



#### **General Description**

The DM562AP integrated modem is a two-chipset design that provides a complete solution for stateof-the-art, voice-band Plain Old Telephone Switching (POTS) communication. The modem provides for Data (up to 56,000bps), Fax (up to

ban0bps), Voice and Full Duplex Speaker-phone functions to comply with various international standards.

The design of the DM562AP is optimized for desktop personal computer applications, embedded microprocessor applications and Multi-Function Peripheral (MFP) FAX application. It provides a low cost, highly reliable, maximum integration, with the minimum amount of support required. The DM562AP modem can operate over a dial-up network (PSTN) or 2 wire leased lines.

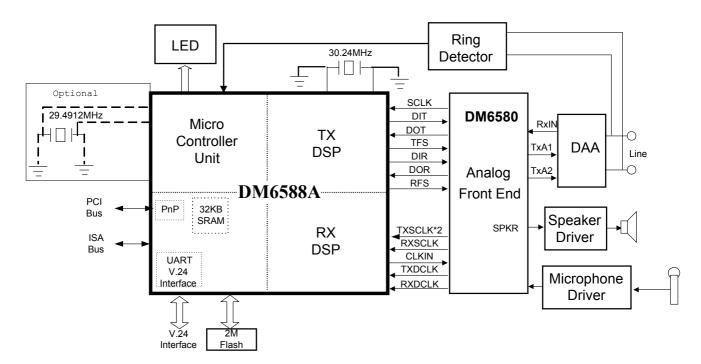
The modem integrates auto dial and answer capabilities, asynchronous data transmissions, serial and parallel interfaces, various tone detection schemes and data test modes.

The DM562AP modem reference design is preapproved for FCC part 68 and provides minimum design cycle time, with minimum cost to insure the maximum amount of success.

The simplified modem system, shown in figure below. illustrates the basic interconnection between the MCU, DSP, AFE and other basic components of a modem. The individual elements of the DM562AP

- DM6580 Analog Front End (AFE). 48-pin LQFP
- DM6588A ITU-T V.90 integrated Processors with 32K bytes SRAM built in 128-pin QFP package

#### **Block Diagram**



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### DM562AP



### V.90 integrated Data/ Fax/ Voice/ Speaker Phone Modem Device Single Chip With Memory Built in

#### **Features**

- Data
  - ITU-T V.90 (56000 to 28000 bps)
  - ITU-T V.34 (33600 to 2400 bps)
  - ITU-T V.32bis (14400, 12000, 9600, 7200, 4800bps)
  - ITU-T V.32 (9600, 4800bps)
  - ITU-T V.22bis (2400, 1200bps)
  - ITU-T V.22 (1200bps)
  - ITU-T V.23 (1200/75bps)
  - ITU-T V.21 (300bps)
  - Bell 212A (1200bps)
  - Bell 103 (300bps)
- Fax
  - ITU-T V.34 (33600 to 2400bps)
  - ITU-T V.17 (14400, 12000, 9600,7200bps)
  - ITU-T V.29 (9600, 7200bps)
  - ITU-T V.27ter (4800, 2400bps)
  - ITU-T V.21 Channel 2 (300bps)
  - Group III, Class 1
  - Support ECM mode
  - Automatic rate adaptation in V.34 halfduplex mode
- Data Error Correction
  - MNP Class 4
  - ITU-T V.42 LAPM
- Data Compression
  - MNP Class 5
  - ITU-T V.42bis
- Voice compression
  - 4 bit ADPCM (ITU-T)
  - 2, 3 an 4 bit ADPCM (Davicom proprietary)
  - 8 Bit PCM
- DTE Interface
  - DTE speed up to 115200bps

- Enhanced "AT" command set and S registers
  - TIA/EIA 602, ITU V.25 ter AT command Set
  - TIA/EIA 602, ITU V.25 ter AT command Set
  - TIA/EIA 578 Fax Class 1 command set
  - TIA/EIA IS-101 Voice command set
- Integrated UART 16550
- Parallel (ISA/PCI) and Serial (UART) interfaces
  - 6, 7 and 8 bit character support
  - Even, odd, mark and none parity detection and generation
  - 1 and 2 stop bit support
  - Auto DTE data speed detection through "AT"
- Support FSK Caller identification (Caller ID)
- Speakerphone
- Selectable world wide call progress tone detection
- Enhanced 8032 compatible micro-controller
- Power down mode
- Access up to 256K bytes external program memory
- Access up to 64K bytes external data memory
- NVRAM to store two user configurable, selectable profiles with three programmable telephone numbers
- 32K bytes SRAM built in

# Parallel bus for embedded microprocessor Compatible to ISA bus

#### PCI internal modem only

- PCI Plug and Play (PnP) support
- Compliant with PCI specification 2.1
- Compliant with PCI bus Power Management Interface Specification revision 1.0

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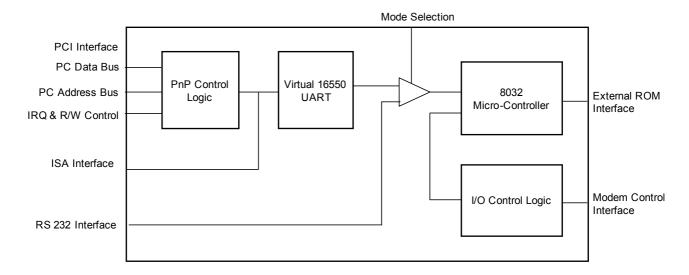
### **Chip 1:Integrated Processor Unit with PnP**

#### **DM6588A Description**

The DM6588A Modem Control Unit is designed for use in high speed internal and external modem applications. The DM6588A incorporates a 80C32 micro-controller, a virtual 16550A UART with FIFO mode, and Plug & Play control logic.

The DM6588A MCU performs general modem control functions, and is also designed to provide Plug and Play capability for PCI bus systems.

#### **DM6588A Block Diagram**



#### **DM6588A Features**

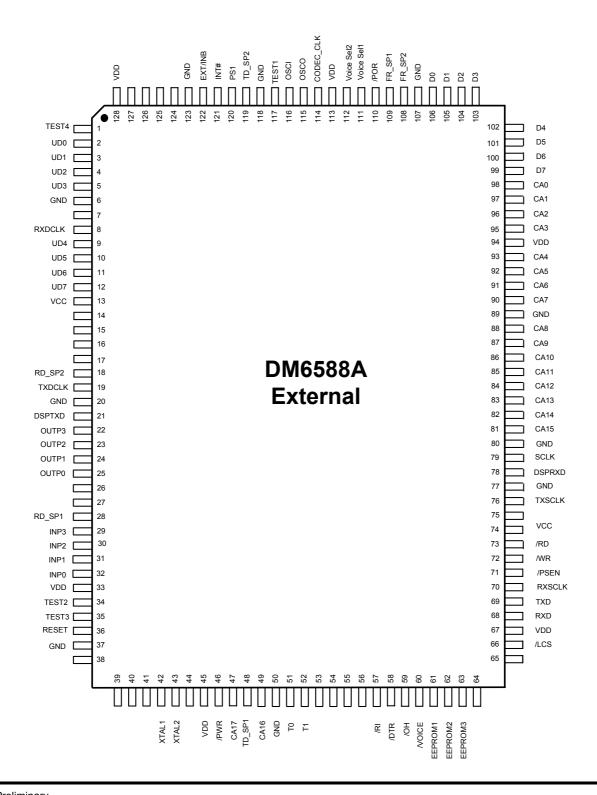
- Control interface support
- Supports parallel and serial interfaces
- Includes a 80C32 micro-controller
- 256K bytes maximum external program memory
- 64K bytes data memory built in
- Provides automatic Plug and Play or software configuration capabilities
- Virtual 16550A UART compatible parallel interface
- Fully programmable serial interface:
  - 6, 7 or 8-bit characters
  - Even, odd, mark and none parity bit generation and detection
  - 1 and 2 stop bit generation
  - Baud rate generation
  - Includes I/O control logic for modem control interface

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### DM6588A External Pin Configuration

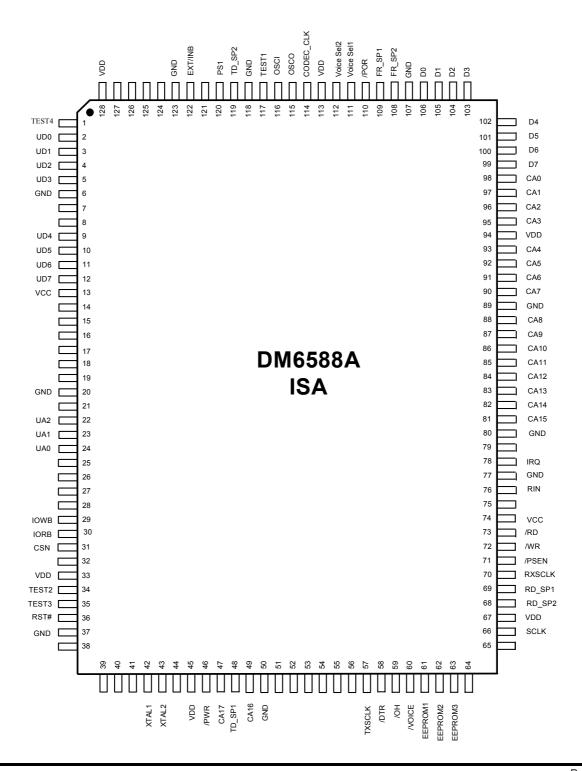


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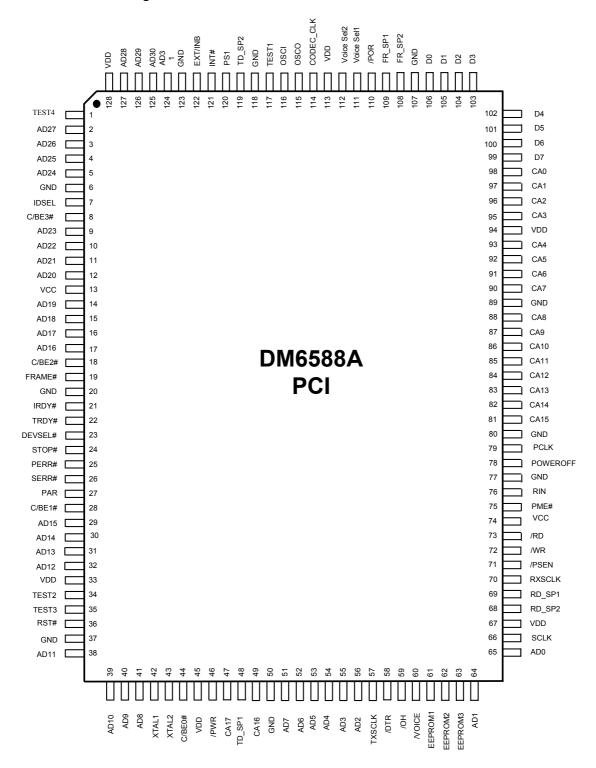
### DM6588A ISA Pin Configuration



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### DM6588A PCI Pin Configuration



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Pin No. External	Pin No. Internal PCI	Pin No. Internal ISA	Pin Name	I/O	Description
1	1	1	TEST4	I	Test pin 4, normal ground. External: N/C (low). PCI: N/C (low). ISA: connect to 3.3V.
2,3,4,5, 9,10,11, 12			UD0 - UD7	0	Modem Control Output, for external modem: Memory address mapping of the controller is E800H.
8			RxDCLK	I	Receive Data Rate Clock:(External) This pin is used as reference clock of DSPRXD pin.
18	68	68	RD_SP2	I	Data Input Pin Of The Serial Port 2: The serial data is sampled at the falling edge of the SCLK. The MSB is coming immediately after the falling of FR_SP2 signal.
19			TXDCLK	I	Transmit Data Rate Clock:(External) This pin is used as reference clock of DSPTXD pin.
21			DSPTxD	I	Modem Transmit Data (External) Shifted into DM6581/DM6582 from EIA port through this pin at the rising edge of TXDCLK.
28	69	69	RD_SP1	I	Data Input Pin Of The Serial Port 1: The serial data is sampled at the falling edge of the SCLK. The MSB is coming immediately after the falling of FR_SP1 signal.
6,20,37 50,77,80, 89,107, 118,123	6,20,37 50,80,89 107,118, 123	6,20,37 50,77,80, 89,107, 118,123	GND	Р	Ground
22, 23, 24, 25			OUTP3, OUTP2, OUTP1, OUTP0	0	Modem Control Output For external modem, these pins are bit7~4 of the modem control output. Memory address mapping of the controller is C800H.
29, 30, 31, 32			INP3, INP2, INP1, INP0	I	Modem Control Input:(External) These pins are bit3~0 of the modem control input. Memory address mapping of the controller is C800H.
33,45 67,94, 113,128	33,45, 67,94, 113,128	33,45, 67,94, 113,128	VDD	Р	+3.3V Power Supply
13,74	13,74	13,74	VCC	Р	+2.5V Power Supply
34	34	34	TEST2	I	Test pin 2,normal ground
35	35	35	TEST3		Test pin 3,normal ground
36			RESET	I	Reset: An active high signal used to reset the DM6588A.
42	42	42	XTAL1	ı	Crystal Oscillator Input
43	43	43	XTAL2	0	Crystal Oscillator Output
46	46	46	/PWR	0	Controller Program Write Enable:

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			<u> </u>	i					
					This pin is used to enable FLASH ROM				
					programming.				
48	48	48	TD_SP1	0	Data Output Pin Of Serial Port 1				
					The serial data is clocked out through this pin				
					according to the rising edge of SCLK. The MSB is				
					sent immediately after the falling edge of the				
					FR_SP1 signal.				
49	49	49	CA16	0	Bank Switch Control:				
47	47	47	CA17		These signals are used to switch external program				
					memory between banks.				
					CA16 CA17				
					Bank 0 0 0				
					Bank 1 1 0				
					Bank 2 0 1				
					Bank 3 1 1				
<u> </u>			TO						
51			T0		Controller Counter 0 Input				
52			T1	I	Controller Counter 1 Input				
57	76	76	/RI	l	Ring Signal Input				
76	57	57	TxSCLK*2	I	TxDSP Interrupt 1 Input				
58	58	58	/DTR	I	DTR Input Pin (P1.1)				
59	59	59	/OH	0	Hook Relay Control (P1.2)				
60	60	60	NOICE	0	Voice Relay Control. Modem Control Output				
			7.10.02		(memory map is bit 3 of DAA at memory address				
					D000H)				
61-63	61-63	61-63	EEPROM 1-3	I/O	EEPROM Control Pins (P1.4-P1.6)				
66	01-03	01-03	/LCS	1/0	Loop Current Detection. Modem Input Control:				
00			/LC3	Į.	· ·				
70	00		00114		This pin is mapped to bit0 of address D000H.				
79	66	66	SCLK	Į	Reference Clock For Serial Port 1 And Serial				
			DVD		Port 2				
68			RXD	1	Controller Serial Port Data Input				
69			TXD	0	Controller Serial Port Data Output				
70	70	70	RxSCLK	I	Rx DSP Interrupt 3 Input				
71	71	71	/PSEN	0	Controller Program Store Enable:				
, ,	, ,	, ,	71 0214		This output goes low during a fetch from external				
					program memory.				
72	72	72	/WR	0	Controller External Data Memory Write Control				
					•				
73	73	73	/RD	0	Controller External Data Memory Read Control				
78			DSPRxD	0	Modem Received Data :(External)				
					Shifted out to the EIA port through this pin				
					according to the rising edge of RXDCLK.				
117	117	117	TEST1		Test pin 1, normal ground				
81,82,	81,82,	81,82,	CA15,CA14,	0	Controller Address Bus				
83,84,	83,84,	83,84,	CA13,CA12,						
85,86,	85,86,	85,86,	CA11,CA10,						
87,88	87,88	87,88	CA9,CA8						
90,91,	90,91,	90,91,	CA7 - CA0	0	Controller Address Bus				
92,93,	92,93,	92,93,	3, 1, 3, 10						
92,93, 95,96,	92,93, 95,96,	92,93, 95,96,							
30,30,	95,96,	30,30,							

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97,98	97,98	97,98			
99,100,	99,100,	99,100,	D7,D6,	I/O	Controller Data Bus
101,102,	101,102,	101,102,	D5,D4,		
103,104,	103,104,	103,104,	D3,D2,		
105,106	105,106	105,106	D1,D0		
108	108	108	FR_SP2	I/O	Frame Signal Of Serial Port 2
109	109	109	FR_SP1	I/O	Frame Signal Of Serial Port 1
110	110	110	/POR	0	DSP Reset Output
111	111	111	VOICE Se1 1	0	Modem Control Output
112	112	112	VOICE Se1 2		Memory map is bit 1-2 of DAA at memory address D000H
114	114	114	CODEC_CLK	0	20.16MHz Clock Output For DM6580 Chip
115	115	115	OSCO	0	Ontional Codes Vital alask systems
116	116	116	OSCI	1	Optional Codec X'tal clock output
				l l	Optional Codec X'tal clock input
117	117	117	TEST1	1	Test pin 1,normal ground
119	119	119	TD_SP2	0	Data Output Pin Of Serial Port 2 The serial data is clocked out through this pin according to the rising edge of SCLK. The MSB is sent immediately after the falling edge of the FR_SP2 signal.
120	120	120	PS1	0	Modem Control Port Select Output:  Memory address mapping of the controller is D800H.
122	122	122	EXT/INTB	I	Select Pin: Used to select internal or external operation.  0: internal modem, PCI or ISA.  1: external modem
7,14,15, 16,17,26, 27,38,39, 40,41,44, 53,54,55, 56,64,65, 75,121, 124,125, 126,127		7,8, 14,15,16, 17,21,25, 26,27,28, 32,38,39, 40,41,44, 51,52,53, 554,55,56, 64,65,75, 79,121, 124,125, 126,127	NC	N	NC

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DM6588A Pin Description-ISA Interface only

Pin No.	Pin Name	I/O	Description
2-5,	UD0-UD3,	I/O	Data Bus Signal:
9-12	UD4-UD7		These signals are connected to the data bus of the PC (or Host) I/O.
			They are used to transfer data between the PC and the DM6588A.
22-24	UA0-UA2	I	System Address:
			These signals are connected to the bus of PC (or Host) I/O. They are used to
			select the DM6588A offset UART I/O address.
29	/IOWB	I	I/O Write:
			An active low input signal used to write data to the DM6588A.
30	/IORB	I	I/O Read:
			An active low input signal used to read data from the DM6588A.
31	/CSN	I	Address Enable:
			This is an active low signal to enable the system address for DM6588A.
36	/RST	I	Reset:
			An active low signal used to reset the DM6588A.
78	IRQ	0	Interrupt Request:
			The active pin will go high when an interrupt request is generated from the
			DM6588A.

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DM65884 Pin Description-PCI Interface only

	DM6588A Pin Description-PCI Interface only						
Pin No.	Pin Name	I/O	Description				
78	POWEROFF	0	Power Off when high				
121	INT#	0	PCI Interrupt Request				
			This signal will be asserted low when an interrupt condition as defined in				
			CR5 is set and the corresponding mask bit in CR7 is not set.				
79	PCLK	- 1	PCI System Clock				
			This signal is the PCI bus clock that provides timing for all bus phases.				
			The frequency is 33MHz.				
75	PME#	0	Power Management Event				
			The signal indicates that a power management event.				
124-127,2-5	AD31-AD0	I/O	PCI Address & Data Bus				
9-12,14-17			These are the multiplexed address and data signals.				
29-32,38-41			DM6588A will decode each address on the bus and respond if it is the target				
51-56,64,65			being addressed.				
7	IDSEL	ı	Initialization Device Select				
			For the accesses to the configuration address space, the device select				
			Decoding is done externally and is signaled via this pin. This signal is asserted				
			high during configuration read and write access.				
8	C/BE3#	ı	PCI Bus Command/Byte Enable				
18	C/BE2#		During the address phase, these signals define the bus command or the type				
28	C/BE1#		of the bus transaction that will take place.				
44	C/BE0#		During the data phase, these pins indicate which byte lanes contain valid data.				
			C/BE0# applies to bit7~0 and C/BE3# applies to bit 31~24.				
19	FRAME#	ı	PCI Cycle Frame				
			This signal is driven low by the master to indicate the beginning and duration				
			of a bus transaction. It is deasserted when the transaction is in its final phase.				
21	IRDY#	I	PCI Initiator Ready				
			This signal is driven low when the master is ready to complete the current data				
			phase of the transaction. A data phase is completed on any clock both IRDY#				
			and TRDY# are sampled asserted.				
22	TRDY#	I/O	PCI Target Ready				
			This signal is driven low when the target is ready to complete the current data				
			phase of the transaction. During a read, it indicates that the valid data is				
			asserted. During write, it indicates that the target prepares to accept data.				
23	DEVSEL#	I/O	PCI Device Select				
			DM6588A asserts the signal low when it recognizes its target address after				
			FRAME# is asserted.				
24	STOP#	I/O	PCI Stop				
			This signal is asserted low by the target device to request the master device to				
			stop the current transaction.				
25	PERR#	I/O	PCI Parity Error				
		_	DM6588A will assert this signal low to indicate a parity error on any incoming				
			data.				
26	SERR#	0	PCI System Error				
			This signal is asserted low when an address parity is detected with PCICS bit31				
			enabled. The system error asserts two clock cycles after the address if an				
			address parity error is detected.				
L	1		1 b A				

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27	PAR	I/O	PCI Parity
			This signal indicates even parity across AD0~AD31 and C/BE0#~C/BE3#
			including the PAR pin. It is stable and valid one clock after the address phase.
36	RST#	I	Reset:
			An active low signal used to reset the DM6588A.
76	RIN	I	Ring Signal Input for Auxiliary Power
77	GND_AUX	Р	Auxiliary Ground

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#### **DM6588A Functional Description**

#### 1. Operating Mode Selection

The DM6588A can be used in internal or external modem applications. When operating as an internal modem, the EXT/INTB input (pin 122) must be attached to ground, and vice versa (VDD) when operating as an external modem.

External mode is operated with host by UART. Internal mode can support parallel (ISA) and PCI interface to host. The TEST4 input (pin 1) is for ISA or PCI selection.

#### 2. Micro-controller Program Memory

The DM6588A supports two bank switch control pins to switch external program memory among four banks. The DM6588A can access a total of 256K of external program memory.

Address mapping:

bank0: 00000H - 0FFFFH bank1: 10000H - 1FFFFH bank2: 20000H - 2FFFFH bank3: 30000H - 3FFFFH

For bank switching, three instructions must be included in software.

Switch to bank1:

CLR P1.3 SETB P1.7

JMP BANK 1 ADDRESS

Switch to bank2:

CLR P1.7 SETB P1.3

JMP BANK 2 ADDRESS

Switch to bank3:

CLR P1.7 CLR P1.3

JMP BANK 3 ADDRESS

Return to bank 0:

SETB P1.7 SETB P1.3

JMP BANK 0 ADDRESS

#### 3. Micro-controller Power Down Mode

An instruction that sets the register PD (PCON.1) will cause the 80C32 to enter power down mode. There are three ways to wake up the 80C32

- (1) Positive pulse signal occurring at the reset pin of the 80C32
- (2) Negative pulse occurring at /RI (P1.0) of the 80C32
- (3) Programming the PnP Wake Up Controller Register.

#### 4. Enhanced Internal Direct Memory

There are two 128 byte banks of internal direct memory in the 80C32. The system uses the lower 128 bytes under normal conditions. Switching to the upper bank is achieved by loading register 8FH.1 (SFR of the 80C32) with 1. Switching to the lower bank can be achieved by loading the same register with 0.

#### 5. Re-flash Program Memory

By setting 8FH.2 the system can switch program and data memory. If the system uses FLASH memory as program memory this function is used to re-flash program code by downloading the program to data memory then switching them.

#### Example:

SETB 8FH.2 LJMP 0000H

#### 6. Micro-controller I/O Description

**MODEM** expansion port: Address C800H (external only)

			bit4				
OUT	OUT	OUT	OUT	INP3	INP2	INP1	INP0
P3	P2	P1	P0				

Bit0 to Bit3: read only Bit4 to Bit7: write only

#### Modem Output Port 1 Register: Address D000H

Write only

Bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	Bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
				/Voice	Voice	Voice	/POR
					-sel2	-Sel1	

These 4 bits control the DM6588A output ports.

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<sup>\*</sup> For detailed information about the micro-controller, refer to the *Programmer's Guide to 8032.* 





Modem Output Port 2 Register: Address D800H

Write only

	<u> </u>						
bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
					/MUT	/PUL	/CID
					E	SE	

These 3 bits control the DM6588A output ports.

### Memory Mapping of Micro-controller 80C32:

Address	Description	External	Internal
C800H	GPIO OUTP3-OUTP0(Bit7~4);INP3~INP0(Bit3~0)	Y	N
D000H	DAA Port	Y	Y
D400H	UART Clock Register	N	Y
D800H	PS1 Port (Modem hybrid circuit control port)	Y	Y
DC0XH	HDLC registers	Y	Υ
E000H	Modem UART Status Register	N	Y
E400H	/RUCS Port(RX DSP Dual Port Registers)	Y	Y
E800H	Modem LED Output Port UD7~UD0	Y	N
EC00H	UART Baud Generator Divisor Latch Register	N	Υ
F000H	/TUCS Port (TX DSP Dual Port Register)	Y	Υ
F80XH	PCI Vender & Device ID Port Register	N	Υ

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#### 7. HDLC Description

#### **HDLC RxDataBits Register: Address DC00H**

Write only

Once the RxDataBit set to 1, the data in the RxBuffer will be transferred to RxFIFO. The transfer bit number is the same as the programming value of RxDataBits Register.

#### **HDLC RxBuffer: Address DC01H**

Write only

Receive data will be written to the RxBuffer and will be input to the RxHDLC circuit. The RxBuffer is 16 bytes

#### HDLC RxFiFo: Address DC01H

Read only

After the data has been passed from the RxBuffer to the RxHDLC circuit, the RxHDLC circuit will remove the 7eH patterns and transfer the results to the RxFIFO. There RxFIFO is 21 bytes wide.

#### **HDLC TxDataBits Register: Address DC02H**

Write only

Data written to TxDataBits will be presented to the TxFIFO. The data in TxFIFO will be transferred to TXHDLC circuit. The transfer bit number is the same as the value of TxDataBits register. If the TxFIFO is empty, a 7e pattern will be loaded to the TxFIFO. If TxFIFO is not empty and the data frame has the pattern of five consecutive "1", then the TXHDLC circuit will insert "0" automatically.

#### **HDLC TxFiFo Register: Address DC03H**

Write only

The original HDLC frame data will be loaded to the TxFIFO, presented to the input of the TxHDLC circuit. The TxFIFO is 21 bytes wide.

#### **HDLC TxBuffer: Address DC03H**

Read only

According to TxDataBits, the TxHDLC circuit will transfer the same number data bits to the TxBuffer. The TxBuffer is 16 bytes wide.

### **HDLC CNTL/STATUS Register: Address DC04H**

Bit0:TxReady0

0: indicates the data in the TxFIFO has deceased to zero and the HDLC circuit has transferred the 1<sup>st</sup> 7eH pattern.

1:indicates that the TxFIFO data is greater than or equal to the threshold value.

#### Bit1:Rxdata

0: all the data in the RxBuffer has been read.

1:Programed by software to indicate that all data in the RxDataBits register has been written to the RxBuffer.

#### Bit2:TxFIFO Threshold

0: TxFIFO threshold No. = 11

1: TxFIFO threshold No. =16

#### Bit3:TxFiFo Status

0:data No. in TxFIFO >= threshold 1:data No. in TxFIFO <= threshold

#### Bit4:Txdata

0:A write action to TxDataBites register will clear this bit.

1:Bit No. in TxBuffer = TxDataBits register.

#### Bit5: RxFIFO empty

0:data bytes No. in RxFIFO <>0 1:data bytes No. in RxFIFO = 0

#### Bit6: Reset

0:Normal state 1:reset HDLC circuit

### Zero Deletion In \_ buffer register: Address DC08H

write only

Controller write the original data to this temp buffer.

#### Zero Deletion Out buffer register: Address DC08H

read only

Controller read the result data from this buffer

### Zero Deletion Status/Rst register: Address DC09H

Bit0: data ready flag (read only)

1:data has been load to out \_ buffer. (clear automatically by a read from out buffer)

0: data has not been load to out buffer.

Bit1: frame end flag (read only)

1:Indicate end of HDLC frame (clear by a reset action)

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Bit2: fram ready flag (read only)

1:CRC check ok. 0:CRC check fail. Bit3: In \_ buffer empty flag

1:In \_ buffer empty (clear automatically by a

write to In buffer)

0:In \_ buffer not empty Bit7: reset bit (write only) 1:software reset

CRCL register: Address DC0AH (read only)

**CRCH register: Address DC0BH (read only)** 

# 8. Micro-controller Control Register for Internal Mode

#### **UART Clock (internal mode only)**

The internal clock of the virtual UART logic is fixed at 1.8432MHz. The clock is derived from an external 30MHz crystal. The UART 1.8432MHz clock will be obtained by division. When the operating frequency of the DM6588A controller changes, the divider should be changed accordingly. This divider is specified by the Configuration Register which can be written by the DM6588A controller. The address mapping of the register is D400H: (DM6588A controller memory mapping)

Bit 0: Always 0.

Bit 6-1: define the clock divider range from 2 to 64 (even number).

Bit 7: Not used.

#### **UART Clock Register: (internal mode only)**

Address D400H Reset State: 06H

Write Only

bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
Х	dat6	dat5	dat4	dat3	dat2	dat1	0

# **UART Baud Generator Divisor Latch Register: Address EC00H (internal mode only)**

Read only

bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	Bit2	bit1	bit0
dat7	dat6	dat5	dat4	dat3	Dat2	dat1	dat0

By reading this register, the micro-controller can monitor the value of the low byte divisor latch of the virtual UART baud generator (see DLL in next section) and determine the baud rate clock itself.

# Modem Status Control Register (MSCR): Address E000H (internal mode only)

Write only

bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
0	0	0	0	/CTS	/DSR	/DCD	/RI

This register contains information about the line status of the modem. The available signals are Ring Detect (/RI), Carrier Detect (/DCD), Data Set Ready (/DSR) and Clear To Send (/CTS).

# 9. Host Control Register for Virtual 16550A UART (internal mode only)

Receiver Buffer (Read), Transmitter Holding Register (Write): Address: 0 (DLAB=0)

Reset State 00h

bit7							
dat7	dat6	dat5	dat4	dat3	Dat2	dat1	Dat0

When this register address is read, it contains the parallel received data. Data to be transmitted is written to this register.

#### Interrupt Enable Register (IER): Address 1

Reset State 00h, Write Only

	_						
bit7	Bit	bit	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
	6	5					
0	0	0	0		Enable	Enable	Enable
				Modem	Line	TX	RX
				Status	Status	Holding	Data
				Intr	Intr	Register	Intr
						Intr	

This 8-bit register enables the four types of interrupts as described below. Each interrupt source can activate the INT output signal if enabled by this register. Resetting bits 0 through 3 will disable all UART interrupts.

Bit 0: This bit enables the Received Data Available and timeout interrupts in the FIFO mode when set to logic 1.

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Bit 1: This bit enables the Transmitter Holding Register Empty Interrupt when set to logic 1.

Bit 2: This bit enables the Receiver Line Status Interrupt when set to logic 1.

Bit 3: This bit enables the MODEM Status Interrupt when set to logic 1.

Bit 4-7: Not used

Interrupt Identification Register (IIR): Address 2 eset State 01h, Read only

Bit7	Bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
FIFO	0	0	0	D3:	D2:	D1:	D0:
Enable				INTD2	INTD1	INTD0	int
							Pendina

In order to provide minimum software overhead during data transfers, the virtual UART prioritizes interrupts into four levels as follows: Receiver Line Status (priority 1), Receiver Data Available (priority 2), Character Timeout Indication (priority 2, FIFO mode only), Transmitter Holding Register Empty (priority 3), and Modem Status (priority 4).

The IIR register gives prioritized information regarding the status of interrupt conditions. When accessed, the IIR indicates the highest priority interrupt that is pending.

Bit 0: This bit can be used in either a prioritized interrupt or polled environment to indicate whether an interrupt is pending. When this bit is a logic 0, an interrupt is pending, and the IIR contents may be used as a pointer to the appropriate interrupt service routine. When bit 0 is a logic 1, no interrupt is pending, and polling (if used) continues.

Bit 1-2: These two bits of the IIR are used to identify the highest priority interrupt pending, as indicated in the table below.

Bit 3: In character mode, this bit is 0. In FIFO mode, this bit is set, along with bit 2, when a timeout interrupt is pending.

Bit 4-6: Not used

Bit 7: FIFO always enabled.

Interrupt Identification Register (IIR): Address 2 (continued)

D3	D2	D1	D0	<b>Priority Level</b>	Interrupt Type	Condition	Reset
0	0	0	1	-	-	-	-
0	1	1	0	Highest	Receiver Line Status	, , ,	Reads the Line Status Register
0	1	0	0	Second	Receiver Data Available	Trigger Level Reached	Reads the Receiver Buffer Register or the FIFO has Dropped Below the threshold value
1	1	0	0	Second		No characters have been read from or written to the Rx FIFO during programming time interval, and the Rx FIFO is not empty	Reads The Receiver Buffer Register
0	0	1	0	Third	Transmitter Holding Register Empty	Ready to accept new data for transmission	Reads the IIR Register or (if source of interrupt) Writes To The Transmitter Holding Register
0	0	0	0	Fourth	Modem Status	Clear to Send, Data Set Ready, Ring Indicator or Data Carrier Detected	Reads the Modem Status Register

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#### FIFO Control Register (FCR): Address 2

Reset State 00h, write only

bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
<b>RCVR</b>	RCVR	0				RxFIFO	
Trig	Trig			Mode	Reset	Reset	Enable
(MSB)	(LSB)						

This is a write only register at the same location as the IIR, which is a read only register. This register is used to enable the FIFOs, clear the FIFOs, set the RxFIFO trigger level, and select the type of DMA signal.

Bit 0: FIFO Enable, This bit is always high

Bit 1: Writing a 1 to FCR1 clears all bytes in the RxFIFO and resets the counter logic to 0.

Bit 2: Writing a 1 to FCR2 clears all bytes in the TxFIFO and resets the counter logic to 0.

Bit 3: Setting FCR3 to 1 will cause the RXRDY and TXRDY pins to change from mode 0 to mode 1 if FCR0 = 1.

Bit 4-5: Reserved

Bit 6-7: FCR6, FCR7 are used to set the trigger level for the RxFIFO interrupt.

FCR6	FCR7	RxFIFO Trigger Level			
0	0	01			
0	1	04			
1	0	08			

#### Line Control Register (LCR): Address 3

Reset State 00h, Write Only

				,			
bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
DLAB	SBRK	STP	EPS	PEN	STB	WLS1	WLS0

This register is available to maintain compatibility with the standard 16550 register set, and provides information to the internal hardware that is used to determine the number of bits per character.

WLS1	WLS0	Word Length
0	0	5 bits
0	1	6 bits
1	0	7 bits
1	1	8 bits

Bit 0-1: WLS0-1 specifies the number of bits in each transmitted and received serial character.

Bit 2: STB specifies the number of stop bits in each transmitted character. If bit 2 is a logic 0, one stop bit is generated in the transmitted data. If bit 2 is a logic 1 when a 5-bit word length is selected via bits 0 and 1, one and a half stops are generated. If bit 2 is a logic 1 when either a 6-, 7- or 8-bit word length is selected, two stop bits are generated. The Receiver checks the first Stop-bit only, regardless of the number of Stop bits selected.

Bit 3: Logic 1 indicates that the PC has enabled parity generation and checking.

Bit 4: Logic 1 indicates that the PC is requesting an even number of logic 1s (even parity generation) to be transmitted or checked.

Logic 0 indicates that the PC is requesting odd parity generation and checking.

Bit 5: When bits 3, 4 and 5 are logic 1, the parity bit is transmitted and checked by the receiver as logic 0. If bits 3 and 5 are 1 and bit 4 is logic 0, then the parity is transmitted and checked as logic 1.

Bit 6: This is a Break Control bit. When it is set to logic 1, a break condition is indicated.

Bit 7: The Divisor Latch Access bit must be set to logic 1 to access the Divisor Latches of the baud generator during a read or write operation. It must be set to logic 0 to access the Receiver Buffer, the Transmitter Holding Register, or the Interrupt Enable Register.

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#### Modem Control Register (MCR): Address 4

Reset State 00h

bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
0	0	0	0	0	0	RTS	DTR

Bit 0: This bit asserts a Data Terminal Ready condition that is readable via port P1.1 of the microcontroller 80C32. When bit 0 is set to logic 1, the P1.1 is forced to logic 0. When bit 0 is reset to logic 0, the P1.1 is forced to logic 1.

Bit 1: This bit asserts a Request To Send condition that is readable via port P3.4 of the micro-controller 80C32. When bit 1 is set to logic 1, the P3.4 is forced to logic 0. When bit 1 is reset to logic 0, the P3.4 is forced to logic 1.

#### Line Status Register (LSR): Address 5

Reset State 60h, Read only

	bit6			bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
RCV	ETEMT	THRE	BI	FE	PΕ	OE	DR

This register provides status information to the host PC concerning character transfer. Bit 1-4 indicates error conditions that produce a Receiver Line Status interrupt whenever any of the corresponding conditions are detected. The Line Status Register is valid for read operations only.

Bit 0: Set to logic 1 when a received character is available in the RxFIFO. This bit is reset to logic 0 when the RxFIFO is empty.

Bit 1: An Overrun error will occur only after the RxFIFO is full and the next character has overwritten the unread FIFO data. This bit is reset upon reading the Line Status Register.

Bit 2: A logic 1 indicates that a received character does not have the correct even or odd parity as selected by the Parity Select bit. This error is set when the corresponding character is at the top of the RxFIFO. It will remain set until the CPU reads the LSR.

Bit 3: This bit is the Framing Error (FE) indicator. Bit 3 indicates that the received character did not have a valid stop bit. Bit 3 is set to a logic 1 whenever the stop bit following the last data bit or parity bit is detected as a zero bit (spacing level). The FE bit is reset whenever the CPU reads the contents of the Line Status Register. The FE error condition is associated with the particular character in the FIFO to which it applies. This error is revealed to the CPU when its associated character is at the top of the FIFO.

Bit 4: This bit is a Break Interrupt (BI) indicator. Bit 4 is set to logic 1 whenever the received data input is held in the Spacing (logic 0) state for longer than a full word transmission time (that is, the total time of Start bit + data bits + Parity + Stop bits). The BI indicator is reset whenever the CPU reads the contents of the Line Status Register. The BI error condition is associated with the particular character in the FIFO to which it applies. This error is revealed to the CPU when its associated character is at the top of the FIFO.

Bit 5: This bit is a Transmitter Holding Register Empty indicator. Bit 5 indicates that UART is ready to accept a new character for transmission. In addition, this bit causes the UART to issue an interrupt to the CPU when the Transmit Holding Register Empty Interrupt Enable is set high. The THRE bit is reset to logic 0 when the host CPU loads a character into the Transmit Holding register. In the FIFO mode, this bit is set when the TxFIFO is empty, and is cleared when at least 1 byte is written to the TxFIFO.

Bit 6: This bit is the Transmitter Empty indicator. Bit 6 is set to a logic 1 whenever the Transmitter Holding Register (THR) is empty, and is reset to a logic 0 whenever the THR contains a character. In FIFO mode, this bit is set to 1 whenever the transmit FIFO is empty.

Bit 7: In character mode, this bit is 0. In FIFO mode, this bit is set when there is at least one parity error, framing error, or break indication in the FIFO. If there are no subsequent errors in the FIFO, LSR7 is cleared when the CPU reads the LSR.

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#### Modem Status Register (MSR): Address 6

Reset State bit 0-3 : low , bit 4-7: Input Signal

1 COCL	reset state bit o o . low , bit + 7. Input signal						
bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
DCD	RI	DSR	CTS	DDCD	TERI	DDSR	DCTS

This 8-bit register provides the current state of the control lines from the Modem to the CPU. In addition, four bits of the Modem Status Register provide change information. These bits are set to a logic 1 whenever a control input from the Modem changes state. They are reset to logic 0 whenever the CPU reads the Modem Status Register.

Bit 0: This bit is the Delta Clear to Send (DCTS) indicator. Bit 0 indicates that the CTS (MSR Bit 4) has changed state since the last time it was read by the CPU.

Bit 1: This bit is the Delta Data Set Ready (DDSR) indicator. Bit 1 indicates that the DSR (MSR Bit 5) has changed state since the last time it was read by the CPU.

Bit 2: This bit is the Trailing Edge of Ring indicator. Bit 2 indicates that the RI (MSR Bit 6) has changed from a low to a high state.

Bit 3: This bit is the Delta Data Carrier Detect (DDCD) indicator. Bit 3 indicates that the DCD (MSR Bti 7) has changed state.

Note: Whenever bit 0, 1, 2 or 3 is set to a logic 1, a Modem Status Interrupt is generated.

Bit 4: This bit reflects the value of MSR Bit 4 (CTS).

Bit 5: This bit reflects the value of MSR Bit 5 (DSR).

Bit 6: This bit reflects the value of MSR Bit 6 (RI).

Bit 7: This bit reflects the value of MSR Bit 7 (DCD).

#### Scratch Register (SCR): Address 7

Reset State 00h

This 8-bit Read/Write Register does not control the UART in any way. It is intended as a Scratch Pad Register to be used by the programmer to hold data temporarily.

Divisor Latch (DLL): Address 0 (DLAB = 1)
Reset State 00h

1	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
	DAT7	DAT6	DAT5	DAT4	DAT3	DAT2	DAT1	DAT0

This register contains baud rate information from the host PC. The PC sets the Divisor Latch Register values.

**Divisor Latch (DLM): Address 1 (DLAB = 1)**Reset State 00h

						bit2		
ı	DAT7	DAT6	DAT5	DAT4	DAT3	DAT2	DAT1	DAT0

This register contains baud rate information from the host PC.

Note:Two 8-bit latches (DLL-DLM) store the divisor in 16-digit binary format. The desired baud rate can be obtained by dividing the 115200Hz clock by the divisor.

Desired Baud Rate	Divisor Value
50	2304
75	1536
110	1047
150	768
300	384
600	192
1200	96
2400	48
4800	24
9600	12
19200	6
38400	3
57600	2
115200	1

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# 10. Micro-controller Control Register for PCI interface

# PCI Vender ID Low Byte Data Port: Address F800H (pci only)

Write only

This port configures PCI Vender ID low byte.( Offset 00 of PCI configuration register space)

# PCI Vender ID High Byte Data Port: Address F801H (pci only)

Write only

This port configures PCI Vender ID high byte. (Offset 01 of PCI configuration register space)

#### PCI Device ID Low Byte Data Port: Address F802H

Write only

This port configures PCI Device ID low byte. (Offset 02 of PCI configuration register space)

#### PCI Device ID High Byte Data Port: Address F803H

Write only

This port configures PCI Device ID low byte.( Offset 00 of PCI configuration register space)

# PCI Subsystem Vender ID Low Byte Data Port: Address F804H (pci only)

Write only

This port configures PCI Subsystem Vender ID low byte. (Offset 2C of PCI configuration register space)

# PCI Subsystem Vender ID High Byte Data Port: Address F805H (pci only)

Write only

This port configures PCI Subsystem Vender ID high byte. (Offset 2D of PCI configuration register space)

# PCI Subsystem Device ID Low Byte Data Port: Address F806H

Write only

This port configures PCI Subsystem Device ID low byte. (Offset 2E of PCI configuration register space)

# PCI Subsystem Device ID High Byte Data Port: Address F807H

Write only

This port configures PCI Subsystem Device ID low

# byte. (Offset 2F of PCI configuration register space) PCI Power Management New Capability: Address F808H, Bit 4 (pci only)

Write only

This bit configures if support PCI Power Management. (Offset 06 bit 4 of PCI configuration register space)

# PCI Power Management Power State: Address F809H, Bit[1..0] (pci only)

Write / Read

These bits configures PCI Power management Power State. (Offset 54 bit [1..0] of PCI configuration register space)

# PCI Power Management PME\_STATUS: Address F80AH, Bit 1

Write only

This bit configures PCI Power status. (Offset 55 bit 7 of PCI configuration register space)

# PCI Power Management PME\_EN: Address F80AH, Bit 0

Write only

This bit configures PCI if enable PME wake up (Offset 55 bit 0 of PCI configuration register space)

# PCI PME\_D3\_Support: Address F80BH, Bit 0

Write only

This port configures PCI if support PME wake up at D3 state. (Offset 53 bit [8..7] of PCI configuration register space)

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#### 11. PCI Configuration Register Definition

The definitions of PCI Configuration Registers are based on the PCI specification revision 2.1 and provides the initialization and configuration information to operate the PCI interface in the DM6588A. All registers can be accessed with byte,

word, or double word mode. As defined in PCI specification 2.1, read accesses to reserve or unimplemented registers will return a value of "0." These registers are to be described in the following sections.

**PCI Configuration Registers Mapping:** 

Description	Identifier	Address	Value of Reset
·		Offset	
Identification	PCIID	00H	6588A1282H
Command & Status	PCICS	04H	04100001H
Revision	PCIRV	08H	07000210H
Miscellaneous	PCILT	0CH	00000000H
I/O Base Address	PCIIO	10H	XXXXXXXx001
Reserved		14H - 28H	
Subsystem Identification	PCISID	2CH	undefined
Capability Pointer	CAP_PTR	34H	00000050H
Reserved		38H	
Interrupt & Latency	PCIINT	3CH	281401XXH
Power Management Register	PMR	50H	00110001H
Power Management Control & Status	PMCSR	54H	00000000Н

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**Configuration Register Structure** 

		Configuration Re	egister Structure		
	Dev	rice ID	Vendor	· ID	00H
Sta	atus (with b	oit 4 set to 1)	Comma		04H
	Cla	ass Code = 070002		Revisio	08H
В	IST	Header Type	Latency Timer	Cach Line Size	0CH
		Bass Address	Register CBIO		10H
		Rese	erved		14H
					18H
		Reser	ved		1CH
					20H
					24H
					28H
	Subsyste	m ID	Subsystem \	2CH	
		Rese	erved		30H
		Reserved		Cap_Ptr	34H
		Rese	erved		38H
Max	x_Lat	Min_Gnt	Interrupt Pin = 1	Interrupt Line	3СН
		R	eserved		40H
					44H
		R	eserved		48H
					4CH
Powe	er Manager	ment Capability	Next Item Pointer	Capability ID	50H
	Rese	rved	Power Management	Control and Status	54H

#### **Key to Default**

In the register description that follows, the default column takes the form <Reset Value> Where:

<Reset Value>:

Bit set to logic oneBit set to logic zeroNo default value

<Access Type>:
RO = Read only
RW = Read/Write

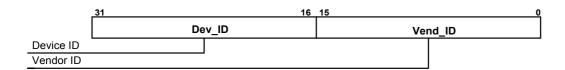
R/C: means Read / Write & Write "1" for Clear.

\_WR = Controller Write \_RD = Controller Read

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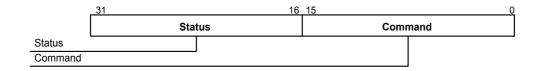


#### Identification ID (xxxxxx00 - PCIID)

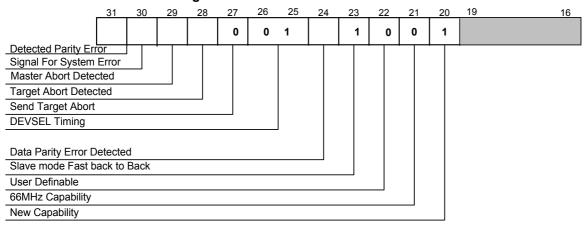


Bit	Default	Type	Description
31:16	6588Ah	RO	The field identifies the particular device. Unique and fixed number for the
		_WR	DM6588A is 6588Ah. It is the product number assigned by DAVICOM.
15:0	1282h	RO _WR	This field identifies the manufacturer of the device. Unique and fixed number for Davicom is 1282h. It is a registered number from SIG.

#### Command & Status (xxxxxx04 - PCICS)



#### **Status Register Definition:**



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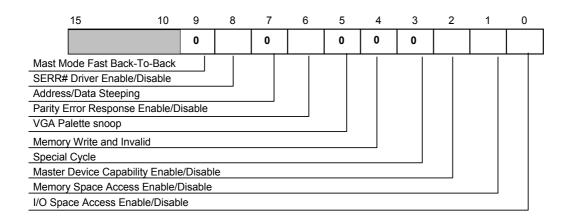


Bit	Default	Type	Description
31	0	R/C	Detected Parity Error The DM6588A samples the AD[0:31], C/BE[0:3]#, and the PAR signal to check parity and to set parity errors.
30	0	R/C	Signaled System Error This bit is set when the SERR# signal is driven by the DM6588A. This system error occurs when an address parity is detected under the condition that bit 8 and bit 6 in command
29	0	R/C	register below are set.  Master Abort Detected
20	Ü	100	The DM6588A will never support the function
28	0	R/C	Target Abort Detected The DM6588A will never support the function
27	0	RO	Send Target Abort (0 For No Implementation) The DM6588A will never support the function.
26:25	10	RO	DEVSEL Timing (10 Select Slow Timing) Slow timing of DEVSEL# means the DM6588A will assert DEVSEL# signal two clocks after FRAME# is sample "asserted."
24	0	R/C	Data Parity Error Detected The DM6588A will never support the function
23	0	RO	Slave mode Fast Back-To-Back Capable (1 For Good Capability) The DM6588A will never support the function
22	0	RO	User-Definable-Feature Supported (0 For No Support)
21	0	RO	66 MHz Capable (0 For No Capability)
20	1	RO _WR	New Capabilities This bit indicates whether this function implements a list of extended capabilities such as PCI power management. When set this bit indicates the presence of New Capabilities. A value of 0 means that this function does not implement New Capabilities.
19:16	0000	RO	Reserved

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#### **Command Register Definition:**



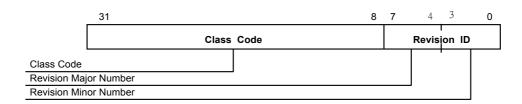
Bit	Default	Type	Description
15:10	000000	RO	Reserved
9	0	RO	Master Fast Back-to-back Mode (0 For No Support) The DM6588A does not support master mode fast back-to-back capability and will not generate fast back-to-back cycles.
8	0	RW	SERR# Driver Enable/Disable This bit controls the assertion of SERR# signal output. The SERR# output will be asserted on detection of an address parity error and if both this bit and bit 6 are set.
7	0	RO	Address/Data Stepping (0 For No Stepping)
6	0	RW	Parity Error Response Enable/Disable Setting this bit will enable the DM6588A to assert PERR# on the detection of a data parity error and to assert SERR# for reporting address parity error.
5	0	RO	VGA Palette Snooping (0 For No Support)
4	0	RO	Memory Write and Invalid (0 For No Support)
3	0	RO	Special Cycles (0 For No Implementation)
2	0	RW	Master Device Capability Enable/Disable The DM6588A will never support the function.
1	0	RW	Memory Space Access Enable/Disable The DM6588A will never support the function.
0	1	RW	I/O Space Access Enable/Disable This bit controls the ability of I/O space access.

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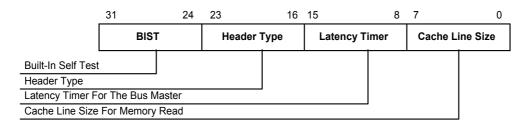


#### Revision ID (xxxxxx08 - PCIRV)



Bit	Default	Туре	Description
31:8	070002h	RO	Class Code (070002h)
			This is the standard code for Simple Communications controller.16550 compatible serial controler.
7:4	0001	RO	Revision Major Number
			This is the silicon-major revision number that will increase for the subsequent versions of the DM6588A
3:0	0000	RO	Revision Minor Number
			This is the silicon-minor revision number that will increase for the subsequent versions of the DM6588A.

#### Miscellaneous Function (Xxxxxx0c - PCILT)



Bit	Default	Type	Description
31:24	00h	RO	Built-In Self Test (=00h Means No Implementation)
23:16	00h	RO	Header Type (= 00h Means single function with Predefined Header Type )
15:8	00h	RO	Latency Timer For The Bus Master.
			The DM6588A will never support the function.
7:0	00h	RO	Cacheline Size For Memory Read Mode Selection (00h Means No
			Implementation For Use)

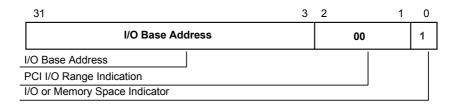
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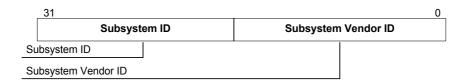


#### I/O Base Address (Xxxxxx10 - PCIIO)



Bit	Default	Type	Description
31:3	Undefined	RW	PCI I/O Base Address
			This is the base address value for I/O access cycles. It will be compared to
			AD[31:3] in the address phase of bus command cycle for the I/O resource
			access.
2:1	00	RO	PCI I/O Range Indication
			It indicates that the minimum I/O resource size is 08h.
0	1	RO	I/O Space Or Memory Space Base Indicator
			Determines that the register maps into the I/O space.(=1 Indicates I/O
			Base)

### Subsystem Identification (Xxxxxx2c - PCISID)



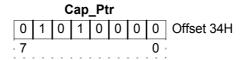
Bit	Default	Type	Description				
31:16	XXXXh	RO	Subsystem ID				
		_WR	Node number loaded from Contriller and different from each card.				
15:0	XXXXh	RO	Subsystem Vendor ID				
		_WR	Unique number given by PCI SIG and loaded from Controller.				

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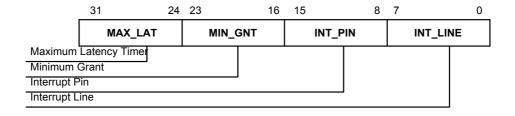


#### Capabilities Pointer (Xxxxxx34 - Cap \_Ptr)



Bit	Default	Туре	Description
31:8	000000h	RO	Reserved
7:0	01010000	RO	Capability Pointer The Cap_Ptr provides an offset (default is 50h) into the function's PCI Configuration Space for the location of the first term in the Capabilities Linked List. The Cap_Ptr offset is DOUBLE WORD aligned so the two least significant bits significant bits are always "0"s

### Interrupt & Latency Configuration (Xxxxxx3c - PCIINT)



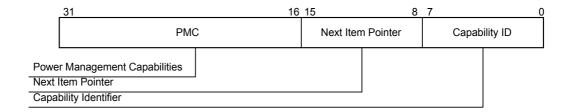
Bit	Default	Type	Description
31:24	28h	RO	Maximum Latency Timer that can be sustained (Read Only and Read As
			28h)
23:16	14h	RO	Minimum Grant
			Minimum Length of a Burst Period (Read Only and Read As 14h)
15:8	01h	RO	Interrupt Pin read as 01h to indicate INTA#
7:0	XXh	RW	Interrupt Line that Is Routed to the Interrupt Controller

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### Power Management Register (Xxxxxx50h~PMR)



Bit	Default	Туре	Description
31:27	00000	RO _WR	PME_Support This five-bit field indicates the power states in which the function may assert PME#. A value of 0 for any bit indicates that the function is not capable of asserting the PME# signal while in that power state. bit27 → PME# support D0 bit28 → PME# support D1 bit29 → PME# support D2 bit30 → PME# support D3(hot) bit31 → PME# support D3(cold) DM6588A's bit31~27=11000 indicates PME# can be asserted from D3(hot) & D(cold).
26:22	00000	RO	Reserved (DM6588A not supports D1, D2)
21	0	RO	A "1" indicates that the function requires a device specific initialization sequence following transition to the D0 uninitialized state.
20	1	RO	Auxiliary Power Source This bit is only meaningful if bit31 is a "1". This bit is "1" in DM6588A indicates that support for PME# in D3(cold) requires auxiliary power.
19	0	RO	PME# Clock "0" indicates that no PCI clock is required for the function to generate PME#.
18:16	001	RO	Version A value of 001 indicates that this function complies with the Revision 1.0 of the PCI Power Management Interface Specification.
15:8	00h	RO	Next Item Pointer The offset into the function's PCI Configuration Space pointing to the location of next item in the function's capability list is "00h"
7:0	01h	RO	Capability Identifier When "01h" indicates the linked list item as being the PCI Power Management Registers.

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Power Management Control/Status(Xxxxxx54h~PMCSR)

#### **PMCSR**

R/W	0	0	0	0	0	0	R/W	0	0	0	0	0	0	R/W	Offset=54H
15	14					9	8	7					2	1 0	

Bit	Default	Type	Description
31:16	0000h	RO	Reserved
15	0	R/C _WR	PME_Status This bit is set when the function would normally assert the PME# signal independent of the state of the PME_En bit. Writing a "1" to this bit will clear it. This bit defaults to "0" if the function does not support PME# generation from D3(cold). If the function supports PME# from D3(cold) then this bit is sticky and must be explicitly cleared by the operating system each time the operating system is initially loaded.
14:9	000000	RO	Reserved. It means that the DM6588A does not support reporting power consumption.
8	0	RW _WR	PME_En Write "1" to enables the function to assert PME#, write "0" to disable PME# assertion. This bit defaults to "0" if the function does not support PME# generation from D3(cold). If the function supports PME# from D3(cold) then this bit is sticky and must be explicitly cleared by the operating system each time the operating system is initially loaded.
7:2	000000	RO	Reserved
1:0	00	RW _WR _RD	Power State. This two bits field is both used to determine the current power state of a function and to set the function into a new power state. The definition given below.  00: D0 11: D3(hot)

#### PCI function power management state

The DM6588A supports PCI function power states D0, D3(hot), D3(cold). Additional PCI signal PME# to pin A19 of the standard PCI connector.

#### **PME Context**

PME (power Management Event) context is defined as the functional state information and logic required to generate power management events(PMEs), report PME status, and enable PMEs.

For MODEM, PME context consists of PME\_En bit,

 $\mbox{{\bf PME\_Status}}$  bit ,  $\mbox{{\bf Ring Detect}}$  ,and  $\mbox{{\bf Ring to PME}}$  circuit.

#### **PCI MODEM Power Management Operation**

During a true power-on situation (no auxiliary and normal power), PME\_En = 0 to avoid to assert PME#. When assert RST#, the pci configuration space is set to default value except PME context which must preserve.

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DM6588A can not assert PME# from D0. But can Assert PME# from D3(hot) and D3(cold). Hence the Ring to PME# circuit must check the power state. If ring comes at D0 power state, it can not assert PME#.

Software will enable its use by setting the PME\_En bit in the PMCSR.

It must continue to assert PME# until software either clears the PME\_En bit or clears the PME\_Status bit. Before enter D3(cold) state, host must:

- 1. Write 1 into PME\_Status bit to clear previous PME status
- Write 1 into PME\_En bit to enable PME function.
- 3. Write 3 into Power state
- 4. Power off PCI bus.

When Ring comes, Ring to PME# circuit check if PME\_EN=1 and Power\_staus <>0. If yes, assert PME# and set PME Status=1.

When host detect PME# asserted, it will power up PCI bus and assert RST# to initialize pci modem. At the same time, it write 1 into PME\_En bit or PME\_Status bit to stop PME#.

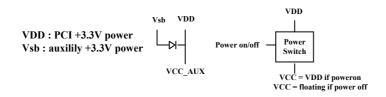
Before enter D3(hot) state, host must:

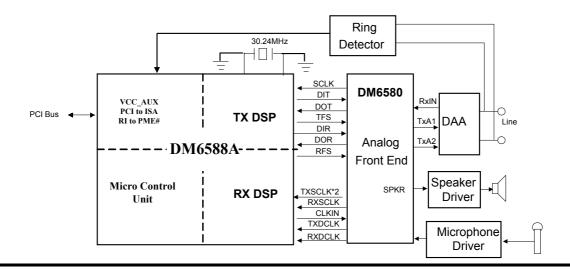
- 5. Write 1 into PME\_Status bit to clear previous PME status
- Write 1 into PME\_En bit to enable PME function.
- 7. Write 3 into Power state

When Ring come, Ring to PME# circuit check if PME\_EN=1 and Power\_staus <>0. If yes, assert PME# and set PME\_Status=1.

When host detect PME# asserted, it will re-initialize pci modem and set Power\_State=0 to return D0 state. At the same time, it write 1 into PME\_En bit or PME\_Status bit to stop PME#.

#### **PCI MODEM Board Power Management**





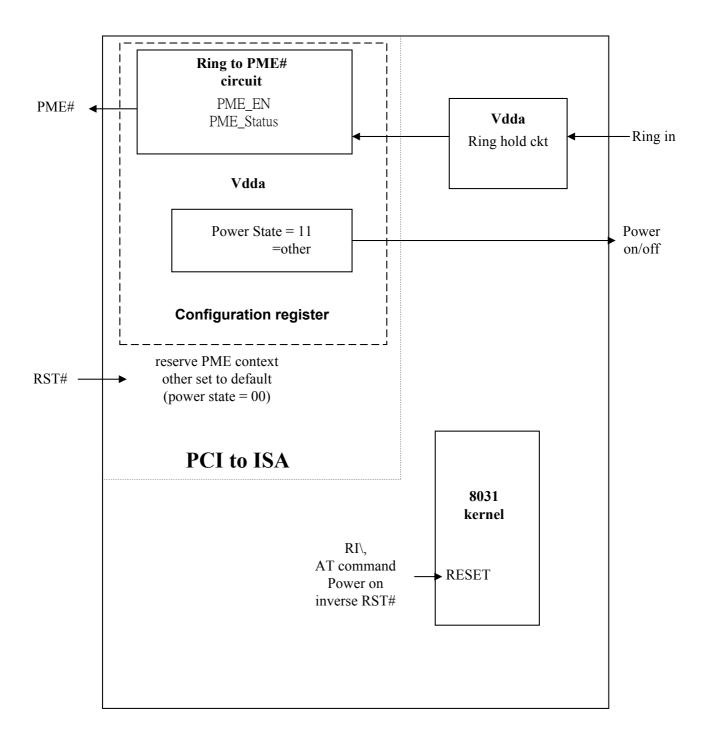
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**DM6588A PCI Power Configuration** 

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#### **DM6588A External Electrical Characteristics**

DM6588A External Absolute Maximum Ratings\* ( 25°C )

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
Dvcc,Avcc	Supply Voltage	-0.3	3.6	V	
Vin	DC Input Voltage (VIN)	-0.5	5.5	V	
Vout	DC Output Voltage(VOUT)	-0.3	3.6	V	
Tc	Case Temperature Range	0	85	°C	
Tstg	Storage Temperature Rang (Tstg)	-65	150	°C	
LT	Lead Temp. (TL, Soldering, 10 sec.)		220	°C	

#### \*Comments

Stresses above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only. Functional operation of this device at these or any other

conditions above those indicated in the operational section of this specification is not implied or intended. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability

**DM6588A External DC Electrical Characteristics** (VDD = 3.3V, GND = 0V; Tc = 0  $^{O}$ C to 85  $^{O}$ C)

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
Vdd	Operating Voltage	3.15	3.3	3.45	V	
IDD	Operating Current		90		mA	
VIH	Input High Voltage	2.0			V	
VIL	Input Low Voltage			8.0	V	
li∟	Input Leakage Current	-1.0		1.0	$\mu A$	VIN = 0, 3.45V
Voн	Output High Voltage	2.4			V	Iон = -0.5mA
Vol	Output Low Voltage			0.4	V	IOL = 1.5mA
CIN	Input Capacitance		10.0		pF	
VILRESET	Reset Schmitt VIL			0.8	V	
VIHRESET	Reset Schmitt VIH	2.8			V	

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#### **DM6588A ISA Electrical Characteristics**

DM6588A ISA Absolute Maximum Ratings\* ( 25°C )

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
Dvcc,Avcc	Supply Voltage	-0.3	3.6	V	
Vin	DC Input Voltage (VIN)	-0.5	5.5	V	
Vout	DC Output Voltage(VOUT)	-0.3	3.6	V	
Tc	Case Temperature Range	0	85	°C	
Tstg	Storage Temperature Rang (Tstg)	-65	150	°C	
LT	Lead Temp. (TL, Soldering, 10 sec.)		220	°C	

#### \*Comments

Stresses above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only. Functional operation of this device at these or any other

conditions above those indicated in the operational section of this specification is not implied or intended. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability

# **DM6588A ISA DC Electrical Characteristics** (VDD = 3.3V, GND = 0V; Tc = 0 OC to 85 OC)

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
Vdd	Operating Voltage	3.15	3.3	3.45	V	
IDD	Operating Current		90		mA	
VIH	Input High Voltage	2.0			V	
VIL	Input Low Voltage			8.0	V	
liL	Input Leakage Current	-1.0		1.0	$\mu A$	VIN = 0, 3.45V
Vон	Output High Voltage	2.4			V	Iон = -0.5mA
Vol	Output Low Voltage			0.4	V	IOL = 1.5mA
CIN	Input Capacitance		10.0		pF	
VILRESET	Reset Schmitt VIL			0.8	V	
VIHRESET	Reset Schmitt VIH	2.8			V	

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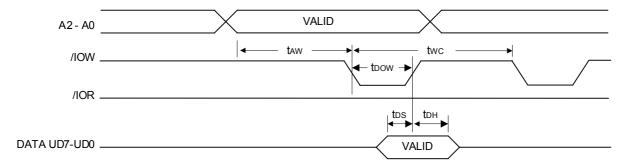
# DM6588A ISA AC Electrical Characteristics & Timing waveforms

<u>DM6588A ISA AC Electrical Characteristics (VDD</u> = 3.3V, GND = 0V; TA = 25  $^{O}$ C)

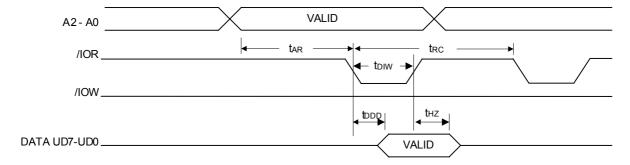
Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
taw	IOW Delay from Address	30			ns	
twc	Write Cycle	280			ns	
tDOW	IOW Strobe Width	100			ns	
tDS	Data Setup Time	30			ns	
tDH	Data Hold Time	30			ns	
tar	IOR Delay from Address	30			ns	
trc	Read Cycle	280			ns	
tDIW	IOR Strobe Width	125			ns	
todo	Delay from IOR to Data Valid			125	ns	100pF loading
tHZ	IOR to Floating Data Delay	0		100	ns	100pF loading

## **DM6588A ISA signals Timing Diagrams**

## **Write Cycle**



## **Read Cycle**



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# V.90 Integrated Data/ Fax/Voice/Speakerphone Modem Device Single Chip with Memory Built in

#### **DM6588A PCI Electrical Characteristics**

DM6588A PCI Absolute Maximum Ratings\* ( 25°C )

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
Dvcc,Avcc	Supply Voltage	-0.3	3.6	V	
Vin	DC Input Voltage (VIN)	-0.5	5.5	V	
Vout	DC Output Voltage(VOUT)	-0.3	3.6	V	
Tc	Case Temperature Range	0	85	°C	
Tstg	Storage Temperature Rang (Tstg)	-65	150	°C	
LT	Lead Temp. (TL, Soldering, 10 sec.)		220	°C	

#### \*Comments

Stresses above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only. Functional operation of this device at these or any other

conditions above those indicated in the operational section of this specification is not implied or intended. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

# **DM6588A PCI DC Electrical Characteristics** (VDD = 3.3V, GND = 0V; Tc = 0 $^{O}$ C to 85 $^{O}$ C)

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
Vdd	Operating Voltage	3.15	3.3	3.45	V	
IDD	Operating Current		120		mA	
VIH	Input High Voltage	2.0			V	
VIL	Input Low Voltage			0.8	V	
liL	Input Leakage Current	-1.0		1.0	$\mu A$	VIN = 0, 3.45V
Voн	Output High Voltage	2.4			V	Iон = -0.5mA
Vol	Output Low Voltage			0.4	V	IOL = 1.5mA
CIN	Input Capacitance		10.0		pF	
VILRESET	Reset Schmitt VIL			0.8	V	
VIHRESET	Reset Schmitt VIH	2.8			V	

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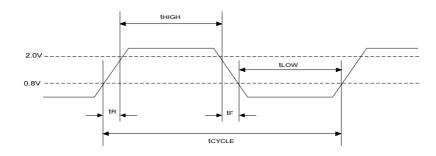
Version: DM562AP-DS-P02 March 05, 2004



# **DM6588A PCI AC Electrical Characteristics & Timing Waveforms**

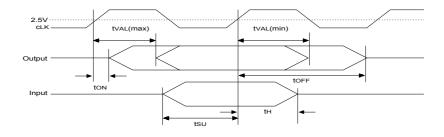
(VDD = 3.3V, GND = 0V; Tc = 0 $^{\circ}$ C to 85 $^{\circ}$ C)

## **PCI Clock Specifications Timing**



Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
tR	PCI_CLK rising time	4	-	-	ns	-
tF	PCI_CLK falling time	4	-	-	ns	-
tcycle	Cycle time	30	-	-	ns	-
thigh	PCI_CLK High Time	12	-	-	ns	-
tLOW	PCI_CLK Low Time	12	-	-	ns	-

## **Other PCI Signals Timing Diagram**



Symbol	Parameter		Тур.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
tval	Clk-To-Signal Valid Delay	2	-	12	ns	Cload = 50 pF
ton	Float-To-Active Delay From Clk	2	-	-	ns	-
toff	Active-To-Float Delay From Clk		-	28	ns	-
tsu	Input Signal Valid Setup Time Before Clk		-	-	ns	-
tH	Input Signal Hold Time From Clk	5	-	-	ns	-

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## Chip 2: DM6580 Analog Front End

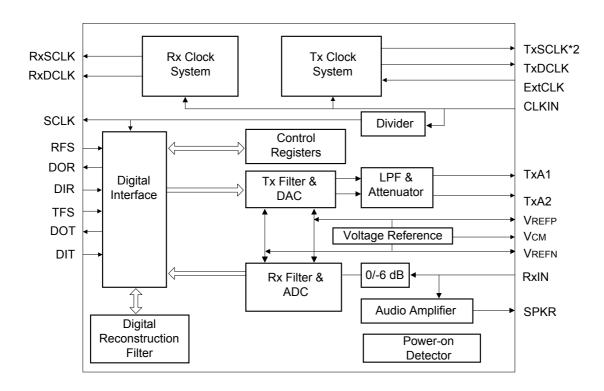
## **DM6580 Description**

The DM6580 is a single chip Analog Front End (AFE) designed to be implemented in voice grade modems for data rates up to 56000bps. The DM6580 is an essential part the complete modem device set. The AFE converts the analog signal into digital form and transfers the digital data to the DSP through the serial port. All the clock information needed in a modem device is also generated in the DM6580. Differential analog outputs are provided to achieve the maximum output signal level. An audio monitor with programmable volume levels is built in to monitor the on-line signal. Inside the device, a 16-bit ADC and a 16-bit DAC with over-sampling and noise-shaping techniques is implemented to maximize performance.

The DM6580 offers wide-band transmit and receive filters so that the voice band signal is transmitted or received without amplitude distortion and with

minimum group delay. In order to support multi-mode modem standards, such as V.90, V.34+, V.32bis, V.32, V.22bis, V.22, V.23, V.21, Bell 212A, Bell 103, V.17, V.29, V.27ter, programmable baud and data rate clock generators are provided. For asymmetric channel usage, the transmit and receive clock generators are independent. In order to enhance echo-cancellation, the receive clock is synchronized with the transmit clock and the best receive timing sample is reconstructed by a reconstruction filter. The Transmit Digital Phase Lock Loop (DPLL) is selftuning to provide a master, slave or free-running mode for the data terminal interface. A receive DPLL that is step programmable by the host DSP is implemented to get the best samples for the relevant signal processing.

## **DM6580 Block Diagram**



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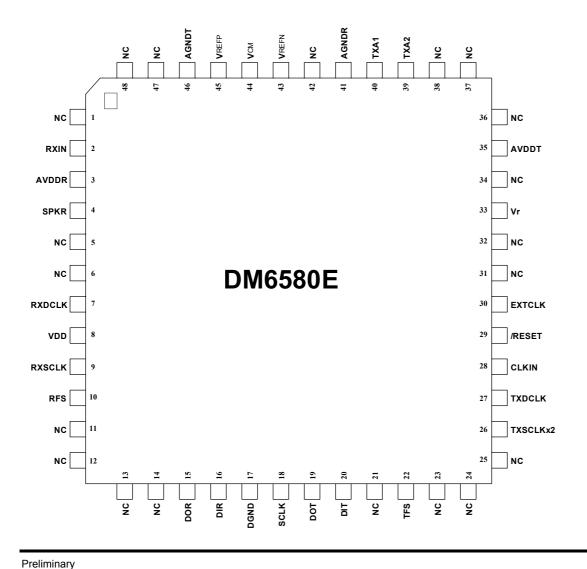


#### **DM6580 Features**

- 16-bit ∑-△ A/D and D/A converters
- Dynamic range: 86dB
- Total harmonic distortion: -86dB
- Separate transmit and receive clocks
- Symbol rate: 75, 300, 600, 1200, 1600, 2400, 2743, 2800, 3000, 3200, 3429, 8000Hz
- Data rate V.34: 75, 300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 7200, 9600, 12000, 14400, 16800, 19200, 21600, 24000, 26400, 28800, 31200, 33600 bps
- Data rate V.90: up to 56000 bps

- Dual synchronous serial interface to host Digital Signal Processor (DSP)
- Separate transmit digital phase lock loop and receive digital phase lock loop
- Full echo cancellation capability
- · Differential analog output
- · Single-ended analog input
- Single power supply voltage: +5V
- Low power consumption

# **DM6580 Pin Configuration**



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V.90 Integrated Data/ Fax/Voice/Speakerphone Modem Device Single Chip with Memory Built in

# **DM6580 Pin Description**

Pin No.	Pin Name	I/O	Description
48pin			<b>,</b>
LQFP			
2	RXIN	I	Receive Analog Input
3	AVDDR	ı	Analog VDD For The Receiver Analog Circuitry (+5VDC)
4	SPKR	0	Speaker Driver
7	RXDCLK	0	Receive Data Clock
8	Vdd	Р	Digital Power
9	RXSCLK	0	Receive Sample Clock
10	RFS	I	Receive Frame Synchronization
15	DOR	0	Data Output For Receiver
16	DIR	I	Data Input For Receiver
17	DGND	Р	Digital Ground
18	SCLK	0	Serial Clock Synchronized With All Serial Data
19	DOT	0	Data Output For Transmitter
20	DIT	- 1	Data Input For Transmitter
22	TFS	- 1	Transmit Frame Synchronization
26	TXSCLK*2	0	Transmit Sample Clock * 2
27	TXDCLK	0	Transmit Data Clock
28	CLKIN	- 1	Master Clock Input (20.16MHz = 40.32MHz / 2)
29	/RESET	I	Codec Reset Input
30	EXTCLK	- 1	External Transmit Data Clock
33	Vr	0	Internal Reference Voltage. Connect 0.1uF to DGND
35	AVDDT	I	Analog VDD For The Transmitter Analog Circuitry (+5VDC)
39	TXA2	0	Transmit Negative Analog Output
40	TXA1	0	Transmit Positive Analog Output
41	AGNDR	Р	Analog Receiver Circuitry Signal Return Path
43	VREFN	0	Negative Reference Voltage, VcM - 1V
44	VcM	0	Common Mode Voltage Output, 2.5V
45	VREFP	0	Positive Reference Voltage, VcM + 1V
46	AGNDT	Р	Analog Transmitter Circuitry Signal Return Path
1,5,6,	NC	N	NC
11,12,13,			
14,21,23,			
24,25,31,			
32,34,36,			
37,38,42,			
47,48			

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# DM562AP



V.90 Integrated Data/ Fax/Voice/Speakerphone Modem Device Single Chip with Memory Built in

## **DM6580 Functional Description**

In this chip, we could roughly divide it into two major parts: digital portion and analog portion. The functional blocks are described separately in this section. The analog circuits include a sigma-delta modulator/demodulator, decimation/interpolation filters, a speaker driver, low-pass filter and certain logic circuits. The digital circuits is composed of Tx/Rx clock generator/PLL, serial port, serial/parallel conversions and control registers. All the clock information the analog circuits need should be provided by the digital clock system since the best sampling instant of A/D and D/A depends on the received signal and transmit signals. The data format of A/D and D/A is 2's complement.

The master clock (FQ) is obtained from an external signal connected to CLKIN. The different transmit and receive clocks are obtained by master clock frequency division in several programmable counters. The Tx and Rx clocks can be synchronized on external signals by performing the phase shifts in the frequency division process. Two independent digital phase locked loops are implemented using this principle, one for transmit clock system, the other, receive clock. The tracking of the transmit clock is automatically done by the transmit DPLL circuit. The receive DPLL circuit is controlled by the host processor and it is actually an adjustable phase shifter.

## **DM6580 Register Description**

Register	D11	D10	D9	D8	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Programme dFunctions
TxCR0	R1	Х3	X2	X1	X0	N3	N2	N1	N0	R0	S	Т	Tx Data Rate Clock
TxCR1			Q1	D	M1	M0	Q0	F	Y	U2	U1	U0	Tx Baud sample Clock
TxCR2		Vol1	Vol2	F1	F0	W	ATT	LTX	LC	SST	EMX	VF	Miscellaneou s control
TxTest													Reserved
RxCR0	R1		H2	H1	H0	N3	N2	N1	N0	R0	S	Т	Rx Data Rate Clock
RxCR1		Q1	RST	D	M1	M0	Q0	Р	Y	U2	U1	U0	Rx Baud SampleClock
RxCR2			-6dB	LL	PS4	PS3	PS2	PS1	PS0	AP2	AP1	AP0	Rx Phase Shift Control
RxTest													Reserved

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# **DM6580 Absolute Maximum Ratings\***

**Absolute Maximum Ratings\*** ( 25°C )

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
Dvcc,Avcc	Supply Voltage	-0.5	7.0	V	
Vin	DC Input Voltage (VIN)	-0.5	5.5	V	
Vout	DC Output Voltage(VOUT)	-0.5	5.5	V	
Tc	Case Temperature Range	0	85	°C	
Tstg	Storage Temperature Rang (Tstg)	-65	150	°C	
LT	Lead Temp. (TL, Soldering, 10 sec.)		235	°C	

#### \*Comments

Stresses above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only. Functional operation of this device at these or any other

conditions above those indicated in the operational section of this specification is not implied or intended. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

# **DM6580 DC Electrical Characteristics & Timing Waveforms** (VDD = 5V, Tc = $0^{\circ}$ C to 85 $^{\circ}$ C)

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Un	Conditions
					it	
Vdd	Operating Voltage	4.75	5	5.25	V	
VcM	Output Common Mode Voltage		2.5		V	
IDD	Supply Current		25		m	
					Α	
VIL	Input Low Voltage			0.8	V	
VIH	Input High Voltage	2.2			V	
Vol	Output Low Voltage			0.4	V	
Vон	Output High Voltage	2.4			V	
liL	Input leakage Current	-2.0	±1.0	2.0	μΑ	Vi=0V,5.25V
CIN	Input Capacitance		5.0		рF	
VREF	Differential Reference Voltage	1.9	2.0	2.1	V	
	Output					
VCMD_OUT	Output Common Mode Offset	-200		200	m	=(TxA1+TxA2)/2-VcM
					V	
VDIF_OUT	Differential Output Voltage		3 *VREF		V	TxA1-TxA2 ≤ 3*VREF
Voff_out	Differential Output DC Offset	-100		100	m	VDC (TxA1)-VDC (TxA2)
	Voltage				V	
RIN	Input Resistance RxIN	100			kΩ	
Rout	Output Resistance TxA1, TxA2,		1	2	kΩ	
	SPKR					
RL	Load Resistance TxA1, TxA2,	20			kΩ	
	SPKR					
CL	Load Capacitance TxA1, TxA2, SPKR			50	pF	

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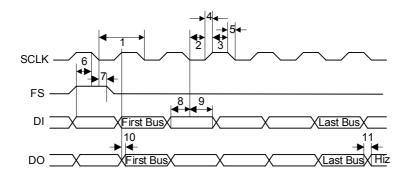
Version: DM562AP-DS-P02 March 05, 2004



# **DM6580 AC Characteristics & Timing Waveforms** (VDD = 5V, Tc= $0^{\circ}$ C to 85 $^{\circ}$ C)

**Serial Port Timing** 

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
1	SCLK Period	49			ns	
2	SCLK Low Width	24			ns	
3	SCLK High Width	24			ns	
4	SCLK Rise Time			5	ns	
5	SCLK Fall Time			5	ns	
6	FS To SCLK Setup	17			ns	
7	FS To SCLK Hold	17			ns	
8	DI To SCLK Setup	5			ns	
9	DI To SCLK Hold	5			ns	
10	SCLK High To DO Valid			8	ns	
11	SCLK To DO Hiz			8	ns	



# **DM6580 Performance**

(VDD= 5V, Tc= 0°C to 85°C, FQ= 20.16MHz, Measurement Band = 220Hz to 3.6KHz, RX DPLL Free Running)

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
Gabs	Absolute Gain At 1KHz	-0.5		0.5	dB	Rx signal: VIN= 2.5 VPP, f = 1KHz
THD	Total Harmonic Distortion		-84		dB	Tx signal: Vout (diff)= 5 VPP, f = 1KHz
DR	Dynamic Range		86		dB	f = 1KHz
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection		50		dB	f = 1KHz, VAC = 200m VPP
	Ratio					
CTxRx	Crosstalk		95		dB	Transmit channel to receive channel

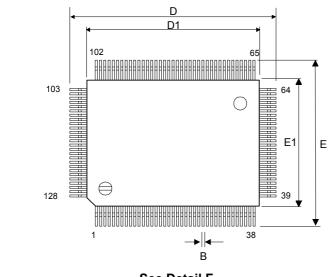
Preliminary 45

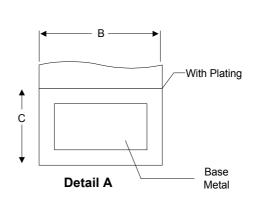
Version: DM562AP-DS-P02

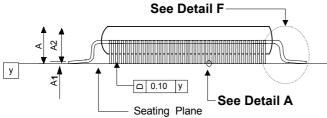


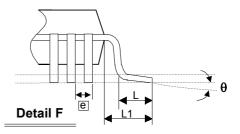
# Package Information QFP 128L Outline Dimensions

Unit: Inches/mm









Symbol	Dimension In Inch	Dimension In mm				
Α	0.134 Max.	3.40 Max.				
A1	0.010 Min.	0.25 Min.				
A2	0.112± 0.005	2.85± 0.12				
В	0.009± 0.002	0.22±0.05				
С	0.006± 0.002	0.145± 0.055				
D	0.913± 0.007	23.20± 0.20				
D1	0.787± 0.004	20.00 ± 0.10				
Е	0.677± 0.008	17.20± 0.20				
E1	0.551± 0.004	14.00± 0.10				
е	0.020 BSC	0.5 BSC				
L	0.035± 0.006	0.88± 0.15				
L1	0.063 BSC	1.60 BSC				
у	0.004 Max.	0.10 Max.				
θ	0°~12°	0°~12°				

#### Note:

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- 1. Dimension D1 and E1 do not include resin fins.
- 2. All dimensions are based on metric system.
- 3. General appearance spec. should base itself on final visual inspection spec.

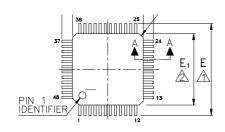
Preliminary

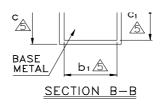
Version: DM562AP-DS-P02

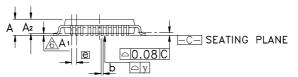


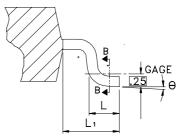
#### LQFP 48L (F.P. 2mm) Outline Dimensions

unit: inches/mm









SECTION A-A

	0.120	
θ	0-12°	0-12°

Symbol	Dimensions in inches			Dimensions in mm		
	Min.	Nom.	Max.	Min.	Nom.	Max.
A	-	-	0.063	-	_	1.60
A1	0.002	-	0.006	0.05	-	0.15
A2	0.053	0.055	0.057	1.35	1.40	1.45
b	0.007	0.009	0.011	0.17	0.22	0.27
b1	0.007	0.008	0.009	0.17	0.20	0.23
С	0.004	-	0.008	0.09		0.20
C1	0.004	_	0.006	0.09	_	0.16
D	0.354BSC			9.00BSC		
D1	0.276BSC			7.00BSC		
E	0.354BSC			9.00BSC		
E1	0.276BSC			7.00BSC		
e	0.020BSC			0.50BSC		
L	0.018	0.024	0.030	0.45	0.60	0.75
L1	0.039REF			1.00REF		
у	0.003MAX			0.08MAX		

#### **Notes:**

- 1. To be determined at seating plane.
- 2. Dimensions D1 and E 1do not include mold protrusion. D1 and E1 are maximum plastic body size dimensions including mold mismatch.
- 3. Dimensions b does not include dambar protrusion. Total in excess of the b dimension at maximum material condition. Dambar cannot be located on the lower radius of the foot.
- 4. Exact shape of each corner is optional.
- 5. These dimensions apply to the flat section of the lead between 0.10mm and 0.25mm from the lead tip.
- 6.A1 is defined as the distance from the seating plane to the lowest point of the package body.
- 7. Controlling dimension: millimeter.
- 8. Reference documents: JEDEC MS-026, BBC.

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V.90 Integrated Data/ Fax/Voice/Speakerphone Modem Device Single Chip with Memory Built in

Ordering Information

Part Number	Pin Count	Package		
DM6580E	48	LQFP		
DM6588AF	128	QFP		

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We offer only products that satisfy high performance requirements and which are compatible with major hardware and software standards. Our currently available and soon to be released products are based on our proprietary designs and deliver high quality, high performance chipsets that comply with modem communication standards and Ethernet networking standards.

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#### WARNING

Conditions beyond those listed for the absolute maximum may destroy or damage the products. In addition, conditions for sustained periods at near the limits of the operating ranges will stress and may temporarily (and permanently) affect and damage structure, performance and/or function.

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