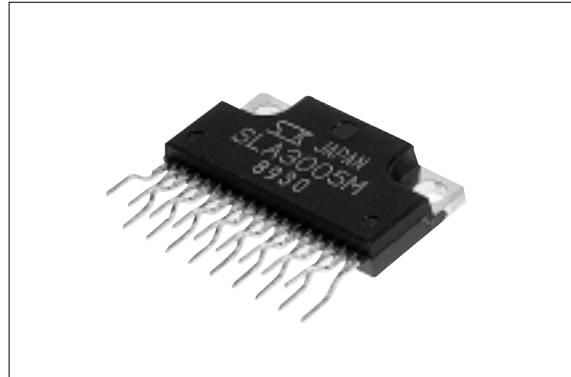


SLA3005M/3006M/3007M**4-Output, Low Dropout Voltage Dropper Type for USB Hub****■Features**

- 4 regulators combined in one package
- Insulated single inline package
- SLA 3005M/3006M have four 5V/0.5A outputs. SLA3007M has three 5V/0.5A outputs and ch4 is a 3.3V/0.5A output for USB-IC
- Low dropout voltage: $V_{DIF} \leq 0.5V$ (at $I_O=0.5A$)
- Output-independent ON/OFF control terminal compatible with LS-TTL (Active High)
- Output-independent overcurrent and thermal protection circuits built in
- Open collector flag-output terminals built in to output OCP operation to each output terminal (Active Low) excluding SLA3007Mch4
- SLA3005M/3007M (excluding ch4) for Vo shutdown after OCP operation and SLA3006M for continuous OCP operation
- Built-in anti-malfunction delay circuit whose time can be set with an external capacitor

**■Applications**

- USB hub power supplies
- Electronic equipment

■Absolute Maximum Ratings

(Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Ratings		Unit
		SLA3005M/3006M	SLA3007M	
DC Input Voltage	V _{IN}	20	18	V
Voltage of Output Control Terminal	V _C	V _{IN}		V
DC Output Current	I _O	0.5		A
Power Dissipation	P _{D1}	30(With infinite heatsink)		W
	P _{D2}	3.36(Without heatsink, stand-alone operation)		W
Junction Temperature	T _j	-30 to +125		°C
Ambient Operating Temperature	T _{OP}	-30 to +100		°C
Storage Temperature	T _{STG}	-30 to +125		°C
Thermal Resistance (junction-to-case)	R _{th(j-c)}	9.0		°C/W
Thermal Resistance (junction-to-ambient air)	R _{th(j-a)}	29.8(Without heatsink, stand-alone operation)		°C/W

■Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Ratings	Unit
DC Input Voltage Range	V _{IN}	5.5 to 10	V
Output Current Range	I _O	0 to 0.5	A
Operating Junction Temperature Range	T _{jop}	-20 to +100	°C
Ambient Operating Temperature Range	T _{aop}	-20 to +85	°C

■Electrical Characteristics

(Ta=25°C unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	SYmbol	Ratings												Unit	
		SLA3005M			SLA3006M			SLA3007M			ch1, 2, 3				
		min.	typ.	max.	min.	typ.	max.	min.	typ.	max.	min.	typ.	max.		
Output Voltage	Vo	4.85	5.00	5.15	4.85	5.00	5.15	4.85	5.00	5.15	3.234	3.300	3.366	V	
	Conditions	VIN=7V, Io=0.1A			VIN=7V, Io=0.1A			VIN=7V, Io=0.1A			VIN=7V, Io=0.1A				
Dropout Voltage	V _{DIF}			0.5			0.5			0.5			2.0	V	
	Conditions	Io≤0.5A			Io≤0.5A			Io≤0.5A			Io≤0.5A				
Line Regulation	ΔV _O LINE			30			30			30			30	mV	
	Conditions	VIN=6 to 15V, Io=0.1A			VIN=6 to 15V, Io=0.1A			VIN=6 to 15V, Io=0.1A			VIN=6 to 15V, Io=0.1A				
Load Regulation	ΔV _O LOAD			50			50			50			30	mV	
	Conditions	VIN=7V, Io=0 to 0.5A			VIN=7V, Io=0 to 0.5A			VIN=7V, Io=0 to 0.5A			VIN=7V, Io=0 to 0.2A				
Temperature Coefficient of Output Voltage	ΔV _O /ΔT _a		±0.5			±0.5			±0.5			±0.3		mV/°C	
	Conditions	VIN=7V, Io=5mA, Tj=-10 to 100°C			VIN=7V, Io=5mA, Tj=-10 to 100°C			VIN=7V, Io=5mA, Tj=-10 to 100°C			VIN=7V, Io=5mA, Tj=-10 to 100°C				
Quiescent Circuit Current*3	I _Q			20			20			20			—	mA	
	Conditions	VIN=7V, Io=0A			VIN=7V, Io=0A			VIN=7V, Io=0A			VIN=7V, Io=0A				
Quiescent Circuit Current (Output OFF)*3	I _{Q(off)}			0.5			0.5			0.5			—	mA	
	Conditions	VIN=7V, Vc1 to 4=0V			VIN=7V, Vc1 to 4=0V			VIN=7V, Vc1 to 4=0V			VIN=7V, Vc1 to 4=0V				
Overcurrent Protection Starting Current*1	I _{S1}	0.55		0.65	0.75		0.96	0.55		0.65	0.55		0.65	A	
	Conditions	VIN=7V			VIN=7V			VIN=7V			VIN=7V				
Vc Terminal*2	Control Voltage (Output ON)	V _c . IH	2.0			2.0			2.0			2.0		V	
	Control Voltage (Output OFF)	V _c . IL			0.7			0.7			0.7		0.7		
	Control Current (Output ON)	I _c . IH			50			50			50		50	μA	
	Conditions	Vc=2.7V			Vc=2.7V			Vc=2.7V			Vc=2.7V				
	Control Current (Output OFF)	I _c . IL			-100			-100			-100		-100		
Flag Output Terminal	Before OCP Detection	V _F L _G h	VIN=0.4		VIN=0.4			VIN=0.4			VIN=0.4			V	
	Conditions	R _{FLG} connected between FLG and VIN			R _{FLG} connected between FLG and VIN			R _{FLG} connected between FLG and VIN			R _{FLG} connected between FLG and VIN				
	After OCP Detection	V _F L _G i			0.5			0.5			0.5			V	
	Conditions	I _{FLG} =1mA			I _{FLG} =1mA			I _{FLG} =1mA			I _{FLG} =1mA				

*1 I_{S1} is specified at -5(%) drop point of output voltage Vo on the condition that VIN = 7V, Io = 0.1A.

*2 Output is ON even when output control terminal Vc is open. Each input level is equivalent to LS-TTL. Therefore, it may be directly driven by an LS-TTL circuit.

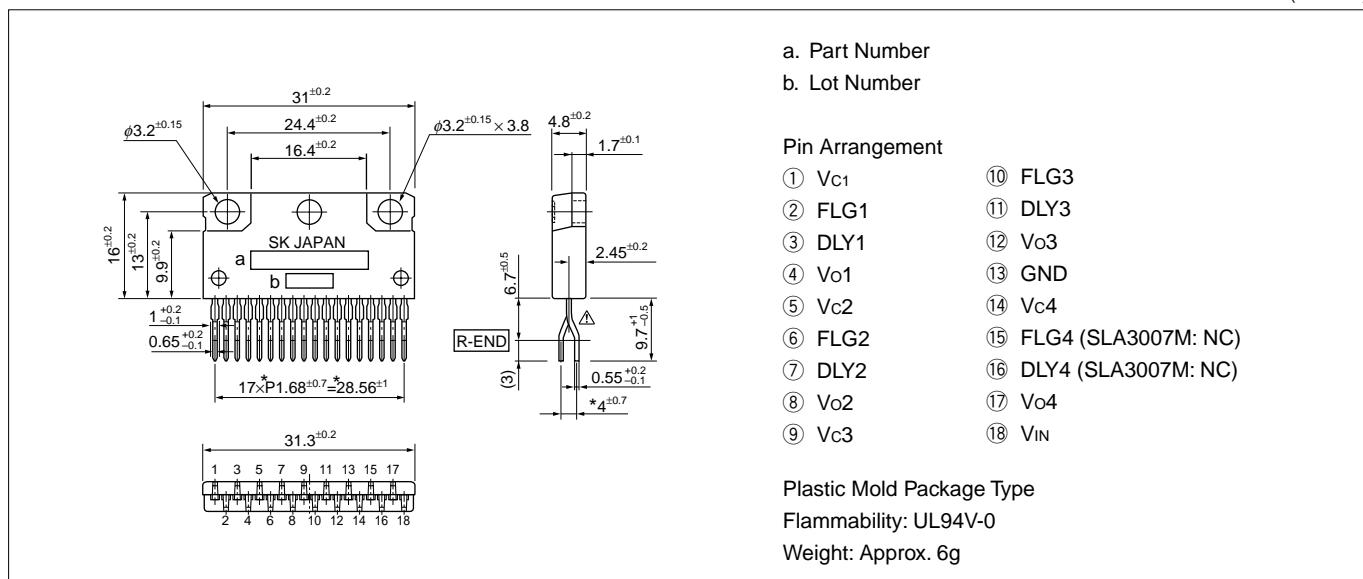
*3 Total of four circuits

* The FLG output latched by delay DLY after OCP detection. (SLA3005M/SLA3007M (ch1 to 3) shuts down the output voltage simultaneously at latching.) Set the VIN or Vc to low to reset latching. Leave a time lag of C_d × 600s or more before restart.

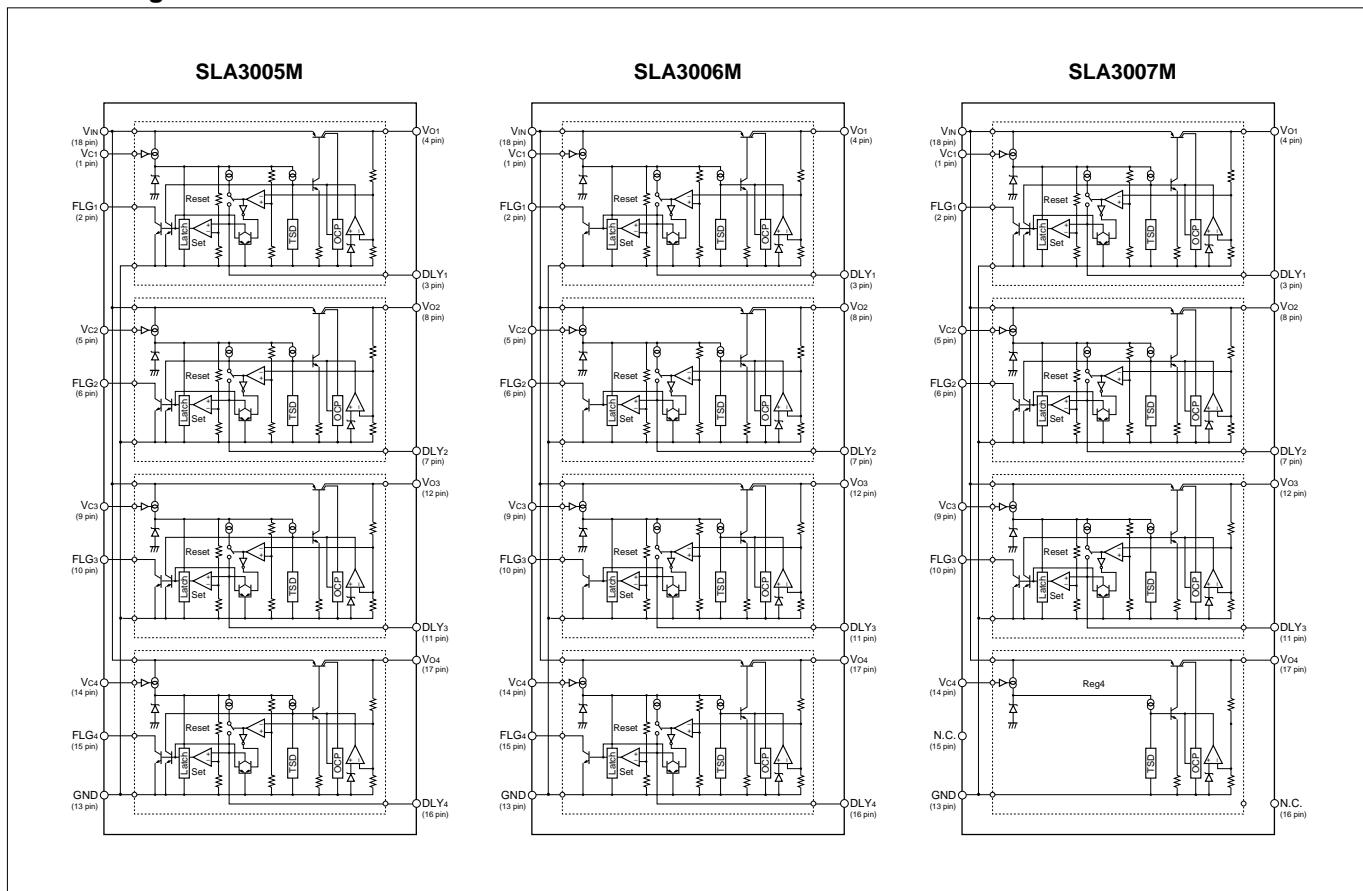
** SLA3007M ch4 does not have the FLG output function.

■External Dimensions

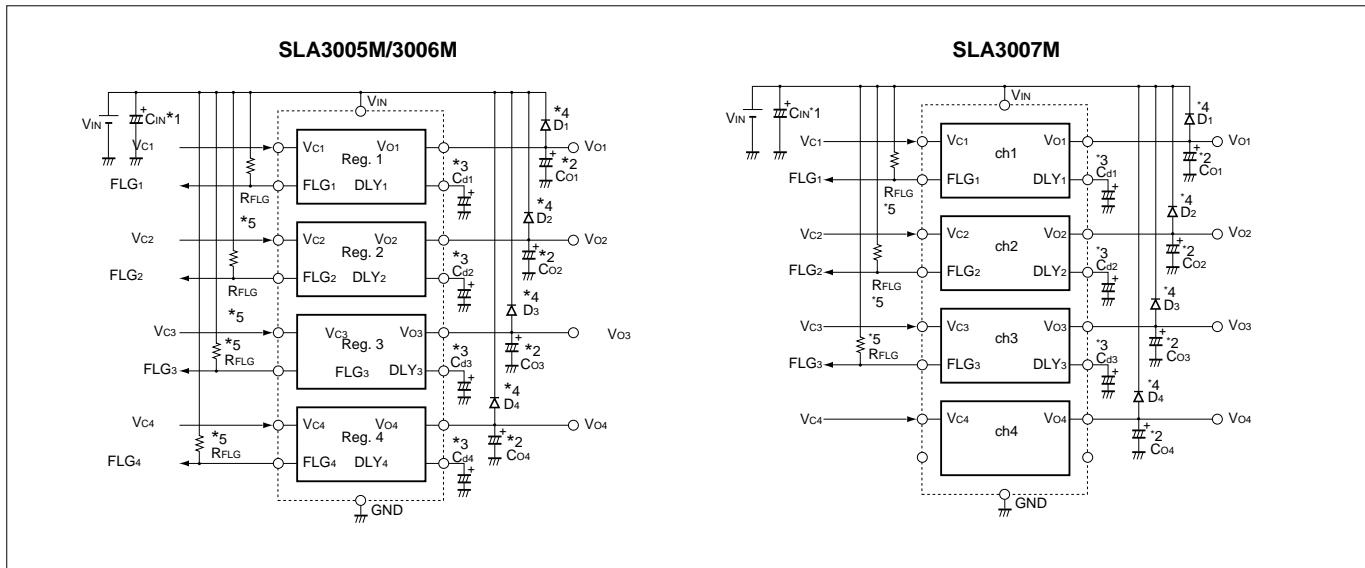
(unit:mm)



■Block Diagram



■Standard External Circuit



*1 C_{IN} : Input capacitor (Approx. 47μF)

This capacitor is required if the input line is inductive and in the case of long wiring.

*2 C_O : Output capacitor (47 to 220μF)

*3 C_d : Delay time setting capacitor (0.1μF or more)

Use C_d to set the delay time (t_{DLY}) from when a low V_O level due to OCP operation is detected until a flag signal is output.

This prevents a rush current from causing malfunction at start.

Approximate calculation: t_{DLY} = (C_d × V_{DLYth}) / I_{DLY}[sec]

When using soft start on V_{IN} or if C_{IN} has a large capacitance, set t_{DLY} long enough for the output voltage to rise sufficiently.

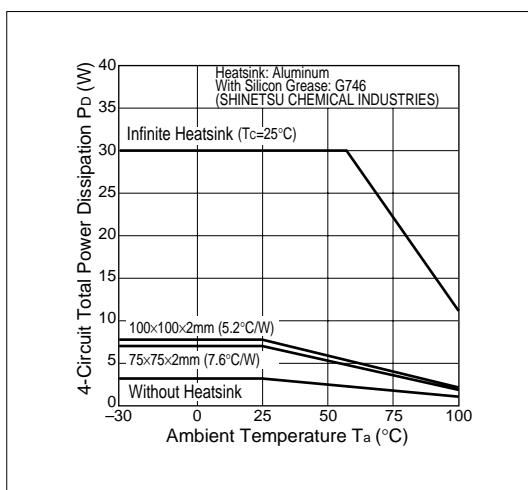
Be sure to connect C_d and do not use it for other applications, such as short circuiting C_d.

*4 D₁ to D₄ : Reverse biasing protection diode

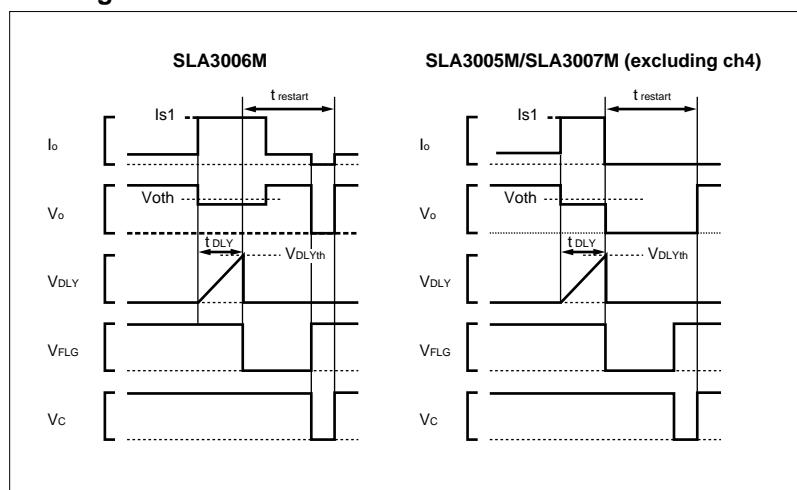
This diode is required for protection against reverse biasing of the input and output.

*5 R_{FLG} : Set this to limit the inflow current into the FLG terminal to 1mA or less.

■Ta-Pd Characteristics



■Timing Chart



■Calculating the Internal Dissipation

P_D is calculated as follows:

$$P_D = [I_{O1} \cdot (V_{IN} - V_{O1})] + [I_{O2} \cdot (V_{IN} - V_{O2})] + [I_{O3} \cdot (V_{IN} - V_{O3})] + [I_{O4} \cdot (V_{IN} - V_{O4})] + V_{IN} \cdot I_G$$

■Estimating T_J by Temperature Measurement

1. Measuring position: At the root of pin 13

2. Add the thermal resistance "θ_{j-L}" between the junction and pin 13 and the P_d product of each channel to the measured temperature.

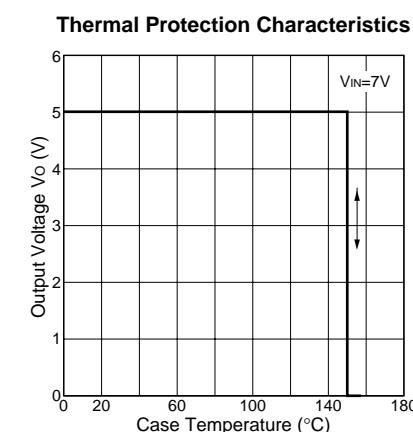
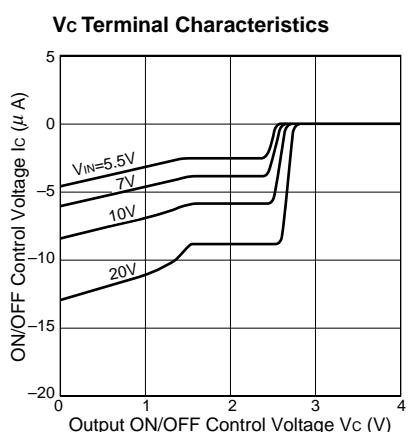
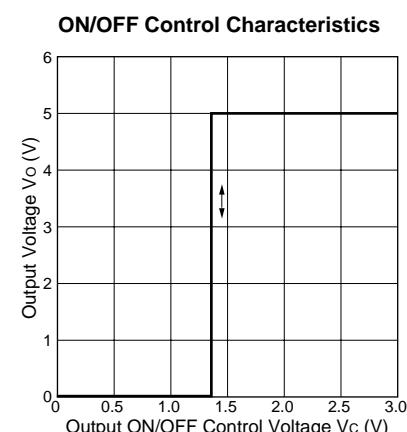
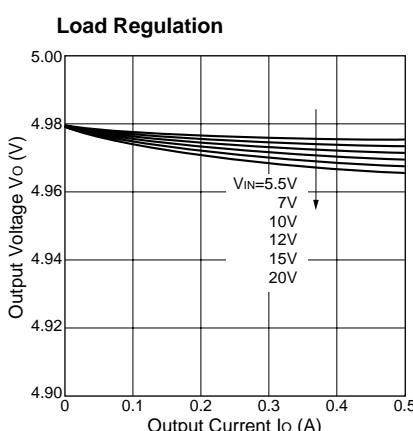
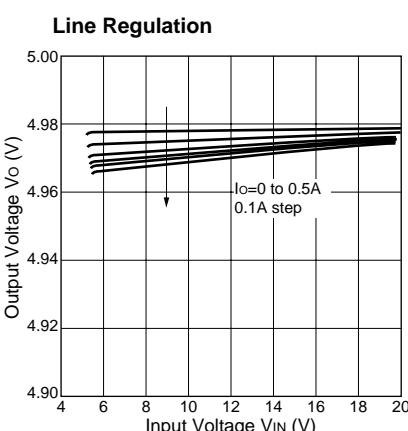
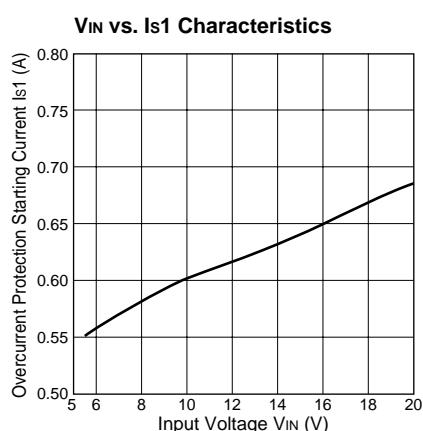
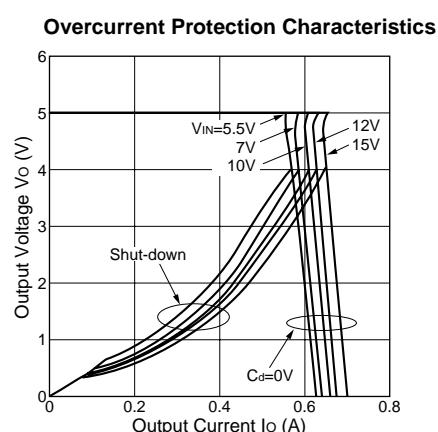
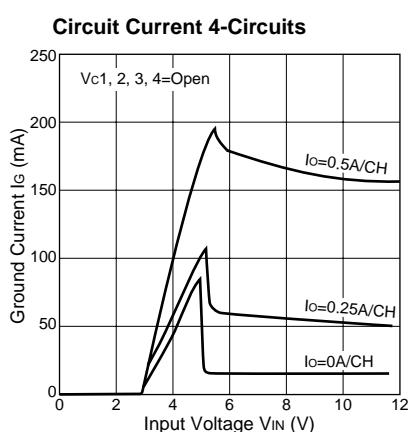
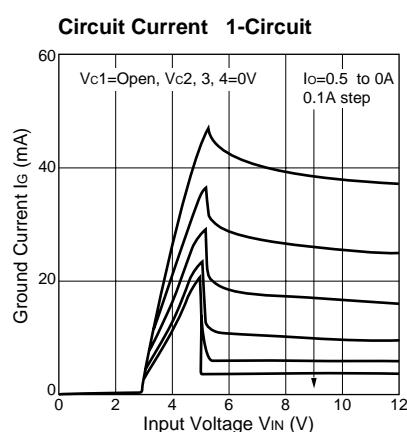
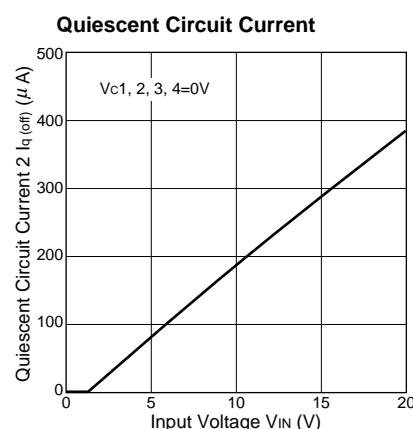
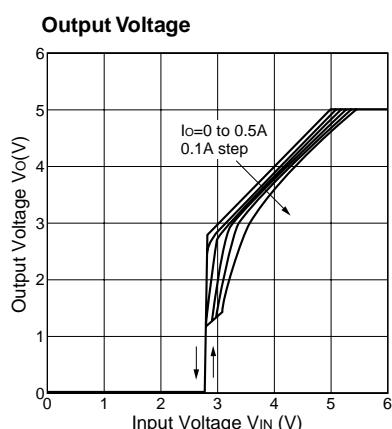
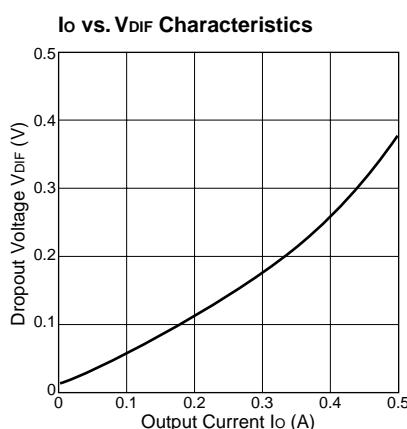
θ_{j-L} is as follows : θ_{j-L1}:8°C/W, θ_{j-L2}:7°C/W, θ_{j-L3}:5°C/W, θ_{j-L4}:8°C/W

The calculation formula is as follows : T_J=θ_{j-L1}•P_{d1}+θ_{j-L2}•P_{d2}+θ_{j-L3}•P_{d3}+θ_{j-L4}•P_{d4}+T_{13pin}

■Typical Characteristics

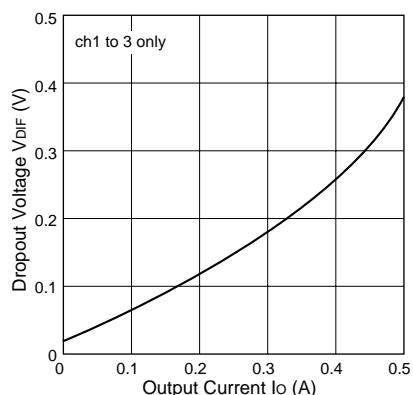
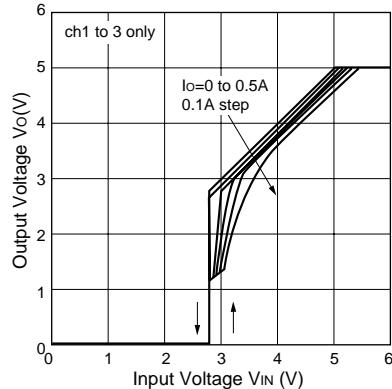
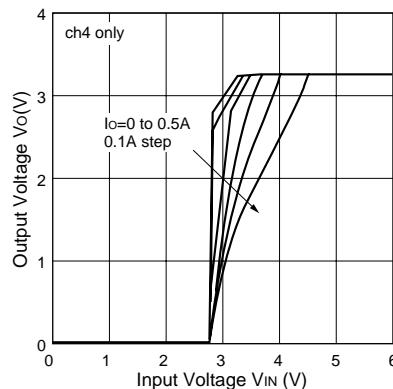
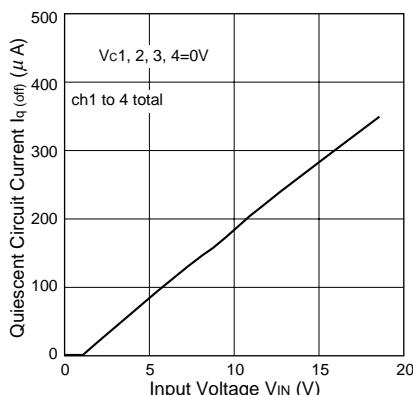
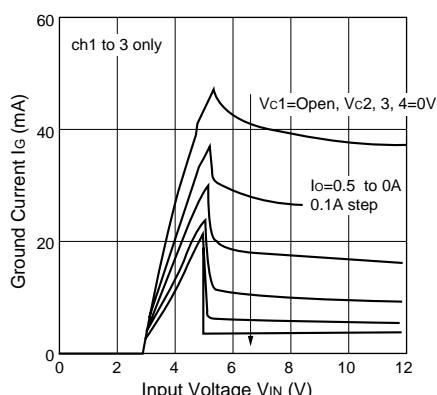
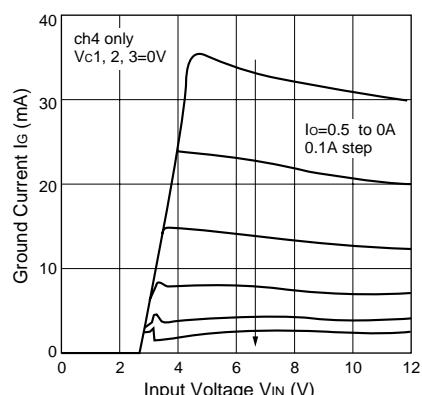
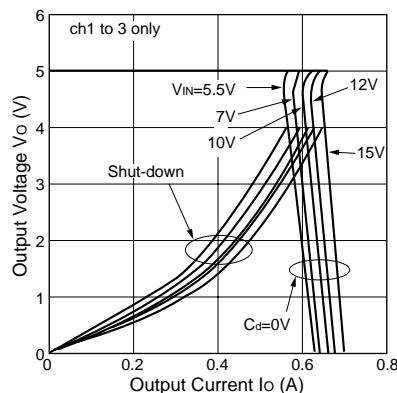
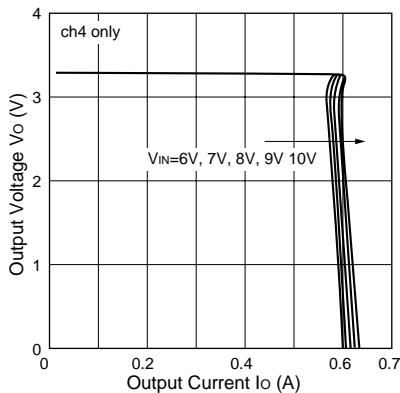
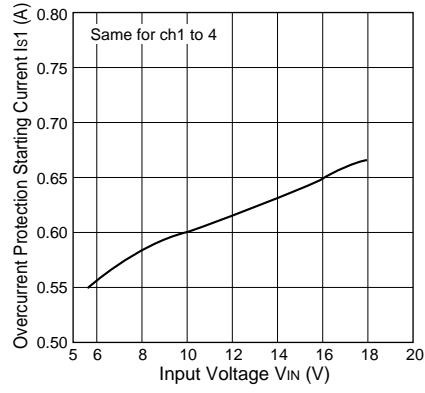
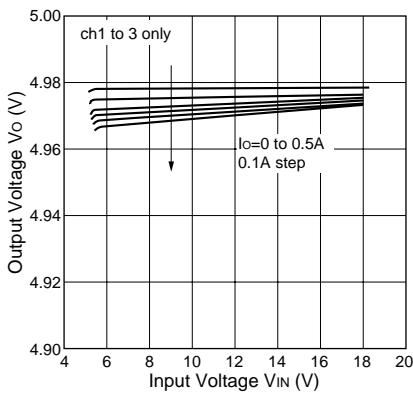
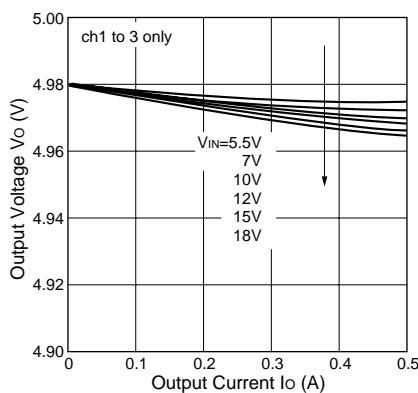
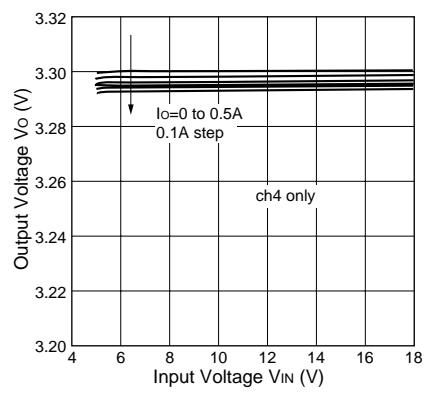
SLA3005M

($T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$)



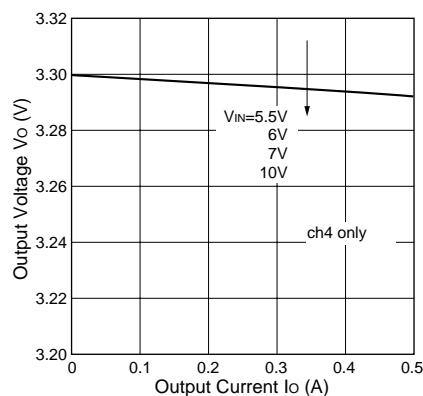
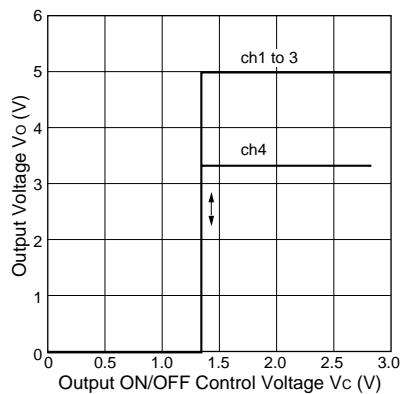
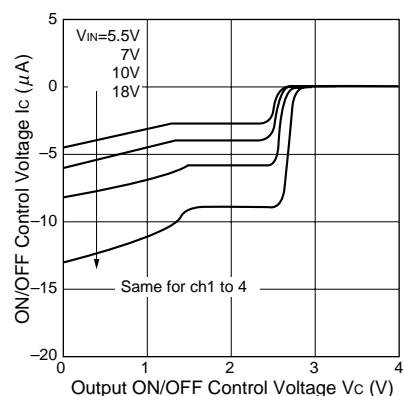
■Typical Characteristics**SLA3007M**

(Ta=25°C)

Io vs. VDIF Characteristics**Output Voltage****Output Voltage****Quiescent Circuit Current****Circuit Current 1-Circuit (ch1 to 3)****Circuit Current (ch4)****Overcurrent Protection Characteristics****Overcurrent Protection Characteristics****VIN vs. Is1 Characteristics****Line Regulation****Load Regulation****Line Regulation**

■Typical Characteristics**SLA3007M**

(Ta=25°C)

Load Regulation**ON/OFF Control Characteristics** **V_c Terminal Characteristics****Thermal Protection Characteristics**