256MB Unbuffered DDR2 SDRAM
HYPER DIMM™

EBE25UC8AAFV (32M words × 64 bits, 1 Rank)

Description

The EBE25UC8AAFV is 32M words × 64 bits, 1 rank DDR2 SDRAM unbuffered module, mounting 8 pieces of 256M bits DDR2 SDRAM sealed in FBGA package. Read and write operations are performed at the cross points of the CK and the /CK. This high-speed data transfer is realized by the 4 bits prefetch-pipelined architecture. Data strobe (DQS and /DQS) both for read and write are available for high speed and reliable data bus design. By setting extended mode register, the on-chip Delay Locked Loop (DLL) can be set enable or disable. This module provides high density mounting without utilizing surface mount technology. Decoupling capacitors are mounted beside each FBGA on the module board.

Note: Do not push the components or drop the modules in order to avoid mechanical defects, which may result in electrical defects.

Features

- 240-pin socket type dual in line memory module (DIMM)
— PCB height: 30.0mm
— Lead pitch: 1.0mm
— Lead-free
- 1.8V power supply
- Data rate: 700Mbps/667Mbps/600Mbps (max.)
- 1.8V (SSTL_18 compatible) I/O
- Double-data-rate architecture: two data transfers per clock cycle
- Bi-directional, differential data strobe (DQS and /DQS) is transmitted/received with data, to be used in capturing data at the receiver
- DQS is edge aligned with data for READs: center-aligned with data for WRITEs
- Differential clock inputs (CK and /CK)
- DLL aligns DQ and DQS transitions with CK transitions
- Commands entered on each positive CK edge: data and data mask referenced to both edges of DQS
- Four internal banks for concurrent operation (components)
- Data mask (DM) for write data
- Burst lengths: 4, 8
- /CAS Latency (CL): 3, 4, 5
- Auto precharge operation for each burst access
- Auto refresh and self refresh modes
- 7.8µs average periodic refresh interval
- Posted CAS by programmable additive latency for better command and data bus efficiency
- Off-Chip-Driver Impedance Adjustment and On-Die-Termination for better signal quality
- /DQS can be disabled for single-ended Data Strobe operation

Ordering Information

Part number	Data rate Mbps (max.)	Component JEDEC speed bin (CL-tRCD-tRP)	Package	Contact pad	Mounted devices
EBE25UC8AAFV-DF-E	700	DDR2-700 (5-6-6)	240-pin DIMM (lead-free)	Gold	EDE2508AASE-DF
EBE25UC8AAFV-BE-E	667	DDR2-667 (5-5-5)			EDE2508AASE -DF, -BE
EBE25UC8AAFV-AE-E	600	DDR2-600 (5-5-5)			EDE2508AASE -DF, -BE, -AE

Pin Configurations

Front side
1 pin   64 pin 65 pin   120 pin

121 pin   184 pin 185 pin   240 pin
Back side
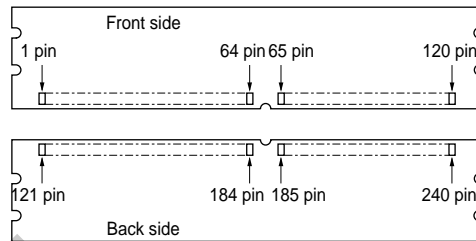
Pin No.	Pin name	Pin No.	Pin name	Pin No.	Pin name	Pin No.	Pin name
1	VREF	61	A4	121	VSS	181	VDD
2	VSS	62	VDD	122	DQ4	182	A3
3	DQ0	63	A2	123	DQ5	183	A1
4	DQ1	64	VDD	124	VSS	184	VDD
5	VSS	65	VSS	125	DM0	185	CK0
6	/DQS0	66	VSS	126	NC	186	/CK0
7	DQS0	67	VDD	127	VSS	187	VDD
8	VSS	68	NC	128	DQ6	188	A0
9	DQ2	69	VDD	129	DQ7	189	VDD
10	DQ3	70	A10	130	VSS	190	BA1
11	VSS	71	BA0	131	DQ12	191	VDD
12	DQ8	72	VDD	132	DQ13	192	/RAS
13	DQ9	73	/WE	133	VSS	193	/CS0
14	VSS	74	/CAS	134	DM1	194	VDD
15	/DQS1	75	VDD	135	NC	195	ODT0
16	DQS1	76	NC	136	VSS	196	NC
17	VSS	77	NC	137	CK1	197	VDD
18	NC	78	VDD	138	/CK1	198	VSS
19	NC	79	VSS	139	VSS	199	DQ36
20	VSS	80	DQ32	140	DQ14	200	DQ37
21	DQ10	81	DQ33	141	DQ15	201	VSS
22	DQ11	82	VSS	142	VSS	202	DM4
23	VSS	83	/DQS4	143	DQ20	203	NC
24	DQ16	84	DQS4	144	DQ21	204	VSS
25	DQ17	85	VSS	145	VSS	205	DQ38
26	VSS	86	DQ34	146	DM2	206	DQ39
27	/DQS2	87	DQ35	147	NC	207	VSS
28	DQS2	88	VSS	148	VSS	208	DQ44

Pin No.	Pin name	Pin No.	Pin name	Pin No.	Pin name	Pin No.	Pin name
29	VSS	89	DQ40	149	DQ22	209	DQ45
30	DQ18	90	DQ41	150	DQ23	210	VSS
31	DQ19	91	VSS	151	VSS	211	DM5
32	VSS	92	/DQS5	152	DQ28	212	NC
33	DQ24	93	DQS5	153	DQ29	213	VSS
34	DQ25	94	VSS	154	VSS	214	DQ46
35	VSS	95	DQ42	155	DM3	215	DQ47
36	/DQS3	96	DQ43	156	NC	216	VSS
37	DQS3	97	VSS	157	VSS	217	DQ52
38	VSS	98	DQ48	158	DQ30	218	DQ53
39	DQ26	99	DQ49	159	DQ31	219	VSS
40	DQ27	100	VSS	160	VSS	220	CK2
41	VSS	101	SA2	161	NC	221	/CK2
42	NC	102	NC	162	NC	222	VSS
43	NC	103	VSS	163	VSS	223	DM6
44	VSS	104	/DQS6	164	NC	224	NC
45	NC	105	DQS6	165	NC	225	VSS
46	NC	106	VSS	166	VSS	226	DQ54
47	VSS	107	DQ50	167	NC	227	DQ55
48	NC	108	DQ51	168	NC	228	VSS
49	NC	109	VSS	169	VSS	229	DQ60
50	VSS	110	DQ56	170	VDD	230	DQ61
51	VDD	111	DQ57	171	NC	231	VSS
52	CKE0	112	VSS	172	VDD	232	DM7
53	VDD	113	/DQS7	173	NC	233	NC
54	NC	114	DQS7	174	NC	234	VSS
55	NC	115	VSS	175	VDD	235	DQ62
56	VDD	116	DQ58	176	A12	236	DQ63
57	A11	117	DQ59	177	A9	237	VSS
58	A7	118	VSS	178	VDD	238	VDDSPD
59	VDD	119	SDA	179	A8	239	SA0
60	A5	120	SCL	180	A6	240	SA1

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Pin Description

Pin name	Function	
A0 to A12	Address input	
	Row address	A0 to A12
	Column address	A0 to A9
A10 (AP)	Auto precharge	
BA0, BA1	Bank select address	
DQ0 to DQ63	Data input/output	
/RAS	Row address strobe command	
/CAS	Column address strobe command	
/WE	Write enable	
/CS0	Chip select	
CKE0	Clock enable	
CK0 to CK2	Clock input	
/CK0 to /CK2	Differential clock input	
DQS0 to DQS7, /DQS0 to /DQS7	Input and output data strobe	
DM0 to DM7	Input mask	
SCL	Clock input for serial PD	
SDA	Data input/output for serial PD	
SA0 to SA2	Serial address input	
VDD	Power for internal circuit	
VDDSPD	Power for serial EEPROM	
VREF	Input reference voltage	
VSS	Ground	
ODT0	ODT control	
NC	No connection	

Serial PD Matrix

Byte No.	Function described	Bit7	Bit6	Bit5	Bit4	Bit3	Bit2	Bit1	Bit0	Hex value	Comments
0	Number of bytes utilized by module manufacturer	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	80H	128 bytes
1	Total number of bytes in serial PD device	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	08H	256 bytes
2	Memory type	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	08H	DDR2 SDRAM
3	Number of row address	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0DH	13
4	Number of column address	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0AH	10
5	Number of DIMM ranks	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	60H	1
6	Module data width	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	40H	64
7	Module data width continuation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00H	0
8	Voltage interface level of this assembly	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	05H	SSTL 1.8V
9	DDR SDRAM cycle time, CL = 5	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	3DH	3.75ns[1]
10	SDRAM access from clock (tAC)	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	50H	0.5ns[1]
11	DIMM configuration type	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00H	None.
12	Refresh rate/type	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	82H	7.8μs
13	Primary SDRAM width	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	08H	× 8
14	Error checking SDRAM width	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00H	None.
15	Reserved	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00H	0
16	SDRAM device attributes: Burst length supported	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0CH	4,8
17	SDRAM device attributes: Number of banks on SDRAM device	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	04H	4
18	SDRAM device attributes: /CAS latency	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	38H	3, 4, 5
19	Reserved	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00H	0
20	DIMM type information	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	02H	Unbuffered
21	SDRAM module attributes	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00H	Normal
22	SDRAM device attributes: General	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	30H	VDD ± 0.1V
23	Minimum clock cycle time at CL = 4	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	3DH	3.75ns[1]
24	Maximum data access time (tAC) from clock at CL = 4	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	50H	0.5ns[1]
25	Minimum clock cycle time at CL = 3	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	50H	5.0ns[1]
26	Maximum data access time (tAC) from clock at CL = 3	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	60H	0.6ns[1]
27	Minimum row precharge time (tRP)	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	3CH	15ns
28	Minimum row active to row active delay (tRRD)	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1EH	7.5ns
29	Minimum /RAS to /CAS delay (tRCD)	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	3CH	15ns
30	Minimum active to precharge time (tRAS)	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	2DH	45ns
31	Module rank density	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	40H	256M bytes
32	Address and command setup time before clock (tIS)	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	25H	0.25ns[1]
33	Address and command hold time after clock (tIH)	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	38H	0.38ns[1]
34	Data input setup time before clock (tDS)	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	10H	0.10ns[1]
35	Data input hold time after clock (tDH)	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	23H	0.23ns[1]

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Byte No.	Function described	Bit7	Bit6	Bit5	Bit4	Bit3	Bit2	Bit1	Bit0	Hex value	Comments
36	Write recovery time (tWR)	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	3CH	15ns*[1]
37	Internal write to read command delay (tWTR)	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1EH	7.5ns*[1]
38	Internal read to precharge command delay (tRTP)	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1EH	7.5ns*[1]
39	Memory analysis probe characteristics	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00H	TBD
40	Extension of Byte 41 and 42	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00H	Undefined
41	Active command period (tRC)	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	3CH	60ns*[1]
42	Auto refresh to active/ Auto refresh command cycle (tRFC)	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	4BH	75ns*[1]
43	SDRAM tCK cycle max. (tCK max.)	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	80H	8ns*[1]
44	Dout to DQS skew	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1EH	0.30ns*[1]
45	Data hold skew (tQHS)	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	28H	0.40ns*[1]
46	PLL relock time	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00H	Undefined
47 to 61		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00H	
62	SPD Revision	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	10H	Rev. 1.0
63	Checksum for bytes 0 to 62	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	82H	
64 to 65	Manufacturer's JEDEC ID code	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7FH	Continuation code
66	Manufacturer's JEDEC ID code	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	FEH	Elpida Memory
67 to 71	Manufacturer's JEDEC ID code	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00H	
72	Manufacturing location	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	××	(ASCII-8bit code)
73	Module part number	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	45H	E
74	Module part number	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	42H	B
75	Module part number	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	45H	E
76	Module part number	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	32H	2
77	Module part number	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	35H	5
78	Module part number	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	55H	U
79	Module part number	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	43H	C
80	Module part number	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	38H	8
81	Module part number	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	41H	A
82	Module part number	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	41H	A
83	Module part number	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	46H	F
84	Module part number	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	56H	V
85	Module part number	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	2DH	—
86	Module part number -DF	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	44H	D
	-BE	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	42H	B
	-AE	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	41H	A
87	Module part number -DF	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	46H	F
	-BE	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	45H	E
	-AE	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	45H	E
88	Module part number	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	2DH	—

Byte No.	Function described	Bit7	Bit6	Bit5	Bit4	Bit3	Bit2	Bit1	Bit0	Hex value	Comments
89	Module part number	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	45H	E
90	Module part number	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	20H	(Space)
91	Revision code	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	30H	Initial
92	Revision code	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	20H	(Space)
93	Manufacturing date	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	××	Year code (BCD)
94	Manufacturing date	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	××	Week code (BCD)
95 to 98	Module serial number										
99 to 127	Manufacture specific data										

Note: These specifications are defined based on component specification, not module.

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Block Diagram

Notes :
1. DQ wiring maybe changed within a byte.
2. DQ, DQS, /DQS, ODT, DM, CKE, /CS relationships
   must be meintained as shown.
3. Refer to the appropriate clock wiring topology
   under the DIMM wiring details section of this document.
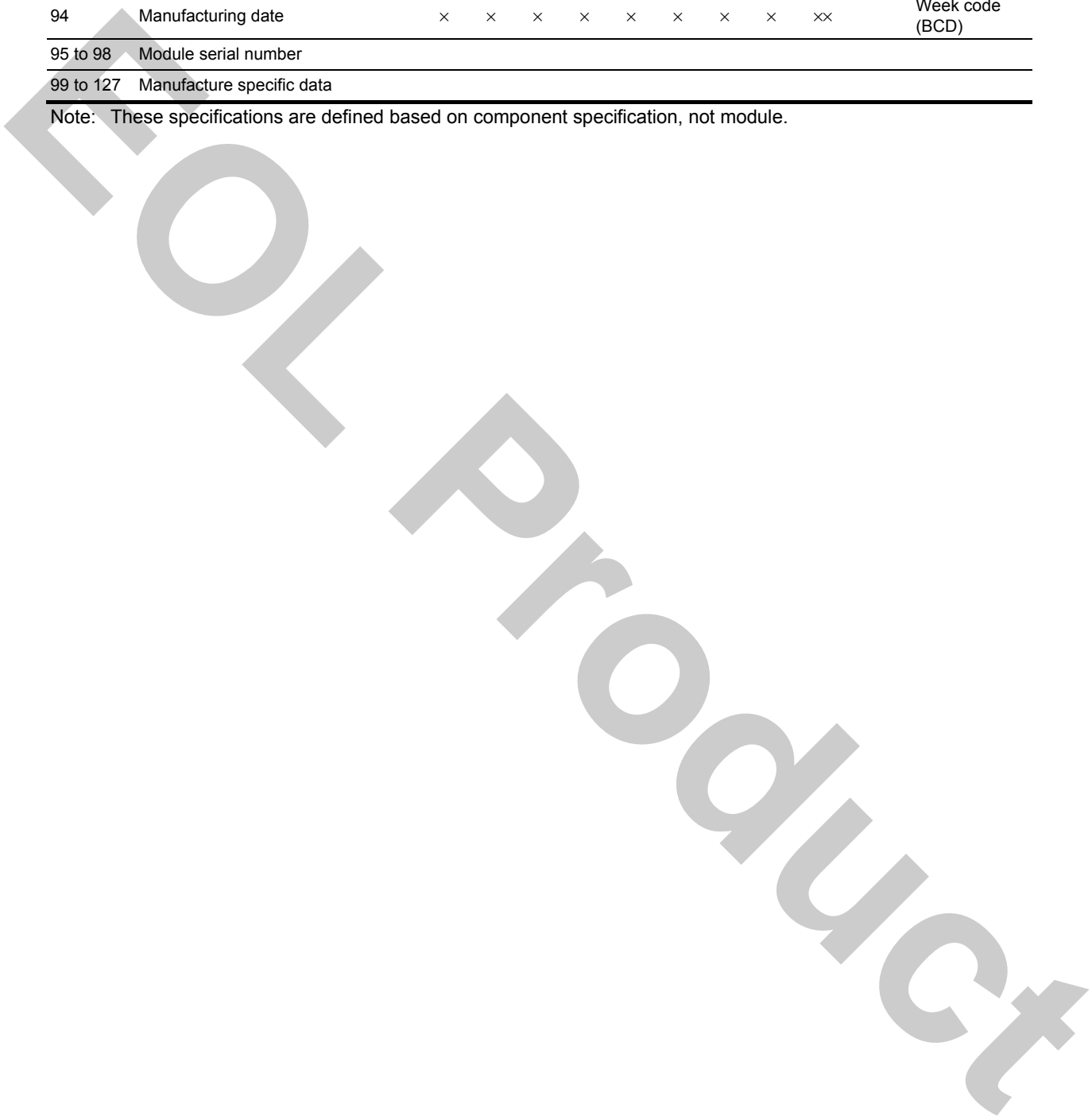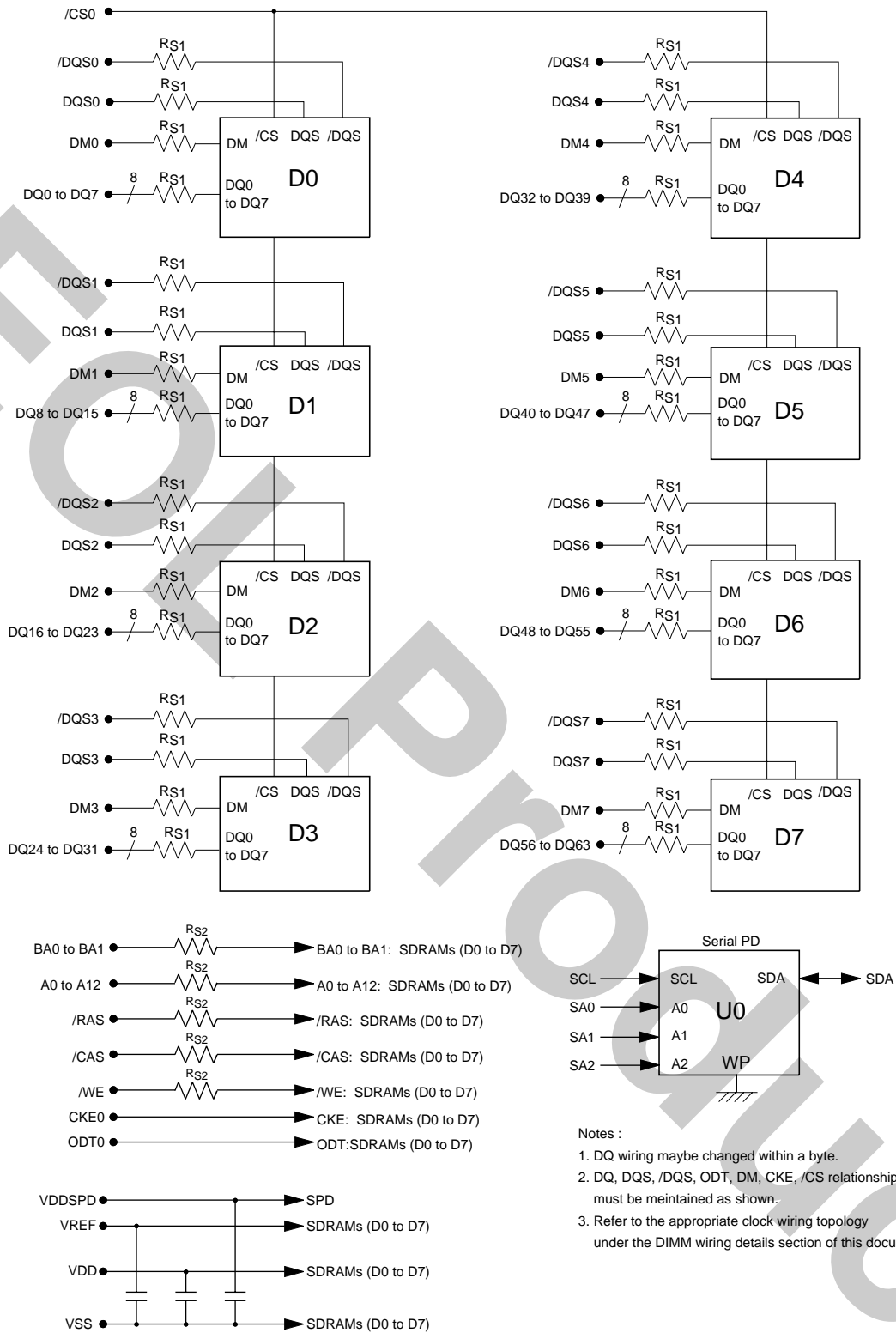
* D0 to D7 : 256M bits DDR2 SDRAM
   U0 : 2k bits EEPROM
   Rs1 : 22Ω
   Rs2 : 5.1Ω

Logical Clock Net Structure

3DRAM loads (CK1 and /CK1, CK2 and /CK2)

R = 200Ω
DRAM — C1
DIMM connector
DRAM — C1
R = 200Ω
R = 200Ω
DRAM — C1

2DRAM loads (CK0 and /CK0)

R = 200Ω
DRAM — C1
DIMM connector
C2
R = 200Ω
R = 200Ω
DRAM — C1

* C1: 1pF
  C2: 2pF

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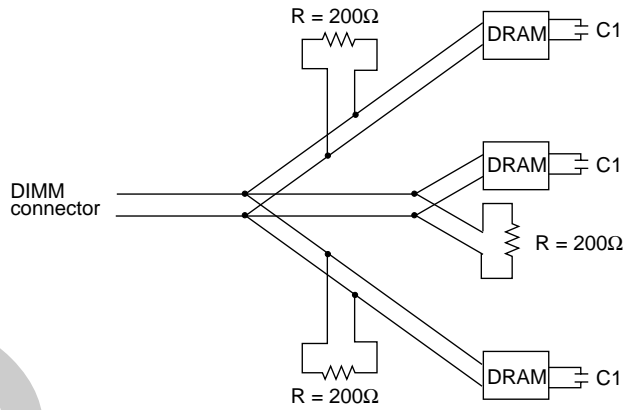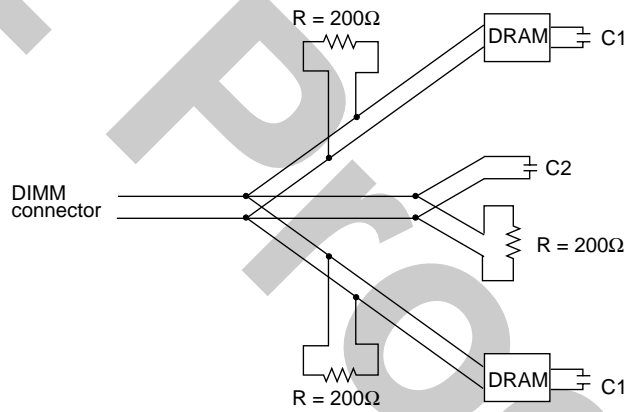
Electrical Specifications

• All voltages are referenced to VSS (GND).

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit	Note
Voltage on any pin relative to VSS	VT	–0.5 to +2.3	V	
Supply voltage relative to VSS	VDD	–0.5 to +2.3	V	
Short circuit output current	IOS	50	mA	
Power dissipation	PD	8	W	
Operating case temperature	TC	0 to +85	°C	1
Storage temperature	Tstg	–55 to +100	°C	

Note: DDR2 SDRAM component specification.

Caution   Exposing the device to stress above those listed in Absolute Maximum Ratings could cause permanent damage. The device is not meant to be operated under conditions outside the limits described in the operational section of this specification Exposure to Absolute Maximum Rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

DC Operating Conditions (TC = 0 to +85°C) (DDR2 SDRAM Component Specification)

Parameter	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Notes
Supply voltage	VDD, VDDQ	1.8	1.85	1.9	V	4
	VSS	0	0	0	V	
	VDDSPD	1.7	—	3.6	V	
Input reference voltage	VREF	$0.49 \times VDDQ$	$0.50 \times VDDQ$	$0.51 \times VDDQ$	V	1, 2
Termination voltage	VTT	VREF – 0.04	VREF	VREF + 0.04	V	3
DC input logic high	VIH (DC)	VREF + 0.125	—	VDDQ + 0.3V	V	
DC input low	VIL (DC)	–0.3	—	VREF – 0.125	V	
AC input logic high	VIH (AC)	VREF + 0.250	—	—	V	
AC input low	VIL (AC)	—	—	VREF – 0.250	V	

Notes: 1. The value of VREF may be selected by the user to provide optimum noise margin in the system. Typically the value of VREF is expected to be about $0.5 \times VDDQ$ of the transmitting device and VREF are expected to track variations in VDDQ.

   2. Peak to peak AC noise on VREF may not exceed $\pm 2\%$ VREF (DC).

   3. VTT of transmitting device must track VREF of receiving device.

   4. VDDQ must be equal to VDD.

DC Characteristics 1 (TC = 0 to +85°C, VDD = 1.85V ± 0.05V, VSS = 0V)

Parameter	Symbol	Grade	max.	Unit	Test condition	
Operating current (ACT-PRE)	IDD0	-DF	1000	mA	one bank; tCK = tCK (IDD), tRC = tRC (IDD), tRAS = tRAS min.(IDD); CKE is H, /CS is H between valid commands; Address bus inputs are SWITCHING; Data bus inputs are SWITCHING	
		-BE	1000			
		-AE	960			
Operating current (ACT-READ-PRE)	IDD1	-DF	1120	mA	one bank; IOUT = 0mA; BL = 4, CL = CL(IDD), AL = 0; tCK = tCK (IDD), tRC = tRC (IDD), tRAS = tRAS min.(IDD); tRCD = tRCD (IDD); CKE is H, /CS is H between valid commands; Address bus inputs are SWITCHING; Data pattern is same as IDD4W	
		-BE	1120			
		-AE	1080			
Precharge power-down standby current	IDD2P	-DF	96	mA	all banks idle; tCK = tCK (IDD); CKE is L; Other control and address bus inputs are STABLE; Data bus inputs are FLOATING	
		-BE	96			
		-AE	88			
Precharge quiet standby current	IDD2Q	-DF	240	mA	all banks idle; tCK = tCK (IDD); CKE is H, /CS is H; Other control and address bus inputs are STABLE; Data bus inputs are FLOATING	
		-BE	240			
		-AE	200			
Idle standby current	IDD2N	-DF	320	mA	all banks idle; tCK = tCK (IDD); CKE is H, /CS is H; Other control and address bus inputs are SWITCHING; Data bus inputs are SWITCHING	
		-BE	320			
		-AE	280			
Active power-down standby current	IDD3P-F	-DF	360	mA	all banks open; tCK = tCK (IDD); CKE is L; Other control and address bus inputs are STABLE; Data bus inputs are FLOATING	Fast PDN Exit MRS(12) = 0
		-BE	360			
		-AE	320			
	IDD3P-S	-DF	240	mA		Slow PDN Exit MRS(12) = 1
		-BE	240			
		-AE	200			
Active standby current	IDD3N	-DF	680	mA	all banks open; tCK = tCK (IDD), tRAS = tRAS max.(IDD), tRP = tRP (IDD); CKE is H, /CS is H between valid commands; Other control and address bus inputs are SWITCHING; Data bus inputs are SWITCHING	
		-BE	640			
		-AE	600			
Operating current (Burst read operating)	IDD4R	-DF	1840	mA	all banks open, continuous burst reads, IOUT = 0mA; BL = 4, CL = CL(IDD), AL = 0; tCK = tCK (IDD), tRAS = tRAS max.(IDD), tRP = tRP (IDD); CKE is H, /CS is H between valid commands; Address bus inputs are SWITCHING; Data pattern is same as IDD4W	
		-BE	1760			
		-AE	1680			
Operating current (Burst write operating)	IDD4W	-DF	1840	mA	all banks open, continuous burst writes; BL = 4, CL = CL(IDD), AL = 0; tCK = tCK (IDD), tRAS = tRAS max.(IDD), tRP = tRP (IDD); CKE is H, /CS is H between valid commands; Address bus inputs are SWITCHING; Data bus inputs are SWITCHING	
		-BE	1760			
		-AE	1680			

Parameter	Symbol	Grade	max.	Unit	Test condition
Auto-refresh current	IDD5	-DF	2160	mA	tCK = tCK (IDD); Refresh command at every tRFC (IDD) interval; CKE is H, /CS is H between valid commands; Other control and address bus inputs are SWITCHING; Data bus inputs are SWITCHING
		-BE	2160		
		-AE	2080		
Self-refresh current	IDD6		48	mA	Self Refresh Mode; CK and /CK at 0V; CKE ≤ 0.2V; Other control and address bus inputs are FLOATING; Data bus inputs are FLOATING
Operating current (Bank interleaving)	IDD7	-DF	2720	mA	all bank interleaving reads, IOUT = 0mA; BL = 4, CL = CL(IDD), AL = tRCD (IDD) −1 × tCK (IDD); tCK = tCK (IDD), tRC = tRC (IDD), tRRD = tRRD(IDD), tRCD = 1 × tCK (IDD); See Notes 7; CKE is H, CS is H between valid commands; Address bus inputs are STABLE during DESELECTs; Data pattern is same as IDD4W;
		-BE	2720		
		-AE	2640		

Notes: 1. IDD specifications are tested after the device is properly initialized.
2. Input slew rate is specified by AC Input Test Condition.
3. IDD parameters are specified with ODT disabled.
4. Data bus consists of DQ, DM, DQS, /DQS, RDQS, /RDQS, LDQS, /LDQS, UDQS, and /UDQS. IDD values must be met with all combinations of EMRS bits 10 and 11.
5. Definitions for IDD
   L is defined as VIN ≤VIL (AC) (max.)
   H is defined as VIN ≥VIH (AC) (min.)
   STABLE is defined as inputs stable at an H or L level
   FLOATING is defined as inputs at VREF = VDDQ/2
   SWITCHING is defined as:
   inputs changing between H and L every other clock cycle (once per two clocks) for address and control signals, and inputs changing between H and L every other data transfer (once per clock) for DQ signals not including masks or strobes.
6. Refer to AC Timing for IDD Test Conditions.
7. In case of -DF (DDR2-700), tRCD must be 2 × tCK (IDD) and AL must be 4 × tCK (IDD) because AL = 5 is not supported in this device.

AC Timing for IDD Test Conditions
For purposes of IDD testing, the following parameters are to be utilized.

Parameter	DDR2-700 5-6-6	DDR2-667 5-5-5	DDR2-600 5-5-5	Unit
CL(IDD)	5	5	5	tCK
tRCD(IDD)	15	15	15	ns
tRC(IDD)	67.5	60	65	ns
tRRD(IDD)	7.5	7.5	7.5	ns
tCK(IDD)	2.85	3	3.3	ns
tRAS(min.)(IDD)	50	45	47.5	ns
tRAS(max.)(IDD)	70000	70000	70000	ns
tRP(IDD)	15	15	15	ns
tRFC(IDD)	85	75	80	ns

DC Characteristics 2 (TC = 0 to +85°C, VDD, VDDQ = 1.85V ± 0.05V)

(DDR2 SDRAM Component Specification)

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit	Notes
Input leakage current	$|ILI|$	TBD	µA	VDD ≥ VIN ≥ VSS
Output leakage current	$|ILO|$	TBD	µA	VDDQ ≥ VOUT ≥ VSS
Minimum required output pull-up under AC test load	VOH	VTT + 0.603	V	5
Maximum required output pull-down under AC test load	VOL	VTT − 0.603	V	5
Output timing measurement reference level	VOTR	$0.5 \times$ VDDQ	V	1
Output minimum sink DC current	IOL	+13.4	mA	3, 4, 5
Output minimum source DC current	IOH	−13.4	mA	2, 4, 5

Notes: 1. The VDDQ of the device under test is referenced.
   2. VDDQ = 1.7V; VOUT = 1.42V.
   3. VDDQ = 1.7V; VOUT = 0.28V.
   4. The DC value of VREF applied to the receiving device is expected to be set to VTT.
   5. After OCD calibration to 18Ω at TA = 25°C, VDD = VDDQ = 1.8V.

DC Characteristics 3 (TC = 0 to +85°C, VDD, VDDQ = 1.85V ± 0.05V)

(DDR2 SDRAM Component Specification)

Parameter	Symbol	min.	max.	Unit	Notes
AC differential input voltage	VID (AC)	0.5	VDDQ + 0.6	V	1
AC differential cross point voltage	VIX (AC)	$0.5 \times$ VDDQ − 0.175	$0.5 \times$ VDDQ + 0.175	V	2
AC differential cross point voltage	VOX (AC)	$0.5 \times$ VDDQ − 0.125	$0.5 \times$ VDDQ + 0.125	V	3

Notes: 1. VID(AC) specifies the input differential voltage |VTR -VCP| required for switching, where VTR is the true input signal (such as CK, DQS, LDQS or UDQS) and VCP is the complementary input signal (such as /CK, /DQS, /LDQS or /UDQS). The minimum value is equal to VIH(AC) – VIL(AC).
   2. The typical value of VIX(AC) is expected to be about $0.5 \times$ VDDQ of the transmitting device and VIX(AC) is expected to track variations in VDDQ . VIX(AC) indicates the voltage at which differential input signals must cross.
   3. The typical value of VOX(AC) is expected to be about $0.5 \times$ VDDQ of the transmitting device and VOX(AC) is expected to track variations in VDDQ . VOX(AC) indicates the voltage at which differential output signals must cross.

Differential Signal Levels*[1, 2]
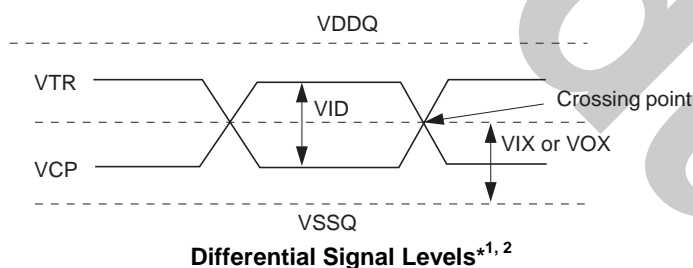
ODT DC Electrical Characteristics (TC = 0 to +85°C, VDD, VDDQ = 1.85V ± 0.05V)

(DDR2 SDRAM Component Specification)

Parameter	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Notes
Rtt effective impedance value for EMRS (A6, A2) = 0, 1; 75 Ω	Rtt1(eff)	60	75	90	Ω	1
Rtt effective impedance value for EMRS (A6, A2) = 1, 0; 150 Ω	Rtt2(eff)	120	150	180	Ω	1
Deviation of VM with respect to VDDQ/2	ΔVM	−3.75	—	+3.75	%	1

Note: 1. Test condition for Rtt measurements.

Measurement Definition for Rtt(eff)
Apply VIH (AC) and VIL (AC) to test pin separately, then measure current I(VIH(AC)) and I(VIL(AC)) respectively. VIH(AC), and VDDQ values defined in SSTL_18.

$$Rtt(eff) = \frac{VIH(AC) - VIL(AC)}{I(VIH(AC)) - I(VIL(AC))}$$

Measurement Definition for ΔVM
Measure voltage (VM) at test pin (midpoint) with no load.

$$\Delta VM = \left(\frac{2 \times VM}{VDDQ} - 1 \right) \times 100\%$$

OCD Default Characteristics (TC = 0 to +85°C, VDD, VDDQ = 1.85V ± 0.05V)

(DDR2 SDRAM Component Specification)

Parameter	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Notes
Output impedance	12.6	18	23.4	Ω	1
Pull-up and pull-down mismatch	0	—	4	Ω	1, 2
Output slew rate	1.5	—	4.5	V/ns	3, 4

Notes: 1. Impedance measurement condition for output source DC current: VDDQ = 1.7V; VOUT = 1420mV; (VOUT−VDDQ)/IOH must be less than 23.4Ω for values of VOUT between VDDQ and VDDQ−280mV. Impedance measurement condition for output sink DC current: VDDQ = 1.7V; VOUT = 280mV; VOUT/IOL must be less than 23.4Ω for values of VOUT between 0V and 280mV.
   2. Mismatch is absolute value between pull up and pull down, both are measured at same temperature and voltage.
   3. Slew rate measured from VIL(AC) to VIH(AC).
   4. The absolute value of the slew rate as measured from DC to DC is equal to or greater than the slew rate as measured from AC to AC. This is guaranteed by design and characterization.

Pin Capacitance (TA = 25°C, VDD = 1.85V ± 0.05V)

Parameter	Symbol	Pins	max.	Unit	Note
Input capacitance	CI1	Address, /RAS, /CAS, /WE, /CS, CKE, ODT	TBD	pF	
Input capacitance	CI2	CK, /CK	TBD	pF	
Data and DQS input/output capacitance	CO	DQ, DQS, /DQS, DM	TBD	pF	

AC Characteristics (TC = 0 to +85°C, VDD, VDDQ = 1.85V ± 0.05V, VSS = 0V)

(DDR2 SDRAM Component Specification)

Parameter	Symbol	-DF 700 min.	-DF 700 max.	-BE 667 min.	-BE 667 max.	-AE 600 min.	-AE 600 max.	Unit	Notes
/CAS latency	CL	5	5	5	5	5	5	tCK	
Active to read or write command delay	tRCD	15	—	15	—	15	—	ns	
Precharge command period	tRP	15	—	15	—	15	—	ns	
Active to active/auto refresh command time	tRC	60	—	60	—	60	—	ns	
DQ output access time from CK, /CK	tAC	−450	+450	−450	+450	−500	+500	ps	
DQS output access time from CK, /CK	tDQSCK	−400	+400	−400	+400	−450	+450	ps	
CK high-level width	tCH	0.45	0.55	0.45	0.55	0.45	0.55	tCK	
CK low-level width	tCL	0.45	0.55	0.45	0.55	0.45	0.55	tCK	
CK half period	tHP	min. (tCL, tCH)	—	min. (tCL, tCH)	—	min. (tCL, tCH)	—	ps	
Clock cycle time	tCK	2850	8000	3000	8000	3300	8000	ps	
DQ and DM input hold time	tDH	225	—	225	—	225	—	ps	5
DQ and DM input setup time	tDS	100	—	100	—	100	—	ps	4
Control and Address input pulse width for each input	tIPW	0.6	—	0.6	—	0.6	—	tCK	
DQ and DM input pulse width for each input	tDIPW	0.35	—	0.35	—	0.35	—	tCK	
Data-out high-impedance time from CK,/CK	tHZ	—	tAC max.	—	tAC max.	—	tAC max.	ps	
Data-out low-impedance time from CK,/CK	tLZ	tAC min.	tAC max.	tAC min.	tAC max.	tAC min.	tAC max.	ps	
DQS-DQ skew for DQS and associated DQ signals	tDQSQ	—	300	—	300	—	300	ps	
DQ hold skew factor	tQHS	—	400	—	400	—	400	ps	
DQ/DQS output hold time from DQS	tQH	tHP – tQHS	—	tHP – tQHS	—	tHP – tQHS	—	ps	
Write command to first DQS latching transition	tDQSS	WL − 0.25	WL + 0.25	WL − 0.25	WL + 0.25	WL − 0.25	WL + 0.25	tCK	
DQS input high pulse width	tDQSH	0.35	—	0.35	—	0.35	—	tCK	
DQS input low pulse width	tDQSL	0.35	—	0.35	—	0.35	—	tCK	
DQS falling edge to CK setup time	tDSS	0.2	—	0.2	—	0.2	—	tCK	
DQS falling edge hold time from CK	tDSH	0.2	—	0.2	—	0.2	—	tCK	
Mode register set command cycle time	tMRD	2	—	2	—	2	—	tCK	
Write preamble setup time	tWPRES	0	—	0	—	0	—	tCK	
Write postamble	tWPST	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.6	tCK	
Write preamble	tWPRE	0.35	—	0.35	—	0.35	—	tCK	
Address and control input hold time	tIH	250	—	250	—	375	—	ps	5
Address and control input setup time	tIS	125	—	125	—	250	—	ps	4
Read preamble	tRPRE	0.9	1.1	0.9	1.1	0.9	1.1	tCK	

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Parameter	Symbol	-DF 700 min.	-DF 700 max.	-BE 667 min.	-BE 667 max.	-AE 600 min.	-AE 600 max.	Unit	Notes
Read postamble	tRPST	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.6	tCK	
Active to precharge command	tRAS	45	70000	45	70000	45	70000	ns	
Active to auto-precharge delay	tRAP	tRCD min.	—	tRCD min.	—	tRCD min.	—	ns	
Active bank A to active bank B command period	tRRD	7.5	—	7.5	—	7.5	—	ns	
Write recovery time	tWR	15	—	15	—	15	—	ns	
Auto precharge write recovery + precharge time	tDAL	(tWR/tCK) + (tRP/tCK)	—	(tWR/tCK) + (tRP/tCK)	—	(tWR/tCK) + (tRP/tCK)	—	tCK	1
Internal write to read command delay	tWTR	7.5	—	7.5	—	7.5	—	ns	
Internal read to precharge command delay	tRTP	7.5	—	7.5	—	7.5	—	ns	
Exit self refresh to a non-read command	tXSNR	tRFC + 10	—	tRFC + 10	—	tRFC + 10	—	ns	
Exit self refresh to a read command	tXSRD	200	—	200	—	200	—	tCK	
Exit precharge power down to any non-read command	tXP	2	—	2	—	2	—	tCK	
Exit active power down to read command	tXARD	2	—	2	—	2	—	tCK	3
Exit active power down to read command (slow exit/low power mode)	tXARDS	6 − AL	—	6 − AL	—	6 − AL	—	tCK	2, 3
CKE minimum pulse width (high and low pulse width)	tCKE	3	—	3	—	3	—	tCK	
Output impedance test driver delay	tOIT	0	12	0	12	0	12	ns	
Auto refresh to active/auto refresh command time	tRFC	75	—	75	—	75	—	ns	
Average periodic refresh interval	tREFI	—	7.8	—	7.8	—	7.8	μs	
Minimum time clocks remains ON after CKE asynchronously drops low	tDELAY	tIS + tCK + tIH	—	tIS + tCK + tIH	—	tIS + tCK + tIH	—	ns	

Notes: 1. For each of the terms above, if not already an integer, round to the next higher integer.

2. AL: Additive Latency.

3. MRS A12 bit defines which active power down exit timing to be applied.

4. The figures of Input Waveform Timing 1 and 2 are referenced from the input signal crossing at the VIH(AC) level for a rising signal and VIL(AC) for a falling signal applied to the device under test.

5. The figures of Input Waveform Timing 1 and 2 are referenced from the input signal crossing at the VIH(DC) level for a rising signal and VIL(DC) for a falling signal applied to the device under test.
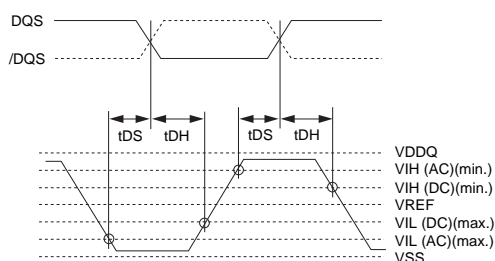
Input Waveform Timing 1 (tDS, tDH)
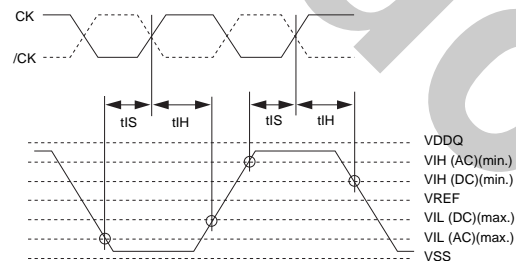
Input Waveform Timing 2 (tIS, tIH)

ODT AC Electrical Characteristics (DDR2 SDRAM Component Specification)

Parameter	Symbol	min.	max.	Unit	Notes
ODT turn-on delay	tAOND	2	2	tCK	
ODT turn-on	tAON	tAC(min)	tAC(max) + 1000	ps	1
ODT turn-on (power down mode)	tAONPD	tAC(min) + 2000	2tCK + tAC(max) + 1000	ps	
ODT turn-off delay	tAOFD	2.5	2.5	tCK	
ODT turn-off	tAOF	tAC(min)	tAC(max) + 600	ps	2
ODT turn-off (power down mode)	tAOFPD	tAC(min) + 2000	2.5tCK + tAC(max) + 1000	ns	
ODT to power down entry latency	tANPD	3	3	tCK	
ODT power down exit latency	tAXPD	8	8	tCK	

Notes: 1. ODT turn on time min is when the device leaves high impedance and ODT resistance begins to turn on.
ODT turn on time max is when the ODT resistance is fully on. Both are measured from tAOND.
2. ODT turn off time min is when the device starts to turn off ODT resistance.
ODT turn off time max is when the bus is in high impedance. Both are measured from tAOFD.

AC Input Test Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit	Notes
Input reference voltage	VREF	$0.5 \times$ VDDQ	V	1
Input signal maximum peak to peak swing	VSWING(max.)	1.0	V	1
Input signal maximum slew rate	SLEW	1.0	V/ns	2, 3

Notes: 1. Input waveform timing is referenced to the input signal crossing through the VREF level applied to the device under test.
2. The input signal minimum slew rate is to be maintained over the range from VIL(DC) (max.) to VIH(AC) (min.) for rising edges and the range from VIH(DC) (min.) to VIL(AC) (max.) for falling edges as shown in the below figure.
3. AC timings are referenced with input waveforms switching from VIL(AC) to VIH(AC) on the positive transitions and VIH(AC) to VIL(AC) on the negative transitions.

$$\text{Falling slew} = \frac{\text{VIH (DC)(min.)} - \text{VIL (AC)(max.)}}{\Delta TF}$$

$$\text{Rising slew} = \frac{\text{VIH (AC) min.} - \text{VIL (DC)(max.)}}{\Delta TR}$$
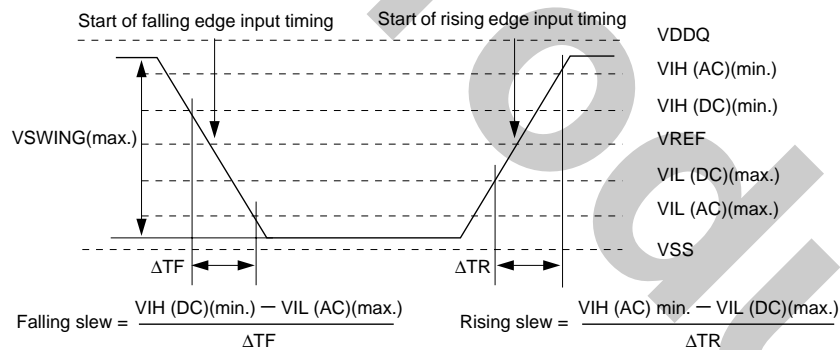
AC Input Test Signal Wave forms

Output Load
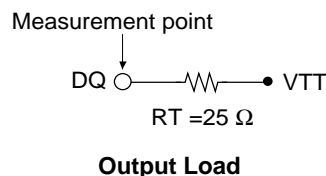
Pin Functions

CK, /CK (input pin)

The CK and the /CK are the master clock inputs. All inputs except DMs, DQSs and DQs are referred to the cross point of the CK rising edge and the VREF level. When a read operation, DQSs and DQs are referred to the cross point of the CK and the /CK. When a write operation, DMs and DQs are referred to the cross point of the DQS and the VREF level. DQSs for write operation are referred to the cross point of the CK and the /CK.

/CS (input pin)

When /CS is low, commands and data can be input. When /CS is high, all inputs are ignored. However, internal operations (bank active, burst operations, etc.) are held.

/RAS, /CAS, and /WE (input pins)

These pins define operating commands (read, write, etc.) depending on the combinations of their voltage levels. See "Command operation".

A0 to A12 (input pins)

Row address (AX0 to AX12) is determined by the A0 to the A12 level at the cross point of the CK rising edge and the VREF level in a bank active command cycle. Column address (AY0 to AY9) is loaded via the A0 to the A9 at the cross point of the CK rising edge and the VREF level in a read or a write command cycle. This column address becomes the starting address of a burst operation.

A10 (AP) (input pin)

A10 defines the precharge mode when a precharge command, a read command or a write command is issued. If A10 = high when a precharge command is issued, all banks are precharged. If A10 = low when a precharge command is issued, only the bank that is selected by BA1, BA0 is precharged. If A10 = high when read or write command, auto-precharge function is enabled. While A10 = low, auto-precharge function is disabled.

BA0 and BA1 (input pins)

BA0, BA1 are bank select signals (BA). The memory array is divided into bank 0, bank 1, bank 2 and bank 3. (See Bank Select Signal Table)

[Bank Select Signal Table]

	BA0	BA1
Bank 0	L	L
Bank 1	H	L
Bank 2	L	H
Bank 3	H	H

Remark: H: VIH. L: VIL.

CKE (input pin)

CKE controls power down and self-refresh. The power down and the self-refresh commands are entered when the CKE is driven low and exited when it resumes to high.

The CKE level must be kept for 1 CK cycle at least, that is, if CKE changes at the cross point of the CK rising edge and the VREF level with proper setup time tIS, at the next CK rising edge CKE level must be kept with proper hold time tIH.

DQ (input and output pins)

Data are input to and output from these pins.

DQS and /DQS (input and output pin)

DQS and /DQS provide the read data strobes (as output) and the write data strobes (as input).

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DM (input pins)

DM is the reference signal of the data input mask function. DMs are sampled at the cross point of DQS and /DQS.

VDD (power supply pins)

1.8V is applied. (VDD is for the internal circuit.)

VDDSPD (power supply pin)

1.8V is applied (For serial EEPROM).

VSS (power supply pin)

Ground is connected.

Detailed Operation Part and Timing Waveforms

Refer to the EDE2508AASE-DF, -BE, -AE, EDE2516AASE-DF, -BE, -AE datasheet (E0515E).

Physical Outline

Unit: mm

Detail A

Detail B

ECA-TS2-0093-01

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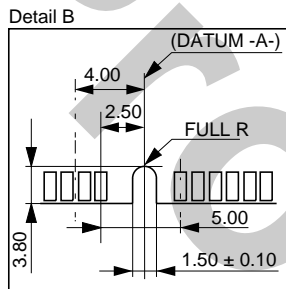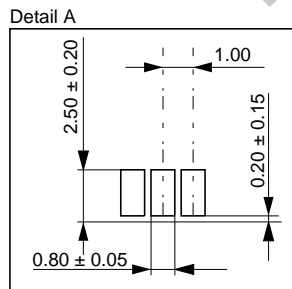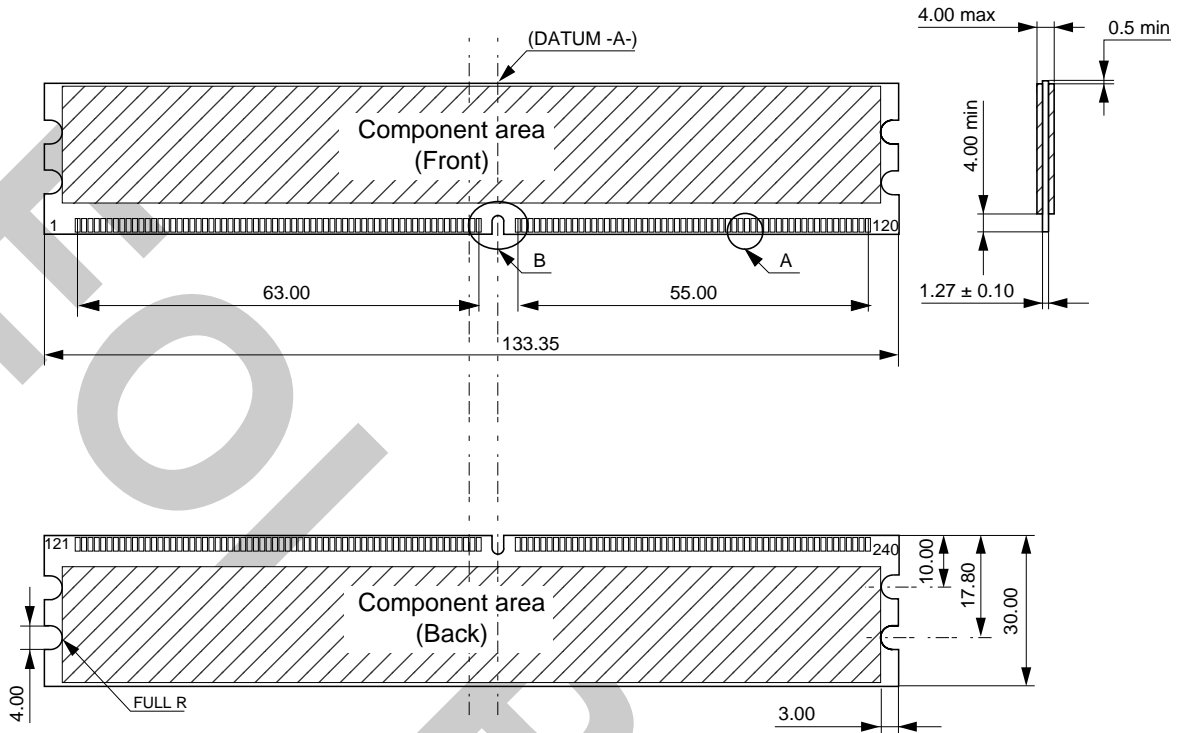
CAUTION FOR HANDLING MEMORY MODULES

When handling or inserting memory modules, be sure not to touch any components on the modules, such as the memory ICs, chip capacitors and chip resistors. It is necessary to avoid undue mechanical stress on these components to prevent damaging them.

In particular, do not push module cover or drop the modules in order to protect from mechanical defects, which would be electrical defects.

When re-packing memory modules, be sure the modules are not touching each other.
Modules in contact with other modules may cause excessive mechanical stress, which may damage the modules.

MDE0202

NOTES FOR CMOS DEVICES

① **PRECAUTION AGAINST ESD FOR MOS DEVICES**

Exposing the MOS devices to a strong electric field can cause destruction of the gate oxide and ultimately degrade the MOS devices operation. Steps must be taken to stop generation of static electricity as much as possible, and quickly dissipate it, when once it has occurred. Environmental control must be adequate. When it is dry, humidifier should be used. It is recommended to avoid using insulators that easily build static electricity. MOS devices must be stored and transported in an anti-static container, static shielding bag or conductive material. All test and measurement tools including work bench and floor should be grounded. The operator should be grounded using wrist strap. MOS devices must not be touched with bare hands. Similar precautions need to be taken for PW boards with semiconductor MOS devices on it.

② **HANDLING OF UNUSED INPUT PINS FOR CMOS DEVICES**

No connection for CMOS devices input pins can be a cause of malfunction. If no connection is provided to the input pins, it is possible that an internal input level may be generated due to noise, etc., hence causing malfunction. CMOS devices behave differently than Bipolar or NMOS devices. Input levels of CMOS devices must be fixed high or low by using a pull-up or pull-down circuitry. Each unused pin should be connected to V_{DD} or GND with a resistor, if it is considered to have a possibility of being an output pin. The unused pins must be handled in accordance with the related specifications.

③ **STATUS BEFORE INITIALIZATION OF MOS DEVICES**

Power-on does not necessarily define initial status of MOS devices. Production process of MOS does not define the initial operation status of the device. Immediately after the power source is turned ON, the MOS devices with reset function have not yet been initialized. Hence, power-on does not guarantee output pin levels, I/O settings or contents of registers. MOS devices are not initialized until the reset signal is received. Reset operation must be executed immediately after power-on for MOS devices having reset function.

CME0107

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