



ALPHA & OMEGA
SEMICONDUCTOR

AOL1424

N-Channel Enhancement Mode Field Effect Transistor



General Description

The AOL1424 uses advanced trench technology to provide excellent $R_{DS(ON)}$, low gate charge and operation with gate voltages as low as 4.5V, while retaining a 20V $V_{GS(MAX)}$ rating. It is ESD protected. This device is suitable for use as a load switch. Standard Product AOL1424 is Pb-free (meets ROHS & Sony 259 specifications).

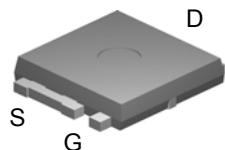
Features

V_{DS} (V) = 30V
 I_D = 70A (V_{GS} = 10V)
 $R_{DS(ON)} < 5.4\text{m}\Omega$ (V_{GS} = 10V)
 $R_{DS(ON)} < 8\text{m}\Omega$ (V_{GS} = 4.5V)

ESD Protected

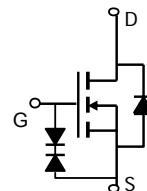
UIS Tested!
 $R_g, C_{iss}, C_{oss}, C_{rss}$ Tested

UltraSO-8™ Top View



Fits SOIC8 footprint !

Bottom tab connected to drain



Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	Maximum	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	V_{DS}	30	V
Gate-Source Voltage	V_{GS}	± 20	V
Continuous Drain Current ^B	I_D	70	A
$T_C=100^\circ\text{C}$		50	
Pulsed Drain Current ^C	I_{DM}	120	
Continuous Drain Current ^A	I_{DSM}	23	A
$T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$		18	
Avalanche Current ^H	I_{AR}	30	A
Repetitive avalanche energy $L=0.3\text{mH}^H$	E_{AR}	135	mJ
Power Dissipation ^B	P_D	50	W
$T_C=100^\circ\text{C}$		25	
Power Dissipation ^A	P_{DSM}	5	W
$T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$		3	
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	T_J, T_{STG}	-55 to 175	°C

Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^A	$R_{\theta JA}$	20	24	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^A		45	55	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Case ^D	$R_{\theta JC}$	2.5	3.0	°C/W

Electrical Characteristics ($T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
STATIC PARAMETERS						
BV_{DSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	30			V
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}=30\text{V}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ $T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$			1 5	μA
I_{GSS}	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0\text{V}, V_{GS}=\pm 16\text{V}$			10	μA
$V_{GS(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=250\mu\text{A}$	1.4	1.8	2.5	V
$I_{D(\text{ON})}$	On state drain current	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=5\text{V}$	120			A
$R_{DS(\text{ON})}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, I_D=20\text{A}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		4.5	5.4	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$V_{GS}=4.5\text{V}, I_D=20\text{A}$		6.3	7.6	$\text{m}\Omega$
g_{FS}	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=5\text{V}, I_D=20\text{A}$		67		S
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S=1\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		0.7	1.0	V
I_S	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				70	A
DYNAMIC PARAMETERS						
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=15\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		1803	2170	pF
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance			387		pF
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			238		pF
R_g	Gate resistance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=0\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		1.3	2	Ω
SWITCHING PARAMETERS						
$Q_g(10\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=15\text{V}, I_D=20\text{A}$		36	48	nC
$Q_g(4.5\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge			19		nC
Q_{gs}	Gate Source Charge			3.9		nC
Q_{gd}	Gate Drain Charge			8.7		nC
$t_{D(\text{on})}$	Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=15\text{V}, R_L=0.75\Omega, R_{\text{GEN}}=3\Omega$		7.6		ns
t_r	Turn-On Rise Time			6.4		ns
$t_{D(\text{off})}$	Turn-Off Delay Time			27		ns
t_f	Turn-Off Fall Time			8.5		ns
t_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=20\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		27	33	ns
Q_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F=20\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		17		nC

A: The value of R_{GJA} is measured with the device in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$. The power dissipation P_{DSM} and current rating I_{DSM} are based on $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$, using $t \leq 10\text{s}$ junction-to-ambient thermal resistance.

B. The power dissipation P_D is based on $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=175^\circ\text{C}$, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

C: Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=175^\circ\text{C}$.

D. The R_{GJA} is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case R_{JC} and case to ambient.

E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using $<300\mu\text{s}$ pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=175^\circ\text{C}$.

G. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in 2 FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

H. EAR and IAR ratings are based on low frequency and duty cycles such that $T_j(\text{start})=25^\circ\text{C}$ for each pulse.

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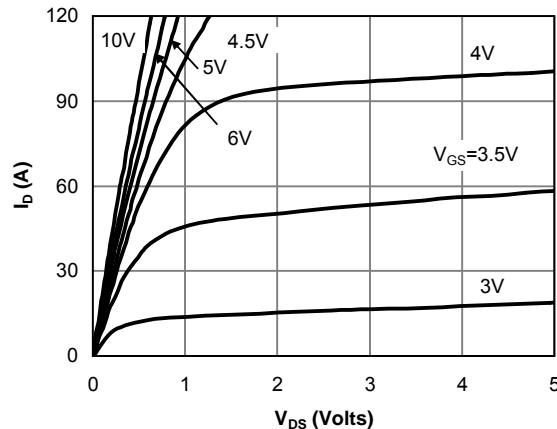
TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Figure 1: On-Region Characteristics

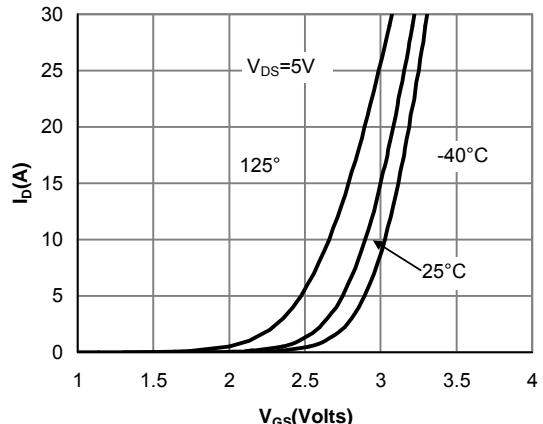


Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics

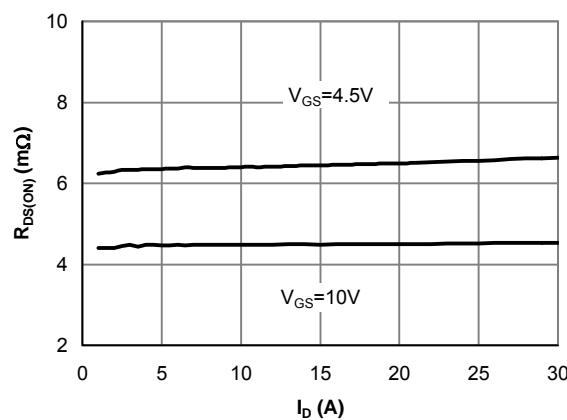


Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage

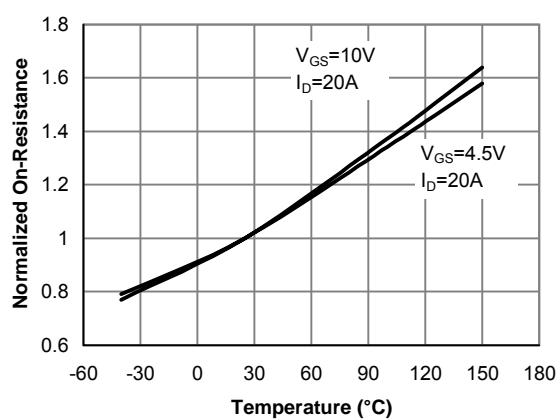


Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

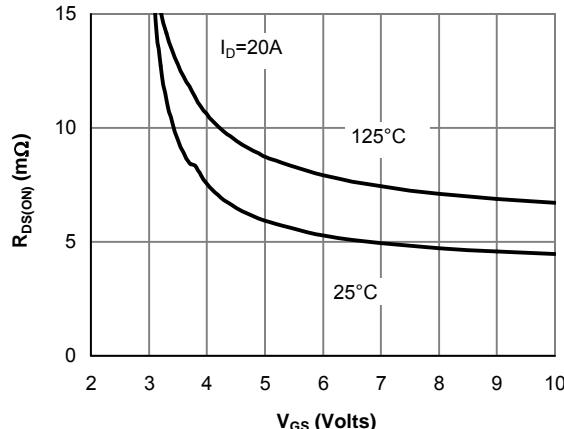


Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage

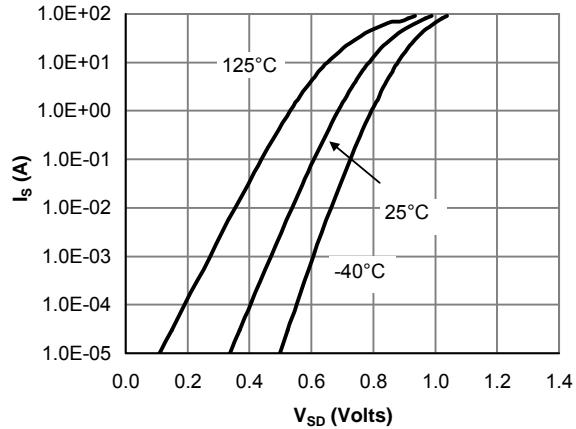


Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics

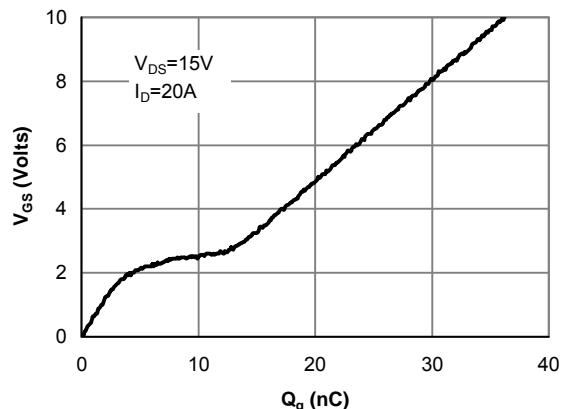
TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics

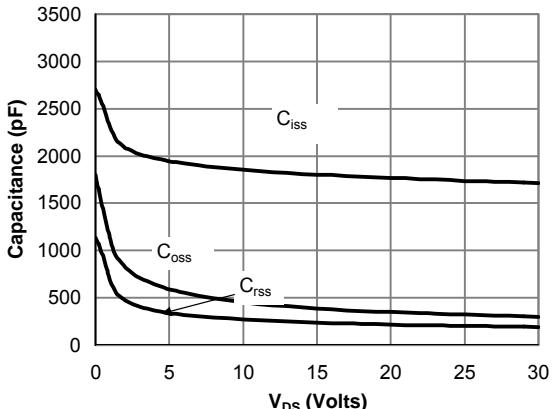


Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics

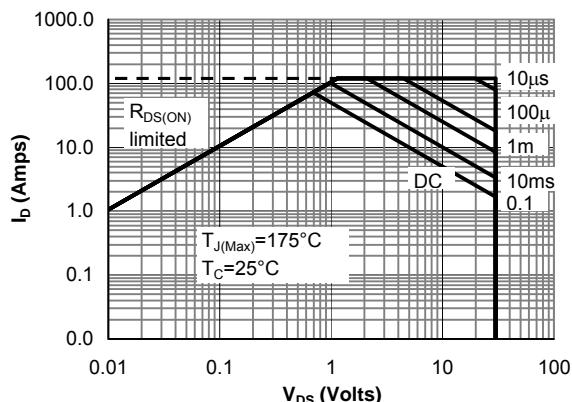


Figure 9: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area (Note F)

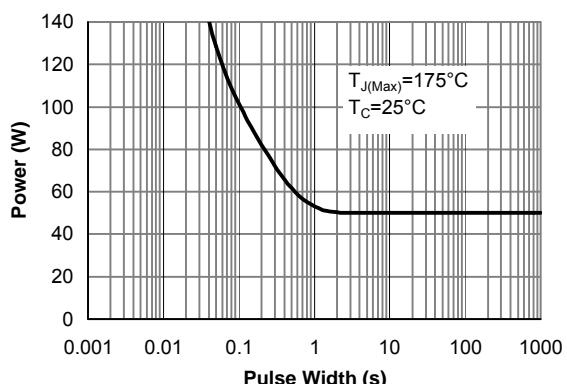


Figure 10: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Case (Note F)

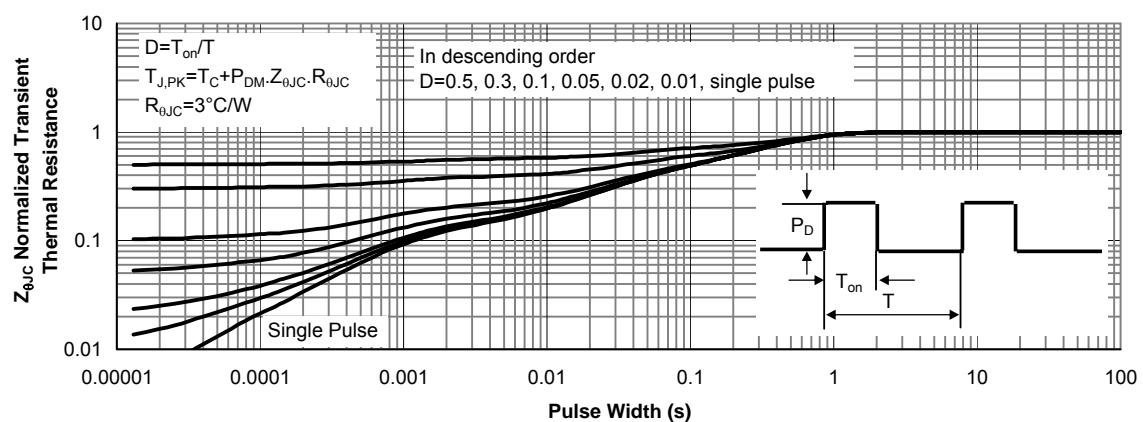


Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note F)

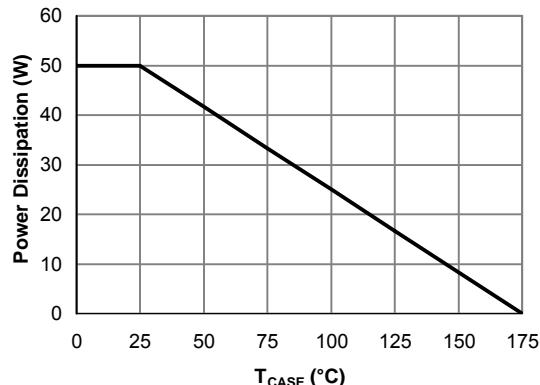
TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS


Figure 12: Power De-rating (Note B)

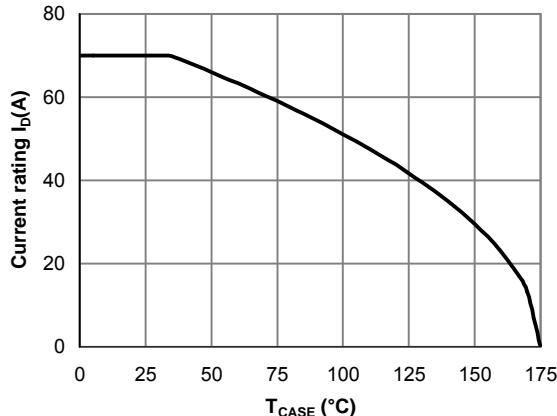


Figure 13: Current De-rating (Note B)

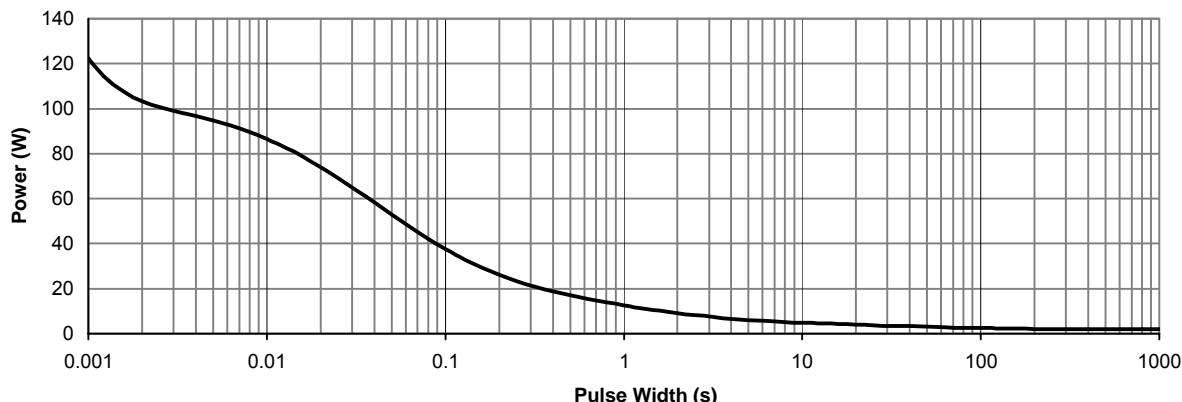


Figure 14: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note G)

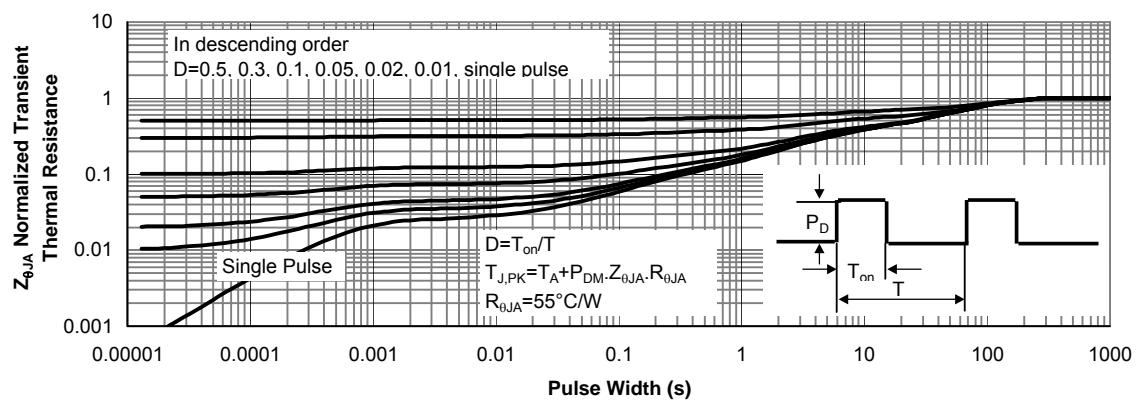


Figure 15: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note G)