

**Fast soft-recovery rectifiers****BYD43 series****FEATURES**

- Glass passivated
- High maximum operating temperature
- Low leakage current
- Excellent stability
- Available in ammo-pack.

**DESCRIPTION**

Cavity free cylindrical glass package through Implotec™<sup>(1)</sup> technology. This package is hermetically sealed

and fatigue free as coefficients of expansion of all used parts are matched.

(1) Implotec is a trademark of Philips.

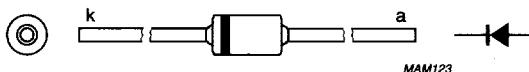


Fig.1 Simplified outline (SOD81) and symbol.

**LIMITING VALUES**

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 134).

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
$V_{RSM}$	non-repetitive peak reverse voltage BYD43U BYD43V BYD43-16 BYD43-18 BYD43-20		—	1300	V
			—	1500	V
			—	1700	V
			—	1900	V
			—	2100	V
$V_{RRM}$	repetitive peak reverse voltage BYD43U BYD43V BYD43-16 BYD43-18 BYD43-20		—	1200	V
			—	1400	V
			—	1600	V
			—	1800	V
			—	2000	V
$I_{F(AV)}$	average forward current BYD43U and V BYD43-16 to 20	$T_{tp} = 55^\circ\text{C}$ ; lead length = 10 mm; see Figs 2 and 3; averaged over any 20 ms period; see also Figs 10 and 11	—	1.20	A
			—	0.68	A
$I_{F(AV)}$	average forward current BYD43U and V BYD43-16 to 20	$T_{amb} = 65^\circ\text{C}$ ; PCB mounting (see Fig.20); see Figs 4 and 5; averaged over any 20 ms period; see also Figs 10 and 11	—	0.65	A
			—	0.30	A
$I_{FRM}$	repetitive peak forward current BYD43U and V BYD43-16 to 20	$T_{tp} = 55^\circ\text{C}$ ; see Figs 6 and 7	—	11	A
			—	6	A
$I_{FRM}$	repetitive peak forward current BYD43U and V BYD43-16 to 20	$T_{amb} = 65^\circ\text{C}$ ; see Figs 8 and 9	—	6.0	A
			—	3.2	A

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SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
$I_{F\text{SM}}$	non-repetitive peak forward current BYD43U and V BYD43-16 to 20	$t = 10 \text{ ms}$ half sinewave; $T_j = T_{j\text{ max}}$ prior to surge; $V_R = V_{RRM\text{max}}$	—	6	A
$T_{\text{stg}}$	storage temperature		-65	+175	°C
$T_j$	junction temperature	see Figs 12 and 13	-65	+175	°C

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $T_j = 25 \text{ °C}$  unless otherwise specified.

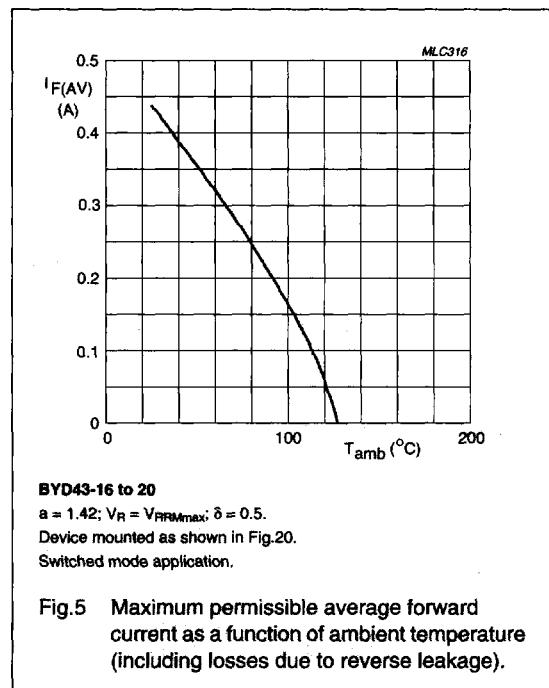
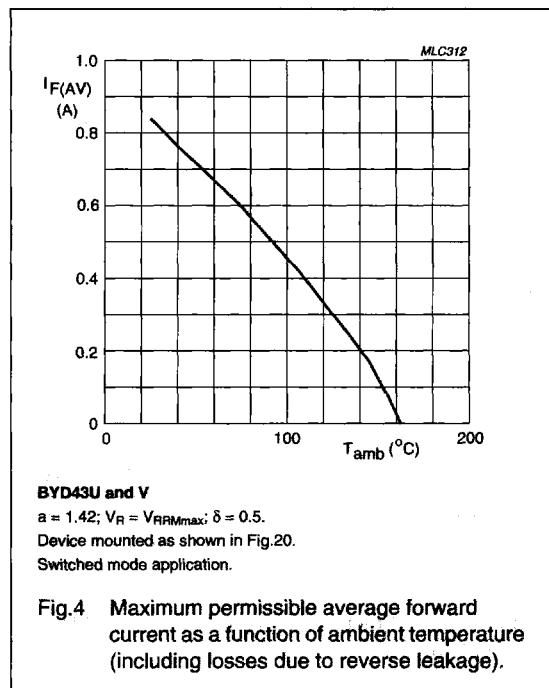
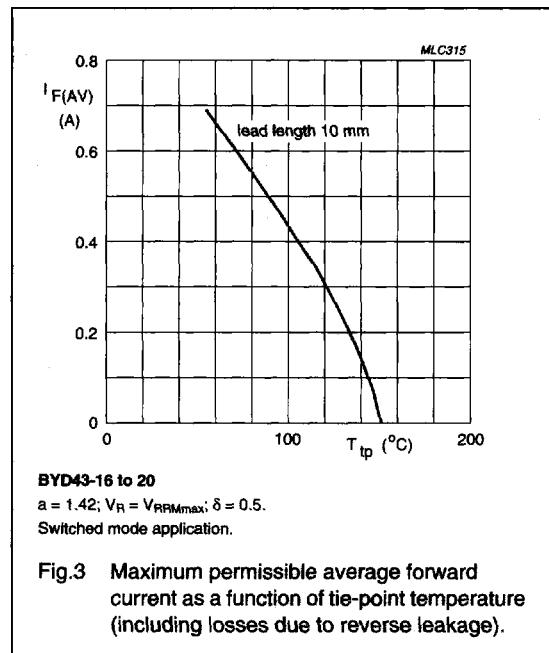
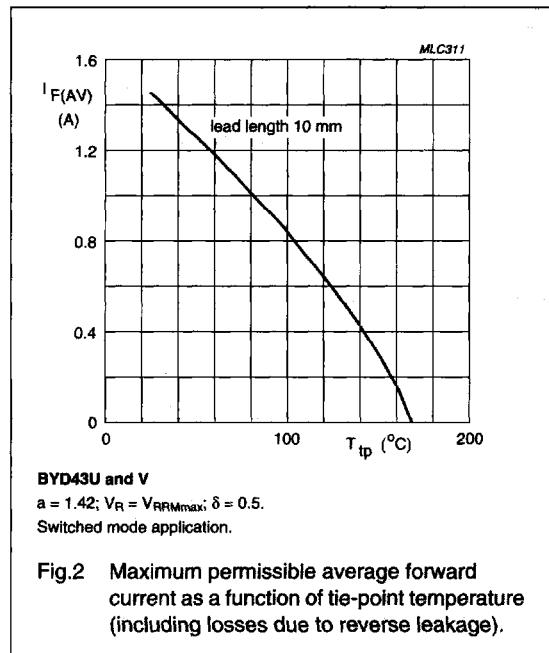
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
$V_F$	forward voltage BYD43U and V BYD43-16 to 20	$I_F = 1 \text{ A}; T_j = T_{j\text{ max}}$ see Figs 14 and 15	—	—	1.20	V
$V_F$	forward voltage BYD43U and V BYD43-16 to 20	$I_F = 1 \text{ A};$ see Figs 14 and 15	—	—	2.05	V
$I_R$	reverse current BYD43U and V BYD43-16 to 20	$V_R = V_{RRM\text{max}}$ see Figs 16 and 17	—	—	1	μA
$I_R$	reverse current BYD43U and V BYD43-16 to 20	$V_R = V_{RRM\text{max}}$ $T_j = 165 \text{ °C}$ ; see Fig 16	—	—	100	μA
$I_R$	reverse current BYD43U and V BYD43-16 to 20	$T_j = 125 \text{ °C}$ ; see Fig 17	—	—	50	μA
$t_{rr}$	reverse recovery time BYD43U and V BYD43-16 to 20	when switched from $I_F = 0.5 \text{ A}$ to $I_R = 1 \text{ A}$ ; measured at $I_R = 0.25 \text{ A}$ ; see Fig 22	—	—	250	ns
$C_d$	diode capacitance BYD43U and V BYD43-16 to 20	$f = 1 \text{ MHz}; V_R = 0 \text{ V}$ ; see Figs 18 and 19	—	20	—	pF
$\left  \frac{dI_R}{dt} \right $	maximum slope of reverse recovery current BYD43U and V BYD43-16 to 20	when switched from $I_F = 1 \text{ A}$ to $V_R \geq 30 \text{ V}$ and $dI_F/dt = -1 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$ ; see Fig.21	—	—	5	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$
$\left  \frac{dI_R}{dt} \right $			—	—	5	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$

## THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNIT
$R_{\text{th j-tp}}$	thermal resistance from junction to tie-point	lead length = 10 mm	60	K/W
$R_{\text{th j-a}}$	thermal resistance from junction to ambient	note 1	120	K/W

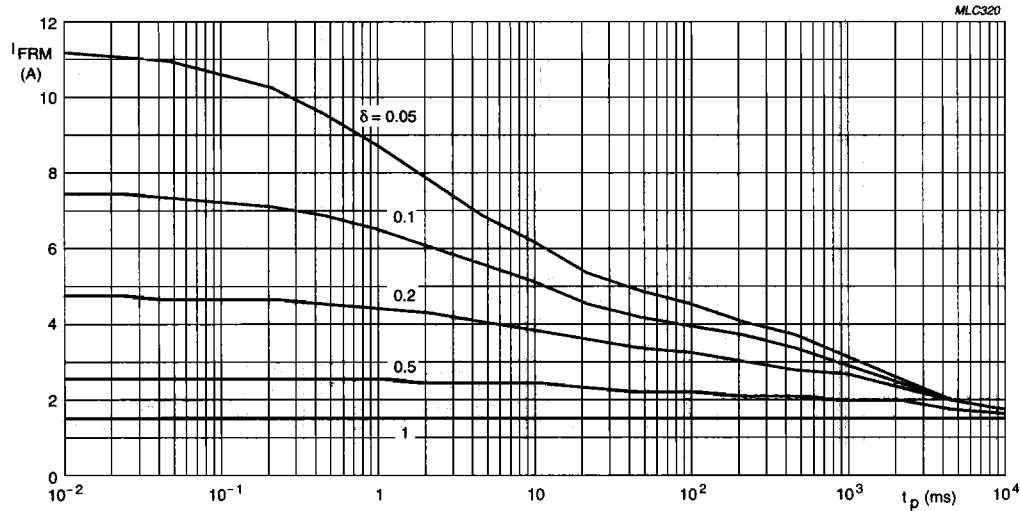
## Note

- Device mounted on an epoxy-glass printed-circuit board, 1.5 mm thick; thickness of Cu-layer  $\geq 40 \mu\text{m}$ , see Fig.20.  
For more information please refer to the 'General Part of Handbook SC01'.

**Fast soft-recovery rectifiers****BYD43 series****GRAPHICAL DATA**

## Fast soft-recovery rectifiers

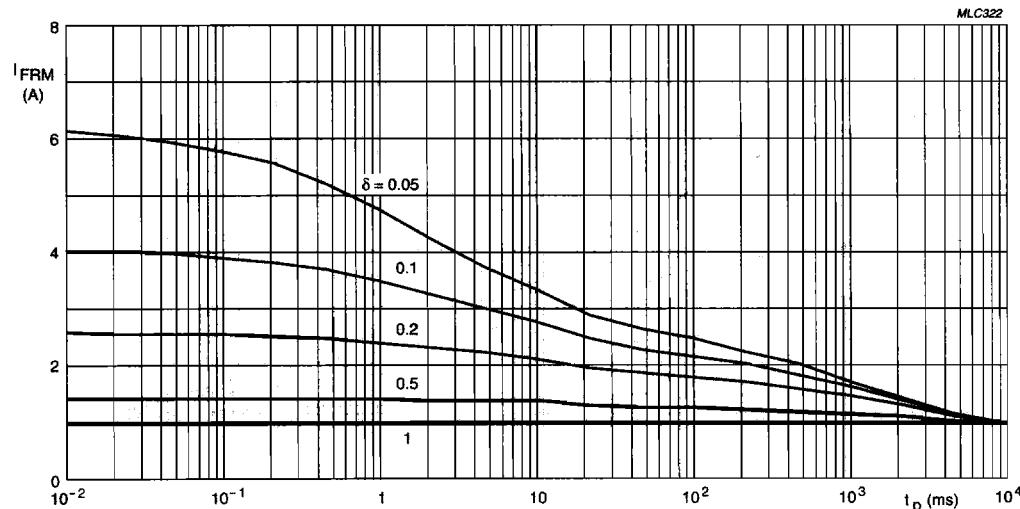
BYD43 series



BYD43U and V

 $T_{tp} = 55^\circ\text{C}; R_{th\ j\cdot tp} = 60 \text{ K/W}$ . $V_{RRMmax}$  during  $1 - \delta$ ; curves include derating for  $T_{j\ max}$  at  $V_{RRM} = 1400 \text{ V}$ .

Fig.6 Maximum repetitive peak forward current as a function of pulse time (square pulse) and duty factor.



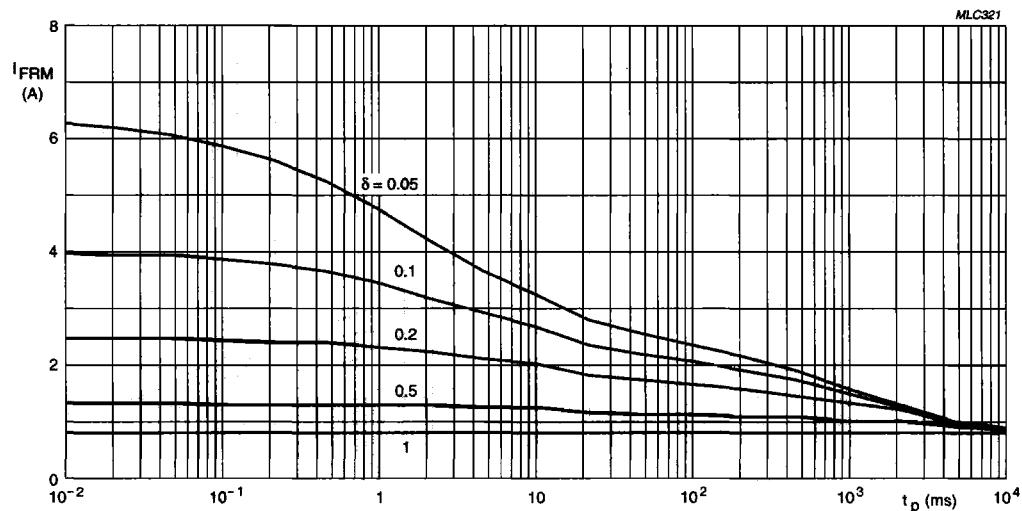
BYD43-16 to 20

 $T_{tp} = 55^\circ\text{C}; R_{th\ j\cdot tp} = 60 \text{ K/W}$ . $V_{RRMmax}$  during  $1 - \delta$ ; curves include derating for  $T_{j\ max}$  at  $V_{RRM} = 2000 \text{ V}$ .

Fig.7 Maximum repetitive peak forward current as a function of pulse time (square pulse) and duty factor.

## Fast soft-recovery rectifiers

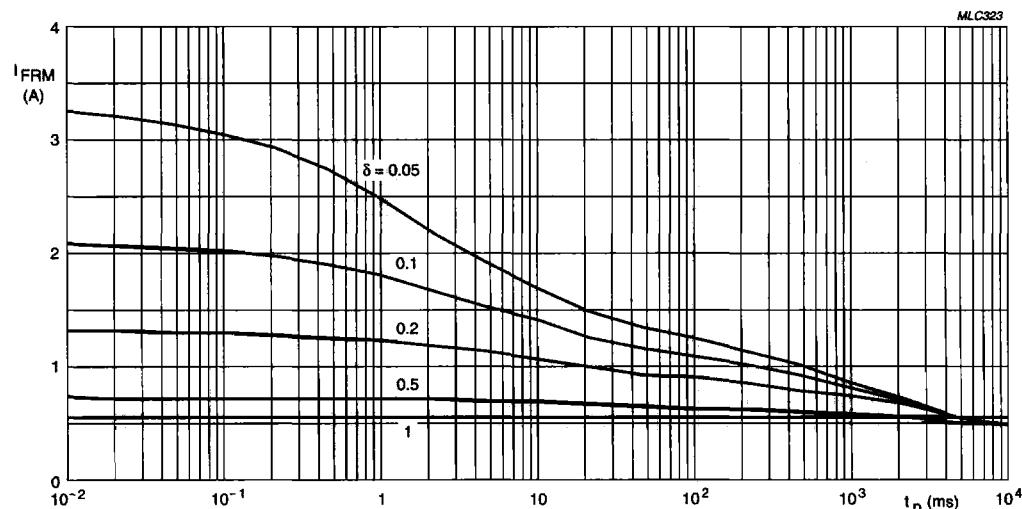
BYD43 series



## BYD43U and V

 $T_{amb} = 65^\circ\text{C}; R_{th \text{ ja}} = 120 \text{ K/W}$ . $V_{RRMmax}$  during  $1 - \delta$ ; curves include derating for  $T_{jmax}$  at  $V_{RRM} = 1400 \text{ V}$ .

Fig.8 Maximum repetitive peak forward current as a function of pulse time (square pulse) and duty factor.



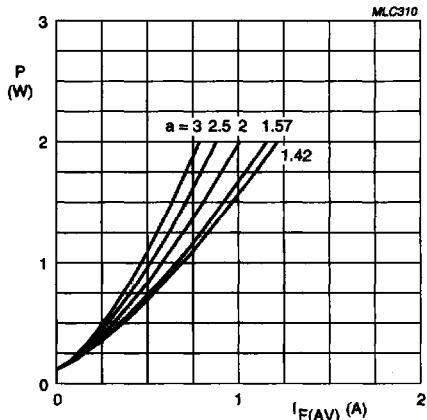
## BYD43-16 to 20

 $T_{amb} = 65^\circ\text{C}; R_{th \text{ ja}} = 120 \text{ K/W}$ . $V_{RRMmax}$  during  $1 - \delta$ ; curves include derating for  $T_{jmax}$  at  $V_{RRM} = 2000 \text{ V}$ .

Fig.9 Maximum repetitive peak forward current as a function of pulse time (square pulse) and duty factor.

## Fast soft-recovery rectifiers

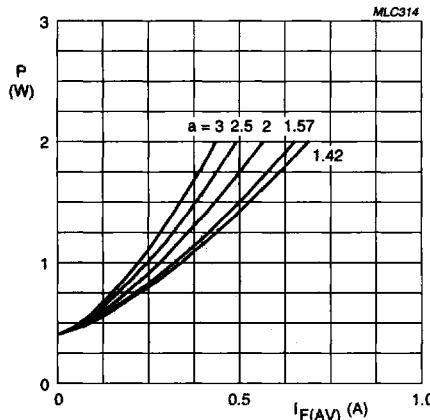
BYD43 series



BYD43U and V

$$a = I_{F(\text{RMS})}/I_{F(\text{AV})}; V_R = V_{RRM\text{max}}; \delta = 0.5.$$

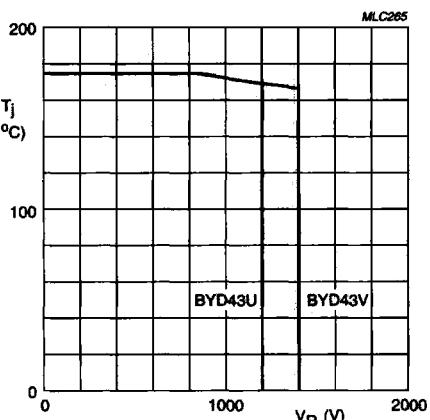
Fig.10 Maximum steady state power dissipation (forward plus leakage current losses, excluding switching losses) as a function of average forward current.



BYD43-16 to 20

$$a = I_{F(\text{RMS})}/I_{F(\text{AV})}; V_R = V_{RRM\text{max}}; \delta = 0.5.$$

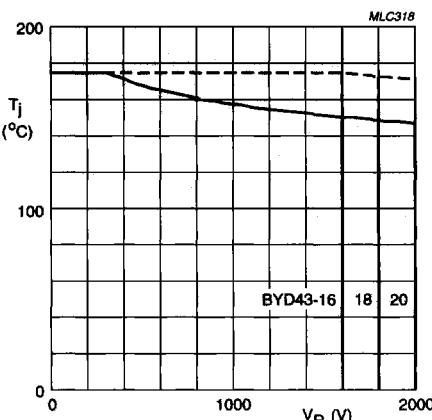
Fig.11 Maximum steady state power dissipation (forward plus leakage current losses, excluding switching losses) as a function of average forward current.



BYD43U and V

$$V_{RRM}; \delta = 0.5.$$

Fig.12 Maximum permissible junction temperature as a function of reverse voltage.



BYD43-16 to 20

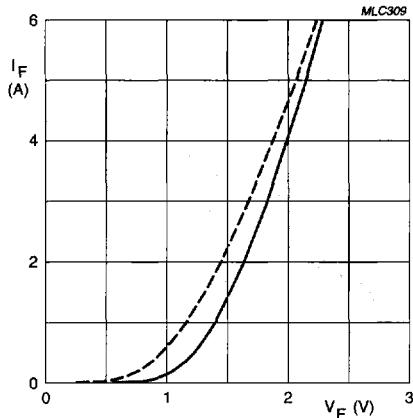
$$\text{Dotted line} = V_{RRM}; \delta = 0.1.$$

$$\text{Solid line} = V_{RRM}; \delta = 0.5.$$

Fig.13 Maximum permissible junction temperature as a function of reverse voltage.

## Fast soft-recovery rectifiers

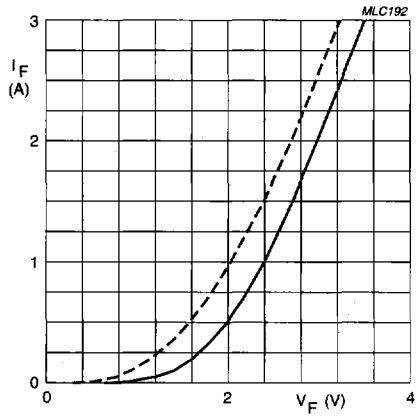
## BYD43 series



BYD43U and V

Dotted line:  $T_j = 175 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$ .Solid line:  $T_j = 25 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$ .

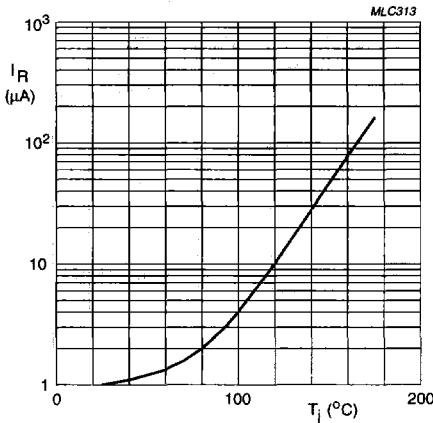
Fig.14 Forward current as a function of forward voltage; maximum values.



BYD43-16 to 20

Dotted line:  $T_j = 175 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$ .Solid line:  $T_j = 25 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$ .

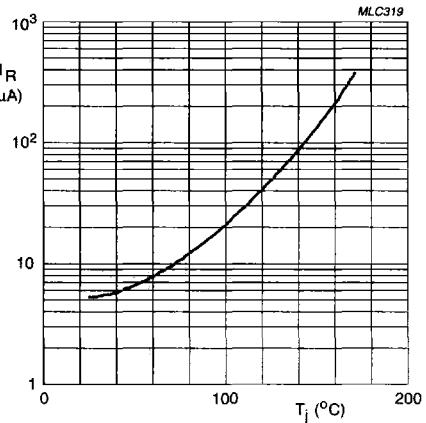
Fig.15 Forward current as a function of forward voltage; maximum values.



BYD43U and V

 $V_R = V_{RRMmax}$ .

Fig.16 Reverse current as a function of junction temperature; maximum values.



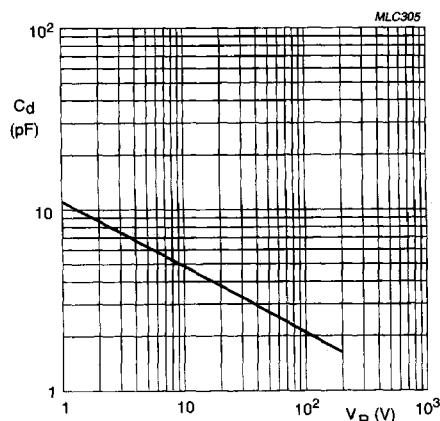
BYD43-16 to 20

 $V_R = V_{RRMmax}$ .

Fig.17 Reverse current as a function of junction temperature; maximum values.

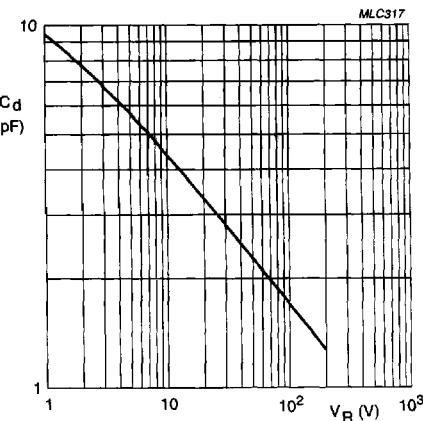
## Fast soft-recovery rectifiers

BYD43 series



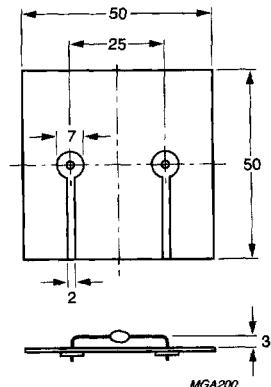
BYD43U and V  
 $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ .

Fig.18 Diode capacitance as a function of reverse voltage; typical values.



BYD43-16 to 20  
 $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ .

Fig.19 Diode capacitance as a function of reverse voltage; typical values.



Dimensions in mm.

Fig.20 Device mounted on a printed-circuit board.

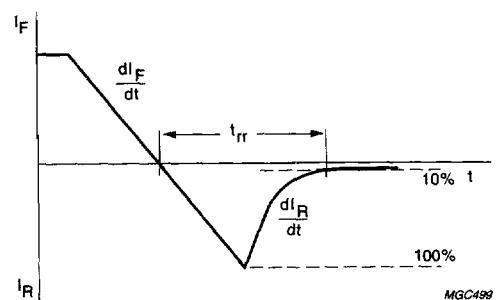
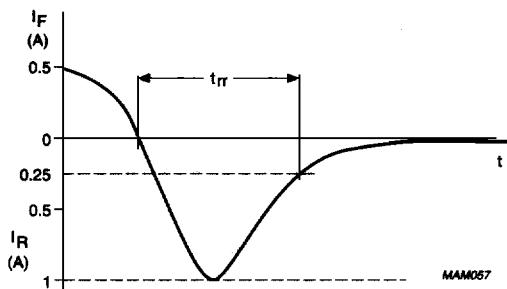
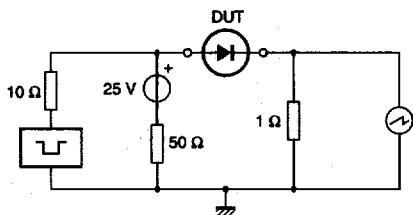


Fig.21 Reverse recovery definitions.

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Input impedance oscilloscope: 1 MΩ, 22 pF;  $t_r \leq 7$  ns.

Source impedance: 50 Ω;  $t_r \leq 15$  ns.

Fig.22 Test circuit and reverse recovery time waveform and definition.