

## High Performance Class-D Speaker Amplifier Series

# 10W+10W Class-D

## **Speaker Amplifier for Analog Input**

No.09075EAT05

#### Overview

BD5426EFS

BD5426EFS is a 10W + 10W stereo class-D power amplifier IC, developed for space-saving and low heat-generation applications such as low-profile TV sets. The IC employs state-of-the-art Bipolar, CMOS, and DMOS (BCD) process technology that eliminates turn-on resistance in the output power stage and internal loss due to line resistances up to an ultimate level. With this technology, the IC has achieved high efficiency of 87% (9W + 9W output with 8 $\Omega$  load). The IC, in addition, employs a compact back-surface heat radiation type power package to achieve low power consumption and low heat generation and eliminates necessity of installing an external radiator, up to a total output of 20W. This product satisfies both needs for drastic downsizing, low-profile structures and powerful, high-quality playback of the sound system.

#### Features

- 1) A high efficiency of 87% (9W + 9W output with 8Ω load), which is the highest grade in the industry and low heat-generation.
- 2) An output of 10W + 10W (13V, with  $8\Omega$  load) is allowed without an external heat radiator.
- 3) Driving a lowest rating load of  $6\Omega$  is allowed.
- 4) Pop noise upon turning power on/off and power interruption has been reduced.
- 5) High-quality audio muting is implemented by soft-switching technology.
- 6) An output power limiter function limits excessive output to speakers.
- 7) High-reliability design provided with built-in protection circuits against high temperatures, against VCC shorting and GND shorting, against reduced-voltage, and against applying DC voltage to speaker.
- 8) A master/slave function allowing synchronization of multiple devices reduces beat noises.
- 9) Adjustment of internal PWM sampling clock frequencies (250kHz to 400kHz) allows easy protective measures against unwanted radio emission to AM radio band.
- 10) A compact back-surface heat radiation type power package is employed. HTSSOP-A44(5mm × 7.5mm × 1.0mm, pitch 0.8mm )

#### BD5426EFS

#### Absolute Maximum Ratings

A circuit must be designed and evaluated not to exceed absolute maximum rating in any cases and even momentarily, to prevent reduction in functional performances and thermal destruction of a semiconductor product and secure useful life and reliability.

| The following values assume Ta =25°C. For latest values, refer to delivery specificat | ions. |
|---|-------|
|---|-------|

| Item                          | Symbol | Rating         | Unit | Conditions                                       |
|-------------------------------|--------|----------------|------|--|
| Supply voltage                | Vcc    | +20            | V    | Pin 7, 8, 15, 16, 29, 30, 37, 38, 40 (Note 1, 2) |
| Dower dissipation             | D I    | 2.0            | W    | (Note 3)   |
| Power dissipation             | Pd     | 4.5            | W    | (Note 4)   |
| Input voltage for signal pin  | Vin    | -0.2 ~ +7.2    | V    | Pin 1, 44 (Note 1)                               |
| Input voltage for control pin | VCONT  | -0.2 ~ Vcc+0.2 | V    | Pin 20, 24 (Note 1)                              |
| Input voltage for clock pin   | Vosc   | -0.2 ~ +7.2    | V    | Pin 23 (Note 1)                                  |
| Operating temperature range   | Topr   | -40 ~ +85      | °C   |  |
| Storage temperature range     | Tstg   | -55 ~ +150     | °C   |  |
| Maximum junction temperature  | Tjmax  | +150           | °C   |  |

(Note 1) A voltage that can be applied with reference to GND (pins 11, 12, 33, 34, and 43)

(Note 2) Pd and Tjmax=150°C must not be exceeded.

(Note 3) 70mm × 70mm × 1.6mmFR4 One-sided glass epoxy board (Back copper foil 0%) installed.

If used under Ta=25°C or higher, reduce 16mW for increase of every 1°C. The board is provided with thermal via. (Note 4) 70mm × 70mm × 1.6mmFR4 Both-sided glass epoxy board (Back copper foil 100%) installed.

If used under Ta=25°C or higher, reduce 36mW for increase of every 1°C. The board is provided with thermal via.

#### Operating Conditions

The following values assume Ta =25°C. Check for latest values in delivery specifications.

| Item                                      | Symbol | Rating    | Unit | Conditions                           |
|---|--------|-----------|------|--------------------------------------|
| Supply voltage                            | Vcc    | +10~+16.5 | V    | Pin 7, 8, 15, 16, 29, 30, 37, 38, 40 |
| Load resistance                           | RL     | 6 ~ 16    | Ω    | (Note 5)                             |
| (NIALA E) Deliahandelia at his succession |        |           | 1    | .l.                                  |

(Note 5) Pd should not be exceeded.

#### •Electrical Characteristics

Except otherwise specified  $T_a = 25^{\circ}C$ , Vcc = 12V, fin = 1kHz,  $R_g = 0\Omega$ ,  $R_L = 8\Omega$ , MUTEX="H", MS="L" For latest values, refer to delivery specifications.

| Item                                 | Symbol           | Representative value | Unit  | Conditions                                    |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|----------------------|-------|---|
| Whole circuit                        |                  |                      |       |   |
| Circuit current 1 (Sampling mode)    | I <sub>CC1</sub> | 25                   | mA    | With no signal                                |
| Circuit current 2 (Muting mode)      | I <sub>CC2</sub> | 10                   | mA    | MUTEX = "L"                                   |
| Control circuit                      |                  |                      |       |   |
| "H" level input voltage              | V <sub>IH</sub>  | 2.3~12               | V     | SDX, MUTEX, MS                                |
| "L" level input voltage              | VIL              | 0~0.8                | V     | SDX, MUTEX, MS                                |
| Audio circuit                        |                  |                      |       |   |
| Voltage gain                         | Gv               | 28                   | dB    | Po = 1W                                       |
| Maximum output power 1 (Note 6)      | P01              | 9                    | W     | THD+N = 10%                                   |
| Maximum output power 2 (Note 6)      | Po2              | 10                   | W     | Vcc = 13V, THD+N = 10%                        |
| Total harmonic distortion (Note 6)   | THD              | 0.1                  | %     | Po = 1W, BW=20Hz~20kHz                        |
| Crosstalk                            | СТ               | 85                   | dB    | $Po = 1W, Rg = 0\Omega, BW = IHF-A$           |
| Output noise voltage (Sampling mode) | Vno              | 80                   | µVrms | $Rg = 0\Omega$ , $BW = IHF-A$                 |
| Residual noise voltage (Muting mode) | VNOM             | 1                    | µVrms | $Rg = 0\Omega$ , $BW = IHF-A$ , $MUTEX = "L"$ |
| Internal sampling clock frequency    | Fosc             | 250                  | kHz   | MS = "L" (In master operation)                |

(Note 6) The rated values of items above indicate average performances of the device, which largely depend on circuit layouts, components, and power supplies.

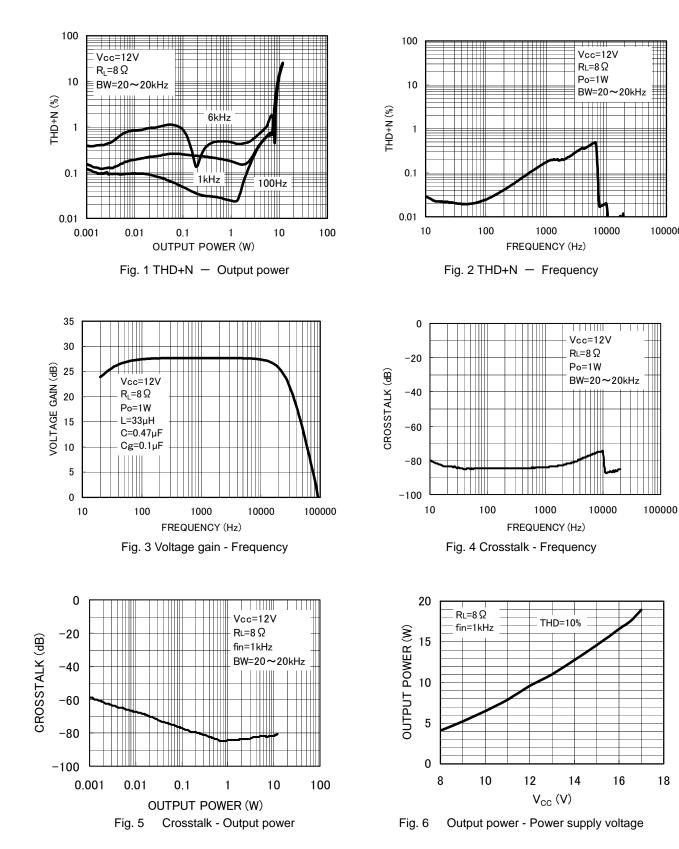
The reference values are those applicable to the device and components directly installed on a board specified by us.

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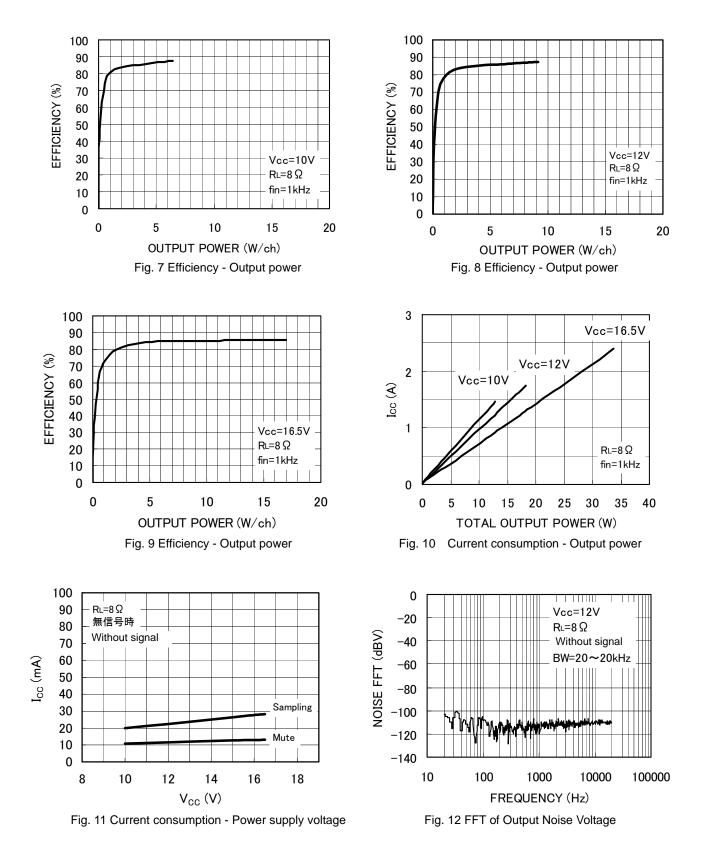
#### Electrical characteristic curves (Reference data)

(1)Under Stereo Operation ( $R_L=8\Omega$ )



18

#### Electrical characteristic curves (Reference data) – Continued



#### Electrical characteristic curves (Reference data) – Continued

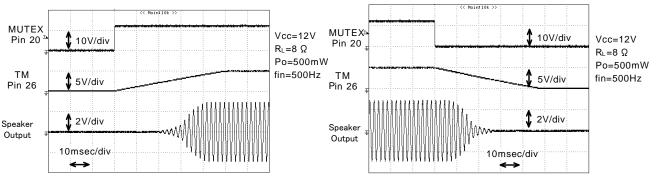


Fig. 13 Wave form when Releasing Soft-mute

Fig. 14 Wave form when Activating Soft-mute

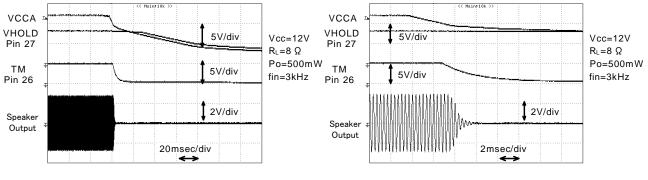
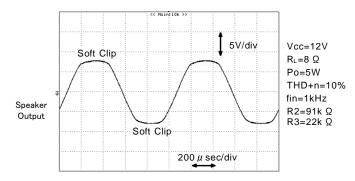


Fig. 15 Wave form on Instantaneous Power Interruption (20msec / div)



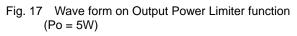


Fig. 16 Wave form on Instantaneous Power Interruption (2msec / div)

#### ●Electrical characteristic curves (Reference data) – Continued

(2)Under Stereo Operation ( $R_L=6\Omega$ )

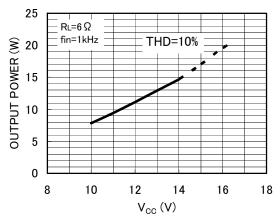
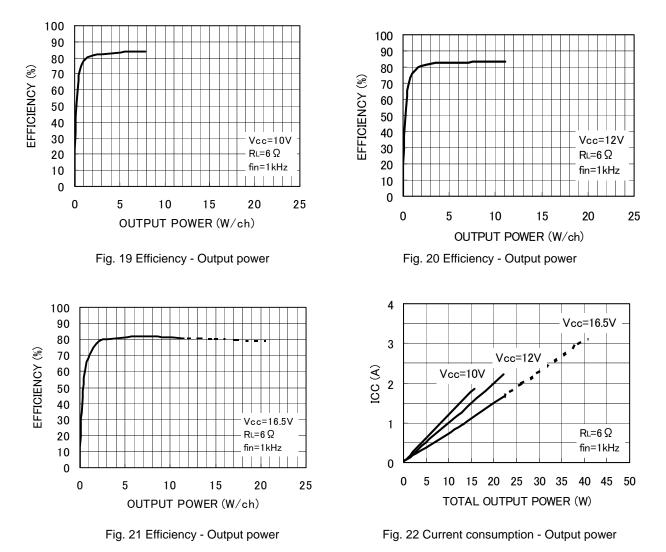


Fig. 18 Output power - Power supply voltage



Dotted lines of the graphs indicate continuous output power to be obtained on musical signal source or by installing additional heat sinks.

#### Pin Assignment

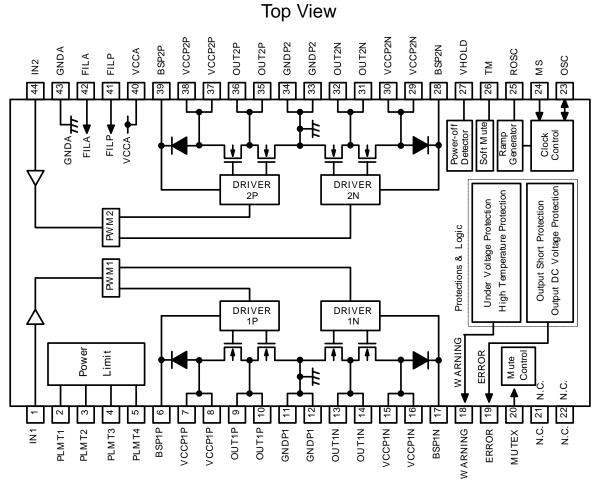


Fig. 23 Pin Assignment Diagram

Outer Dimensions and Inscriptions

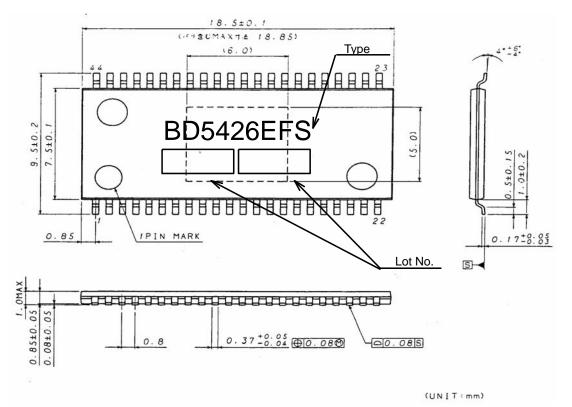


Fig. 24 Outer Dimensions and Inscriptions of HTSSOP-A44 Package

#### Explanation of Pin Functions (Provided pin voltages are typical values.)

| No.     | Symbol     | Pin voltage | Pin description   | Internal equalizing circuit |
|---------|------------|-------------|---|-----------------------------|
| 1<br>44 | IN1<br>IN2 | 3.5V        | ch1 Analog signal input pin<br>ch2 Analog signal input pin<br>Input audio signal via a capacitor. |                             |
| 2       | PLMT1      | 3.5V        | Voltage-to-current conversion pin for<br>output power limiter function<br>Connect a register.     |                             |
| 3       | PLMT2      | -           | Current-to-voltage conversion pin for<br>output power limiter function<br>Connect a register.     |                             |
| 4       | PLMT3      | -           | Current-to-voltage conversion pin for<br>output power limiter function<br>Connect a register.     |                             |
| 5       | PLMT4      | 3.5V        | Bias pin for output power limiter function<br>Connect a register and a capacitor.                 |                             |

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Explanation of Pin Functions - Continued

| Explanatio | n of Pin Funct | ions - Continued | 1  |                             |
|------------|----------------|------------------|--|-----------------------------|
| No.        | Symbol         | Pin voltage      | Pin description  | Internal equalizing circuit |
| 6          | BSP1P          | -                | ch1 positive bootstrap pin<br>Connect a capacitor.   | 7,8                         |
| 7, 8       | VCCP1P         | Vcc              | ch1 positive power system power supply pin   |                             |
| 9, 10      | OUT1P          | Vcc~0V           | ch1 positive PWM signal output pin<br>Connect with output LPF.   |                             |
| 11, 12     | GNDP1          | 0V               | ch1 power system GND pin   |                             |
| 13, 14     | OUT1N          | Vcc~0V           | ch1 negative PWM signal output pin<br>Connect with output LPF.   |                             |
| 15, 16     | VCCP1N         | Vcc              | ch1 negative power system power supply<br>pin  |                             |
| 17         | BSP1N          | -                | ch1 negative bootstrap pin<br>Connect a capacitor.   |                             |
| 18         | WARNING        | H: 5V<br>L: 0V   | Warning output pin<br>Pin to notify operation warning.<br>H: Under warning<br>L: Normal operation<br>Connect a resister. |                             |
| 19         | ERROR          | H: 5V<br>L: 0V   | Error output pin<br>A pin for notifying operation errors.<br>H: Error<br>L: Normal operation<br>Connect a resister.      |                             |

#### Explanation of Pin Functions - Continued

| xplanation of Pin Functions - Continued |        |             |   |                             |  |  |  |  |
|---|--------|-------------|---|-----------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| No.                                     | Symbol | Pin voltage | Pin description   | Internal equalizing circuit |  |  |  |  |
| 20                                      | MUTEX  | -           | Audio mute control pin<br>H: Mute off<br>L: Mute on   | 40<br>20<br>43              |  |  |  |  |
| 21, 22                                  | N.C.   | -           | N.C. pin<br>Nothing is connected with IC internal circuit.  |                             |  |  |  |  |
| 23                                      | OSC    | -           | Sampling clock signal input/output pin<br>When using two or more sampling clocks,<br>connect via a capacitor.   |                             |  |  |  |  |
| 24                                      | MS     | -           | Master/Slave switching pin<br>Switching of master/slave functions on a<br>sampling clock signal.<br>H: Slave operation<br>L: Master operation                   | 40<br>24<br>43              |  |  |  |  |
| 25                                      | ROSC   | 5.6V        | Internal PWM sampling clock frequency<br>setting pin<br>Usually the pin is used open.<br>To adjust an internal sampling clock<br>frequency, connect a resister. |                             |  |  |  |  |

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#### Explanation of Pin Functions - Continued

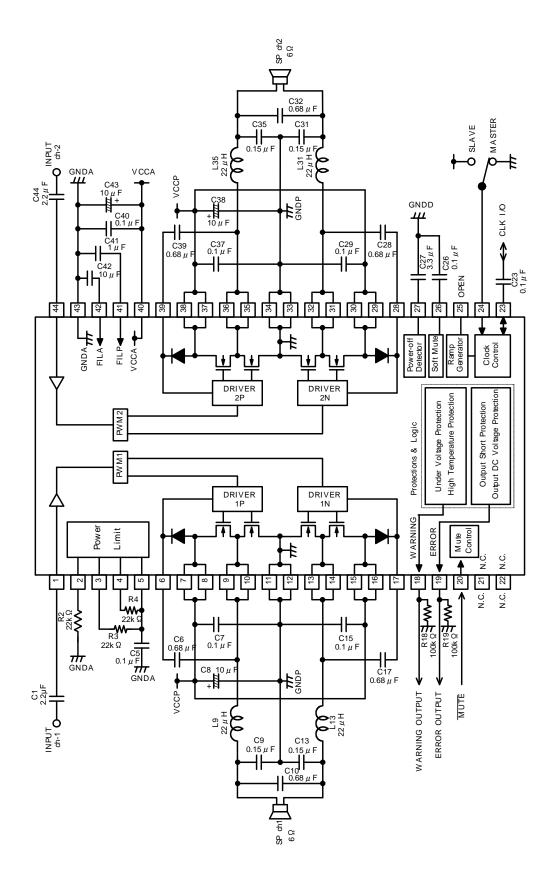
| Explanatior | of Pin Funct | ions - Continued | 1  |   |
|-------------|--------------|------------------|--|---|
| No.         | Symbol       | Pin voltage      | Pin description  | Internal equalizing circuit   |
| 26          | ТМ           | 0~5V             | Audio muting constant setting pin<br>Connect a capacitor.  |   |
| 27          | VHOLD        | 0.68×Vcc         | Instantaneous power interruption detecting<br>voltage setting pin<br>Connect a capacitor.<br>To adjust a detecting voltage, connect a<br>resister. |   |
| 28          | BSP2N        | -                | ch2 negative bootstrap pin<br>Connect a capacitor.   | 29,30   |
| 29, 30      | VCCP2N       | Vcc              | ch2 negative power system power supply pin   |   |
| 31, 32      | OUT2N        | Vcc~0V           | ch2 negative PWM signal output pin<br>Connect an output LPF.   |   |
| 33, 34      | GNDP2        | 0V               | ch2 power system GND pin   | 33,34<br>37,38<br>4<br>4<br>4<br>4<br>4<br>4<br>4<br>4<br>4<br>4<br>4<br>4<br>4 |
| 35, 36      | OUT2P        | Vcc~0V           | ch2 positive PWM signal output pin<br>Connect an output LPF.   |   |
| 37, 38      | VCCP2P       | Vcc              | ch2 positive power system power supply pin   |   |
| 39          | BSP2P        | -                | ch2 positive bootstrap pin<br>Connect a capacitor.   | 33,34   |

#### Explanation of Pin Functions - Continued

| No. | Symbol | Pin voltage         | Pin description                                       | Internal equalizing circuit |
|-----|--------|---------------------|---|-----------------------------|
| 40  | VCCA   | Vcc                 | Analog system power pin                               |                             |
| 41  | FILP   | <u>Vcc+35</u><br>12 | PWM system bias pin<br>Connect a capacitor.           |                             |
| 42  | FILA   | 3.5V                | Analog signal system bias pin<br>Connect a capacitor. |                             |
| 43  | GNDA   | ٥V                  | Analog system power supply pin                        |                             |

#### • Application Circuit Diagram (under stereo operation)

Vcc=10V~16.5V





| No. | ltem | Part Number        | Vendor  | Config<br>mm | uration<br>inch | Value  | Rated voltage | Tolerance | Temperature characteristics | Quantity | Reference              |
|-----|------|--------------------|---------|--------------|-----------------|--------|---------------|-----------|-----------------------------|----------|------------------------|
| 1   | IC   | BD5426EFS          | ROHM    | HTSSO        | DP-A44          | -      | -             | -         | -                           | 1        | IC1                    |
| 2   | С    | GRM219B31E684KA88D | MURATA  | 2012         | 0805            | 0.68µF | 25V           | ±10%      | ±10%                        | 4        | C6, C17, C28, C39      |
| 3   | С    | GRM188R11H104KA93  | MURATA  | 1608         | 0603            | 0.1µF  | 50V           | ±10%      | ±10%                        | 5        | C7, C15, C29, C37, C40 |
| 4   | С    | GRM31MB11H154KA01B | MURATA  | 3216         | 1206            | 0.15µF | 50V           | ±10%      | ±10%                        | 4        | C9, C13, C31, C35      |
| 5   | С    | 25ST225M3216       | Rubycon | 3225         | 1210            | 2.2µF  | 25V           | ±20%      | ±5%                         | 2        | C1, C44                |
| 6   | С    | 50ST684M3225       | Rubycon | 3225         | 1210            | 0.68µF | 50V           | ±20%      | ±5%                         | 2        | C10, C32               |
| 7   | С    | GRM21BB31E335KA75  | MURATA  | 2012         | 0805            | 3.3µF  | 25V           | ±10%      | ±10%                        | 1        | C27                    |
| 8   | С    | GRM188B11E104KA    | MURATA  | 1608         | 0603            | 0.1µF  | 25V           | ±10%      | ±10%                        | 3        | C5, C23, C26           |
| 9   | С    | GRM21BB11C105KA    | MURATA  | 2012         | 0805            | 1µF    | 16V           | ±10%      | ±10%                        | 1        | C41                    |
| 10  | С    | GRM21BB31C106KE15  | MURATA  | 2012         | 0805            | 10µF   | 16V           | ±10%      | ±10%                        | 1        | C42                    |
| 11  | С    | 25SVPD10M          | SANYO   | 6666         | 2626            | 10µF   | 25V           | ±20%      | ±25%                        | 3        | C8, C38, C43           |
| 12  | R    | MCR01MZPF2202      | ROHM    | 1005         | 0402            | 22kΩ   | 50V           | ±1%       | ±200ppm/°C                  | 3        | R2, R3, R4             |
| 13  | R    | MCR01MZPF1003      | ROHM    | 1005         | 0402            | 100kΩ  | 50V           | ±1%       | ±200ppm/°C                  | 2        | R18, R19               |

#### Table 1 BOM List of Stereo Operation with $6\Omega$ Load

| No. | Item | Part Number | Vendor | Configuration | Value  | Tolerance  | DC                  | Rated     | Quantity | Reference         |
|-----|------|-------------|--------|---------------|--------|------------|---------------------|-----------|----------|-------------------|
|     |      |             | mm     |               |        | Resistance | sistance DC Current |           |          |                   |
| 14  | L    | 7G09B-220M  | SAGAMI | 10×9×10       | 22µH×2 | ±20%       | 44mΩmax.            | 4.1A max. | 2        | L9, L13, L31, L35 |

#### Notes on Usage

#### 1. About absolute maximum ratings

If an applied voltage or an operating temperature exceeds an absolute maximum rating, it may cause destruction of a device. A result of destruction, whether it is short mode or open mode, is not predictable. Therefore, provide a physical safety measure such as fuse, against a special mode that may violate conditions of absolute maximum ratings.

#### 2. About power supply line

As return of current regenerated by back EMF of output coil happens, take steps such as putting capacitor between power supply and GND as a electric pathway for the regenerated current. Be sure that there is no problem with each property such as emptied capacity at lower temperature regarding electrolytic capacitor to decide capacity value. If the connected power supply does not have sufficient current absorption capacity, regenerative current will cause the voltage on the power supply line to rise, which combined with the product and its peripheral circuitry may exceed the absolute maximum ratings. It is recommended to implement a physical safety measure such as the insertion of a voltage clamp diode between the power supply and GND pins.

#### 3. Potential of GND (11, 12, 33, 34, and 43 pins)

Potential of the GND terminal must be the lowest under any operating conditions.

#### 4. About thermal design

Perform thermal design with sufficient margins, in consideration of maximum power dissipation Pd under actual operating conditions. This product has an exposed frame on the back of the package, and it is assumed that the frame is used with measures to improve efficiency of heat dissipation. In addition to front surface of board, provide a heat dissipation pattern as widely as possible on the back also.

A class-D power amplifier has heat dissipation efficiency far higher than that of conventional analog power amplifier and generates less heat. However, extra attention must be paid in thermal design so that a power dissipation Pdiss should not exceed the maximum power dissipation Pd.

| Maximum power dissipation | $Pd = \frac{T_{jmax} - Ta}{\theta_{ja}}  \left[W\right]$ | Tjmax: Maximum temperature junction = 150[°C]<br>Ta: Operating ambient temperature [°C]       |
|---------------------------|--|---|
| Power dissipation         | $P_{diss} = P_0 \left( \frac{1}{\eta} - 1 \right) $ [W]  | $\theta$ ja: Package thermal resistance [°C/W]<br>Po: Output power [W]<br>$\eta$ : Efficiency |

#### 5. About operations in strong electric field

Note that the device may malfunction in a strong electric field.

#### 6. Thermal shutdown (TSD) circuit

This product is provided with a built-in thermal shutdown circuit. When the thermal shutdown circuit operates, the output transistors are placed under open status. The thermal shutdown circuit is primarily intended to shut down the IC avoiding thermal runaway under abnormal conditions with a chip temperature exceeding Tjmax =  $150^{\circ}$ C, and is not intended to protect and secure an electrical appliance. Accordingly, do not use this circuit function to protect a customer's electrical appliance.

7. About shorting between pins and installation failure

Be careful about direction and displacement of an LSI when installing it onto the board. Faulty installation may destroy the LSI when the device is energized. In addition, a foreign matter getting inbetween LSI pins, pins and power supply, and pins and GND may cause shorting and destruction of the LSI.

#### 8. About power supply startup and shutdown

When starting up a power supply, be sure to place the MUTEX pin (pin 20) at "L" level. When shutting down a power supply also, be sure to place the pin at "L" level. Those processes reduce pop noises generated upon turning on and off the power supply. In addition, all power supply pins must be started up and shut down at the same time.

#### 9. About WARNING output pin (pin 18) and ERROR output pin (pin 19)

A WARNING flag is output from the WARNING output pin upon operation of the high-temperature protection function and under-voltage protection function. And an ERROR flag is output from the ERROR output pin upon operation of VCC/GND shorting protection function and speaker DC voltage applying protection function. These flags are the function which the condition of this product is shown in. The use which aimed at the protection except for this product is prohibition.

#### 10. About N.C. pins (pins 21 and 22)

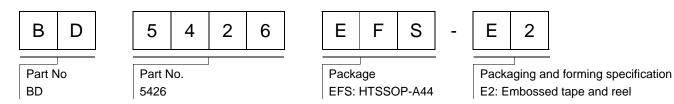
The N.C. (Non connection) pins are not connected with an internal circuit. Leave the pins open or connect them to GND.

### BD5426EFS

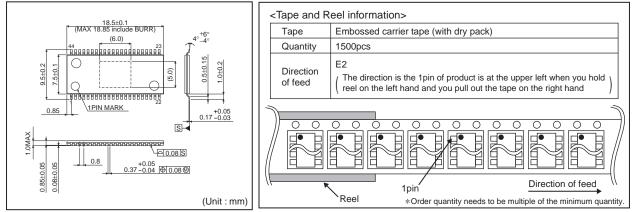
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#### Ordering part number



#### **HTSSOP-A44**



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