MSK

M.S.KENNEDY CORP.

# HIGH CURRENT, LOW DROPOUT SURFACE MOUNT VOLTAGE REGULATORS

5230 SERIES

4707 Dey Road Liverpool, N.Y. 13088

(315) 701-6751

FEATURES:

- Hermetic Surface Mount Package
- Extremely Low Dropout Voltage: 350mV @ 3 Amps
- Available in 2.5V, 3.3V, 5.0V and 12.0V
- On Board Thermal Shut Down
- Reverse Battery and Load Dump Protection
- Low Ground Current: 32mA Typical at Full Load
- 1% Maximum Guaranteed Accuracy
- Output Current to 3 Amps
- Alternate Output Voltages Available

MIL-PRF-38534 QUALIFIED
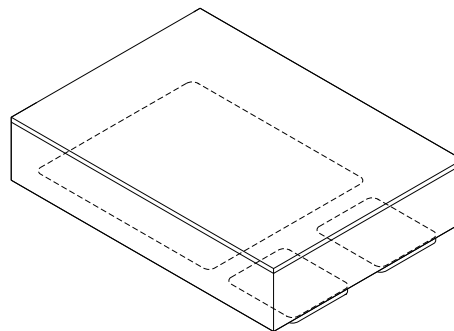
DESCRIPTION:

The MSK 5230 series voltage regulators are available in $+2.5V$, $+3.3V$, $+5.0V$, and $+12.0V$ output configurations. All boast ultra low dropout specifications due to the utilization of a super PNP output pass transistor with monolithic technology. Dropout voltages of 350mV at 3 amps are typical in this configuration, which drives efficiency up and power dissipation down. Accuracy is guaranteed with a 1% maximum output voltage tolerance. The MSK 5230 series is packaged in a space efficient 3 pin power surface mount ceramic package.

EQUIVALENT SCHEMATIC
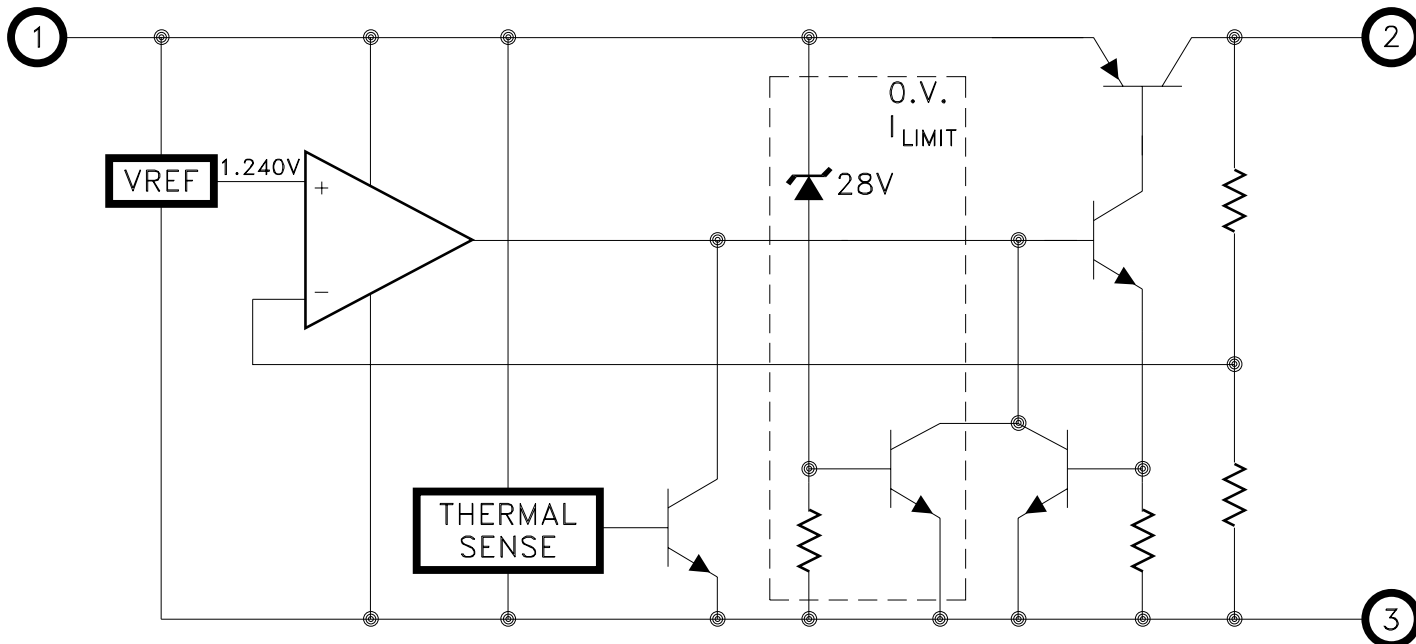
TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- High Efficiency, High Current Linear Regulators
- Constant Voltage/Current Regulators
- System Power Supplies
- Switching Power Supply Post Regulators
- Battery Powered Equipment

PIN-OUT INFORMATION

1   VIN
2   VOUT
3   Ground

Rev. B 7/00

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

V_{INP} Input Voltage (100mS 1%D.C.) -20V to +60V
V_{IN} Input Voltage 26V
V_{EN} Enable Voltage . . . . -0.3V to 26V
I_{OUT} Output Current 4A

T_{ST} Storage Temperature Range . . -65°C to +150°C
T_{LD} Lead Temperature . . . . 300°C
(10 Seconds Soldering)
T_J Operating Temperature
MSK 5230 Series . . . . -40°C to +85°C
MSK 5230H Series . . . . -55°C to +125°C

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Parameter	Test Conditions① ③	Group A Subgroup	MSK 5230H SERIES			MSK 5230 SERIES			Units
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Output Voltage Tolerance	I_{OUT} = 10mA; V_{IN} = V_{OUT} +1V	1	-	±0.5	±1.0	-	±0.5	±1.0	%
		2, 3	-	±1.0	±2.0	-	-	-	%
Dropout Voltage ②	ΔVOUT = -1%; I_{OUT} = 100 mA	1	-	80	200	-	80	225	mV
	ΔVOUT = -1%; I_{OUT} = 3A	1	-	350	600	-	350	625	mV
Load Regulation	V_{IN} = V_{OUT} +5V	1	-	±0.2	±1.0	-	±0.2	±1.2	%
	10 mA ≤ I_{OUT} ≤ 3A	2, 3	-	±0.3	±2.0	-	±0.3	-	%
Line Regulation	(V_{OUT} +1V) ≤ V_{IN} ≤ 26V	1	-	±0.05	±0.5	-	±0.05	±0.6	%
	I_{OUT} = 10 mA	2, 3	-	±0.5	±1.0	-	±0.5	-	%
Output Current Limit ②	V_{OUT} = 0V; V_{IN} = V_{OUT} +1V	-	-	4.5	5.0	-	4.5	5.0	A
Ground Current ② ⑧	V_{IN} = V_{OUT} +1V; I_{OUT} = 1.5A	-	-	10	35	-	10	35	mA
	V_{IN} = V_{OUT} +1V; I_{OUT} = 3A	-	-	32	-	-	32	-	mA
Output Noise ②	C_L = 20µF; 10 HZ ≤ f ≤ 100 KHZ	-	-	400	-	-	400	-	µV
Thermal Resistance ②	Junction to Case	-	-	2.5	2.8	-	2.5	3.0	°C/W
Thermal Shutdown ②	TJ	-	-	130	-	-	130	-	°C

PART NUMBER	OUTPUT VOLTAGE ⑦
MSK5230-2.5	+2.5V
MSK5230-3.3	+3.3V
MSK5230-5.0	+5.0V
MSK5230-12	+12.0V

NOTES:

① Output decoupled to ground using 20µF minimum capacitor unless otherwise specified.
② This parameter is guaranteed by design but need not be tested.
   Typical parameters are representative of actual device performance but are for reference only.
③ All output parameters are tested using a low duty cycle pulse to maintain TJ = TC.
④ Industrial grade devices shall be tested to subgroup 1 unless otherwise specified.
⑤ Military grade devices ('H' suffix) shall be 100% tested to subgroups 1,2,3.
⑥ Subgroup 1   TC = +25°C
   Subgroup 2   TJ = +125°C
   Subgroup 3   TA = -55°C
⑦ Please consult the factory if alternate output voltages are required.
⑧ The MSK 5230-2.5 has an additional 10 mA of Quiescent Current.

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REGULATOR PROTECTION:

The MSK 5230 series is fully protected against reversed input polarity, overcurrent faults, overtemperature conditions (Pd) and transient voltage spikes of up to 60V. If the regulator is used in dual supply systems where the load is returned to a negative supply, the output voltage must be diode clamped to ground.

OUTPUT CAPACITOR:

The output voltage ripple of the MSK 5230 series voltage regulators can be minimized by placing a filter capacitor from the output to ground. The optimum value for this capacitor may vary from one application to the next, but a minimum of 20μF is recommended for optimum performance. Transient load response can also be improved by placing a capacitor directly across the load. The capacitor should not be an ultra-low ESR type. Tantalum capacitors are best for fast load transients but aluminum electrolytics will work fine in most applications.

LOAD CONNECTIONS:

In voltage regulator applications where very large load currents are present, the load connection is very important. The path connecting the output of the regulator to the load must be extremely low impedance to avoid affecting the load regulation specifications. Any impedance in this path will form a voltage divider with the load. The MSK 5230 series requires a minimum of 10mA of load current to stay in regulation.

MINIMIZING POWER DISSIPATION:

Many applications can not take full advantage of the extremely low dropout specifications of the regulator due to large input to output voltage differences. The simple circuit below illustrates a method to reduce the input voltage at the regulator to just over the dropout specification to keep the internal power dissipation minimized:
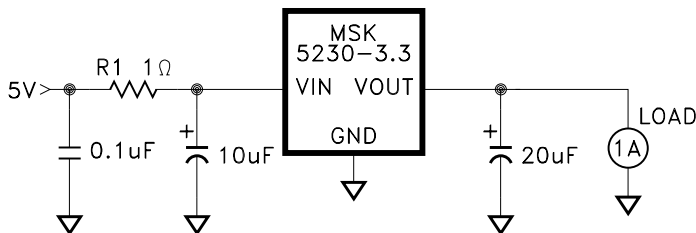
For a given continuous maximum load of 1 amp, R1 can be selected to drop the voltage seen at the regulator to 4V. This allows for the output tolerance and dropout specifications. Input voltage variations (5V) also should be included in the calculations. The resistor should be sized according to the power levels required for the application.

PACKAGE CONNECTIONS:

The MSK 5230 series are highly thermally conductive devices and the thermal path from the package heat sink to the internal junctions is very short. Standard surface mount soldering techniques should be used when mounting the device. Some applications may require additional heat sinking of the device.

HEAT SINK SELECTION:

To select a heat sink for the MSK 5230, the following formula for convective heat flow may be used.

Governing Equation:
$$Tj = Pd \times (R\theta jc + R\theta cs + R\theta sa) + Ta$$

WHERE:
  Tj = Junction Temperature
  Pd = Total Power Dissipation
  Rθjc = Junction to Case Thermal Resistance
  Rθcs = Case to Heat Sink Thermal Resistance
  Rθsa = Heat Sink to Ambient Thermal Resistance
  Ta = Ambient Temperature

First, the power dissipation must be calculated as follows:

$$Power\ Dissipation = (Vin - Vout) \times Iout$$

Next, the user must select a maximum junction temperature. The absolute maximum allowable junction temperature is 125°C. The equation may now be rearranged to solve for the required heat sink to ambient thermal resistance (Rθsa).

EXAMPLE:

An MSK 5230-3.3 is configured for Vin = +5V and Vout = +3.3V. Iout is a continuous 1A DC level. The ambient temperature is +25°C. The maximum desired junction temperature is 125°C.

Rθjc = 2.5°C/W and Rθcs = 0.5°C/W typically.
$$Power\ Dissipation = (5V - 3.3V) \times (1A)$$
$$= 1.7\ Watts$$
Solve for Rθsa:

$$R\theta sa = \left[\frac{125°C - 25°C}{1.7W} \right] - 2.5°C/W - 0.5°C/W$$

In this example, a heat sink with a thermal resistance of no more than 53°C/W must be used to maintain a junction temperature of no more than 125°C.

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES

DROPOUT vs OUTPUT CURRENT

DROPOUT vs TEMPERATURE

GROUND CURRENT vs. OUTPUT CURRENT

GROUND CURRENT vs. TEMPERATURE

SHORT CIRCUIT CURRENT vs. TEMP.

OUTPUT IMPEDANCE vs. FREQUENCY

LOAD TRANSIENT RESPONSE

LINE TRANSIENT RESPONSE

Rev. B 7/00

0.450
0.375
0.037
0.015
0.130 MAX.
BOTTOM VIEW
3
0.415
0.625
0.030 MIN.
0.157
2   1
0.050
0.035 MIN.
(2x)0.140
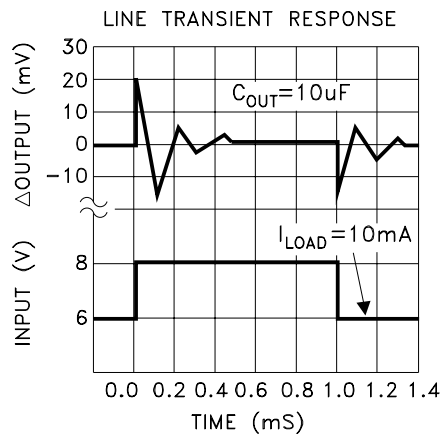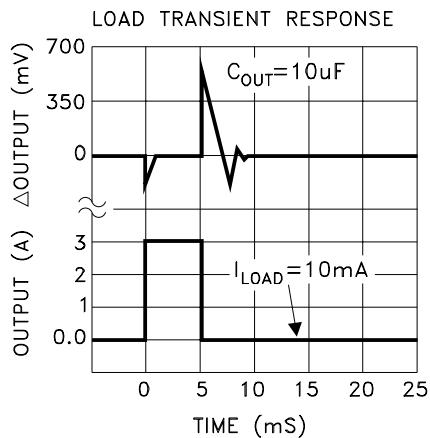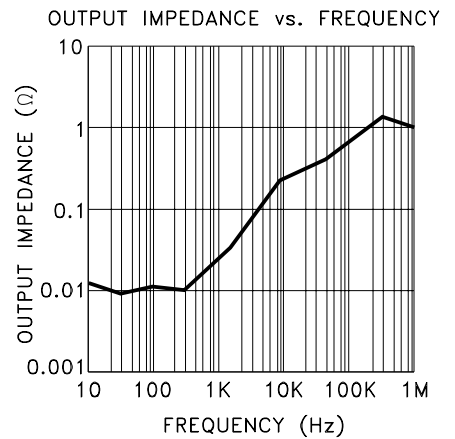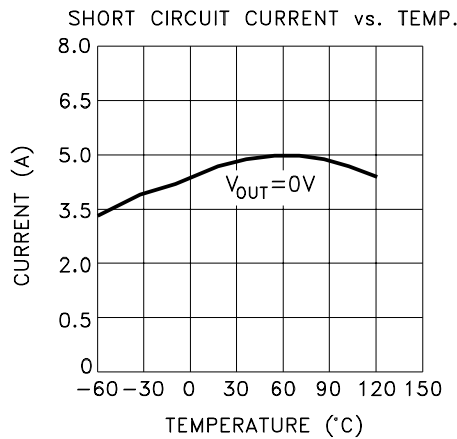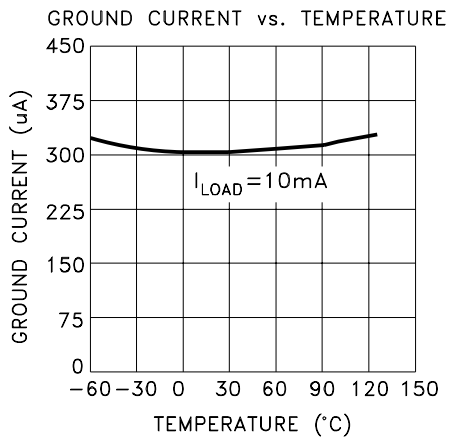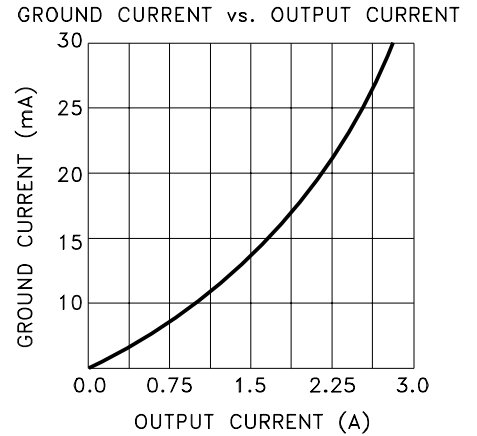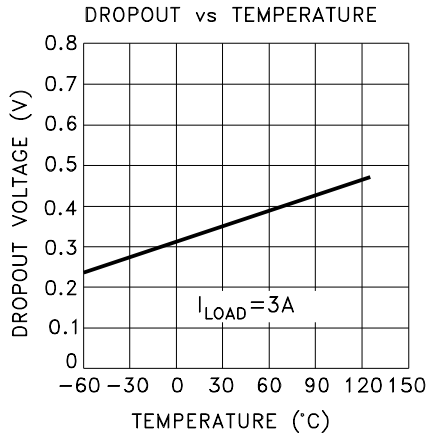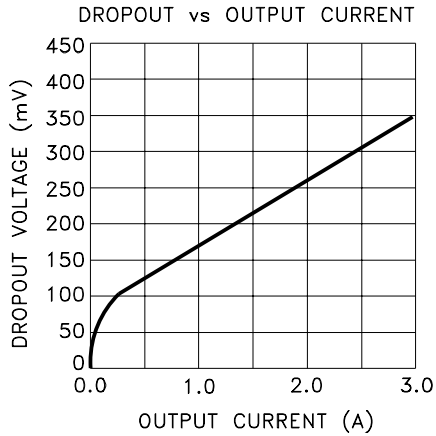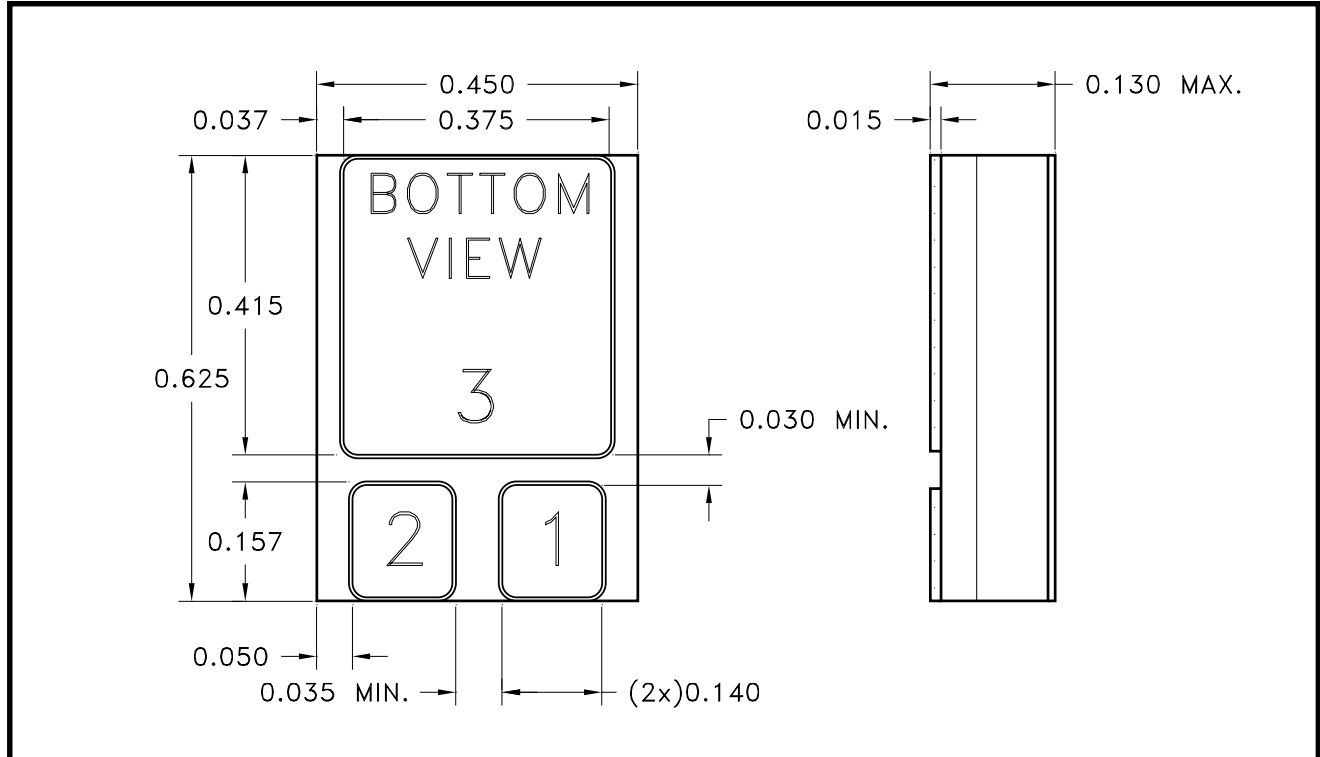
NOTE: ALL DIMENSIONS ARE ±0.010 INCHES UNLESS OTHERWISE LABELED.

ORDERING INFORMATION

MSK5230-3.3 H

SCREENING
      BLANK= INDUSTRIAL; H= MIL-PRF-38534
OUTPUT VOLTAGE
      2.5= +2.5V; 3.3= +3.3V; 5.0= +5.0V; 12= +12.0V
GENERAL PART NUMBER

The above example is a +3.3V, Military regulator.

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