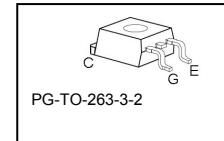
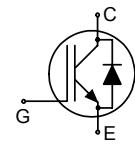


Fast IGBT in NPT-technology with soft, fast recovery anti-parallel EmCon diode

- 75% lower E_{off} compared to previous generation combined with low conduction losses
- Short circuit withstand time – 10 μ s
- Designed for frequency inverters for washing machines, fans, pumps and vacuum cleaners
- NPT-Technology for 600V applications offers:
 - very tight parameter distribution
 - high ruggedness, temperature stable behaviour
 - parallel switching capability
- Very soft, fast recovery anti-parallel EmCon diode
- Pb-free lead plating; RoHS compliant
- Qualified according to JEDEC¹ for target applications
- Complete product spectrum and PSpice Models : <http://www.infineon.com/igbt/>



| Type | V_{CE} | I_c | $V_{CE(sat)}$ | T_j | Marking | Package |
|-----------|----------|-------|---------------|-------|---------|---------------|
| SKB10N60A | 600V | 10A | 2.3V | 150°C | K10N60 | PG-T0-263-3-2 |

Maximum Ratings

| Parameter | Symbol | Value | Unit |
|--|----------------|------------|------------------|
| Collector-emitter voltage | V_{CE} | 600 | V |
| DC collector current | I_c | | A |
| $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | | 20 | |
| $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$ | | 10.6 | |
| Pulsed collector current, t_p limited by T_{jmax} | I_{Cpuls} | 40 | |
| Turn off safe operating area | - | 40 | |
| $V_{CE} \leq 600\text{V}, T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$ | | | |
| Diode forward current | I_F | | |
| $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | | 21 | |
| $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$ | | 10 | |
| Diode pulsed current, t_p limited by T_{jmax} | I_{Fpuls} | 42 | |
| Gate-emitter voltage | V_{GE} | ± 20 | V |
| Short circuit withstand time ² | t_{sc} | 10 | μs |
| $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}, V_{CC} \leq 600\text{V}, T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$ | | | |
| Power dissipation | P_{tot} | 92 | W |
| $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | | | |
| Operating junction and storage temperature | T_j, T_{stg} | -55...+150 | $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| Soldering temperature (reflow soldering, MSL1) | T_s | 245 | $^\circ\text{C}$ |

¹ J-STD-020 and JESD-022

² Allowed number of short circuits: <1000; time between short circuits: >1s.

Thermal Resistance

| Parameter | Symbol | Conditions | Max. Value | Unit |
|---|-------------|------------|------------|------|
| Characteristic | | | | |
| IGBT thermal resistance, junction – case | R_{thJC} | | 1.35 | K/W |
| Diode thermal resistance, junction – case | R_{thJCD} | | 2.4 | |
| SMD version, device on PCB ¹⁾ | R_{thJA} | | 40 | |

Electrical Characteristic, at $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

| Parameter | Symbol | Conditions | Value | | | Unit |
|-----------|--------|------------|-------|------|------|------|
| | | | min. | Typ. | max. | |

Static Characteristic

| | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------|---|-----|------|------|---------------|
| Collector-emitter breakdown voltage | $V_{(BR)CES}$ | $V_{GE}=0\text{V}, I_C=500\mu\text{A}$ | 600 | - | - | V |
| Collector-emitter saturation voltage | $V_{CE(\text{sat})}$ | $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}, I_C=10\text{A}$ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$ | 1.7 | 2 | 2.4 | |
| | | | - | 2.3 | 2.8 | |
| Diode forward voltage | V_F | $V_{GE}=0\text{V}, I_F=10\text{A}$ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$ | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.8 | |
| | | | - | 1.25 | 1.65 | |
| Gate-emitter threshold voltage | $V_{GE(\text{th})}$ | $I_C=300\mu\text{A}, V_{CE}=V_{GE}$ | 3 | 4 | 5 | |
| Zero gate voltage collector current | I_{CES} | $V_{CE}=600\text{V}, V_{GE}=0\text{V}$ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$ | - | - | 40 | μA |
| | | | - | - | 1500 | |
| Gate-emitter leakage current | I_{GES} | $V_{CE}=0\text{V}, V_{GE}=20\text{V}$ | - | - | 100 | nA |
| Transconductance | g_{fs} | $V_{CE}=20\text{V}, I_C=10\text{A}$ | - | 6.7 | - | S |

Dynamic Characteristic

| | | | | | | |
|--|--------------------|---|---|-----|-----|----|
| Input capacitance | C_{iss} | $V_{CE}=25\text{V},$ | - | 550 | 660 | pF |
| Output capacitance | C_{oss} | $V_{GE}=0\text{V},$ | - | 62 | 75 | |
| Reverse transfer capacitance | C_{rss} | $f=1\text{MHz}$ | - | 42 | 51 | |
| Gate charge | Q_{Gate} | $V_{CC}=480\text{V}, I_C=10\text{A}$ $V_{GE}=15\text{V}$ | - | 52 | 68 | nC |
| Internal emitter inductance measured 5mm (0.197 in.) from case | L_E | | - | 7 | - | nH |
| Short circuit collector current ²⁾ | $I_{C(\text{SC})}$ | $V_{GE}=15\text{V}, t_{\text{SC}} \leq 10\mu\text{s}$ $V_{CC} \leq 600\text{V},$ $T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$ | - | 100 | - | A |

¹⁾ Device on 50mm*50mm*1.5mm epoxy PCB FR4 with 6cm² (one layer, 70μm thick) copper area for collector connection. PCB is vertical without blown air.

²⁾ Allowed number of short circuits: <1000; time between short circuits: >1s.

Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load, at $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$

| Parameter | Symbol | Conditions | Value | | | Unit |
|----------------------------|--------------|--|-------|-------|-------|------|
| | | | min. | typ. | max. | |
| IGBT Characteristic | | | | | | |
| Turn-on delay time | $t_{d(on)}$ | $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC}=400\text{V}$, $I_C=10\text{A}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $R_G=25\Omega$, | - | 28 | 34 | ns |
| Rise time | t_r | $L_\sigma^{(1)}=180\text{nH}$, $C_\sigma^{(1)}=55\text{pF}$ | - | 12 | 15 | |
| Turn-off delay time | $t_{d(off)}$ | | - | 178 | 214 | |
| Fall time | t_f | | - | 24 | 29 | |
| Turn-on energy | E_{on} | Energy losses include “tail” and diode reverse recovery. | - | 0.15 | 0.173 | mJ |
| Turn-off energy | E_{off} | | - | 0.17 | 0.221 | |
| Total switching energy | E_{ts} | | - | 0.320 | 0.394 | |

Anti-Parallel Diode Characteristic

| Diode reverse recovery time | t_{rr} | $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_R=200\text{V}$, $I_F=10\text{A}$, $di_F/dt=200\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ | - | 220 | - | ns |
|--|--------------|---|---|-----|---|------------------|
| | t_s | | - | 20 | - | |
| | t_F | | - | 200 | - | |
| Diode reverse recovery charge | Q_{rr} | | - | 310 | - | nC |
| Diode peak reverse recovery current | I_{rrm} | | - | 4.5 | - | A |
| Diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current during t_p | di_{rr}/dt | | - | 180 | - | A/ μs |

Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load, at $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$

| Parameter | Symbol | Conditions | Value | | | Unit |
|----------------------------|--------------|---|-------|-------|-------|------|
| | | | min. | typ. | max. | |
| IGBT Characteristic | | | | | | |
| Turn-on delay time | $t_{d(on)}$ | $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC}=400\text{V}$, $I_C=10\text{A}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $R_G=25\Omega$, | - | 28 | 34 | ns |
| Rise time | t_r | $L_\sigma^{(1)}=180\text{nH}$, $C_\sigma^{(1)}=55\text{pF}$ | - | 12 | 15 | |
| Turn-off delay time | $t_{d(off)}$ | | - | 198 | 238 | |
| Fall time | t_f | | - | 26 | 32 | |
| Turn-on energy | E_{on} | Energy losses include “tail” and diode reverse recovery. | - | 0.260 | 0.299 | mJ |
| Turn-off energy | E_{off} | | - | 0.280 | 0.364 | |
| Total switching energy | E_{ts} | | - | 0.540 | 0.663 | |

Anti-Parallel Diode Characteristic

| Diode reverse recovery time | t_{rr} | $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$, $V_R=200\text{V}$, $I_F=10\text{A}$, $di_F/dt=200\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ | - | 350 | - | ns |
|--|--------------|--|---|-----|---|------------------|
| | t_s | | - | 36 | - | |
| | t_F | | - | 314 | - | |
| Diode reverse recovery charge | Q_{rr} | | - | 690 | - | nC |
| Diode peak reverse recovery current | I_{rrm} | | - | 6.3 | - | A |
| Diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current during t_p | di_{rr}/dt | | - | 200 | - | A/ μs |

¹⁾ Leakage inductance L_σ and Stray capacity C_σ due to dynamic test circuit in Figure E.

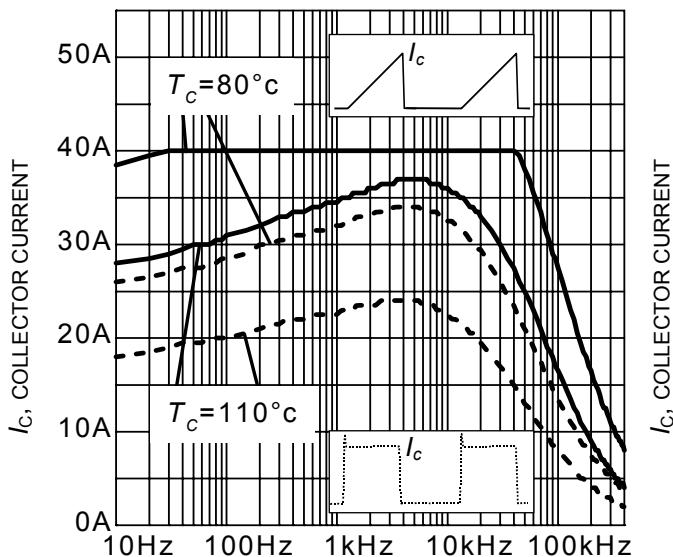
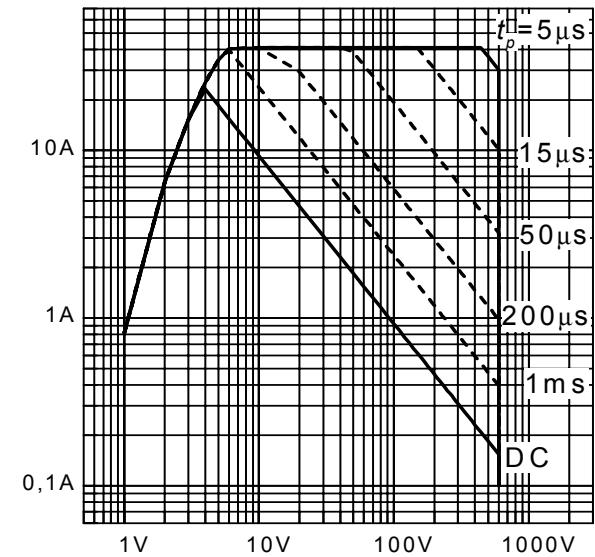


Figure 1. Collector current as a function of switching frequency

($T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$, $D = 0.5$, $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}$,
 $V_{GE} = 0/+15\text{V}$, $R_G = 25\Omega$)



V_{CE} , COLLECTOR-EMITTER VOLTAGE

Figure 2. Safe operating area
 $(D = 0, T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}, T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C})$

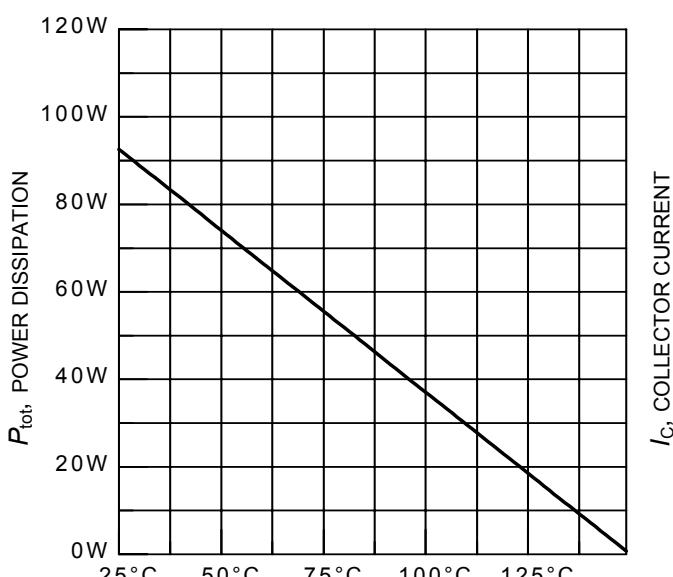


Figure 3. Power dissipation as a function of case temperature
 $(T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C})$

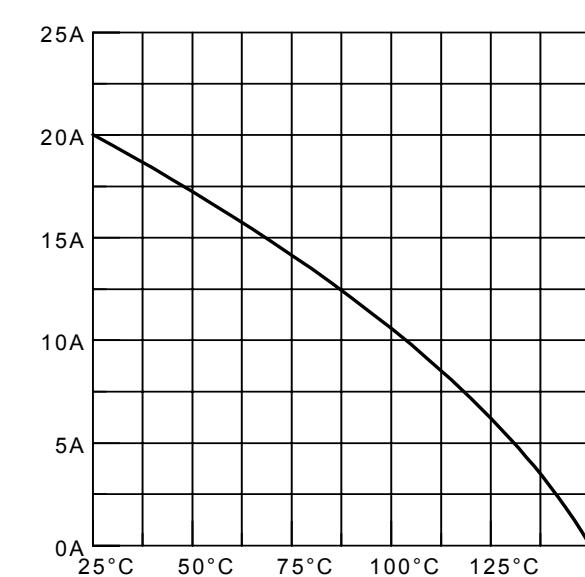
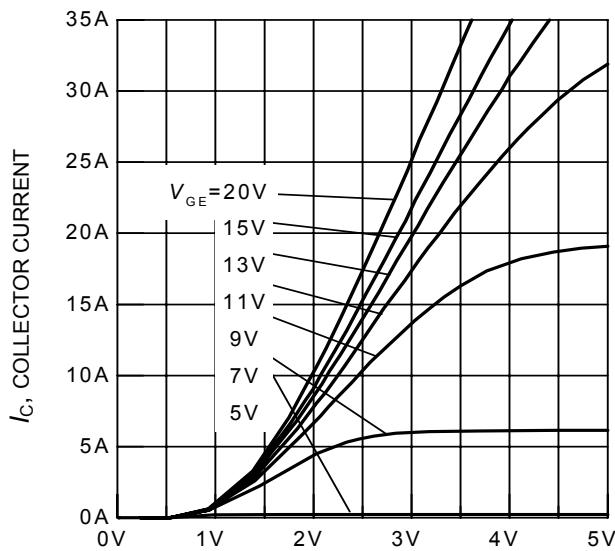
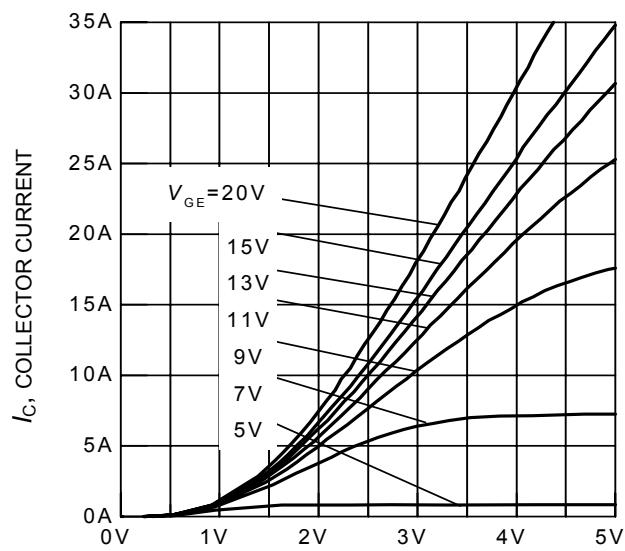


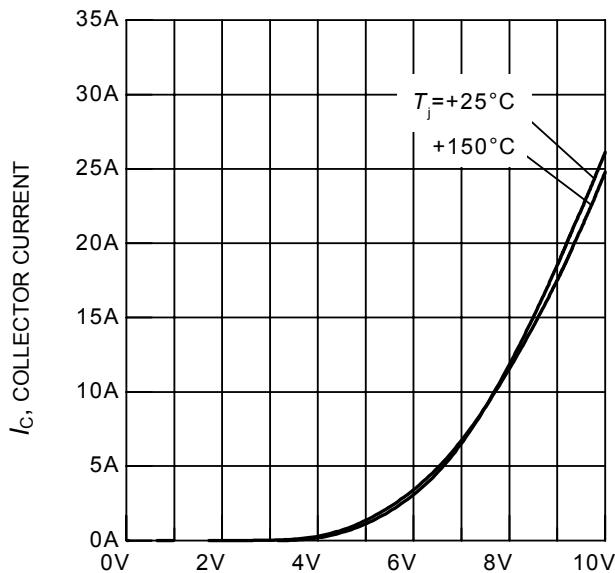
Figure 4. Collector current as a function of case temperature
 $(V_{GE} \leq 15\text{V}, T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C})$



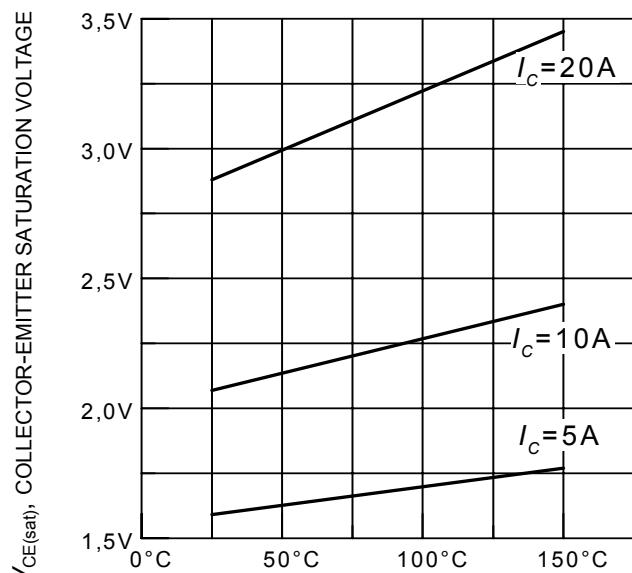
V_{CE} , COLLECTOR-EMITTER VOLTAGE
Figure 5. Typical output characteristics
 $(T_j = 25^\circ\text{C})$



V_{CE} , COLLECTOR-EMITTER VOLTAGE
Figure 6. Typical output characteristics
 $(T_j = 150^\circ\text{C})$



V_{GE} , GATE-EMITTER VOLTAGE
Figure 7. Typical transfer characteristics
 $(V_{CE} = 10\text{V})$



T_j , JUNCTION TEMPERATURE
Figure 8. Typical collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of junction temperature
 $(V_{GE} = 15\text{V})$

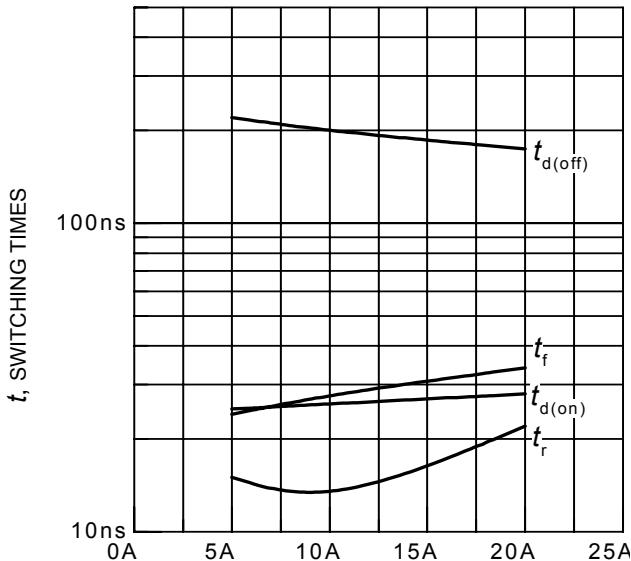

 I_C , COLLECTOR CURRENT

Figure 9. Typical switching times as a function of collector current

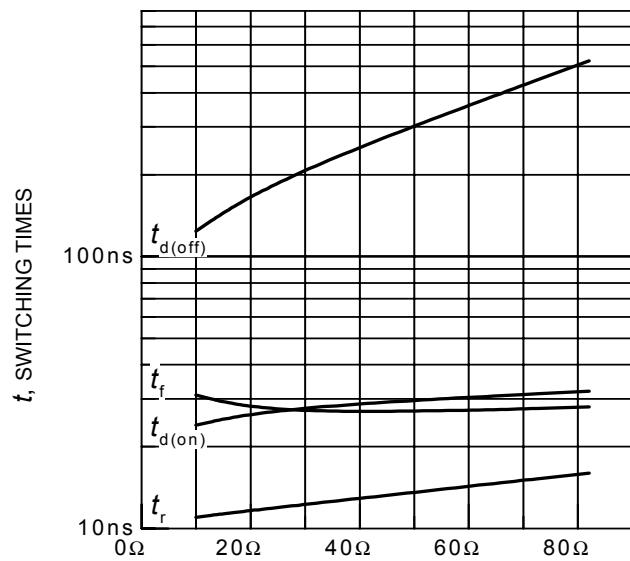
(inductive load, $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}$, $V_{GE} = 0/+15\text{V}$, $R_G = 25\Omega$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

 R_G , GATE RESISTOR

Figure 10. Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor

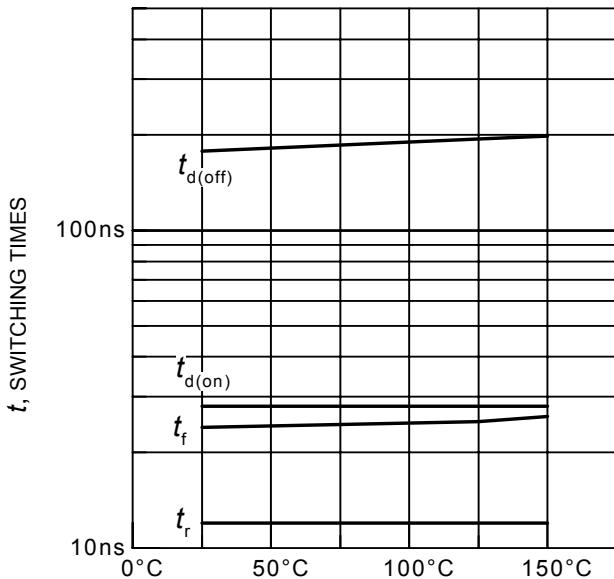
(inductive load, $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}$, $V_{GE} = 0/+15\text{V}$, $I_C = 10\text{A}$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

 T_j , JUNCTION TEMPERATURE

Figure 11. Typical switching times as a function of junction temperature

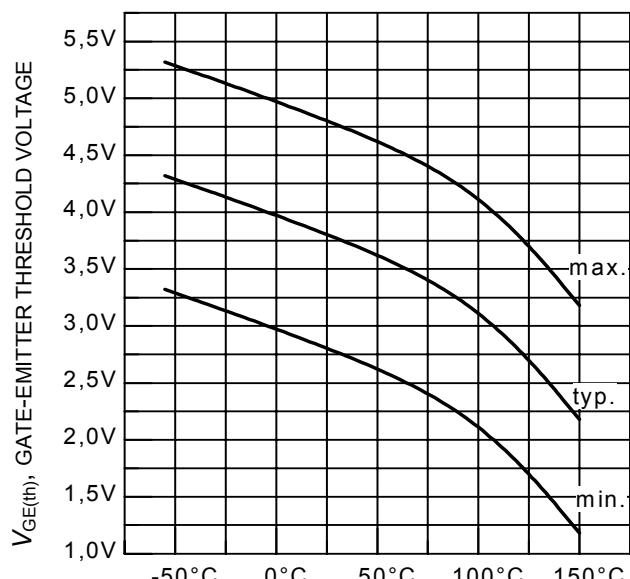
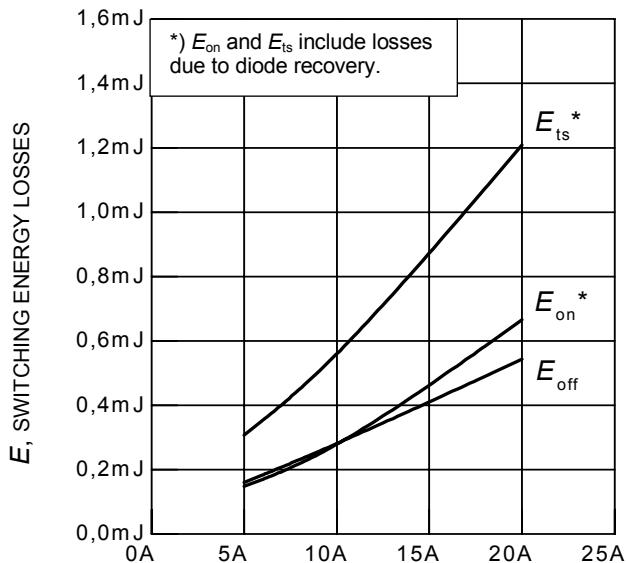
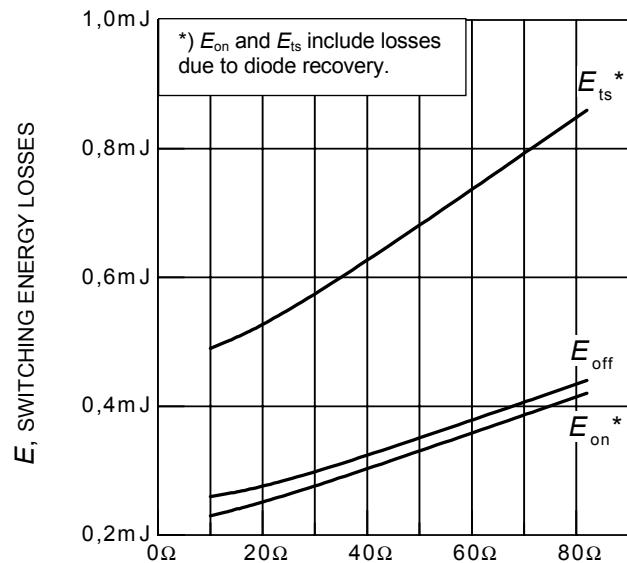
(inductive load, $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}$, $V_{GE} = 0/+15\text{V}$, $I_C = 10\text{A}$, $R_G = 25\Omega$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

 T_j , JUNCTION TEMPERATURE

Figure 12. Gate-emitter threshold voltage as a function of junction temperature

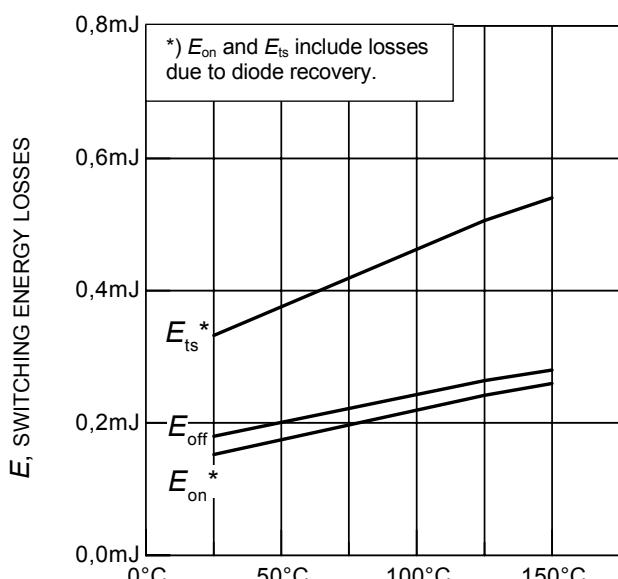
($I_C = 0.3\text{mA}$)



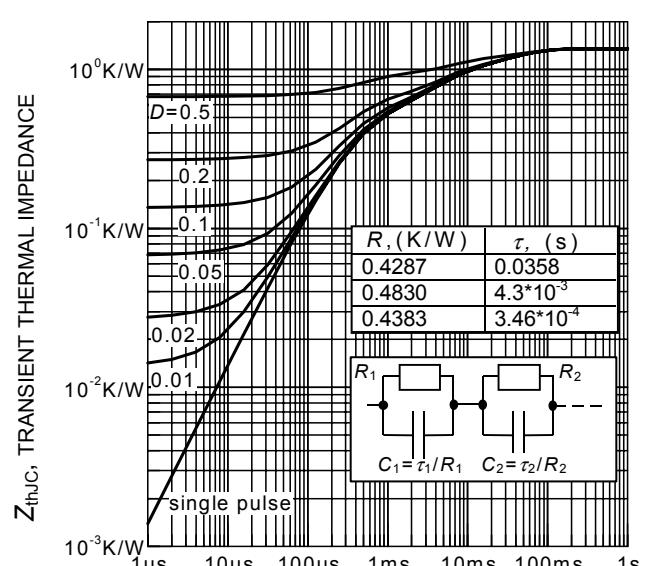
I_C , COLLECTOR CURRENT
Figure 13. Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current
(inductive load, $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}$,
 $V_{GE} = 0/+15\text{V}$, $R_G = 25\Omega$,
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



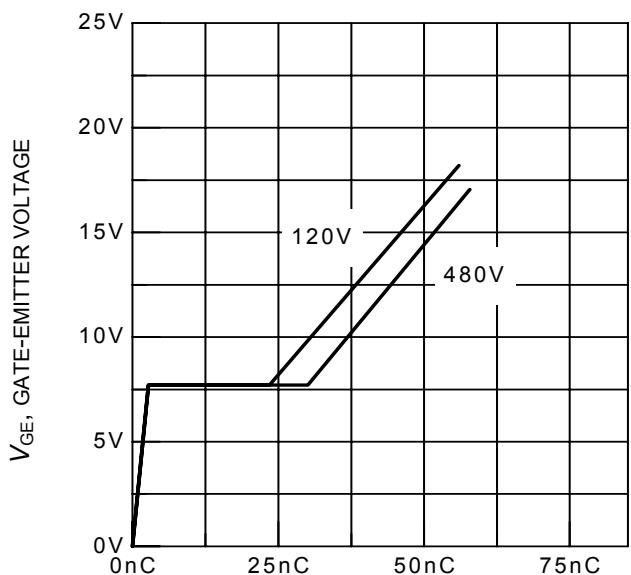
R_G , GATE RESISTOR
Figure 14. Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor
(inductive load, $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}$,
 $V_{GE} = 0/+15\text{V}$, $I_C = 10\text{A}$,
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



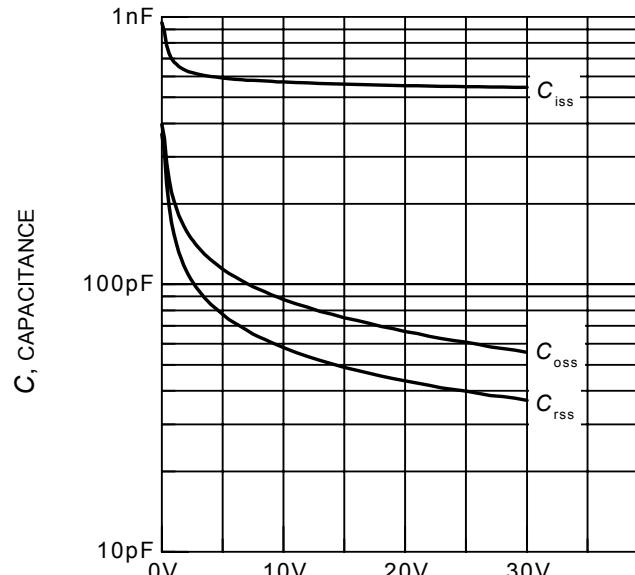
T_j , JUNCTION TEMPERATURE
Figure 15. Typical switching energy losses as a function of junction temperature
(inductive load, $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}$, $V_{GE} = 0/+15\text{V}$,
 $I_C = 10\text{A}$, $R_G = 25\Omega$,
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



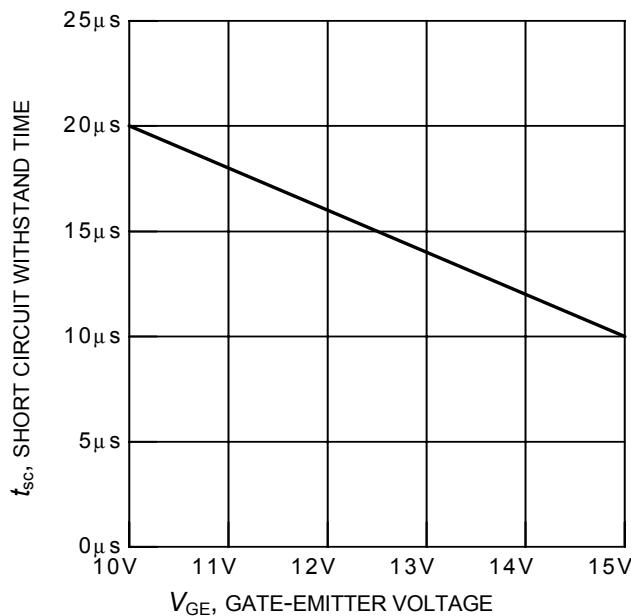
t_p , PULSE WIDTH
Figure 16. IGBT transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width
($D = t_p / T$)



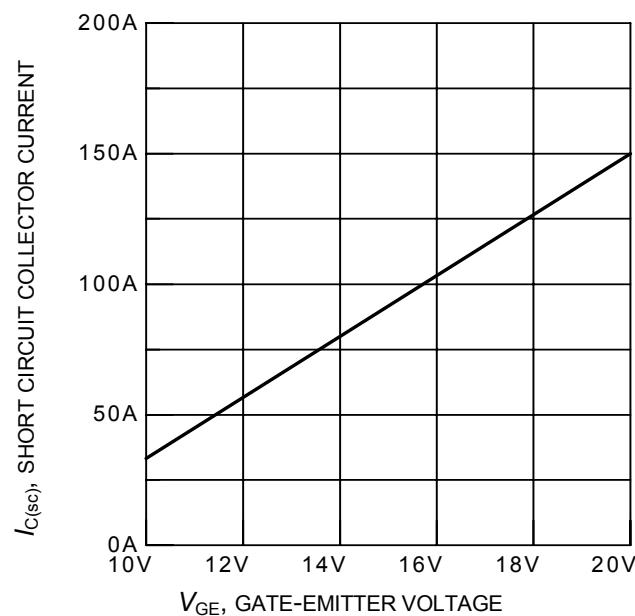
Q_{GE} , GATE CHARGE
Figure 17. Typical gate charge
($I_C = 10A$)



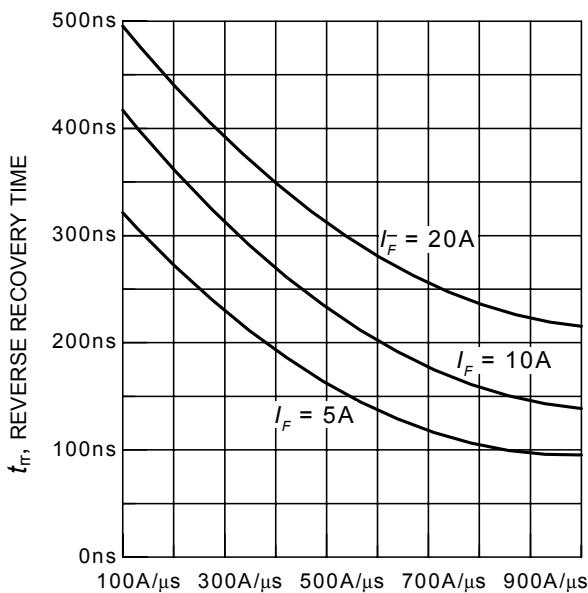
V_{CE} , COLLECTOR-EMITTER VOLTAGE
Figure 18. Typical capacitance as a function of collector-emitter voltage
($V_{GE} = 0V$, $f = 1MHz$)



V_{GE} , GATE-EMITTER VOLTAGE
Figure 19. Short circuit withstand time as a function of gate-emitter voltage
($V_{CE} = 600V$, start at $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$)



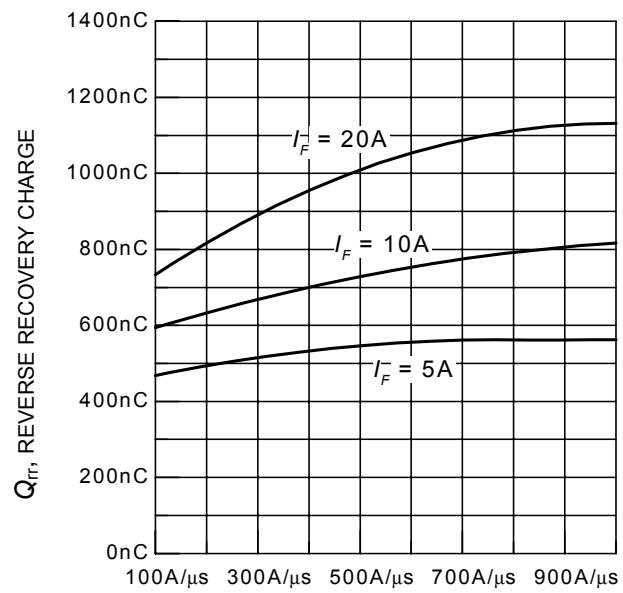
V_{GE} , GATE-EMITTER VOLTAGE
Figure 20. Typical short circuit collector current as a function of gate-emitter voltage
($V_{CE} \leq 600V$, $T_j = 150^{\circ}C$)



di_F/dt , DIODE CURRENT SLOPE

Figure 21. Typical reverse recovery time as a function of diode current slope

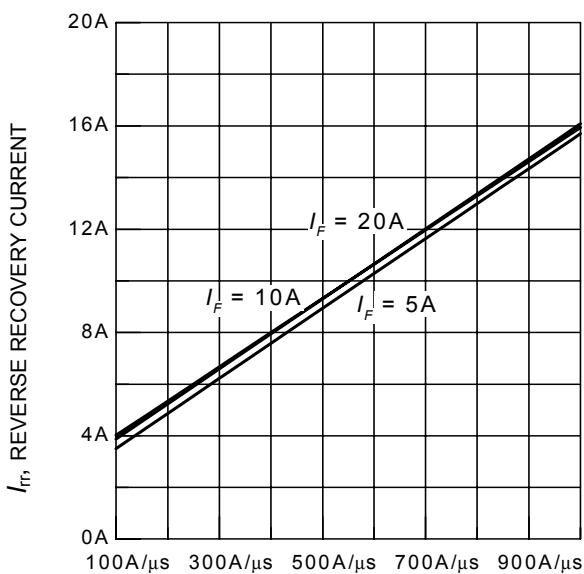
($V_R = 200V$, $T_j = 125^\circ C$,
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



di_F/dt , DIODE CURRENT SLOPE

Figure 22. Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of diode current slope

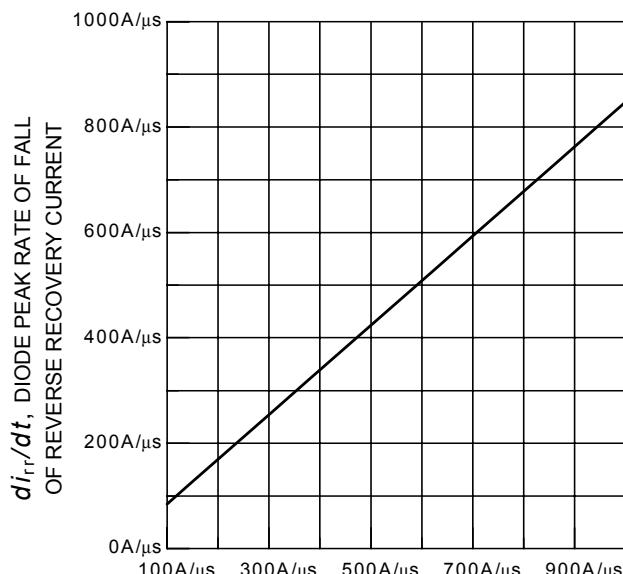
($V_R = 200V$, $T_j = 125^\circ C$,
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



di_F/dt , DIODE CURRENT SLOPE

Figure 23. Typical reverse recovery current as a function of diode current slope

($V_R = 200V$, $T_j = 125^\circ C$,
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



di_F/dt , DIODE CURRENT SLOPE

Figure 24. Typical diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current as a function of diode current slope

($V_R = 200V$, $T_j = 125^\circ C$,
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

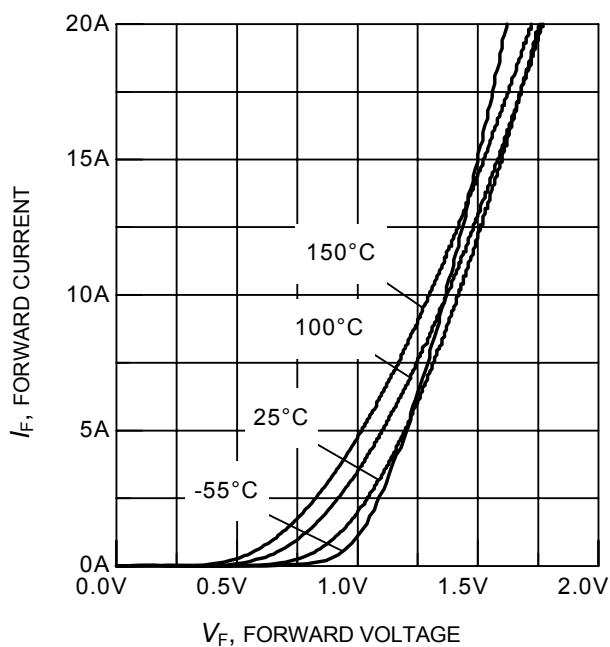


Figure 25. Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage

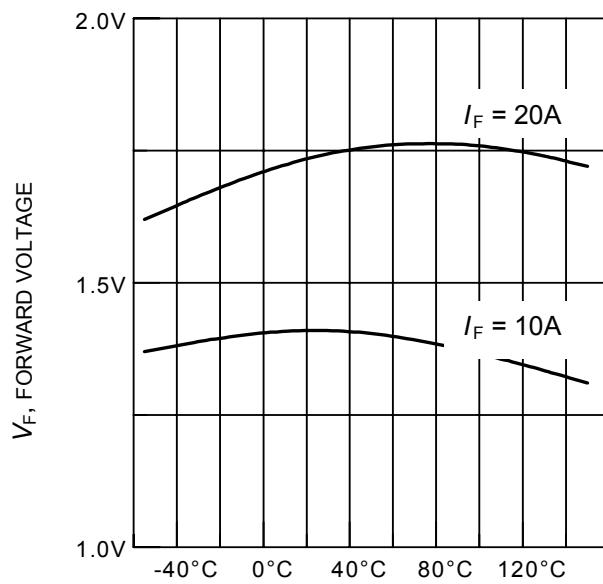


Figure 26. Typical diode forward voltage as a function of junction temperature

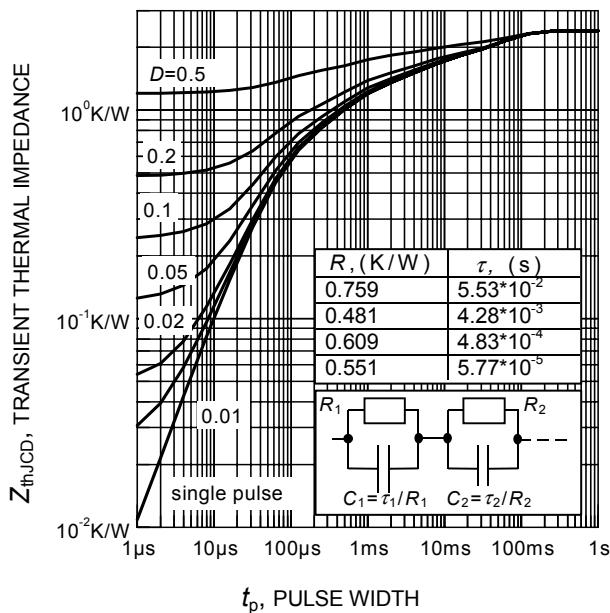
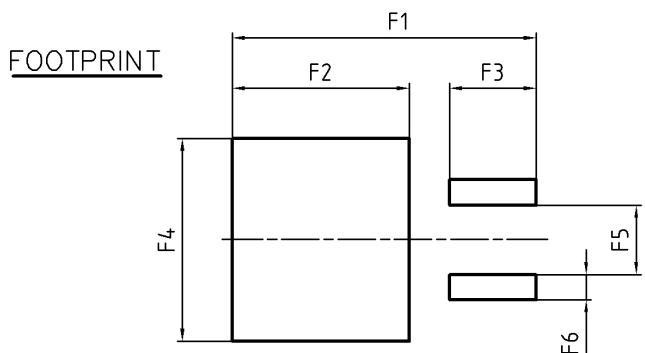
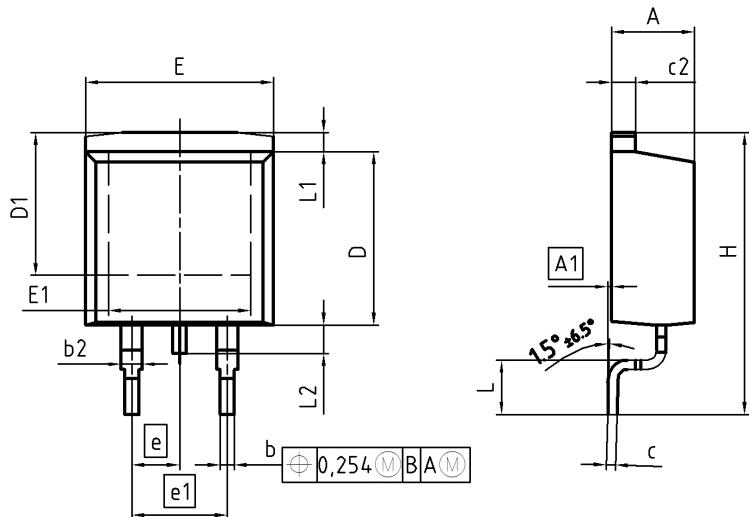


Figure 27. Diode transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width
 $(D = t_p / T)$

PG-T0-263-3-2



| DIM | MILLIMETERS | | INCHES | |
|-----|-------------|-------|--------|-------|
| | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX |
| A | 4.30 | 4.57 | 0.169 | 0.180 |
| A1 | 0.00 | 0.25 | 0.000 | 0.010 |
| b | 0.65 | 0.85 | 0.026 | 0.033 |
| b2 | 0.95 | 1.15 | 0.037 | 0.045 |
| c | 0.33 | 0.65 | 0.013 | 0.026 |
| c2 | 1.17 | 1.40 | 0.046 | 0.055 |
| D | 8.51 | 9.45 | 0.335 | 0.372 |
| D1 | 7.10 | 7.90 | 0.280 | 0.311 |
| E | 9.80 | 10.31 | 0.386 | 0.406 |
| E1 | 6.50 | 8.60 | 0.256 | 0.339 |
| e | 2.54 | | 0.100 | |
| e1 | 5.08 | | 0.200 | |
| N | 2 | | 2 | |
| H | 14.61 | 15.88 | 0.575 | 0.625 |
| L | 2.29 | 3.00 | 0.090 | 0.118 |
| L1 | 0.70 | 1.60 | 0.028 | 0.063 |
| L2 | 1.00 | 1.78 | 0.039 | 0.070 |
| F1 | 16.05 | 16.25 | 0.632 | 0.640 |
| F2 | 9.30 | 9.50 | 0.366 | 0.374 |
| F3 | 4.50 | 4.70 | 0.177 | 0.185 |
| F4 | 10.70 | 10.90 | 0.421 | 0.429 |
| F5 | 3.65 | 3.85 | 0.144 | 0.152 |
| F6 | 1.25 | 1.45 | 0.049 | 0.057 |

| | |
|--------------------------|---------------------|
| DOCUMENT NO. | Z8B00003324 |
| SCALE | 0 0 5 5 7.5mm |
| EUROPEAN PROJECTION | |
| | |
| ISSUE DATE 30-08-2007 | |
| REVISION 01 | |

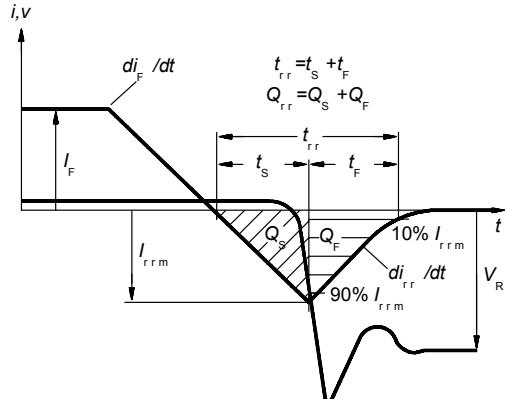
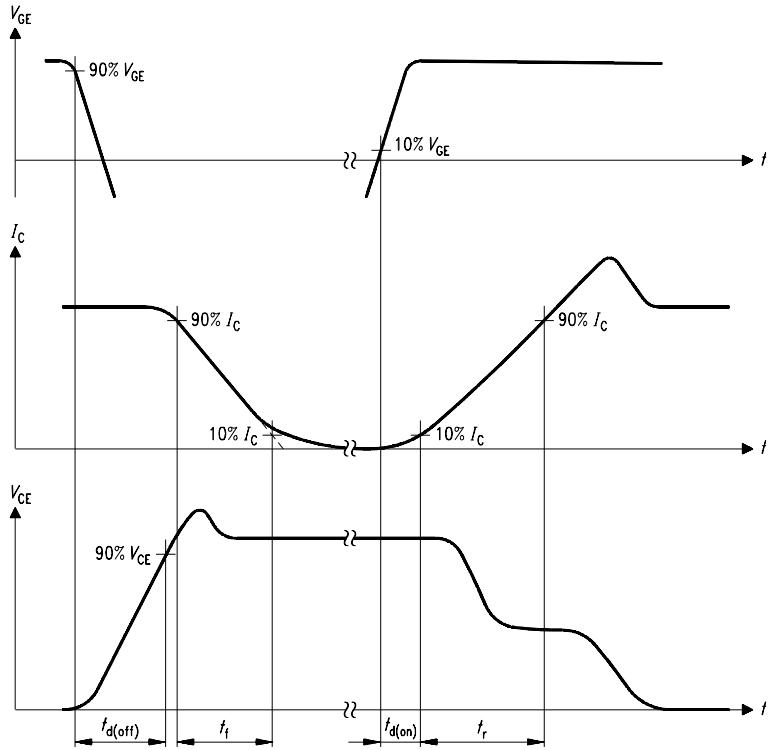


Figure C. Definition of diodes switching characteristics

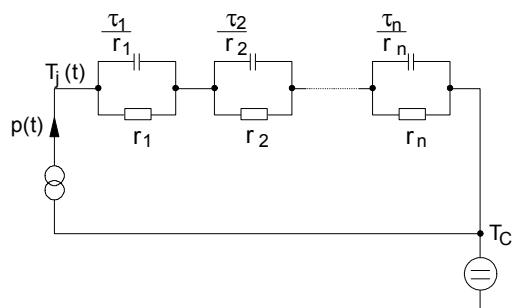


Figure D. Thermal equivalent circuit

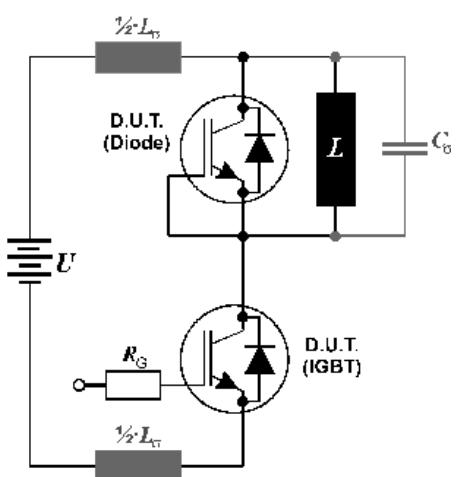
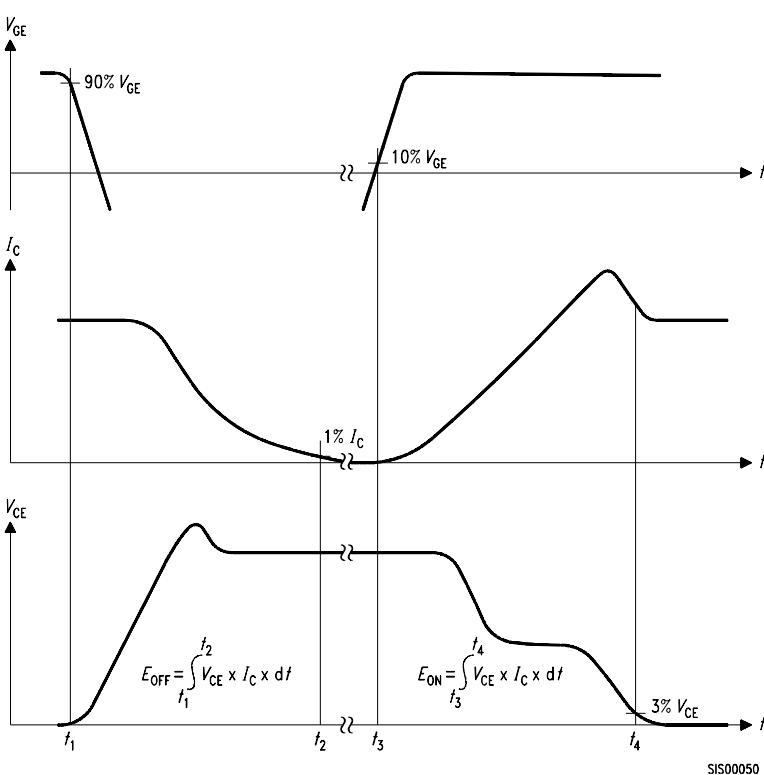


Figure E. Dynamic test circuit
Leakage inductance $L_\sigma = 180\text{nH}$ and Stray capacity $C_\sigma = 55\text{pF}$.

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