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Holtek 32-bit Microcontroller with ARM® Cortex™-M3 Core

# HT32F1251/51B/52/53 Series Datasheet

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# 1 General Description

The Holtek HT32F125x series of devices are high performance, low power consumption 32-bit microcontrollers based on the ARM® Cortex™-M3 processor core. The Cortex™-M3 is a next-generation processor core which is tightly coupled with a Nested Vectored Interrupt Controller (NVIC), SysTick timer and advanced debug support.

The HT32F125x device operates at a frequency of up to 72MHz with a Flash accelerator to obtain maximum efficiency. It provides up to 32KB of embedded Flash memory for code/data storage and up to 8 KB of embedded SRAM memory for system operation and application program usage. A variety of peripherals, such as ADC, I<sup>2</sup>C, USART, SPI, SW-DP (Serial Wire Debug Port), etc., are also implemented in this device series. Several power saving modes provide the flexibility for maximum optimisation between wakeup latency and power consumption, an especially important consideration in low power applications.

The above features make the HT32F125x device suitable for a wide range of applications, especially in areas such as white goods and application control, power monitor and alarm systems, consumer and handheld equipment, data logging applications and so on.



## 2 Features

### Core

- 32-bit ARM® Cortex™-M3 processor core
- Up to 72MHz operation frequency
- 1.25 DMIPS/MHz (Dhrystone 2.1)
- Single-cycle multiplication and hardware division
- Integrated Nested Vectored Interrupt Controller (NVIC)
- 24-bit SysTick timer

The Cortex™-M3 processor is a general-purpose 32-bit processor core especially suitable for products requiring high performance and low power consumption microcontrollers. It offers many new features such as a Thumb-2 instruction set, hardware divider, low latency interrupt respond time, atomic bit-banding access and multiple buses for simultaneous accesses. The Cortex™-M3 processor is based on the ARMv7 architecture and supports both Thumb and Thumb-2 instruction sets. Some system peripherals listed below are also provided by Cortex™-M3:

- Internal Bus Matrix connected with ICode bus, DCode bus, System bus, Private Peripheral Bus (PPB) and debug accesses (AHB-AP)
- Nested Vectored Interrupt Controller (NVIC)
- Flash Patch and Breakpoint (FPB)
- Data Watchpoint and Trace (DWT)
- Instrument Trace Macrocell (ITM)
- Memory Protection Unit (MPU)
- Serial Wire Debug Port (SW-DP)
- Embedded Trace Macrocell (ETM)
- Trace Port Interface Unit (TPIU)

### On-chip Memory

- 9 to 32KB on-chip Flash memory for instruction/data and option storage
- 2 to 8KB on-chip SRAM
- Supports several boot modes

The ARM® Cortex™-M3 processor is structured in Harvard architecture which can use separate buses to fetch instructions and load/store data. The instruction code and data are both located in the same memory address space but in different address ranges. The maximum address range of the Cortex™-M3 is 4GB since it has a 32-bit bus address width. Additionally, a pre-defined memory map is provided by the Cortex™-M3 processor to reduce the software complexity of repeated implementation of different device vendors. However, some regions are used by the ARM® Cortex™-M3 system peripherals. Refer to the ARM® Cortex™-M3 Technical Reference Manual for more information. The Figure 2. HT32F125x Memory Map shows the memory map of the HT32F125x series of devices, including Code, SRAM, peripheral, and other pre-defined regions.

## Flash Memory Controller

- Flash accelerator for maximum efficiency
- 32-bit word programming (ISP and IAP)
- Flash protection capability to prevent illegal access

The Flash Memory Controller, FMC, provides all the necessary functions and pre-fetch buffer for the embedded on-chip Flash Memory. Since the access speed of the Flash Memory is slower than the CPU, a wide access interface with a pre-fetch buffer is provided for the Flash Memory in order to reduce the CPU waiting time which will cause CPU instruction execution delays. Flash Memory word program/page erase functions are also provided.

## Reset Control Unit

- Supply supervisor:
  - Power On Reset (POR)
  - Brown Out Detector (BOD)
  - Programmable Low Voltage Detector (LVD)

The Reset Control Unit (RSTCU) has three kinds of reset, the power on reset, system reset and APB unit reset. The power on reset, known as a cold reset, resets the full system during power up. A system reset resets the processor core and peripheral IP components with the exception of the SW-DP controller. The resets can be triggered by an external signal, internal events and the reset generators.

## Clock Control Unit

- External 4 to 16 MHz crystal oscillator
- External 32,768 Hz crystal oscillator
- Internal 8MHz RC oscillator trimmed to 1% accuracy at 3.3V operating voltage and 25°C operating temperature
- Internal 32kHz RC oscillator
- Integrated system clock PLL
- Independent clock gating bits for peripheral clock sources

The Clock Control unit, CKCU, provides a range of oscillator and clock functions. These include a High Speed Internal RC oscillator (HSI), a High Speed External crystal oscillator (HSE), a Low Speed Internal RC oscillator (LSI), a Low Speed External crystal oscillator (LSE), a Phase Lock Loop (PLL), a HSE clock monitor, clock prescalers, clock multiplexers and clock gating circuitry. The clocks of the AHB, APB and Cortex™-M3 are derived from the system clock (CK\_SYS) which can come from the HSI, HSE or PLL. The Watchdog Timer and Real Time Clock (RTC) use either the LSI or LSE as their clock source. The maximum operating frequency of the system core clock (CK\_AHB) can be up to 72MHz. (NOTE: LSE is not supported by HT32F1251B).

## Power Management

- Single 3.3V power supply: 2.7V to 3.6V
- Integrated 1.8V LDO regulator for core and peripheral power supply
- $V_{BAT}$  battery power supply for RTC and backup registers
- Three power domains: 3.3V, 1.8V and Backup
- Four power saving modes: Sleep, Deep-Sleep1, Deep-Sleep2, Power-Down

The Power consumption can be regarded as one of the most important issues for many embedded system applications. Accordingly the Power Control Unit, PWRCU, in these devices provides many types of power saving modes such as Sleep, Deep-Sleep1, Deep-Sleep2 and Power-Down mode. These operating modes reduce the power consumption and allow the application to achieve the best trade-off between the conflicting demands of CPU operating time, speed and power consumption. (**NOTE:** HT32F1251B does not support  $V_{BAT}$  battery power supply).

## Analog to Digital Converter

- 12-bit SAR ADC engine
- Up to 1 Msps conversion rate - 1  $\mu$ s at 56MHz, 1.17 $\mu$ s at 72MHz
- 8 external analog input channels
- Supply voltage range: 2.7V ~ 3.6V
- Conversion range:  $V_{SSA} \sim V_{DDA}$

A 12-bit multi-channel ADC is integrated in the device. There are a total of 10 multiplexed channels, which include 8 external channels on which the external analog signals can be measured, and 2 internal channels. If the input voltage is required to remain within a specific threshold window, the Analog Watchdog function will monitor and detect the signal. An interrupt will then be generated to inform that the input voltage is higher or lower than the set thresholds. There are three conversion modes to convert an analog signal to digital data. The ADC can be operated in one shot, continuous and discontinuous conversion modes.

## Analog Operational Amplifier/Comparator

- 2 Operational Amplifiers or 2 Comparator functions which are software configurable
- Supply voltage range: 2.7V ~ 3.6V

Two Operational Amplifiers/Comparators (OPA/CMP) are implemented within the devices. They can be configured either as Operational Amplifiers or as Analog Comparators. When configured as comparators, they are capable of asserting interrupts to the NVIC.

## I/O Ports

- Up to 32 GPIOs
- Port A and Port B are mapped as 16 external interrupts (EXTI)
- Almost all I/O pins are 5 V-tolerant except for pins shared with analog inputs

There are up to 32 General Purpose I/O pins, (GPIO), named PA0 ~ PA15 and PB0 ~ PB15 for the device to implement logic input/output functions. Each of the GPIO ports has related control and configuration registers to satisfy the requirements of specific applications.

The GPIO ports are pin-shared with other alternative functions (AFs) to obtain maximum flexibility on the package pins. The GPIO pins can be used as alternative functional pins by configuring the corresponding registers regardless of the AF input or output pins.

The external interrupts on the GPIO pins of the device have related control and configuration registers in the External Interrupt Control Unit (EXTI).

## PWM Generation and Capture Timers

- Two 16-bit General-Purpose Timers (GPTM)
- Up to 4CHs PWM compare output or input capture for each GPTM
- External trigger input

The General-Purpose Timers, known as GPTM0 and GPTM1, consist of one 16-bit up/down-counter, four 16-bit Capture/Compare Registers (CCRs), one 16-bit Counter-Reload Register (CRR) and several control/status registers. They can be used for a variety of purposes including general time, input signal pulse width measurement or output waveform generation such as single pulse generation or PWM output. The GPTM supports an Encoder Interface using a decoder with two inputs.

## Watchdog Timer

- 12-bit down counter with 3-bit prescaler
- Interrupt or reset event for the system
- Programmable watchdog timer window function
- Write protection function

The Watchdog Timer is a hardware timing circuitry that can be used to detect system failures due to software malfunctions. It includes a 12-bit down-counting counter, a prescaler, a WDT counter value register, a WDT delta value register, interrupt related circuits, WDT operation control circuitry and the WDT protection mechanism. The Watchdog Timer can be operated in an interrupt mode or a reset mode. The Watchdog Timer will generate an interrupt or a reset when the counter counts down and reaches a zero value. If the software does not reload the counter value before the Watchdog Timer underflow occurs, an interrupt or a reset will be generated when the counter underflows. In addition, an interrupt or reset is also generated if the software reloads the counter when the counter value is greater than or equal to the WDT delta value. That means the counter must be reloaded within a limited timing window using a specific method. The Watchdog Timer counter can be stopped while the processor is in the debug mode. The register write protection function can be enabled to prevent it from changing the configuration of the Watchdog Timer unexpectedly.

## Real Time Clock

- 32-bit up-counter with a programmable prescaler
- Alarm function
- Interrupt and Wake-up event

The Real Time Clock, RTC, circuitry includes the APB interface, a 32-bit up-counter, a control register, a prescaler, a compare register and a status register. Most of the RTC circuits are located in the Backup Domain except for the APB interface. The APB interface is located in the V<sub>DDI8</sub> domain. Therefore, it is necessary to be isolated from the ISO signal that comes from the power control unit when the V<sub>DDI8</sub> domain is powered off, i.e., when the device enters the Power-Down mode. The RTC counter is used as a wakeup timer to generate a system resume from the Power-Down mode.

## Inter-integrated Circuit (I<sup>2</sup>C)

- Support both master and slave mode with a frequency of up to 400 kHz
- Provide arbitration function
- Supports 7-bit and 10-bit addressing mode and general call addressing

The I<sup>2</sup>C Module is an internal circuit allowing communication with an external I<sup>2</sup>C interface which is an industry standard two line serial interface used for connection to external hardware. These two serial lines are known as a serial data line, SDA, and a serial clock line, SCL. The I<sup>2</sup>C module provides two data transfer rates: (1) 100 kHz in the Standard mode or (2) 400 kHz in the Fast mode. The SCL period generation register is used to setup different kinds of duty cycle implementation for the SCL pulse.

The SDA line which is connected to the whole I<sup>2</sup>C bus is a bi-directional data line between the master and slave devices used for the transmission and reception of data. The I<sup>2</sup>C module also has an arbitration detect function to prevent the situation where more than one master attempts to transmit data to the I<sup>2</sup>C bus at the same time.

## Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI)

- SPI interfaces with a frequency of up to 18 MHz
- Support both master and slave mode
- FIFO Depth: 8 levels
- Multi-master and multi-slave operation

The Serial Peripheral Interface, SPI, provides an SPI protocol data transmit and receive function in both master and slave mode. The SPI interface uses 4 pins, among which are the serial data input and output lines MISO and MOSI, the clock line, SCK, and the slave select line, SEL. One SPI device acts as a master which controls the data flow using the SEL and SCK signals to indicate the start of the data communication and the data sampling rate. To receive a data byte, the streamed data bits are latched on a specific clock edge and stored in the data register or in the RX FIFO. Data transmission is carried in a similar way but with a reverse sequence. The mode fault detection provides a capability for multi-master applications.

## Universal Synchronous Asynchronous Receiver Transmitter (USART)

- Operating frequency: up to 4.5MHz
- Supports both asynchronous and clocked synchronous serial communication modes
- IrDA SIR encoder and decoder
- RS485 mode with output enable control
- Full Modem function
- FIFO Depth: 16 x 9 bits for both receiver and transmitter

The Universal Synchronous Asynchronous Receiver Transceiver, USART, provides a flexible full duplex data exchange using synchronous or asynchronous transfer. The USART is used to translate data between parallel and serial interfaces, and is also commonly used for RS232 standard communication. The USART peripheral function supports five-types of interrupt including Line Status Interrupt, Transmitter FIFO Empty Interrupt, Receiver Threshold Level Reaching Interrupt, Time Out Interrupt and MODEM Status Interrupt. The USART module includes a 16-byte transmitter FIFO, (TX\_FIFO) and a 16-byte receiver FIFO (RX\_FIFO).

Software can detect a USART error status by reading the Line Status Register, LSR. The status includes the type and the condition of transfer operations as well as several error conditions resulting from Parity, Overrun, Framing and Break events.

The USART includes a programmable baud rate generator which is capable of dividing the CK\_AHB to produce a clock for the USART transmitter and receiver.

## Debug Support

- Serial Wire Debug Port - SW-DP
- 6 instruction comparators and 2 literal comparators for hardware breakpoint or code / literal patch
- 4 comparators for hardware watchpoint
- 1-bit asynchronous trace - TRACESWO

## Package and Operation Temperature

- 48-pin LQFP package
- Operation temperature range: -40°C to +85°C

## 3 Overview

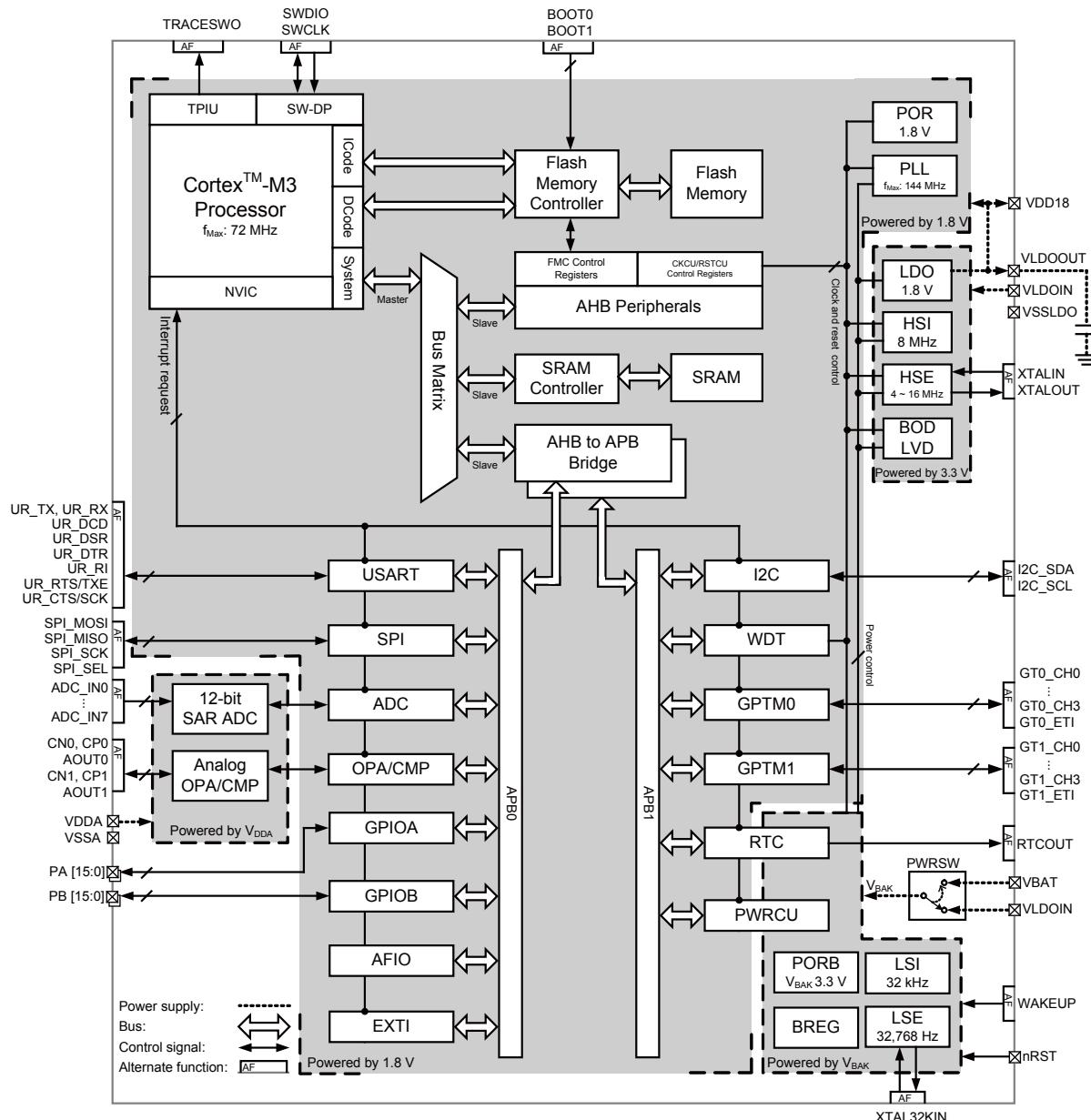
### Device Information

Most features are common to all devices while the main features distinguishing them are Flash memory and SRAM memory capacities.

**Table 1. HT32F125x Series Features and Peripheral List**

| Peripherals             |                  | HT32F1253       | HT32F1252 | HT32F1251 | HT32F1251B |
|-------------------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------|-----------|------------|
| Main Flash (KB)         |                  | 31              | 16        | 8         | 8          |
| Option Bytes Flash (KB) |                  | 1               | 1         | 1         | 1          |
| SRAM (KB)               |                  | 8               | 4         | 2         | 2          |
| Timers                  | GPTM             | 2               |           |           |            |
|                         | RTC              | 1               |           |           |            |
|                         | WDT              | 1               |           |           |            |
| Communication           | USART            | 1               |           |           |            |
|                         | SPI              | 1               |           |           |            |
|                         | I <sup>2</sup> C | 1               |           |           |            |
| GPIO                    |                  | 32              |           | 30        |            |
| EXTI                    |                  | 16              |           |           |            |
| 12-bit ADC              |                  | 1               |           |           |            |
| Number of channels      |                  | 8 Channels      |           |           |            |
| OPA/Comparator          |                  | 2               |           |           |            |
| CPU frequency           |                  | Up to 72 MHz    |           |           |            |
| Operating voltage       |                  | 2.7 V ~ 3.6 V   |           |           |            |
| Operating temperature   |                  | -40 °C ~ +85 °C |           |           |            |
| Package                 |                  | LQFP48          |           |           |            |

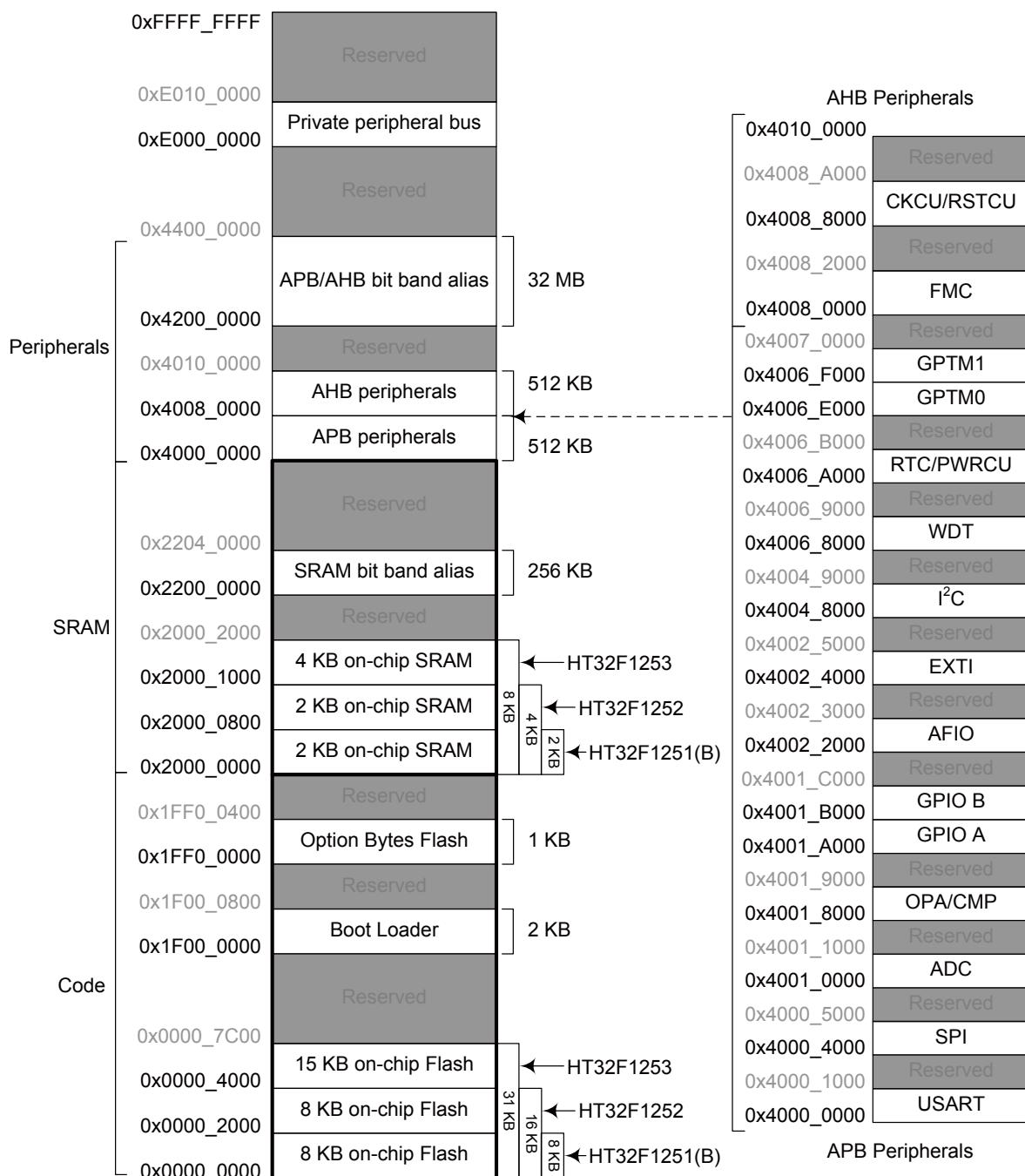
## Block Diagram



NOTE: HT32F1251B does not include the VBAT, XTAL32KIN and XTAL32KOUT pins.

Figure 1. HT32F125x Block Diagram

## Memory Map

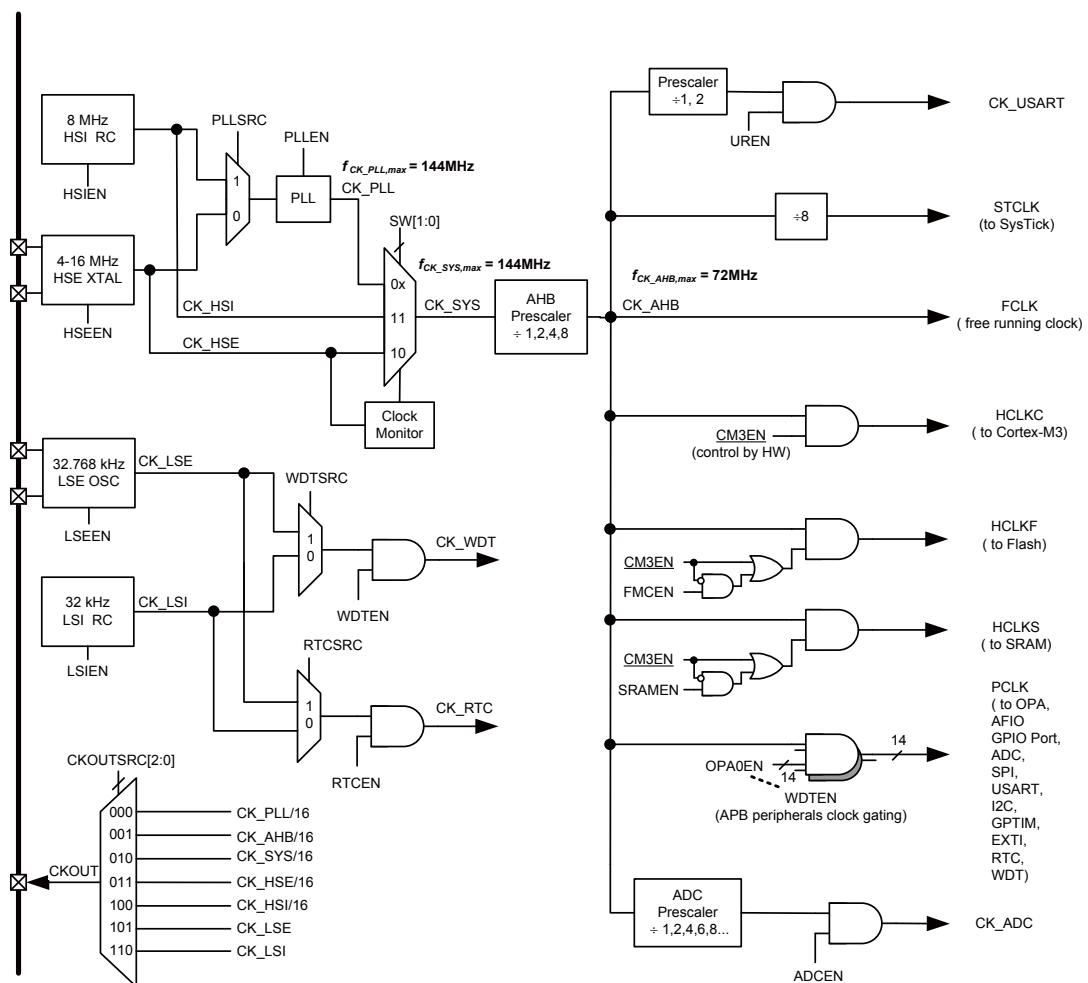


**NOTES:**

1. For HT32F1251(B), the Flash memory space at 0x0000\_2000 to 0x0000\_7BFF and the SRAM memory space at 0x2000\_0800 to 0x2000\_1FFF are reserved.
2. For HT32F1252, the Flash memory space at 0x0000\_4000 to 0x0000\_7BFF and the SRAM memory space at 0x2000\_1000 to 0x2000\_1FFF are reserved.

Figure 2. HT32F125x Memory Map

## Clock Structure



Legend: HSE = High Speed External clock

HSI = High Speed Internal clock

LSE = Low Speed External clock

LSI = Low Speed Internal clock

- NOTES:**
1. Control bits LSIEN & LSEEN are located at RTC Control Register (RTCCR).
  2. HT32F1251B does not include the VBAT, XTAL32KIN and XTAL32KOUT pins.

Figure 3. HT32F125x Clock Structure Diagram

## Pin Assignment

Overview

| AF3      | AF2            | AF1     | AF0<br>(Default) |    | AF0<br>(Default) | AF1     | AF2     | AF3     |
|----------|----------------|---------|------------------|----|------------------|---------|---------|---------|
|          |                |         |                  | ○  | 48               | 47      | 46      | 45      |
| GT0_Ch3  | GT1_ET1        | ADC_IN0 | PA0              | 1  | AP               | P33     | P33     | 33V     |
| GT0_CH2  | -              | ADC_IN1 | PA1              | 2  | 33V              |         |         |         |
| GT0_CH1  | UR_DCD         | ADC_IN2 | PA2              | 3  | 33V              |         |         |         |
| GT0_CH0  | UR_DSR         | ADC_IN3 | PA3              | 4  | 33V              |         |         |         |
| SPI_MOSI | UR_DTR         | ADC_IN4 | PA4              | 5  | 33V              |         |         |         |
| SPI_MISO | UR_RI          | ADC_IN5 | PA5              | 6  | 33V              |         |         |         |
| SPI_SCK  | UR_RTS<br>/TXE | ADC_IN6 | PA6              | 7  | 33V              |         |         |         |
| SPI_SEL  | UR_CTS<br>/SCK | ADC_IN7 | PA7              | 8  | 33V              |         |         |         |
| -        | UR_RX          | -       | PA8              | 9  | 33V              |         |         |         |
| -        | UR_TX          | -       | PA9-<br>BOOT0    | 10 | 5VT              |         |         |         |
| -        | -              | -       | PA10-<br>BOOT1   | 11 | 5VT              |         |         |         |
|          |                |         |                  | 12 | 5VT              |         |         |         |
|          |                |         |                  |    |                  | P33     | P33     | 5VT     |
|          |                |         |                  |    |                  | 13      | 14      | 5VT     |
|          |                |         |                  |    |                  | 15      | 16      | 5VT     |
|          |                |         |                  |    |                  | 17      | 18      | 5VT     |
|          |                |         |                  |    |                  | 19      | 19      | 5VT     |
|          |                |         |                  |    |                  | 20      | 20      | 5VT     |
|          |                |         |                  |    |                  | 21      | 22      | 5VT     |
|          |                |         |                  |    |                  | 23      | 24      | 5VT     |
|          |                |         |                  |    |                  | PA12    | I2C_SDA | -       |
|          |                |         |                  |    |                  | PA11    | I2C_SCL | -       |
|          |                |         |                  |    |                  | PA11    | CKOUT   | -       |
|          |                |         |                  |    |                  | PA11    | WAKEUP  | GTO_CH3 |
|          |                |         |                  |    |                  | PB11    | RTCOUT  |         |
|          |                |         |                  |    |                  | PB11    | PB10-   |         |
|          |                |         |                  |    |                  | VSS33_1 | VSS33_1 | GTO_ET1 |
|          |                |         |                  |    |                  | VDD33_1 | VDD33_1 |         |
|          |                |         |                  |    |                  | VDDIO   | VDDIO   |         |
|          |                |         |                  |    |                  | VSSIO   | VSSIO   |         |
|          |                |         |                  |    |                  | VDDOUT  | VDDOUT  |         |
|          |                |         |                  |    |                  | N.C.    | N.C.    |         |
|          |                |         |                  |    |                  |         |         |         |

Legend:

- P33 3.3 V Digital Power Pad
- AP 3.3 V Analog Power Pad
- P18 1.8 V Power Pad
- 33V 3.3 V I/O Pad
- 5VT 5 V Tolerance I/O Pad
- SVT High Current Output  
5 V Tolerance I/O Pad

Figure 4. HT32F1251B 48LQFP Pin Assignment

| AF3      | AF2            | AF1     | AF0<br>(Default) |   |    |     | AF3    | AF2                     | AF1  | AF0<br>(Default) |         |     | AF3              |             |         |         |         |
|----------|----------------|---------|------------------|---|----|-----|--------|-------------------------|------|------------------|---------|-----|------------------|-------------|---------|---------|---------|
|          |                |         |                  | ○ | 48 | 47  | VSSA_2 | 1                       | AP   | P18              | 37      | P18 | AF0<br>(Default) | AF1         | AF2     | AF3     |         |
| GT0_Ch3  | GT1_ET1        | ADC_IN0 | PA0              |   | 2  | 33V | P33    | 3.3 V Digital Power Pad | PB1  | -                | -       | 36  | XTALOUT          | PB1         | -       | -       |         |
| GT0_CH2  | -              | ADC_IN1 | PA1              |   | 3  | 33V | AP     | 3.3 V Analog Power Pad  | PB0  | -                | -       | 35  | XTALIN           | PB0         | -       | -       |         |
| GT0_CH1  | UR_DCD         | ADC_IN2 | PA2              |   | 4  | 33V | PB15   | 1.8 V Power Pad         | PB15 | SPI_MOSI         | UR_RI   | 34  | UR_RTS           | GT1_CH0     | -       | -       |         |
| GT0_CH0  | UR_DSR         | ADC_IN3 | PA3              |   | 5  | 33V | PB14   | 3.3 V I/O Pad           | PB14 | SPI_MISO         | UR_DTR  | 33  | PB3              | UR_DTR      | GT1_CH1 | -       |         |
| SPI_MOSI | UR_DTR         | ADC_IN4 | PA4              |   | 6  | 33V | PB13   | 5 V Tolerance I/O Pad   | PB13 | SPI_SCK          | UR_DSR  | 32  | PB4              | SPI_SEL     | GT1_CH2 | -       |         |
| SPI_MISO | UR_RI          | ADC_IN5 | PA5              |   | 7  | 33V | PB12   | High Current Output     | PB12 | UR_DCD           | GT1_CH3 | 31  | PB5              | UR_CTS      | GT1_CH3 | -       |         |
| SPI_SCK  | UR_RTS<br>/TXE | ADC_IN6 | PA6              |   | 8  | 33V | P33    | 5 V Tolerance I/O Pad   | P33  | VSS33_3          |         | 30  | PB6              | /SCK        | VSS33_3 |         |         |
| SPI_SEL  | UR_CTS<br>/SCK | ADC_IN7 | PA7              |   | 9  | 33V | P33    | 5 V Tolerance I/O Pad   | P33  | VSS33_2          |         | 29  | PB7              | AOUTT1      | VSS33_2 |         |         |
| -        | UR_RX          | -       | PA8              |   | 10 | 5VT | P33    | 5 VT                    | P33  | VDD33_1          |         | 28  | PB8              | TRACE_SWO   | PA15    | -       | GT0_CH0 |
| -        | UR_TX          | -       | PA9-<br>BOOT0    |   | 11 | 5VT | P33    | 5 VT                    | P33  | VSS33_1          |         | 27  | PB9              | SWCLK       | PA14    | -       | GT0_CH1 |
| -        | -              | -       | PA10-<br>BOOT1   |   | 12 | 5VT | P33    | 5 VT                    | P33  | VDD33_1          |         | 26  | PB10             | SWDIO       | PA13    | -       | GT0_CH2 |
|          |                |         |                  |   |    |     | P33    | 5 VT                    | P33  | VSS33_1          |         | 25  | PB11             | I2C_SDA     | PA12    | -       | -       |
|          |                |         |                  |   |    |     | P33    | 5 VT                    | P33  | VSS33_1          |         | 24  | PB11             | I2C_SCL     | PA11    | -       | -       |
|          |                |         |                  |   |    |     | P33    | 5 VT                    | P33  | VSS33_1          |         | 23  | PB11             | CKOUT       | -       | GTO_CH3 |         |
|          |                |         |                  |   |    |     | P33    | 5 VT                    | P33  | VSS33_1          |         | 22  | PB11             | RTCOUT      | PB10    | -       | -       |
|          |                |         |                  |   |    |     | P33    | 5 VT                    | P33  | VSS33_1          |         | 21  | PB10             | XIAL32K_OUT | PB10    | -       | GTO_ET1 |
|          |                |         |                  |   |    |     | P33    | 5 VT                    | P33  | VSS33_1          |         | 20  | PB9              | WAKEUP      | -       | -       | -       |
|          |                |         |                  |   |    |     | P33    | 5 VT                    | P33  | VSS33_1          |         | 19  | PB8              | XIAL32K_IN  | PB8     | -       | -       |
|          |                |         |                  |   |    |     | P33    | 5 VT                    | P33  | VSS33_1          |         | 18  | PB8              | VBAT        | -       | -       | -       |
|          |                |         |                  |   |    |     | P33    | 5 VT                    | P33  | VSS33_1          |         | 17  | PB8              | nRST        | -       | -       | -       |
|          |                |         |                  |   |    |     | P33    | 5 VT                    | P33  | VSS33_1          |         | 16  | PB8              | VIDOUT      | VSS100  |         |         |
|          |                |         |                  |   |    |     | P33    | 5 VT                    | P33  | VSS33_1          |         | 15  | PB8              | N.C.        | VSS100  |         |         |
|          |                |         |                  |   |    |     | P33    | 5 VT                    | P33  | VSS33_1          |         | 14  | PB8              | VIDIN       | VSS100  |         |         |
|          |                |         |                  |   |    |     | P33    | 5 VT                    | P33  | VSS33_1          |         | 13  | PB8              | VSS100      |         |         |         |

Figure 5. HT32F1251/52/53 48LQFP Pin Assignment

**Table 2. HT32F125x Pin Descriptions**

| Pin Name                            | Pins    | Type (Note1)           | IO Level (Note2) | Description  |             |            |          |
|-------------------------------------|---------|------------------------|------------------|--|-------------|------------|----------|
|                                     | 48 LQFP |                        |                  | Default function (AF0)   | AF1         | AF2        | AF3      |
| V <sub>SSA_2</sub>                  | 1       | P                      |                  | Ground reference for ADC and OPA/Comparator  |             |            |          |
| PA0                                 | 2       | I/O                    |                  | GPIO PA0   | ADC_IN0     | GT1_ETI    | GT0_CH3  |
| PA1                                 | 3       | I/O                    |                  | GPIO PA1   | ADC_IN1     |            | GT0_CH2  |
| PA2                                 | 4       | I/O                    |                  | GPIO PA2   | ADC_IN2     | UR_DCD     | GT0_CH1  |
| PA3                                 | 5       | I/O                    |                  | GPIO PA3   | ADC_IN3     | UR_DSR     | GT0_CH0  |
| PA4                                 | 6       | I/O                    |                  | GPIO PA4   | ADC_IN4     | UR_DTR     | SPI_MOSI |
| PA5                                 | 7       | I/O                    |                  | GPIO PA5   | ADC_IN5     | UR_RI      | SPI_MISO |
| PA6                                 | 8       | I/O                    |                  | GPIO PA6   | ADC_IN6     | UR RTS/TXE | SPI_SCK  |
| PA7                                 | 9       | I/O                    |                  | GPIO PA7   | ADC_IN7     | UR_CTS/SCK | SPI_SEL  |
| PA8                                 | 10      | I/O                    | 5V-T             | GPIO PA8   |             | UR_RX      |          |
| PA9                                 | 11      | I/O                    | 5V-T             | GPIO PA9-BOOT0   |             | UR_TX      |          |
| PA10                                | 12      | I/O                    | 5V-T             | GPIO PA10-BOOT1  |             |            |          |
| V <sub>LDOOUT</sub>                 | 13      | P                      |                  | LDO 1.8 V output. Please put a 10µF capacitor to GND in those pins as close as possible. |             |            |          |
| N.C                                 | 14      |                        |                  |  |             |            |          |
| V <sub>LDOIN</sub>                  | 15      | P                      |                  | LDO 3.3 V power source, also connected to the power switch of the backup domain.         |             |            |          |
| V <sub>SSLDO</sub>                  | 16      | P                      |                  | LDO ground reference   |             |            |          |
| nRST                                | 17      | I<br>(Backup domain)   | 5V-T             | External reset pin and external wakeup pin in Power-Down mode                            |             |            |          |
| V <sub>BAT</sub> <sup>(note3)</sup> | 18      | P                      |                  | VDD 3.3 V for backup domain  |             |            |          |
| PB8 <sup>(note3)</sup>              | 19      | I/O<br>(Backup domain) |                  | XTAL32KIN  | PB8         |            |          |
| PB9 <sup>(note3)</sup>              | 20      | I/O<br>(Backup domain) |                  | XTAL32KOUT   | PB9         |            |          |
| PB10                                | 21      | I/O<br>(Backup domain) | 5V-T             | RTCOUT   | PB10-WAKEUP |            | GT0_ETI  |
| PB11                                | 22      | I/O                    | 5V-T             | GPIO PB11  | CKOUT       |            | GT0_CH3  |
| PA11                                | 23      | I/O                    | 5V-T             | GPIO PA11  | I2C_SCL     |            |          |
| PA12                                | 24      | I/O                    | 5V-T             | GPIO PA12  | I2C_SDA     |            |          |
| PA13                                | 25      | I/O                    | 5V-T             | SWDIO  | PA13        |            | GT0_CH2  |
| PA14                                | 26      | I/O                    | 5V-T             | SWCLK  | PA14        |            | GT0_CH1  |
| PA15                                | 27      | I/O                    | 5V-T             | TRACESWO   | PA15        |            | GT0_CH0  |
| V <sub>DD33_2</sub>                 | 28      | P                      |                  | 3.3 V voltage for digital I/O  |             |            |          |
| V <sub>SS33_2</sub>                 | 29      | P                      |                  | Ground reference for digital I/O   |             |            |          |
| V <sub>SS33_3</sub>                 | 30      | P                      |                  | Ground reference for digital core  |             |            |          |
| PB12                                | 31      | I/O                    | 5V-T             | GPIO PB12  | SPI_SEL     | UR_DCD     | GT1_CH3  |

| Pin Name            | Pins | Type (Note1) | IO Level (Note2) | Description                                     |          |            |         |
|---------------------|------|--------------|------------------|---|----------|------------|---------|
|                     |      |              |                  | Default function (AF0)                          | AF1      | AF2        | AF3     |
| PB13                | 32   | I/O          | 5V-T             | GPIO PB13                                       | SPI_SCK  | UR_DSR     | GT1_CH2 |
| PB14                | 33   | I/O          | 5V-T             | GPIO PB14                                       | SPI_MISO | UR_DTR     | GT1_CH1 |
| PB15                | 34   | I/O          | 5V-T             | GPIO PB15                                       | SPI_MOSI | UR_RI      | GT1_CH0 |
| PB0                 | 35   | I/O          |                  | XTALIN  | PB0      |            |         |
| PB1                 | 36   | I/O          |                  | XTALOUT   | PB1      |            |         |
| V <sub>DD18</sub>   | 37   | P            |                  | 1.8 V voltage for core                          |          |            |         |
| N.C.                | 38   |              |                  |   |          |            |         |
| PB2                 | 39   | I/O          |                  | GPIO PB2  | CN0      |            | GT1_CH0 |
| PB3                 | 40   | I/O          |                  | GPIO PB3  | CP0      |            | GT1_CH1 |
| PB4                 | 41   | I/O          |                  | GPIO PB4  | AOUT0    | UR RTS/TXE | GT1_CH2 |
| PB5                 | 42   | I/O          |                  | GPIO PB5  | CN1      |            | GT1_CH3 |
| PB6                 | 43   | I/O          |                  | GPIO PB6  | CP1      |            | GT1_ETI |
| PB7                 | 44   | I/O          |                  | GPIO PB7  | AOUT1    | UR CTS/SCK | GT0_ETI |
| V <sub>DD33_1</sub> | 45   | P            |                  | 3.3 V voltage for digital I/O                   |          |            |         |
| V <sub>SS33_1</sub> | 46   | P            |                  | Ground reference for digital I/O                |          |            |         |
| V <sub>DDA</sub>    | 47   | P            |                  | 3.3 V analog voltage for ADC and OPA/Comparator |          |            |         |
| V <sub>SSA_1</sub>  | 48   | P            |                  | Ground reference for ADC and OPA/Comparator     |          |            |         |

**NOTES:** 1. I = input, O = output, P = power supply.

2. 5V-T = 5V tolerant.
3. HT32F1251B does not include the VBAT, XTAL32KIN and XTAL32KOUT pins.
4. The GPIOs are in AF0 state after VDD18 power on reset (POR) except the RTCOUT pin of Backup Domain I/O. The RTCOUT pin is reset by the Backup Domain power-on-reset (PORB) or Backup Domain software reset (BAK\_RST bit in BAK\_CR register).
5. The backup domain of I/O pins has driving current capability limitation (< 1mA @ V<sub>BAT</sub> = 3.3V).

## 4 Electrical Characteristics

### Absolute Maximum Ratings

The following table shows the absolute maximum ratings of the device. These are stress ratings only. Stresses beyond absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. Note that the device is not guaranteed to operate properly at the maximum ratings. Exposure to the absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

**Table 3. Absolute Maximum Ratings**

| Symbol             | Parameter   | Min                    | Max                     | Unit |
|--------------------|---|------------------------|-------------------------|------|
| V <sub>DD33</sub>  | External main supply voltage                      | V <sub>SS</sub> - 0.3  | V <sub>SS</sub> + 3.6   | V    |
| V <sub>DDA</sub>   | External analog supply voltage                    | V <sub>SSA</sub> - 0.3 | V <sub>SSA</sub> + 3.6  | V    |
| V <sub>BAT</sub>   | External battery supply voltage                   | V <sub>SS</sub> - 0.3  | V <sub>SS</sub> + 3.6   | V    |
| V <sub>LDOIN</sub> | External LDO supply voltage                       | V <sub>SS</sub> - 0.3  | V <sub>SS</sub> + 3.6   | V    |
| V <sub>IN</sub>    | Input voltage on 5V-tolerant I/O                  | V <sub>SS</sub> - 0.3  | V <sub>SS</sub> + 5.5   | V    |
|                    | Input voltage on other I/O                        | V <sub>SS</sub> - 0.3  | V <sub>DD33</sub> + 0.3 | V    |
| T <sub>A</sub>     | Ambient operating temperature range               | -40                    | +85                     | °C   |
| T <sub>STG</sub>   | Storage temperature range                         | -55                    | +150                    | °C   |
| T <sub>J</sub>     | Maximum junction temperature                      | —                      | 125                     | °C   |
| P <sub>D</sub>     | Total power dissipation                           | —                      | 500                     | mW   |
| V <sub>ESD</sub>   | Electrostatic discharge voltage (human body mode) | -4000                  | +4000                   | V    |

### DC Characteristics

**Table 4. DC Operating Conditions**

TA = 25°C, unless otherwise specified.

| Symbol             | Parameter                           | Conditions | Min  | Typ | Max  | Unit |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------|------------|------|-----|------|------|
| V <sub>DD33</sub>  | Operating voltage of I/O            | —          | 2.7  | 3.3 | 3.6  | V    |
| V <sub>DDA</sub>   | Analog operating voltage            | —          | 2.7  | 3.3 | 3.6  | V    |
| V <sub>BAT</sub>   | Operating voltage of Battery supply | —          | 2.7  | 3.3 | 3.6  | V    |
| V <sub>LDOIN</sub> | LDO operating voltage               | —          | 2.7  | 3.3 | 3.6  | V    |
| V <sub>DD18</sub>  | Operating voltage of core power     | —          | 1.62 | 1.8 | 1.98 | V    |

### On-Chip LDO Voltage Regulator Characteristics

**Table 5. LDO Characteristics**

TA = 25°C, unless otherwise specified.

| Symbol              | Parameter  | Conditions   | Min  | Typ | Max  | Unit |
|---------------------|--|--|------|-----|------|------|
| V <sub>LDOOUT</sub> | Internal regulator output voltage                              | V <sub>LDOIN</sub> = 3.3V Regulator input                              | 1.71 | 1.8 | 1.89 | V    |
| I <sub>DD18</sub>   | Output current   | V <sub>LDOIN</sub> = 2.4V Regulator input                              | —    | —   | 200  | mA   |
| C <sub>LDO</sub>    | External filter capacitor value for internal core power supply | The capacitor value is dependent on the core power current consumption | 2.2  | —   | 10   | μF   |

## Power Consumption

**Table 6. Power Consumption Characteristics**

T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C, unless otherwise specified.

| Symbol           | Parameter                                | Conditions  | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|------------------|--|---|-----|-----|-----|------|
| I <sub>DD</sub>  | Supply current (Run mode)                | V <sub>DD33</sub> = V <sub>BAT</sub> = 3.3V, HSE = 8MHz, PLL = 144MHz, f <sub>HCLK</sub> = 72MHz, f <sub>PCLK</sub> = 72MHz, All peripherals enabled  | —   | 47  | —   | mA   |
|                  |  | V <sub>DD33</sub> = V <sub>BAT</sub> = 3.3V, HSE = 8MHz, PLL = 144MHz, f <sub>HCLK</sub> = 72MHz, f <sub>PCLK</sub> = 72MHz, All peripherals disabled | —   | 28  | —   | mA   |
|                  | Supply current (Sleep mode)              | V <sub>DD</sub> = V <sub>BAT</sub> = 3.3V, HSE = 8MHz, PLL = 144MHz, f <sub>HCLK</sub> = 0MHz, f <sub>PCLK</sub> = 72MHz, All peripherals enabled     | —   | 30  | —   | mA   |
|                  |  | V <sub>DD33</sub> = V <sub>BAT</sub> = 3.3V, HSE = 8MHz, PLL = 144MHz, f <sub>HCLK</sub> = 0MHz, f <sub>PCLK</sub> = 72MHz, All peripherals disabled  | —   | 7   | —   | mA   |
|                  | Supply current (Deep-Sleep1 mode)        | V <sub>DD33</sub> = V <sub>BAT</sub> = 3.3V, All clock off (HSE/PLL/f <sub>HCLK</sub> ), LDO in low power mode, LSI on, RTC on                        | —   | 66  | —   | μA   |
|                  | Supply current (Deep-Sleep2 mode)        | V <sub>DD33</sub> = V <sub>BAT</sub> = 3.3V, All clock off (HSE/PLL/f <sub>HCLK</sub> ), LDO off (DMOS on), LSI on, RTC on                            | —   | 11  | —   | μA   |
|                  | Supply current (Power-Down mode)         | V <sub>DD33</sub> = V <sub>BAT</sub> = 3.3V, LDO off, LSE on, LSI off, RTC on   | —   | 4.2 | —   | μA   |
|                  |  | V <sub>DD33</sub> = V <sub>BAT</sub> = 3.3V, LDO off, LSE on, LSI off, RTC off  | —   | 4.1 | —   | μA   |
|                  |  | V <sub>DD33</sub> = V <sub>BAT</sub> = 3.3V, LDO off, LSE off, LSI on, RTC on   | —   | 4.3 | —   | μA   |
|                  |  | V <sub>DD33</sub> = V <sub>BAT</sub> = 3.3V, LDO off, LSE off, LSI on, RTC off  | —   | 4.2 | —   | μA   |
| I <sub>BAT</sub> | Battery supply current (Power-Down mode) | V <sub>DD33</sub> not present, V <sub>BAT</sub> = 3.3V, LDO off, LSE off, LSI on, RTC on  | —   | 4   | —   | μA   |
|                  |  | V <sub>DD33</sub> not present, V <sub>BAT</sub> = 3.3V, LDO off, LSE off, LSI on, RTC off   | —   | 3.9 | —   | μA   |

**NOTES:** 1. HSE is the high speed external oscillator while HSI is the 8MHz high speed internal oscillator.

2. LSE is the low speed external oscillator while LSI is the 32kHz low speed internal oscillator.

3. RTC means real time clock.

4. Code = while (1) { NOP x n } executed in Flash (n > 200).

## Reset and Supply Monitor Characteristics

**Table 7. LVD/BOD Characteristics**

T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C, unless otherwise specified.

| Symbol           | Parameter                       | Conditions                     | Min | Typ  | Max | Unit |
|------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----|------|-----|------|
| V <sub>BOD</sub> | Voltage of Brown Out Detector   | —                              | —   | 2.5  | —   | V    |
| V <sub>LVD</sub> | Voltage of Low Voltage Detector | LVDS <sup>(Note1)</sup> = '00' | —   | 2.7  | —   | V    |
|                  |                                 | LVDS <sup>(Note1)</sup> = '01' | —   | 2.8  | —   | V    |
|                  |                                 | LVDS <sup>(Note1)</sup> = '10' | —   | 2.9  | —   | V    |
|                  |                                 | LVDS <sup>(Note1)</sup> = '11' | —   | 3.0  | —   | V    |
| V <sub>POR</sub> | Voltage of Power On Reset       | —                              | —   | 1.36 | —   | V    |

**NOTE:** LVDS field is in PWRCU LVDCSR register

## External Clock Characteristics

**Table 8. High Speed External Clock (HSE) Characteristics**

T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C, unless otherwise specified.

| Symbol              | Parameter   | Conditions                                      | Min | Typ  | Max | Unit |
|---------------------|---|---|-----|------|-----|------|
| f <sub>HSE</sub>    | High Speed External oscillator frequency (HSE)                    | V <sub>DD33</sub> = 3.3V                        | 4   | —    | 16  | MHz  |
| C <sub>HSE</sub>    | Recommended load capacitance on XTALIN and XTALOUT                |   | —   | TBD  | —   | pF   |
| R <sub>FHSE</sub>   | Recommended external feedback resistor between XTALIN and XTALOUT |   | —   | 1.0  | —   | MΩ   |
| D <sub>HSE</sub>    | HSE Oscillator Duty cycle   |   | 40  | —    | 60  | %    |
| I <sub>DDHSE</sub>  | HSE Oscillator Operating Current                                  | V <sub>DD33</sub> = 3.3V, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C | —   | 0.96 | —   | mA   |
| I <sub>STBHSE</sub> | HSE Oscillator Standby current                                    | V <sub>DD33</sub> = 3.3V, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C | —   | —    | 0.1 | μA   |
| t <sub>SUHSE</sub>  | HSE Oscillator Startup time                                       | V <sub>DD33</sub> = 3.3V, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C | —   | —    | 4   | ms   |

**Table 9. Low Speed External Clock (LSE) Characteristics**

T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C, unless otherwise specified.

| Symbol              | Parameter  | Conditions  | Min | Typ    | Max | Unit |
|---------------------|--|---|-----|--------|-----|------|
| f <sub>LSE</sub>    | Low Speed External oscillator frequency (LSE)                                | V <sub>DD33</sub> = V <sub>BAT</sub> = 3.3V                                   | —   | 32.768 | —   | kHz  |
| C <sub>LSE</sub>    | Recommended load capacitance on XTAL32KIN and XTAL32KOUT pins                | —   | —   | TBD    | —   | pF   |
| R <sub>FLSE</sub>   | Recommended external feedback resistor between XTAL32KIN and XTAL32KOUT pins | —   | —   | 10     | —   | MΩ   |
| D <sub>LSE</sub>    | LSE Oscillator Duty cycle  | —   | 40  | —      | 60  | %    |
| I <sub>DDLSE</sub>  | LSE Oscillator Operating Current   | V <sub>DD33</sub> = V <sub>BAT</sub> = 3.3V, LSESIM = 0 (Normal startup mode) | —   | 1.7    | —   | μA   |
| I <sub>STBLSE</sub> | LSE Oscillator Standby current   | V <sub>DD33</sub> = V <sub>BAT</sub> = 3.3V, LSESIM = 1 (Fast startup mode)   | —   | 3      | 8   | μA   |
| t <sub>SULSE</sub>  | LSE Oscillator Startup time  | V <sub>DD33</sub> = V <sub>BAT</sub> = 3.3V, LSESIM = 1 (Fast startup mode)   | —   | 200    | —   | ms   |

## Internal Clock Characteristics

**Table 10. High Speed Internal Clock (HSI) Characteristics**

T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C, unless otherwise specified.

| Symbol             | Parameter                                       | Conditions  | Min | Typ  | Max | Unit |
|--------------------|---|---|-----|------|-----|------|
| f <sub>HSI</sub>   | High Speed Internal Oscillator Frequency (HSI ) | V <sub>DD33</sub> = 3.3V,<br>T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C ~ +85°C   | TBD | 8    | TBD | MHz  |
| ACC <sub>HSI</sub> | HSI Oscillator Frequency accuracy               | Factory-trimmed,<br>V <sub>DD33</sub> = 3.3V, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C                                       | -1  | —    | +1  | %    |
| D <sub>HSI</sub>   | HSI Oscillator Duty cycle                       | V <sub>DD33</sub> = 3.3V, f <sub>HSI</sub> = 8MHz   | 35  | —    | 65  | %    |
| I <sub>DDHSI</sub> | HSI Oscillator Operating Current                | V <sub>DD33</sub> = 3.3V, f <sub>HSI</sub> = 8MHz   | —   | 0.92 | —   | mA   |
| t <sub>SUHSI</sub> | HSI Oscillator Startup time                     | V <sub>DD33</sub> = 3.3V, f <sub>HSI</sub> = 8MHz,<br>HSIRCBL = 0 (HSI Ready Counter Bits Length 7 Bits ) | —   | 17   | —   | μs   |

**NOTE:** HSIRCBL field is in PWRCU HSIRCR register

**Table 11. Low Speed Internal Clock (LSI) Characteristics**

T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C, unless otherwise specified.

| Symbol             | Parameter                                    | Conditions   | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|--------------------|--|--|-----|-----|-----|------|
| f <sub>LSI</sub>   | Low Speed Internal Oscillator Frequency(LSI) | V <sub>DD33</sub> = V <sub>BAT</sub> = 3.3V,<br>T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C ~ +85°C | 25  | 32  | 43  | kHz  |
| I <sub>DDLSI</sub> | LSI Oscillator Operating Current             | V <sub>DD33</sub> = V <sub>BAT</sub> = 3.3V,<br>T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C          | —   | 1.0 | 2   | μA   |
| t <sub>SULSI</sub> | LSI Oscillator Startup time                  | V <sub>DD33</sub> = V <sub>BAT</sub> = 3.3V,<br>T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C          | —   | 35  | —   | ms   |

## PLL Characteristics

Table 12. PLL Characteristics

$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified.

| Symbol      | Parameter                  | Conditions                          | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|-------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| $f_{PLLIN}$ | PLL input clock frequency  | $\text{PLL}_V_{DD18} = 1.8\text{V}$ | 4   | —   | 16  | MHz  |
| $f_{PLL}$   | PLL output clock frequency | $\text{PLL}_V_{DD18} = 1.8\text{V}$ | 8   | —   | 144 | MHz  |
| $t_{LOCK}$  | PLL lock time              | $\text{PLL}_V_{DD18} = 1.8\text{V}$ | —   | TBD | —   | ms   |

## Memory Characteristics

Table 13. Flash Memory Characteristics

$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified.

| Symbol       | Parameter  | Conditions   | Min | Typ | Max | Unit          |
|--------------|--|--|-----|-----|-----|---------------|
| $N_{ENDU}$   | Number of guaranteed program /erase cycles before failure. (Endurance) | $V_{DD18} = 1.8\text{V}$ ,<br>$T_A = -40^\circ\text{C} \sim +85^\circ\text{C}$ | 1   | —   | —   | kcycles       |
| $T_{RET}$    | Data retention time  | $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$   | 100 | —   | —   | Years         |
| $t_{PROG}$   | Word programming time  | $V_{DD18} = 1.8\text{V}$ ,<br>$T_A = -40^\circ\text{C} \sim +85^\circ\text{C}$ | 40  | —   | —   | $\mu\text{s}$ |
| $t_{ERASE}$  | Page erase time  | $V_{DD18} = 1.8\text{V}$ ,<br>$T_A = -40^\circ\text{C} \sim +85^\circ\text{C}$ | 20  | —   | 40  | ms            |
| $t_{MERASE}$ | Mass erase time  | $V_{DD18} = 1.8\text{V}$ ,<br>$T_A = -40^\circ\text{C} \sim +85^\circ\text{C}$ | 20  | —   | 40  | ms            |

## I/O Port Characteristics

Table 14. I/O Port Characteristics

$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified.

| Symbol    | Parameter                                | Conditions     |   | Min  | Typ | Max | Unit          |
|-----------|--|----------------|---|------|-----|-----|---------------|
| $I_{IL}$  | Low level input current                  | 3.3V IO        | $V_I = 0\text{V}$ , On-chip pull-up resistor disabled.  | —    | —   | 3   | $\mu\text{A}$ |
|           |  | 5V-tolerant IO |   | —    | —   | 3   | $\mu\text{A}$ |
|           |  | Reset pin      |   | —    | —   | 3   | $\mu\text{A}$ |
| $I_{IH}$  | High level input current                 | 3.3V IO        | $V_I = V_{DD33}$ , On-chip pull-down resistor disabled. | —    | —   | 3   | $\mu\text{A}$ |
|           |  | 5V-tolerant IO |   | —    | —   | 3   | $\mu\text{A}$ |
|           |  | Reset pin      |   | —    | —   | 3   | $\mu\text{A}$ |
| $V_{IL}$  | Low level input voltage                  | 3.3V IO        |   | -0.3 | —   | 0.8 | V             |
|           |  | 5V-tolerant IO |   | -0.3 | —   | 0.8 | V             |
|           |  | Reset pin      |   | -0.3 | —   | 0.8 | V             |
| $V_{IH}$  | High level input voltage                 | 3.3V IO        |   | 2    | —   | 3.6 | V             |
|           |  | 5V-tolerant IO |   | 2    | —   | 5.5 | V             |
|           |  | Reset pin      |   | 2    | —   | 5.5 | V             |
| $V_{HYS}$ | Schmitt Trigger Input Voltage Hysteresis | 3.3V IO        |   | —    | 400 | —   | mV            |
|           |  | 5V-tolerant IO |   | —    | 400 | —   | mV            |
|           |  | Reset pin      |   | —    | 400 | —   | mV            |

| Symbol   | Parameter   | Conditions  | Min               | Typ | Max | Unit |
|----------|---|---|-------------------|-----|-----|------|
| $I_{OL}$ | Low level output current<br>(GPO Sink current)    | 3.3V 4mA drive IO, $V_{OL} = 0.4V$  | 4                 | —   | —   | mA   |
|          |   | 3.3V 8mA drive IO, $V_{OL} = 0.4V$  | 8                 | —   | —   | mA   |
|          |   | 5V-tolerant 8mA drive IO, $V_{OL}=0.4V$   | 8                 | —   | —   | mA   |
|          |   | 5V-tolerant 12mA drive IO, $V_{OL}=0.4V$  | 12                | —   | —   | mA   |
|          |   | Backup Domain IO drive @ $V_{BAT} = 3.3V$ , $V_{OL} = 0.4V$ , PB8, PB9, PB10.         | —                 | —   | 1   | mA   |
| $I_{OH}$ | High level output current<br>(GPO Source current) | 3.3V I/O 4mA drive, $V_{OH}=V_{DD33}-0.4V$  | 4                 | —   | —   | mA   |
|          |   | 3.3V I/O 8mA drive, $V_{OH}=V_{DD33}-0.4V$  | 8                 | —   | —   | mA   |
|          |   | 5V-tolerant I/O 8mA drive, $V_{OH} = V_{DD33} - 0.4V$                                 | 8                 | —   | —   | mA   |
|          |   | 5V-tolerant I/O 12mA drive, $V_{OH} = V_{DD33} - 0.4V$                                | 12                | —   | —   | mA   |
|          |   | Backup Domain IO drive@ $V_{BAT}=3.3V$ , $V_{OH} = V_{DD33} - 0.4V$ , PB8, PB9, PB10. | —                 | —   | 1   | mA   |
| $V_{OL}$ | Low level output voltage                          | 3.3V 4mA drive IO, $I_{OL} = 4mA$   | —                 | —   | 0.4 | V    |
|          |   | 3.3V 8mA drive IO, $I_{OL} = 8mA$   | —                 | —   | 0.4 | V    |
|          |   | 5V-tolerant 8mA drive IO, $I_{OL}=8mA$  | —                 | —   | 0.4 | V    |
|          |   | 5V-tolerant 12mA drive IO, $I_{OL}=12mA$  | —                 | —   | 0.4 | V    |
| $V_{OH}$ | High level output voltage                         | 3.3V 4mA drive IO, $I_{OH} = 4mA$   | $V_{DD33} - 0.4V$ | —   | —   | V    |
|          |   | 3.3V 8mA drive IO, $I_{OH} = 8mA$   | $V_{DD33} - 0.4V$ | —   | —   | V    |
|          |   | 5V-tolerant 8 mA drive IO, $I_{OH}=8mA$   | $V_{DD33} - 0.4V$ | —   | —   | V    |
|          |   | 5V-tolerant 12 mA drive IO, $I_{OH}=12mA$   | $V_{DD33} - 0.4V$ | —   | —   | V    |
| $R_{PU}$ | Internal pull-up resistor                         | 3.3V I/O  | 34                | —   | 74  | kΩ   |
|          |   | 5V-tolerant I/O   | 38                | —   | 89  | kΩ   |
| $R_{PD}$ | Internal pull-down resistor                       | 3.3V I/O  | 29                | —   | 86  | kΩ   |
|          |   | 5V-tolerant I/O   | 35                | —   | 107 | kΩ   |

## ADC Characteristics

Table 15. ADC Characteristics

$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified.

| Symbol        | Parameter                         | Conditions                                 | Min  | Typ | Max       | Unit      |
|---------------|-----------------------------------|--|------|-----|-----------|-----------|
| $V_{DDA}$     | Operating Voltage                 |  | 2.7  | 3.3 | 3.6       | V         |
| $V_{ADClN}$   | A/D Converter Input voltage Range |  | 0    | —   | $V_{DDA}$ | V         |
| $I_{ADC}$     | Current Consumption               | $V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{V}$                    | —    | 1   | TBD       | mA        |
| $I_{ADC\_DN}$ | Power Down current Consumption    | $V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{V}$                    | —    | 1   | 10        | uA        |
| $f_{ADC}$     | A/D Converter Clock               |  | 0.7  | —   | 14        | MHz       |
| $f_s$         | Sampling Rate                     |  | 0.05 | —   | 1         | MHz       |
| $t_{ADCCONV}$ | A/D Converter Conversion Time     |  | —    | 14  | —         | $t_{ADC}$ |
| $R_I$         | Input Sampling Switch Resistance  |  | —    | —   | 1         | kΩ        |
| $C_I$         | Input Sampling Capacitance        | No pin/pad capacitance included            | —    | —   | 5         | pF        |
| $t_{su}$      | Startup Time                      |  | —    | —   | 1         | us        |
| N             | A/D Converter Resolution          |  | —    | 12  | —         | bits      |
| INL           | Integral Non-linearity error      | $f_s = 1\text{MHz}, V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{V}$ | —    | ±2  | ±5        | LSB       |
| DNL           | Differential Non-linearity error  | $f_s = 1\text{MHz}, V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{V}$ | —    | —   | ±1        | LSB       |
| $E_o$         | Offset Error                      |  | —    | —   | ±10       | LSB       |
| $E_g$         | Gain Error                        |  | —    | —   | ±10       | LSB       |

NOTES: 1. Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

2. The figure below shows the equivalent circuit of the A/D Converter Sample-and-Hold input stage where  $C_I$  is the storage capacitor,  $R_I$  is the resistance of the sampling switch and  $R_S$  is the output impedance of the signal source  $V_S$ . Normally the sampling phase duration is approximately,  $1.5/f_{ADC}$ . The capacitance,  $C_I$ , must be charged within this time frame and it must be ensured that the voltage at its terminals becomes sufficiently close to  $V_S$  for accuracy. To guarantee this,  $R_S$  may not have an arbitrarily large value.

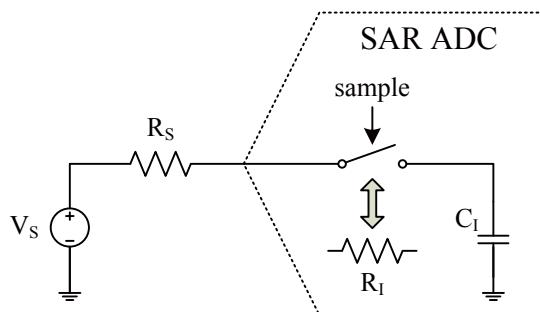


Figure 6. ADC Sampling Network Model

The worst case occurs when the extremities of the input range (0V and VREF) are sampled consecutively. In this situation a sampling error below  $\frac{1}{4}$  LSB is ensured by using the following equation:

$$R_S < \frac{1.5}{f_{ADC} C_I \ln(2^{N+2})} - R_I$$

where  $f_{ADC}$  is the ADC clock frequency and N is the ADC resolution (N = 12 in this case). A safe margin should be considered due to the pin/pad parasitic capacitances, which are not accounted for in this simple model.

If, in a system where this A/D Converter is used, there are no rail-to-rail input voltage variations between consecutive sampling phases,  $R_S$  may be larger than the value indicated by the equation above.

## Operation Amplifier/Comparator Characteristics

**Table 16. OPA/CMP Characteristics**

$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified.

| Symbol            | Parameter                  | Conditions   | Min           | Typ  | Max             | Unit  |
|-------------------|----------------------------|--|---------------|------|-----------------|-------|
| $V_{DDA}$         | Operating Voltage          | —  | 2.7           | 3.3  | 3.6             | V     |
| $I_{OPA/CMP}$     | Typical Operating Current  | —  | —             | 230  | —               | uA    |
| $I_{OPA/CMP\_DN}$ | Power Down Supply Current  | Assign registers OPAEN = 0 and EN_OPAOP = 0                        | —             | —    | 0.1             | uA    |
| $V_{IOS}$         | Input Offset Voltage       | $V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{V}$ , AnOF[5:0] = '100000'                     | -15           | —    | 15              | mV    |
|                   |                            | $V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{V}$ , After calibration                        | -1            | —    | 1               | mV    |
| $V_{IOS\_DRIFT}$  | Input Offset Voltage Drift | $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C} \sim +85^\circ\text{C}$                   | —             | —    | 0.04            | mV/°C |
| $R_{INPUT}$       | Input Resistance           | —  | —             | 10   | —               | MΩ    |
| $GV$              | Voltage Gain               | —  | 60            | 100  | —               | dB    |
| $U_t$             | Unit-Gain Bandwidth        | $R_L=100\text{k}\Omega$  | —             | 1,3  | —               | MHz   |
|                   |                            | $R_L=100\text{k}\Omega$ , $C_L=100\text{pF}$                       | —             | 1.24 | —               |       |
| $V_{CM}$          | Common Mode Voltage Range  | $V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{V}$  | $V_{SSA}$     | —    | $V_{DDA} - 1.2$ | V     |
| $V_{OV}$          | OPA Output Voltage Wwing   | $V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{V}$  | $V_{SSA}+0.3$ | —    | $V_{DDA} - 0.5$ | V/us  |
| $t_{RT}$          | Comparator Response Time   | $V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{V}$ ; Input Overdrive = $\pm 10\text{mV}$      | —             | 1.6  | —               | us    |
| SR                | Slew Rate                  | $V_{DDA} = 3.3\text{V}$ ; Output capacitor load $C_L=100\text{pF}$ | —             | 1    | —               | V/us  |

**NOTE:** Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

## GPTM Characteristics

**Table 17. GPTM Characteristics**

| Symbol     | Parameter                                  | Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Unit         |
|------------|--|------------|-----|-----|-----|--------------|
| $f_{GPTM}$ | Timer clock source                         | —          | —   | —   | 72  | MHz          |
| $t_{RES}$  | Timer resolution time                      | —          | 1   | —   | —   | $1/f_{GPTM}$ |
| $f_{EXT}$  | External signal frequency on channel 1 ~ 4 | —          | —   | —   | 1/2 | $f_{GPTM}$   |
| RES        | Timer resolution                           | —          | —   | —   | 16  | bits         |

## I<sup>2</sup>C Characteristics

Table 18. I<sup>2</sup>C Characteristics

| Symbol        | Parameter                  | Conditions | Min  | Typ | Max | Unit |
|---------------|----------------------------|------------|------|-----|-----|------|
| $f_{SCL}$     | SCL clock frequency        | —          | —    | —   | 400 | kHz  |
| $t_{SCL(H)}$  | SCL clock high time        | —          | 600  | —   | —   | ns   |
| $t_{SCL(L)}$  | SCL clock low time         | —          | 1300 | —   | —   | ns   |
| $t_{FALL}$    | SCL and SDA fall time      | —          | —    | —   | 300 | ns   |
| $t_{RISE}$    | SCL and SDA rise time      | —          | —    | —   | 300 | ns   |
| $t_{SU(STA)}$ | START condition setup time | —          | 600  | —   | —   | ns   |
| $t_{H(STA)}$  | START condition hold time  | —          | 600  | —   | —   | ns   |
| $t_{SU(SDA)}$ | SDA data setup time        | —          | 100  | —   | —   | ns   |
| $t_{H(SDA)}$  | SDA data hold time         | —          | 0    | —   | —   | ns   |
| $t_{SU(STO)}$ | STOP condition setup time  | —          | 600  | —   | —   | ns   |

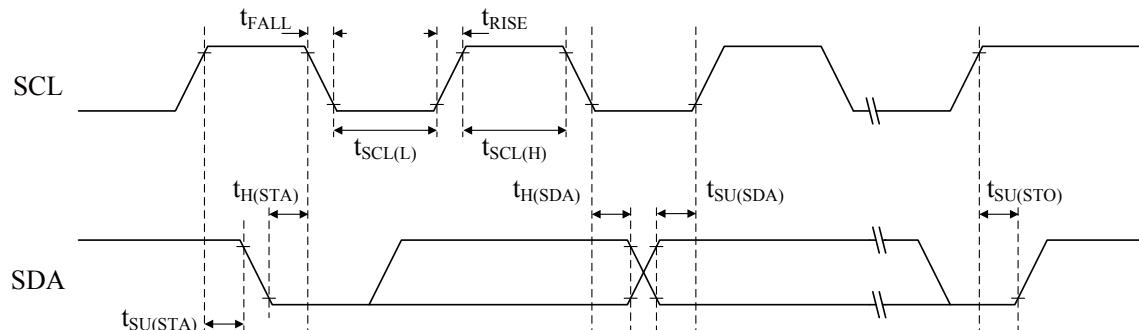


Figure 7. I<sup>2</sup>C Timing Diagram

## SPI Characteristics

Table 19. SPI Characteristics

| Symbol          | Parameter                | Conditions | Min          | Typ | Max          | Unit |
|-----------------|--------------------------|------------|--------------|-----|--------------|------|
| $f_{SCK}$       | SCK clock frequency      | —          | —            | —   | $f_{PCLK}/4$ | MHz  |
| $t_{SCK(H)}$    | SCK clock high time      | —          | $f_{PCLK}/8$ | —   | —            | ns   |
| $t_{SCK(L)}$    | SCK clock low time       | —          | $f_{PCLK}/8$ | —   | —            | ns   |
| SPI Master mode |                          |            |              |     |              |      |
| $t_{V(MO)}$     | Data output valid time   | —          | —            | —   | 5            | ns   |
| $t_{H(MO)}$     | Data output hold time    | —          | 2            | —   | —            | ns   |
| $t_{SU(MI)}$    | Data input setup time    | —          | 5            | —   | —            | ns   |
| $t_{H(MI)}$     | Data input hold time     | —          | 5            | —   | —            | ns   |
| SPI Slave mode  |                          |            |              |     |              |      |
| $t_{SU(SEL)}$   | SEL enable setup time    | —          | $4 t_{PCLK}$ | —   | —            | ns   |
| $t_{H(SEL)}$    | SEL enable hold time     | —          | $2 t_{PCLK}$ | —   | —            | ns   |
| $t_{A(SO)}$     | Data output access time  | —          | —            | —   | $3 t_{PCLK}$ | ns   |
| $t_{DIS(SO)}$   | Data output disable time | —          | —            | —   | 10           | ns   |
| $t_{V(SO)}$     | Data output valid time   | —          | —            | —   | 25           | ns   |
| $t_{H(SO)}$     | Data output hold time    | —          | 15           | —   | —            | ns   |
| $t_{SU(SI)}$    | Data input setup time    | —          | 5            | —   | —            | ns   |
| $t_{H(SI)}$     | Data input hold time     | —          | 4            | —   | —            | ns   |

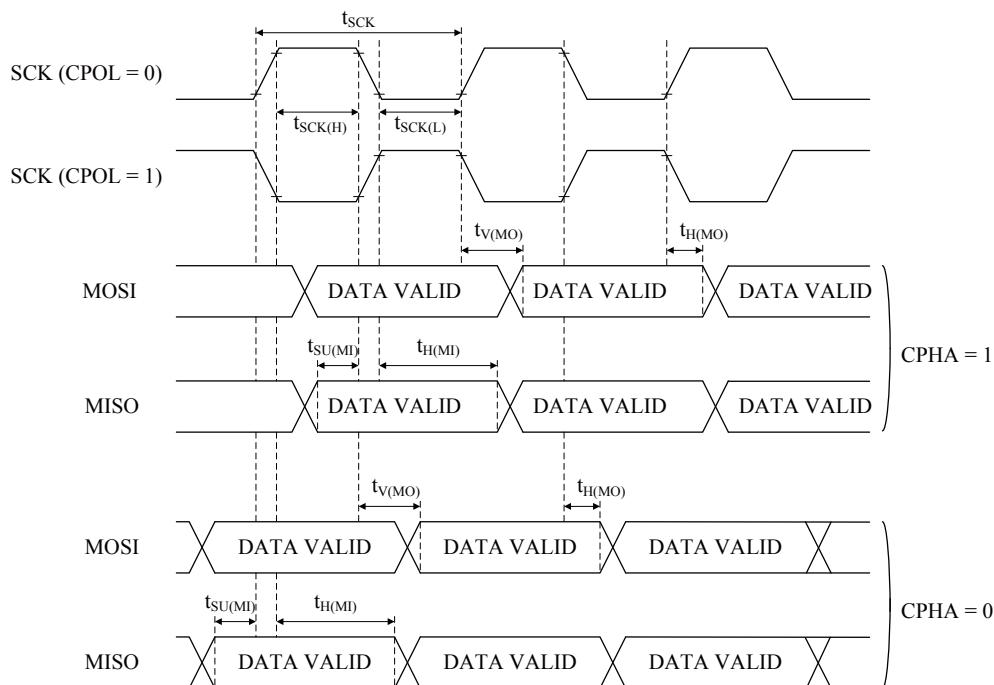


Figure 8. SPI Timing Diagram – SPI Master Mode

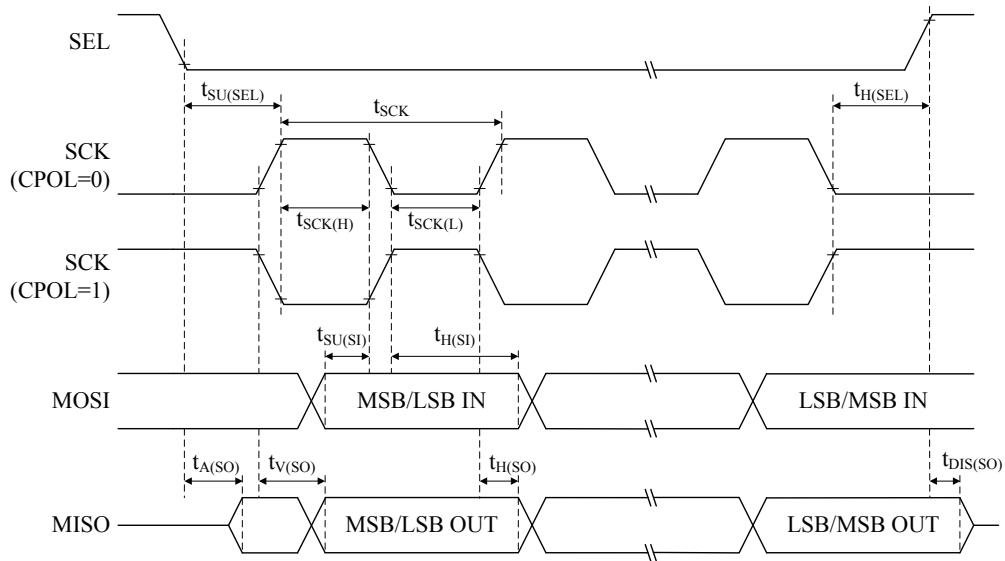
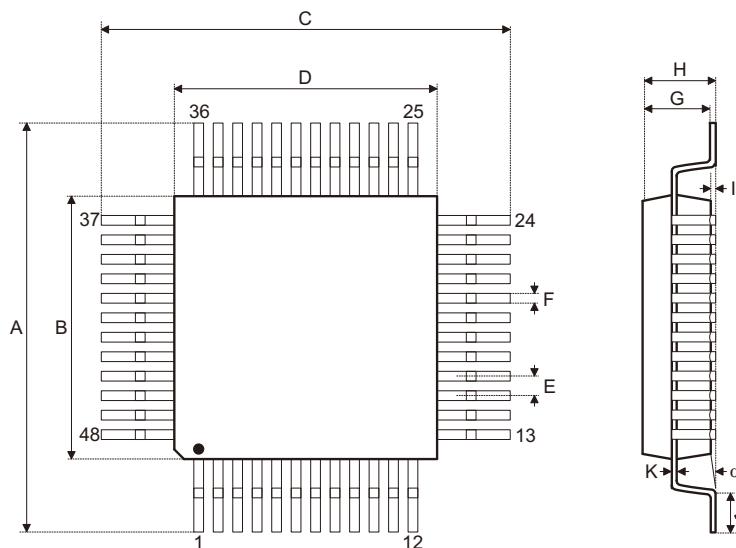


Figure 9. SPI Timing Diagram – SPI Slave Mode and CPHA=1

## 5 Package Information

Note that the package information provided here is for consultation purposes only. As this information may be updated at regular intervals users are reminded to consult the Holtek website (<http://www.holtek.com.tw/english/literature/package.pdf>) for the latest version of the package information.

### 48-pin LQFP (7mmx7mm) Outline Dimensions



| Symbol | Dimensions in inch |       |       |
|--------|--------------------|-------|-------|
|        | Min.               | Nom.  | Max.  |
| A      | 0.350              | —     | 0.358 |
| B      | 0.272              | —     | 0.280 |
| C      | 0.350              | —     | 0.358 |
| D      | 0.272              | —     | 0.280 |
| E      | —                  | 0.020 | —     |
| F      | —                  | 0.008 | —     |
| G      | 0.053              | —     | 0.057 |
| H      | —                  | —     | 0.063 |
| I      | —                  | 0.004 | —     |
| J      | 0.018              | —     | 0.030 |
| K      | 0.004              | —     | 0.008 |
| α      | 0°                 | —     | 7°    |

| Symbol | Dimensions in mm |      |      |
|--------|------------------|------|------|
|        | Min.             | Nom. | Max. |
| A      | 8.90             | —    | 9.10 |
| B      | 6.90             | —    | 7.10 |
| C      | 8.90             | —    | 9.10 |
| D      | 6.90             | —    | 7.10 |
| E      | —                | 0.50 | —    |
| F      | —                | 0.20 | —    |
| G      | 1.35             | —    | 1.45 |
| H      | —                | —    | 1.60 |
| I      | —                | 0.10 | —    |
| J      | 0.45             | —    | 0.75 |
| K      | 0.10             | —    | 0.20 |
| α      | 0°               | —    | 7°   |

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