

16-Mbit (1M x 16) Static RAM

Features

- **High speed**
— $t_{AA} = 10 \text{ ns}$
- **Low active power**
— 990 mW (max.)
- **Operating voltages of $3.3 \pm 0.3\text{V}$**
- **2.0V data retention**
- **Automatic power-down when deselected**
- **TTL-compatible inputs and outputs**
- **Available in Pb-free and non Pb-free 54-pin TSOP II package**

Functional Description

The CY7C1061BV33 is a high-performance CMOS Static RAM organized as 1,048,576 words by 16 bits.

Writing to the device is accomplished by enabling the chip ($\overline{\text{CE}}$ LOW) while forcing the Write Enable ($\overline{\text{WE}}$) input LOW. If Byte

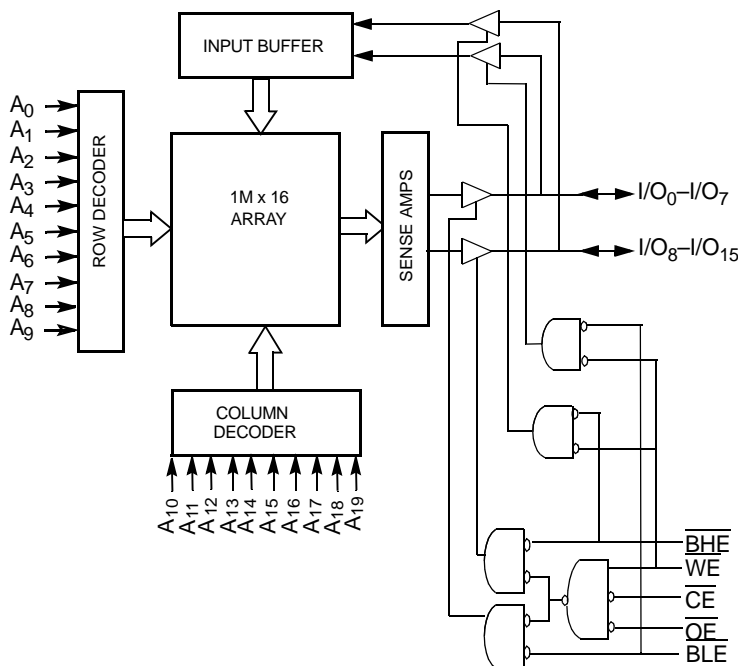
Low Enable ($\overline{\text{BLE}}$) is LOW, then data from I/O pins (I/O_0 through I/O_7), is written into the location specified on the address pins (A_0 through A_{19}). If Byte High Enable ($\overline{\text{BHE}}$) is LOW, then data from I/O pins (I/O_8 through I/O_{15}) is written into the location specified on the address pins (A_0 through A_{19}).

Reading from the device is accomplished by enabling the chip by taking $\overline{\text{CE}}$ LOW while forcing the Output Enable ($\overline{\text{OE}}$) LOW and the Write Enable ($\overline{\text{WE}}$) HIGH. If Byte Low Enable ($\overline{\text{BLE}}$) is LOW, then data from the memory location specified by the address pins will appear on I/O_0 to I/O_7 . If Byte High Enable ($\overline{\text{BHE}}$) is LOW, then data from memory will appear on I/O_8 to I/O_{15} . See the truth table at the back of this data sheet for a complete description of Read and Write modes.

The input/output pins (I/O_0 through I/O_{15}) are placed in a high-impedance state when the device is deselected ($\overline{\text{CE}}$ HIGH), the outputs are disabled ($\overline{\text{OE}}$ HIGH), the $\overline{\text{BHE}}$ and $\overline{\text{BLE}}$ are disabled ($\overline{\text{BHE}}$, $\overline{\text{BLE}}$ HIGH), or during a Write operation ($\overline{\text{CE}}$ LOW and $\overline{\text{WE}}$ LOW).

The CY7C1061BV33 is available in a 54-pin TSOP II package with center power and ground (revolutionary) pinout.

Logic Block Diagram



Pin Configurations^[1, 2]

54-pin TSOP II (Top View)

I/O ₁₂	1	54	I/O ₁₁
V _{CC}	2	53	V _{SS}
I/O ₁₃	3	52	I/O ₁₀
I/O ₁₄	4	51	I/O ₉
V _{SS}	5	50	V _{CC}
I/O ₁₅	6	49	I/O ₈
A ₄	7	48	A ₅
A ₃	8	47	A ₆
A ₂	9	46	A ₇
A ₁	10	45	A ₈
A ₀	11	44	A ₉
BHE	12	43	NC
CE	13	42	OE
V _{CC}	14	41	V _{SS}
WE	15	40	DNU/V _{SS}
DNU/V _{CC}	16	39	BLE
A ₁₉	17	38	A ₁₀
A ₁₈	18	37	A ₁₁
A ₁₇	19	36	A ₁₂
A ₁₆	20	35	A ₁₃
A ₁₅	21	34	A ₁₄
I/O ₀	22	33	I/O ₇
V _{CC}	23	32	V _{SS}
I/O ₁	24	31	I/O ₆
I/O ₂	25	30	I/O ₅
V _{SS}	26	29	V _{CC}
I/O ₃	27	28	I/O ₄

Notes:

1. DNU/V_{CC} Pin (#16) has to be left floating or connected to V_{CC} and DNU/V_{SS} Pin (#40) has to be left floating or connected to V_{SS} to ensure proper application.
2. NC – No Connect Pins are not connected to the die

Selection Guide

		-10	-12	Unit
Maximum Access Time		10	12	ns
Maximum Operating Current	Commercial	275	260	mA
	Industrial	275	260	
Maximum CMOS Standby Current	Commercial/Industrial	50	50	mA

Maximum Ratings

(Above which the useful life may be impaired. For user guidelines, not tested.)

Storage Temperature -65°C to +150°C

Ambient Temperature with Power Applied..... -55°C to +125°C

Supply Voltage on V_{CC} to Relative GND^[3] -0.5V to +4.6VDC
Voltage Applied to Outputs in High-Z State^[3] -0.5V to $V_{CC} + 0.5V$

DC Input Voltage^[3] -0.5V to $V_{CC} + 0.5V$

Current into Outputs (LOW)..... 20 mA

Operating Range

Range	Ambient Temperature	V_{CC}
Commercial	0°C to +70°C	3.3V ± 0.3V
Industrial	-40°C to +85°C	

DC Electrical Characteristics Over the Operating Range

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	-10		-12		Unit
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
V_{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage	$V_{CC} = \text{Min.}, I_{OH} = -4.0 \text{ mA}$	2.4		2.4		V
V_{OL}	Output LOW Voltage	$V_{CC} = \text{Min.}, I_{OL} = 8.0 \text{ mA}$		0.4		0.4	V
V_{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage		2.0	$V_{CC} + 0.3$	2.0	$V_{CC} + 0.3$	V
V_{IL}	Input LOW Voltage ^[3]		-0.3	0.8	-0.3	0.8	V
I_{IX}	Input Leakage Current	$GND \leq V_I \leq V_{CC}$	-1	+1	-1	+1	μA
I_{OZ}	Output Leakage Current	$GND \leq V_{OUT} \leq V_{CC}$, Output Disabled	-1	+1	-1	+1	μA
I_{CC}	V_{CC} Operating Supply Current	$V_{CC} = \text{Max.}, f = f_{MAX} = 1/t_{RC}$	Commercial	275		260	mA
			Industrial	275		260	mA
I_{SB1}	Automatic CE Power-down Current —TTL Inputs	Max. V_{CC} , $\overline{CE} \geq V_{IH}$ $V_{IN} \geq V_{IH}$ or $V_{IN} \leq V_{IL}$, $f = f_{MAX}$		70		70	mA
I_{SB2}	Automatic CE Power-down Current —CMOS Inputs	Max. V_{CC} , $\overline{CE} \geq V_{CC} - 0.3V$, $V_{IN} \geq V_{CC} - 0.3V$, or $V_{IN} \leq 0.3V$, $f = 0$	Commercial/ Industrial	50		50	mA

Capacitance^[4]

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	Max.	Unit
C_{IN}	Input Capacitance	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}, f = 1 \text{ MHz}, V_{CC} = 3.3V$	6	pF
C_{OUT}	I/O Capacitance		8	pF

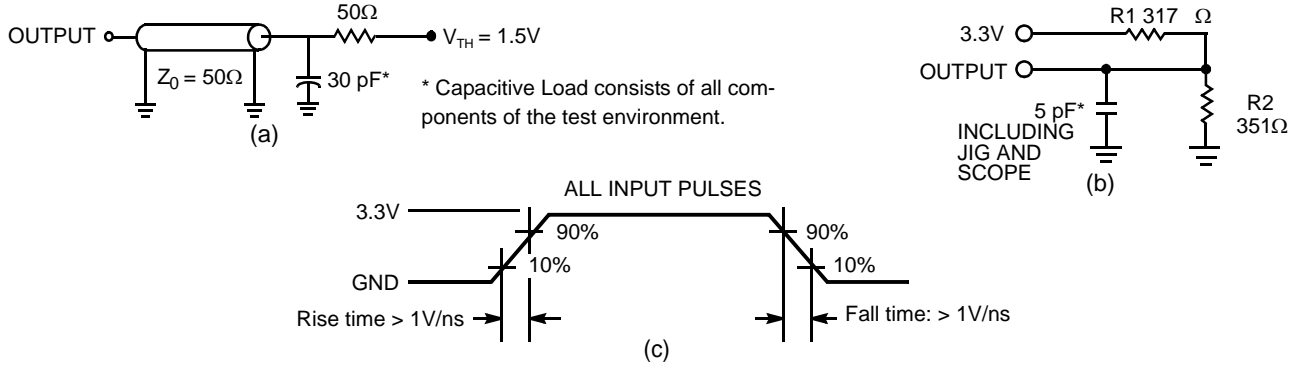
Thermal Resistance^[4]

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	54-pin TSOP-II	Unit
Θ_{JA}	Thermal Resistance (Junction to Ambient)	Test conditions follow standard test methods and procedures for measuring thermal impedance, per EIA/JESD51.	49.95	°C/W
Θ_{JC}	Thermal Resistance (Junction to Case)		3.34	°C/W

Notes:

- $V_{IL}(\text{min.}) = -2.0V$ and $V_{IH}(\text{max.}) = V_{CC} + 0.5V$ for pulse durations of less than 20 ns.
- Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.

AC Test Loads and Waveforms^[5]



AC Switching Characteristics Over the Operating Range^[6]

Parameter	Description	-10		-12		Unit
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Read Cycle						
t _{power}	V _{CC} (typical) to the first access ^[7]	1		1		ms
t _{RC}	Read Cycle Time	10		12		ns
t _{AA}	Address to Data Valid		10		12	ns
t _{OHA}	Data Hold from Address Change	3		3		ns
t _{ACE}	CE LOW to Data Valid		10		12	ns
t _{DOE}	OE LOW to Data Valid		5		6	ns
t _{LZOE}	OE LOW to Low-Z	1		1		ns
t _{HZOE}	OE HIGH to High-Z ^[8]		5		6	ns
t _{LZCE}	CE LOW to Low-Z ^[8]	3		3		ns
t _{HZCE}	CE HIGH to High-Z ^[8]		5		6	ns
t _{PU}	CE LOW to Power-Up ^[9]	0		0		ns
t _{PD}	CE HIGH to Power-Down ^[9]		10		12	ns
t _{DBE}	Byte Enable to Data Valid		5		6	ns
t _{LZBE}	Byte Enable to Low-Z	1		1		ns
t _{HZBE}	Byte Disable to High-Z		5		6	ns

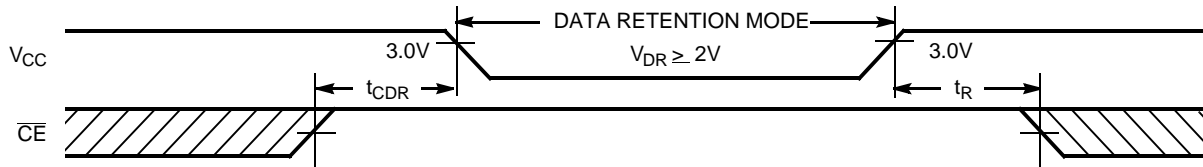
Notes:

- Valid SRAM operation does not occur until the power supplies have reached the minimum operating V_{DD} (3.0V). As soon as 1ms (T_{power}) after reaching the minimum operating V_{DD}, normal SRAM operation can begin including reduction in V_{DD} to the data retention (V_{CCDR}, 2.0V) voltage.
- Test conditions assume signal transition time of 3 ns or less, timing reference levels of 1.5V, input pulse levels of 0 to 3.0V, and output loading of the specified I_{OL}/I_{OH} and specified transmission line loads. Test conditions for the Read cycle use output loading shown in part a) of the AC test loads, unless specified otherwise.
- This part has a voltage regulator which steps down the voltage from 3V to 2V internally. t_{power} time has to be provided initially before a Read/Write operation is started.
- t_{HZOE}, t_{HZCE}, t_{HZWE}, t_{HZBE} and t_{LZOE}, t_{LZCE}, t_{LZWE}, t_{LZBE} are specified with a load capacitance of 5 pF as in (b) of AC Test Loads. Transition is measured ±200 mV from steady-state voltage.
- These parameters are guaranteed by design and are not tested.
- The internal Write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of CE LOW and WE LOW. Chip enables must be active and WE and byte enables must be LOW to initiate a Write, and the transition of any of these signals can terminate the Write. The input data set-up and hold timing should be referenced to the leading edge of the signal that terminates the Write.
- The minimum Write cycle time for Write Cycle No. 3 (WE controlled, OE LOW) is the sum of t_{HZWE} and t_{SD}.

AC Switching Characteristics Over the Operating Range^[6] (continued)

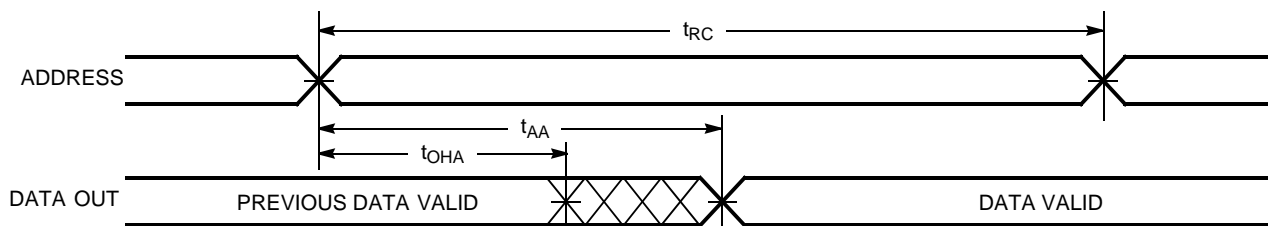
Parameter	Description	-10		-12		Unit
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Write Cycle^[10, 11]						
t _{WC}	Write Cycle Time	10		12		ns
t _{SCE}	$\overline{\text{CE}}$ LOW to Write End	7		8		ns
t _{AW}	Address Set-up to Write End	7		7		ns
t _{SA}	Address Set-up to Write Start	0		0		ns
t _{PWE}	$\overline{\text{WE}}$ Pulse Width	7		8		ns
t _{SD}	Data Set-up to Write End	5.5		6		ns
t _{HD}	Data Hold from Write End	0		0		ns
t _{LZWE}	$\overline{\text{WE}}$ HIGH to Low-Z ^[8]	3		3		ns
t _{HZWE}	$\overline{\text{WE}}$ LOW to High-Z ^[8]		5		6	ns
t _{BW}	Byte Enable to End of Write	7		8		ns
t _{HA}	Address Hold from Write End	0		0		ns

Data Retention Waveform



Switching Waveforms

Read Cycle No. 1^[12, 13]

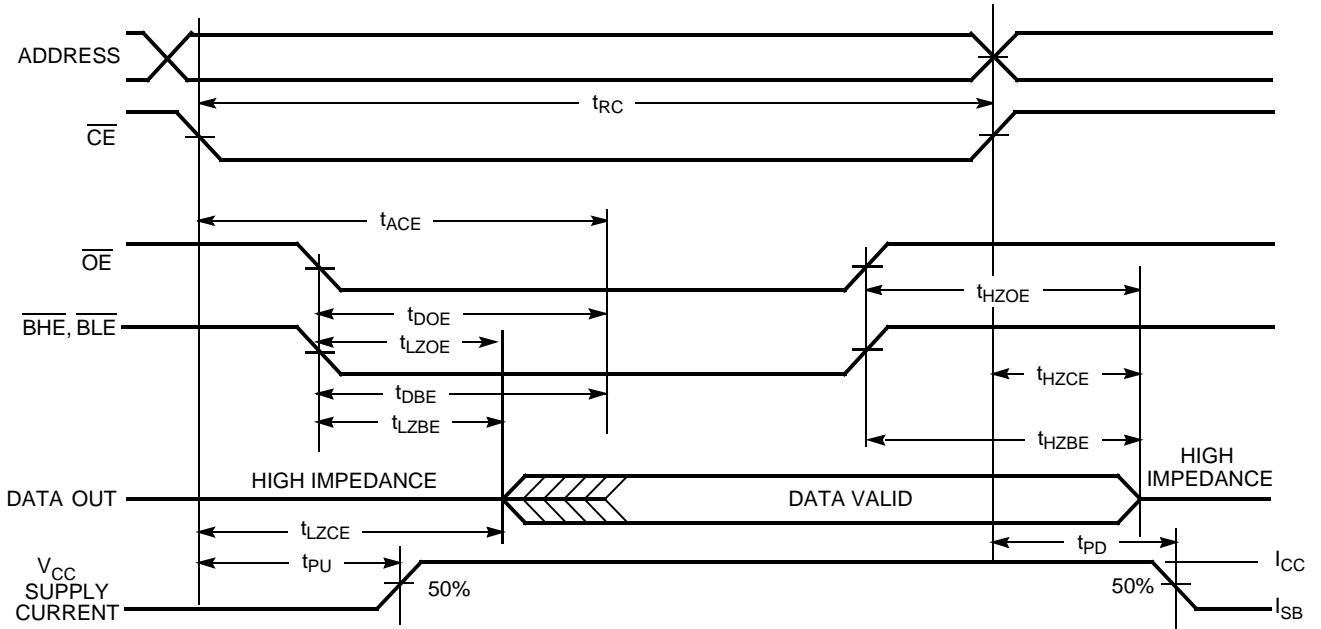


Notes:

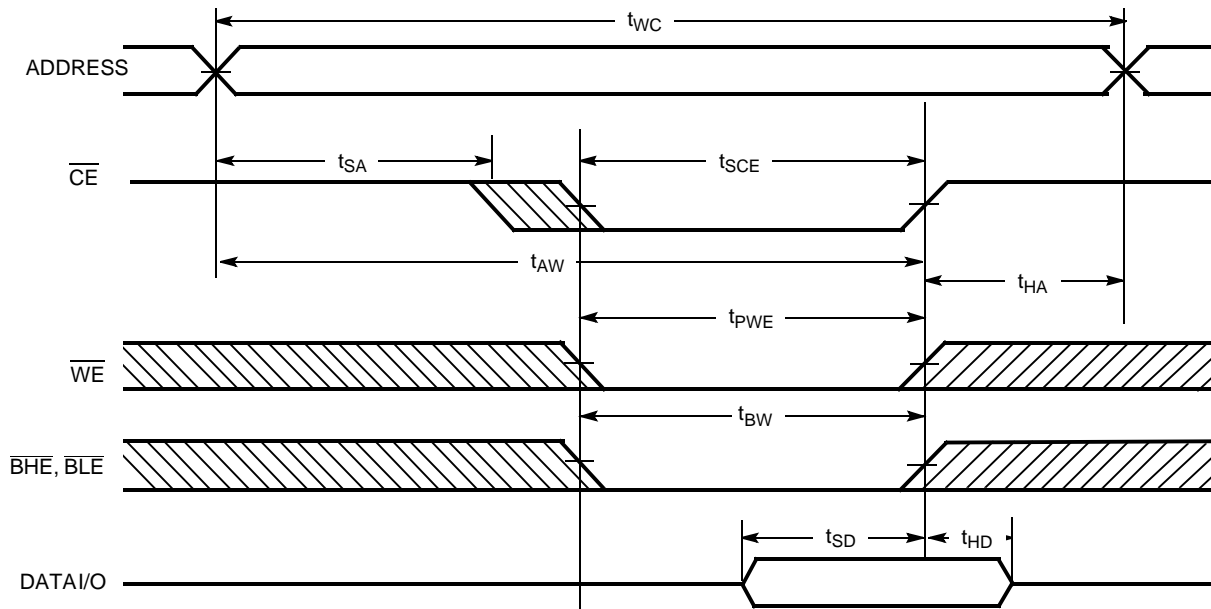
- 12. Device is continuously selected. $\overline{\text{OE}}$, $\overline{\text{CE}}$, $\overline{\text{BHE}}$ and/or $\overline{\text{BHE}} = V_{IL}$.
- 13. $\overline{\text{WE}}$ is HIGH for Read cycle.

Switching Waveforms (continued)

Read Cycle No. 2 (\overline{OE} Controlled)^[13, 14]



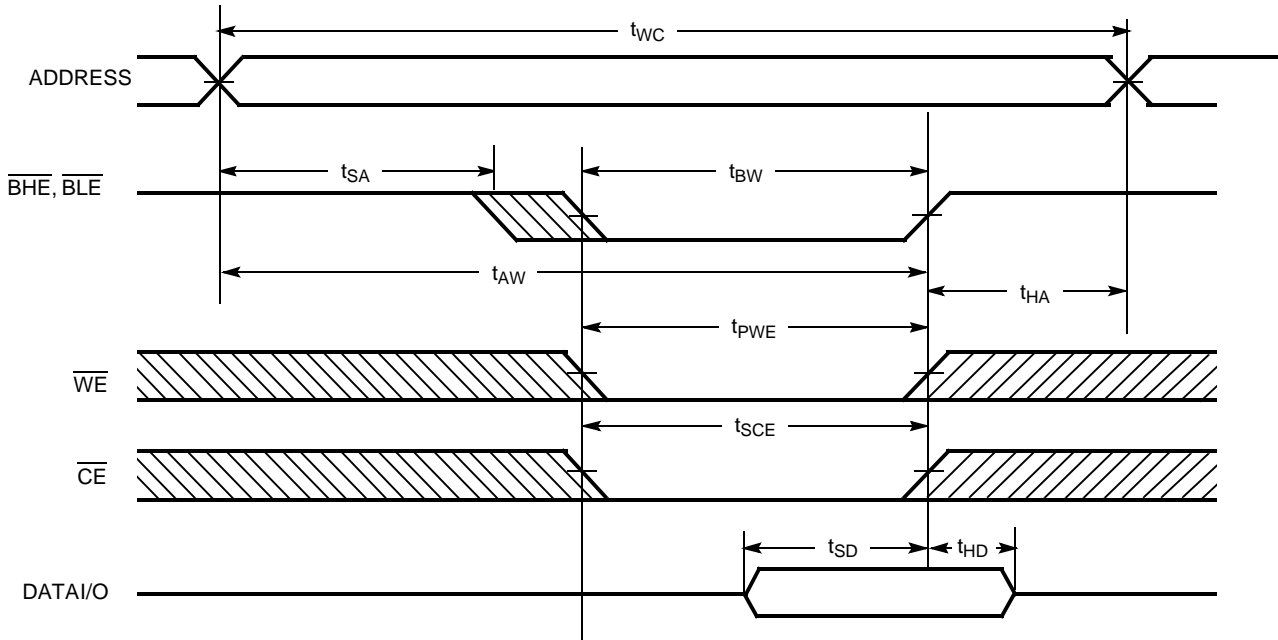
Write Cycle No. 1 (\overline{CE} Controlled)^[15, 16]



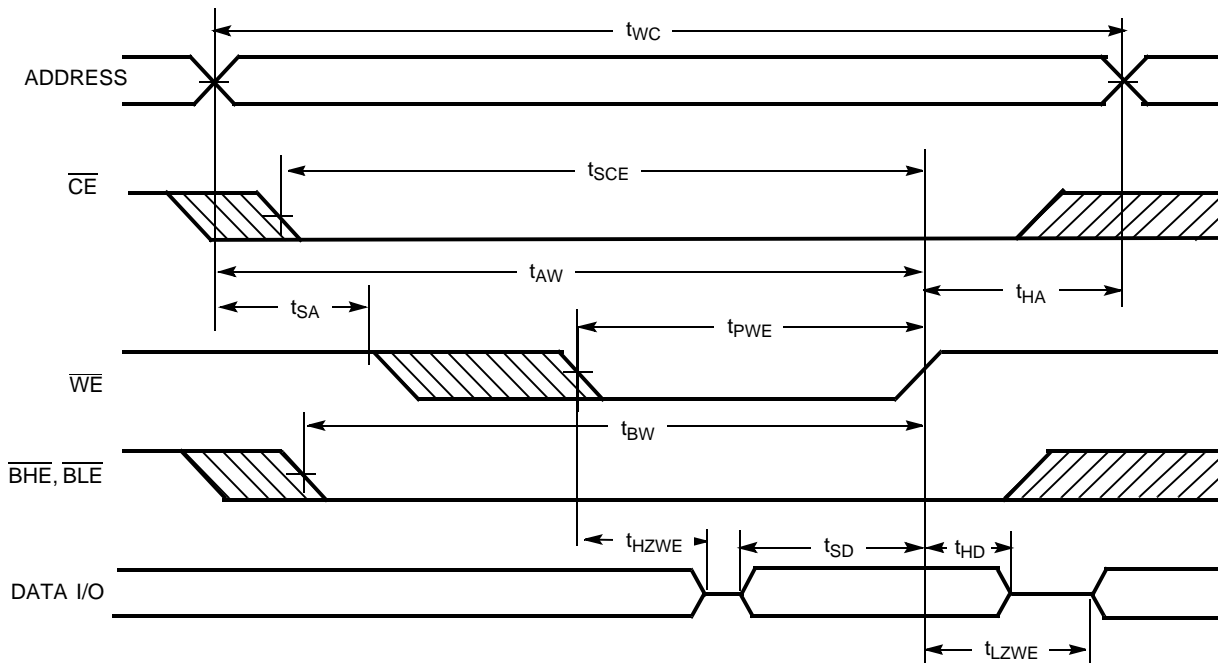
- Notes:**
- 14. Address valid prior to or coincident with \overline{CE} transition LOW.
 - 15. Data I/O is high-impedance if OE or BHE and/or BLE = V_{IH} .
 - 16. If \overline{CE} goes HIGH simultaneously with \overline{WE} going HIGH, the output remains in a high-impedance state.

Switching Waveforms (continued)

Write Cycle No. 2 ($\overline{\text{BLE}}$ or $\overline{\text{BHE}}$ Controlled)



Write Cycle No. 3 ($\overline{\text{WE}}$ Controlled, $\overline{\text{OE}}$ LOW)^[15, 16]



Truth Table

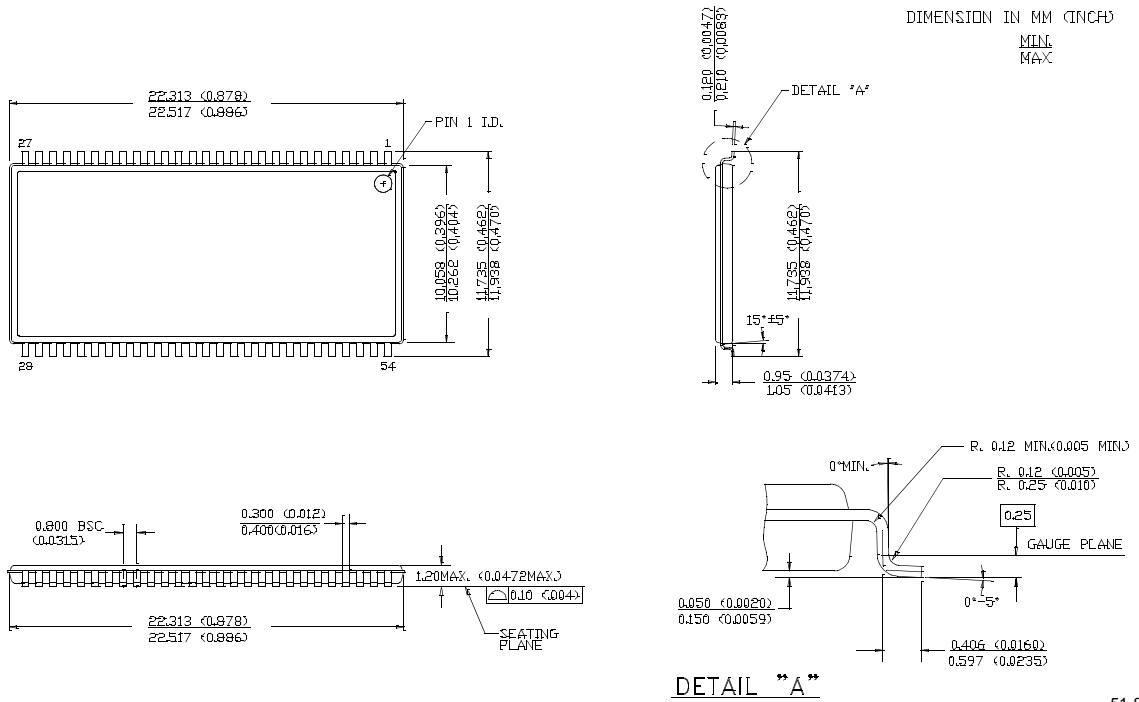
\overline{CE}	\overline{OE}	\overline{WE}	\overline{BLE}	\overline{BHE}	I/O ₀ -I/O ₇	I/O ₈ -I/O ₁₅	Mode	Power
H	X	X	X	X	High-Z	High-Z	Power-down	Standby (I _{SB})
L	L	H	L	L	Data Out	Data Out	Read All Bits	Active (I _{CC})
L	L	H	L	H	Data Out	High-Z	Read Lower Bits Only	Active (I _{CC})
L	L	H	H	L	High-Z	Data Out	Read Upper Bits Only	Active (I _{CC})
L	X	L	L	L	Data In	Data In	Write All Bits	Active (I _{CC})
L	X	L	L	H	Data In	High-Z	Write Lower Bits Only	Active (I _{CC})
L	X	L	H	L	High-Z	Data In	Write Upper Bits Only	Active (I _{CC})
L	H	H	X	X	High-Z	High-Z	Selected, Outputs Disabled	Active (I _{CC})

Ordering Information

Speed (ns)	Ordering Code	Package Name	Package Type	Operating Range
10	CY7C1061BV33-10ZC	51-85160	54-pin TSOP II	Commercial
	CY7C1061BV33-10ZI			Industrial
	CY7C1061BV33-10ZXC		54-pin TSOP II (Pb-free)	Commercial
	CY7C1061BV33-10ZXI			Industrial
12	CY7C1061BV33-12ZC		54-pin TSOP II	Commercial
	CY7C1061BV33-12ZI			Industrial
	CY7C1061BV33-12ZXC		54-pin TSOP II (Pb-free)	Commercial
	CY7C1061BV33-12ZXI			Industrial

Package Diagram

54-pin TSOP II (51-85160)



51-85160-**

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Document History Page

Document Title: CY7C1061BV33 16-Mbit (1M x 16) Static RAM				
Document Number: 38-05693				
REV.	ECN NO.	Issue Date	Orig. of Change	Description of Change
**	283950	See ECN	RKF	New data sheet
*A	309453	See ECN	RKF	Final data sheet
*B	492137	See ECN	NXR	Removed 8 ns speed bin Changed the description of I_{IX} from Input Load Current to Input Leakage Current in DC Electrical Characteristics table Updated the Ordering Information Table