

### Description

The  $\mu$ PD7500x/75P008 is a family of single-chip CMOS microcomputers containing CPU, ROM, RAM, I/O ports, several timer/counters, vectored interrupts, subsystem clock, and serial interface.

The instruction set allows the user to manipulate RAM data and I/O ports in 1-, 4-, and 8-bit units. The devices are ideally suited for controlling VCRs, telephones, and meters.

Both EPROM and OTP versions are available. See ordering information.

### Features

- 103 instructions
  - Bit manipulation
  - 4-bit and 8-bit transfer
  - 1-byte relative branch
  - GETI instruction, to convert one 2-byte or two 1-byte instructions into a single 1-byte instruction
- Fast execution time (@ 4.19 MHz)
  - High-speed cycle: 0.95  $\mu$ s
  - Lower-voltage cycles: 1.91 and 15.3  $\mu$ s
- Program ROM
  - $\mu$ PD75004: 4096 bytes
  - $\mu$ PD75006: 6016 bytes
  - $\mu$ PD75008/P008: 8064 bytes
- 512 x 4 bits of RAM
  - Allows operation on 1, 4, or 8 bits
- Bit sequential buffer
  - 16-bit, bit manipulation memory
- Eight 4-bit registers
- Accumulators
  - 1-bit (CY)
  - 4-bit (A)
  - 8-bit (XA)
- 26 I/O lines
  - 8 N-channel open drain; can withstand 10 V
  - 18 outputs directly drive LEDs  
( $I_{sink} = 15$  mA rms)
- One external event input
- Three timers
  - 8-bit basic interval timer
  - 8-bit timer/event counter
  - 14-bit watch timer

- 8-bit serial interface
  - SBI mode
  - 2- or 3-wire mode: data transfer can be full duplex or receive only, and can be MSB or LSB first
- Vectored interrupts
  - Three external interrupts
  - Three internal interrupts
  - Nine inputs which each generate one interrupt request
- Eight input-only lines
- Standby modes
  - HALT mode: stops CPU only
  - STOP mode: stops main system clock
- Mask option pull-up resistors for ports 4 and 5
- Operates with oscillator or ceramic resonator
- CMOS operation with  $V_{DD}$  from 2.7 to 6.0 V
- Power consumption @ 5 V and 4.19 MHz
  - Normal mode: 2.5 mA typical
  - HALT mode: 0.5 mA typical
  - STOP mode: 0.5  $\mu$ A typical
- Programmable version:
  - $\mu$ PD75P008 OTP

### Ordering Information

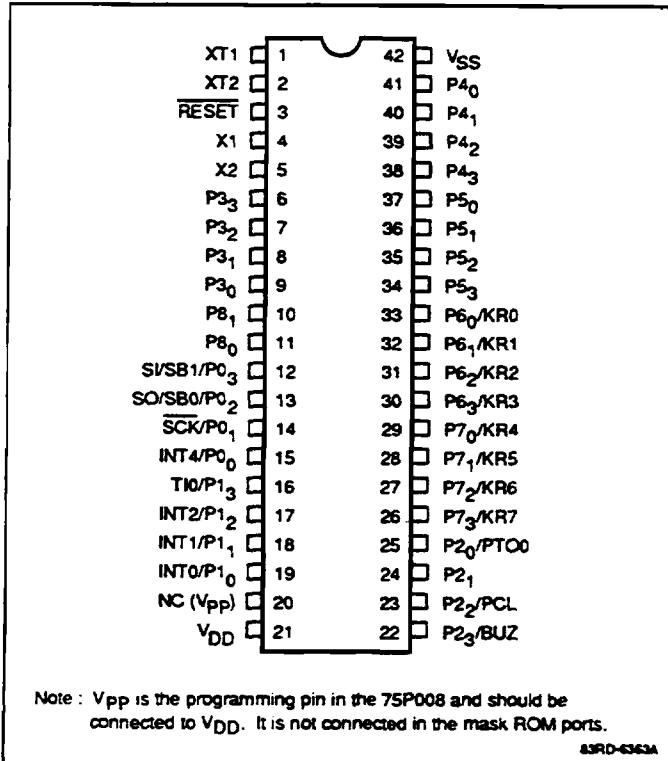
Part Number	Package Type	ROM
$\mu$ PD75004CU-xxx	42-pin plastic SDIP	Mask ROM
$\mu$ PD75004GB-xxx-3B4	44-pin plastic QFP	Mask ROM
$\mu$ PD75006CU-xxx	42-pin plastic SDIP	Mask ROM
$\mu$ PD75006GB-xxx-3B4	44-pin plastic QFP	Mask ROM
$\mu$ PD75008CU-xxx	42-pin plastic SDIP	Mask ROM
$\mu$ PD75008GB-xxx-3B4	44-pin plastic QFP	Mask ROM
$\mu$ PD75P008CU	42-pin plastic SDIP	OTP
$\mu$ PD75P008GB-3B4	44-pin plastic QFP	OTP

#### Notes:

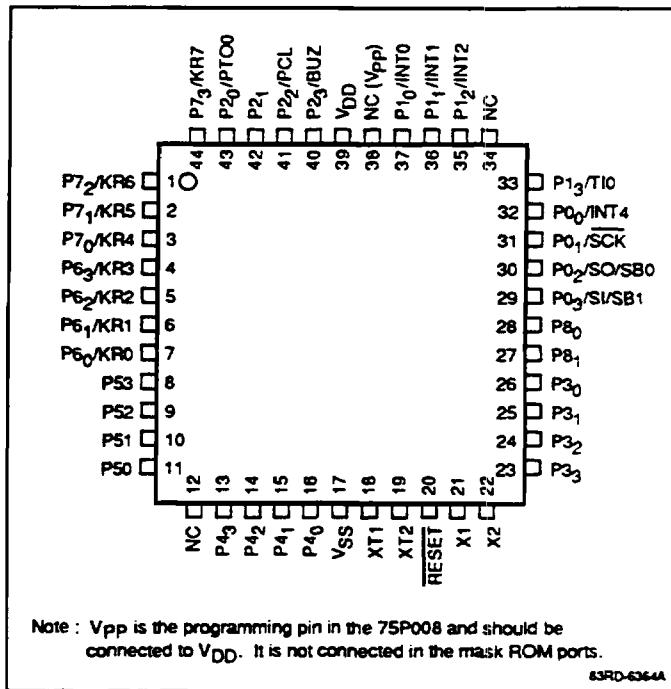
- (1) xxx indicates ROM code suffix

## Pin Configurations

### 42-Pin Plastic SDIP



### 44-Pin Plastic QFP



**Pin Identification**

Symbol	Function
NC ( $V_{PP}$ )	No connection (programming voltage for $\mu$ PD75P008)
P0 <sub>0</sub> /INT4	Port 0 input; interrupt 4
P0 <sub>1</sub> /SCK	Port 0 input; serial clock
P0 <sub>2</sub> /SO/SB0	Port 0 input; serial out; serial interface
P0 <sub>3</sub> /SI/SB1	Port 0 input; serial in; serial interface
P1 <sub>0</sub> /INT0	Port 1 input; interrupt 0
P1 <sub>1</sub> /INT1	Port 1 input; interrupt 1
P1 <sub>2</sub> /INT2	Port 1 input; interrupt 2
P1 <sub>3</sub> /T10	Port 1 input; timer 0 input
P2 <sub>0</sub> /PTO0	Port 2 I/O; timer/event counter output
P2 <sub>1</sub>	Port 2 I/O
P2 <sub>2</sub> /PCL	Port 2 I/O; clock output
P2 <sub>3</sub> /BUZ	Port 2 I/O; buzzer output
P3 <sub>0</sub> -P3 <sub>3</sub>	Port 3 I/O
P4 <sub>0</sub> -P4 <sub>3</sub>	Port 4 I/O
P5 <sub>0</sub> -P5 <sub>3</sub>	Port 5 I/O
P6 <sub>0</sub> /KR0	Port 6 I/O; key scan input 0
P6 <sub>1</sub> /KR1	Port 6 I/O; key scan input 1
P6 <sub>2</sub> /KR2	Port 6 I/O; key scan input 2
P6 <sub>3</sub> /KR3	Port 6 I/O; key scan input 3
P7 <sub>0</sub> /KR4	Port 7 I/O; key scan input 4
P7 <sub>1</sub> /KR5	Port 7 I/O; key scan input 5
P7 <sub>2</sub> /KR6	Port 7 I/O; key scan input 6
P7 <sub>3</sub> /KR7	Port 7 I/O; key scan input 7
P8 <sub>0</sub> -P8 <sub>1</sub>	Port 8 I/O
RESET	Reset input
V <sub>DD</sub>	Positive power supply
V <sub>SS</sub>	Ground
X1, X2	Main clock inputs
XT1, XT2	Subsystem clock inputs

**PIN FUNCTIONS****P0<sub>0</sub>-P0<sub>3</sub>, INT4, SCK, SO/SB0, SI/SB1  
(Port 0, Interrupt 4, Serial Interface)**

These pins can be used as 4-bit input port 0. P0<sub>0</sub> can also be used for vectored interrupt 4, which interrupts on either the leading edge or the trailing edge of the signal. P0<sub>1</sub>-P0<sub>3</sub> may also be used for the serial interface in the SBI, 2-wire or 3-wire mode. SI is the serial input, SO is the serial output, and SCK is the serial clock. Reset causes these pins to default to the port 0 input mode.

**P1<sub>0</sub>-P1<sub>3</sub>, INT0-INT2, T10 (Port 1, Edge-Triggered Interrupts, Timer Input)**

These pins can be used as 4-bit input port 1. P1<sub>0</sub> and P1<sub>1</sub> can also be used for edge-triggered interrupts INT0 and INT1. P1<sub>2</sub> can be used for INT2, which is also an edge-triggered input, but one which generates an interrupt request and does not cause an interrupt. P1<sub>3</sub> can be used as an input clock to the timer/event counter to count external events. Reset causes these pins to default to the port 1 input mode.

**P2<sub>0</sub>-P2<sub>3</sub>, PTO0, PCL, BUZ (Port 2, Timer/Event Counter, Clock, or Buzzer Output)**

These pins can be used as 4-bit I/O port 2. When used as an output the data is latched. When used as an input port the port outputs are three-state. P2<sub>0</sub> can also be used as the output of the timer/event counter flip flop (TOUT); P2<sub>2</sub> can be used as the output for the clock generator (PCL); and P2<sub>3</sub> can be used to output square waves for a buzzer. Reset causes these pins to default to the port 2 input mode.

**P3<sub>0</sub>-P3<sub>3</sub> (Port 3)**

These pins are used for I/O port 3. Each bit in this port can be independently programmed to be either an input or an output. This port has latched outputs, and can directly drive LEDs. A reset signal causes this port to default to the input mode.

**P4<sub>0</sub>-P4<sub>3</sub>, P5<sub>0</sub>-P5<sub>3</sub> (Ports 4 and 5)**

Port 4 and 5 are 4-bit I/O ports which can be combined together to function as a single 8-bit port. They have latched outputs. Port 4 will directly drive LEDs. Outputs are N-channel open drain, and can withstand up to 10 volts; pull-up resistor mask options are available for these ports. A reset signal causes these ports to default to the input mode.

**P6<sub>0</sub>-P6<sub>3</sub>, P7<sub>0</sub>-P7<sub>3</sub>, KR0-KR7 (Ports 6, 7, and Edge Detection)**

Ports 6 and 7 are 4-bit I/O ports with latched outputs. Each pin of port 6 can be independently programmed to be either an input or an output, while port 7 can be programmed to be either all inputs or all outputs. Ports 6 and 7 can be paired together to function as one 8-bit port. Alternately, these pins may be used to detect the falling edge of inputs KR0-KR3 (port 6) and KR4-KR7 (port 7). A reset signal causes these ports to default to the input mode.

### P8<sub>0</sub>-P8<sub>1</sub> (Port 8)

Port 8 is a 2-bit I/O port. Outputs are latched. A reset signal causes this port to default to the input mode.

### NC/Vpp (No Connection/Programming Pin)

This pin may be left unconnected when using the μPD7500x. When using the programmable devices, this pin is used to input the programming voltage during the EPROM write/verify cycles. During normal operation of the programmable device, this pin should be tied to V<sub>DD</sub>.

### X1, X2 (Main System Clock Inputs)

These pins are the main system clock inputs. The clock can be either a ceramic resonator or a crystal; an external logic signal may also be used.

### XT1, XT2 (Subsystem Clock Inputs)

These pins are the subsystem clock inputs. The clock can be either a ceramic resonator or a crystal; an external logic signal may also be used.

### RESET (Reset)

This is the reset input, and it is active low.

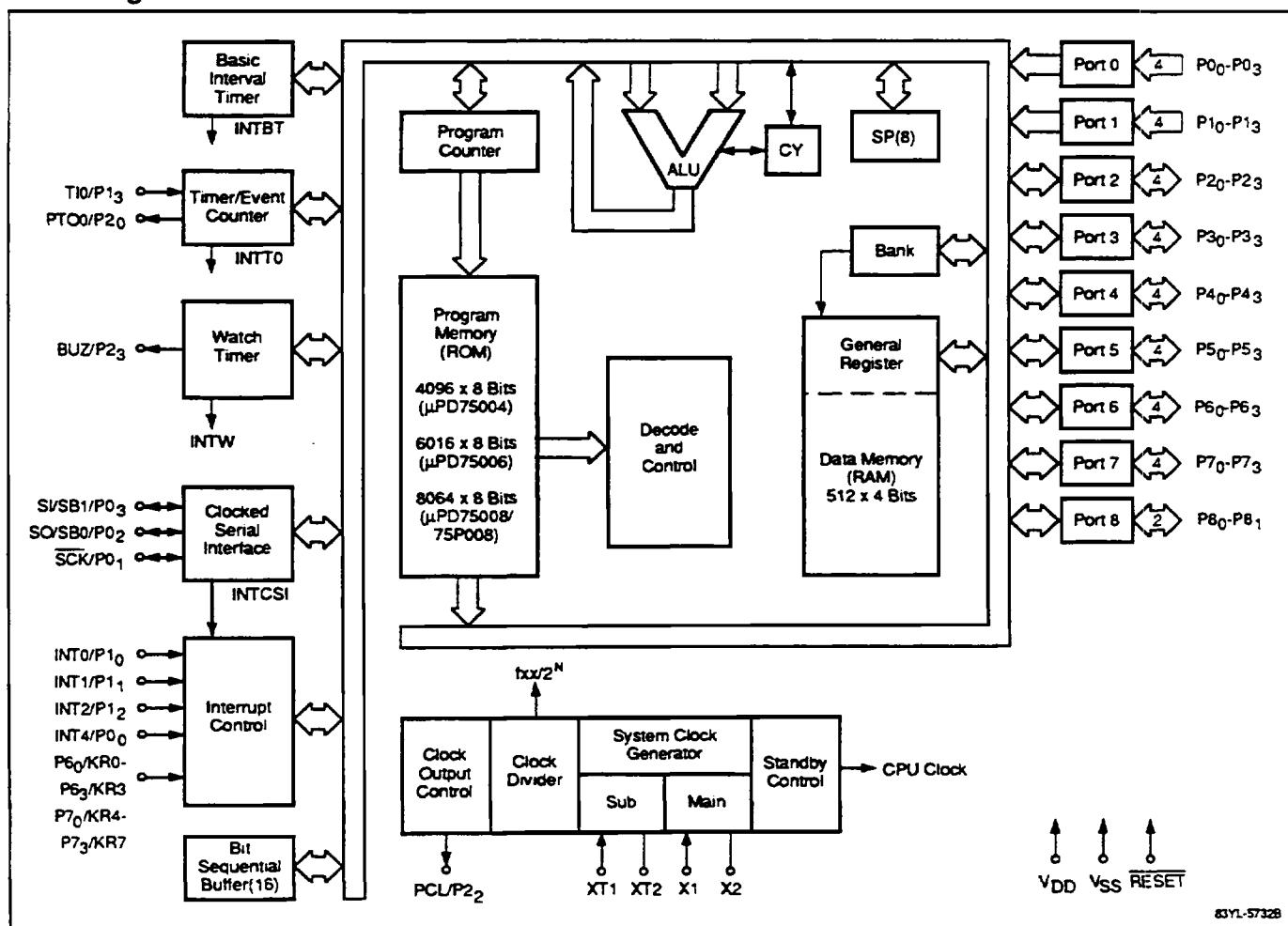
### V<sub>DD</sub> (Power Supply)

The system positive power supply pin.

### V<sub>SS</sub> (Ground)

System ground.

### Block Diagram



## Product Comparison

Item	$\mu$ PD75004	$\mu$ PD75006	$\mu$ PD75008	$\mu$ PD75P008CU/GB
Program memory	Mask ROM 000H-FFFH 4096 x 8 bits	Mask ROM 0000H-177FH 6016 x 8 bits	Mask ROM 0000H-1F7FH 8064 x 8 bits	OTP 0000H-1F7FH 8064 x 8 bits
Data memory	512 x 4 bits Bank 0: 256 x 4 Bank 1: 256 x 4	512 x 4 bits Bank 0: 256 x 4 Bank 1: 256 x 4	512 x 4 bits Bank 0: 256 x 4 Bank 1: 256 x 4	512 x 4 bits Bank 0: 256 x 4 Bank 1: 256 x 4
3-byte branch instruction	None	Provided	Provided	Provided
Other instructions	Provided	Provided	Provided	Provided
Program counter	12 bits	13 bits	13 bits	13 bits
Pull-up resistor, ports 0-3; 6-8			Can be specified by software	
Pull-up resistor, ports 4, 5	Mask option	Mask option	Mask option	Not provided
Operating voltage range	2.7 to 6.0 V	2.7 to 6.0 V	2.7 to 6.0 V	5 V ± 5%
Package	42-pin plastic shrink DIP 44-pin plastic QFP (bent)			42-pin plastic shrink DIP 44-pin plastic QFP (bent)

## ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

 $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ 

Supply voltage, $V_{DD}$	-0.3 to +7.0 V
Programming voltage, $V_{PP}$ ( $\mu$ PD75P008 only)	-0.3 to +13.5 V
Input voltage, $V_{IN1}$	-0.3 to $V_{DD} + 0.3$ V
Input voltage, $V_{IN2}$ (Ports 4 and 5 with open drain)	-0.3 to 11 V
Output voltage, $V_O$	-0.3 to $V_{DD} + 0.3$ V
High-level output current, $I_{OH}$	
Single pins	-10 mA
All pins	-30 mA
Low-level output current, $I_{OL}$ (Note 1)	
Ports 0, 3-5 (one port pin)	30 mA peak, 15 mA rms
All ports except 0, 3-5	20 mA peak, 10 mA rms
Total of ports 0, 3-5, 8	160 mA peak, 120 mA rms
Total of ports 2, 6, 7	66 mA peak, 33 mA rms
Storage temperature, $T_{STG}$	-65 to +150°C
Operating temperature, $T_{OPT}$ ( $\mu$ PD7500x)	-40 to +85°C
Operating temperature, $T_{OPT}$ ( $\mu$ PD75P008 only)	-10 to +70°C

Exposure to Absolute Maximum Ratings for extended periods may affect device reliability; exceeding the ratings could cause permanent damage.

## Notes:

(1) Effective value = Peak value × (Duty)<sup>1/2</sup>

## Capacitance

 $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}; V_{DD} = 0$  V

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Conditions
Input capacitance	$C_{IN}$		15	pF	$f = 1$ MHz; all unmeasured pins returned to ground
Output capacitance	$C_{OUT}$		15	pF	
I/O capacitance	$C_{IO}$		15	pF	

**Main System Clock Oscillator Characteristics** $\mu$ PD7500x:  $T_A = -40$  to  $+85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 2.7$  to  $6.0\text{ V}$  $\mu$ PD75P008:  $T_A = -10$  to  $+70^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 4.5$  to  $5.5\text{ V}$ 

Oscillator	Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Conditions
Ceramic resonator (Figure 1A)	Oscillation frequency (Note 1)	$f_{xx}$	1.0		5.0	MHz	After $V_{DD}$ reaches the minimum oscillator operating voltage range.
	Oscillation stabilization time (Note 2)			4 (Note 3)		ms	
Crystal resonator (Figure 1A)	Oscillation frequency (Note 1)	$f_{xx}$	1.0	4.19	5.0	MHz	
	Oscillation stabilization time (Note 2)			10 (Notes 3, 4)		ms	
					30 (Notes 3, 5)	ms	
External clock (Figure 1B)	X1 input frequency (Note 1)	$f_{xx}$	1.0		5.0	MHz	
	X1 input low- and high-level width	$t_{XL}, t_{XH}$	100		500	ns	

**Notes:**

- (1) The oscillation frequency and X1 input frequency are included only to show the characteristics of the oscillators. Refer to the AC Characteristics table for actual instruction execution times.
- (2) The oscillation stabilization time is the time required for the oscillator to stabilize after voltage is applied or the STOP mode is released.
- (3) Values shown are for the recommended resonators. Values for resonators not shown in this data sheet should be obtained from the manufacturer's specification sheets.
- (4)  $V_{DD} = 4.5$  to  $6.0\text{ V}$  for 7500x or  $4.5$  to  $5.5\text{ V}$  for  $\mu$ PD75P008.
- (5) For  $\mu$ PD7500x only at  $V_{DD} = 2.7$  to  $6.0\text{ V}$

**Subsystem Clock Oscillator Characteristics** $\mu$ PD7500x:  $T_A = -40$  to  $+85^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $V_{DD} = 2.7$  to  $6.0\text{ V}$  $\mu$ PD75P008:  $T_A = -10$  to  $+70^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $V_{DD} = 4.5$  to  $5.5\text{ V}$ 

Oscillator	Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Conditions
Crystal resonator (Figure 2A)	Oscillation frequency	$f_{XT}$	32	32.768	35	kHz	See note 4 under Main System Oscillator Characteristics
	Oscillation stabilization time			1.0	2	s	
External clock (Figure 2B)					2	s	See note 5 under Main System Oscillator Characteristics
	XT1 input frequency	$f_{XT}$	32		100	kHz	
	XT1 input low- and high-level width	$t_{XTL}, t_{XTH}$	5		15	$\mu\text{s}$	

### Recommended Oscillator Circuit Constants (For 7500x only)

Main system clock = Ceramic;  $T_A = -40$  to  $+85^\circ\text{C}$

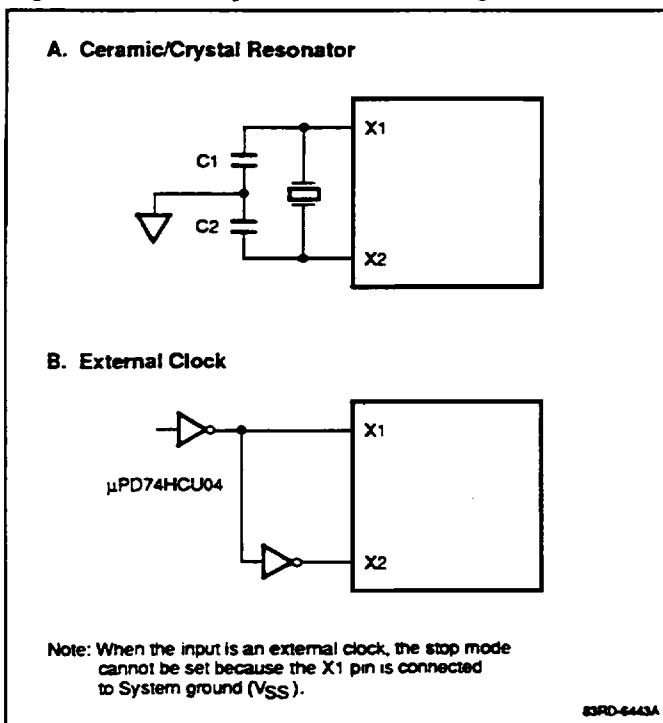
Manufacturer	Part Number (Note 1)	Frequency (MHz)	C1 (pF)	C2 (pF)	Oscillation Voltage	
					Min (V)	Max (V)
Murata	CSA x.xxMK	1.0–1.99	30	30	2.7	6.0
	CSA x.xxMG093	2.0–2.44	30	30	2.7	6.0
	CST x.xxMG093	2.0–2.44	(Note 2)	(Note 2)	2.7	6.0
	CSA x.xxMGU	2.45–5.0	30	30	2.7	6.0
	CST x.xxMGU	2.45–5.0	(Note 2)	(Note 2)	2.7	6.0
	CSA x.xxMG	2.0–5.0	30	30	3.0	6.0
	CST x.xxMG	2.0–5.0	(Note 2)	(Note 2)	3.0	6.0
Kyocera	KBR 1000H	1.0	100	100	2.7	6.0
	KBR 2.0MS	2.0	47	47	2.7	6.0
	KBR 4.0MS	4.0	33	33	2.7	6.0
	KBR 5.0M	5.0	33	33	3.0	6.0

#### Notes:

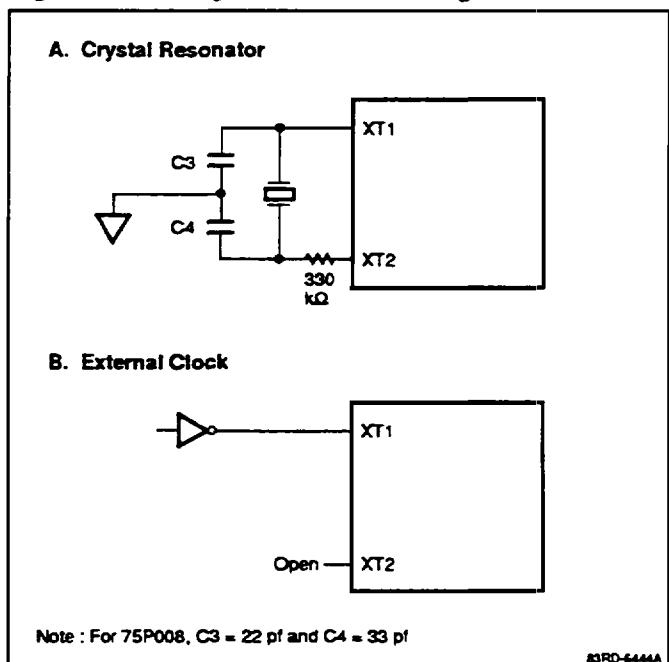
(1) x.xx indicates frequency.

(2) C1 and C2 not required; they are in the oscillator.

**Figure 1. Main System Clock Configurations**



**Figure 2. Subsystem Clock Configurations**



**Recommended Oscillator Circuit Constants (For 7500x only)**Main system clock = Crystal;  $T_A = -20$  to  $+70^\circ\text{C}$ 

Manufacturer	Part Number	Frequency (MHz)	C1 (Note 1) (pF)	C2 (pF)	Oscillation Voltage	
					Min (V)	Max (V)
Kinseki	HC-6U	1.0-2.0	20	22	2.7	6.0
	HC-18U, HC-43/U, HC-49/U	2.0-5.0	20	22	2.7	6.0

**Notes:**

- (1) Keep C1 between 15 and 33 pF when adjusting the oscillation frequency.

**Recommended Oscillator Circuit Constants (For 7500x only)**Subsystem clock = Crystal;  $T_A = -10$  to  $+60^\circ\text{C}$ 

Manufacturer	Part Number	Frequency (MHz)	C3 (Note 1) (pF)	C4 (pF)	Oscillation Voltage	
					Min (V)	Max (V)
Kinseki	P-3	32.768	18	18	2.7	6.0

**Notes:**

- (1) Keep C3 between 10 and 33 pF when adjusting the oscillation frequency.

**DC Characteristics** $\mu$ PD7500x:  $T_A = -40$  to  $+85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 2.7$  to  $6.0$  V $\mu$ PD75P008:  $T_A = -10$  to  $+70^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 4.5$  to  $5.5$  V

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Conditions
High-level input voltage	$V_{IH1}$	0.7 $V_{DD}$		$V_{DD}$	V	Ports 2, 3, 8
	$V_{IH2}$	0.8 $V_{DD}$		$V_{DD}$	V	Ports 0, 1, 6, 7, and RESET
	$V_{IH3}$	0.7 $V_{DD}$		$V_{DD}$	V	Ports 4 and 5; built-in pull-up resistor
		0.7 $V_{DD}$		10	V	Ports 4 and 5 with open drain
	$V_{IH4}$	$V_{DD}-0.5$		$V_{DD}$	V	X1, X2, XT1
Low-level input voltage	$V_{IL1}$	0	0.3 $V_{DD}$		V	Ports 2, 3, 4, 5, 8
	$V_{IL2}$	0	0.2 $V_{DD}$		V	Ports 0, 1, 6, 7; RESET
	$V_{IL3}$	0	0.4		V	X1, X2, XT1
High-level output voltage	$V_{OH1}$ (Note 1)	$V_{DD}-1.0$			V	Ports 0, 2, 3, 6, 7, 8; $I_{OH} = -1$ mA
	$V_{OH2}$ (Note 2)	$V_{DD}-0.5$			V	Ports 0, 2, 3, 6, 7, 8; $V_{DD} = 2.7$ to $6.0$ V; $I_{OH} = -100$ $\mu$ A
Low-level output voltage	$V_{OL1}$	0.4	2.0		V	Ports 4 and 5; (Note 1); $I_{OL} = 15$ mA;
		0.6	2.0		V	Port 3; (Note 1); $I_{OL} = 15$ mA
		0.4		V		Ports 0, 2-8; (Note 1); $I_{OL} = 1.6$ mA
		0.5		V		Ports 0, 2-8; $V_{DD} = 4.5$ to $6.0$ V; $I_{OL} = 400$ $\mu$ A (Note 2)
	$V_{OL2}$	0.2 $V_{DD}$ (Note 1)			V	SB0, 1 open drain; pull-up resistance $\geq 1k\Omega$
		0.2 $V_{DD}$ (Note 2)			V	SB0, 1 open drain; $V_{DD} = 2.7$ to $6.0$ V; pull-up resistance $\geq 5k\Omega$
High-level input leakage current	$I_{LH1}$	3		$\mu$ A		All except X1, X2, and XT1; $V_{IN} = V_{DD}$
	$I_{LH2}$	20		$\mu$ A		X1, X2, and XT1; $V_{IN} = V_{DD}$
	$I_{LH3}$	20		$\mu$ A		Ports 4, 5 with open drain; $V_{IN} = 10$ V

## DC Characteristics (cont)

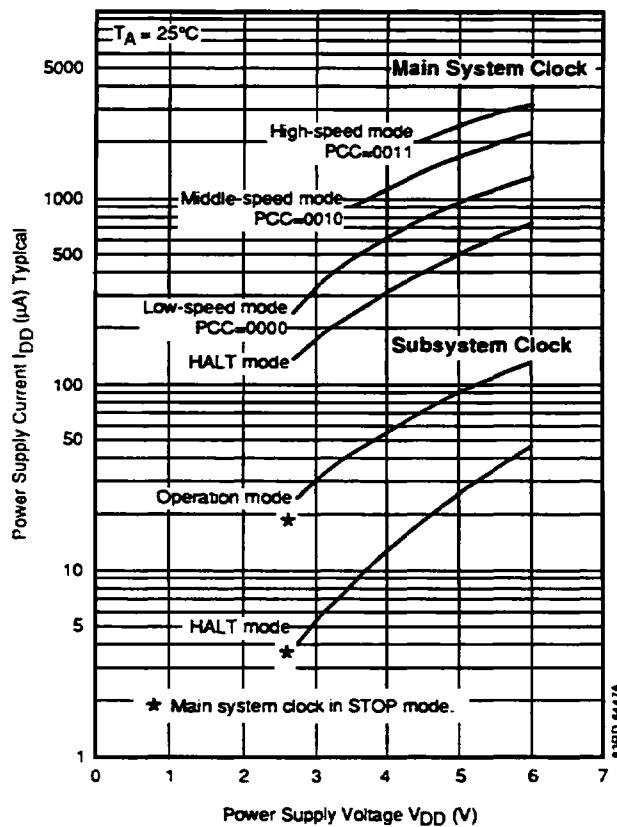
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Conditions
Low-level input leakage current	$I_{LIL1}$			-3	$\mu A$	All except X1, X2, and XT1; $V_{IN} = 0 V$
	$I_{LIL2}$			-20	$\mu A$	X1, X2, and XT1; $V_{IN} = 0 V$
High-level output leakage current	$I_{LOH1}$			3	$\mu A$	All except ports 4 and 5 with open drain; $V_{OUT} = V_{DD}$
	$I_{LOH2}$			20	$\mu A$	Ports 4 and 5 with open drain; $V_{OUT} = 10 V$
Low-level output leakage current	$I_{LOL}$			-3	$\mu A$	$V_{OUT} = 0 V$
Built-in pull-up resistor	$R_{L1}$	15	40	80	k $\Omega$	Ports 0-3, 6-8 (except P00); $V_{IN} = 0 V$ ; $V_{DD} = 5.0 V \pm 10\%$
		30	(Note 2)	300	k $\Omega$	Ports 0-3, 6-8 (except P00); $V_{IN} = 0 V$ ; $V_{DD} = 3.0 V \pm 10\%$
	$R_{L2}$ (Note 2)	15	40	70	k $\Omega$	Ports 4, 5; $V_{OUT} = V_{DD} - 2.0 V$ ; $V_{DD} = 5.0 V \pm 10\%$
		10		60	k $\Omega$	Ports 4, 5; $V_{OUT} = V_{DD} - 2.0 V$ ; $V_{DD} = 3.0 V \pm 10\%$
Supply current (Note 3)	$I_{DD1}$	(Note 2)	2.5	8.0	mA	$V_{DD} = 5.0 V \pm 10\%$ (Notes 4, 6)
		(Note 2)	0.35	1.2	mA	$V_{DD} = 3.0 V \pm 10\%$ (Notes 4, 7)
		(Note 8)	5	15	mA	$V_{DD} = 5 V \pm 10\%$ ; (Notes 4, 6)
	$I_{DD2}$		500	1500	$\mu A$	HALT mode; $V_{DD} = 5 V \pm 10\%$ (Note 4)
		(Note 2)	150	450	$\mu A$	HALT mode; $V_{DD} = 3 V \pm 10\%$
	$I_{DD3}$	(Notes 2, 5)	30	90	$\mu A$	$V_{DD} = 3 V \pm 10\%$
		(Notes 5, 8)	350	1000	$\mu A$	$V_{DD} = 5 V \pm 10\%$
	$I_{DD4}$	(Notes 2, 5)	5	15	$\mu A$	HALT mode; $V_{DD} = 3 V \pm 10\%$
		(Notes 5, 8)	35	100	$\mu A$	HALT mode $V_{DD} = 5 V \pm 10\%$
	$I_{DD5}$		0.5	20	$\mu A$	STOP mode; $XT1 = 0 V$ ; $V_{DD} = 5.0 V \pm 10\%$
		(Note 2)	0.1	10	$\mu A$	STOP mode; $XT1 = 0 V$ ; $V_{DD} = 3.0 V \pm 10\%$
		(Note 2)	0.1	5	$\mu A$	STOP mode; $XT1 = 0 V$ ; $V_{DD} = 3.0 V \pm 10\%$ ; $T_A = 25^\circ C$

## Notes:

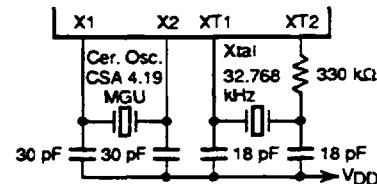
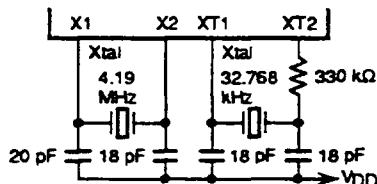
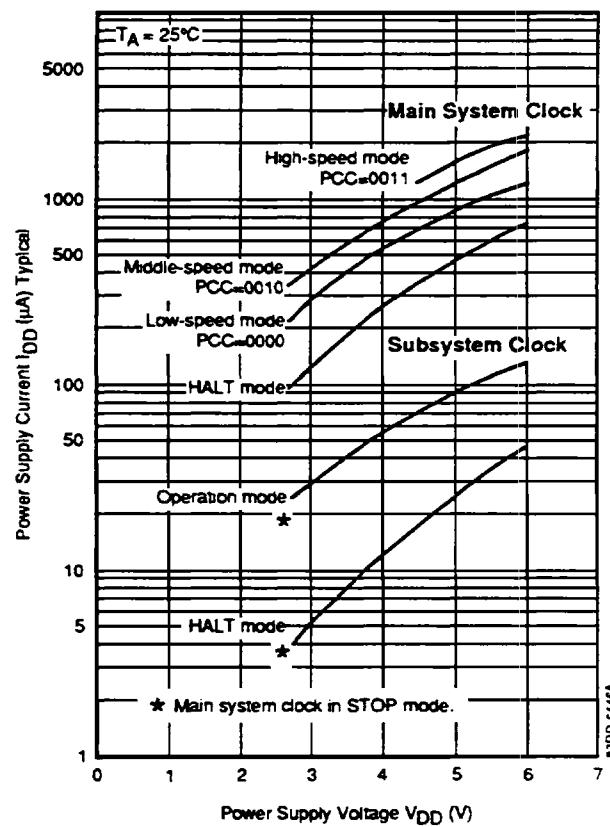
- (1)  $V_{DD} = 4.5$  to  $6.0 V$  for 7500x and  $V_{DD} = 4.5$  to  $5.5 V$  for 75P008.
- (2) For 7500x only.
- (3) Does not include pull-up resistor current.
- (4) 4.19 MHz crystal oscillator;  $C1 = C2 = 22 pF$ .
- (5) 32.768 kHz crystal oscillator.
- (6) When operated in the high-speed mode with the processor clock control register (PCC) set to 0011.
- (7) When operated in the low-speed mode with the PCC set to 0000.
- (8) For 75P008 only.

## DC Characteristics

$I_{DD}$  vs  $V_{DD}$  (Crystal Oscillator at 4.19 MHz)



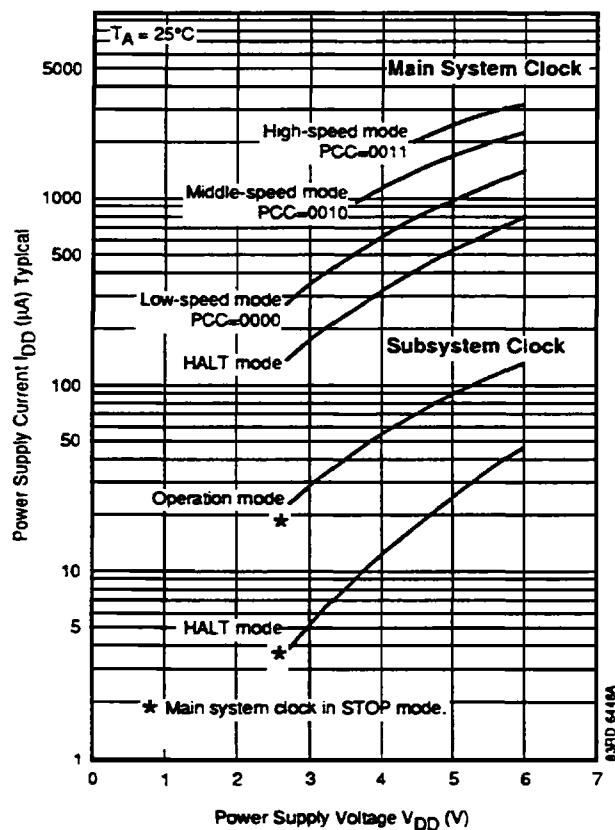
$I_{DD}$  vs  $V_{DD}$  (Ceramic Oscillator at 4.19 MHz)



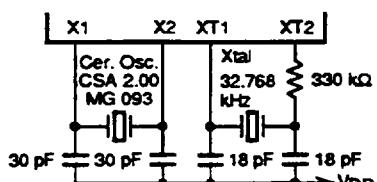
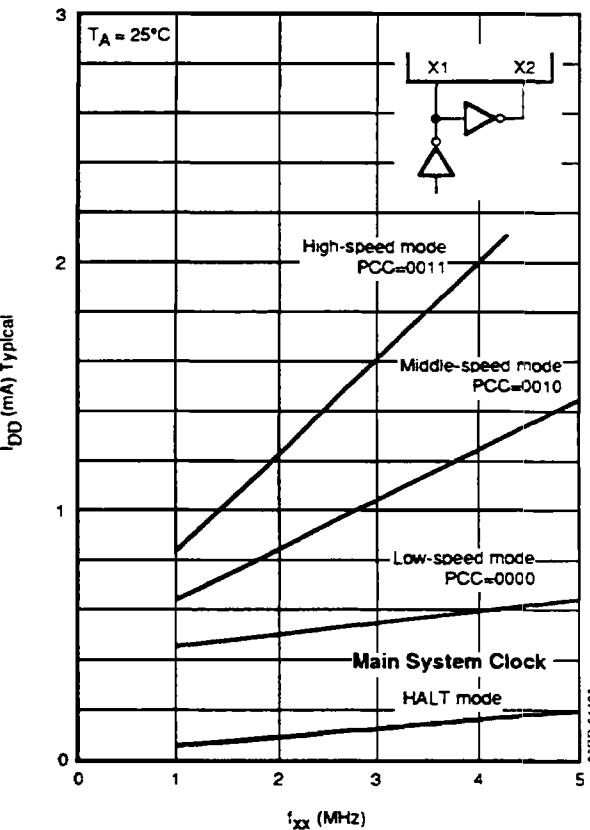
Note: Values of  $I_{DD}$  are about 10% larger using a ceramic oscillator as compared to a crystal oscillator.

## DC Characteristics (cont)

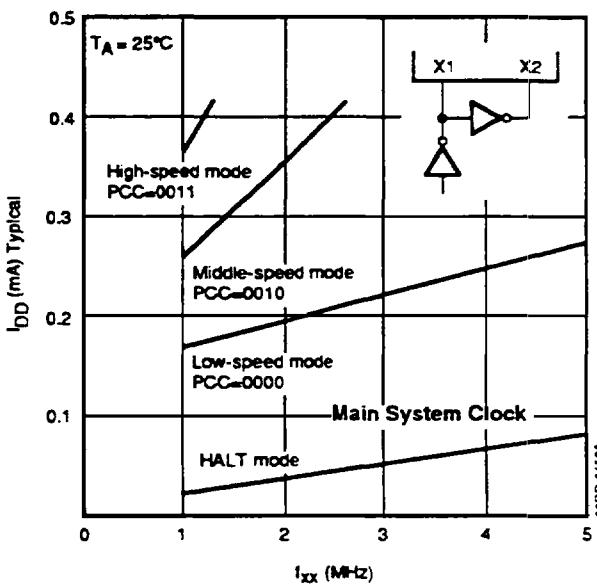
I<sub>DD</sub> vs V<sub>DD</sub> (Ceramic Oscillator at 2.00 MHz)



I<sub>DD</sub> vs f<sub>xx</sub> ( $V_{DD} = 5$  V)

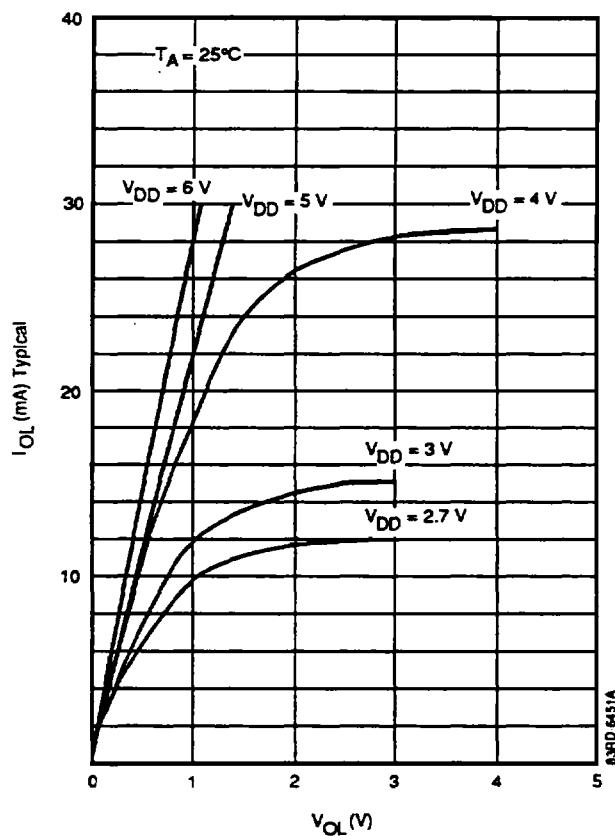


I<sub>DD</sub> vs f<sub>xx</sub> ( $V_{DD} = 3$  V)

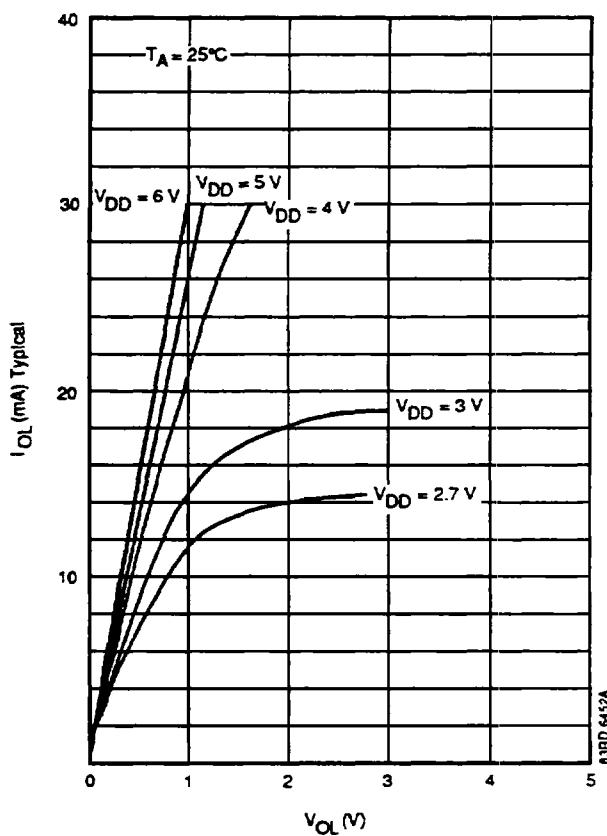


**DC Characteristics (cont)**

I<sub>OL</sub> vs V<sub>OL</sub> (Ports 0, 2, 6, 7)

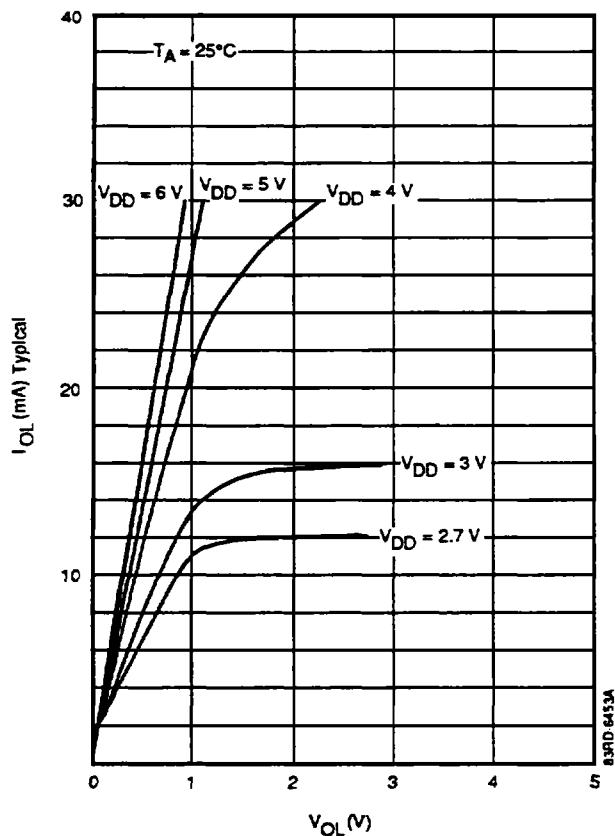
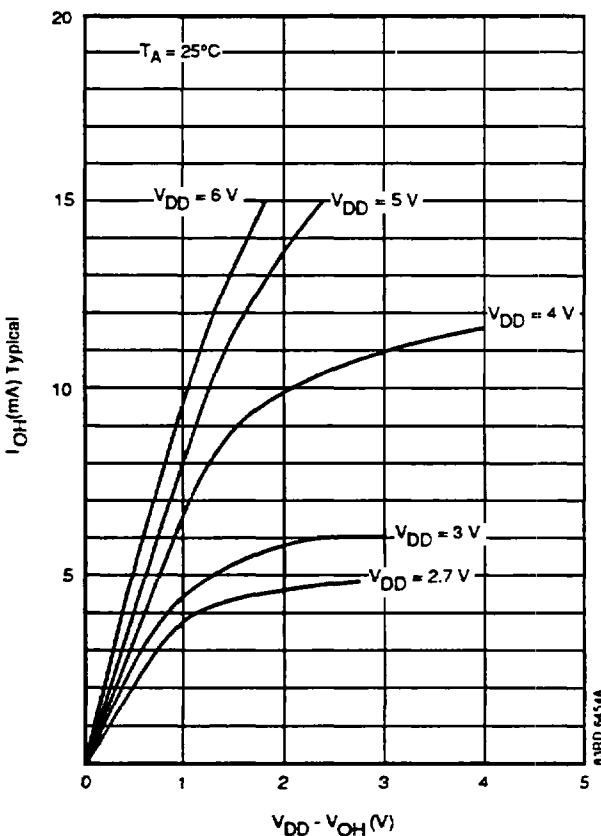


I<sub>OL</sub> vs V<sub>OL</sub> (Ports 4, 5)



63RD 6451A 63RD 6452A

## DC Characteristics (cont)

I<sub>OL</sub> vs V<sub>OL</sub> (Port 3)I<sub>OH</sub> vs V<sub>DD</sub> - V<sub>OH</sub>

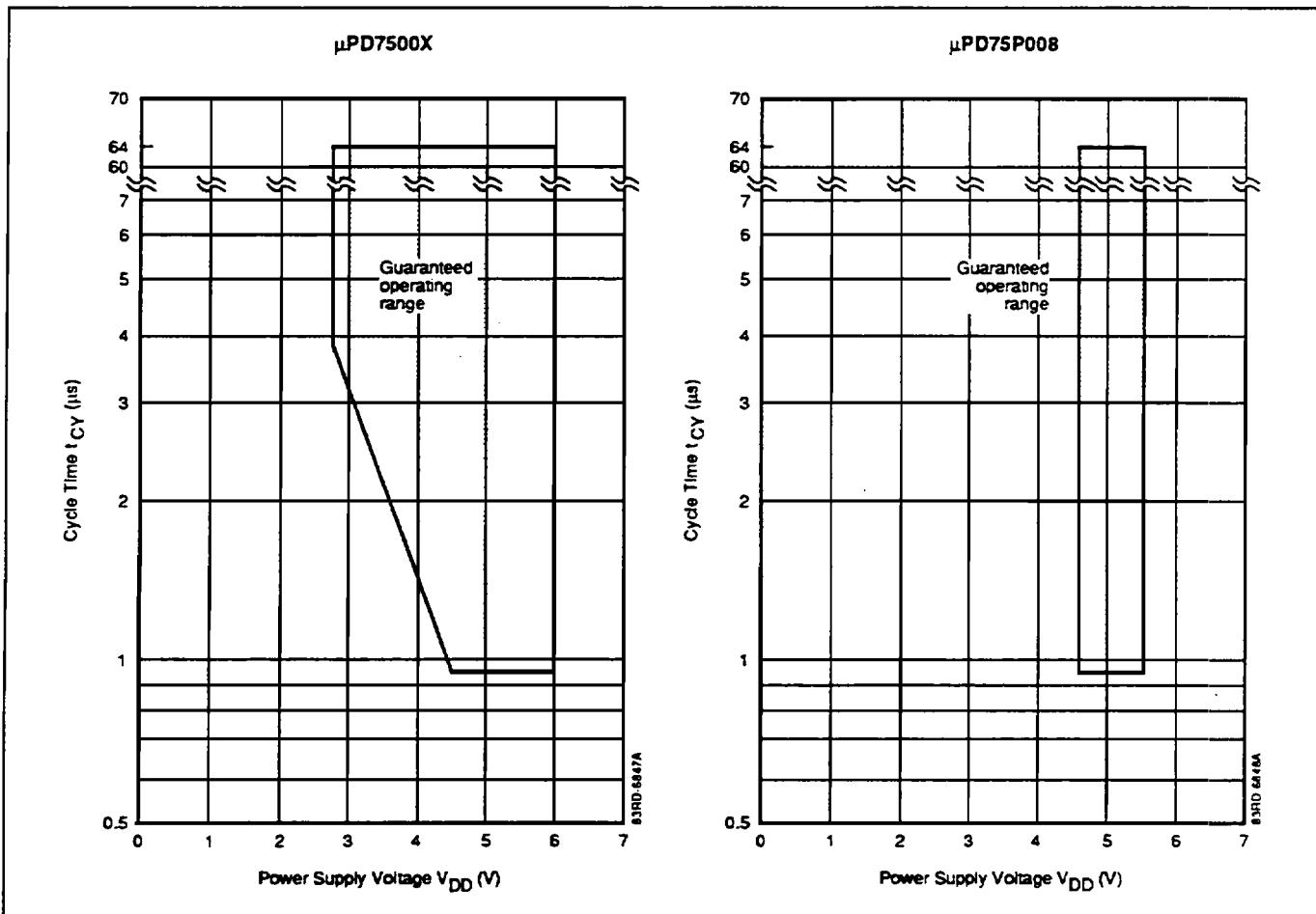
**AC Characteristics**

$\mu$ PD7500x:  $T_A = -40$  to  $+85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 2.7$  to  $6.0\text{ V}$   
 $\mu$ PD75P008:  $T_A = -10$  to  $+70^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 4.5$  to  $5.5\text{ V}$

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Conditions
Cycle time (Note 1)	$t_{CY}$	0.95		64	$\mu\text{s}$	Main system clock (Note 2)
		3.8	(Note 3)	64	$\mu\text{s}$	Main system clock; $V_{DD} = 2.7$ to $6.0\text{ V}$
		114	122	125	$\mu\text{s}$	Subsystem clock
TIO input frequency	$f_T$	0		1	MHz	(Note 2)
		0	(Note 3)	275	kHz	$V_{DD} = 2.7$ to $6.0\text{ V}$
TIO input low- and high-level width	$t_{IH}, t_{IL}$	0.48			$\mu\text{s}$	(Note 2)
		1.8	(Note 3)		$\mu\text{s}$	$V_{DD} = 2.7$ to $6.0\text{ V}$
Interrupt inputs low- and high-level width	$t_{INTH}, t_{INTL}$	(Note 4)			$\mu\text{s}$	INT0
		10			$\mu\text{s}$	INT1, INT2, INT4
		10			$\mu\text{s}$	KR0-KR7
RESET low-level width	$t_{RSL}$	10			$\mu\text{s}$	

**Notes:**

- (1) Cycle time (minimum instruction execution time) is determined by the frequency of the oscillator connected to the microcomputer, system clock control register (SCC), and the processor clock control (PCC).
- (2)  $V_{DD} = 4.5$  to  $6.0\text{ V}$  for 7500x and  $V_{DD} = 4.5$  to  $5.5\text{ V}$  for 75P008.
- (3) For 7500x only.
- (4)  $2t_{CY}$  or  $128/f_T$ , depending on the setting of the interrupt mode register (IMO).

**Figure 3. Guaranteed Operating Range**

### Serial Transfer Operation

2-line/3-line Serial I/O mode (SCK..internal clock output)

$\mu$ PD7500x:  $T_A = -40$  to  $+85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 2.7$  to  $6.0$  V

$\mu$ PD75P008:  $T_A = -10$  to  $+70^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 4.5$  to  $5.5$  V

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Conditions
SCK cycle time	$t_{KCY1}$	1600			ns	(Note 1)
		3800	(Note 2)		ns	$V_{DD} = 2.7$ to $6.0$ V
SCK low- and high-level width	$t_{KL1}, t_{KH1}$	$0.5t_{KCY}-50$			ns	(Note 1)
		$0.5t_{KCY}-150$	(Note 2)		ns	$V_{DD} = 2.7$ to $6.0$ V
SI vs. SCK $\uparrow$ setup time	$t_{SIK1}$	150			ns	
SI vs. SCK $\uparrow$ hold time	$t_{KS11}$	400			ns	
SCK $\downarrow \rightarrow$ SO output delay time (Note 3)	$t_{KSO1}$			250	ns	(Note 1)
			(Note 2)	1000	ns	$V_{DD} = 2.7$ to $6.0$ V

### Serial Transfer Operation

2-line/3-line Serial I/O mode (SCK..external clock output)

$\mu$ PD7500x:  $T_A = -40$  to  $+85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 2.7$  to  $6.0$  V

$\mu$ PD75P008:  $T_A = -10$  to  $+70^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 4.5$  to  $5.5$  V

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Conditions
SCK cycle time	$t_{KCY2}$	800			ns	(Note 1)
		3200	(Note 2)		ns	$V_{DD} = 2.7$ to $6.0$ V
SCK low- and high-level width	$t_{KL2}, t_{KH2}$	400			ns	(Note 1)
		1600	(Note 2)		ns	$V_{DD} = 2.7$ to $6.0$ V
SI vs. SCK $\uparrow$ setup time	$t_{SIK2}$	100			ns	
SI vs. SCK $\uparrow$ hold time	$t_{KS12}$	400			ns	
SCK $\downarrow \rightarrow$ SO output delay time (Note 3)	$t_{KSO2}$			300	ns	(Note 1)
			(Note 2)	1000	ns	$V_{DD} = 2.7$ to $6.0$ V

#### Notes:

(1)  $V_{DD} = 4.5$  to  $6.0$  V for 7500x and  $V_{DD} = 4.5$  to  $5.5$  V for 75P008.

(2) For 7500x only.

(3) The rising edge of the output delay time must be less than 600 ns.  
For example, if SB0 and SB1 are pulled up with  $5\text{ k}\Omega$  resistors, the total capacitance of the serial bus line must be no greater than  $120\text{ pF}$ .

**SBI Mode****SCK...internal clock output (master)** $\mu$ PD7500x:  $T_A = -40$  to  $+85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 2.7$  to  $6.0$  V  
 $\mu$ PD75P008:  $T_A = -10$  to  $+70^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 4.5$  to  $5.5$  V

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Conditions
SCK cycle time	$t_{KCY3}$	1600			ns	(Note 1)
		3800	(Note 2)		ns	
SCK low- and high-level width	$t_{KL3}$ , $t_{KH3}$	0.5 $t_{KCY3}$ -50			ns	(Note 1)
		0.5 $t_{KCY3}$ -150	(Note 2)		ns	
SB0, SB1 vs. SCK $\uparrow$ setup time	$t_{SIK3}$	150			ns	
SB0, SB1 vs. SCK $\uparrow$ hold time	$t_{KS13}$	0.5 $t_{KCY3}$			ns	
SCK $\downarrow$ $\rightarrow$ SB0, SB1 output delay time	$t_{KS03}$	0		250	ns	(Note 1)
		0	(Note 2)	1000	ns	
SCK $\uparrow \rightarrow$ SB0, SB1 $\downarrow$	$t_{KSB}$	$t_{KCY3}$			ns	
SB0, SB1 $\downarrow \rightarrow$ SCK $\downarrow$	$t_{SBK}$	$t_{KCY3}$			ns	
SB0, SB1 low-level width	$t_{SBL}$	$t_{KCY3}$			ns	
SB0, SB1 high-level width	$t_{SBH}$	$t_{KCY3}$			ns	

**SBI Mode****SCK...external clock output (slave)** $\mu$ PD7500x:  $T_A = -40$  to  $+85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 2.7$  to  $6.0$  V  
 $\mu$ PD75P008:  $T_A = -10$  to  $+70^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 4.5$  to  $5.5$  V

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Conditions
SCK cycle time	$t_{KCY4}$	800			ns	(Note 1)
		3200	(Note 2)		ns	
SCK low and high level width	$t_{KL4}$ , $t_{KH4}$	400			ns	(Note 1)
		1600	(Note 2)		ns	
SB0, SB1 vs. SCK $\uparrow$ setup time	$t_{SIK4}$	100			ns	
SB0, SB1 vs. SCK $\uparrow$ hold time	$t_{KS14}$	0.5 $t_{KCY4}$			ns	
SCK $\downarrow \rightarrow$ SB0, SB1 output delay time	$t_{KS04}$	0		300	ns	(Note 1)
		0	(Note 2)	1000	ns	
SCK $\uparrow \rightarrow$ SB0, SB1 $\downarrow$	$t_{KSB}$	$t_{KCY4}$			ns	
SB0, SB1 $\downarrow \rightarrow$ SCK $\downarrow$	$t_{SBK}$	$t_{KCY4}$			ns	
SB0, SB1 low-level width	$t_{SBL}$	$t_{KCY4}$			ns	
SB0, SB1 high-level width	$t_{SBH}$	$t_{KCY4}$			ns	

**Notes:**(1)  $V_{DD} = 4.5$  to  $6.0$  V for 7500x and  $V_{DD} = 4.5$  to  $5.5$  V for 75P008.

(2) For 7500x only.

**Data Memory STOP Mode Low Voltage Data Retention Characteristics** $\mu$ PD7500x:  $T_A = -40$  to  $+85^\circ\text{C}$  $\mu$ PD75P008:  $T_A = -10$  to  $+70^\circ\text{C}$ 

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Conditions
Data retention voltage	$V_{DDDR}$	2.0		(Note 1)	V	
Data retention current (Note 2)	$I_{DDDR}$		0.1	10	$\mu\text{A}$	$V_{DDDR} = 2.0\text{ V}$
Release signal SET time	$t_{SREL}$	0			$\mu\text{s}$	
Oscillation stabilization time (Note 3)	$t_{WAIT}$		$2^{17}/f_{xx}$		s	Release by <u>RESET</u> input
			(Note 3)		ms	Release by interrupt request

**Notes:**

(1) Max = 6.0 V for 7500x and 5.5 V for 75P008.

BTM3 BTM2 BTM1 BTM0 WAIT time ( $f_{xx} = 4.19\text{ MHz}$ )

(2) Pull-up resistor current, comparator circuit current, and power-on-reset current is not included in this table.

- 0 0 0  $2^{20}/f_{xx}$  (approx 250 ms)  
- 0 1 1  $2^{17}/f_{xx}$  (approx 31.3 ms)(3) Oscillation stabilization WAIT time is the time during which the CPU is stopped to prevent unstable operation when the oscillation is started. WAIT time depends on the resonator vendor's specifications. The wait time generated by the chip should be  $\geq$  vendor's spec and the setting of the basic interval timer mode register (BTM) according to the following table:- 1 0 1  $2^{15}/f_{xx}$  (approx 7.82 ms)  
- 1 1 1  $2^{13}/f_{xx}$  (approx 1.95 ms)**DC Programming Characteristics (For 75P008 only)** $T_A = 25 \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $V_{DD} = 6.0 \pm 0.25\text{ V}$ ;  $V_{PP} = 12.5 \pm 0.3\text{ V}$ ;  $V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$ 

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Conditions
High-level input voltage	$V_{IH1}$	0.7 $V_{DD}$		$V_{DD}$	V	All except X1, X2
	$V_{IH2}$	$V_{DD}-0.5$		$V_{DD}$	V	X1, X2
Low-level input voltage	$V_{IL1}$	0		$0.3V_{DD}$	V	All except X1, X2
	$V_{IL2}$	0		0.4	V	X1, X2
Input leakage current	$I_{LI}$			10	$\mu\text{A}$	$V_{IN} = V_{IL}$ or $V_{IH}$
High-level output voltage	$V_{OH}$	$V_{DD}-1.0$			V	$I_{OH} = -1\text{ mA}$
Low-level output voltage	$V_{OL}$			0.4	V	$I_{OL} = 1.6\text{ mA}$
$V_{DD}$ supply current	$I_{DD}$			30	mA	
$V_{PP}$ supply current	$I_{PP}$			30	mA	$MDO = V_{IL}$ ; $MD1 = V_{IH}$

**Notes:**(1)  $V_{PP}$  must not exceed +13.5 V, including over shoot.(2)  $V_{DD}$  must be applied before  $V_{PP}$  and is turned off after  $V_{PP}$  is removed.

**AC Programming Characteristics (For 75P008 only)** $T_A = 25 \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $V_{DD} = 6.0 \pm 0.25 \text{ V}$ ;  $V_{PP} = 12.5 \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$ ;  $V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}$ 

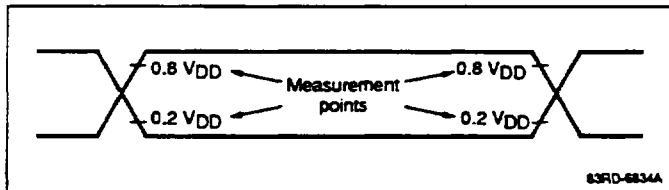
Parameter	Symbol	(Note 1)	Min	Max	Unit	Conditions
Address setup time (Note 2)	$t_{AS}$	$t_{AS}$	2		$\mu\text{s}$	
MD1 to MD0 $\downarrow$ setup	$t_{M1S}$	$t_{OES}$	2		$\mu\text{s}$	
Data to MD0 $\downarrow$ setup	$t_{DS}$	$t_{DS}$	2		$\mu\text{s}$	
Address hold from MD0 $\uparrow$ (Note 2)	$t_{AH}$	$t_{AH}$	2		$\mu\text{s}$	
Data hold from MD0 $\uparrow$	$t_{DH}$	$t_{DH}$	2		$\mu\text{s}$	
Data output float delay from MD0 $\uparrow$	$t_{DF}$	$t_{DF}$	0	130	ns	
$V_{PP}$ setup to MD3 $\uparrow$	$t_{VPS}$	$t_{VPS}$	2		$\mu\text{s}$	
$V_{DD}$ setup to MD3 $\uparrow$	$t_{VDS}$	$t_{VCS}$	2		$\mu\text{s}$	
Initialized program pulse width	$t_{PW}$	$t_{PW}$	0.95	1.05	ms	
Additional program pulse width	$t_{OPW}$	$t_{OPW}$	0.95	21	ms	
MD0 setup to MD1 $\uparrow$	$t_{MOS}$	$t_{CES}$	2		$\mu\text{s}$	
Data output delay from MD0 $\downarrow$	$t_{DV}$	$t_{DV}$		1	$\mu\text{s}$	$MD0 = MD1 = V_{IL}$
MD1 hold to MD0 $\uparrow$	$t_{M1H}$	$t_{OEH}$	2		$\mu\text{s}$	$t_{M1H} + t_{M1R} \geq 50 \mu\text{s}$
MD1 recovery from MD0 $\downarrow$	$t_{M1R}$	$t_{OR}$	2		$\mu\text{s}$	$t_{M1H} + t_{M1R} \geq 50 \mu\text{s}$
Program counter reset	$t_{PCR}$		10		$\mu\text{s}$	
X1 input low- and high-level width	$t_{XL}, t_{XH}$		0.125		$\mu\text{s}$	
X1 input frequency	$f_X$			4.19	MHz	
Initial mode set	$t_I$		2		$\mu\text{s}$	
MD3 setup to MD1 $\uparrow$	$t_{M3S}$		2		$\mu\text{s}$	
MD3 hold from MD1 $\downarrow$	$t_{M3H}$		2		$\mu\text{s}$	
MD3 setup to MD0 $\downarrow$	$t_{M3SR}$		2		$\mu\text{s}$	During program read cycle
Data delay from address (Note 2)	$t_{DAD}$	$t_{ACC}$	2		$\mu\text{s}$	
Data output hold from address (Note 2)	$t_{HAD}$	$t_{OH}$	0	130	ns	
MD3 output hold from MD0 $\uparrow$	$t_{M3HR}$		2		$\mu\text{s}$	
Data output float delay from MD3 $\downarrow$	$t_{DFR}$		2		$\mu\text{s}$	

**Notes:**

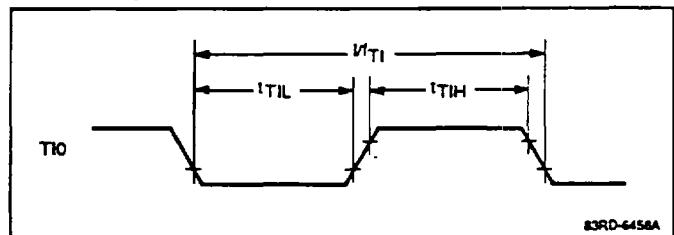
- (1) These symbols correspond to those of the  $\mu$ PD27C256 EPROM.
- (2) The internal address signal is incremented by the rising edge of the fourth X1 pulse; it is not connected to an external pin.

### Timing Waveforms

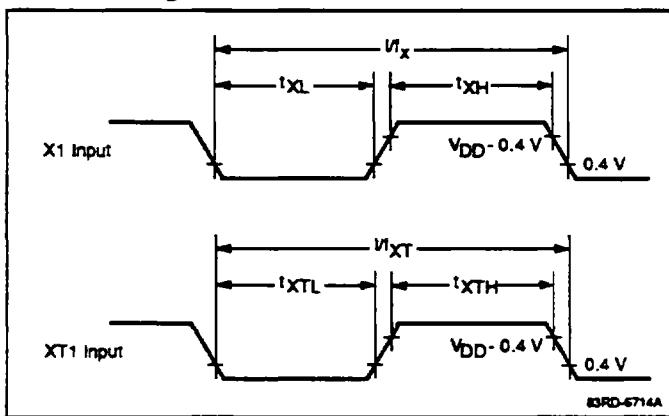
#### AC Timing Measurements Points (Except X1 and XT1)



#### T10 Timing

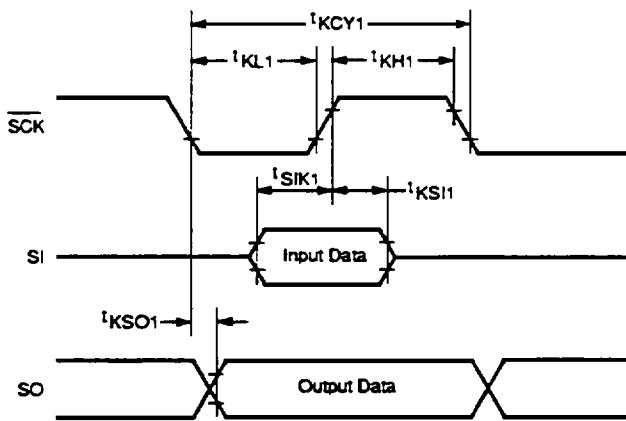


#### Clock Timing

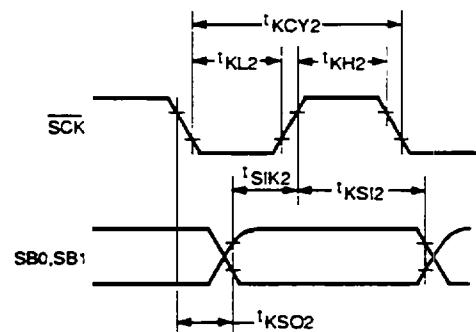


### Serial Transfer Timing

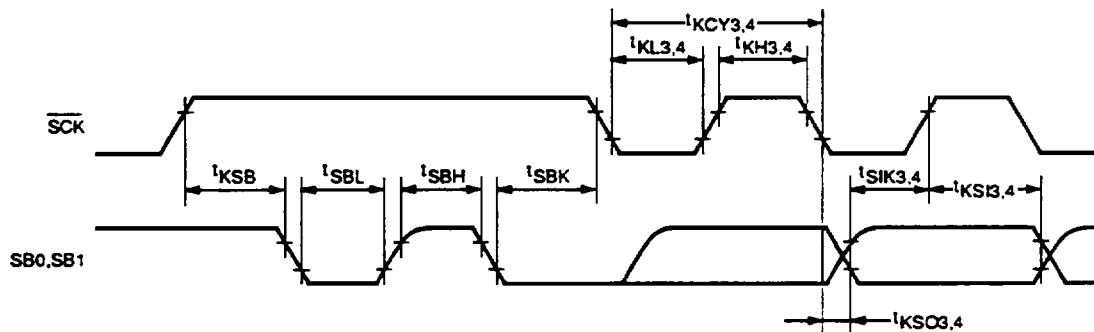
Serial I/O Mode (3-Line)



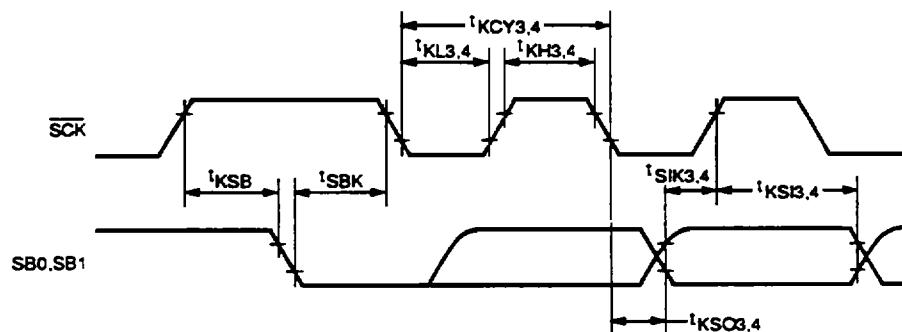
Serial I/O Mode (2-Line)



SBI Mode Bus Release Signal Transfer Timing

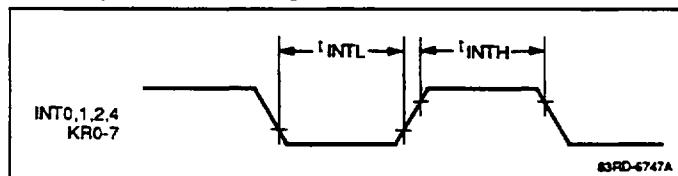


SBI Mode Command Signal Transfer Timing

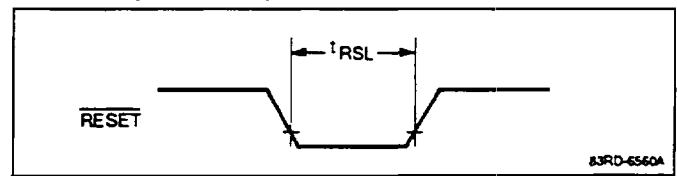


83RD-64688

**Interrupt Input Timing**

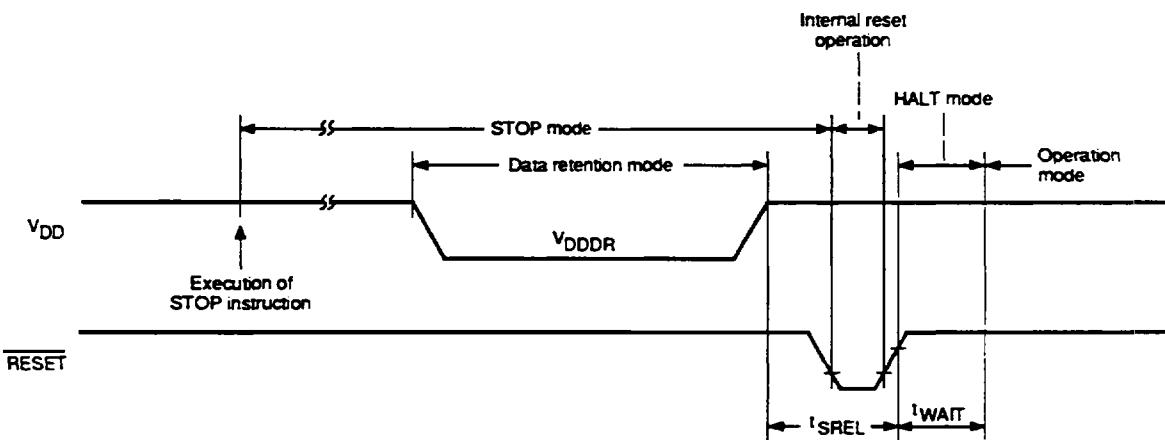


**RESET Input Timing**

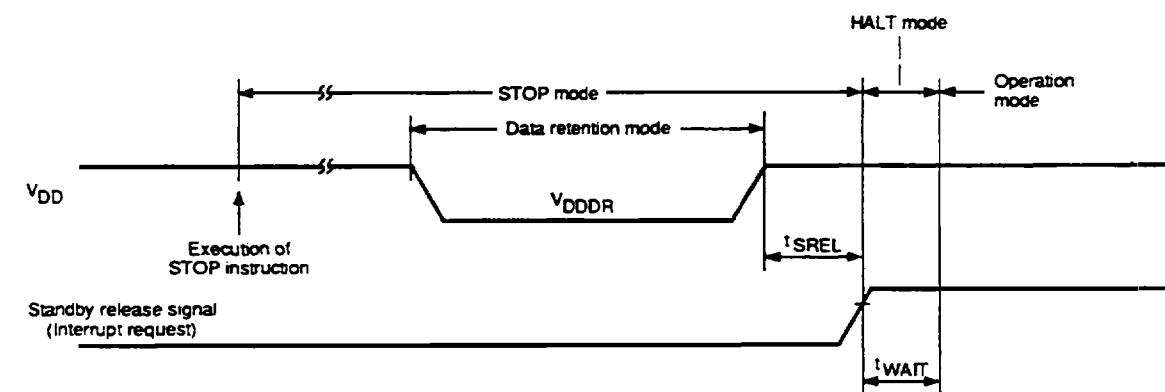


**Data Retention Timing**

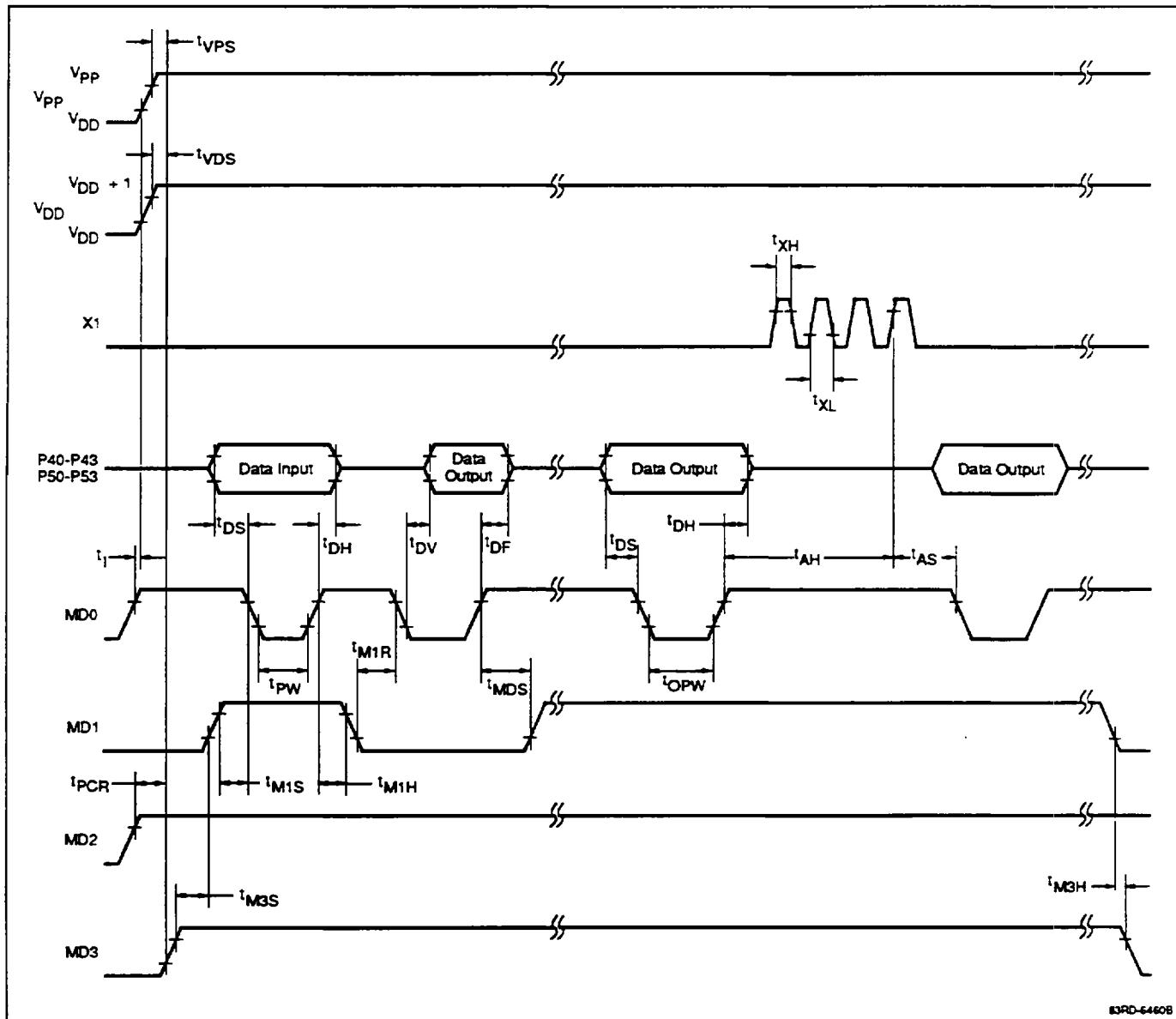
**A. STOP mode is released by RESET input**



**B. STOP mode is released by interrupt signal**

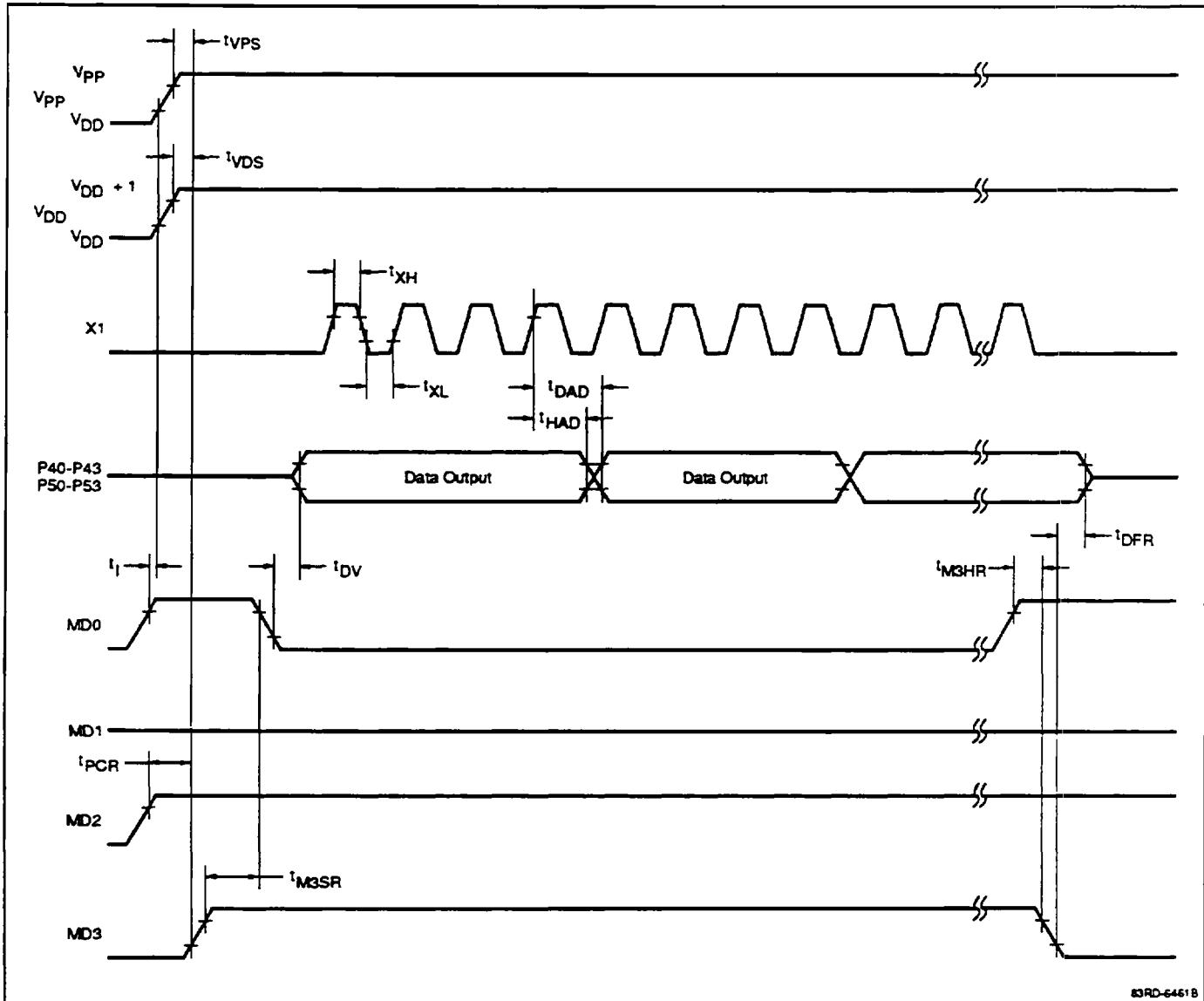


**Program Memory Write/Verify Timing ( $\mu$ PD75P008)**



E3RD-6460B

**Program Memory Read Timing ( $\mu$ PD75P008)**



83RD-6461B