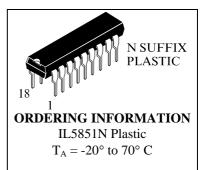
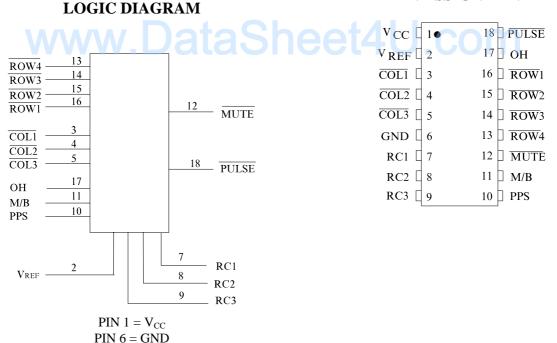
# PULSE DIALER WITH REDIAL

The IL5851 is a monolithic CMOS integrated circuit which uses an inexpensive RC oscillator for its frequency reference and provides all the features required for implementing a pulse dialer with 32 digit redial.

- Wide operating voltage range (2.0~6.0V)
- Low power dissipation
- Use either a standard 2 of 7 matrix keyboard with negative true common or the inexpensive form A-type keyboard
- Make/Break ratio can be selected
- Redial with <u>\* or #</u>
- Continuous MUTE
- Power up clear circuitry on chip
- 10 pps/20 pps can be selected



#### **PIN ASSIGNMENT**





# IL5851

## **PIN DESCRIPTION**

NAME	PIN	DESCRIPTION					
V <sub>CC</sub>	1	Positive supply pin.					
		The voltage on this pin is measured relative to Pin 6 and is supplied from a $150\mu$ A current source. This voltage should be regulated to less than 6.0 volts using on external form or regulation.					
V <sub>REF</sub> R <u>ow1-Row</u> 4, Col1-Col4	2 3,4,5,13, 14,15,16	The $V_{REF}$ output provides reference voltage that tracks internal parameters of the IL5851N. $V_{REF}$ provides a negative voltage reference to the $V_{CC}$ supply. Its magnitude will be approximately 0.6 volt higher than the minimum operating voltage of each particular IL5851N. The typical application would be to connect the $V_{REF}$ pin to the GND pin (Pin 6). The supply to the $V_{CC}$ pin (Pin 1) should then be regulated to 150µA ( $I_{OP}$ max). with this amount of supply current, operation of the IL5851N is guaranteed. The internal circuit of the $V_{REF}$ function is shown in Figure 1 with its associated I-V characteristic Keyboard inputs. The IL5851N incorporates an innovative keyboard scheme that allows either the standard 2-of-7 keyboard with negative common or the inexpensive single contact (form A) keyboard to be used. A valid key entry is defined by either a single row being connected to a single column or GND being simultaneously presented to both a single row and column. When in the on-hook mode, the row and column inputs are held high and no					
		keyboard inputs are accepted. When off-hook, the keyboard is completely static until the initial valid key input is sensed. The oscillator is then enabled and the rows and columns are scanned alternately (pulled high, then low) to verify the varied input. The input must remain valid for 10msec of debounce time to be accepted.					
		Form A type keyboard 2 of 7 keyboard (negative common)					
		COL ROW GND COL ROW					
		2 of 7 keyboard Electronic input					
		COL Vcc COL					
		Vcc ROW					
GND	6	Negative supply					



		pin is connected	d to the common	part in general	applications.			
RC1-RC3	7,8,9	Oscillator	Oscillator					
	, ,	The IL5851N contains on-chip inverters to provide oscillator which will operate with a minimum external components.						
					ion with the necessa e ration K=R <sub>S</sub> /R equ			
		The oscillator p	eriod is given by	/:				
		T=RC(1.386+(3	3.5KC <sub>s</sub> )/C-(2K/(	(K+1)) in (K/(1	.5K + 0.5))			
		Where C <sub>s</sub> is the	Where $C_s$ is the stray capacitance on Pin 7.					
		Accuracy and s	tability will be e	nhanced with th	nis capacitance min	imized.		
				Cs 7		1		
				9	IN5851N			
PPS	10	10/20pps Select	t					
		Connecting this	pin to GND (pi	n 6) will select	an output pulse rate	e of 10pps.		
		Connecting the	pin V <sub>CC</sub> (pin 1)	will select an o	utput pulse rate of 2	20pps.		
M/B	11	Make/break Sel	ect					
			io is controlled b		ak ratio of the put $V_{\rm CC}$ or GND to this			
			Input	Make	Break			
			V <sub>CC</sub> (Pin1)	33.4%	66.6%			
			GND(PIn 6)	40%	60%			
	12	Mute Output			1			
Mute		The mute output bipolar transiste		in N-Channel tr	ransistor designed t	o drive external		
		This circuitry is usually <u>used</u> to mute the receiver during outpulsing. As shown in Fig. 2 the IL5851N mute output turns on (pulls to the $V_{GND}$ -supply) at the beginning of the predigital pause and turns off (goes to an open circuit) following the last break.						
		The delay from the end of the last break until the mute output turns off is mute overlap and is specified as $t_{MO}$ .						
ОН	17	ON-HOOK/TE	ST					
This pin detects the state of the hook switch contact "OFF HOO to $V_{SS}$ condition. ÖN HOOK" corresponds to $V_{DD}$ condition. Whe this mode, which can be up to 300msec, is completed, the circu and will require current only necessary to sustain the memory and detect circuitry (refer to the electrical specifications).						en outpulsing in it is deactivated		
		Upon retuning off-hook, a negative transistion on the mute output will insur speech network is connected to the line. If the first key entry is either a * or #						



		number sequence stored on-chip will be outpulsed. Any other valid key entries will clear the memory and outpulse the new number sequence.
PULSE	18	Pulse Output The Pulse output is an open drain N-channel transistor designed to drive external bipolar transistor. These transistor would normally be used to pulse the telephone line by disconnecting and connecting the network. The IL5851N pulse output is an open circuit during make and pulls to the GND supply during break.

#### MAXIMUM RATINGS<sup>\*</sup>

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V <sub>CC</sub>	DC Supply Voltage (Referenced to GND)	-0.3 to +6.2	V
V <sub>IN</sub>	DC Input Voltage (Referenced to GND)	-0.3 to $V_{CC}$ +0.3	V
P <sub>D</sub>	Power Dissipation in Still Air **	500	mW
Tstg	Storage Temperature	-40 to +125	°C

\* Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which damage to the device may occur.

Functional operation should be restricted to the Recommended Operating Conditions.

\* Derating:  $-10^{\text{ mW}}/_{\circ \text{C}}$  from 65°C to 70°C.

#### **RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS**

Symbol	Parameter		Max	Unit
V <sub>CC</sub>	DC Supply Voltage (Referenced to GND)		6.0	V
$V_{\rm IN}$	DC Input Voltage (Referenced to GND)	0	V <sub>CC</sub>	V
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating Temperature	-20	+70	°C

This device contains protection circuitry to guard against damage due to high static voltages or electric fields. However, precautions must be taken to avoid applications of any voltage higher than maximum rated voltages to this high-impedance circuit. For proper operation,  $V_{IN}$  and  $V_{OUT}$  should be constrained to the range  $GND \leq (V_{IN} \text{ or } V_{OUT}) \leq V_{CC}$ .

Unused inputs must always be tied to an appropriate logic voltage level (e.g., either GND or  $V_{CC}$ ). Unused outputs must be left open.



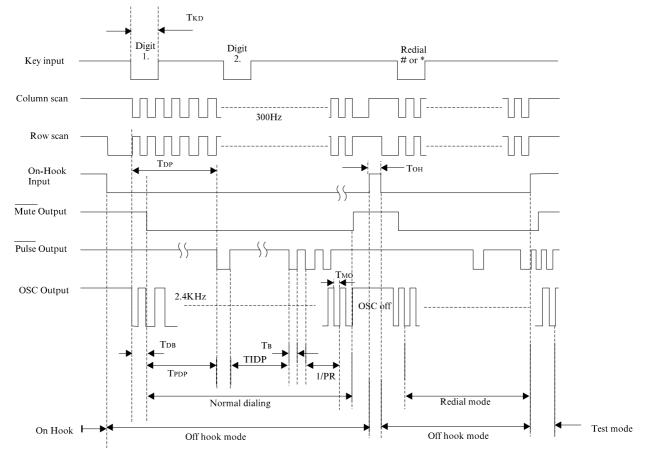
# **DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**(Voltages Referenced to GND, $V_{CC} = 2.0$ V to 6.0V, $T_A = -20$ to $+70^{\circ}$ C, $F_{OSC}=2.4$ KHz)

			Gua	ranteed L	Limits	
Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input High Voltage		$0.8V_{CC}$		V <sub>CC</sub>	V
$V_{IL}$	Input Low Voltage		0		$0.2V_{CC}$	V
$V_{DR}$	Minimum Memory Retention Voltage		1.0			V
I <sub>OL</sub>	Output Leakage Current	<u>V<sub>CC</sub>=</u> 6. <u>0V</u> MUTE,PULSE=6.0V			1	μΑ
I <sub>OL1</sub>	Minimum Output current	V <sub>0</sub> =0.8V,V <sub>CC</sub> =2.5V	0.5			mA
	(MUTE,PULSE)					
I <sub>OL2</sub>	Minimum Output current	V <sub>0</sub> =0.8V,V <sub>CC</sub> =3.5V	1.7			mA
	(MUTE,PULSE)					
I <sub>OD</sub>	Operating Current	All output under no load, $V_{CC}=2.0V$			150	μΑ
$I_{SD}$	Maximum Standby Current	V <sub>CC</sub> =2.5V V <sub>IH</sub> =2.5V			1	μΑ
$\mathbf{I}_{\mathrm{REF}}$	Minimum Reference Current	V <sub>CC</sub> =6.0V	1			μΑ

### AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Fosc= 2.4 KHz, V\_{CC}=2.0 to 6.0 V, T\_A=-20 to +70 ^{\circ}C)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Guaranteed Limit			Unit
			Min.	Тур.	Max	
T <sub>KD</sub>	Minimum Valid		20			mS
	Key Entry Time					
T <sub>OH</sub>	On Hook Time		300			mS
	Required to					
	Clear Memory					
	(Figure 2)					
T <sub>IDR</sub>	Inter Digital			800		mS
	Pause (Figure 2)					
$\Delta f$	Frequency			±10		%
	Sability					
T <sub>MO</sub>	Recovery Time,			800		mS
	<u>MUTE</u> to					
	PULSE					
	(Figure 2)					
$T_{PDP}$	Maximum Pre-				30	mS
	digital Pause					
	(Figure 2)					
T <sub>DP</sub>	Maximum Delay				50	mS
	Time, Key Input					
	to PULSE					
	(Figure 2)					
M/B	Make/Break			1/2		M/B=V <sub>CC</sub>
	Ratio			2/3		M/B=GND





#### TIMING DIAGRAMM

Figure 2



**Dimension**, mm

2.54

7.62

MAX

23.37

7.11

5.33

0.56

1.78

10°

3.81

8.26

0.36

MIN

22.35

6.1

0.36

1.14

0°

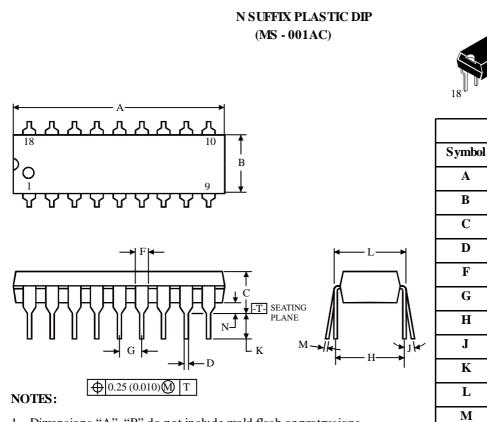
2.92

7.62

0.2

0.38

Ν



1. Dimensions "A", "B" do not include mold flash or protrusions.

Maximum mold flash or protrusions 0.25 mm (0.010) per side.

