

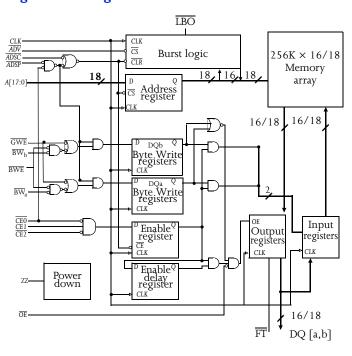
3.3V 256K × 16/18 pipeline burst synchronous SRAM

Features

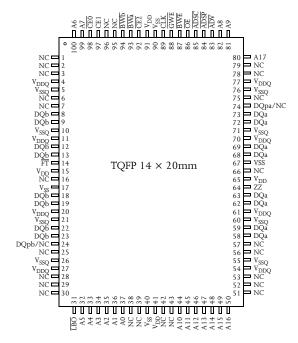
- Organization: 262,144 words × 16 or 18 bits
- Fast clock speeds to 200 MHz in LVTTL/LVCMOS
- Fast clock to data access: 3.0/3.1/3.5/4.0/5.0 ns
- Fast \overline{OE} access time: 3.0/3.1/3.5/4.0/5.0 ns
- Fully synchronous register-to-register operation
- "Flow-through" mode
- Dual-cycle deselect
 - Single-cycle deselect also available (AS7C33256PFS16A/AS7C33256PFS18A)
- Pentium®¹ compatible architecture and timing
- Asynchronous output enable control
- Economical 100-pin TQFP package

- Byte write enables
- Multiple chip enables for easy expansion
- 3.3V core power supply
- 2.5V or 3.3V I/O operation with separate V_{DDO}
- 30 mW typical standby power in power down mode
- NTDTM<Superscript>1 pipeline architecture available
- (AS7C33256NTD16A/AS7C33256NTD18A)
- Pentium[®] is a registered trademark of Intel Corporation. NTD[™] is a trademark of Alliance Semiconductor Corporation. All trademarks mentioned in this document are the property of their respective owners.

Logic block diagram



Pin arrangement



Note: pins 24, 74 are NC for $\times 16$.

Selection guide

	-200	-183	-166	-133	-100	Units
Minimum cycle time	5	5.4	6	7.5	10	ns
Maximum pipelined clock frequency	200	183	166	133	100	MHz
Maximum pipelined clock access time	3	3.1	3.5	4	5	ns
Maximum operating current	570	540	475	425	325	mA
Maximum standby current	160	140	130	100	90	mA
Maximum CMOS standby current (DC)	30	30	30	30	30	mA



Functional description

The 7C33256PFD16A and AS7C33256PFD18A are high performance CMOS 4 Mbit synchronous Static Random Access Memory (SRAM) devices organized as 262,144 words \times 16 or 18 bits and incorporate a pipeline for highest frequency on any given technology.

Timing for this device is compatible with existing Pentium[®] synchronous cache specifications. This architecture is suited for ASIC, DSP (TMS320C6X), and PowerPC^{TMI}-based systems in computing, datacom, instrumentation, and telecommunications systems.

Fast cycle times of 5.0/5.4/6.0/7.5/10 ns with clock access times (t_{CD}) of 3.0/3.1/3.5/4.0/5.0 ns enable 200, 183, 166, 133 and 100 MHz bus frequencies. Three chip enable inputs permit easy memory expansion. Burst operation is initiated in one of two ways: the controller address strobe (\overline{ADSC}), or the processor address strobe (\overline{ADSP}). The burst advance pin (\overline{ADV}) allows subsequent internally generated burst addresses.

Read cycles are initiated with \overline{ADSP} (regardless of \overline{WE} and \overline{ADSC}) using the new external address clocked into the on-chip address register. When \overline{ADSP} is sampled LOW, the chip enables are sampled active, and the output buffer is enabled with \overline{OE} . In a read operation the data accessed by the current address, registered in the address registers by the positive edge of CLK, are carried to the data-out registers and driven on the output pins on the next positive edge of CLK. \overline{ADV} is ignored on the clock edge that samples \overline{ADSP} asserted but is sampled on all subsequent clock edges. Address is incremented internally for the next access of the burst when \overline{ADV} is sampled LOW and both address strobes are HIGH. Burst mode is selectable with the \overline{LBO} input. With \overline{LBO} unconnected or driven HIGH, burst operations use a Pentium sequence. With \overline{LBO} driven LOW the device uses a linear count sequence suitable for PowerPCTM and many other applications.

Write cycles are performed by disabling the output buffers with \overline{OE} and asserting a write command. A global write enable \overline{GWE} writes all 16/18 bits regardless of the state of individual $\overline{BW[a:b]}$ inputs. Alternately, when \overline{GWE} is HIGH, one or more bytes may be written by asserting \overline{BWE} and the appropriate individual byte \overline{BWn} signal(s).

 \overline{BWn} is ignored on the clock edge that samples \overline{ADSP} LOW, but is sampled on all subsequent clock edges. Output buffers are disabled when \overline{BWn} is sampled LOW (regardless of \overline{OE}). Data is clocked into the data input register when \overline{BWn} is sampled LOW. Address is incremented internally to the next burst address if \overline{BWn} and \overline{ADV} are sampled LOW.

Read or write cycles may also be initiated with ADSC instead of ADSP. The differences between cycles initiated with ADSC and ADSP follow.

- ADSP must be sampled HIGH when ADSC is sampled LOW to initiate a cycle with ADSC.
- WE signals are sampled on the clock edge that samples ADSC LOW (and ADSP HIGH).
- Master chip select CE0 blocks ADSP, but not ADSC.

The AS7C33256PFD16A and 7C33256PFD18A operate from a 3.3V supply. I/Os use a separate power supply that can operate at 2.5V or 3.3V. These devices are available in a 100-pin 14×20 mm TQFP packaging.

Capacitance

Parameter	Symbol	Signals	Test conditions	Max	Unit
Input capacitance	C_{IN}	Address and control pins	$V_{IN} = 0V$	5	pF
I/O capacitance	$C_{I/O}$	I/O pins	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} = 0V$	7	pF

Write enable truth table (per byte)

GWE	BWE	BWn	WEn
L	X	X	Т
Н	L	L	T
Н	Н	X	F*
Н	L	Н	F*

Key: X = Don't Care, L = Low, H = High, T=True, F=False; *=valid read; n = a,b; WE, WEn = internal write signal

Burst Order

Interleaved Burst Order LBO=1

Linear Burst
OrderLBO=0

Starting Address	00	01	10	11	Starting Address	00	01	10	11
First increment	01	00	11	10	First increment	01	10	11	00
Second increment	10	11	00	01	Second increment	10	11	00	01
Third increment	11	10	01	00	Third increment	11	00	01	10

^{1.} PowerPC TM is a trademark International Business Machines Corporation.



Signal descriptions

Signal	I/O	Properties	Description
CLK	I	CLOCK	Clock. All inputs except \overline{OE} , \overline{FT} , ZZ, \overline{LBO} are synchronous to this clock.
A0-A17	I	SYNC	Address. Sampled when all chip enables are active and ADSC or ADSP are asserted.
DQ[a,b]	I/O	SYNC	Data. Driven as output when the chip is enabled and $\overline{\text{OE}}$ is active.
CE0	I	SYNC	Master chip enable. Sampled on clock edges when \overline{ADSP} or \overline{ADSC} is active. When \overline{CEO} is inactive, \overline{ADSP} is blocked. Refer to the Synchronous Truth Table for more information.
CE1, CE2	I	SYNC	Synchronous chip enables. Active HIGH and active LOW, respectively. Sampled on clock edges when $\overline{\text{ADSC}}$ is active or when $\overline{\text{CE0}}$ and $\overline{\text{ADSP}}$ are active.
ADSP	I	SYNC	Address strobe (processor). Asserted LOW to load a new address or to enter standby mode.
ADSC	Ι	SYNC	Address strobe (controller). Asserted LOW to load a new address or to enter standby mode.
ADV	I	SYNC	Burst advance. Asserted LOW to continue burst read/write.
GWE	I	SYNC	Global write enable. Asserted LOW to write all $16/18$ bits. When HIGH, \overline{BWE} and $\overline{BW[a,b]}$ control write enable.
BWE	I	SYNC	Byte write enable. Asserted LOW with $\overline{GWE} = HIGH$ to enable effect of $\overline{BW[a,b]}$ inputs.
BW[a,b]	I	SYNC	Write enables. Used to control write of individual bytes when GWE = HIGH and \overline{BWE} = LOW. If any of $\overline{BW[a,b]}$ is active with \overline{GWE} = HIGH and \overline{BWE} = LOW the cycle is a write cycle. If all $\overline{BW[a,b]}$ are inactive, the cycle is a read cycle.
OE	I	ASYNC	Asynchronous output enable. I/O pins are driven when $\overline{\text{OE}}$ is active and the chip is in read mode.
LBO	I	STATIC default = HIGH	Count mode. When driven HIGH, count sequence follows Intel XOR convention. When driven LOW, count sequence follows linear convention. This signal is internally pulled HIGH.
FT	I	STATIC	Flow-through mode. When LOW, enables single register flow-through mode. Connect to $V_{\rm DD}$ if unused or for pipelined operation.
ZZ	I	ASYNC	Sleep. Places device in low power mode; data is retained. Connect to GND if unused.

Absolute maximum ratings

8				
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Power supply voltage relative to GND	V _{DD} , V _{DDQ}	-0.5	+4.6	V
Input voltage relative to GND (input pins)	V _{IN}	-0.5	$V_{\rm DD} + 0.5$	V
Input voltage relative to GND (I/O pins)	V _{IN}	-0.5	$V_{DDQ} + 0.5$	V
Power dissipation	P_{D}	_	1.8	W
DC output current	I _{OUT}	_	50	mA
Storage temperature (plastic)	T _{stg}	-65	+150	×C
Temperature under bias	T _{bias}	-65	+135	×C

Note: Stresses greater than those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions outside those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions may affect reliability.



Synchronous truth table

,								Address			
CEO	CE1	CE2	ADSP	ADSC	$\overline{\text{ADV}}$	WEn1	OE	accessed	CLK	Operation	DQ
Н	X	X	X	L	X	X	X	NA	L to H	Deselect	Hi–Z
L	L	X	L	X	X	X	X	NA	L to H	Deselect	Hi–Z
L	L	X	Н	L	X	X	X	NA	L to H	Deselect	Hi–Z
L	X	Н	L	X	X	X	X	NA	L to H	Deselect	Hi–Z
L	X	Н	Н	L	X	X	X	NA	L to H	Deselect	Hi–Z
L	Н	L	L	X	X	X	L	External	L to H	Begin read	Hi–Z ²
L	Н	L	L	X	X	X	Н	External	L to H	Begin read	Hi–Z
L	Н	L	Н	L	X	F	L	External	L to H	Begin read	Hi–Z ²
L	Н	L	Н	L	X	F	Н	External	L to H	Begin read	Hi–Z
X	X	X	Н	Н	L	F	L	Next	L to H	Cont. read	Q
X	X	X	Н	Н	L	F	Н	Next	L to H	Cont. read	Hi–Z
X	X	X	Н	Н	Н	F	L	Current	L to H	Suspend read	Q
X	X	X	Н	Н	Н	F	Н	Current	L to H	Suspend read	Hi–Z
Н	X	X	X	Н	L	F	L	Next	L to H	Cont. read	Q
Н	X	X	X	Н	L	F	Н	Next	L to H	Cont. read	Hi–Z
Н	X	X	X	Н	Н	F	L	Current	L to H	Suspend read	Q
Н	X	X	X	Н	Н	F	Н	Current	L to H	Suspend read	Hi–Z
L	Н	L	Н	L	X	T	X	External	L to H	Begin write	D^3
X	X	X	Н	Н	L	T	X	Next	L to H	Cont. write	D
Н	X	X	X	Н	L	T	X	Next	L to H	Cont. write	D
X	X	X	Н	Н	Н	T	X	Current	L to H	Suspend write	D
Н	X	X	X	Н	Н	T	X	Current	L to H	Suspend write	D

Para	meter	Symbol	Min	Nominal	Max	Unit
Supply voltage		V_{DD}	3.135	3.3	3.6	V
Supply voltage		V _{SS}	0.0	0.0	0.0	ľ
3.3V I/O supply voltage		V _{DDQ}	3.135	3.3	3.6	V
3.5 v 17 O supply voltage		V _{SSQ}	0.0	0.0	0.0	ľ
2.5V I/O supply voltage		V _{DDQ}	2.35	2.5	2.9	V
2.5 v 1/ O supply voltage	•	V _{SSQ}	0.0	0.0	0.0] '
	Address and	V_{IH}	2.0	_	$V_{\rm DD} + 0.3$	V
	control pins	V_{IL}	-0.5^{2}	_	0.8] '
Input voltages ¹		V_{IH}	2.0	_	$V_{DDQ} + 0.3$	
. 3	I/O pins	V_{IL}	0.5 < Superscript > 2	_	0.8	V
Ambient operating temp	perature	T_{A}	0	_	70	°C

Key: X = Don't Care, L = Low, H = High.

¹See "Write enable truth table" on page 2 for more information.

²Q in flow-through mode

³For write operation following a READ, \overline{OE} must be HIGH before the input data set up time and held HIGH throughout the input hold time. **Recommended operating conditions**



 $1\ Input\ voltage\ ranges\ apply\ to\ 3.3V\ I/O\ operation.\ For\ 2.5V\ I/O\ operation,\ contact\ factory\ for\ input\ specifications.$

TQFP thermal resistance

Description	Conditions	Symbol	Typical	Units
Thermal resistance (junction to ambient) 1	Test conditions follow standard test methods and	θ_{JA}	40	°C/W
Thermal resistance (junction to top of case) < Superscript > 1	procedures for measuring thermal impedance, per EIA/JESD51	$\theta_{ m JC}$	8	°C/W

¹ This parameter is sampled.

DC electrical characteristics

			-2	.00	-1	83	-1	66	-1	33	-1	00	
Parameter	Symbol	Test conditions	Min	Max	Unit								
Input leakage current ¹	I _{LI}	$V_{\rm DD} = { m Max}$, $V_{\rm IN} = { m GND}$ to $V_{\rm DD}$	-	2	-	2	-	2	_	2	_	2	μА
Output leakage current	$ I_{LO} $	$OE \ge V_{IH}$, $V_{DD} = Max$, $V_{OUT} = GND$ to V_{DD}	-	2	-	2	-	2	_	2	_	2	μА
Operating power supply current	I _{CC} ²	CE0 = V_{IL} , CE1 = V_{IH} , CE2 = V_{IL} , $f = f_{Max}$, $I_{OUT} = 0$ mA	_	570	_	540	1	475	_	425	_	325	mA
	I_{SB}	Deselected, $f = f_{Max}$, $ZZ \le V_{IL}$	_	160	_	140	ı	130	I	100	I	90	
Standby power supply current	$I_{\mathrm{SB}1}$	Deselected, $f = 0$, $ZZ \le 0.2V$ all $V_{IN} \le 0.2V$ or $\ge V_{DD} - 0.2V$	ı	30	ı	30	ı	30	I	30	I	30	mA
	I _{SB2}	Deselected, $f = f_{Max}$, $ZZ \ge V_{DD} - 0.2V$ All $V_{IN} \le V_{IL}$ or $\ge V_{IH}$	_	30	_	30	1	30	-	30	-	30	
Output voltage	V_{OL}	$I_{OL} = 8 \text{ mA}, V_{DDQ} = 3.465 \text{V}$	_	0.4	_	0.4		0.4	-	0.4	-	0.4	V
Output voltage	V_{OH}	$I_{OH} = -4 \text{ mA}, V_{DDQ} = 3.135 \text{V}$	2.4	_	2.4	-	2.4		2.4	_	2.4	1	,

¹ $\overline{\text{LBO}}$ pin has an internal pull-up and input leakage = $\pm 10~\mu a.$

DC electrical characteristics for 2.5V I/O operation

			-2	00	-183		-166		-133		-100		
Parameter	Symbol	Test conditions	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit
Output leakage current	I _{LO}	$OE \ge V_{IH}$, $V_{DD} = Max$, $V_{OUT} = GND$ to V_{DD}	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	μА
Output voltage	V_{OL}	$I_{OL} = 2 \text{ mA}, V_{DDQ} = 2.65 \text{V}$	_	0.7	_	0.7	ı	0.7	ı	0.7	_	0.7	V
Output voltage	V _{OH}	$I_{OH} = -2 \text{ mA}, V_{DDQ} = 2.35 \text{V}$	1.7	1	1.7	1	1.7	-	1.7	1	1.7	-	•

² V_{IL} min. = -2.0V for pulse width less than $0.2 \times t_{\text{RC}}$

² $I_{\hbox{\scriptsize CC}}$ give with no output loading. $I_{\hbox{\scriptsize CC}}$ increases with faster cycle times and greater output loading.



Timing characteristics over operating range

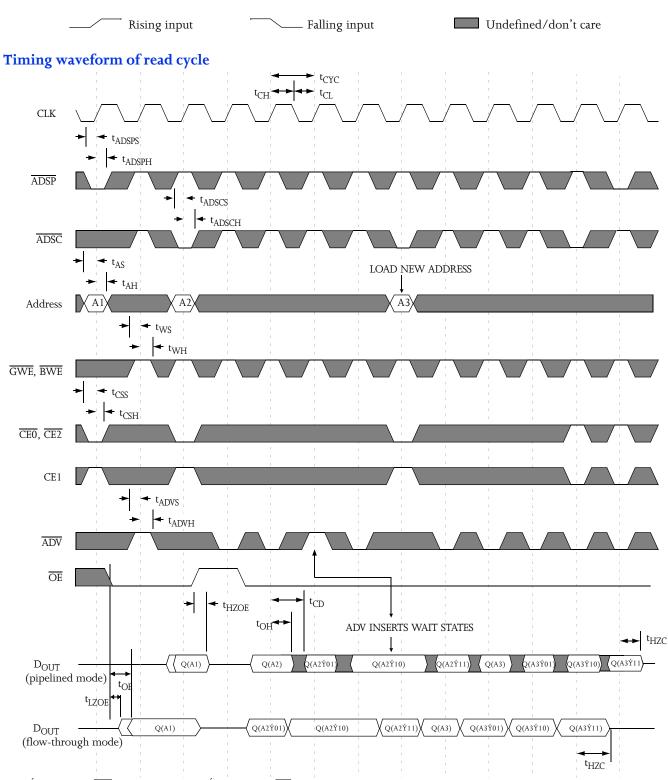
	Symb	-2	00	-1	83	-1	66	-1	33	-1	00		Notes
Parameter	ol	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit	1
Clock frequency	f_{Max}	-	200	-	183	-	- 166	-	133	-	100	MHz	
Cycle time (pipelined mode)	t _{CYC}	5	_	5.4	_	6	_	7.5	_	10	_	ns	
Cycle time (flow-through mode)	t _{CYCF}	9	_	10	_	10	_	12	_	12	_	ns	
Clock access time (pipelined mode)	t _{CD}	_	3.0	_	3.1	_	3.5	_	4.0	_	5.0	ns	
Clock access time (flow-through mode)	t _{CDF}	_	8.5	_	9	_	9	_	10	_	12	ns	
Output enable LOW to data valid	t _{OE}	_	3.0	_	3.1	_	3.5	_	4.0	_	5.0	ns	
Clock HIGH to output Low Z	t _{LZC}	0	_	0	_	0	_	0	_	0	_	ns	2,3,4
Data output invalid from clock HIGH	t _{OH}	1.5	_	1.5	_	1.5	_	1.5	_	1.5	_	ns	2
Output enable LOW to output Low Z	t _{LZOE}	0	_	0	_	0	_	0	_	0	_	ns	2,3,4
Output enable HIGH to output High Z	t _{HZOE}	-	3.0	_	3.1	_	3.5	_	4.0	_	4.5	ns	2,3,4
Clock HIGH to output High Z	t _{HZC}	_	3.0	_	3.1	_	3.5	_	4.0	_	5.0	ns	2,3,4
Output enable HIGH to invalid output	t _{OHOE}	0	_	0	_	0	_	0	_	0	_	ns	
Clock HIGH pulse width	t _{CH}	2.2	-	2.4	_	2.4	_	2.5	_	3.5	_	ns	5
Clock LOW pulse width	t_{CL}	2.2	_	2.4	_	2.4	_	2.5	_	3.5	_	ns	5
Address setup to clock HIGH	t _{AS}	1.4	_	1.4	_	1.5	_	1.5	_	2.0	_	ns	6
Data setup to clock HIGH	t_{DS}	1.4	-	1.4	_	1.5	_	1.5	_	2.0	_	ns	6
Write setup to clock HIGH	t_{WS}	1.4	_	1.4	_	1.5	_	1.5	_	2.0	_	ns	6,7
Chip select setup to clock HIGH	t _{CSS}	1.4	_	1.4	_	1.5	_	1.5	_	2.0	_	ns	6,8
Address hold from clock HIGH	t _{AH}	0.5	_	0.5	_	0.5	_	0.5	_	0.5	_	ns	6
Data hold from clock HIGH	t _{DH}	0.5	_	0.5	_	0.5	_	0.5	_	0.5	_	ns	6
Write hold from clock HIGH	t _{WH}	0.5	_	0.5	_	0.5	_	0.5	_	0.5	_	ns	6,7
Chip select hold from clock HIGH	t _{CSH}	0.5	_	0.5	_	0.5	_	0.5	_	0.5	_	ns	6,8
ADV setup to clock HIGH	t _{ADVS}	1.4	_	1.4	_	1.5	_	1.5	_	2.0	_	ns	6
ADSP setup to clock HIGH	t _{ADSPS}	1.4	_	1.4	_	1.5	_	1.5	_	2.0	_	ns	6
ADSC setup to clock HIGH	t _{ADSCS}	1.4	_	1.4	_	1.5	_	1.5	_	2.0	_	ns	6
ADV hold from clock HIGH	t _{ADVH}	0.5	_	0.5	_	0.5	_	0.5	_	0.5	_	ns	6
ADSP hold from clock HIGH	t _{ADSPH}	0.5	_	0.5	_	0.5	_	0.5	_	0.5	_	ns	6
ADSC hold from clock HIGH	t _{ADSCH}	0.5	_	0.5	_	0.5	_	0.5	_	0.5	_	ns	6

^{1 &}quot;Notes," on page 10

.



Key to switching waveform

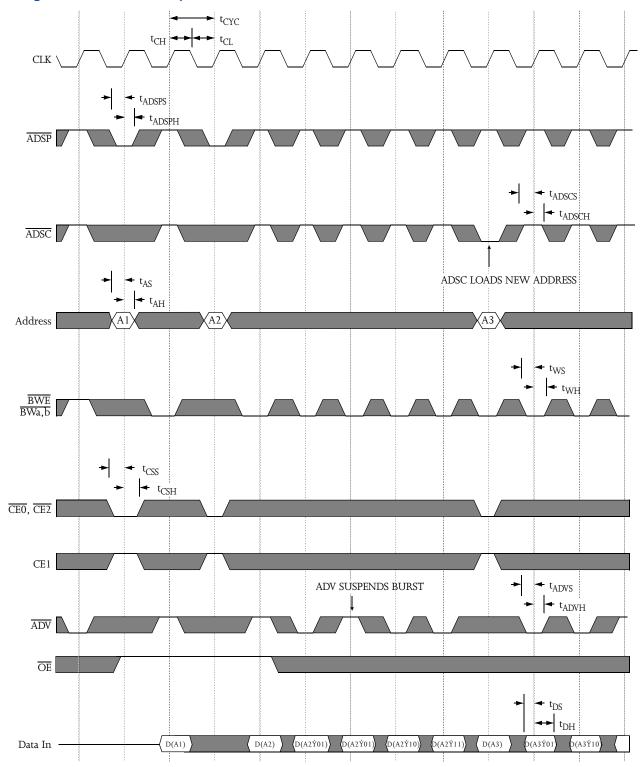


Note: \acute{Y} = XOR when $\overline{\text{LBO}}$ = HIGH/No Connect; \acute{Y} = ADD when $\overline{\text{LBO}}$ = LOW.

 $\overline{BW[a:b]}$ is don't care.



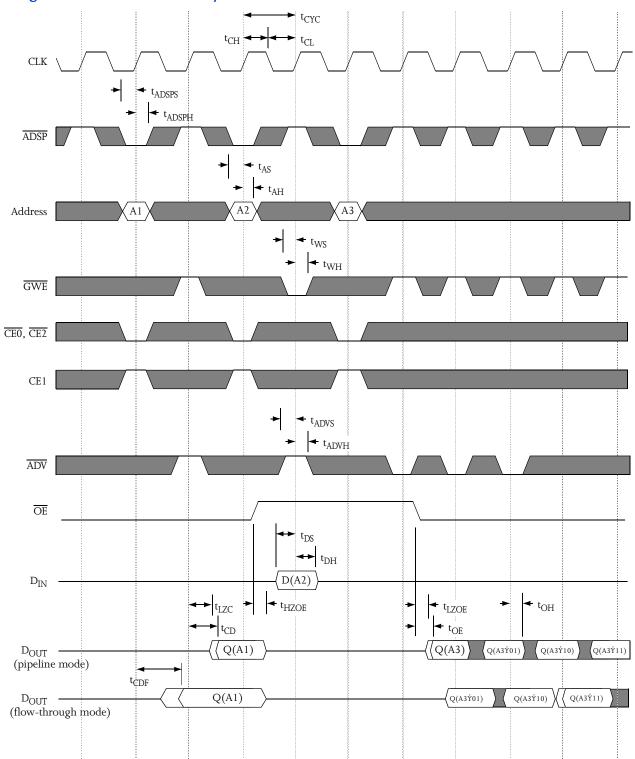
Timing waveform of write cycle



Note: $\acute{Y} = XOR$ when $\overline{LBO} = HIGH/No$ Connect; $\acute{Y} = ADD$ when $\overline{LBO} = LOW$.



Timing waveform of read/write cycle

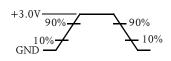


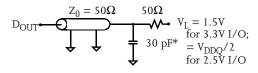
Note: \acute{Y} = XOR when \overline{LBO} = HIGH/No Connect; \acute{Y} = ADD when \overline{LBO} = LOW.



AC test conditions

- Output load: see Figure B, except for $t_{\mbox{\scriptsize LZO}}$, $t_{\mbox{\scriptsize HZOE}}$, $t_{\mbox{\scriptsize HZO}}$, see Figure C.
- Input pulse level: GND to 3V. See Figure A.
- Input rise and fall time (measured at 0.3V and 2.7V): 2 ns. See Figure A.
- Input and output timing reference levels: 1.5V.





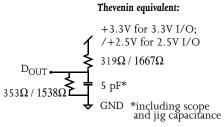


Figure A: Input waveform

Figure B: Output load (A)

Figure C: Output load (B)

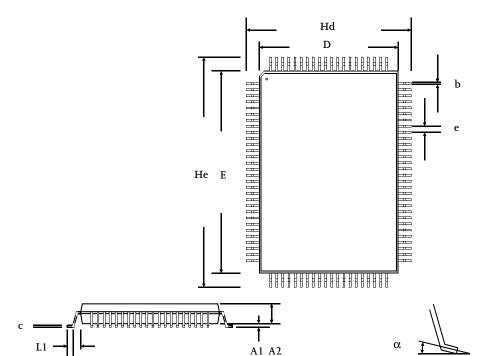
Notes

- 1 For test conditions, see AC Test Conditions, Figures A, B, C.
- 2 This parameter measured with output load condition in Figure C.
- 3 This parameter is sampled, but not 100% tested.
- 4 t_{HZOE} is less than t_{LZOE} ; and t_{HZC} is less than t_{LZC} at any given temperature and voltage.
- 5 tCH measured as HIGH above VIH and tCL measured as LOW below VIL.
- 6 This is a synchronous device. All addresses must meet the specified setup and hold times for all rising edges of CLK. All other syn-
- · chronous inputs must meet the setup and hold times for all rising edges of CLK when chip is enabled.
- 7 Write refers to GWE, BWE, BW[a:b].
- 8 Chip select refers to $\overline{\text{CE0}}$, CE1, $\overline{\text{CE2}}$.

Package Dimensions

100-pin quad flat pack (TQFP)

	TQFP			
	Min	Max		
A1	0.05	0.15		
A2	1.35 1.45			
b	0.22 0.38			
С	0.09	0.20		
D	13.90	14.10		
Е	19.90	20.10		
е	0.65 nominal			
Hd	15.90 16.10			
Не	21.90 22.10			
L	0.45	0.75		
L1	1.00 nominal			
α	0°	7°		
Dimensions in millimeters				





Ordering Codes

Package	Width	-200 MHz	-183 MHz -166 MHz		-133 MHz	-100 MHz	
TQFP	x16	AS7C33256PFD16A -200TQC	AS7C33256PFD16A AS7C33256PFD1 -183TQC -166TQC		AS7C33256PFD16A -133TQC	AS7C33256PFD16A -100TQC	
TQFP	x16	AS7C33256PFD16A -200TQI	AS7C33256PFD16A -183TQI	AS7C33256PFD16A -166TQI	AS7C33256PFD16A -133TQI	AS7C33256PFD16A -100TQI	
TQFP	x18	AS7C33256PFD18A -200TQC	AS7C33256PFD18A -183TQC	AS7C33256PFD18A -166TQC	AS7C33256PFD18A -133TQC	AS7C33256PFD18A -100TQC	
TQFP	x18	AS7C33256PFD18A -200TQI	AS7C33256PFD18A -183TQI	AS7C33256PFD18A -166TQI	AS7C33256PFD18A -133TQI	AS7C33256PFD18A -100TQI	

Part numbering guide

AS7C	33	256	PF	S	16/18	A	-XXX	TQ	C/I
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10

1. Alliance Semiconductor SRAM prefix

2.Operating voltage: 33=3.3V3.Organization: 256=256K

4. Pipeline-Flowthrough (each device works in both modes)

5.Deselect:D=Dual cycle deselect 6.Organization: 16=x16; 18=x18

7.Production version: A=first production version

8.Clock speed (MHz)9.Package type: TQ=TQFP

10. Operating temperature: C=Commercial (0° C to 70° C); I=Industrial (-40° C to 85° C)

3/8/02; v.1.6

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