

FEATURES

- Guaranteed 0.5 ppm / °C temperature coefficient
- Guaranteed 1.0 Ω max. dynamic impedance
- Guaranteed 20 μ V RMS max. noise
- Guaranteed initial tolerance of 2%
- Wide operating current range

APPLICATIONS

- Precision voltage reference for multimeters
- Calibration equipment voltage standards
- Laboratory measurement equipment
- Industrial monitor/control instruments
- High accuracy data converters

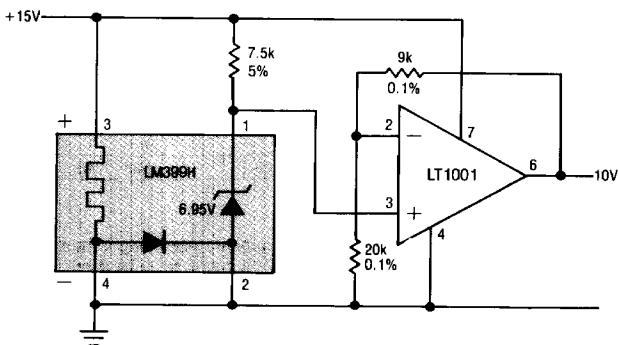
DESCRIPTION

The LM199/399 precision reference features excellent temperature stability over a wide range of voltage, temperature, and operating current conditions. A stabilizing heater is incorporated with the active zener on a monolithic substrate which nearly eliminates changes in voltage with temperature. The subsurface zener operates over a current range of 0.5mA to 10mA, and offers minimal noise and excellent long term stability.

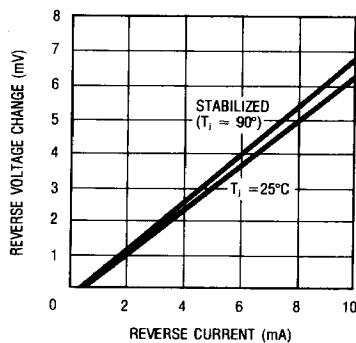
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Ideal applications for the LM199/399 include digital voltmeters, precision calibration equipment, current sources and a variety of other precision low cost references. A 10 volt buffered reference application is shown below.

10 Volt Buffered Reference



Reverse Voltage Change



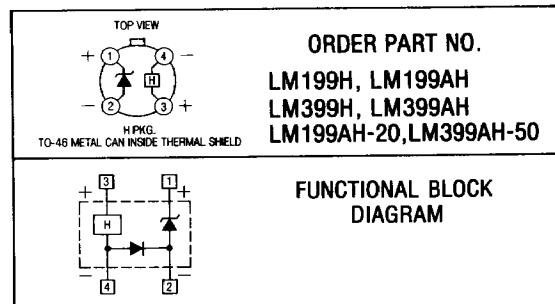
LM199/LM399

LM199A/LM399A

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Temperature Stabilizer	40V
Reverse Breakdown Current	20mA
Forward Current	1mA
Reference to Substrate Voltage $V_{(RS)}$, (Note 1).	-0.1V
Operating Temperature Range	
LM199/199A	-55°C to 125°C
LM399/399A	0°C to 70°C
Storage Temperature Range	
LM199/199A	-65°C to 150°C
LM399/399A	-65°C to 150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec.)	300°C

PACKAGE/ORDER INFORMATION



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (See Note 2)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	LM199/199A			LM399/399A			UNITS	
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX		
V_z	Reverse Breakdown Voltage	0.5mA $\leq I_R \leq 10\text{mA}$	●	6.8	6.95	7.1	6.75	6.95	7.3	V
ΔV_z	Reverse Breakdown Voltage Change with Current	0.5mA $\leq I_R \leq 10\text{mA}$	●	6	9		6	12		mV
r_z	Reverse Dynamic Impedance	$I_R = 1\text{mA}$ (Note 5) ($10 \leq f \leq 100\text{Hz}$)	●	0.5	1		0.5	1.5		Ω
$\frac{\Delta V_z}{\Delta \text{Temp}}$	Temperature Coefficient LM199/LM399	$-55^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq 85^\circ\text{C}$ $+85^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq 125^\circ\text{C}$ $0^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq 70^\circ\text{C}$		0.3 5	1 15				ppm/ $^\circ\text{C}$ ppm/ $^\circ\text{C}$ ppm/ $^\circ\text{C}$	
	LM199A/LM399A	$-55^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq 85^\circ\text{C}$ $+85^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq 125^\circ\text{C}$ $0^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq 70^\circ\text{C}$		0.2 5	0.5 10		0.3 1			
e_n	RMS Noise	$10\text{Hz} \leq f \leq 10\text{kHz}$	●	7	20		7	50		μV
$\frac{\Delta V_z}{\Delta \text{Time}}$	Long Term Stability	Stabilized, $22^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq 28^\circ\text{C}$ 1000 Hours, $I_R = 1\text{mA} \pm 0.1\%$		8	Note 3		8	Note 3	ppm/ $\sqrt{\text{kHz}}$	
I_H	Temperature Stabilizer Supply Current	$T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, Still Air, $V_H = +30\text{V}$ $T_A = -55^\circ\text{C}$ (Note 4)		8.5 22	14 28		8.5 15		mA	
V_H	Temperature Stabilizer Supply Voltage		●	9	40	9	40		V	
	Warm-up Time to $\pm 0.05\%$ V_z	$V_H = 30\text{V}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		3		3			Seconds	
	Initial Turn-on Current	$9\text{V} \leq V_H \leq 40\text{V}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, (See Note 4)		140	200		140	200		mA

The ● denotes the specifications which apply over full operating temperature range.

Note 1: The substrate is electrically connected to the negative terminal of the temperature stabilizer. The voltage that can be applied to either terminal of the reference is 40V more positive or 0.1V more negative than the substrate.

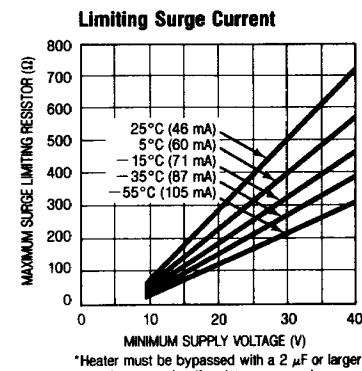
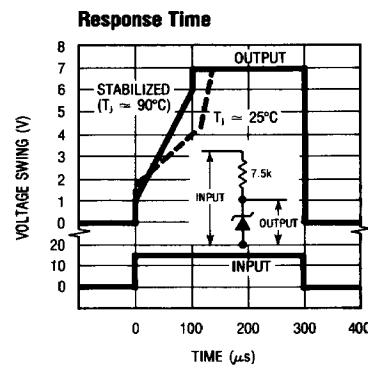
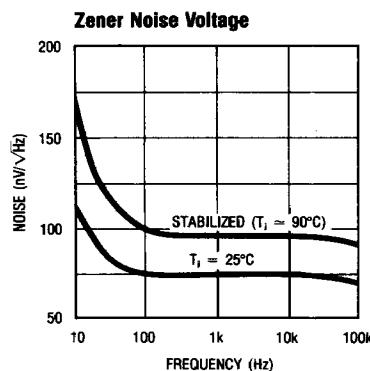
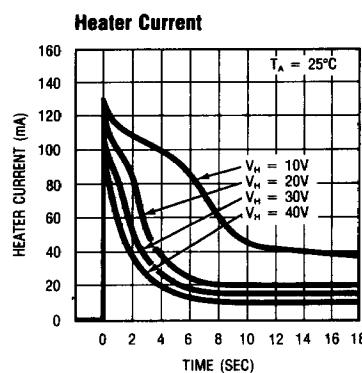
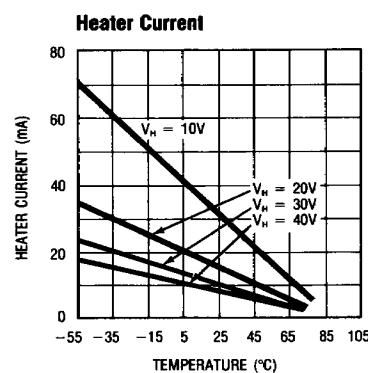
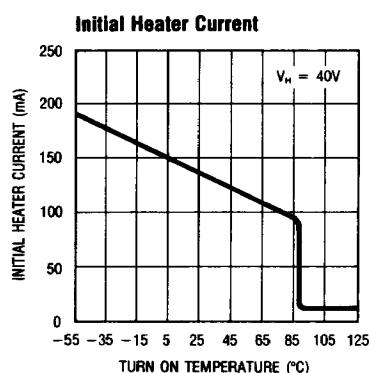
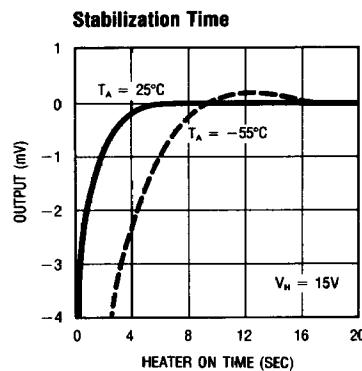
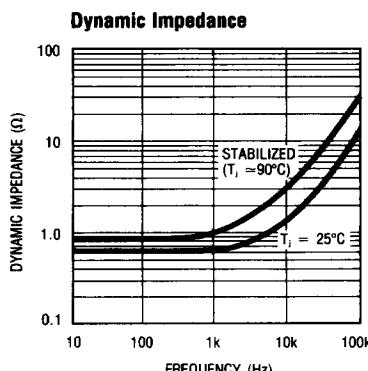
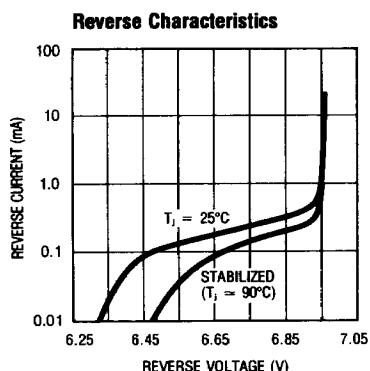
Note 2: These specifications apply for 30V applied to the temperature stabilizer and $-55^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq 125^\circ\text{C}$ for the LM199; and $0^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq 70^\circ\text{C}$ for the LM399.

Note 3: Devices with maximum guaranteed long term stability of 20 ppm/ $\sqrt{\text{kHz}}$ are available. Drift decreases with time.

Note 4: This initial current can be reduced by adding an appropriate resistor and capacitor to the heater circuit. See the performance characteristic graphs to determine values.

Note 5: Guaranteed by "Reverse Breakdown Change with Current."

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

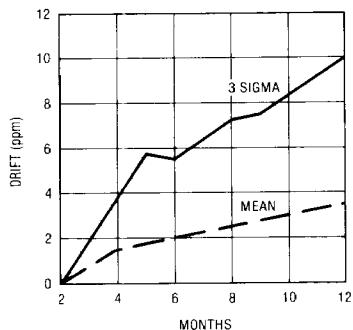


*Heater must be bypassed with a 2 μF or larger tantalum capacitor if resistors are used.

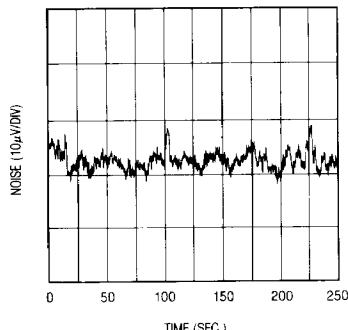
LM199/LM399 LM199A/LM399A

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

**Long Term Reference Performance
44 Units Tested**

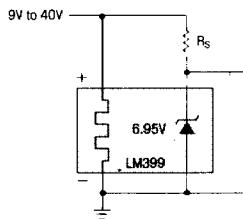


Low Frequency Noise Voltage

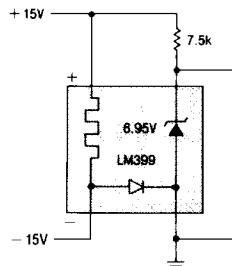


TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

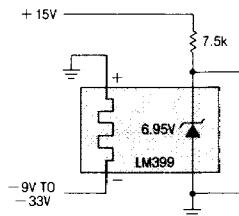
Single Supply Operation



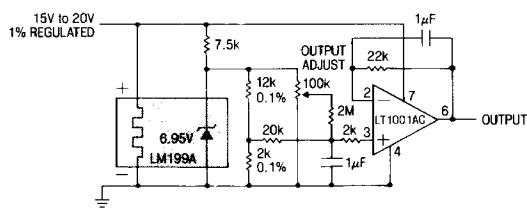
Split Supply Operation



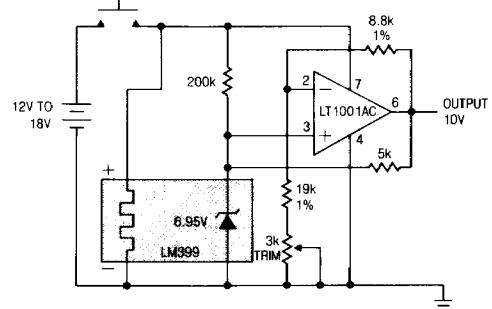
Negative Heater Supply with Positive Reference



Standard Cell Replacement

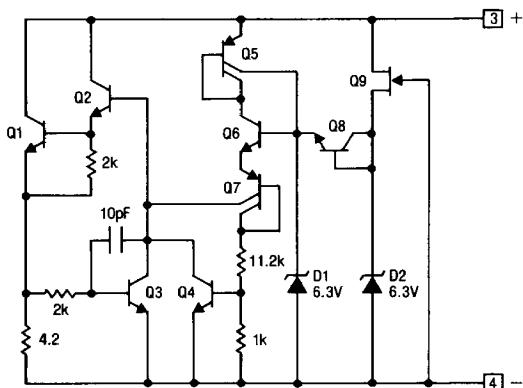


Portable Calibrator

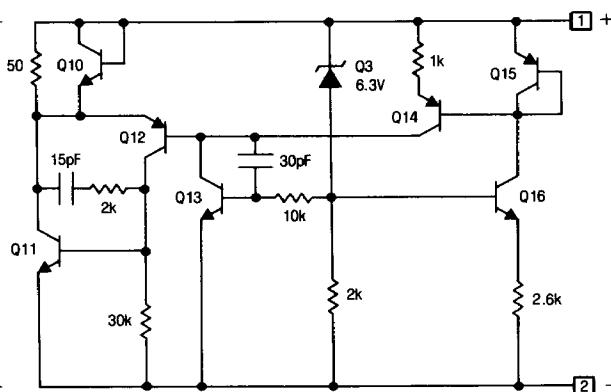


SCHEMATIC DIAGRAMS

Temperature Stabilizer



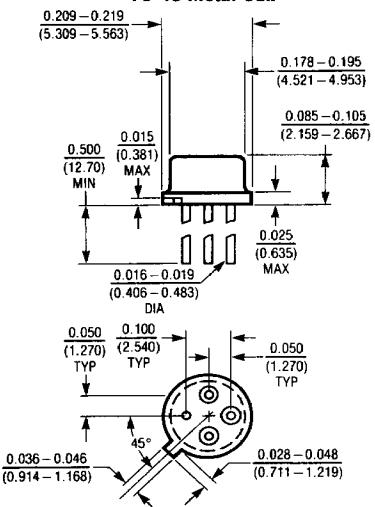
Reference



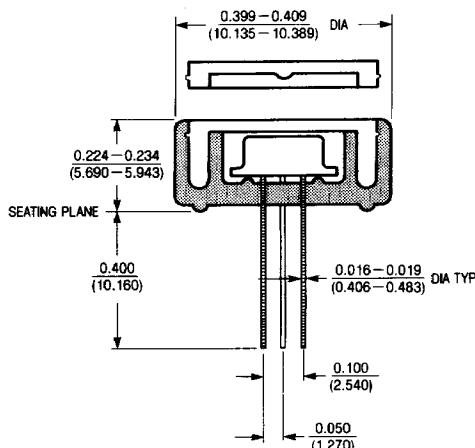
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PACKAGE DESCRIPTION

H Package, 4 Lead
TO-46 Metal Can



Thermal Shield*
For TO-46, H Package



*Thermal Shield Material is Valox™
Valox is a registered trademark of General Electric