

1PMT5920BT3 Series

3.2 Watt Plastic Surface Mount POWERMITE® Package

This complete new line of 3.2 Watt Zener Diodes are offered in highly efficient micro miniature, space saving surface mount with its unique heat sink design. The POWERMITE package has the same thermal performance as the SMA while being 50% smaller in footprint area and delivering one of the lowest height profiles (1.1 mm) in the industry. Because of its small size, it is ideal for use in cellular phones, portable devices, business machines and many other industrial/consumer applications.

Specification Features:

- Zener Breakdown Voltage: 6.2 – 47 Volts
- DC Power Dissipation: 3.2 Watts with Tab 1 (Cathode) @ 75°C
- Low Leakage < 5 μ A
- ESD Rating of Class 3 (> 16 kV) per Human Body Model
- Low Profile – Maximum Height of 1.1 mm
- Integral Heat Sink/Locking Tabs
- Full Metallic Bottom Eliminates Flux Entrapment
- Small Footprint – Footprint Area of 8.45 mm²
- Supplied in 12 mm Tape and Reel – 12,000 Units per Reel
- POWERMITE is JEDEC Registered as DO-216AA
- Cathode Indicated by Polarity Band

Mechanical Characteristics:

CASE: Void-free, transfer-molded, thermosetting plastic

FINISH: All external surfaces are corrosion resistant and leads are readily solderable

MOUNTING POSITION: Any

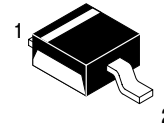
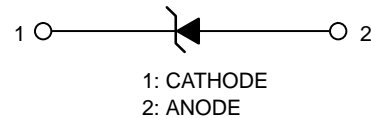
MAXIMUM CASE TEMPERATURE FOR SOLDERING PURPOSES:
260°C for 10 Seconds



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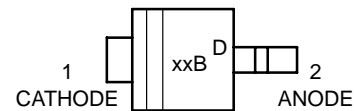
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PLASTIC SURFACE MOUNT 3.2 WATT ZENER DIODES 6.2 – 47 VOLTS



POWERMITE
CASE 457
PLASTIC

MARKING DIAGRAM



xxB = Specific Device Code
xx = 20 – 41
(See Table Next Page)
D = Date Code

ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Package	Shipping
1PMT59xxBT3	POWERMITE	12,000/Tape & Reel

LEAD ORIENTATION IN TAPE:

Cathode (Short) Lead to Sprocket Holes

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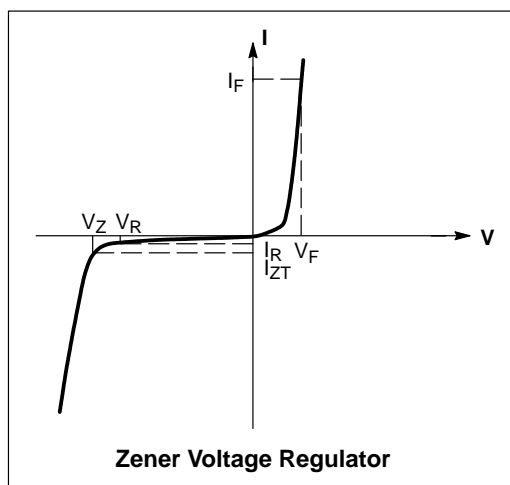
MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
DC Power Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (Note 1.) Derate above 25°C	P_D	500	mW
Thermal Resistance from Junction to Ambient	$R_{\theta JA}$	4.0	$\text{mW}/^\circ\text{C}$
Thermal Resistance from Junction to Lead (Anode)	$R_{\theta J\text{anode}}$	248	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
Thermal Resistance from Junction to Lead (Anode)	$R_{\theta J\text{anode}}$	35	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
Maximum DC Power Dissipation (Note 2.) Thermal Resistance from Junction to Tab (Cathode)	P_D $R_{\theta J\text{cathode}}$	3.2 23	W $^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
Operating and Storage Temperature Range	T_J, T_{stg}	-55 to +150	$^\circ\text{C}$

- Mounted with recommended minimum pad size, PC board FR-4.
- At Tab (Cathode) temperature, $T_{\text{tab}} = 75^\circ\text{C}$

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_L = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted, $V_F = 1.5\text{ V Max.}$ @ $I_F = 200\text{ mAdc}$ for all types)

Symbol	Parameter
V_Z	Reverse Zener Voltage @ I_{ZT}
I_{ZT}	Reverse Current
Z_{ZT}	Maximum Zener Impedance @ I_{ZT}
I_{ZK}	Reverse Current
Z_{ZK}	Maximum Zener Impedance @ I_{ZK}
I_R	Reverse Leakage Current @ V_R
V_R	Reverse Voltage
I_F	Forward Current
V_F	Forward Voltage @ I_F



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_L = 30^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted, $V_F = 1.25\text{ Volts}$ @ 200 mA)

Device	Device Marking	Zener Voltage (Note 3.)			I_{ZT} (mA)	I_R @ V_R (μA)	V_R (V)	Z_{ZT} @ I_{ZT} (Note 4.) (Ω)	Z_{ZK} @ I_{ZK} (Note 4.) (Ω)	I_{ZK} (mA)
		V_Z @ I_{ZT} (Volts)								
		Min	Nom	Max						
1PMT5920BT3	20B	5.89	6.2	6.51	60.5	5.0	4.0	2.0	200	1.0
1PMT5921BT3	21B	6.46	6.8	7.14	55.1	5.0	5.2	2.5	200	1.0
1PMT5922BT3	22B	7.12	7.5	7.88	50	5.0	6.0	3.0	400	0.5
1PMT5923BT3	23B	7.79	8.2	8.61	45.7	5.0	6.5	3.5	400	0.5
1PMT5924BT3	24B	8.64	9.1	9.56	41.2	5.0	7.0	4.0	500	0.5
1PMT5925BT3	25B	9.5	10	10.5	37.5	5.0	8.0	4.5	500	0.25
1PMT5927BT3	27B	11.4	12	12.6	31.2	1.0	9.1	6.5	550	0.25
1PMT5929BT3	29B	14.25	15	15.75	25	1.0	11.4	9.0	600	0.25
1PMT5930BT3	30B	15.2	16	16.8	23.4	1.0	12.2	10	600	0.25
1PMT5931BT3	31B	17.1	18	18.9	20.8	1.0	13.7	12	650	0.25
1PMT5933BT3	33B	20.9	22	23.1	17	1.0	16.7	17.5	650	0.25
1PMT5934BT3	34B	22.8	24	25.2	15.6	1.0	18.2	19	700	0.25
1PMT5935BT3	35B	25.65	27	28.35	13.9	1.0	20.6	23	700	0.25
1PMT5936BT3	36B	28.5	30	31.5	12.5	1.0	22.8	28	750	0.25
1PMT5939BT3	39B	37.05	39	40.95	9.6	1.0	29.7	45	900	0.25
1PMT5941BT3	41B	44.65	47	49.35	8.0	1.0	35.8	67	1000	0.25

- Zener voltage is measured with the device junction in thermal equilibrium with an ambient temperature of 25°C .
- Zener Impedance Derivation Z_{ZT} and Z_{ZK} are measured by dividing the AC voltage drop across the device by the AC current applied. The specified limits are for $I_{Z(\text{ac})} = 0.1 I_{Z(\text{dc})}$ with the ac frequency = 60 Hz.

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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

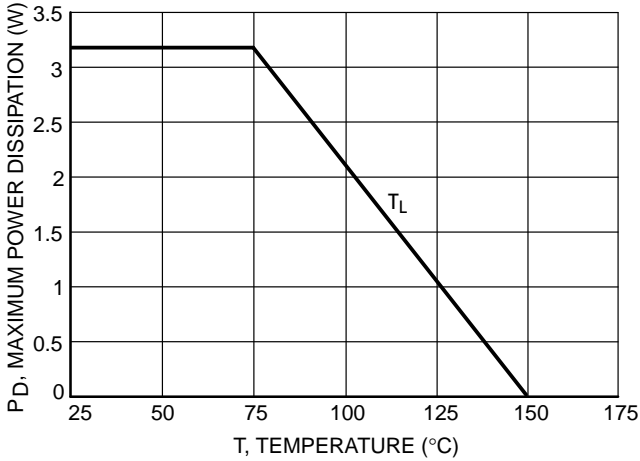


Figure 1. Steady State Power Derating

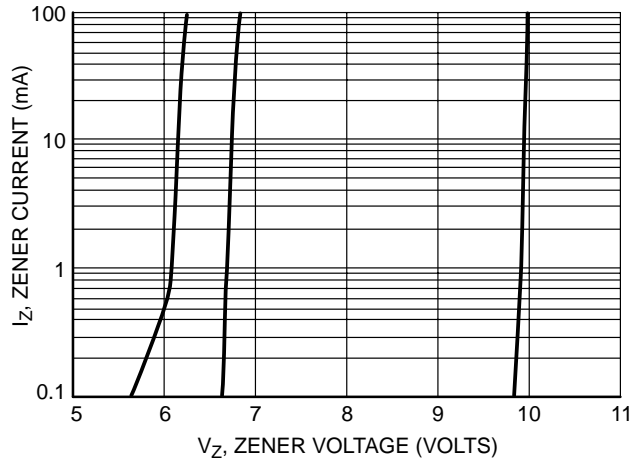


Figure 2. V_Z to 10 Volts

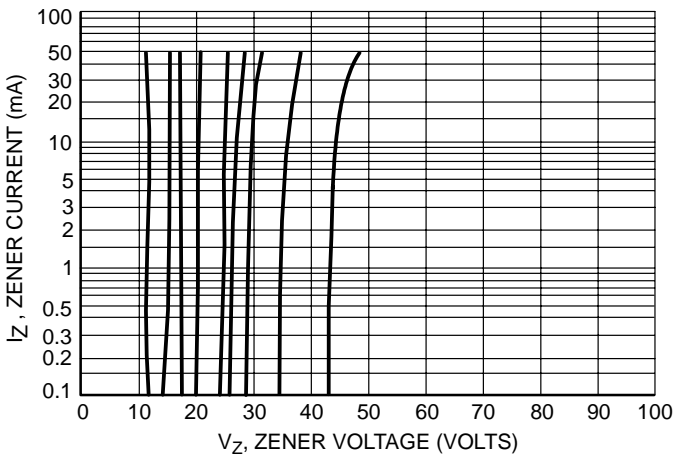


Figure 3. $V_Z = 12$ thru 47 Volts

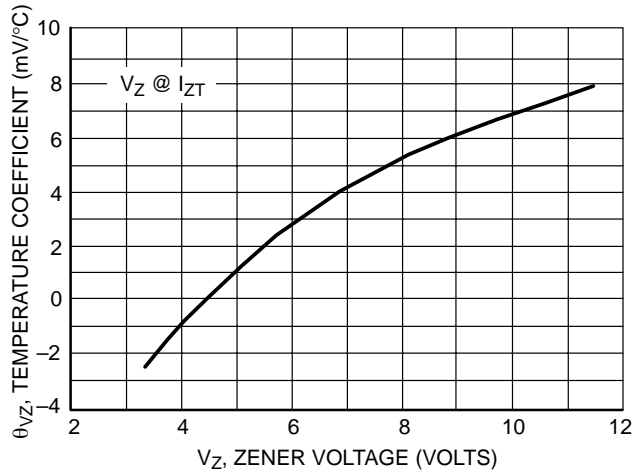


Figure 4. Zener Voltage - To 12 Volts

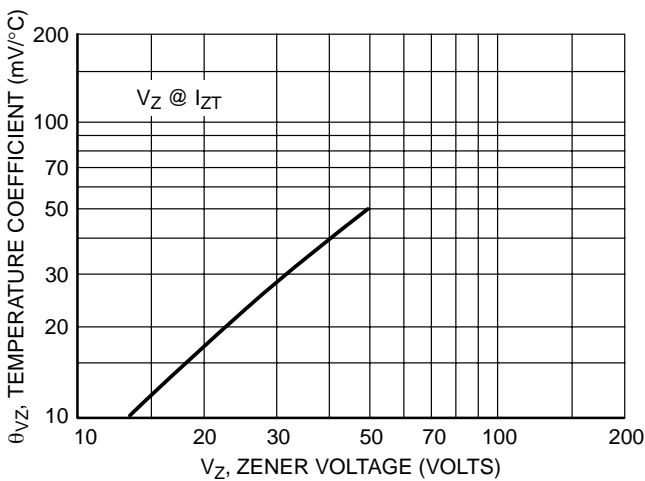


Figure 5. Zener Voltage - 14 To 47 Volts

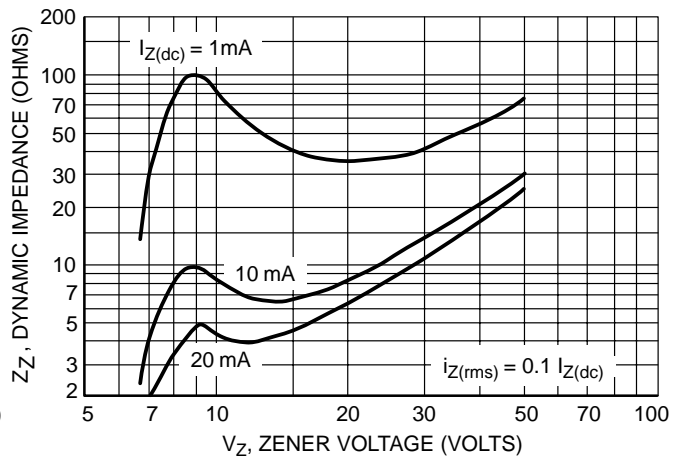


Figure 6. Effect of Zener Voltage

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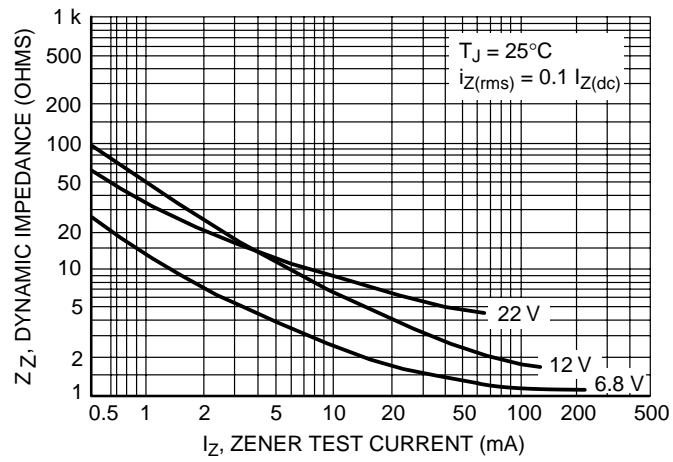


Figure 7. Effect of Zener Current

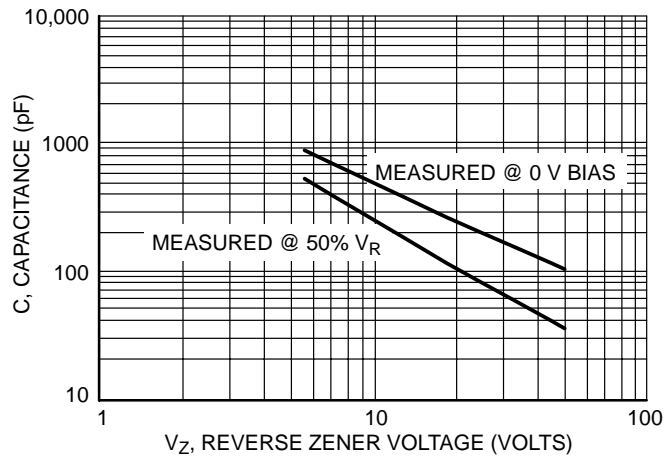


Figure 8. Capacitance versus Reverse Zener Voltage

TYPICAL SOLDER HEATING PROFILE

For any given circuit board, there will be a group of control settings that will give the desired heat pattern. The operator must set temperatures for several heating zones and a figure for belt speed. Taken together, these control settings make up a heating “profile” for that particular circuit board. On machines controlled by a computer, the computer remembers these profiles from one operating session to the next. Figure 9 shows a typical heating profile for use when soldering a surface mount device to a printed circuit board. This profile will vary among soldering systems, but it is a good starting point. Factors that can affect the profile include the type of soldering system in use, density and types of components on the board, type of solder used, and the type of board or substrate material being used. This profile shows temperature versus time.

The line on the graph shows the actual temperature that might be experienced on the surface of a test board at or near a central solder joint. The two profiles are based on a high density and a low density board. The Vitronics SMD310 convection/infrared reflow soldering system was used to generate this profile. The type of solder used was 62/36/2 Tin Lead Silver with a melting point between 177–189°C. When this type of furnace is used for solder reflow work, the circuit boards and solder joints tend to heat first. The components on the board are then heated by conduction. The circuit board, because it has a large surface area, absorbs the thermal energy more efficiently, then distributes this energy to the components. Because of this effect, the main body of a component may be up to 30 degrees cooler than the adjacent solder joints.

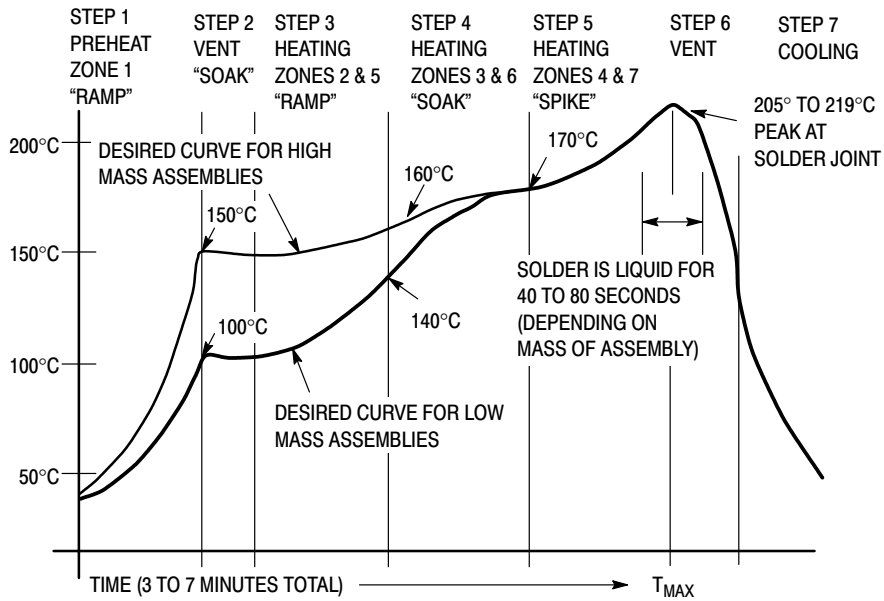


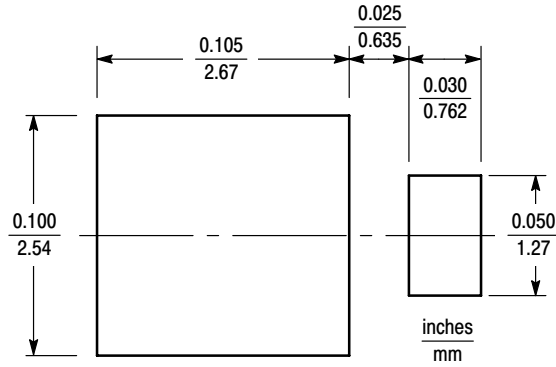
Figure 9. Typical Solder Heating Profile

INFORMATION FOR USING THE POWERMITE SURFACE MOUNT PACKAGE

MINIMUM RECOMMENDED FOOTPRINT FOR SURFACE MOUNTED APPLICATIONS

Surface mount board layout is a critical portion of the total design. The footprint for the semiconductor packages must be the correct size to insure proper solder connection

interface between the board and the package. With the correct pad geometry, the packages will self align when subjected to a solder reflow process.



POWERMITE

POWERMITE POWER DISSIPATION

The power dissipation of the Powermite is a function of the drain pad size. This can vary from the minimum pad size for soldering to a pad size given for maximum power dissipation. Power dissipation for a surface mount device is determined by $T_{J(max)}$, the maximum rated junction temperature of the die, $R_{\theta JA}$, the thermal resistance from the device junction to ambient, and the operating temperature, T_A . Using the values provided on the data sheet for the Powermite package, P_D can be calculated as follows:

$$P_D = \frac{T_{J(max)} - T_A}{R_{\theta JA}}$$

The values for the equation are found in the maximum ratings table on the data sheet. Substituting these values into the equation for an ambient temperature T_A of 25°C, one can calculate the power dissipation of the device which in this case is 504 milliwatts.

$$P_D = \frac{150^\circ\text{C} - 25^\circ\text{C}}{248^\circ\text{C/W}} = 504 \text{ milliwatts}$$

The 248°C/W for the Powermite package assumes the use of the recommended footprint on a glass epoxy printed circuit board to achieve a power dissipation of 504 milliwatts. There are other alternatives to achieving higher power dissipation from the Powermite package. Another alternative would be to use a ceramic substrate or an aluminum core board such as Thermal Clad™. Using a board material such as Thermal Clad, an aluminum core board, the power dissipation can be doubled using the same footprint.

SOLDERING PRECAUTIONS

The melting temperature of solder is higher than the rated temperature of the device. When the entire device is heated to a high temperature, failure to complete soldering within a short time could result in device failure. Therefore, the following items should always be observed in order to minimize the thermal stress to which the devices are subjected.

- Always preheat the device.
- The delta temperature between the preheat and soldering should be 100°C or less.*
- When preheating and soldering, the temperature of the leads and the case must not exceed the maximum temperature ratings as shown on the data sheet. When using infrared heating with the reflow soldering method, the difference shall be a maximum of 10°C.
- The soldering temperature and time shall not exceed 260°C for more than 10 seconds.
- When shifting from preheating to soldering, the maximum temperature gradient shall be 5°C or less.
- After soldering has been completed, the device should be allowed to cool naturally for at least three minutes. Gradual cooling should be used as the use of forced cooling will increase the temperature gradient and result in latent failure due to mechanical stress.
- Mechanical stress or shock should not be applied during cooling.

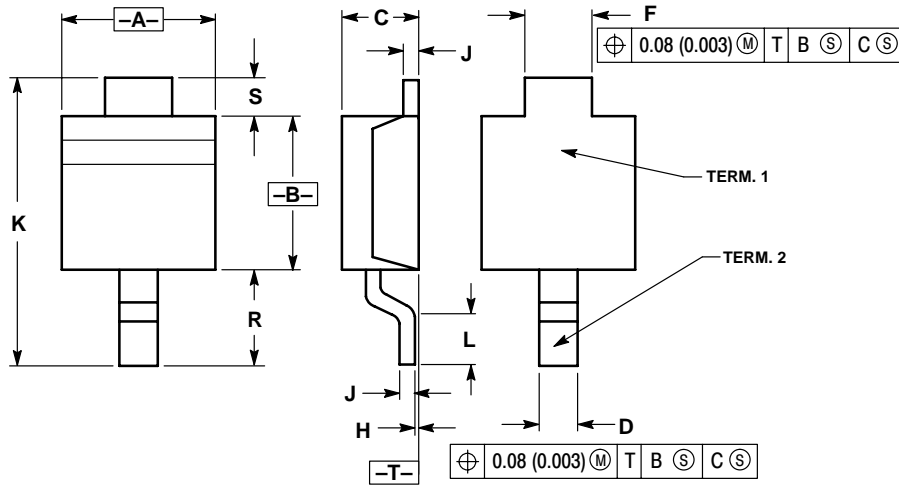
* Soldering a device without preheating can cause excessive thermal shock and stress which can result in damage to the device.

1PMT5920BT3 Series

OUTLINE DIMENSIONS

1PMT5920BT3 Series – Surface Mounted

POWERMITE
CASE 457-04
ISSUE D



NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER.
3. DIMENSION A DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS. MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.15 (0.006) PER SIDE.

DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	1.75	2.05	0.069	0.081
B	1.75	2.18	0.069	0.086
C	0.85	1.15	0.033	0.045
D	0.40	0.69	0.016	0.027
F	0.70	1.00	0.028	0.039
H	-0.05	+0.10	-0.002	+0.004
J	0.10	0.25	0.004	0.010
K	3.60	3.90	0.142	0.154
L	0.50	0.80	0.020	0.031
R	1.20	1.50	0.047	0.059
S	0.50 REF		0.019 REF	

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