

**DESCRIPTION**

The M52063SP converts NTSC signals into quasi PAL signals efficiently. It has a horizontal AFC, burst gate pulse generator, gain variable amplifier and analog switch.

With a VCR having this circuit, images recorded on NTSC soft tape can be viewed with a PAL TV set with NTSC color signals being converted into quasi PAL signals.

**FEATURES**

- Conversion needs only a small number of external circuits.
- Conversion is carried out in steps: -45° burst signals, chroma signals, +45° burst signals and blanking.
- Quasi PAL signals are stable because change-over signals are generated by the horizontal AFC.
- When a PAL soft tape is set, a through mode is output being amplified by 6 dB.
- Burst gate pulse position and width can be set with external constants. The burst gate pulse can be output.
- It is only AFC free run frequency that needs adjustment.

**APPLICATION**

VCR

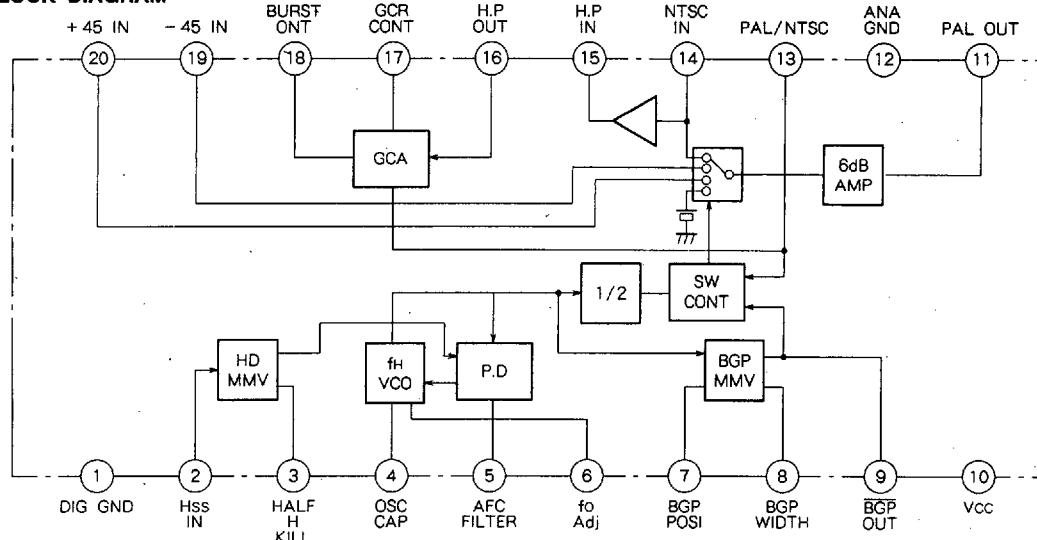
**RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITION**

Supply voltage range ..... 4.5~5.5V  
 Rated supply voltage ..... 5.0V

**PIN CONFIGURATION (TOP VIEW)**

DIG GND	1	+45 IN
HSS IN	2	-45 IN
HALF H KILL	3	BURST ONT
OSC CAP	4	GCA CONT
AFC FILTER	5	H.P OUT
fo Adj	6	H.P IN
BGP POSI	7	NTSC IN
BGP WIDTH	8	PAL/NTSC
BGP OUT	9	ANA GND
Vcc	10	PAL OUT

Outline 20P4B

**BLOCK DIAGRAM**

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Ratings	Unit
V <sub>cc</sub>	Supply voltage	6	V
P <sub>d</sub>	Power dissipation	1000	mW
K <sub>θ</sub>	Thermal derating	10	mW/°C
V <sub>surg</sub>	Electrostatic discharge	± 200V minimum	V
T <sub>opr</sub>	Operating temperature	- 20~75	°C
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature	- 40~125	°C

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (S10 = ON, S15 = S17 = OFF S35 = 1, V13 = 0V, unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Limits			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
I <sub>cc</sub>	Circuit current	No input S10 = OFF. Measure current flowing to pin ⑩.	15	20	25	mA
G <sub>14-11</sub>	Through mode gain	Input SG1 to pin ⑭, V <sub>13</sub> = 5V. Measure V <sub>P-P</sub> of pin ⑪ to take the ratio with input. G(14-11) = 20 LOG $\frac{\text{Output level}}{\text{Input level}}$	4.5	5.5	6.5	dB
B <sub>19-11</sub>	- 45° gain	Input SG1 to pin ⑯. Measure V <sub>P-P</sub> of pin ⑪ to take the ratio with input. G(19-11) = 20 LOG $\frac{\text{Output level}}{\text{Input level}}$	4.0	5.0	6.0	dB
G <sub>20-11</sub>	+ 45° gain	Input SG1 to pin ⑰. Measure V <sub>P-P</sub> of pin ⑪ to take the ratio with input. G(20-11) = 20 LOG $\frac{\text{Output level}}{\text{Input level}}$	4.0	5.0	6.0	dB
ΔG45°	+ 45° - 45° gain difference	G(19-11) - G(20-11)		0.0	0.5	dB
G <sub>14-15</sub>	H.P DRIVE gain	Input SG1 to pin ⑭. Measure V <sub>P-P</sub> of pin ⑮ to take the ratio with input. G(14-15) = 20 LOG $\frac{\text{Output level}}{\text{Input level}}$	- 0.9	- 0.2	0.5	dB
VCOsw	VCO mode switchover	Input SG2 to pin ② S15=ON. Turn V15 down from 5V, and measure V15 when the frequency of pin ⑦ waveform becomes equal to SG2.	3.2	3.5	3.8	V
G <sub>16-18max</sub>	GCA MAX gain	Input SG3 to pin ⑯, S17 = ON, V <sub>17</sub> = 5V. Measure V <sub>P-P</sub> of pin ⑮ to take the ratio with input. 20 LOG $\frac{\text{Output level}}{\text{Input level}}$	6.0	7.0	8.0	dB
G <sub>16-18open</sub>	GCA OPEN gain	Input SG3 to pin ⑯, S17 = OFF. Measure V <sub>P-P</sub> of pin ⑮ to take the ratio with input. 20 LOG $\frac{\text{Output level}}{\text{Input level}}$	2.9	4.4	5.9	dB
G <sub>16-18min</sub>	GCA MIN gain	Input SG3 to pin ⑯, S17 = ON, V <sub>17</sub> = 0V. Measure V <sub>P-P</sub> of pin ⑮ to take the ratio with input. 20 LOG $\frac{\text{Output level}}{\text{Input level}}$	- 6.5	- 5.0	- 3.5	dB
PAL1	Quasi PAL 1	Input SG4-1 to pins ⑭ and ⑯, and input SG4-2 to pin ②. Output waveform of pin ⑪ should be normal. (Note 1)				-
PAL2	Quasi PAL 2	Input SG4-1 to pins ⑭ and ⑰, and input SG4-2 to pin ②. Output waveform of pin ⑪ should be normal. (Note 2)				-
TH	GCA OFF in through	Input SG1 to pin ⑯, S13 = 5V. Ensure that the signal is not output to pin ⑩.				-
R <sub>t</sub>	Discharge reset time	Input SG2 to pin ②. Measure discharge reset time of pin ③. (Note 2)	40	45	50	μs
HHK	Half H killer	Input SG5 to pin ②, S5=2. Increase the frequency of SG5 and measure the maximum frequency when the waveform frequency of pin ⑤ becomes equal to SG5. (HHK=1/f)	40	45	50	μs

6249826 0022831 234

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (cont.)

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Limits			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
H.DP	H.D POSI	Input SG2 to pin ②, S5 = 2. Measure the time difference between fH rise time and pin ⑤ waveform fall time. (Note 2)	0	0.2	0.5	μs
HDW	H.D WIDTH	Input SG2 to pin ②, S5 = 2. Measure the pulse width of pin ⑤ waveform. (Note 2)	3.9	4.4	4.9	μs
HSSH	Input synchronous detection peak value	Input SG6 to pin ②. Increase the pulse height of SG6 and measure the pulse height when the frequency of pin ⑦ wave-form becomes equal to SG6.	3.6		5.0	V
β	VCO β	No input, S5 = 3, S15 = ON, V15 = 5V. Change V5 to from 3V to 4V and measure the output frequency change of pin ⑦. The maximum ramp is expressed by character β.	6	9	12	Hz/mV
CLW	Capture range width	Input SG2 to pin ②. Increase or decrease the frequency from a distance and measure the frequency when the waveform of pin ⑤ is locked. (Note 2)	2.0	2.6		kHz
RLW	Lock range width	Input SG2 to pin ②. Increase and decrease the frequency, and measure it when the waveform of pin ⑤ comes out of the locked state. (Note 2)	3.0	3.7		kHz
P/N	Quasi PAL/normal switchover voltage	Input SG4-1 to pin ⑭. Input SG4-2 to pin ②, turn V13 down from 5V and measure the voltage when the chroma of pin ⑪ goes off at every 1H.	1.9	2.2	2.5	V
BGPP	BGP POSI	Input SG2 to pin ②. Measure the difference between fH rise time and pin ⑨ waveform fall time. (Note 2)	2.2	2.8	3.4	μs
BGPW	BGP WIDTH	Input SG2 to pin ②. Measure the pulse width of pin ⑨ waveform. (Note 2)	6.2	6.8	7.4	μs
BGPH	BGP OUT HI voltage	Input SG2 to pin ②. Measure HI voltage of pin ⑨ output waveform. (Note 2)	3.6	4.0		V
BGPL	BGP OUT LO voltage	Input SG2 to pin ②. Measure LO voltage of pin ⑨ output waveform. (Note 2)		0	0.5	V
VCCR	Operating supply voltage range	Standard application circuit operation should be normal. (Vcc voltage)	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
Hsst	Input synchronous detection rise time	Input SG7 to pin ②. Lengthen rise time gradually and measure the rise time (HSST) just before the charge and discharge waveform of pin ③ disappears. (Note 2)			1.5	μs

## NTSC/QUASI PAL TRANSCODER

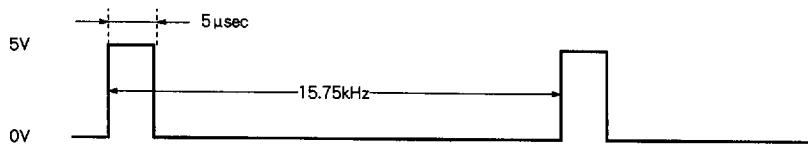
## INPUT SIGNAL

SG NO.		Signals (50Ω termination)
SG1		f = 4.43MHz 0.25Vp - p CW
SG2		f = 15.75kHz Pulse
SG3		f = 4.43MHz 50mVp - p CW
SG4	1	f = 4.43MHz Chroma signal
	2	f = 15.75kHz Pulse
SG5		f = 15.75kHz Pulse (Frequency variable)
SG6		f = 15.75kHz Pulse (Peak value variable)

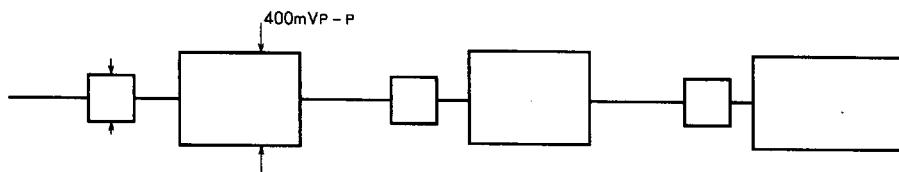
Note SG4 - 1 and SG4 - 2 should be synchronized.

## SUPPLEMENT

## 1. SG2



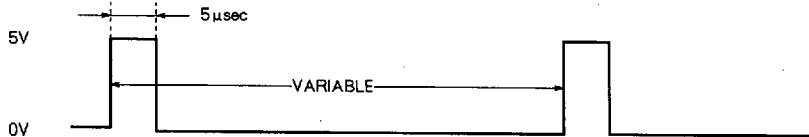
## 2. SG4 - 1



## SG4 - 2



## 3. SG5

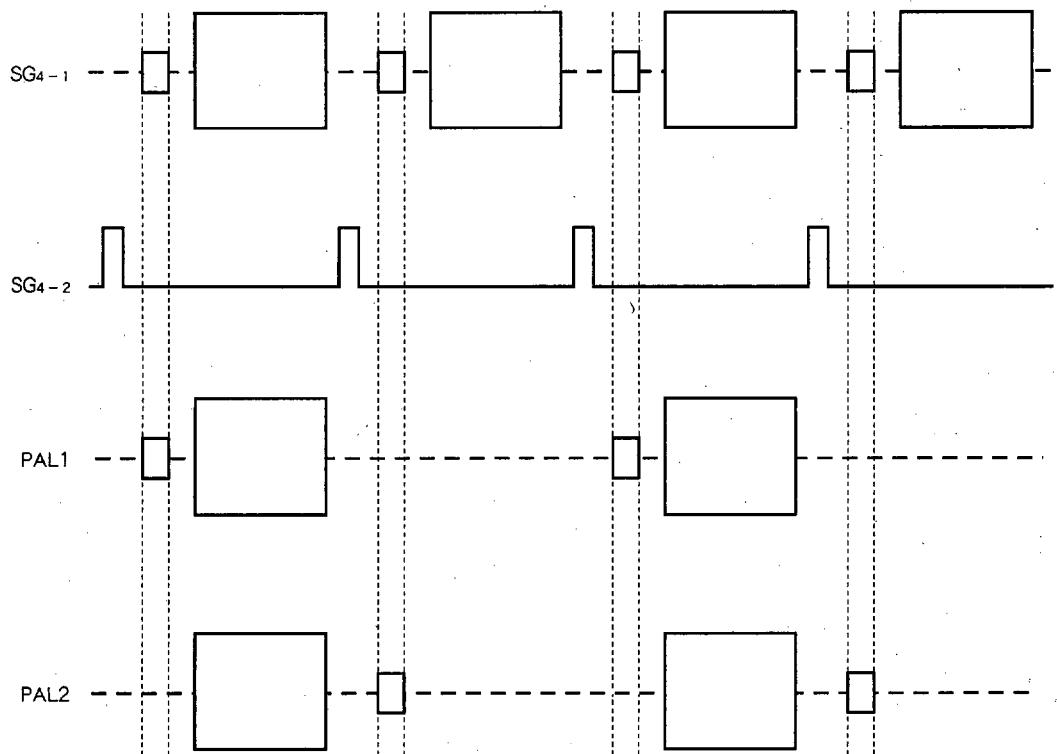


## 4. SG6



## 5. SG7

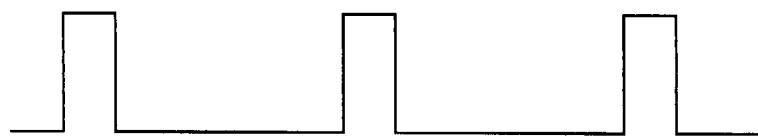


**NTSC/QUASI PAL TRANSCODER****Note 1. QUASI PAL OPERATING WAVEFORM TIMING**

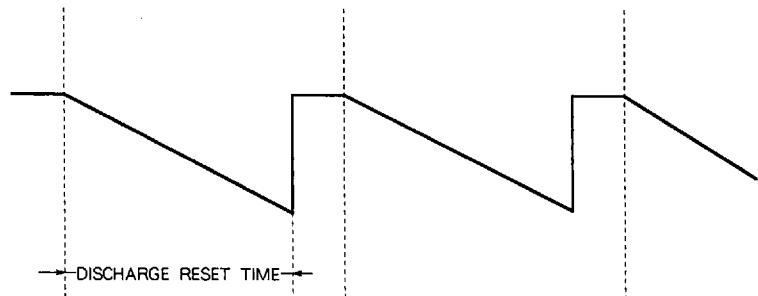
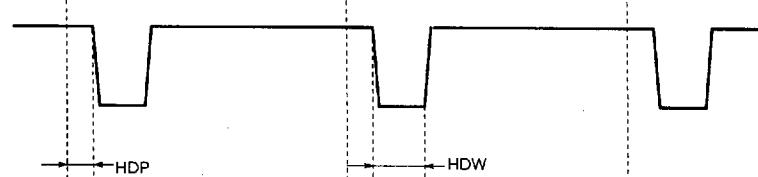
## NTSC/QUASI PAL TRANSCODER

## Note 2. EACH WAVEFORM TIMING

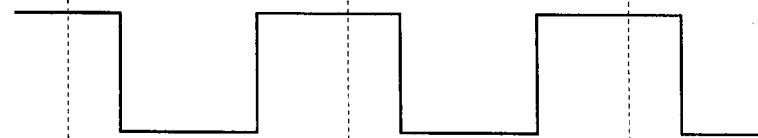
PIN ②



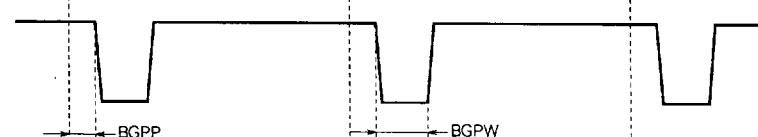
PIN ③

PIN ⑤  
(S5 = 1 LOCKED STATE)PIN ⑤  
(S5 = 2)

PIN ⑦



PIN ⑨



## VR6 Adjusting Procedure Before Measurement

- Free run frequency adjustment

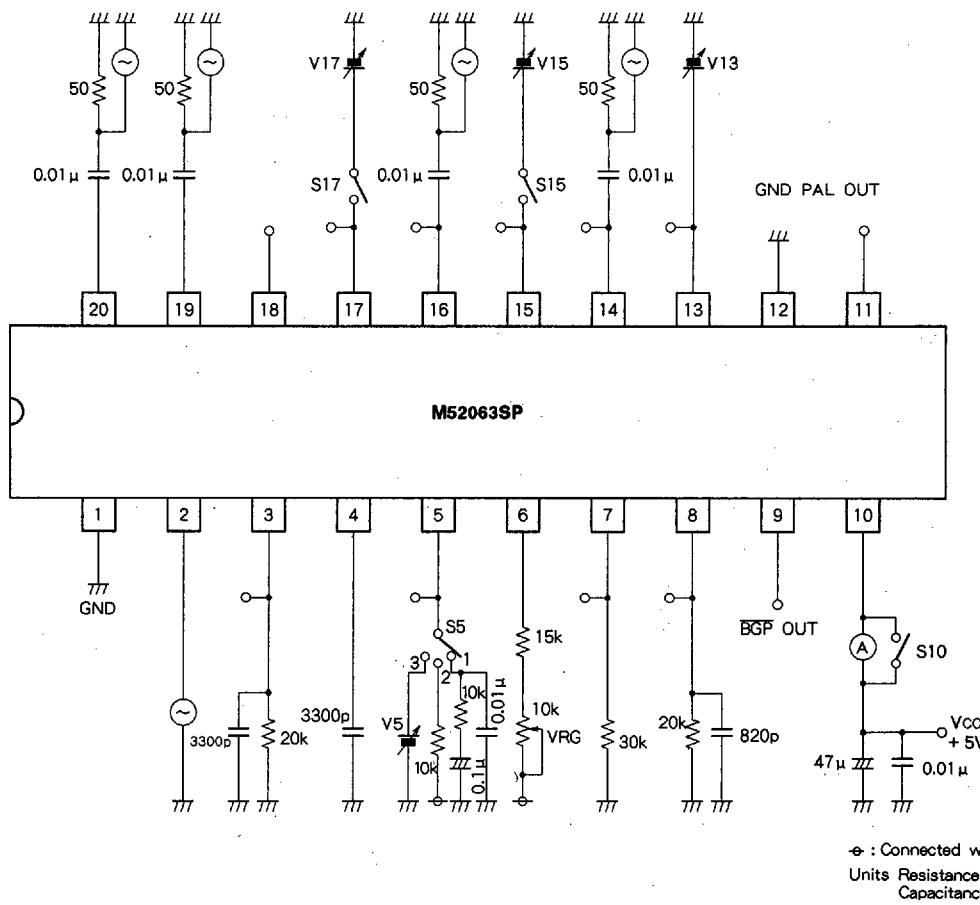
Input SG5 ( $f = 20\text{kHz}$ ) to pin ② in the measuring circuit.

Turn S15 ON and set V15 to 5V (free run mode). Adjust

VR6 such that the frequency of pin ⑦ waveform becomes 15.625kHz.

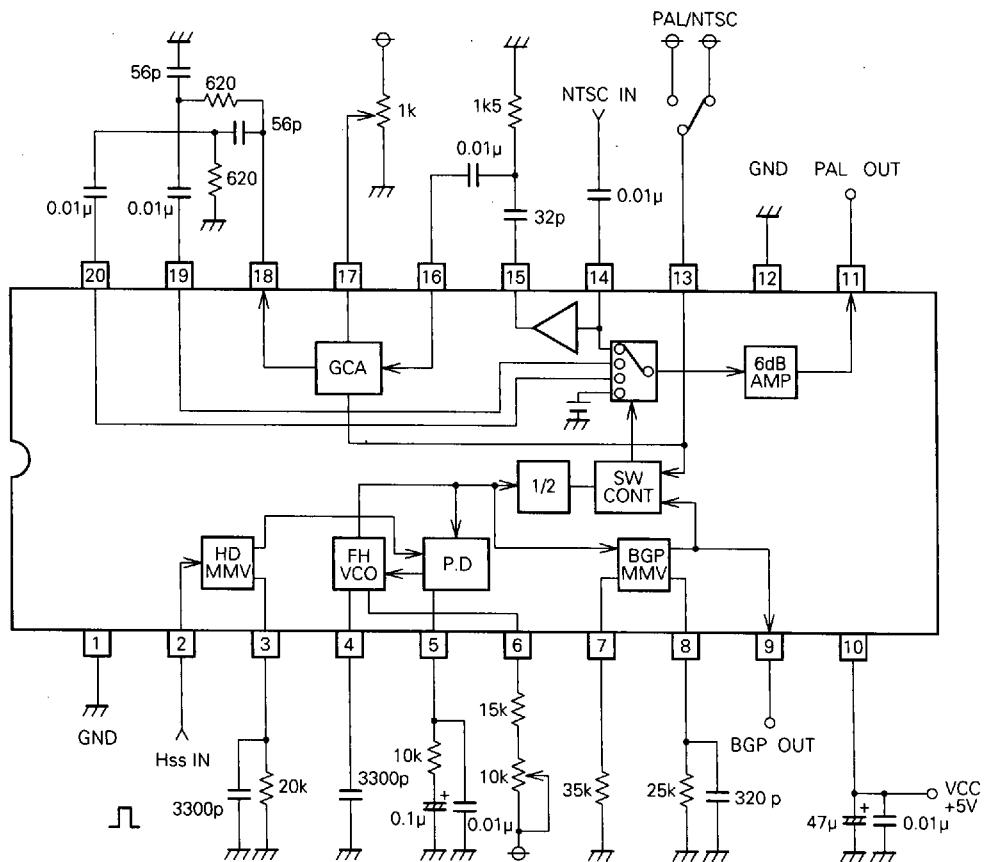
## NTSC/QUASI PAL TRANSCODER

## TEST CIRCUIT



## NTSC/QUASI PAL TRANSCODER

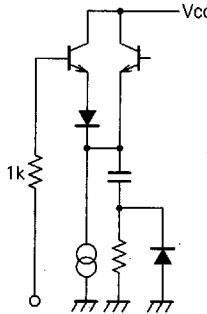
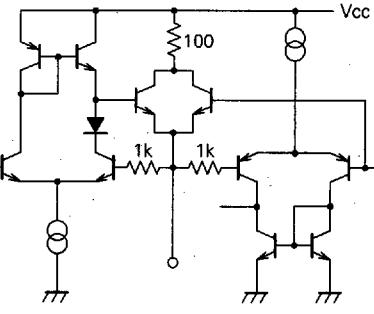
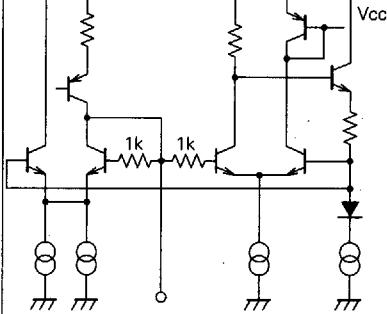
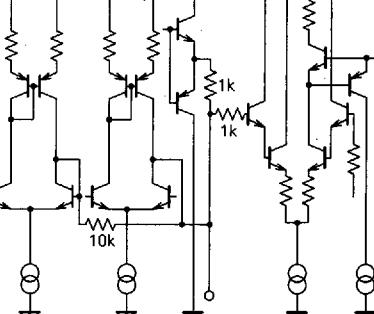
## APPLICATION EXAMPLE



Units Resistance :  $\Omega$   
Capacitance : F

## NTSC/QUASI PAL TRANSCODER

## DESCRIPTION OF PIN

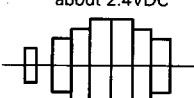
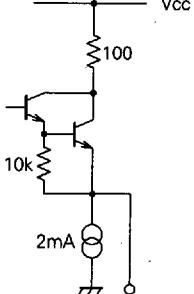
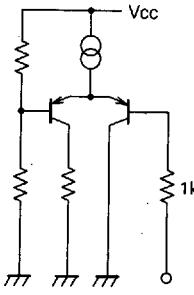
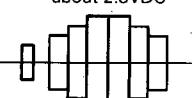
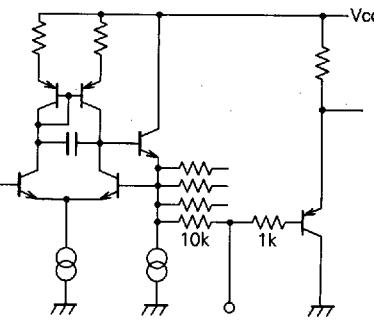
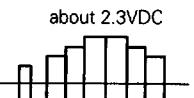
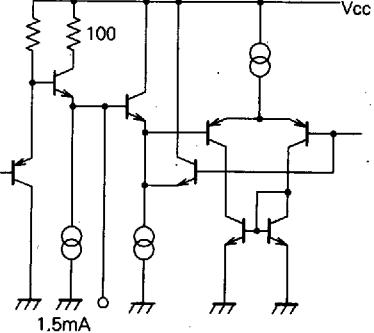
Pin No.	Name	Voltage and wave information	Peripheral circuit of pins
①	DIG GND	—	—
②	Hss IN	5.0VDC 0.0VDC	
③	HALF H KILL	about 3.0VDC about 1.5VDC (2 pin Hss input)	
④	OSC CAP	about 3.5VDC  about 3.2VDC	
⑤	AFC FILTER	about 3.0VDC (2 pin Hss input)	

## DESCRIPTION OF PIN (cont.)

Pin No.	Name	Voltage and wave information	Peripheral circuit of pins
⑥	for Adj	about 3.0VDC	
⑦	BGP POSI	about 3.0VDC about 1.5VDC	
⑧	BGP WIDTH	about 3.0VDC about 2.0VDC	
⑨	BGP OUT	about 4.2VDC about 0.0VDC	
⑩	Vcc	5.0VDC	—

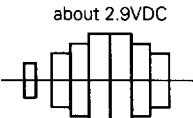
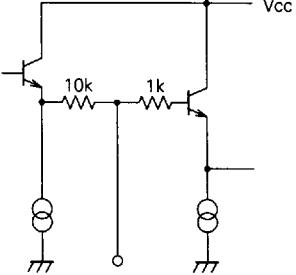
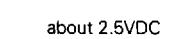
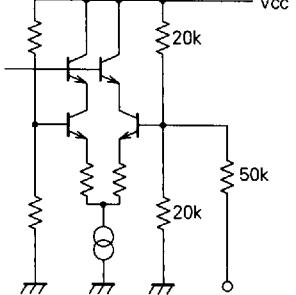
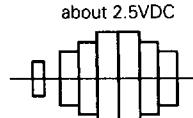
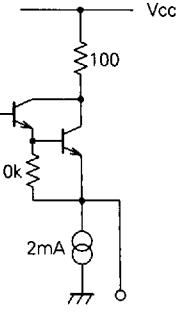
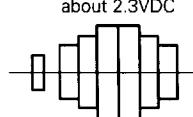
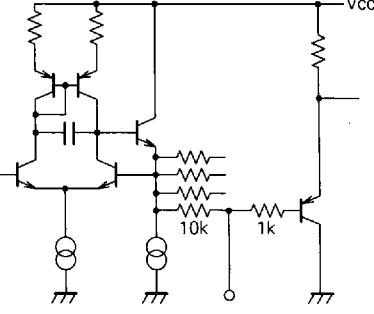
## NTSC/QUASI PAL TRANSCODER

## DESCRIPTION OF PIN (cont.)

Pin No.	Name	Voltage and wave information	Peripheral circuit of pins
⑪	PAL OUT	about 2.4VDC 	
⑫	ANA GND	—	—
⑬	PAL/NTSC	—	
⑭	NTSC IN	about 2.3VDC 	
⑮	H.P. IN	about 2.3VDC 	

## NTSC/QUASI PAL TRANSCODER

## DESCRIPTION OF PIN (cont.)

Pin No.	Name	Voltage and wave information	Peripheral circuit of pins
⑯	H.P OUT	 about 2.9VDC	
⑰	GCA CONT	 about 2.5VDC	
⑱	Burst OUT	 about 2.5VDC	
⑲	- 45 IN	 about 2.3VDC	

## DESCRIPTION OF PIN (cont.)

Pin No.	Name	Voltage and wave information	Peripheral circuit of pins
(20)	+ 45 IN	about 2.3VDC 