28 Driver Output Rise/Fall Times

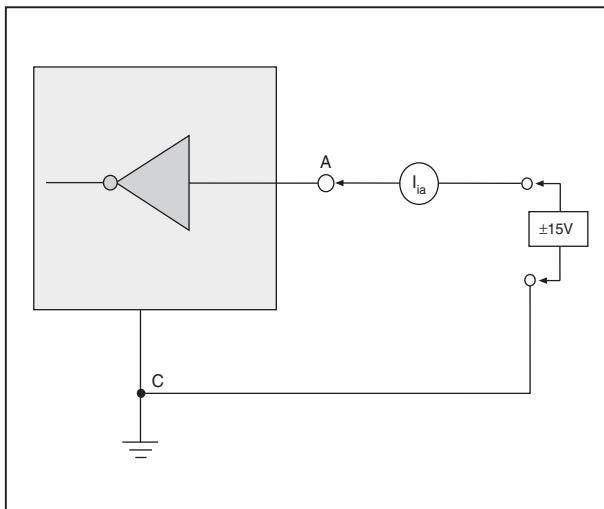


Figure 7. V.28 Receiver Input Impedance

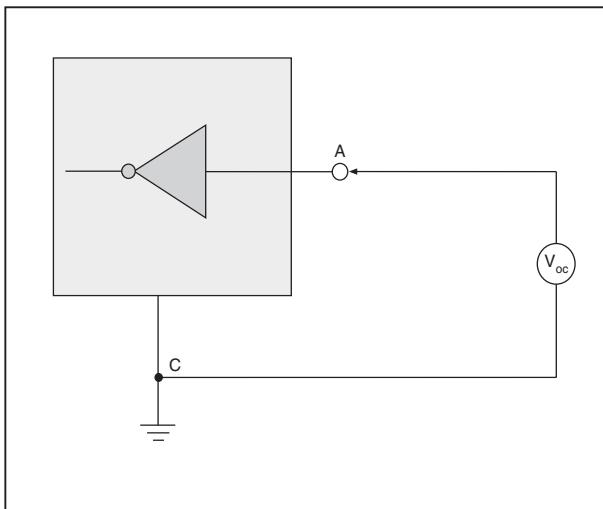


Figure 8. V.28 Receiver Input Open Circuit Bias

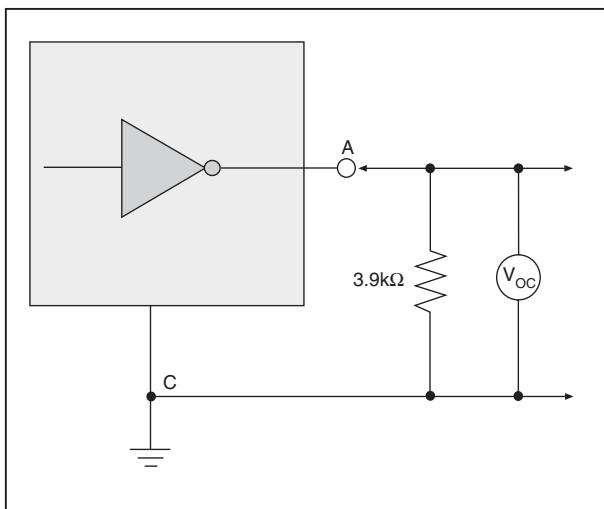


Figure 9. V.10 Driver Output Open-Circuit Voltage

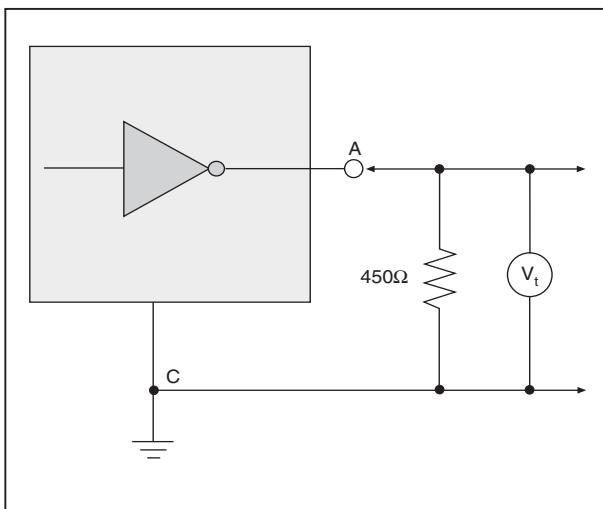


Figure 10. V.10 Driver Output Test Terminated Voltage

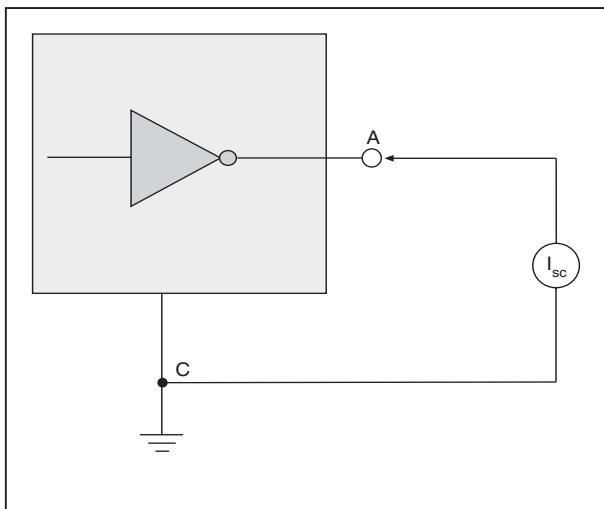


Figure 11. V.10 Driver Output Short-Circuit Current

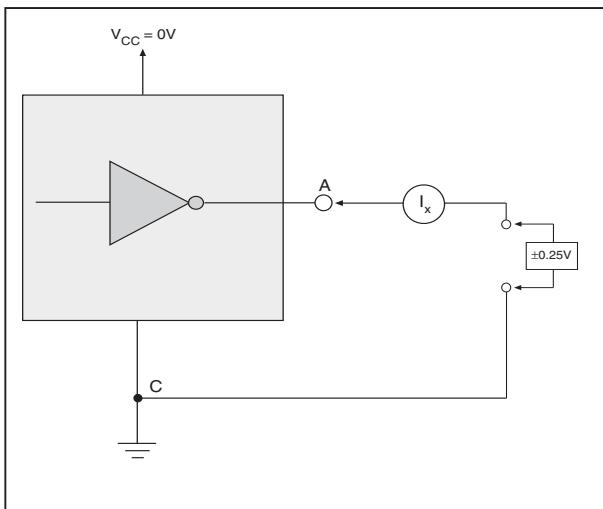


Figure 12. V.10 Driver Output Power-Off Current

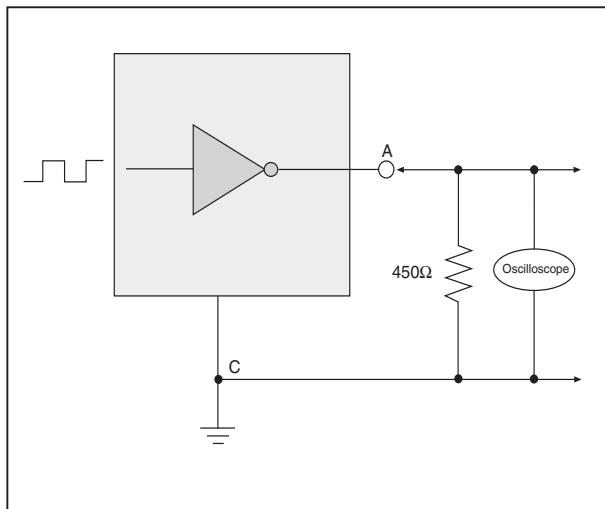


Figure 13. V.10 Driver Output Transition Time

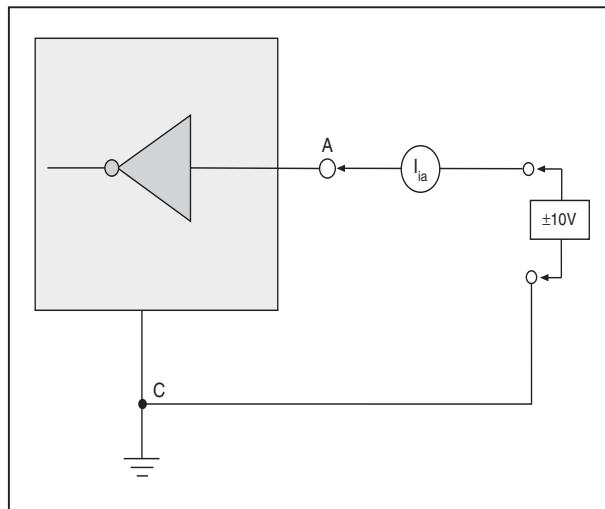


Figure 14. V.10 Receiver Input Current

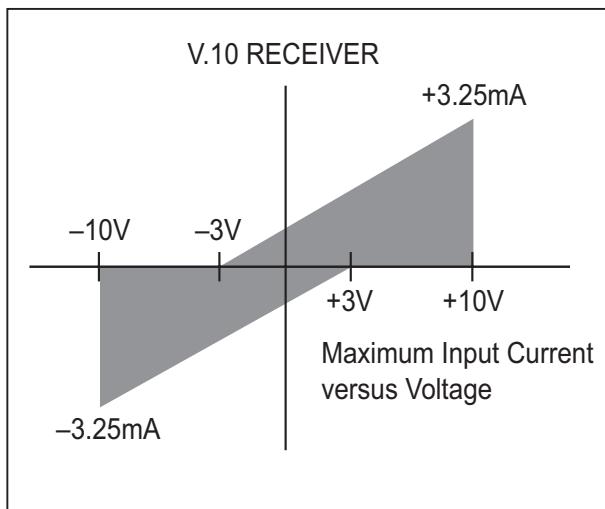


Figure 15. V.10 Receiver Input IV Graph

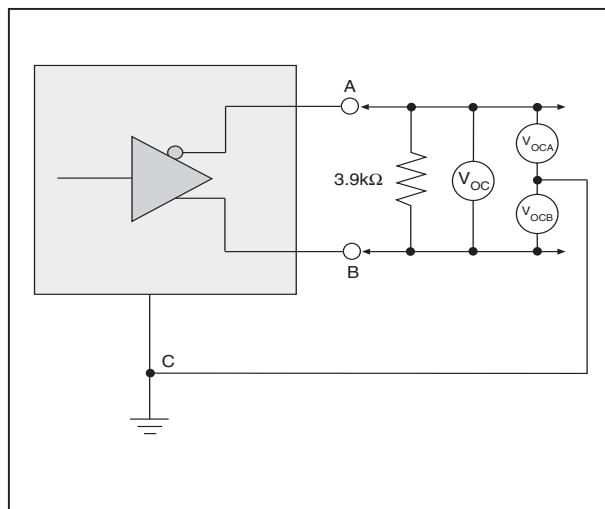


Figure 16. V.11 and V.35 Driver Output Open-Circuit Voltage

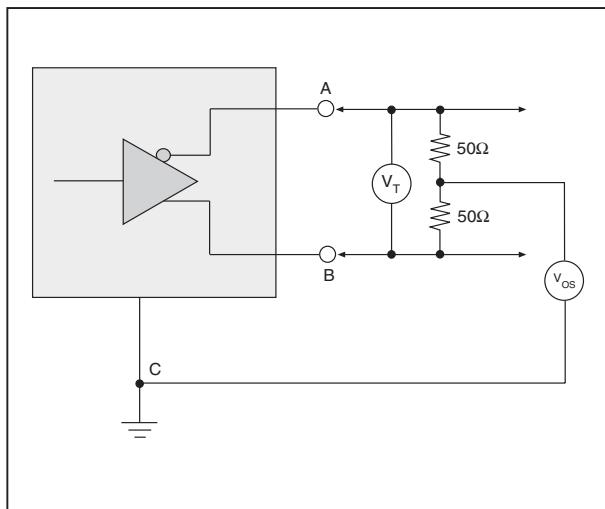


Figure 17. V.11 Driver Output Test Terminated Voltage

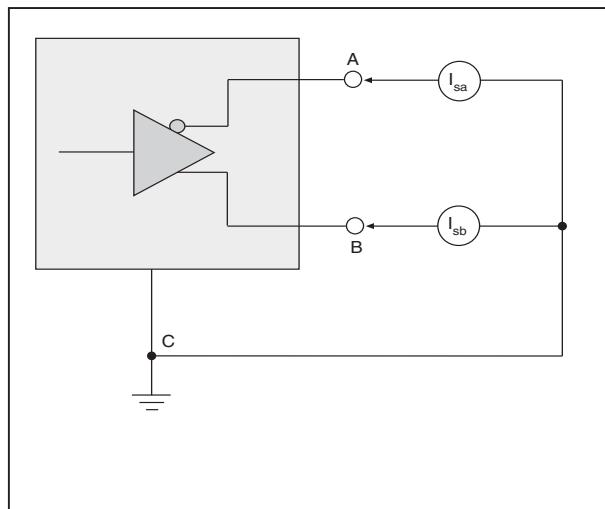


Figure 18. V.11 Driver Output Short-Circuit Current

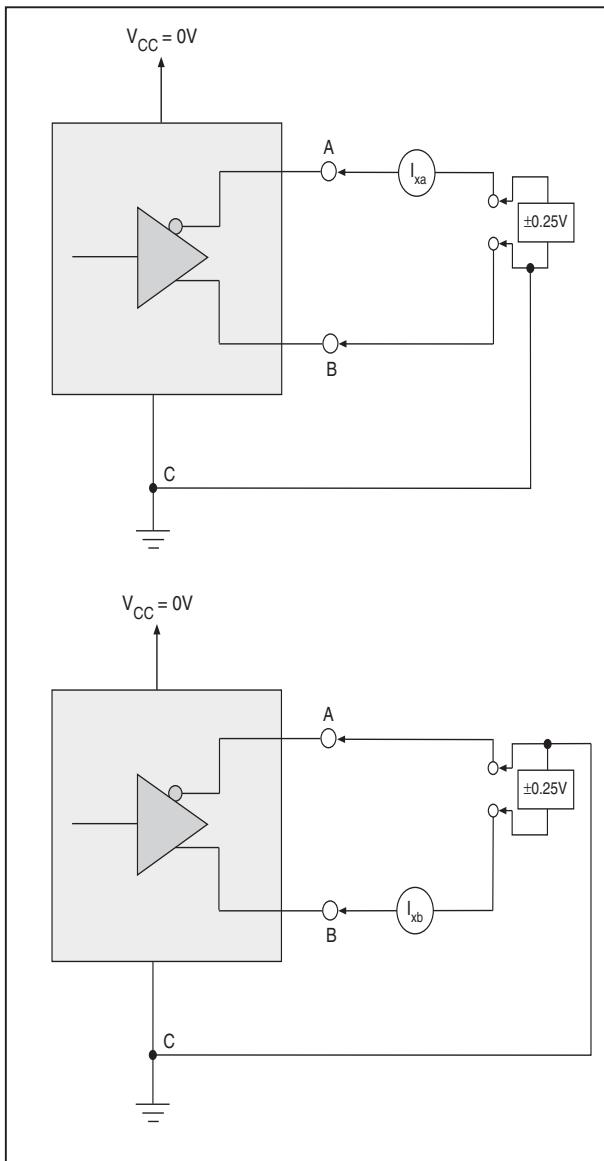


Figure 19. V.11 Driver Output Power-Off Current

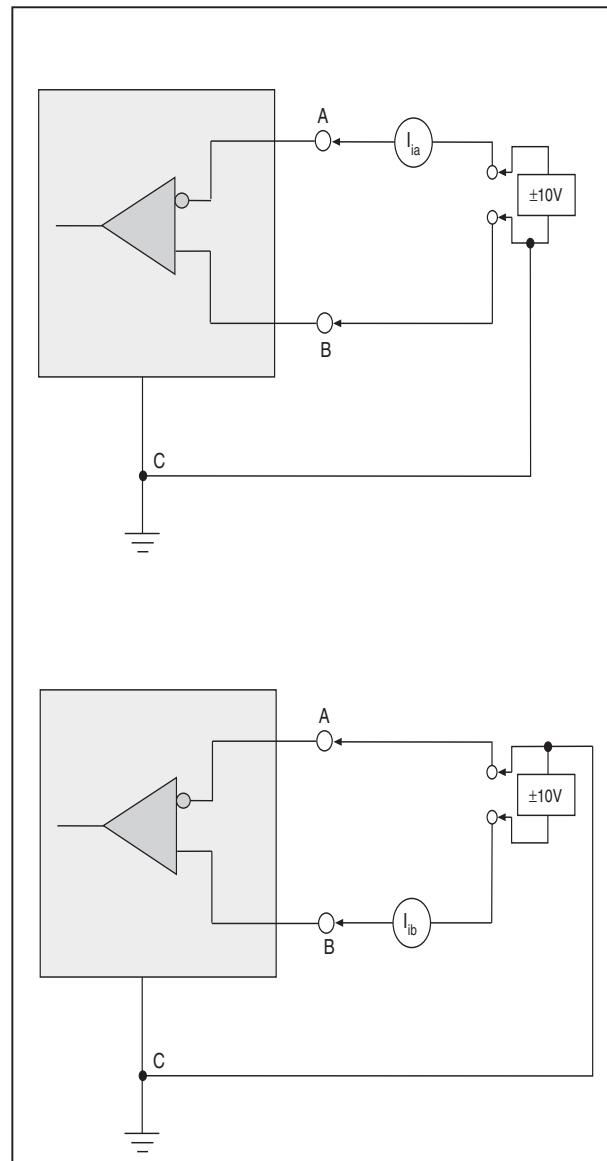


Figure 20. V.11 Receiver Input Current

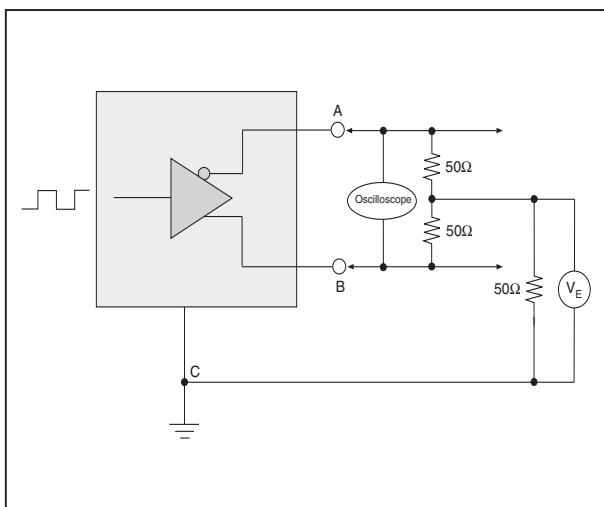


Figure 21. V.11 Driver Output Rise/Fall Time

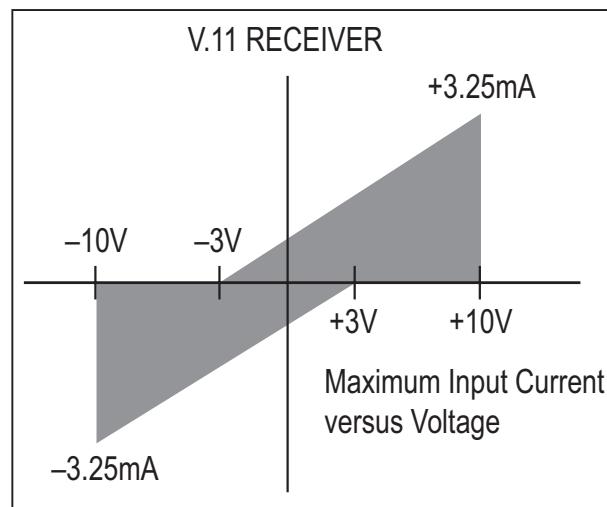


Figure 22. V.11 Receiver Input IV Graph

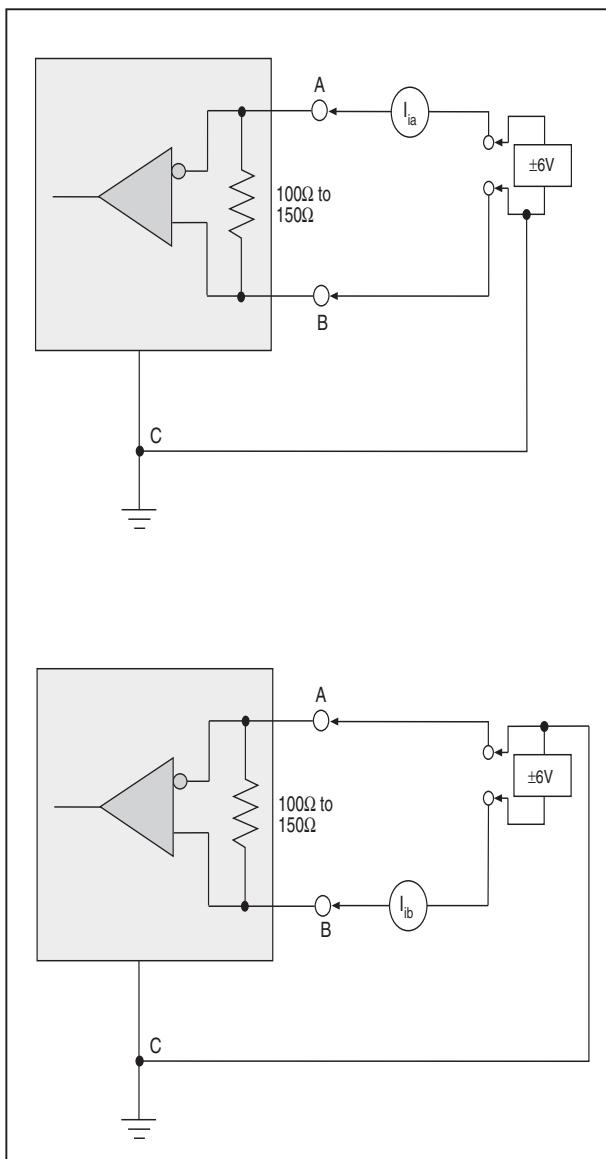


Figure 23. V.11 Receiver Input Current w/
Termination

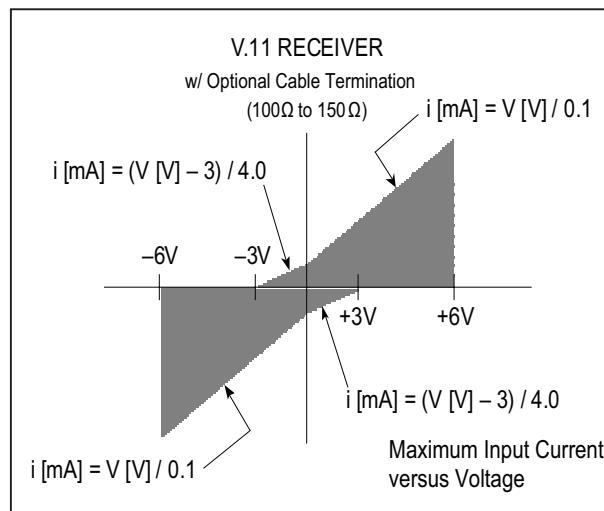


Figure 24. V.11 Receiver Input Graph w/
Termination

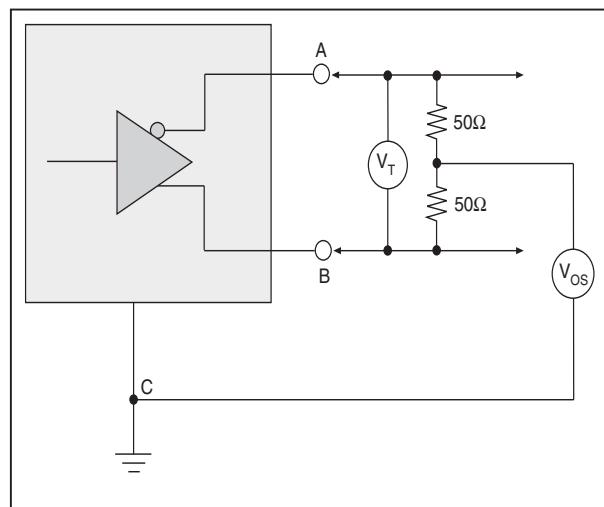


Figure 25. V.35 Driver Output Test Terminated Voltage

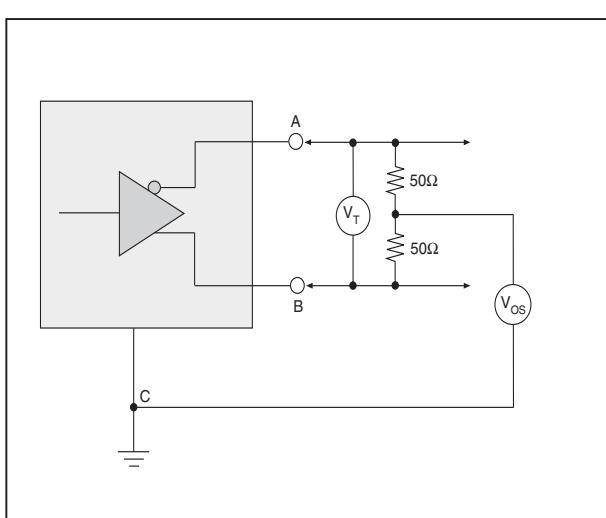


Figure 26. V.35 Driver Output Offset Voltage

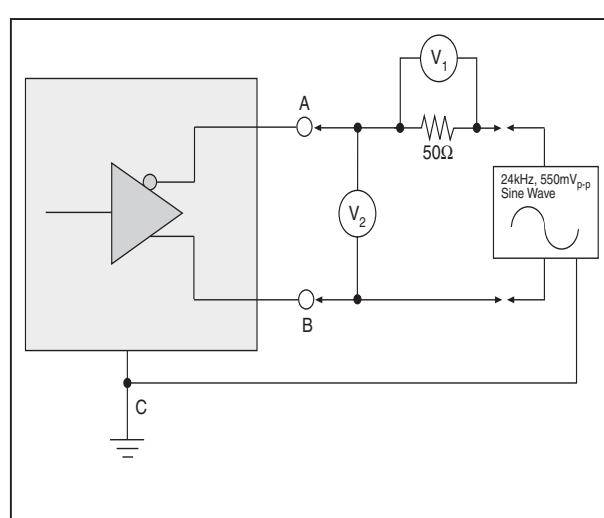


Figure 27. V.35 Driver Output Source Impedance

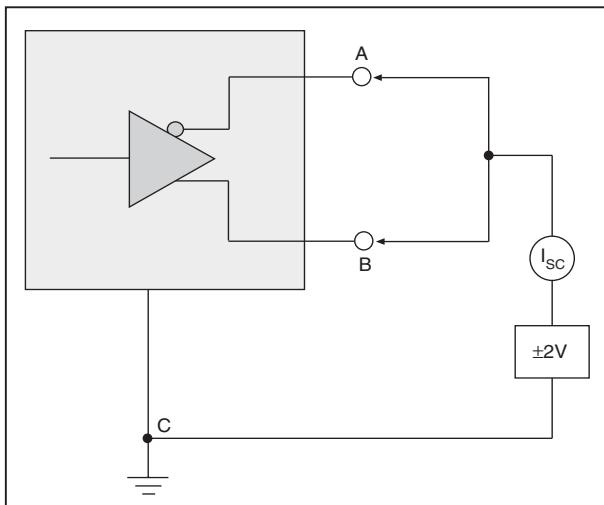


Figure 28. V.35 Driver Output Short-Circuit Impedance

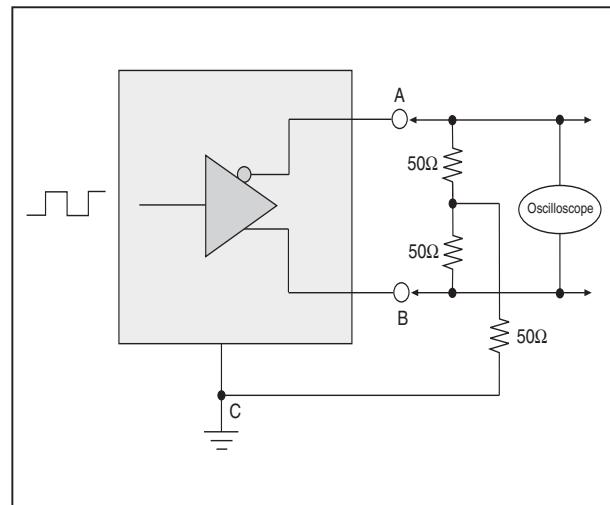


Figure 29. V.35 Driver Output Rise/Fall Time

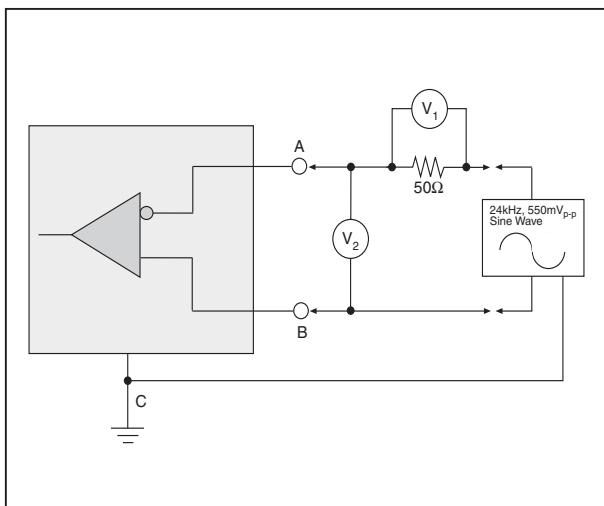


Figure 30. V.35 Receiver Input Source Impedance

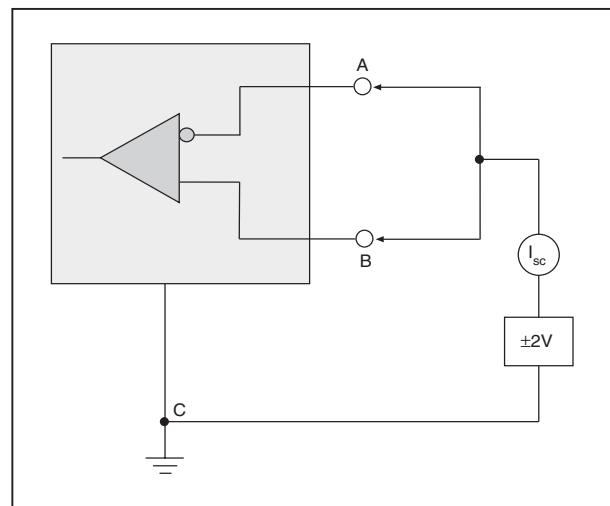


Figure 31. V.35 Receiver Input Short-Circuit Impedance

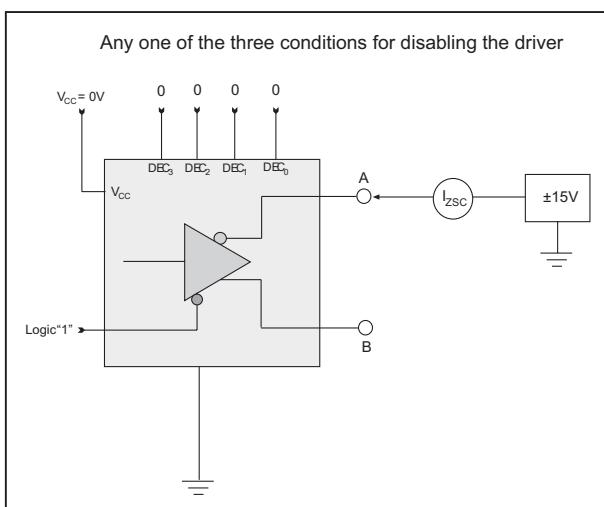


Figure 32. Driver Output Leakage Current Test

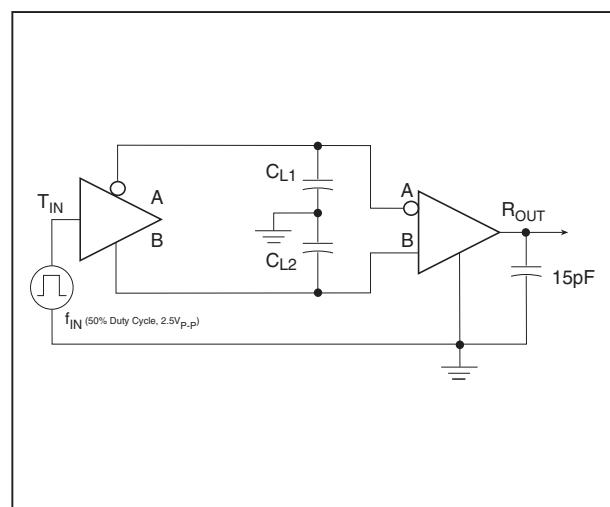


Figure 33. Driver/Receiver Timing Test Circuit

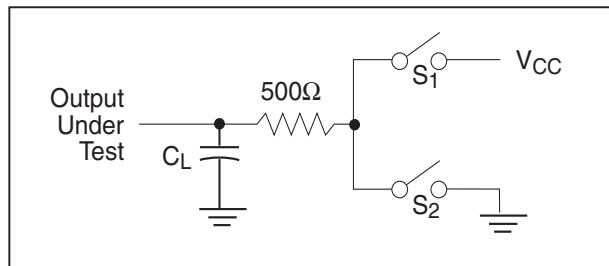


Figure 34. Driver Timing Test Load Circuit

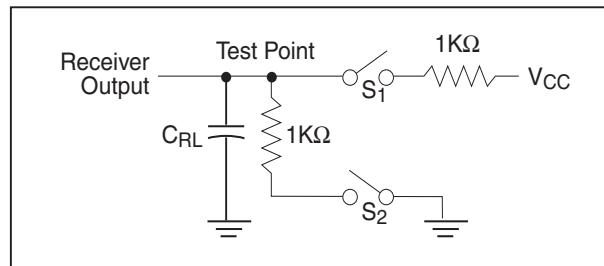


Figure 35. Receiver Timing Test Load Circuit

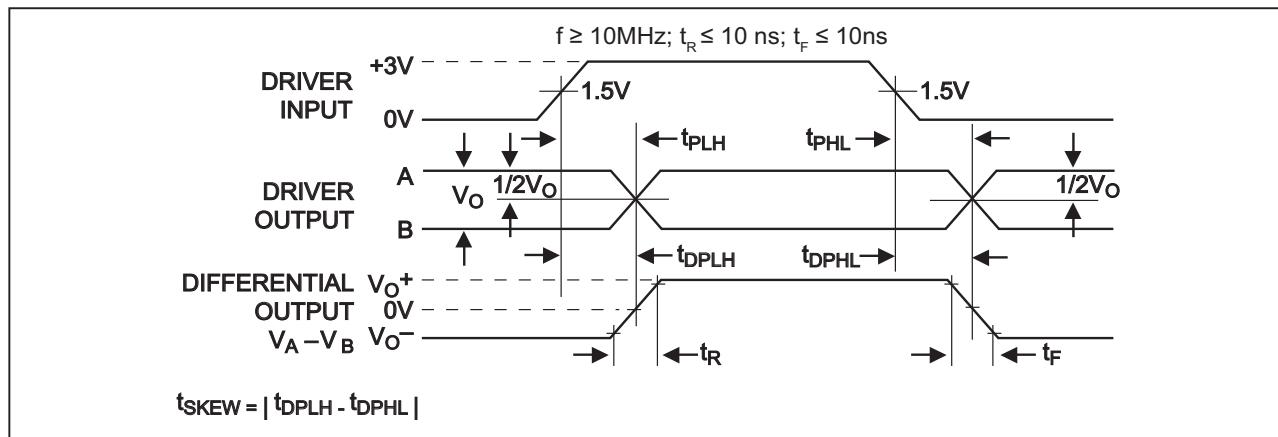


Figure 36. Driver Propagation Delays

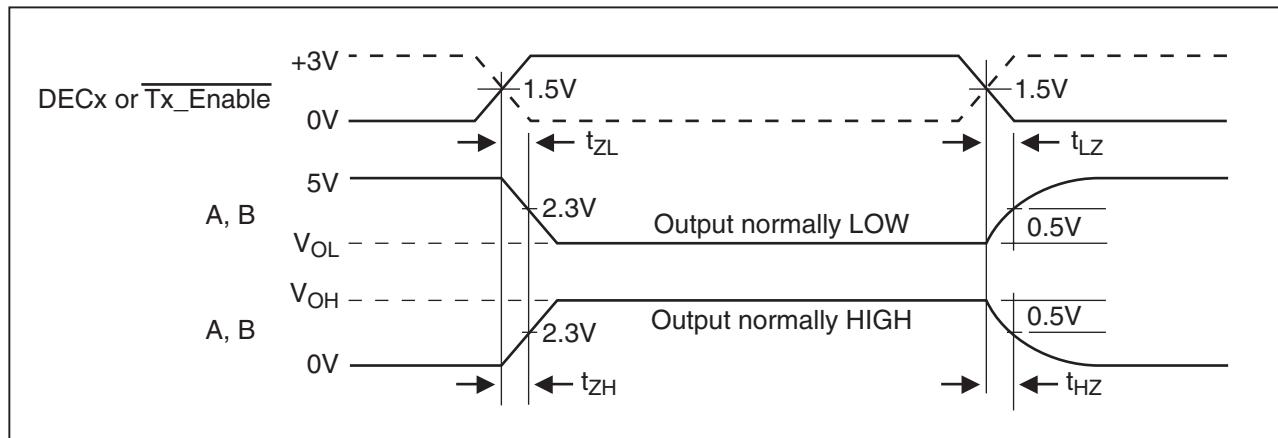


Figure 37. Driver Enable and Disable Times

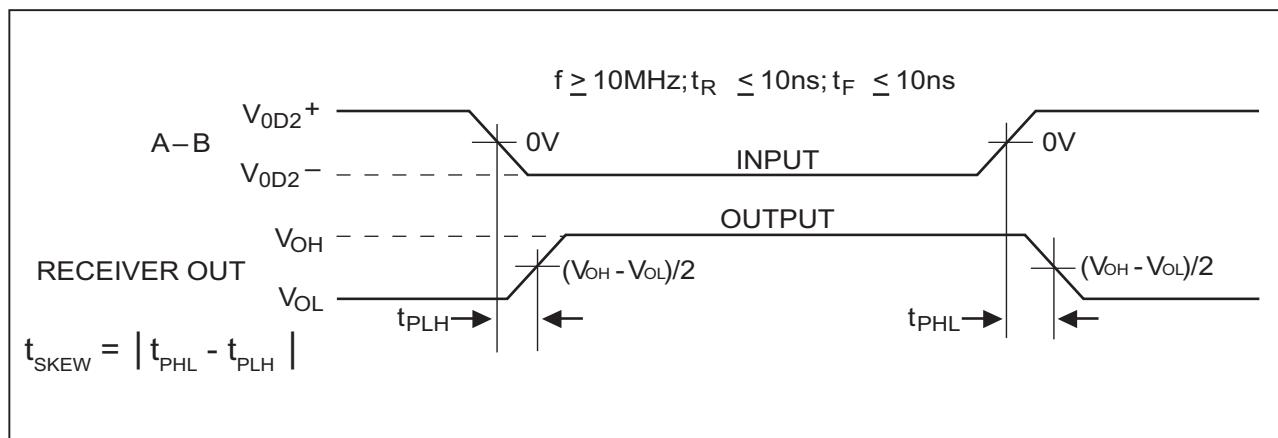


Figure 38. Receiver Propagation Delays

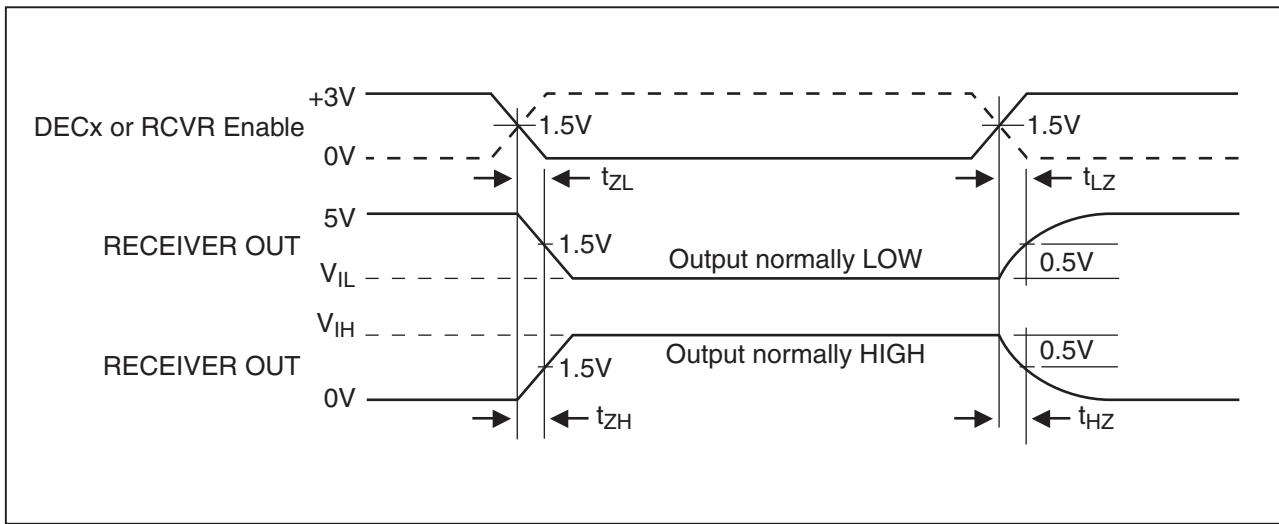


Figure 39. Receiver Enable and Disable Times

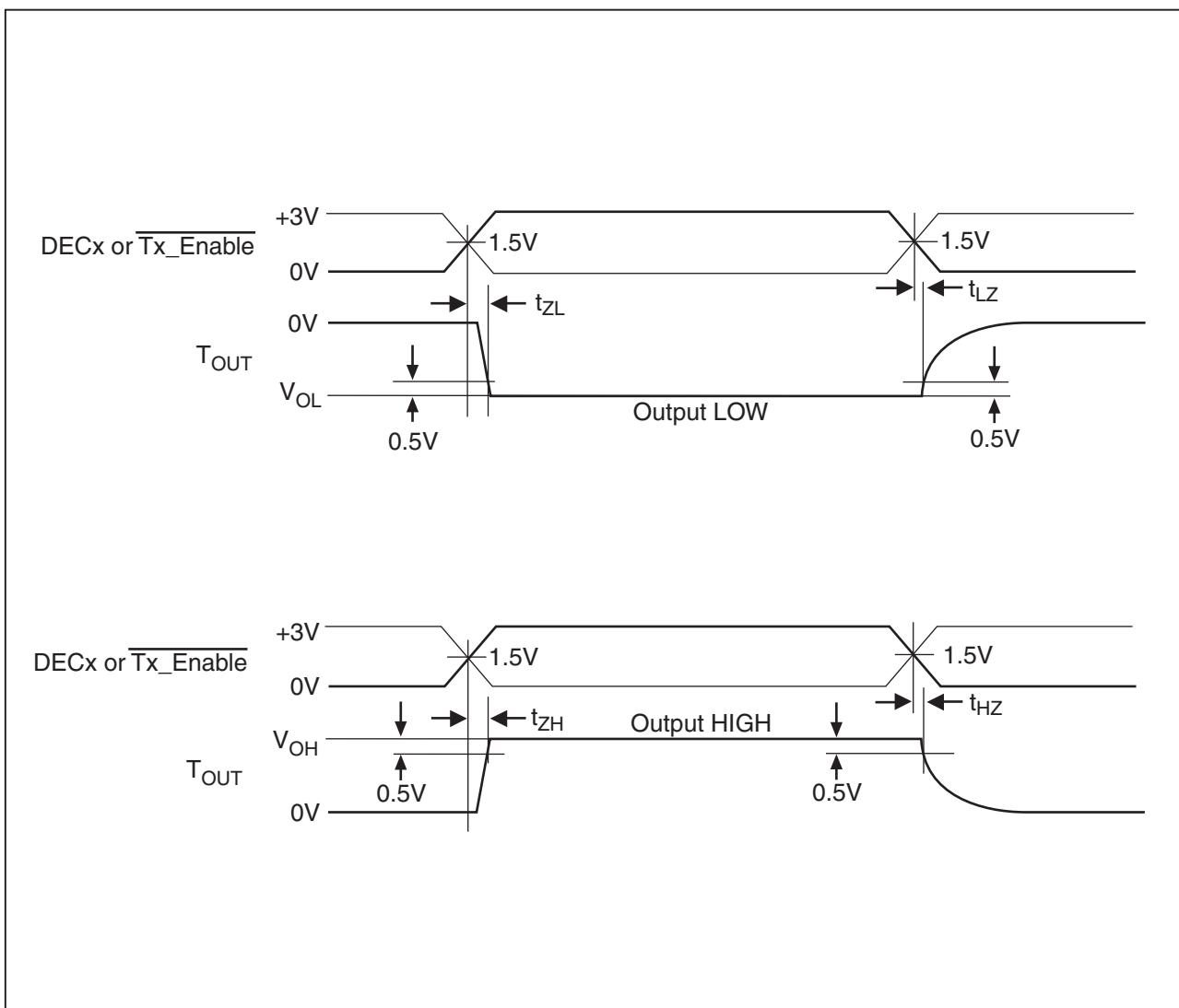


Figure 40. V.28 (RS-232) and V.10 (RS-423) Driver Enable and Disable Times

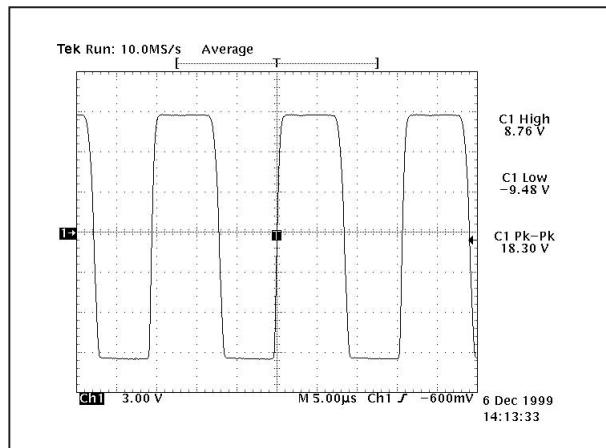


Figure 41. Typical V.28 Driver Output Waveform

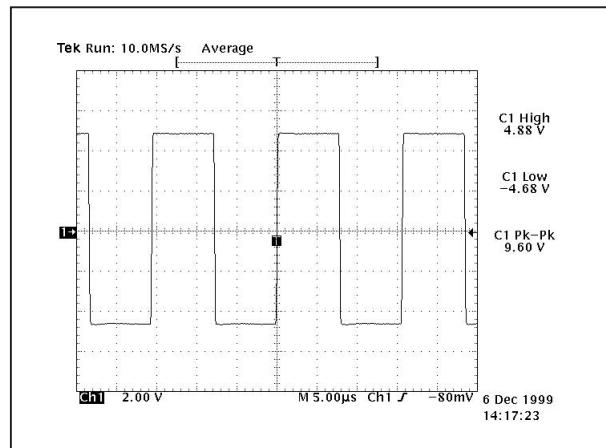


Figure 42. Typical V.10 Driver Output Waveform

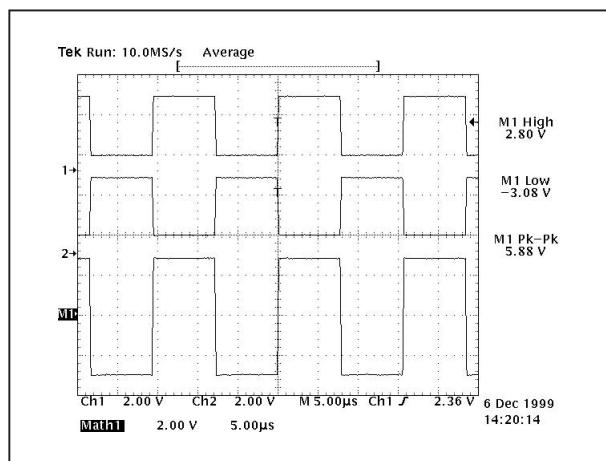


Figure 43. Typical V.11 Driver Output Waveforms

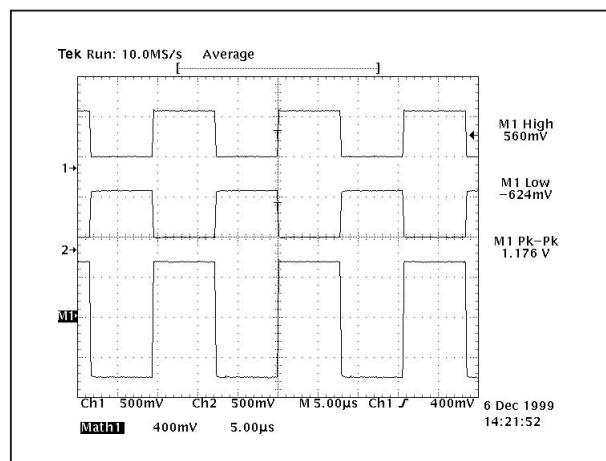
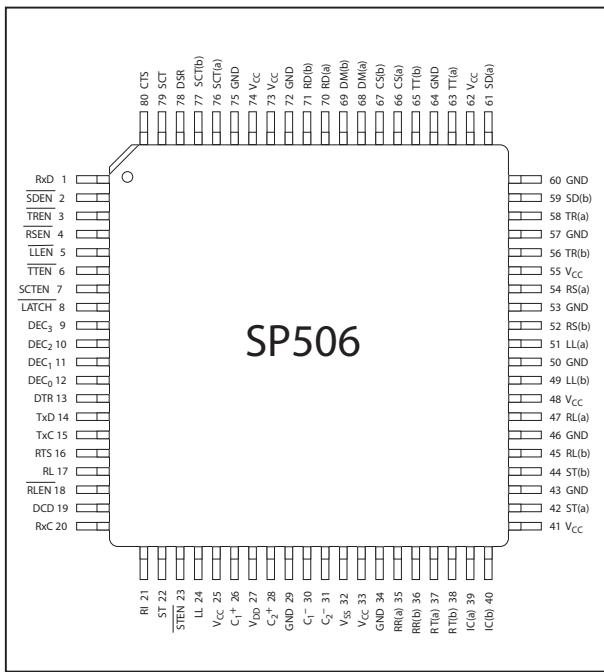


Figure 44. Typical V.35 Driver Output Waveforms

PINOUT



PIN ASSIGNMENTS

CLOCK AND DATA GROUP

Pin 1 — RxD — Receive Data; TTL output, sourced from RD(a) and RD(b) inputs.

Pin 14 — TxD — TTL input ; transmit data source for SD(a) and SD(b) outputs.

Pin 15 — TxC — Transmit Clock; TTL input for TT driver outputs.

Pin 20— RxC — Receive Clock; TTL output sourced from RT(a) and RT(b) inputs.

Pin 22 — ST — Send Timing; TTL input; source for ST(a) and ST(b) outputs.

Pin 37 — RT(a) — Receive Timing; analog input, inverted; source for RxC.

Pin 38 — RT(b) — Receive Timing; analog input, non-inverted; source for RxC.

Pin 42 — ST(a) — Send Timing; analog output, inverted; sourced from ST.

Pin 44 — ST(b) — Send Timing; analog output, non-inverted; sourced from ST.

Pin 59— SD(b) — Analog Out— Send data, non-inverted; sourced from TxD.

Pin 61 — SD(a)— Analog Out — Send data, inverted; sourced from TxD.

Pin 63— TT(a)— Analog Out — Terminal Timing, inverted; sourced from TxC

Pin 65 — TT(b) — Analog Out — Terminal Timing, non-inverted; sourced from TxC.

Pin 70 — RD(a) — Receive Data, analog input; inverted; source for RxD.

Pin 71 — RD(b) — Receive Data; analog input; non-inverted; source for RxD.

Pin 76 — SCT(a) — Serial Clock Transmit; analog input, inverted; source for SCT.

Pin 77 — SCT(b) — Serial Clock Transmit; analog input, non-inverted; source for SCT

Pin 79— SCT — Serial Clock Transmit; TTL output; sources from SCT(a) and SCT(b) inputs.

CONTROL LINE GROUP

Pin 13— DTR — Data Terminal Ready; TTL input; source for TR(a) and TR(b) outputs.

Pin 16— RTS — Ready To Send; TTL input; source for RS(a) and RS(b) outputs.

Pin 17 — RL — Remote Loopback; TTL input; source for RL(a) and RL(b) outputs.

Pin 19 — DCD— Data Carrier Detect; TTL output; sourced from RR(a) and RR(b) inputs.

Pin 21 — RI — Ring In; TTL output; sourced from IC(a) and IC(b) inputs.

Pin 24 — LL — Local Loopback; TTL input; source for LL(a) and LL(b) outputs.

Pin 35 — RR(a)— Receiver Ready; analog input, inverted; source for DCD.

Pin 36 — RR(b)— Receiver Ready; analog input, non-inverted; source for DCD.

Pin 39 — IC(a)— Incoming Call; analog input, inverted; source for RI.

Pin 40 — IC(b)— Incoming Call; analog input,non-inverted; source for RI.

Pin 45—RL(b)—Remote Loopback; analog output, non-inverted; sourced from RL.

Pin 47 — RL(a) — Remote Loopback; analog output inverted; sourced from RL.

Pin 49—LL(b) — Local Loopback; analog output, non-inverted; sourced from LL.

Pin 51 — LL(a) — Local Loopback; analog output, inverted; sourced from LL.

Pin 52 — RS(b) — Ready To Send; analog output, non-inverted; sourced from RTS.

Pin 54 — RS(a) — Ready To Send; analog output, inverted; sourced from RTS.

Pin 56 — TR(b) — Terminal Ready; analog output, non-inverted; sourced from DTR.

Pin 58 — TR(a) — Terminal Ready; analog output, inverted; sourced from DTR.

Pin 66 — CS(a)— Clear To Send; analog input, inverted; source for CTS.

Pin 67 — CS(b)— Clear To Send; analog input, non-inverted; source for CTS.

Pin 68—DM(a)—Data Mode; analog input, inverted; source for DSR.

Pin 69—DM(b)—Data Mode; analog input, non-inverted; source for DSR

Pin 78 — DSR— Data Set Ready; TTL output; sourced from DM(a), DM(b) inputs.

Pin 80—CTS—Clear To Send; TTL output; sourced from CS(a) and CS(b) inputs.

CONTROL REGISTERS

Pins 2 — SDEN — Enables TxD driver, active low; TTL input.

Pins 3 — TREN — Enables DTR driver, active low; TTL input.

Pins 4 — RSEN — Enables RTS driver, active low; TTL input.

Pins 5—LLEN — Enables LL driver, active low; TTL input.

Pin 6 — TTEN — Enables TT driver, active low; TTL input.

Pin 7 — SCTEN — Enables SCT receiver; active high; TTL input.

Pin 8—LATCH—Latch control for decoder bits (pins 9-12), active low. Logic high input will make decoder transparent.

Pins 12–9 — DEC₀ – DEC₃ — Transmitter and receiver decode register; configures transmitter and receiver modes; TTL inputs.

Pin 18—RLEN—Enables RL driver; active low; TTL input.

Pin 23—STEN—Enables ST driver; active low; TTL input.

POWER SUPPLIES

Pins 25, 33, 41, 48, 55, 62, 73, 74 — V_{CC} — +5V input.

Pins 29, 34, 43, 46, 50, 53, 57, 60, 64, 72, 75 — GND — Ground.

Pin 27—V_{DD} +10V Charge Pump Capacitor — Connects from V_{DD} to V_{CC}. Suggested capacitor size is 22μF, 16V.

Pin 32—V_{SS} -10V Charge Pump Capacitor — Connects from ground to V_{SS}. Suggested capacitor size is 22μF, 16V.

Pins 26 and 30 — C₁⁺ and C₁⁻ — Charge Pump Capacitor — Connects from C₁⁺ to C₁⁻.

Suggested capacitor size is 22μF, 16V.

Pins 28 and 31 — C₂⁺ and C₂⁻ — Charge Pump Capacitor — Connects from C₂⁺ to C₂⁻.

Suggested capacitor size is 22μF, 16V.

SP506 Driver Mode Selection

Pin Label	Mode:	RS-232	V.35	RS-422 w/Term.	RS-422	RS-449	EIA-530	EIA-530A	V.36
DEC ₃ -DEC ₀	0000	0010	1110	0100	0101	1100	1101	1111	0110
SD(a)	tri-state	V.28	V.35-	V.11-	V.11-	V.11-	V.11-	V.11-	V.11-
SD(b)	tri-state	tri-state	V.35+	V.11+	V.11+	V.11+	V.11+	V.11+	V.11+
TR(a)	tri-state	V.28	V.28	V.11-	V.11-	V.11-	V.11-	V.10	V.10
TR(b)	tri-state	tri-state	tri-state	V.11+	V.11+	V.11+	V.11+	tri-state	tri-state
RS(a)	tri-state	V.28	V.28	V.11-	V.11-	V.11-	V.11-	V.11-	V.10
RS(b)	tri-state	tri-state	tri-state	V.11+	V.11+	V.11+	V.11+	V.11+	tri-state
RL(a)	tri-state	V.28	V.28	V.11-	V.11-	V.10	V.11-	V.11-	V.10
RL(b)	tri-state	tri-state	tri-state	V.11+	V.11+	tri-state	V.11+	V.11+	tri-state
LL(a)	tri-state	V.28	V.28	V.11-	V.11-	V.10	V.10	V.10	V.10
LL(b)	tri-state	tri-state	tri-state	V.11+	V.11+	tri-state	tri-state	tri-state	tri-state
ST(a)	tri-state	V.28	V.35-	V.11-	V.11-	V.11-	V.11-	V.11-	V.11-
ST(b)	tri-state	tri-state	V.35+	V.11+	V.11+	V.11+	V.11+	V.11+	V.11+
TT(a)	tri-state	V.28	V.35-	V.11-	V.11-	V.11-	V.11-	V.11-	V.11-
TT(b)	tri-state	tri-state	V.35+	V.11+	V.11+	V.11+	V.11+	V.11+	V.11+

Table 1. SP506 Driver Decoder Table

SP506 Receiver Mode Selection

Pin Label	Mode:	RS-232	V.35	RS-422 w/Term.	RS-422	RS-449	EIA-530	EIA-530A	V.36
DEC ₃ -DEC ₀	0000	0010	1110	0100	0101	1100	1101	1111	0110
RD(a)	>10kΩ to GND	V.28	V.35-	V.11- 	V.11-	V.11- 	V.11- 	V.11- 	V.11- 
RD(b)	>10kΩ to GND	>10kΩ to GND	V.35+	V.11+ 	V.11+	V.11+ 	V.11+ 	V.11+ 	V.11+ 
RT(a)	>10kΩ to GND	V.28	V.35-	V.11- 	V.11-	V.11- 	V.11- 	V.11- 	V.11- 
RT(b)	>10kΩ to GND	>10kΩ to GND	V.35+	V.11+ 	V.11+	V.11+ 	V.11+ 	V.11+ 	V.11+ 
CS(a)	>10kΩ to GND	V.28	V.28	V.11-	V.11-	V.11-	V.11-	V.11-	V.10
CS(b)	>10kΩ to GND	>10kΩ to GND	>10kΩ to GND	V.11+	V.11+	V.11+	V.11+	V.11+	>10kΩ to GND
DM(a)	>10kΩ to GND	V.28	V.28	V.11-	V.11-	V.11-	V.11-	V.10	V.10
DM(b)	>10kΩ to GND	>10kΩ to GND	>10kΩ to GND	V.11+	V.11+	V.11+	V.11+	>10kΩ to GND	>10kΩ to GND
RR(a)	>10kΩ to GND	V.28	V.28	V.11-	V.11-	V.11-	V.11-	V.11-	V.10
RR(b)	>10kΩ to GND	>10kΩ to GND	>10kΩ to GND	V.11+	V.11+	V.11+	V.11+	V.11+	>10kΩ to GND
IC(a)	>10kΩ to GND	V.28	V.28	V.11-	V.11-	V.10	V.10	V.10	V.10
IC(b)	>10kΩ to GND	>10kΩ to GND	>10kΩ to GND	V.11+	V.11+	>10kΩ to GND	>10kΩ to GND	>10kΩ to GND	>10kΩ to GND
SCT(a)	>10kΩ to GND	V.28	V.35-	V.11- 	V.11-	V.11- 	V.11- 	V.11- 	V.11- 
SCT(b)	>10kΩ to GND	>10kΩ to GND	V.35+	V.11+ 	V.11+	V.11+ 	V.11+ 	V.11+ 	V.11+ 

Table 2. SP506 Receiver Decoder Table

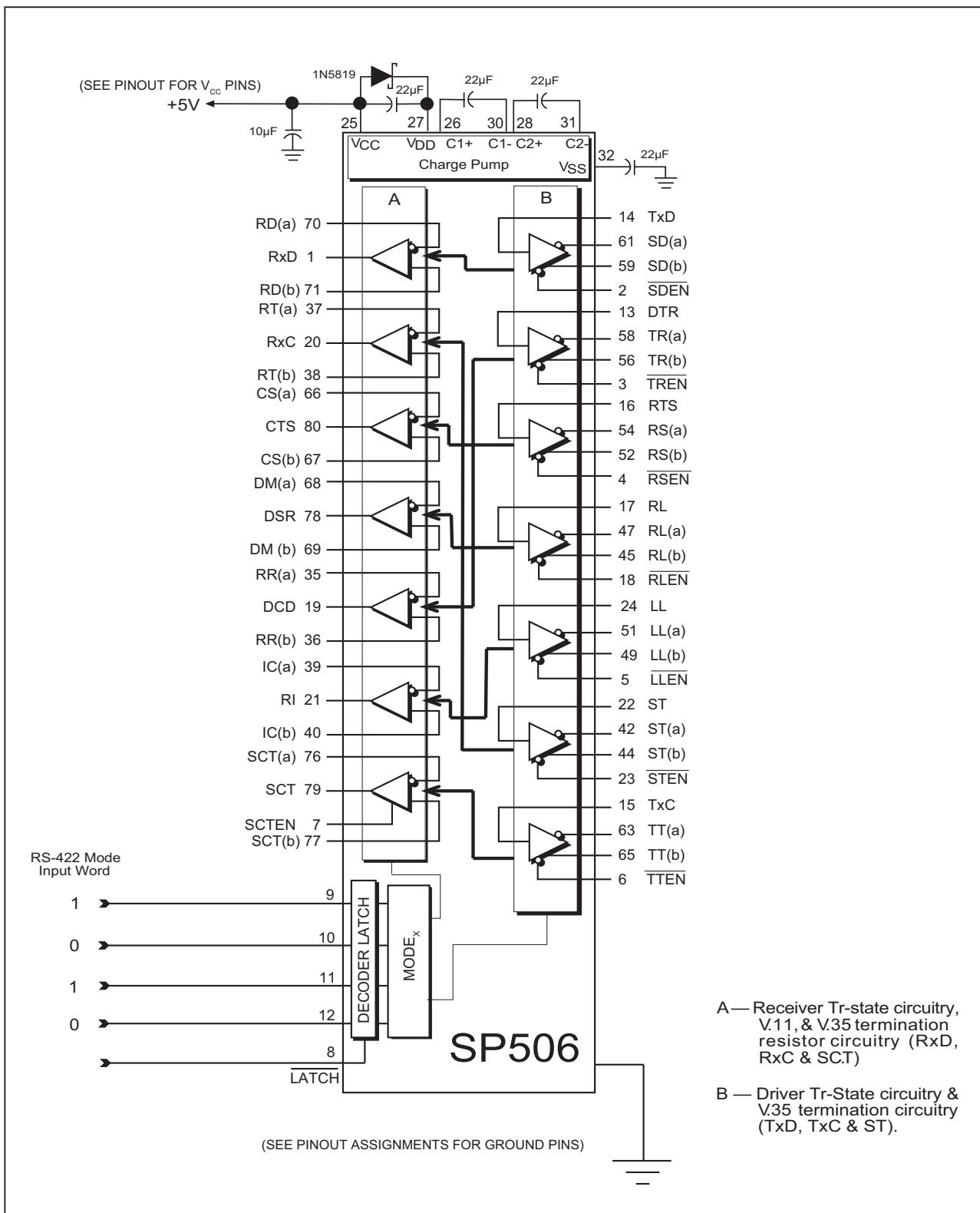
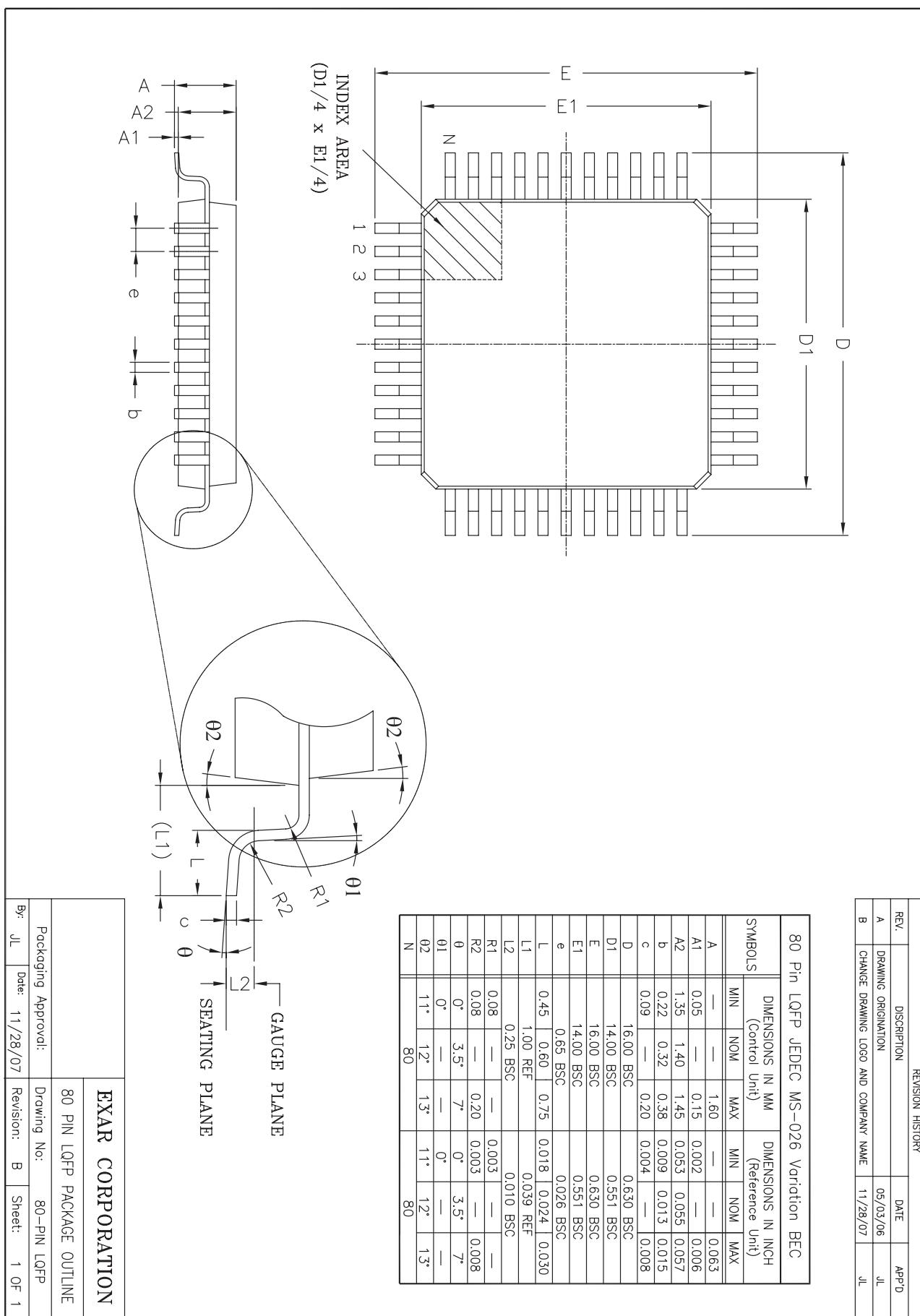


Figure 45. SP506 Typical Operating Circuit

PACKAGE: 80 PIN LQFP



ORDERING INFORMATION		
Model SP506CM-L	Temperature Range 0°C to +70°C	Package Types 80-pin LQFP

Please consult the factory for pricing and availability on a Tape-On-Reel option.

REVISION HISTORY

DATE	REVISION	DESCRIPTION
1/27/04	A	Implemented tracking revision.
8/12/08	1.0.0	SP506 is no longer available in MQFP package per PCN 07-1102-06a. In addition, SP506 is now only available in a Pb-Free, RoHS compliant package. MQFP package drawing has been replaced with the LQFP package drawing. Ordering information has been updated. Changed to Exar datasheet format and revision to 1.0.0.

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