

# EL2003D Die

## 100 MHz Video Line Driver

T-79-25

**Absolute Maximum Ratings ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )**

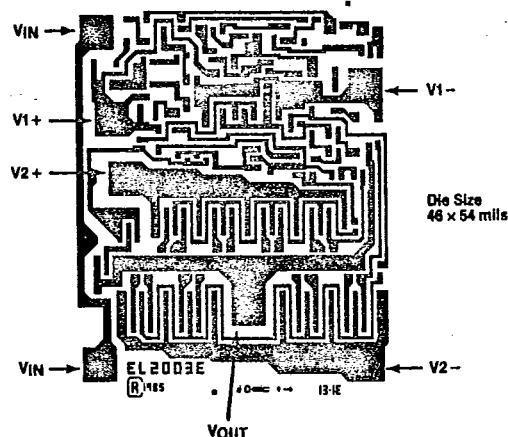
$V_S$	Supply Voltage ( $V_+ - V_-$ )	$\pm 18\text{V}$ or $\pm 36\text{V}$
$V_{IN}$	Input Voltage (Note 1)	$\pm 15\text{V}$ or $V_S$
$I_{IN}$	Input Current (Note 1)	$\pm 50\text{ mA}$
	Output Short Circuit Duration (Note 3)	Continuous
$T_J$	Maximum Junction Temperature	$175^\circ\text{C}$

**Important Note:**

For AC electrical characteristics, refer to the typical electrical table and performance curves in the package data sheet. These characteristics are guaranteed but not tested in die form. Unless otherwise noted, all tests are pulsed tests, therefore  $T_J = T_C = T_A$ .

**Test Level**

**Test Procedure**  
I 100% production tested in wafer form.  
See remarks under Electrical Testing in the General Die section.

**DC Electrical Characteristics  $V_S = \pm 15\text{V}$ ,  $R_S = 50\Omega$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$** 

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions		Limits			Test Level	Units
		$V_{IN}$	Load	Min	Typ	Max		
$V_{OS}$	Output Offset Voltage	0	$\infty$	-40	5	40	I	mV
$I_{IN}$	Input Current	0	$\infty$	-25		25	I	$\mu\text{A}$
$R_{IN}$	Input Resistance	$\pm 12\text{V}$	$100\Omega$	1	2		I	$M\Omega$
$A_{V1}$	Voltage Gain	$\pm 12\text{V}$	$1\text{k}\Omega$	0.98	0.99		I	V/V
$A_{V2}$	Voltage Gain	$\pm 6\text{V}$	$50\Omega$	0.83	0.90		I	V/V
$A_{V3}$	Voltage Gain, $V_S = \pm 15\text{V}$	$\pm 3\text{V}$	$50\Omega$	0.82	0.89		I	V/V
$V_{O1}$	Output Voltage Swing	$\pm 14\text{V}$	$1\text{k}\Omega$	$\pm 13$	$\pm 13.5$		I	V
$V_{O2}$	Output Voltage Swing	$\pm 12\text{V}$	$100\Omega$	$\pm 10.5$	$\pm 11.3$		I	V
$R_{OUT}$	Output Resistance	$\pm 2\text{V}$	$50\Omega$		7	10	I	$\Omega$
$I_{OUT}$	Output Current	$\pm 12\text{V}$	(Note 2)	$\pm 105$	$\pm 230$		I	$\text{mA}$
$I_S$	Supply Current	0	$\infty$		10	15	I	$\text{mA}$
PSRR	Supply Rejection (Note 3)	0	$\infty$	60	80		I	dB

Note 1: If the input exceeds the ratings shown (or the supplies) or if the input to output voltage exceeds  $\pm 7.5\text{V}$  then the input current must be limited to  $\pm 50\text{ mA}$ . See the application hints for more information.

Note 2: Force the input to  $+12\text{V}$  and the output to  $+10\text{V}$  and measure the output current. Repeat with  $-12\text{V}$  in and  $-10\text{V}$  on the output.

Note 3:  $V_S = \pm 4.5\text{V}$  to  $\pm 18\text{V}$ .