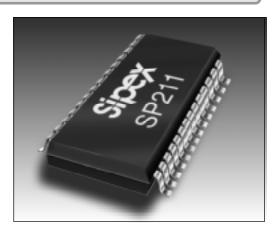


SP200/204/205/206/207/208/211/213

+5V High-Speed RS-232 Transceivers with 0.1µF Capacitors

- 0.1µF External Charge Pump Capacitors
- 120kbps Data Rate
- Standard SOIC and SSOP Packages
- Multiple Drivers and Receivers
- Single 5V Supply Operation
- 1µA Shutdown Mode
- WakeUp Feature in Shutdown Mode
- Tri-State Receiver Outputs
- Meets All RS-232 and V.28 Specifications
- Improved Driver Output Capacity for Mouse Applications
- ±10kV ESD Protection*



DESCRIPTION...

The **SP200 Series** are multi–channel RS-232 line transceivers in a variety of configurations to fit most communication needs. All models in this Series feature low–power CMOS construction and **Sipex** patented (5,306,954) on-board charge pump circuitry to generate the $\pm 10V$ RS-232 voltage levels, using $0.1\mu F$ charge pump capacitors to save board space and reduce circuit cost. The **SP200**, **SP205**, **SP206**, **SP207B**, **SP211** and **SP213** models feature a low–power shutdown mode, which reduces power supply drain to $1\mu A$. A WakeUp function keeps the receivers active in the shutdown mode.

	Number of RS-232		No. of Receivers	No. of External			
Model	Drivers	Receivers	Active in Shutdown	0.1μF Capacitors	Shutdown	WakeUp	TTL Tri-State
SP200	5	0	0	4	Yes	No	No
SP204	4	0	0	4	No	No	No
SP205	5	5	0	None	Yes	No	Yes
SP205B	5	5	5	None	Yes	Yes	Yes
SP206	4	3	0	4	Yes	No	Yes
SP206B	4	3	3	4	Yes	Yes	Yes
SP207	5	3	0	4	No	No	No
SP207B	5	3	3	4	Yes	Yes	Yes
SP208	4	4	0	4	No	No	No
SP211	4	5	0	4	Yes	No	Yes
SP211B	4	5	5	4	Yes	Yes	Yes
SP213	4	5	2	4	Yes	Yes	Yes

Table 1. Model Selection Table

^{*}All driver outputs and receiver inputs characterized per MIL-STD-883C Method 3015.7

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other above those indicated in the operation sections of the specifications below is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods of time may affect reliability.

V _{CC} V ⁺	+6V (V _{CC} – 0.3V) to +13.2V
V	13.2V
Input Voltages	
<u>T</u> _{IN}	0.3V to (V _{cc} +0.3V)
R _{IN}	±20Ý
Output Voltages	
T	(V+. +0.3V) to (V0.3V)
R _{out}	0.3V to (V +0.3V)
Short Circuit Duration on Tour	Continuous
Power Dissipation	
Plastic DIP	375mW
(derate 7mW/°C above +70°C)	
Small Outline	27Fm\//
(derate 7mW/°C above +70°C)	

SPECIFICATIONS

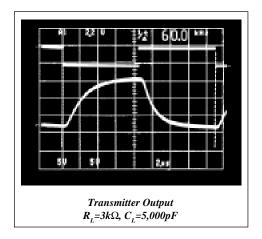
 $V_{cc} \text{ at nominal ratings; } 0.1 \mu \text{F charge pump capacitors; } T_{\text{MIN}} \text{ to } T_{\text{MAX}}, \text{ unless otherwise noted.}$

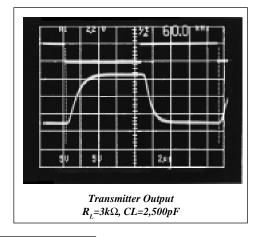
PARAMETER	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	CONDITIONS
TTL INPUTS					T _{IN} , EN, SD
Logic Threshold					
V _{IL}			0.8	Volts	
l V _{III}	2.0			Volts	
Logic Pullup Current		15	200	μΑ	$T_{IN} = 0V$
Maximum Data Rate	120			kbps	$C_{L}^{"} = 2,500 \text{pF}, R_{L} = 3 \text{k}\Omega$
TTL OUTPUTS		<u> </u>	Ĺ		
Compatibility		TTL/CMO	1	\ / - II -	
V _{OL}	3.5		0.4	Volts Volts	$I_{OUT} = 3.2 \text{mA}; V_{CC} = +5 \text{V}$
V _{OH} Leakage Current	3.5	0.05	±10	νοιιs μΑ	$I_{OUT}^{OOT} = -1.0 \text{mA}$ $EN = V_{CC}; 0V \le V_{OUT} \le V_{CC};$
Leakage Current		0.03	110	μΑ	$T_{\Lambda} = +25^{\circ}C$
RS-232 OUTPUT					. A . 25 C
Output Voltage Swing	±5	±7		Volts	All transmitter outputs loaded
Carpar remage criming					with $3k\Omega$ to ground
Output Resistance	300			Ohms	$V_{CC} = 0V; V_{OUT} = \pm 2V$
Output Short Circuit Current		±25		mA	Infinite duration
RS-232 INPUT					
Voltage Range	-15		+15	Volts	
Voltage Threshold					
LOW	0.8	1.2		Volts	$V_{CC} = 5V, T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ $V_{CC} = 5V, T_A = +25^{\circ}C$
HIGH	0.0	1.7	2.4	Volts	$V_{CC} = 5V, T_A = +25^{\circ}C$
Hysteresis Resistance	0.2 3	0.5 5	1.0 7	Volts kΩ	V _{cc} = +5V ±15V; T _s = +25°C
		5	/	K32	±15V, I _A = +25°C
DYNAMIC CHARACTERIST	ics 	4.5		_	DO 000 15 TTI
Propagation Delay Instantaneous Slew Rate		1.5	30	μs	RS-232-to-TTL
Instantaneous Siew Rate			30	V/μs	$C_L = 50 \text{pF}, R_L = 3-7 \text{k}\Omega;$ $T_A = +25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$
Transition Region Slew Rate		5		V/μs	$C_1 = 2,500 \text{pF}, R_1 = 3 \text{k}\Omega;$
Transmission region 2:311 Hate				Ι, μο	measured from +3V to -3V
					or –3V to +3V
Output Enable Time		400		ns	
Output Disable Time		250		ns	

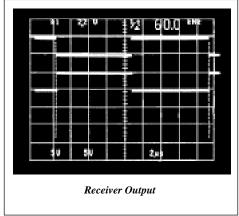
SPECIFICATIONS

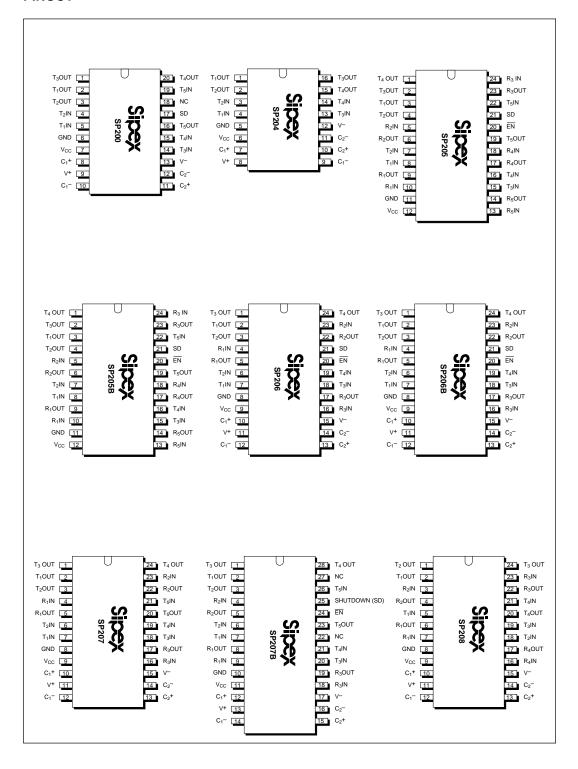
 $V_{\text{CC}} \text{ at nominal ratings; } 0.1 \mu\text{F charge pump capacitors; } T_{\text{MIN}} \text{ to } T_{\text{MAX'}} \text{ unless otherwise noted.}$

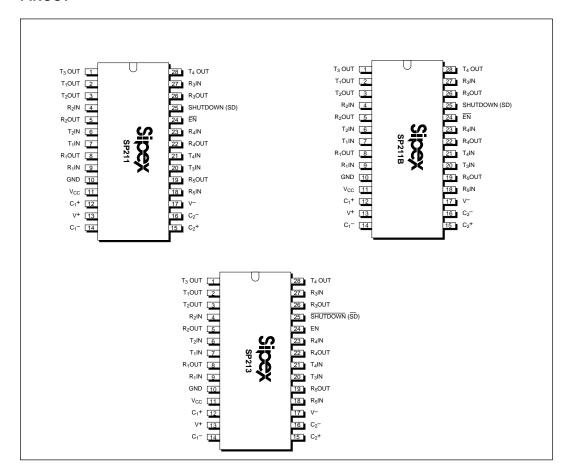
PARAMETER	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	CONDITIONS
POWER REQUIREMENTS					
V _{cc}					
SP200, SP205, SP207 an	d SP207B				
	4.75	5.00	5.25	Volts	
All other parts	4.50	5.00	5.50	Volts	
I _{cc}					$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$
		4	10	mA	No load; $V_{cc} = \pm 10\%$
		20		mA	All transmitters $R_L = 3k\Omega$
Shutdown Current		1	10	μΑ	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$
ENVIRONMENTAL AND ME	ENVIRONMENTAL AND MECHANICAL				
Operating Temperature					
Commercial, -C	0		+70	°C	
Extended, -E	-40		+85	°C	
Storage Temperature	-65		+125	°C	
Package					
-A	Shrink (SSOP) small outline				
_T	Wide	(SOIC) sı	mall outlin	е	











FEATURES...

The **SP200 Series** multi–channel RS-232 line transceivers provide a variety of configurations to fit most communication needs, especially those applications where $\pm 12V$ is not available. All models in this Series feature low–power CMOS construction and **Sipex** proprietary onboard charge pump circuitry to generate the $\pm 10V$ RS-232 voltage levels. The ability to use $0.1\mu F$ charge pump capacitors saves board space and reduces circuit cost. Different models within the Series provide different driver/receiver combinations to match any application requirement.

The SP200, SP205, SP206, SP207B, SP211 and SP213 models feature a low-power shutdown mode, which reduces power supply drain to 1µA. The WakeUp function keeps the receiv-

ers active in the shutdown mode, unless disabled by the \overline{EN} pin. Models with a "B" suffix are equipped with the WakeUp function.

Models in the Series are available in 28–pin SO (wide) and SSOP (shrink) small outline packages. Devices can be specified for commercial (0°C to +70°C) and industrial/extended (–40°C to +85°C) operating temperatures.

THEORY OF OPERATION Charge—Pump

The charge pump is a **Sipex** patented design (5,306,954) and uses a unique approach compared to older less–efficient designs. The charge pump still requires four external capacitors, but uses a four–phase voltage shifting technique to

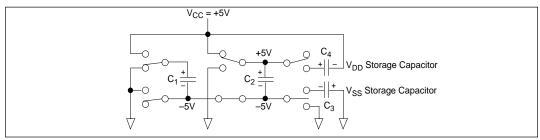


Figure 1. Charge Pump — Phase 1

attain symmetrical $\pm 10\text{V}$ power supplies. Figure 3a shows the waveform found on the positive side of capcitor C_2 , and Figure 3b shows the negative side of capcitor C_2 . There is a free–running oscillator that controls the four phases of the voltage shifting. A description of each phase follows.

Phase 1

— V_{ss} charge storage —During this phase of the clock cycle, the positive side of capacitors C_1 and C_2 are initially charged to +5V. C_1^+ is then switched to ground and the charge in C_1^- is transferred to C_2^- . Since C_2^+ is connected to +5V, the voltage potential across capacitor C_2 is now 10V.

Phase 2

— V_{ss} transfer — Phase two of the clock connects the negative terminal of C_2 to the V_{ss} storage capacitor and the positive terminal of C_2 to ground, and transfers the generated -10V to C_3 . Simultaneously, the positive side of capacitor C_1 is switched to +5V and the negative side is connected to ground.

Phase 3

— $V_{\rm DD}$ charge storage — The third phase of the clock is identical to the first phase — the charge

transferred in C_1 produces –5V in the negative terminal of C_1 , which is applied to the negative side of capacitor C_2 . Since C_2^+ is at +5V, the voltage potential across C_2 is 10V.

Phase 4

— $V_{\rm DD}$ transfer — The fourth phase of the clock connects the negative terminal of C_2 to ground, and transfers the generated l0V across C_2 to C_4 , the $V_{\rm DD}$ storage capacitor. Again, simultaneously with this, the positive side of capacitor C_1 is switched to +5V and the negative side is connected to ground, and the cycle begins again.

Since both V^+ and V^- are separately generated from $V_{\rm CC}$; in a no–load condition V^+ and V^- will be symmetrical. Older charge pump approaches that generate V^- from V^+ will show a decrease in the magnitude of V^- compared to V^+ due to the inherent inefficiencies in the design.

The clock rate for the charge pump typically operates at 15kHz. The external capacitors can be as low as $0.1\mu F$ with a 16V breakdown voltage rating.

The **SP200 Series** devices are made up of three basic circuit blocks — 1) transmitter/driver, 2) receiver and 3) the **Sipex** proprietary charge

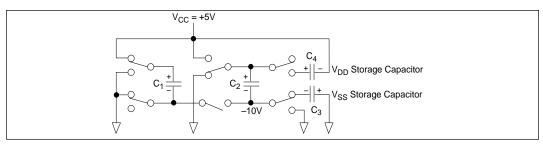


Figure 2. Charge Pump — Phase 2

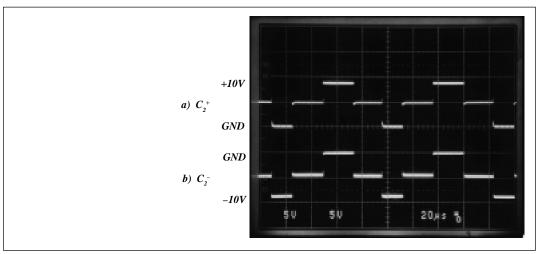


Figure 3. Charge Pump Waveforms

pump. Each model within the Series incorporates variations of these circuits to achieve the desired configuration and performance.

Transmitter/Driver

The drivers are inverting transmitters, which accept either TTL or CMOS inputs and output the RS-232 signals with an inverted sense relative to the input logic levels. Typically, the RS-232 output voltage swing is $\pm 9V$ with no load, and $\pm 5V$ minimum with full load. The transmitter outputs are protected against infinite short–circuits to ground without degradation in reliability. The drivers of the SP200, SP205, SP205B, SP206, SP206B, SP207B, SP211, SP211B and SP213 can be tri–stated by using the SHUTDOWN function.

In the "power off" state, the output impedance will remain greater than 300 Ohms, again satisfying the RS-232 specifications. Should the input of the

driver be left open, an internal 400kOhm pullup resistor to $V_{\rm CC}$ forces the input high, thus committing the output to a low state. The slew rate of the transmitter output is internally limited to a maximum of 30V/µs in order to meet the EIA standards (EIA RS-232D 2.1.7, Paragraph 5). The transition of the loaded output from high to low also meets the monotonicity requirements of the standard.

Receivers

The receivers convert RS-232 input signals to inverted TTL signals. Since the input is usually from a transmission line where long cable lengths and system interference can degrade the signal, the inputs have a typical hysteresis margin of 500mV. This ensures that the receiver is virtually immune to noisy transmission lines. Should an input be left unconnected, a 5kOhm pulldown resistor to ground will commit the output of the receiver to a high state.

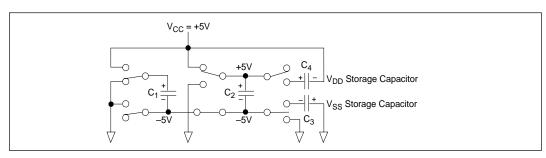


Figure 4. Charge Pump — Phase 3

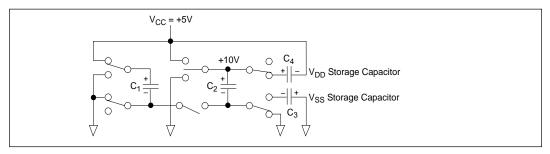


Figure 5. Charge Pump — Phase 4

SHUTDOWN MODE

The SP200, SP205, SP205B, SP206, SP206B, SP207B, SP211, SP211B and SP213 all feature a control input which will disable the device and reduce the power supply current to less than 10µA, making the parts ideal for battery-powered systems. In the "shutdown" mode the receivers and transmitters will both be tri-stated. The V⁺ output of the charge pump will discharge to V_{cc}, and the V⁻ output will discharge to ground. Products with the WakeUp function can enable or disable the receivers during shutdown.

For complete shutdown to occur and the 10µA power drain to be realized, the following conditions must be met:

SP200, SP205/B, SP206/B, SP207B and SP211/B:

- +5V must be applied to the SD pin
- ENABLE must be either 0V, +5.0V or not connected
- the transmitter inputs must be either +5.0V or not connected
- V_{CC} must be +5V
- Receiver inputs must be >0V and <+5V

SP213:

- 0V must be applied to the \overline{SD} pin
- ENABLE must be either 0V, +5.0V or not connected
- the transmitter inputs must be either +5.0V or not connected
- V_{CC} must be +5V
- Receiver inputs must be >0V and <+5V

ENABLE

The SP205/B, SP206/B, SP207/B, SP211 and **SP213** all feature an enable input, which allows the receiver outputs to be either tri-stated or enabled. This can be especially useful when the receiver is tied directly to a microprocessor data bus. For the SP205/B, SP206/B, SP207/B and **SP211**, enable is active low; that is, 0V applied to the ENABLE pin will enable the receiver outputs. For the **SP213**, enable is active high; that is, +5V applied to the ENABLE pin will enable the receiver outputs.

		SP213 Only		Power	Receiver
SD	EN	SD	EN	Up/Down	Outputs
0	0	1	1	Up	Enable
0	1	1	0	Up	Tri-state
1	0	0	1	Down	Enable
1	1	0	0	Down	Tri-state

Table 2. Wake-Up Truth Table

WAKEUP FUNCTION

The SP205B, SP206B, SP207B, SP211B and **SP213** have a wake-up feature that keeps two or more receivers in an enabled state when the device is in the shutdown mode. The SP213 has two receivers active (R₄ and R₅), while the SP205B, SP207B and SP211B have all receivers active during shutdown. With only the receivers active during shutdown, the devices draw 5–10µA of supply current.

A typical application of this function would be where a modem is interfaced to a computer in a power–down mode. The ring indicator signal from the modem could be passed through an active receiver in the SP2XXB/SP213 that is itself in the shutdown mode. The ring indicator signal would propagate through the SP2XXB/SP213 to the power management circuitry of the

computer to power up the microprocessor and the **SP2XXB/SP213** drivers. After the supply voltage to the **SP2XXB/SP213** reaches +5.0V, the SHUTDOWN pin can be disabled, taking the **SP2XXB/SP213** out of the shutdown mode.

All receivers that are active during shutdown maintain 500mV (typ.) of hysteresis.

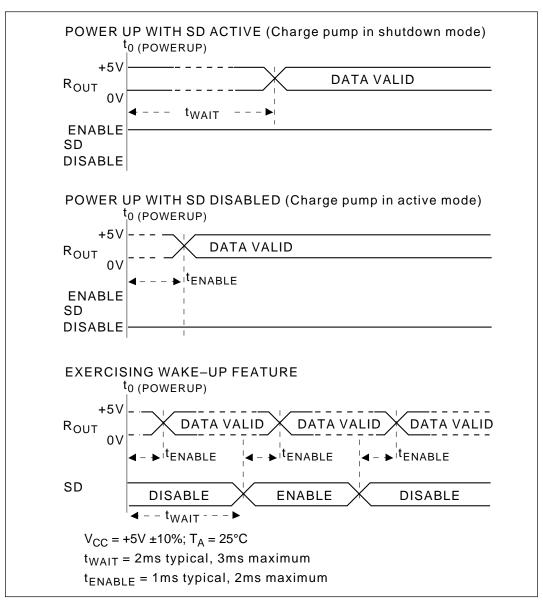


Figure 6. Wake-Up Timing

Specification	RS-232D	RS-423A	RS-422	RS-485	RS-562
Mode of Operation	Single-Ended	Single-Ended	Differential	Differential	Single-Ended
No. of Drivers and Receivers Allowed on One Line	1 Driver 1 Receiver	1 Driver 10 Receivers	1 Driver 10 Receivers	32 Drivers 32 Receivers	1 Driver 1 Receiver
Maximum Cable Length	50 feet	4,000 feet	4,000 feet	4,000 feet	C ≤ 2,500pF @ <20kbps; C ≤1,000pF @ >20kbps
Maximum Data Rate	20kbps	100kbps	10Mbps	10Mbps	64kbps
Driver output Maximum Voltage	±25V	±6V	-0.25V to +6V	-7V to +12V	-3.7V to +13.2V
Driver Output Signal Level Loaded Unloaded	±5V ±15V	±3.6V ±6V	±2V ±5V	±1.5V ±5V	±3.7V ±13.2V
Driver Load Impedance	3 – 7kohm	450 ohm	100 ohm	54 ohm	3–7kohm
Max. Driver Output Current (High Impedance State) Power On Power Off	V _{MAX} /300	100μΑ	±100μA	±100μΑ ±100μΑ	
Slew Rate	30V/μs max.	Controls Provided			30V/μs max.
Receiver Input Voltage Range	±15V	±12V	-7V to +7V	-7V to +12V	±15V
Receiver Input Sensitivity	±3V	±200mV	±200mV	±200mV	±3V
Receiver Input Resistance	3–7kohm	4kohm min.	4kohm min.	12kohm min.	3–7kohm

Table 3. EIA Standard Definitions

EIA STANDARDS

The Electronic Industry Association (EIA) developed several standards of data transmission which are revised and updated in order to meet the requirements of the industry. In data processing, there are two basic means of communicating between systems and components. The RS-232 standard was first introduced in 1962 and, since that time, has become an industry standard.

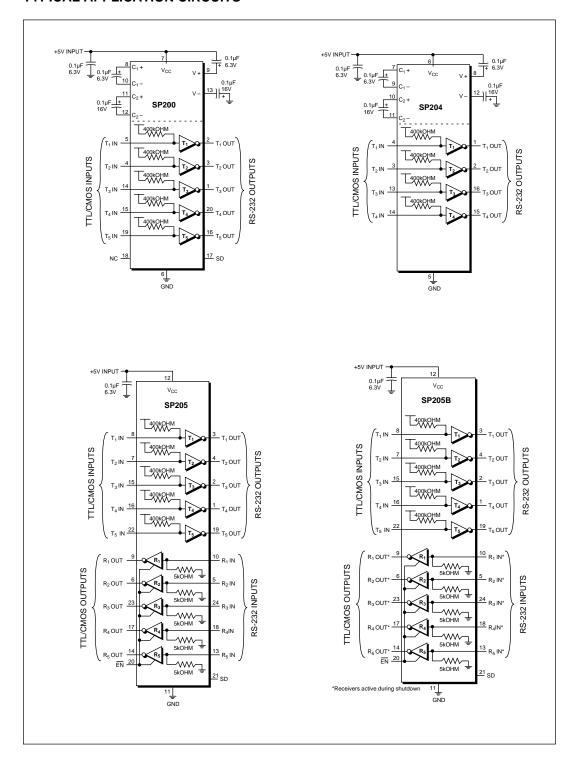
The RS-232 is a relatively slow data exchange protocol, with a maximum baud rate of only 20kbaud, which can be transmitted over a maximum copper wire cable length of 50 feet. The **SP200** through **SP213** Series of data communications interface products have been designed

to meet both the EIA protocol standards, and the needs of the industry.

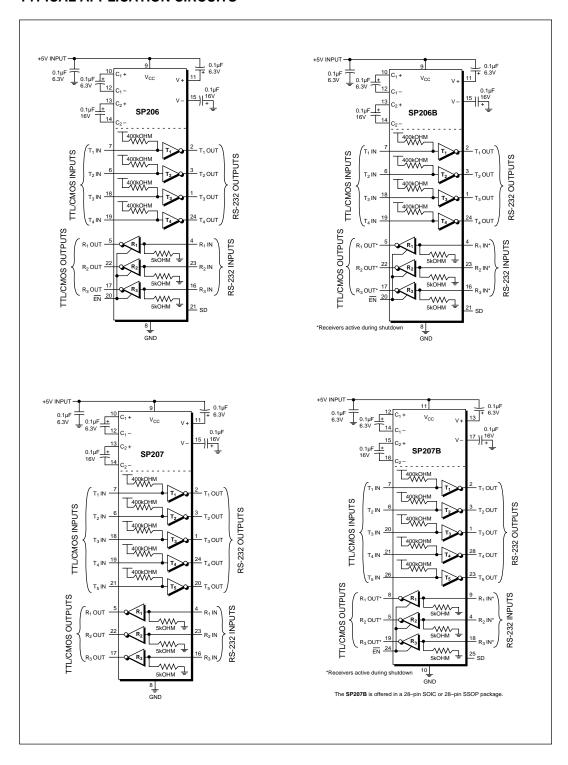
±10kV ESD PROTECTION

The **SP200** Series is equipped with **Sipex**-proprietary ESD protection circuitry on all RS-232 inputs and outputs. The **SP200** Series has been characterized using MIL-STD-883C Method 3015.7 Human Body Model. Each device in the family can withstand up to $\pm 10 \text{kV}$ of static discharge on all RS-232 inputs and outputs. All other pins of each device will maintain $\geq \pm 2 \text{kV}$ of ESD protection.

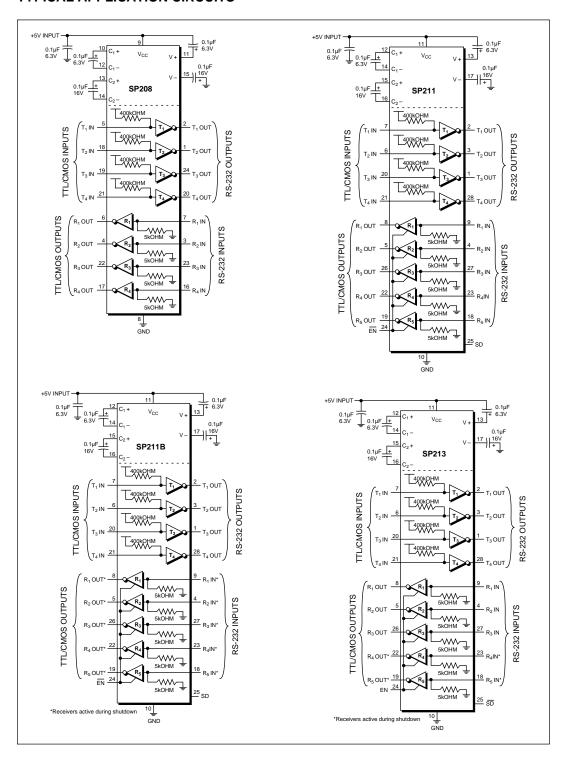
TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUITS



TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUITS



TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUITS



ORDERING INFORMATION **RS-232 Transceivers:** Model Drivers Receivers Temperature Range Package Type SP208CP 4 4 0°C to +70°C 24-pin Plastic DIP RS-232 Transmitters: RS-232 Transmitters with Low-Power Shutdown: **SP200ET** 5 0 -40°C to +85°C 20-pin SOIC RS-232 Transceivers with Low-Power Shutdown and Tri-state Enable: Model Drivers Receivers Temperature Range Package Type **SP206EA** 4 3 -40°C to +85°C 24-pin SSOP

ORDERING INFORMATION

RS-232 Transceivers with Low–Power Shutdown, Tri–state Enable, and Wake–Up Function:

Model Drivers Receivers	Temperature Range Package Type
SP205BCP 5 5, with 5 active in Shutdown	0°C to +70°C 24–pin Plastic Double–WidthDIP
SP205BEP 5 5, with 5 active in Shutdown	–40°C to +85°C 24–pin Plastic Double–Width DIP
SP206BCA 4 3, with 3 active in Shutdown	0°C to +70°C
SP206BCP 4 3, with 3 active in Shutdown	0°C to +70°C 24–pin Plastic DIP
SP206BCT 4 3, with 3 active in Shutdown	0°C to +70°C
SP206BEA 4 3, with 3 active in Shutdown	–40°C to +85°C24–pin SSOP
SP206BEP 4 3, with 3 active in Shutdown	–40°C to +85°C 24–pin Plastic DIP
SP206BET 4 3, with 3 active in Shutdown	–40°C to +85°C 24–pin SOIC
SP207BCA 5 3, with 3 active in Shutdown	0°C to +70°C
SP207BCT 5 3, with 3 active in Shutdown	0°C to +70°C
SP207BEA 5 3, with 3 active in Shutdown	–40°C to +85°C
SP207BET 5 3, with 3 active in Shutdown	–40°C to +85°C
SP211BCA 4 5, with 5 active in Shutdown	0°C to +70°C
SP211BCT 4 5, with 5 active in Shutdown	0°C to +70°C
SP211BEA 4 5, with 5 active in Shutdown	–40°C to +85°C
SP211BET 4 5, with 5 active in Shutdown	–40°C to +85°C
SP213CA 4 5, with 2 active in Shutdown	0°C to +70°C
SP213CT 4 5, with 2 active in Shutdown	0°C to +70°C
SP213EA 4 5, with 2 active in Shutdown	–40°C to +85°C
SP213ET 4 5, with 2 active in Shutdown	–40°C to +85°C



SIGNAL PROCESSING EXCELLENCE

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