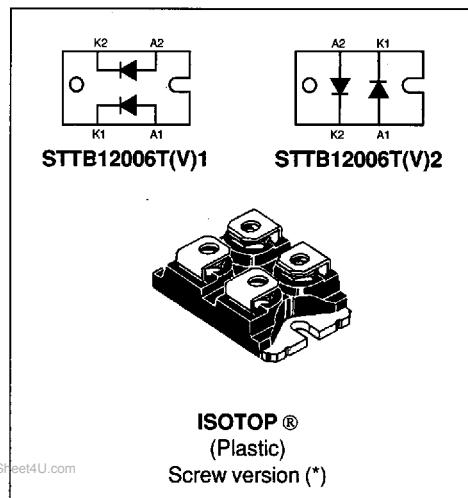


TURBOSWITCH™ "B". ULTRA-FAST HIGH VOLTAGE DIODE

MAIN PRODUCTS CHARACTERISTICS

I _{F(AV)}	2*60A
V _{RRM}	600V
t _{rr} (typ)	65ns
V _F (max)	1.3V



FEATURES AND BENEFITS

- SPECIFIC TO THE FOLLOWING OPERATIONS: Snubbing or clamping, demagnetization and rectification.
- ULTRA-FAST, SOFT AND NOISE-FREE RECOVERY.
- VERY LOW OVERALL POWER LOSSES AND PARTICULARLY LOW FORWARD VOLTAGE.
- DESIGNED FOR HIGH PULSED CURRENT OPERATIONS.

DESCRIPTION

The TURBOSWITCH is a very high performance series of ultra-fast high voltage power diodes from 600V to 1200V.

TURBOSWITCH, B family, drastically cuts losses in all high voltage operations which require extremely fast, soft and noise-free power diodes. They are particularly suitable in the primary circuit

of an SMPS as snubber, clamping or demagnetizing diodes, and also in most power converters as high performance rectifier diodes. Packaged in ISOTOP, these 600V devices are particularly intended for use on 240V domestic mains.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V _{RRM}	Repetitive peak reverse voltage	600	V
V _{RSM}	Non repetitive peak reverse voltage	600	V
I _{F(RMS)}	RMS forward current	150	A
I _{FRM}	Repetitive peak forward current (tp = 5 µs, f = 1kHz)	2100	A
T _j	Max operating junction temperature	-65 to 150	°C
T _{stg}	Storage temperature	-65 to 150	°C

(*) : Tin plated Fast-on version is also available (without V suffix).

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THERMAL AND POWER DATA

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Value	Unit
$R_{th(j-c)}$	Junction to case thermal resistance	Per diode	0.85	°C/W
		Total	0.47	
		Coupling	0.1	
P_1	Conduction power dissipation (see fig. 5)	Per diode $I_{F(AV)} = 60A$ $\delta = 0.5$ $T_c = 58^\circ C$	108	W
P_{max}	Total power dissipation $P_{max} = P_1 + P_3$ ($P_3 = 10\% P_1$)	Per diode $T_c = 48^\circ C$	120	W

STATIC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (see Fig.5)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions		Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_F	Forward voltage drop	$I_F = 60A$	$T_j = 25^\circ C$ $T_j = 125^\circ C$			1.4 1.3	V V
I_R	Reverse leakage current	$V_R = 0.8 \times V_{RRM}$	$T_j = 25^\circ C$ $T_j = 125^\circ C$			200 9	μA mA

Test pulses widths : * $t_p = 380 \mu s$, duty cycle < 2%** $t_p = 5 ms$, duty cycle < 2%

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DYNAMIC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

TURN-OFF SWITCHING (see Fig.6)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
t_{rr}	Reverse recovery time	$T_j = 25^\circ C$ $I_F = 0.5 A$ $I_R = 1A$ $I_{rr} = 0.25A$ $I_F = 1 A$ $dI_F/dt = -50A/\mu s$ $V_R = 30V$		65	115	ns
I_{RM}	Maximum reverse recovery current	$T_j = 125^\circ C$ $V_R = 400V$ $I_F = 60A$ $dI_F/dt = -480 A/\mu s$			TBD	A
S factor	Softness factor	$T_j = 125^\circ C$ $V_R = 400V$ $I_F = 60A$ $dI_F/dt = -500 A/\mu s$		TBD		/

TURN-ON SWITCHING (see Fig.7)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
t_{fr}	Forward recovery time	$T_j = 25^\circ C$ $I_F = 60 A$, $dI_F/dt = 480 A/\mu s$ measured at, $1.1 \times V_{Fmax}$		TBD		ns
V_{Fp}	Peak forward voltage	$T_j = 25^\circ C$ $I_F = 60A$, $dI_F/dt = 480 A/\mu s$		TBD		V

TBD : To Be Defined

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APPLICATION DATA

The TURBOSWITCH "B" is especially designed to provide the lowest overall power losses in any application such as snubbing,clamping,

demagnetization and rectification. In such applications (fig.1 to fig.4), the way of calculating the power losses is given below :

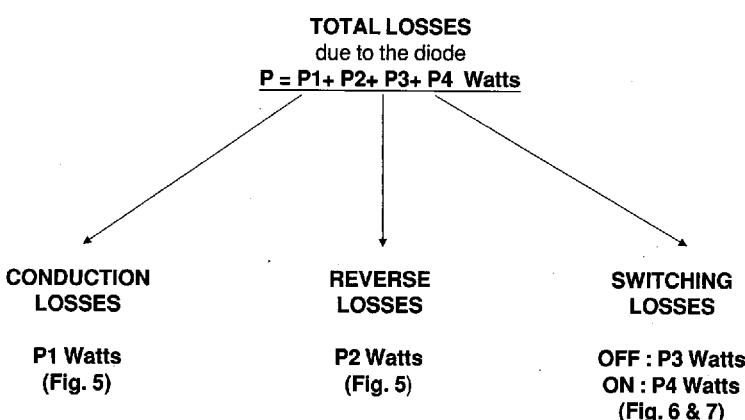


Fig. 1 : SNUBBER DIODE.

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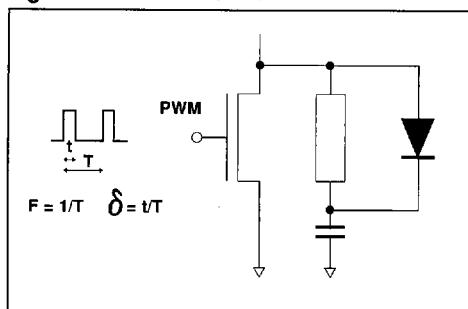


Fig. 2 : CLAMPING DIODE.

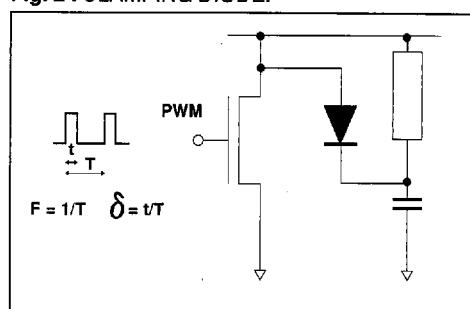


Fig. 3 : DEMAGNETIZING DIODE.

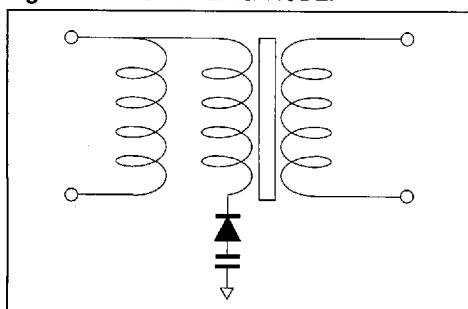
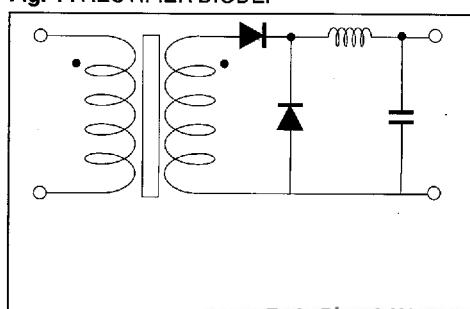


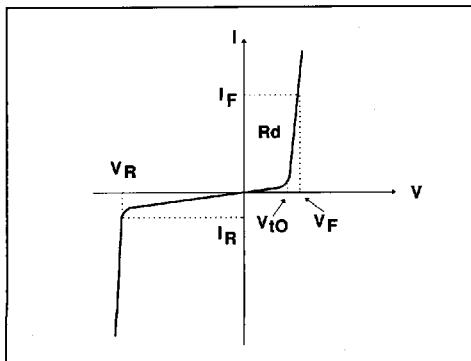
Fig. 4 : RECTIFIER DIODE.



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APPLICATION DATA (Cont'd)

Fig. 5: STATIC CHARACTERISTICS

**Conduction losses :**

$$P1 = V_{t0} \cdot I_F(AV) + R_d \cdot I_F^2(\text{RMS})$$

with

$$V_{t0} = 1.00 \text{ V}$$

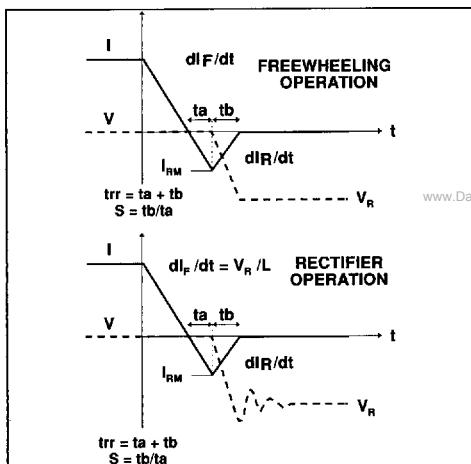
$$R_d = 0.005 \text{ Ohm}$$

(Max values at 125°C)

Reverse losses :

$$P2 = V_R \cdot I_R \cdot (1 - \delta)$$

Fig. 6: TURN-OFF CHARACTERISTICS

**Turn-off losses :**

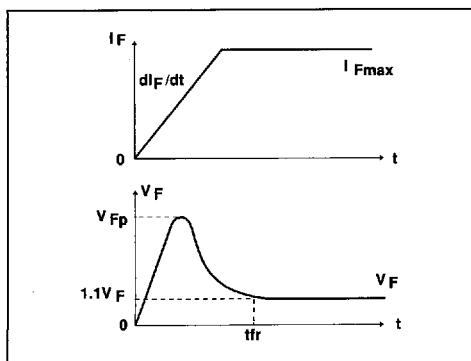
$$P3 = \frac{V_R \times I_{RM}^2 \times S \times F}{6 \times dI/dt}$$

Turn-off losses :
(with non negligible serial inductance)

$$P3' = \frac{V_R \times I_{RM}^2 \times S \times F}{6 \times dI/dt} + \frac{L \times I_{RM}^2 \times F}{2}$$

P3 and P3' are suitable for power MOSFET and IGBT

Fig. 7: TURN-ON CHARACTERISTICS

**Turn-on losses :**

$$P4 = 0.4 (V_{FP} - V_F) \cdot I_{Fmax} \cdot t_{fr} \cdot F$$