# **ADC1410S** series

www.DataSheet4U.com

Single 14-bit ADC; 65 Msps, 80 Msps, 105 Msps or 125 Msps; CMOS or LVDS DDR digital outputs

Rev. 03 — 12 April 2010

Preliminary data sheet

### 1. General description

The ADC1410S is a single-channel 14-bit Analog-to-Digital Converter (ADC) optimized for high dynamic performances and low power consumption at sample rates up to 125 Msps. Pipelined architecture and output error correction ensure the ADC1410S is accurate enough to guarantee zero missing codes over the entire operating range. Supplied from a single 3 V source, it can handle output logic levels from 1.8 V to 3.3 V in CMOS mode, because of a separate digital output supply. It supports the Low Voltage Differential Signalling (LVDS) Double Data Rate (DDR) output standard. An integrated Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) allows the user to easily configure the ADC. The device also includes a SPI programmable full-scale to allow flexible input voltage range from 1 V to 2 V (peak-to-peak). With excellent dynamic performance from the baseband to input frequencies of 170 MHz or more, the ADC1410S is ideal for use in communications, imaging and medical applications.

### 2. Features and benefits

- SNR, 72 dBFS; SFDR, 86 dBc
- Sample rate up to 125 Msps
- 14-bit pipelined ADC core
- Clock input divider by 2 for less jitter contribution
- Single 3 V supply
- Flexible input voltage range: 1 V to 2 V (peak-to-peak).
- CMOS or LVDS DDR digital outputs
- Pin compatible with the ADC1210S series and the ADC1010S series
- HVQFN40 package

- Input bandwidth, 600 MHz
- Power dissipation, 430 mW at 80 Msps
- Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI)
- Duty cycle stabilizer
- Fast OuT of Range (OTR) detection
- INL ±1.5 LSB, DNL ±0.5 LSB
- Offset binary, two's complement, gray code
- Power-down and Sleep modes

### 3. Applications

- Wireless and wired broadband communications
- Spectral analysis
- Ultrasound equipment

- Portable instrumentation
- Imaging systems
- Software define radio

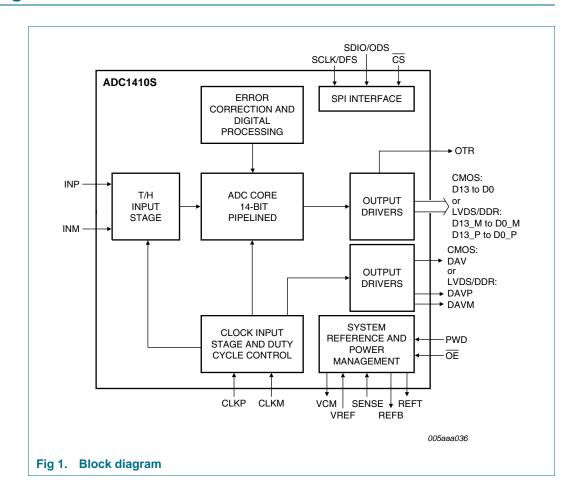


## 4. Ordering information

Table 1. Ordering information

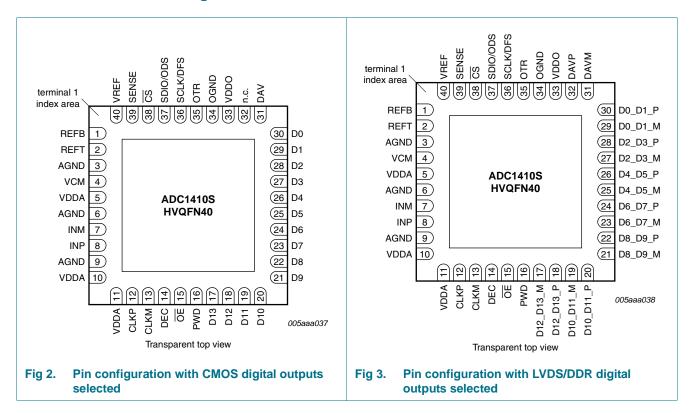
Type number	f <sub>s</sub> (Msps)	Package								
		Name	Description	Version						
ADC1410S125HN/C1	125	HVQFN40	plastic thermal enhanced very thin quad flat package; no leads; 40 terminals; body $6\times6\times0.85$ mm	SOT618-6						
ADC1410S105HN/C1	105	HVQFN40	plastic thermal enhanced very thin quad flat package; no leads; 40 terminals; body 6 $\times$ 6 $\times$ 0.85 mm	SOT618-6						
ADC1410S080HN/C1	80	HVQFN40	plastic thermal enhanced very thin quad flat package; no leads; 40 terminals; body 6 $\times$ 6 $\times$ 0.85 mm	SOT618-6						
ADC1410S065HN/C1	65	HVQFN40	plastic thermal enhanced very thin quad flat package; no leads; 40 terminals; body 6 $\times$ 6 $\times$ 0.85 mm	SOT618-6						

### 5. Block diagram



### 6. Pinning information

#### 6.1 Pinning



#### 6.2 Pin description

Table 2. Pin description (CMOS digital outputs)

Symbol	Pin	Type[1]	Description
REFB	1	0	bottom reference
REFT	2	0	top reference
AGND	3	G	analog ground
VCM	4	0	common-mode output voltage
VDDA	5	Р	analog power supply
AGND	6	G	analog ground
INM	7	1	complementary analog input
INP	8	I	analog input
AGND	9	G	analog ground
VDDA	10	Р	analog power supply
VDDA	11	Р	analog power supply
CLKP	12	1	clock input
CLKM	13	1	complementary clock input
DEC	14	0	regulator decoupling node
OE	15	1	output enable, active LOW
PWD	16	1	power down, active HIGH

 Table 2.
 Pin description (CMOS digital outputs) ...continued

D13         17         O         data output bit 13 (MSB)           D12         18         O         data output bit 12           D11         19         O         data output bit 10           D10         20         O         data output bit 9           D8         22         O         data output bit 8           D7         23         O         data output bit 7           D6         24         O         data output bit 5           D4         26         O         data output bit 3           D2         28         O         data output bit 2           D1         29         O         data output bit 0 (LSB)           DAV         31         O         data valid output clock           n.c.         32         -         not connected           VDDO         33         P         output power supply           OGND         34         G         output ground           OTR         35         O         out of range           SCLK/DFS         36         I         SPI clock	Symbol	Pin	Type[1]	Description
D12         18         O         data output bit 12           D11         19         O         data output bit 11           D10         20         O         data output bit 10           D9         21         O         data output bit 9           D8         22         O         data output bit 8           D7         23         O         data output bit 7           D6         24         O         data output bit 6           D5         25         O         data output bit 5           D4         26         O         data output bit 3           D2         28         O         data output bit 2           D1         29         O         data output bit 1           D0         30         O         data output bit 0 (LSB)           DAV         31         O         data valid output clock           n.c.         32         -         not connected           VDDO         33         P         output power supply           OGND         34         G         output ground           OTR         35         O         out of range           SCLK/DFS         36         I         SPI clock data format	-	17		data output bit 13 (MSB)
D10         20         O         data output bit 10           D9         21         O         data output bit 9           D8         22         O         data output bit 8           D7         23         O         data output bit 7           D6         24         O         data output bit 6           D5         25         O         data output bit 5           D4         26         O         data output bit 3           D2         28         O         data output bit 2           D1         29         O         data output bit 1           D0         30         O         data output bit 0 (LSB)           DAV         31         O         data valid output clock           n.c.         32         -         not connected           VDDO         33         P         output power supply           OGND         34         G         output ground           OTR         35         O         out of range           SCLK/DFS         36         I         SPI clock data format select           SDIO/ODS         37         I/O         SPI data IO output data standard           CS         38         I	D12	18	0	. ,
D9         21         O         data output bit 9           D8         22         O         data output bit 8           D7         23         O         data output bit 7           D6         24         O         data output bit 6           D5         25         O         data output bit 5           D4         26         O         data output bit 3           D2         28         O         data output bit 2           D1         29         O         data output bit 1           D0         30         O         data output bit 0 (LSB)           DAV         31         O         data valid output clock           n.c.         32         -         not connected           VDDO         33         P         output power supply           OGND         34         G         output ground           OTR         35         O         out of range           SCLK/DFS         36         I         SPI clock           data format select           SDIO/ODS         37         I/O         SPI data IO           output data standard           CS         38         I         SPI chip select <td>D11</td> <td>19</td> <td>0</td> <td>data output bit 11</td>	D11	19	0	data output bit 11
D8         22         O         data output bit 8           D7         23         O         data output bit 7           D6         24         O         data output bit 6           D5         25         O         data output bit 5           D4         26         O         data output bit 4           D3         27         O         data output bit 3           D2         28         O         data output bit 2           D1         29         O         data output bit 1           D0         30         O         data valid output clock           n.c.         32         -         not connected           VDDO         33         P         output power supply           OGND         34         G         output ground           OTR         35         O         out of range           SCLK/DFS         36         I         SPI clock data format select           SDIO/ODS         37         I/O         SPI data IO output data standard           CS         38         I         SPI chip select	D10	20	0	data output bit 10
D7         23         O         data output bit 7           D6         24         O         data output bit 6           D5         25         O         data output bit 5           D4         26         O         data output bit 4           D3         27         O         data output bit 3           D2         28         O         data output bit 2           D1         29         O         data output bit 0 (LSB)           DAV         31         O         data valid output clock           n.c.         32         -         not connected           VDDO         33         P         output power supply           OGND         34         G         output ground           OTR         35         O         out of range           SCLK/DFS         36         I         SPI clock data format select           SDIO/ODS         37         I/O         SPI data IO output data standard           CS         38         I         SPI chip select	D9	21	0	data output bit 9
D6         24         O         data output bit 6           D5         25         O         data output bit 5           D4         26         O         data output bit 4           D3         27         O         data output bit 3           D2         28         O         data output bit 2           D1         29         O         data output bit 1           D0         30         O         data output bit 0 (LSB)           DAV         31         O         data valid output clock           n.c.         32         -         not connected           VDDO         33         P         output power supply           OGND         34         G         output ground           OTR         35         O         out of range           SCLK/DFS         36         I         SPI clock           data format select           SDIO/ODS         37         I/O         SPI data IO           output data standard           CS         38         I         SPI chip select	D8	22	0	data output bit 8
D5         25         O         data output bit 5           D4         26         O         data output bit 4           D3         27         O         data output bit 3           D2         28         O         data output bit 2           D1         29         O         data output bit 1           D0         30         O         data output bit 0 (LSB)           DAV         31         O         data valid output clock           n.c.         32         -         not connected           VDDO         33         P         output power supply           OGND         34         G         output ground           OTR         35         O         out of range           SCLK/DFS         36         I         SPI clock           data format select         SDIO/ODS         37         I/O         SPI data IO           output data standard         Output data standard         SPI chip select	D7	23	0	data output bit 7
D4         26         O         data output bit 4           D3         27         O         data output bit 3           D2         28         O         data output bit 2           D1         29         O         data output bit 1           D0         30         O         data output bit 0 (LSB)           DAV         31         O         data valid output clock           n.c.         32         -         not connected           VDDO         33         P         output power supply           OGND         34         G         output ground           OTR         35         O         out of range           SCLK/DFS         36         I         SPI clock           data format select           SDIO/ODS         37         I/O         SPI data IO           output data standard           CS         38         I         SPI chip select	D6	24	0	data output bit 6
D3         27         O         data output bit 3           D2         28         O         data output bit 2           D1         29         O         data output bit 1           D0         30         O         data output bit 0 (LSB)           DAV         31         O         data valid output clock           n.c.         32         -         not connected           VDDO         33         P         output power supply           OGND         34         G         output ground           OTR         35         O         out of range           SCLK/DFS         36         I         SPI clock           data format select           SDIO/ODS         37         I/O         SPI data IO           output data standard           CS         38         I         SPI chip select	D5	25	0	data output bit 5
D2         28         O         data output bit 2           D1         29         O         data output bit 1           D0         30         O         data output bit 0 (LSB)           DAV         31         O         data valid output clock           n.c.         32         -         not connected           VDDO         33         P         output power supply           OGND         34         G         output ground           OTR         35         O         out of range           SCLK/DFS         36         I         SPI clock data format select           SDIO/ODS         37         I/O         SPI data IO output data standard           CS         38         I         SPI chip select	D4	26	0	data output bit 4
D1         29         O         data output bit 1           D0         30         O         data output bit 0 (LSB)           DAV         31         O         data valid output clock           n.c.         32         -         not connected           VDDO         33         P         output power supply           OGND         34         G         output ground           OTR         35         O         out of range           SCLK/DFS         36         I         SPI clock           data format select           SDIO/ODS         37         I/O         SPI data IO           output data standard           CS         38         I         SPI chip select	D3	27	0	data output bit 3
D0         30         O         data output bit 0 (LSB)           DAV         31         O         data valid output clock           n.c.         32         -         not connected           VDDO         33         P         output power supply           OGND         34         G         output ground           OTR         35         O         out of range           SCLK/DFS         36         I         SPI clock           data format select           SDIO/ODS         37         I/O         SPI data IO           output data standard           CS         38         I         SPI chip select	D2	28	0	data output bit 2
DAV         31         O         data valid output clock           n.c.         32         -         not connected           VDDO         33         P         output power supply           OGND         34         G         output ground           OTR         35         O         out of range           SCLK/DFS         36         I         SPI clock           data format select           SDIO/ODS         37         I/O         SPI data IO           output data standard           CS         38         I         SPI chip select	D1	29	0	data output bit 1
n.c.         32         -         not connected           VDDO         33         P         output power supply           OGND         34         G         output ground           OTR         35         O         out of range           SCLK/DFS         36         I         SPI clock           data format select           SDIO/ODS         37         I/O         SPI data IO           output data standard           CS         38         I         SPI chip select	D0	30	0	data output bit 0 (LSB)
VDDO         33         P         output power supply           OGND         34         G         output ground           OTR         35         O         out of range           SCLK/DFS         36         I         SPI clock           data format select           SDIO/ODS         37         I/O         SPI data IO           output data standard           CS         38         I         SPI chip select	DAV	31	0	data valid output clock
OGND         34         G         output ground           OTR         35         O         out of range           SCLK/DFS         36         I         SPI clock data format select           SDIO/ODS         37         I/O         SPI data IO output data standard           CS         38         I         SPI chip select	n.c.	32	-	not connected
OTR         35         O         out of range           SCLK/DFS         36         I         SPI clock data format select           SDIO/ODS         37         I/O         SPI data IO output data standard           CS         38         I         SPI chip select	VDDO	33	Р	output power supply
SCLK/DFS 36 I SPI clock data format select  SDIO/ODS 37 I/O SPI data IO output data standard  CS 38 I SPI chip select	OGND	34	G	output ground
data format select	OTR	35	0	out of range
SDIO/ODS 37 I/O SPI data IO output data standard  CS 38 I SPI chip select	SCLK/DFS	36	I	SPI clock
Output data standard  CS 38 I SPI chip select				data format select
CS 38 I SPI chip select	SDIO/ODS	37	I/O	SPI data IO
<u> </u>				output data standard
SENSE 39 I reference programming pin	CS	38		SPI chip select
	SENSE	39	I	reference programming pin
VREF 40 I/O voltage reference input/output	VREF	40	I/O	voltage reference input/output

 $<sup>\</sup>begin{tabular}{ll} [1] & P: power supply; G: ground; I: input; O: output; I/O: input/output. \end{tabular}$ 

Table 3. Pin description (LVDS/DDR) digital outputs)

Symbol	Pin[1]	Type[2]	Description
D12_D13_M	17	0	differential output data D12 and D13 multiplexed, complement
D12_D13_P	18	0	differential output data D12 and D13 multiplexed, true
D10_D11_M	19	0	differential output data D10 and D11 multiplexed, complement
D10_D11_P	20	0	differential output data D10 and D11 multiplexed, true
D8_D9_M	21	0	differential output data D8 and D9 multiplexed, complement
D8_D9_P	22	0	differential output data D8 and D9 multiplexed, true
D6_D7_M	23	0	differential output data D6 and D7 multiplexed, complement
D6_D7_P	24	0	differential output data D6 and D7 multiplexed, true
D4_D5_M	25	0	differential output data D4 and D5 multiplexed, complement
D4_D5_P	26	0	differential output data D4 and D5 multiplexed, true
D2_D3_M	27	0	differential output data D2 and D3 multiplexed, complement
D2_D3_P	28	0	differential output data D2 and D3 multiplexed, true
D0_D1_M	29	0	differential output data D0 and D1 multiplexed, complement

Table 3. Pin description (LVDS/DDR) digital outputs) ...continued

Symbol	Pin[1]	Type <sup>[2]</sup>	Description
D0_D1_P	30	0	differential output data D0 and D1 multiplexed, true
DAVM	31	0	data valid output clock, complement
DAVP	32	0	data valid output clock, true

<sup>[1]</sup> Pins 1 to 16 and pins 33 to 40 are the same for both CMOS and LVDS DDR outputs (see Table 2)

### 7. Limiting values

Table 4. Limiting values

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
Vo	output voltage	pins D13 to D0 or pins D13P to D0P and D13M to D0M	-0.4	+3.9	V
$V_{DDA}$	analog supply voltage		-0.4	+3.9	V
$V_{DDO}$	output supply voltage		-0.4	+3.9	V
T <sub>stg</sub>	storage temperature		<b>-55</b>	+125	°C
T <sub>amb</sub>	ambient temperature		-40	+85	°C
Tj	junction temperature		-	125	°C

### 8. Thermal characteristics

Table 5. Thermal characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Тур	Unit
$R_{th(j-a)}$	thermal resistance from junction to ambient		[1]	22.5	K/W
R <sub>th(j-c)</sub>	thermal resistance from junction to case		[1]	11.7	K/W

<sup>[1]</sup> Value for six layers board in still air with a minimum of 25 thermal vias.

<sup>[2]</sup> P: power supply; G: ground; I: input; O: output; I/O: input/output.

### 9. Static characteristics

Table 6. Static characteristics[1]

Table 6.	Static characteristics					
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Supplies						
$V_{DDA}$	analog supply voltage		2.85	3.0	3.4	V
$V_{DDO}$	output supply voltage	CMOS mode	1.65	1.8	3.6	V
		LVDS DDR mode	2.85	3.0	3.6	V
$I_{DDA}$	analog supply current	$f_{clk} = 125 \text{ Msps}; f_i = 70 \text{ MHz}$	-	210	-	mΑ
I <sub>DDO</sub>	output supply current	CMOS mode; $f_{clk} = 125 \text{ Msps}$ ; $f_i = 70 \text{ MHz}$	-	14	-	mA
		LVDS DDR mode: $f_{clk} = 125 \text{ Msps}$ ; $f_i = 70 \text{ MHz}$	-	43	-	mA
Р	power dissipation	ADC1410S125; analog supply only	-	630	-	mW
		ADC1410S105; analog supply only	-	550	-	mW
		ADC1410S080; analog supply only	-	430	-	mW
		ADC1410S065; analog supply only	-	380	-	mW
		power-down mode	-	2	-	mW
		sleep mode	-	40	-	mW
Clock inp	uts: pins CLKP and CLKM					
LVPECL						
$V_{i(clk)dif}$	differential clock input voltage	peak-to-peak	-	±0.8	-	V
LVDS						
$V_{i(clk)dif}$	differential clock input voltage	peak-to-peak	-	±0.70	-	V
SINE wave	9					
V <sub>i(clk)dif</sub> LVCMOS	differential clock input voltage	peak-to-peak	±0.8	±3.0	-	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	LOW-level input voltage		-	-	$0.3V_{DDA}$	V
V <sub>IH</sub>	HIGH-level input voltage		$0.7V_{DDA}$	-	-	V
Logic inp	uts: pins PWD and OE					
V <sub>IL</sub>	LOW-level input voltage		0	-	8.0	V
V <sub>IH</sub>	HIGH-level input voltage		2	-	$V_{DDA}$	V
I <sub>IL</sub>	LOW-level input current		<tbd></tbd>	-	<tbd></tbd>	μΑ
I <sub>IH</sub>	HIGH-level input current		-10	-	+10	μΑ
Serial per	ipheral interface: pins CS, SDIO/OD	S, SCLK/DFS				
V <sub>IL</sub>	LOW-level input voltage		0	-	$0.3V_{DDA}$	V
V <sub>IH</sub>	HIGH-level input voltage		$0.7V_{DDA}$	-	$V_{DDA}$	V
I <sub>IL</sub>	LOW-level input current		-10	-	+10	μΑ
I <sub>IH</sub>	HIGH-level input current		-50	-	+50	μΑ
ЧH					. 00	F .

 Table 6.
 Static characteristics
 [1]
 ...continued

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
•	tputs: CMOS mode - pins D13 to D					
Output lev	vels, V <sub>DDO</sub> = 3 V					
V <sub>OL</sub>	LOW-level output voltage	$I_{OL} = \langle tbd \rangle$	OGND	-	$0.2V_{DDO}$	V
V <sub>OH</sub>	HIGH-level output voltage	$I_{OH} = \langle tbd \rangle$	$0.8V_{DDO}$	-	$V_{DDO}$	V
I <sub>OL</sub>	LOW-level output current	3-state; output level = 0 V	-	<tbd></tbd>	-	μΑ
I <sub>OH</sub>	HIGH-level output current	3-state; output level = V <sub>DDA</sub>	-	<tbd></tbd>	-	μΑ
Co	output capacitance	high impedance; $\overline{OE} = HIGH$	-	3	-	pF
Output lev	vels, V <sub>DDO</sub> = 1.8 V					
V <sub>OL</sub>	LOW-level output voltage	$I_{OL} = \langle tbd \rangle$	OGND	-	$0.2V_{DDO}$	V
V <sub>OH</sub>	HIGH-level output voltage	$I_{OH} = \langle tbd \rangle$	$0.8V_{DDO}$	-	$V_{DDO}$	V
Digital ou	tputs, LVDS mode - pins D13P to D	00P, D13M to D0M, DAVP and DAV	/M			
Output lev	vels, $V_{DDO} = 3 \text{ V only}$ , $R_L = 100 \Omega$					
$V_{O(offset)}$	output offset voltage	output buffer current set to 3.5 mA	-	1.2	-	V
$V_{O(dif)}$	differential output voltage	output buffer current set to 3.5 mA	-	350	-	mV
Co	output capacitance		-	<tbd></tbd>	-	pF
Analog in	puts: pins INP and INM					
l <sub>l</sub>	input current		<b>-5</b>	-	+5	μΑ
R <sub>I</sub>	input resistance		-	<tbd></tbd>	-	Ω
Cı	input capacitance		-	5	-	рF
V <sub>I(cm)</sub>	common-mode input voltage	$V_{INP} = V_{INM}$	0.9	1.5	2	V
B <sub>i</sub>	input bandwidth		-	600	-	МН
$V_{I(dif)}$	differential input voltage	peak-to-peak	1		2	V
Common	mode output voltage: pin VCM					
V <sub>O(cm)</sub>	common-mode output voltage		-	$V_{DDA}/2$	-	V
I <sub>O(cm)</sub>	common-mode output current		-	<tbd></tbd>	-	μΑ
I/O refere	nce voltage: pin VREF					
$V_{VREF}$	voltage on pin VREF	output	0.5	-	1	V
		input	0.5	-	1	V
Accuracy	,					
INL	integral non-linearity		-5	±1	+5	LSE
DNL	differential non-linearity	guaranteed no missing codes	-0.95	±0.5	+0.95	LSE
E <sub>offset</sub>	offset error		-	±2	-	mV
E <sub>G</sub>	gain error	full-scale		±0.5		%
Supply						
PSRR	power supply rejection ratio	100 mV (p-p) on V <sub>DDA</sub>	-	35	_	dBo

<sup>[1]</sup> Typical values measured at  $V_{DDA} = 3$  V,  $V_{DDO} = 1.8$  V,  $T_{amb} = 25$  °C and  $C_L = 5$  pF; minimum and maximum values are across the full temperature range  $T_{amb} = -40$  °C to +85 °C at  $V_{DDA} = 3$  V,  $V_{DDO} = 1.8$  V;  $V_{INP} - V_{INM} = -1$  dBFS; internal reference mode; applied to CMOS and LVDS interface; unless otherwise specified.

# 10. Dynamic characteristics

### 10.1 Dynamic characteristics

Table 7. Dynamic characteristics[1]

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	ΑI	DC1410S	6065	ΑC	DC14108	080	ΑĽ	C1410S	105	AD	C1410S	125	Unit
			Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Analog si	gnal processing														
$\alpha_{2H}$	second harmonic	f <sub>i</sub> = 3 MHz	-	87	-	-	87	-	-	86	-	-	88	-	dBc
	level	$f_i = 30 \text{ MHz}$	-	86	-	-	86	-	-	86	-	-	87	-	dBc
		$f_i = 70 \text{ MHz}$	-	85	-	-	85	-	-	84	-	-	85	-	dBc
		f <sub>i</sub> = 170 MHz	-	82	-	-	82	-	-	81	-	-	83	-	dBc
αзн	third harmonic	f <sub>i</sub> = 3 MHz	-	86	-	-	86	-	-	85	-	-	87	-	dBc
	level	$f_i = 30 \text{ MHz}$	-	85	-	-	85	-	-	85	-	-	86	-	dBc
		$f_i = 70 \text{ MHz}$	-	84	-	-	84	-	-	83	-	-	84	-	dBc
		f <sub>i</sub> = 170 MHz	-	81	-	-	81	-	-	80	-	-	82	-	dBc
THD	total harmonic	f <sub>i</sub> = 3 MHz	-	85	-	-	85	-	-	84	-	-	86	-	dBc
	distortion	$f_i = 30 \text{ MHz}$	-	84	-	-	84	-	-	84	-	-	85	-	dBc
		$f_i = 70 \text{ MHz}$	-	83	-	-	83	-	-	82	-	-	83	-	dBc
		f <sub>i</sub> = 170 MHz	-	80	-	-	80	-	-	79	-	-	81	-	dBc
ENOB	effective number	f <sub>i</sub> = 3 MHz	-	11.7	-	-	11.7	-	-	11.6	-	-	11.6	-	bits
	of bits	$f_i = 30 \text{ MHz}$	-	11.6	-	-	11.5	-	-	11.5	-	-	11.5	-	bits
		$f_i = 70 \text{ MHz}$	-	11.5	-	-	11.5	-	-	11.4	-	-	11.4	-	bits
		f <sub>i</sub> = 170 MHz	-	11.4	-	-	11.4	-	-	11.3	-	-	11.3	-	bits
SNR	signal-to-noise	f <sub>i</sub> = 3 MHz	-	72.1	-	-	72.0	-	-	71.8	-	-	71.4	-	dBFS
	ratio	$f_i = 30 \text{ MHz}$	-	71.3	-	-	71.2	-	-	71.8	-	-	71.4	-	dBFS
		$f_i = 70 \text{ MHz}$	-	70.7	-	-	70.7	-	-	70.6	-	-	70.5	-	dBFS
		f <sub>i</sub> = 170 MHz	-	70.2	-	-	70.1	-	-	70.0	-	-	69.9	-	dBFS
SFDR	spurious-free	f <sub>i</sub> = 3 MHz	-	86	-	-	86	-	-	85	-	-	87	-	dBc
	dynamic range	$f_i = 30 \text{ MHz}$	-	85	-	-	85	-	-	85	-	-	86	-	dBc
		$f_i = 70 \text{ MHz}$	-	84	-	-	84	-	-	83	-	-	84	-	dBc
		f <sub>i</sub> = 170 MHz	-	81	-	-	81	-	-	80	-	-	82	-	dBc

Table 7. Dynamic characteristics[1] ...continued

Symbol	mbol Parameter Conditions		ADC1410S065			ADC1410S080			AD	C1410S	105	ADO	Unit		
			Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
IMD	Intermodulation	$f_i = 3 \text{ MHz}$	-	89	-	-	89	-	-	88	-	-	89	-	dBc
	distortion	f <sub>i</sub> = 30 MHz	-	88	-	-	88	-	-	88	-	-	88	-	dBc
		f <sub>i</sub> = 70 MHz	-	87	-	-	87	-	-	86	-	-	86	-	dBc
		f <sub>i</sub> = 170 MHz	-	84	-	-	85	-	-	83	-	-	84	-	dBc

<sup>[1]</sup> Typical values measured at  $V_{DDA} = 3 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{DDO} = 1.8 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{amb} = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$  and  $C_L = 5 \text{ pF}$ ; minimum and maximum values are across the full temperature range  $T_{amb} = -40 ^{\circ}\text{C}$  to +85  $^{\circ}\text{C}$  at  $V_{DDA} = 3 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{DDO} = 1.8 \text{ V}$ ;  $V_{INP} - V_{INM} = -1 \text{ dBFS}$ ; internal reference mode; applied to CMOS and LVDS interface; unless otherwise specified.

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### 10.2 Clock and digital output timing

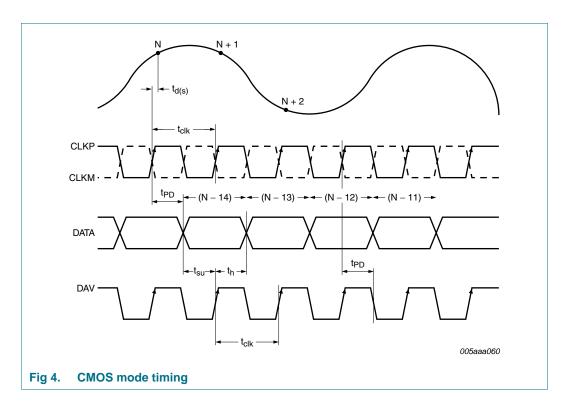
Clock and digital output timing characteristics[1] Table 8.

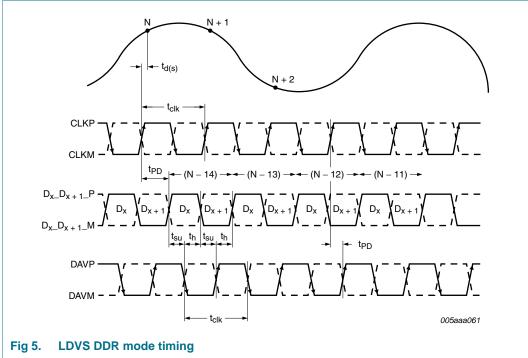
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	AD	C1410S	065	A	C1410S	080	AE	C1410S	105	A	C1410S	125	Unit
			Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Clock timir	ng input: pins CLK	P and CLKM						'							
f <sub>clk</sub>	clock frequency		20	-	65	60	-	80	75	-	105	100	-	125	MHz
t <sub>lat(data)</sub>	data latency time	clock cycles	-	14	-	-	14	-	-	14	-	-	14	-	clock cycle
$\delta_{\text{clk}}$	clock duty cycle	DCS_EN = 1	30	50	70	30	50	70	30	50	70	30	50	70	%
		DCS_EN = 0	45	50	55	45	50	55	45	50	55	45	50	55	%
$t_{d(s)}$	sampling delay time		-	8.0	-	-	8.0	-	-	0.8	-	-	0.8	-	ns
t <sub>wake</sub>	wake-up time		-	<tbd></tbd>	-	-	<tbd></tbd>	-	-	<tbd></tbd>	-	-	<tbd></tbd>	-	ns
CMOS Mod	le Timing output: p	oins D13 to D0 ar	nd DAV												
t <sub>PD</sub>	propagation	DATA	-	3.9	-	-	3.9	-	-	3.9	-	-	3.9	-	ns
delay	DAV	-	4.2	-	-	4.2	-	-	4.2	-	-	4.2	-	ns	
t <sub>su</sub>	set-up time		-	7.7	-	-	6.5	-	-	4.7	-	-	4.3	-	ns
t <sub>h</sub>	hold time		-	6.7	-	-	5.5	-	-	3.8	-	-	3.5	-	ns
t <sub>r</sub>	rise time[2]	DATA	0.5	-	2.4	0.5	-	2.4	0.5	-	2.4	0.5	-	2.4	ns
		DAV	0.5	-	2.4	0.5	-	2.4	0.5	-	2.4	0.5	-	2.4	ns
t <sub>f</sub>	fall time[2]	DATA	0.5	-	2.4	0.5	-	2.4	0.5	-	2.4	0.5	-	2.4	ns
LVDS DDR	mode timing outp	ut: pins D13P to	D0P, D13	M to D0	M, DAVI	P and D	AVM								
t <sub>PD</sub>	propagation	DATA	-	3.9	-	-	3.9	-	-	3.9	-	-	3.9	-	ns
	delay	DAV	-	4.2	-	-	4.2	-	-	4.2	-	-	4.2	-	ns
t <sub>su</sub>	set-up time		-	5.1	-	-	3.5	-	-	2.1	-	-	1.4	-	ns
t <sub>h</sub>	hold time		-	2.0	-	-	2.0	-	-	2.0	-	-	2.0	-	ns
t <sub>r</sub>	rise time[3]	DATA	0.5	-	2.4	0.5	-	2.4	0.5	-	2.4	0.5	-	2.4	ns
		DAV	0.5	-	2.4	0.5	-	2.4	0.5	-	2.4	0.5	-	2.4	ns
t <sub>f</sub>	fall time[3]	DATA	0.5	-	2.4	0.5	-	2.4	0.5	-	2.4	0.5	-	2.4	ns

<sup>[1]</sup> Typical values measured at  $V_{DDA} = 3 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{DDO} = 1.8 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{amb} = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$  and  $C_L = 5 \text{ pF}$ ; minimum and maximum values are across the full temperature range  $T_{amb} = -40 ^{\circ}\text{C}$  to +85  $^{\circ}\text{C}$  at  $V_{DDA} = 3 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{DDO} = 1.8 \text{ V}$ ;  $V_{INP} - V_{INM} = -1 \text{ dBFS}$ ; internal reference mode; applied to CMOS and LVDS interface; unless otherwise specified.

Measured between 20 % to 80 % of V<sub>DDO</sub>.

Rise time measured from -50 mV to +50 mV; fall time measured from +50 mV to -50 mV.



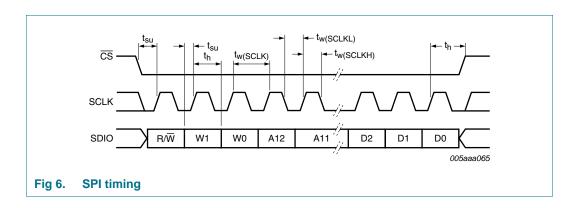


### 10.3 SPI timings

Table 9. SPI timings characteristics[1]

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
$t_{\text{w(SCLK)}}$	SCLK pulse width		40	-	-	ns
t <sub>w(SCLKH)</sub>	SCLK HIGH pulse width		16	-	-	ns
$t_{w(SCLKL)}$	SCLK LOW pulse width		16	-	-	ns
t <sub>su</sub>	set-up time	data to SCLK HIGH	5	-	-	ns
		CS to SCLK HIGH	5	-	-	ns
t <sub>h</sub>	hold time	data to SCLK HIGH	2	-	-	ns
		CS to SCLK HIGH	2	-	-	ns
f <sub>clk(max)</sub>	maximum clock frequency		-	-	25	MHz

[1] Typical values measured at  $V_{DDA}$  = 3 V,  $V_{DDO}$  = 1.8 V,  $T_{amb}$  = 25 °C and  $C_L$  = 5 pF; minimum and maximum values are across the full temperature range  $T_{amb}$  = -40 °C to +85 °C at  $V_{DDA}$  = 3 V,  $V_{DDO}$  = 1.8 V



### 11. Application information

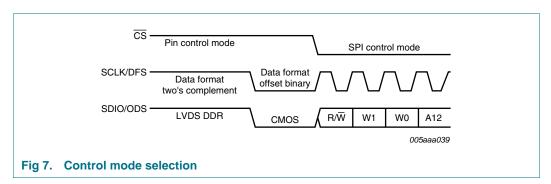
#### 11.1 Device control

The ADC1410S can be controlled via SPI or directly via the I/O pins (PIN control mode).

#### 11.1.1 SPI and PIN control modes

The device enters PIN control mode at power-up, and remains in this mode as long as pin  $\overline{\text{CS}}$  is held HIGH. In PIN control mode, the SPI pins SDIO,  $\overline{\text{CS}}$  and SCLK are used as static control pins.

SPI control mode is enabled by forcing pin  $\overline{CS}$  LOW. Once SPI control mode has been enabled, the device will remain in this mode. The transition from PIN control mode to SPI control mode is illustrated in Figure 7.



When the device enters SPI control mode, the output data standard and data format are determined by the level on pin SDIO as soon as a transition is triggered by a falling edge on  $\overline{\text{CS}}$ .

#### 11.1.2 Operating mode selection

The active ADC1410S operating mode (Power-up, Power-down or Sleep) can be selected via the SPI interface (see <u>Table 20</u>) or using pins PWD and OE in PIN control mode, as described in Table 10.

Table 10. Operating mode selection via pin PWD and OE

Pin PWD	Pin OE	Operating mode	Output high-Z
0	0	Power-up	no
0	1	Power-up	yes
1	0	Sleep	yes
1	1	Power-down	yes

#### 11.1.3 Selecting the output data standard

The output data standard (CMOS or LVDS DDR) can be selected via the SPI interface (see <u>Table 23</u>) or using pin ODS in PIN control mode. LVDS DDR is selected when ODS is HIGH, otherwise CMOS is selected.

#### 11.1.4 Selecting the output data format

The output data format can be selected via the SPI interface (offset binary, two's complement or gray code; see <u>Table 23</u>) or using pin DFS in PIN control mode (offset binary or two's complement). Offset binary is selected when DFS is LOW. When DFS is HIGH, two's complement is selected.

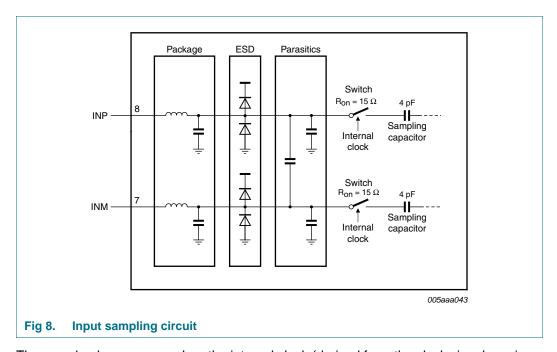
#### 11.2 Analog inputs

#### 11.2.1 Input stage

The analog input of the ADC1410S supports differential or single-ended input drive. Optimal performance is achieved using differential inputs with the common-mode input voltage ( $V_{I(cm)}$ ) on pins INP and INM set to 0.5 $V_{DDA}$ .

The full-scale analog input voltage range is configurable between 1 V (p-p) and 2 V (p-p) via a programmable internal reference (see <u>Section 11.3</u> and <u>Table 22</u> further details).

The equivalent circuit of the sample and hold input stage, including Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) protection and circuit and package parasitics, is shown in Figure 8.

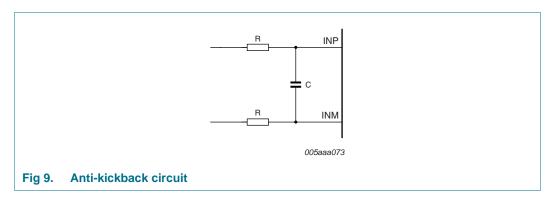


The sample phase occurs when the internal clock (derived from the clock signal on pin CLKP/CLKM) is HIGH. The voltage is then held on the sampling capacitors. When the clock signal goes LOW, the stage enters the hold phase and the voltage information is transmitted to the ADC core.

#### 11.2.2 Anti-kickback circuitry

Anti-kickback circuitry (R-C filter in Figure 9) is needed to counteract the effects of a charge injection generated by the sampling capacitance.

The RC filter is also used to filter noise from the signal before it reaches the sampling stage. The value of the capacitor should be chosen to maximize noise attenuation without degrading the settling time excessively.



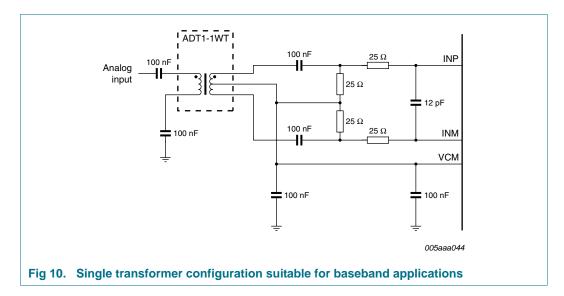
The component values are determined by the input frequency and should be selected so as not to affect the input bandwidth.

Table 11. RC coupling versus input frequency, typical values

Input frequency	Resistance	Capacitance
3 MHz	25 Ω	12 pF
70 MHz	12 Ω	8 pF
170 MHz	12 Ω	8 pF

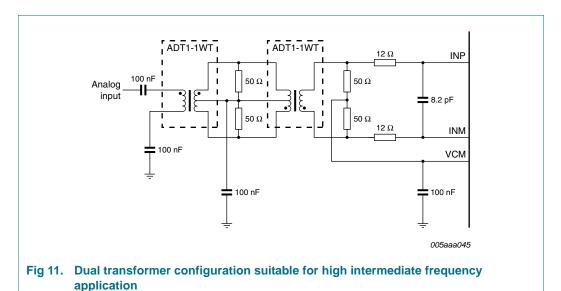
#### 11.2.3 Transformer

The configuration of the transformer circuit is determined by the input frequency. The configuration shown in Figure 10 would be suitable for a baseband application.



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The configuration shown in <u>Figure 11</u> is recommended for high frequency applications. In both cases, the choice of transformer will be a compromise between cost and performance.

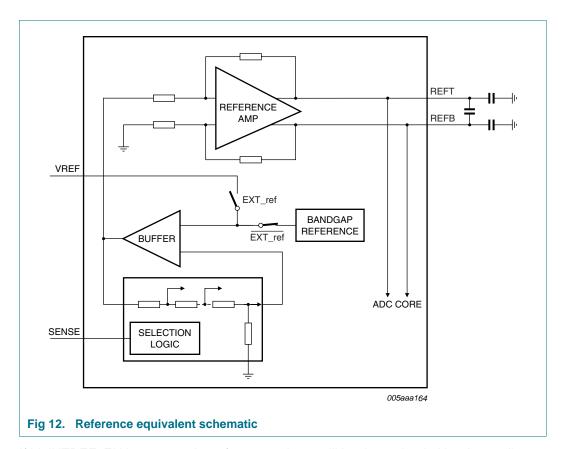


#### 11.3 System reference and power management

#### 11.3.1 Internal/external references

The ADC1410S has a stable and accurate built-in internal reference voltage to adjust the ADC full-scale. This reference voltage can be set internally via SPI or with pins VREF and SENSE (programmable in 1 dB steps between 0 dB and –6 dB via control bits INTREF[2:0] when bit INTREF\_EN = 1; see <u>Table 22</u>). See <u>Figure 13</u>, <u>Figure 14</u>, <u>Figure 15</u>, <u>Figure 16</u>. The equivalent reference circuit is shown in <u>Figure 12</u>. External reference is also possible by providing a voltage on pin VREF as described in <u>Figure 15</u>.

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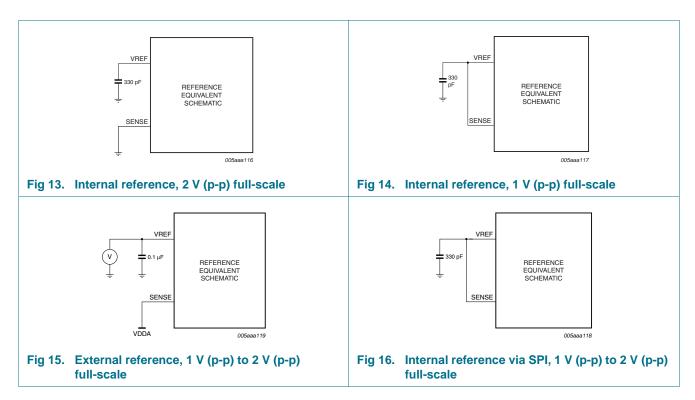


If bit INTREF\_EN is set to 0, the reference voltage will be determined either internally or externally as detailed in <u>Table 12</u>.

Table 12. Reference selection

Selection	SPI bit INTREF_EN	SENSE pin	VREF pin	full-scale (p-p)	
internal ( <u>Figure 13</u> )	0	AGND	330 pF capacitor to AGND	2 V	
internal ( <u>Figure 14</u> )	0	pin VREF connected to pin SENSE and via 1 V a 330 pF capacitor to AGND			
external ( <u>Figure 15</u> )	0	$V_{DDA}$	external voltage between 0.5 V and 1 V[1]	1 V to 2 V	
internal via SPI ( <u>Figure 16</u> )	1	pin VREF connected to pin SENSE and via 1 V to 2 V 330 pF capacitor to AGND			

<sup>[1]</sup> The voltage on pin VREF is doubled internally to generate the internal reference voltage.



<u>Figure 13</u> to <u>Figure 16</u> illustrate how to connect the SENSE and VREF pins to select the required reference voltage source.

#### 11.3.2 Reference gain control

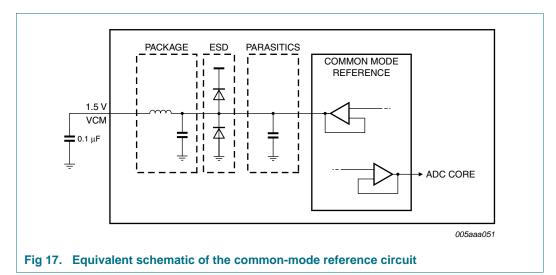
The reference gain is programmable between 0 dB to -6 dB in 1 dB steps via the SPI (see <u>Table 22</u>). The corresponding full-scale input voltage range varies between 2 V (p-p) and 1 V (p-p), as shown in <u>Table 13</u>:

Table 13. Reference SPI gain control

INTREF[2:0]	Gain (dB)	Full-scale (V (p-p))
000	0 dB	2 V
001	–1 dB	1.78 V
010	–2 dB	1.59 V
011	–3 dB	1.42 V
100	–4 dB	1.26 V
101	–5 dB	1.12 V
110	–6 dB	1 V
111	reserved	Х

#### 11.3.3 Common-mode output voltage (V<sub>O(cm)</sub>)

A 0.1  $\mu$ F filter capacitor should be connected between pin VCM and ground to ensure a low-noise common-mode output voltage. When AC-coupled, pin VCM can then be used to set the common-mode reference for the analog inputs, for instance via a transformer middle point.



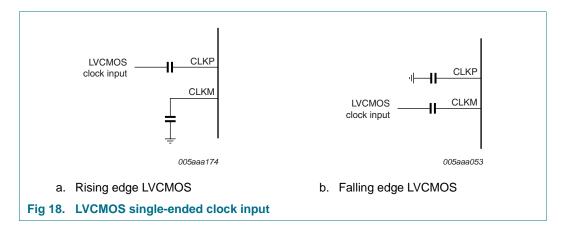
# 11.3.4 Biasing

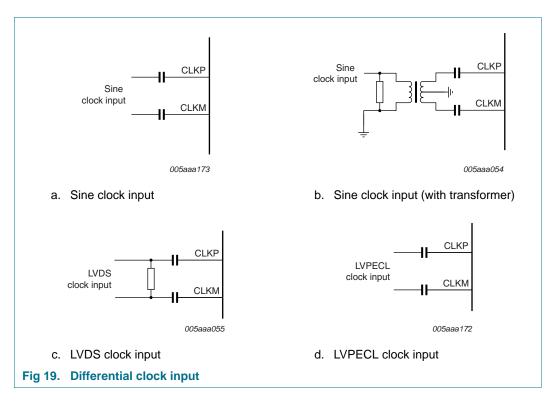
The common-mode input voltage  $(V_{I(cm)})$  on pins INP and INM should be set externally to  $0.5V_{DDA}$  for optimal performance and should always be between 0.9 V and 2 V.

#### 11.4 Clock input

#### 11.4.1 Drive modes

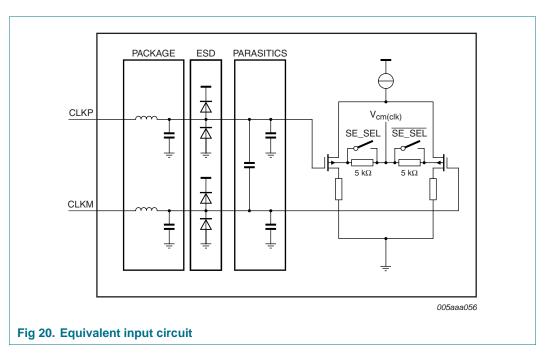
The ADC1410S can be driven differentially (SINE, LVPECL or LVDS) with little or no degradation on dynamic performances. It can also be driven by a single-ended LVCMOS signal connected to pin CLKP (CLKM should be connected to ground via a capacitor) or CLKM (CLKP should be connected to ground via a capacitor).





#### 11.4.2 Equivalent input circuit

The equivalent circuit of the input clock buffer is shown in Figure 20. The common-mode voltage of the differential input stage is set via internal 5 k $\Omega$  resistors.



Single-ended or differential clock inputs can be selected via the SPI interface (see <u>Table 21</u>). If single-ended is enabled, the input pin (CLKM or CLKP) is selected via control bit SE\_SEL.

If single-ended is implemented without setting SE\_SEL to the appropriate value, the unused pin should be connected to ground via a capacitor.

#### 11.4.3 Duty cycle stabilizer

The duty cycle stabilizer can improve the overall performances of the ADC by compensating the duty cycle of the input clock signal. When the duty cycle stabilizer is active (bit DCS\_EN = 1; see  $\underline{\text{Table 21}}$ ), the circuit can handle signals with duty cycles of between 30 % and 70 % (typical). When the duty cycle stabilizer is disabled (DCS\_EN = 0), the input clock signal should have a duty cycle of between 45 % and 55 %.

#### 11.4.4 Clock input divider

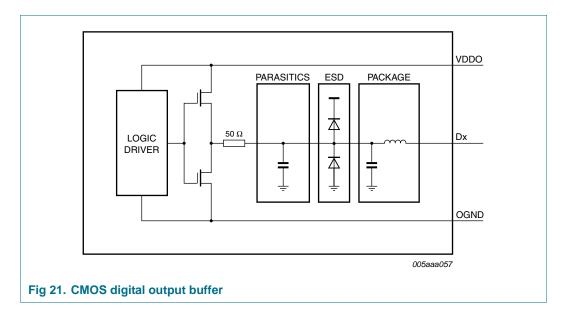
The ADC1410S contains an input clock divider that divides the incoming clock by a factor of 2 (when bit CLKDIV = 1; see <u>Table 21</u>). This feature allows the user to deliver a higher clock frequency with better jitter performance, leading to a better SNR result once acquisition has been performed.

#### 11.5 Digital outputs

#### 11.5.1 Digital output buffers: CMOS mode

The digital output buffers can be configured as CMOS by setting bit LVDS/CMOS to 0 (see Table 23).

Each digital output has a dedicated output buffer. The equivalent circuit of the CMOS digital output buffer is shown in Figure 21. The buffer is powered by a separate power supply, pins OGND and  $V_{DDO}$ , to ensure 1.8 V to 3.3 V compatibility and is isolated from the ADC core. Each buffer can be loaded by a maximum of 10 pF.

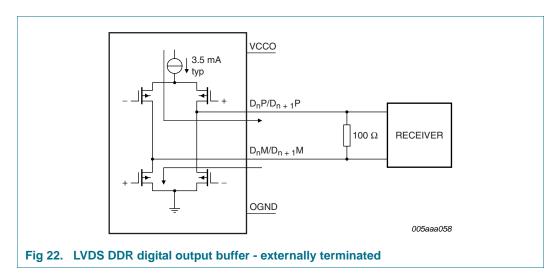


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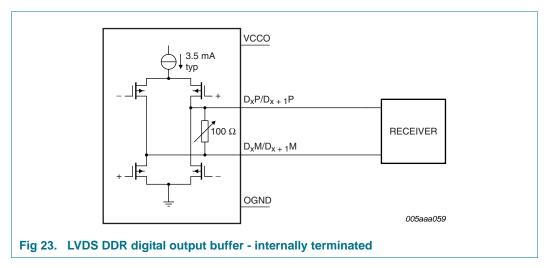
The output resistance is 50  $\Omega$  and is the combination of the an internal resistor and the equivalent output resistance of the buffer. There is no need for an external damping resistor. The drive strength of both data and DAV buffers can be programmed via the SPI in order to adjust the rise and fall times of the output digital signals (see Table 30):

#### 11.5.2 Digital output buffers: LVDS DDR mode

The digital output buffers can be configured as LVDS DDR by setting bit LVDS/CMOS to 1 (see Table 23).



Each output should be terminated externally with a 100  $\Omega$  resistor (typical) at the receiver side (<u>Figure 22</u>) or internally via SPI control bits LVDS\_INT\_TER[2:0] (see <u>Figure 23</u> and <u>Table 32</u>).



The default LVDS DDR output buffer current is set to 3.5 mA. It can be programmed via the SPI (bits DAVI[1:0] and DATAI[1:0]; see <u>Table 31</u>) in order to adjust the output logic voltage levels.

Table 14. LVDS DDR output register 2

LVDS_INT_TER[2:0]	Resistor value ( $\Omega$ )
000	no internal termination
001	300
010	180
011	110
100	150
101	100
110	81
111	60

#### 11.5.3 Data valid (DAV) output clock

A data valid output clock signal (DAV) can be used to capture the data delivered by the ADC1410S. Detailed timing diagrams for CMOS and LVDS DDR modes are shown in Figure 4 and Figure 5 respectively.

#### 11.5.4 Out-of-Range (OTR)

An out-of-range signal is provided on pin OTR. The latency of OTR is fourteen clock cycles. The OTR response can be speeded up by enabling Fast OTR (bit FASTOTR = 1; see <u>Table 29</u>). In this mode, the latency of OTR is reduced to only four clock cycles. The Fast OTR detection threshold (below full-scale) can be programmed via bits FASTOTR\_DET[2:0].

Table 15. Fast OTR register

FASTOTR_DET[2:0]	Detection level (dB)
000	-20.56
001	-16.12
010	-11.02
011	-7.82
100	-5.49
101	-3.66
110	-2.14
111	-0.86

#### 11.5.5 Digital offset

By default, the ADC1410S delivers output code that corresponds to the analog input. However it is possible to add a digital offset to the output code via the SPI (bits DIG\_OFFSET[5:0]; see Table 25).

#### 11.5.6 Test patterns

For test purposes, the ADC1410S can be configured to transmit one of a number of predefined test patterns (via bits TESTPAT\_SEL[2:0]; see <u>Table 26</u>). A custom test pattern can be defined by the user (TESTPAT\_USER; see <u>Table 27</u> and <u>Table 28</u>) and is selected when TESTPAT\_SEL[2:0] = 101. The selected test pattern will be transmitted regardless of the analog input.

#### 11.5.7 Output codes versus input voltage

Table 16. Output codes

$V_{INP}-V_{INM}$	Offset binary	Two's complement	OTR pin
< -1	00 0000 0000 0000	10 0000 0000 0000	1
-1	00 0000 0000 0000	10 0000 0000 0000	0
-0.9998779	00 0000 0000 0001	10 0000 0000 0001	0
-0.9997559	00 0000 0000 0010	10 0000 0000 0010	0
-0.9996338	00 0000 0000 0011	10 0000 0000 0011	0
-0.9995117	00 0000 0000 0100	10 0000 0000 0100	0
			0
-0.0002441	01 1111 1111 1110	11 1111 1111 1110	0
-0.0001221	01 1111 1111 1111	11 1111 1111 1111	0
0	10 0000 0000 0000	00 0000 0000 0000	0
+0.0001221	10 0000 0000 0001	00 0000 0000 0001	0
+0.0002441	10 0000 0000 0010	00 0000 0000 0010	0
			0
+0.9995117	11 1111 1111 1011	01 1111 1111 1011	0
+0.9996338	11 1111 1111 1100	01 1111 1111 1100	0
+0.9997559	11 1111 1111 1101	01 1111 1111 1101	0
+0.9998779	11 1111 1111 1110	01 1111 1111 1110	0
+1	11 1111 1111 1111	01 1111 1111 1111	0
> +1	11 1111 1111 1111	01 1111 1111 1111	1

#### 11.6 Serial peripheral interface

#### 11.6.1 Register description

The ADC1410S serial interface is a synchronous serial communications port that allows for easy interfacing with many commonly-used microprocessors. It provides access to the registers that control the operation of the chip.

This interface is configured as a 3-wire type (SDIO as bidirectional pin)

Pin SCLK is the serial clock input and  $\overline{CS}$  is the chip select pin.

Each read/write operation is initiated by a LOW level on  $\overline{CS}$ . A minimum of three bytes will be transmitted (two instruction bytes and at least one data byte). The number of data bytes is determined by the value of bits W1 and W2 (see Table 18).

Table 17. Instruction bytes for the SPI

	MSB							LSB
Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Description	R/W[1]	W1[2]	W0[2]	A12	A11	A10	A9	A8
	A7	A6	A5	A4	А3	A2	A1	A0

<sup>[1]</sup> Bit  $R/\overline{W}$  indicates whether it is a read (1) or a write (0) operation.

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<sup>[2]</sup> Bits W1 and W0 indicate the number of bytes to be transferred after the instruction byte (see Table 18).

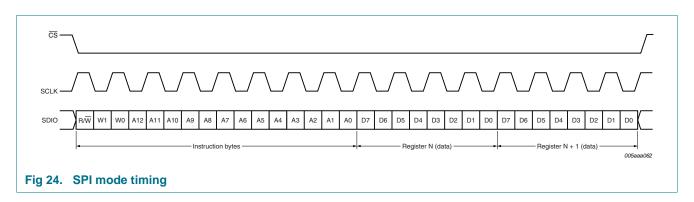
Table 18. Number of data bytes to be transferred after the instruction bytes

W1	W0	Number of bytes transmitted
0	0	1 byte
0	1	2 bytes
1	0	3 bytes
1	1	4 bytes or more

Bits A12 to A0 indicate the address of the register being accessed. In the case of a multiple byte transfer, this address is the first register to be accessed. An address counter is increased to access subsequent addresses.

The steps involved in a data transfer are as follows:

- 1. A falling edge on  $\overline{\text{CS}}$  in combination with a rising edge on SCLK determine the start of communications.
- 2. The first phase is the transfer of the 2-byte instruction.
- 3. The second phase is the transfer of the data which can vary in length but will always be a multiple of 8 bits. The MSB is always sent first (for instruction and data bytes).
- 4. A rising edge on  $\overline{\text{CS}}$  indicates the end on data transmission.

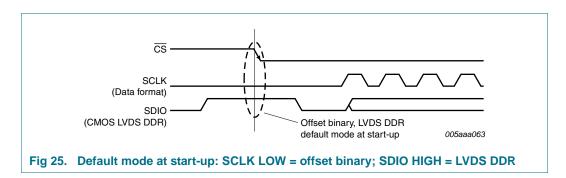


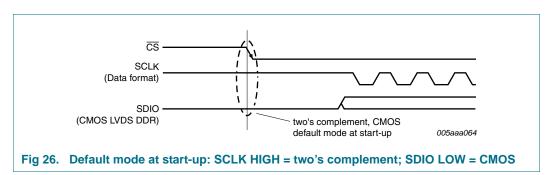
#### 11.6.2 Default modes at start-up

During circuit initialization, it does not matter which output data standard has been selected. At power-up, the device enters Pin control mode.

A falling edge on  $\overline{\text{CS}}$  will trigger a transition to SPI control mode. When the ADC1410S enters SPI control mode, the output data standard (CMOS/LVDS DDR) is determined by the level on pin SDIO (see <u>Figure 25</u>). Once in SPI control mode, the output data standard can be changed via bit LVDS/CMOS in <u>Table 23</u>.

When the ADC1410S enters SPI control mode, the output data format (two's complement or offset binary) is determined by the level on pin SCLK (gray code can only be selected via the SPI). Once in SPI control mode, the output data format can be changed via bit DATA\_FORMAT[1:0] in <u>Table 23</u>.





### 11.6.3 Register allocation map

### Table 19. Register allocation map

2	Table 101 Register anotation map										
AddrH	Register name	R/W	Bit defini	tion							Default
ex			Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	Bin
0005	Reset and operating mode	R/W	SW_RST		RESERVI	ED[2:0]	-	-	OP_MOI	DE[1:0]	0000 0000
0006	Clock	R/W	-	-	-	SE_SEL	DIFF_SE	-	CLKDIV	DCS_EN	0000 0001
8000	Internal reference	R/W	-	-	-	-	INTREF_EN	IN	TREF[2:0]		0000 0000
0011	Output data standard	R/W	-	-	-	LVDS_CMOS	OUTBUF	OUTBUS_SWAP	DATA_FOR	MAT[1:0]	0000 0000
0012	Output clock	R/W	-	-	-	-	DAVINV	DAV	/PHASE[2:0]		0000 1110
0013	Offset	R/W	-	-			DIG_OF	FSET[5:0]			0000 0000
0014	Test pattern 1	R/W	-	-	-	-	-	TEST	PAT_SEL[2:0]		0000 0000
0015	Test pattern 2	R/W				TE	STPAT_USER[1	3:6]			0000 0000
0016	Test pattern 3	R/W				TESTPAT_USI	ER[5:0]		-	-	0000 0000
0017	Fast OTR	R/W	-	-	-	-	FASTOTR	FAST	OTR_DET[2:0]		0000 0000
0020	CMOS output	R/W	-	-	-	-	DA	V_DRV[1:0]	DATA_DI	RV[1:0]	0000 1110
0021	LVDS DDR O/P 1	R/W	-	-	DAVI_x2_EN	D	AVI[1:0]	DATAI_x2_EN	DATAI	[1:0]	0000 0000
0022	LVDS DDR O/P 2	R/W	-	-	-	-	BIT_BYTE_ WISE	LVDS_	_INT_TER[2:0]		0000 0000

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Table 20. Reset and operating mode control register (address 0005h) bit description

Bit	Symbol	Access	Value	Description
7	SW_RST	R/W		reset digital section
			0	no reset
			1	performs a reset on SPI registers
6 to 4	RESERVED[2:0]		000	reserved
3 to 2	-		00	not used
1 to 0	OP_MODE[1:0]	R/W		operating mode
			00	normal (power-up)
			01	power-down
			10	sleep
			11	normal (power-up)

Table 21. Clock control register (address 0006h) bit description

Bit	Symbol	Access	Value	Description
7 to 5	-		000	not used
4	SE_SEL	R/W		single-ended clock input pin select
			0	CLKM
			1	CLKP
3	DIF_SE	R/W		differential/single ended clock input select
			0	fully differential
			1	single-ended
2	-		0	not used
1	CLKDIV	R/W		clock input divide by 2
			0	disabled
			1	enabled
0	DCS_EN	R/W		duty cycle stabilizer
			0	disabled
			1	enabled



Table 22. Internal reference control register (address 0008h) bit description

Bit	Symbol	Access	Value	Description
7 to 4	-		0	not used
3	INTREF_EN	R/W		programmable internal reference enable
			0	disable
			1	active
2 to 0	INTREF[2:0]	R/W		programmable internal reference
			000	0 dB (FS = 2 V)
			001	−1 dB (FS = 1.78 V)
			010	−2 dB (FS = 1.59 V)
			011	−3 dB (FS = 1.42 V)
			100	−4 dB (FS = 1.26 V)
			101	−5 dB (FS = 1.12 V)
			110	−6 dB (FS = 1 V)
			111	reserved

Table 23. Output data standard control register (address 0011h) bit description

Bit	Symbol	Access	Value	Description
7 to 5	-		000	not used
4	LVDS_CMOS	R/W		output data standard: LVDS DDR or CMOS
			0	CMOS
			1	LVDS DDR
3	OUTBUF	R/W		output buffers enable
			0	output enabled
		1	output disabled (high Z)	
2	OUTBUS_SWAP		0	outbus swapping
			0	no swapping
			1	output bus is swapping (MSB becomes LSB and vice versa)
1 to 0	DATA_FORMAT[1:0]	] R/W		output data format
			00	offset binary
			01	two's complement
			10	gray code
			11	offset binary

Table 24. Output clock register (address 0012h) bit description

Bit	Symbol	Access	Value	Description
7 to 4	-		0000	not used
3	DAVINV	R/W		output clock data valid (DAV) polarity
			0	normal
			1	inverted
2 to 0	DAVPHASE[2:0]	R/W		DAV phase select
			000	output clock shifted (ahead) by 3 ns
			001	output clock shifted (ahead) by 2.5 ns
			010	output clock shifted (ahead) by 2 ns
			011	output clock shifted (ahead) by 1.5 ns
			100	output clock shifted (ahead) by 1 ns
			101	output clock shifted (ahead) by 0.5 ns
			110	default value as defined in timing section
			111	output clock shifted (delayed) by 0.5 ns

#### Table 25. Offset register (address 0013h) bit description

Bit	Symbol	Access	Value	Description
7 to 6	-		00	not used
5 to 0 DIG_OFFSET[5:0] R/W		digital offset adjustment		
		011111	+31 LSB	
			000000	0
			100000	–32 LSB

#### Table 26. Test pattern register 1 (address 0014h) bit description

		•		
Bit	Symbol	Access	Value	Description
7 to 3	-		00000	not used
2 to 0	TESTPAT_SEL[2:0]	R/W		digital test pattern select
			000	off
			001	mid scale
			010	-FS
			011	+FS
			100	toggle '11111111'/'00000000'
			101	custom test pattern
			110	'10101010.'
			111	'0101010'
			111	'0101010'

#### Table 27. Test pattern register 2 (address 0015h) bit description

Bit	Symbol	Access	Value	Description
7 to 0	TESTPAT_USER[13:6]	R/W	0000000	custom digital test pattern (bits 13 to 6)

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Table 28. Test pattern register 3 (address 0016h) bit description

Bit	Symbol	Access	Value	Description
7 to 2	TESTPAT_USER[5:0]	R/W	000000	custom digital test pattern (bits 5 to 0)
1 to 0	-		00	not used

#### Table 29. Fast OTR register (address 0017h) bit description

Bit	Symbol	Access	Value	Description
7 to 4	-		0000	not used
3	FASTOTR	R/W		fast Out-of-Range (OTR) detection
			0	disabled
			1	enabled
2 to 0	FASTOTR_DET[2:0]	R/W		set fast OTR detect level
			000	-20.56 dB
			001	–16.12 dB
			010	–11.02 dB
			011	−7.82 dB
			100	−5.49 dB
			101	−3.66 dB
			110	−2.14 dB
			111	−0.86 dB

Table 30. CMOS output register (address 0020h) bit description

Bit	Symbol	Access	Value	Description
7 to 4	-		0000	not used
3 to 2	DAV_DRV[1:0]	R/W		drive strength for DAV CMOS output buffer
	00	low		
			01	medium
			10	high
			11	very high
1 to 0	DATA_DRV[1:0]	R/W		drive strength for DATA CMOS output buffer
			00	low
			01	medium
			10	high
			11	very high



Table 31. LVDS DDR output register 1 (address 0021h) bit description

Symbol	Accoss	Value	Description
Syllibol	ACCESS		•
-		00	not used
DAVI_x2_EN	R/W		double LVDS current for DAV LVDS buffer
		0	disabled
		1	enabled
DAVI[1:0]	R/W		LVDS current for DAV LVDS buffer
		00	3.5 mA
		01	4.5 mA
		10	1.25 mA
		11	2.5 mA
DATAI_x2_EN	R/W		double LVDS current for DATA LVDS buffer
		0	disabled
		1	enabled
DATAI[1:0]	R/W		LVDS current for DATA LVDS buffer
		00	3.5 mA
		01	4.5 mA
		10	1.25 mA
		11	2.5 mA
	DAVI_x2_EN  DAVI[1:0]  DATAI_x2_EN	DAVI_x2_EN R/W  DAVI[1:0] R/W  DATAI_x2_EN R/W	- 00  DAVI_x2_EN R/W  0 1  DAVI[1:0] R/W  00 01 10 11  DATAI_x2_EN R/W  0 1  DATAI[1:0] R/W  0 1  DATAI[1:0] R/W

Table 32. LVDS DDR output register 2 (address 0022h) bit description

Bit	Symbol	Access	Value	Description
7 to 4	-		0000	not used
3	BIT_BYTE_WISE	R/W		DDR mode for LVDS output
			0	bit wise (even data bits output on DAV rising edge/odd data bits output on DAV falling edge)
			1	byte wise (MSB data bits output on DAV rising edge/LSB data bits output on DAV falling edge)
2 to 0	LVDS_INT_TER[2:0]	R/W		internal termination for LVDS buffer (DAV and DATA)
			000	no internal termination
			001	300 Ω
			010	180 Ω
			011	110 Ω
			100	150 Ω
			101	100 Ω
			110	81 Ω
			111	60 Ω

### 12. Package outline

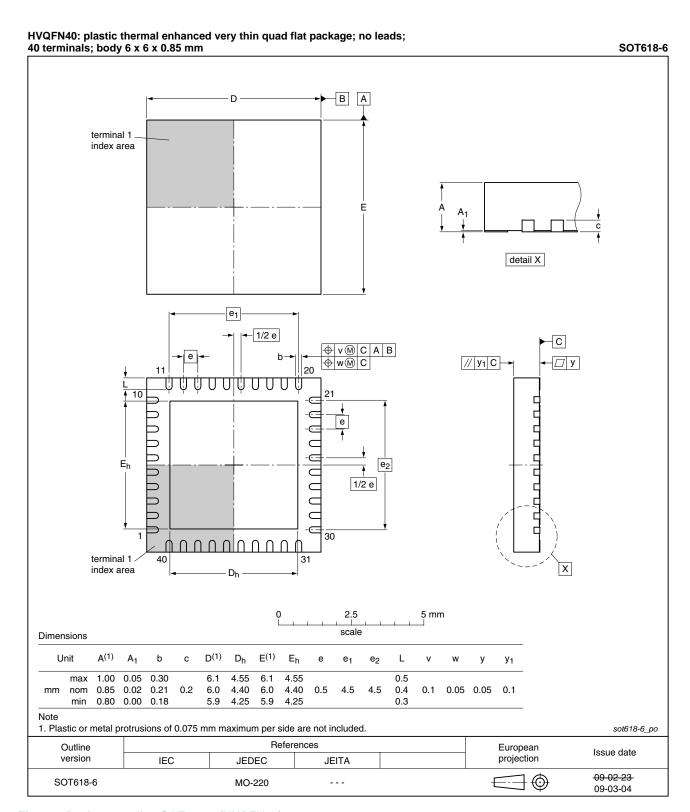


Fig 27. Package outline SOT618-6 (HVQFN40)

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# 13. Revision history

#### Table 33. Revision history

Document ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Supersedes
ADC1410S_SER_3	20100412	Preliminary data sheet	-	ADC1410S065_080_105_125_2
Modifications:	• Figure 12 "R	eference equivalent sch	ematic" has	been updated.
ADC1410S065_080_105_125_2	20090604	Objective data sheet	-	ADC1410S065_080_105_125_1
ADC1410S065_080_105_125_1	20090528	Objective data sheet	-	-

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Document status[1][2]	Product status[3]	Definition
Objective [short] data sheet	Development	This document contains data from the objective specification for product development.
Preliminary [short] data sheet	Qualification	This document contains data from the preliminary specification.
Product [short] data sheet	Production	This document contains the product specification.

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