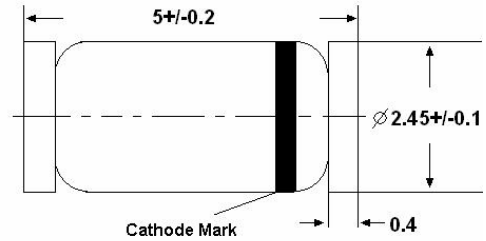


SILICON PLANAR POWER ZENER DIODES

for use in stabilizing and clipping circuits with high power rating. Standard Zener voltage tolerance is $\pm 10\%$. Add suffix "A" for $\pm 5\%$ tolerance and suffix "B" for $\pm 2\%$ tolerance. Other tolerances available are upon request.

These diodes are also available in DO-41 case with the type designation 1N4728...1N4764

LL-41



Glass case MELF
Dimensions in mm

Absolute Maximum Ratings ($T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

	Symbol	Value	Unit
Zener Current see Table "Characteristics"			
Power Dissipation	P_{tot}	1 ¹⁾	W
Junction Temperature	T_j	175	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature Range	T_s	-65 to +175	$^\circ\text{C}$
1) Valid provided that electrodes are kept at ambient temperature.			

Characteristics at $T_{\text{amb}} = 25^\circ\text{C}$

	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient Air	R_{thA}	-	-	170 ¹⁾	K/W
Forward Voltage at $I_F = 200\text{mA}$	V_F	-	-	1.2	V
1) Valid provided that electrodes are kept at ambient temperature.					

TYPE	Nominal Zener voltage ³⁾	Test current I_{ZT} mA	Maximum Zener Impedance ¹⁾			Maximum reverse leakage current		Surge current at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ I_R mA	Maximum regulator current ²⁾ I_{ZM} mA
	at I_{ZT} V_Z V		at I_{ZT} $V_Z \Omega$	$V_Z k\Omega$	at I_{ZK} mA	$I_R \mu\text{A}$	at V_R V		
ZM4728	3.3	76	10	400	1	150	1	1375	275
ZM4729	3.6	69	10	400	1	100	1	1260	252
ZM4730	3.9	64	9	400	1	100	1	1190	234
ZM4731	4.3	58	9	400	1	50	1	1070	217
ZM4732	4.7	53	8	500	1	10	1	970	193
ZM4733	5.1	49	7	550	1	10	1	890	178
ZM4734	5.6	45	5	600	1	10	2	810	162
ZM4735	6.2	41	2	700	1	10	3	730	146
ZM4736	6.8	37	3.5	700	1	10	4	660	133
ZM4737	7.5	34	4.0	700	0.5	10	5	605	121
ZM4738	8.2	31	4.5	700	0.5	10	6	550	110
ZM4739	9.1	28	5.0	700	0.5	10	7	500	100
ZM4740	10	25	7	700	0.25	10	7.6	454	91
ZM4741	11	23	8	700	0.25	5	8.4	414	83
ZM4742	12	21	9	700	0.25	5	9.1	380	76
ZM4743	13	19	10	700	0.25	5	9.9	344	69
ZM4744	15	17	14	700	0.25	5	11.4	304	61
ZM4745	16	15.5	16	700	0.25	5	12.2	285	57
ZM4746	18	14	20	750	0.25	5	13.7	250	50
ZM4747	20	12.5	22	750	0.25	5	15.2	225	45
ZM4748	22	11.5	23	750	0.25	5	16.7	205	41
ZM4749	24	10.5	25	750	0.25	5	18.2	190	38
ZM4750	27	9.5	35	750	0.25	5	20.6	170	34
ZM4751	30	8.5	40	1000	0.25	5	22.8	150	30
ZM4752	33	7.5	45	1000	0.25	5	25.1	135	27
ZM4753	36	7.0	50	1000	0.25	5	27.4	125	25
ZM4754	39	6.5	60	1000	0.25	5	29.7	115	23
ZM4755	43	6.0	70	1500	0.25	5	32.7	110	22
ZM4756	47	5.5	80	1500	0.25	5	35.8	95	19
ZM4757	51	5.0	95	1500	0.25	5	38.8	90	18
ZM4758	56	4.5	110	2000	0.25	5	42.6	80	16
ZM4759	62	4.0	125	2000	0.25	5	47.1	70	14
ZM4760	68	3.7	150	2000	0.25	5	51.7	65	13
ZM4761	75	3.3	175	2000	0.25	5	56.0	60	12
ZM4762	82	3.0	200	3000	0.25	5	62.2	55	11
ZM4763	91	2.8	250	3000	0.25	5	69.2	50	10
ZM4764	100	2.5	350	3000	0.25	5	76	45	9

- 1) The Zener Impedance is derived from the 60 Hz AC voltage which results when an AC current having an RMS value equal to 10% of the Zener current (I_{ZT} or I_{ZK}) is superimposed on I_{ZT} or I_{ZK} . Zener Impedance is measured at two points to insure a sharp knee on the breakdown curve and to eliminate unstable units.
- 2) Valid provided that electrodes are kept at ambient temperature.
- 3) Measured under thermal equilibrium and DC test conditions.
- 4) Tested with pulses $t_p = 20$ ms.

