

## LOW VOLTAGE CMOS 16-BIT BUS BUFFER (3-STATE INV.) WITH 3.6V TOLERANT INPUTS AND OUTPUTS

- 3.6V TOLERANT INPUTS AND OUTPUTS
- HIGH SPEED :  
 $t_{PD} = 3.4 \text{ ns (MAX.)}$  at  $V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ to } 3.6V$   
 $t_{PD} = 3.8 \text{ ns (MAX.)}$  at  $V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ to } 2.7V$
- POWER DOWN PROTECTION ON INPUTS AND OUTPUTS
- SYMMETRICAL OUTPUT IMPEDANCE:  
 $|I_{OHL}| = |I_{OL}| = 12\text{mA (MIN)}$  at  $V_{CC} = 3.0V$   
 $|I_{OHL}| = |I_{OL}| = 8\text{mA (MIN)}$  at  $V_{CC} = 2.3V$
- $26\Omega$  SERIE RESISTORS IN OUTPUTS
- OPERATING VOLTAGE RANGE:  
 $V_{CC(OPR)} = 2.3V$  to  $3.6V$
- PIN AND FUNCTION COMPATIBLE WITH 54 SERIES H162244
- BUS HOLD PROVIDED ON DATA INPUTS
- LATCH-UP PERFORMANCE EXCEEDS 300mA (JESD 17)
- ESD PERFORMANCE:  
HBM > 2000V (MIL STD 883 method 3015); MM > 200V
- 100 Krad mil. 1019.6 (RHA QUAL) CONDITION A
- NO SEL, NO SEU UNDER 72 Mev/cm<sup>2</sup>/mg LET HEAVY IONS IRRADIATION
- PRODUCT UNDER QML-V QUALIFICATION

### DESCRIPTION

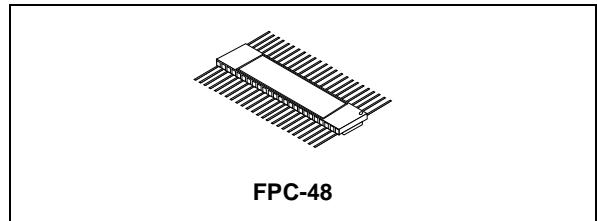
The 54VCXH162244 is a low voltage CMOS 16 BIT BUS BUFFER (NON INVERTED) fabricated with sub-micron silicon gate and five-layer metal wiring C<sup>2</sup>MOS technology. It is ideal for low power and very high speed 2.3 to 3.6V applications; it can be interfaced to 3.6V signal environment for both inputs and outputs.

Any  $n\bar{G}$  output control governs four BUS BUFFERS. Output Enable input ( $n\bar{G}$ ) tied together gives full 16-bit operation.

When  $n\bar{G}$  is LOW, the outputs are on. When  $n\bar{G}$  is HIGH, the output are in high impedance state.

This device is designed to be used with 3 state memory address drivers, etc. Bus hold on data inputs is provided in order to eliminate the need for external pull-up or pull-down resistor.

The device circuits is including  $26\Omega$  series resistance in the outputs. These resistors permit to reduce line noise in high speed applications.



All inputs and outputs are equipped with protection circuits against static discharge, giving them 2KV ESD immunity and transient excess voltage.

### PIN CONNECTION

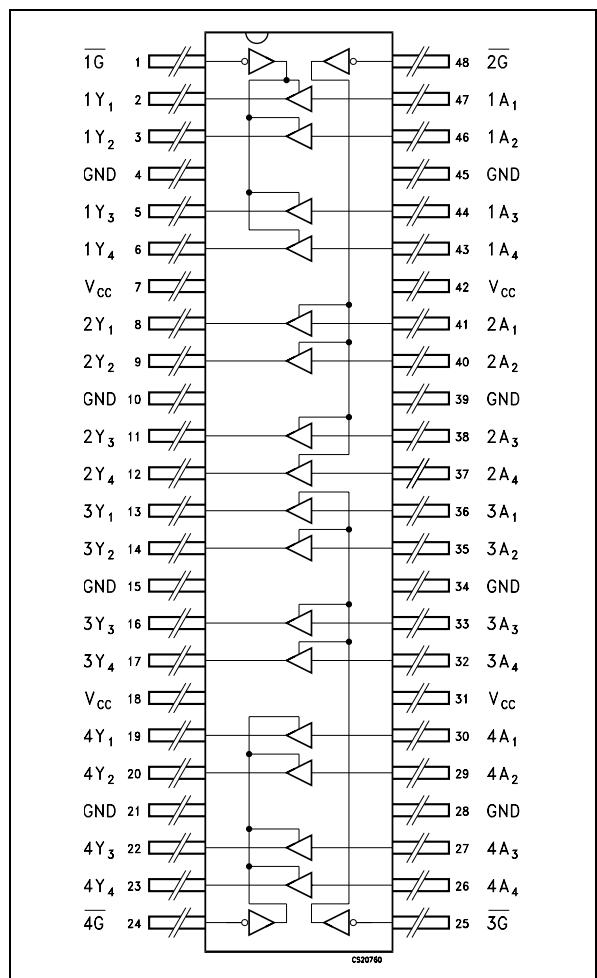


Table 1: Ordering Codes

PACKAGE	SOLDER DIPPING	FLYING MODEL		ENGINEERING MODEL
		QML-V	QML-Q	
FPC-48	GOLD	RHRXH162244K01V	RHRXH162244K01Q	RHRXH162244K1 RHRXH162244K2 (*)
FPC-48	SOLDER	RHRXH162244K02V	RHRXH162244K02Q	

(\*) EM with 48 hours Burn-In

Figure 1: Input And Output Equivalent Circuit

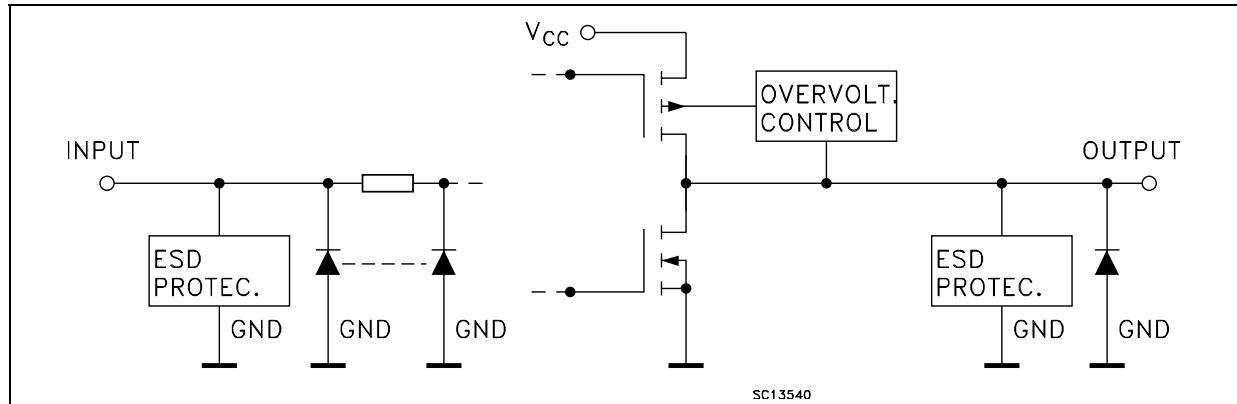


Table 2: Pin Description

PIN N°	SYMBOL	NAME AND FUNCTION
1	1G	Output Enable Input
2, 3, 5, 6	1Y1 to 1Y4	Data Outputs
8, 9, 11, 12	2Y1 to 2Y4	Data Outputs
13, 14, 16, 17	3Y1 to 3Y4	Data Outputs
19, 20, 22, 23	4Y1 to 4Y4	Data Outputs
24	4G	Output Enable Input
25	3G	Output Enable Input
30, 29, 27, 26	4A1 to 4A4	Data Outputs
36, 35, 33, 32	3A1 to 3A4	Data Outputs
41, 40, 38, 37	2A1 to 2A4	Data Outputs
47, 46, 44, 43	1A1 to 1A4	Data Outputs
48	2G	Output Enable Input
4, 10, 15, 21, 28, 34, 39, 45	GND	Ground (0V)
7, 18, 31, 42	V <sub>CC</sub>	Positive Supply Voltage

Figure 2: IEC Logic Symbols

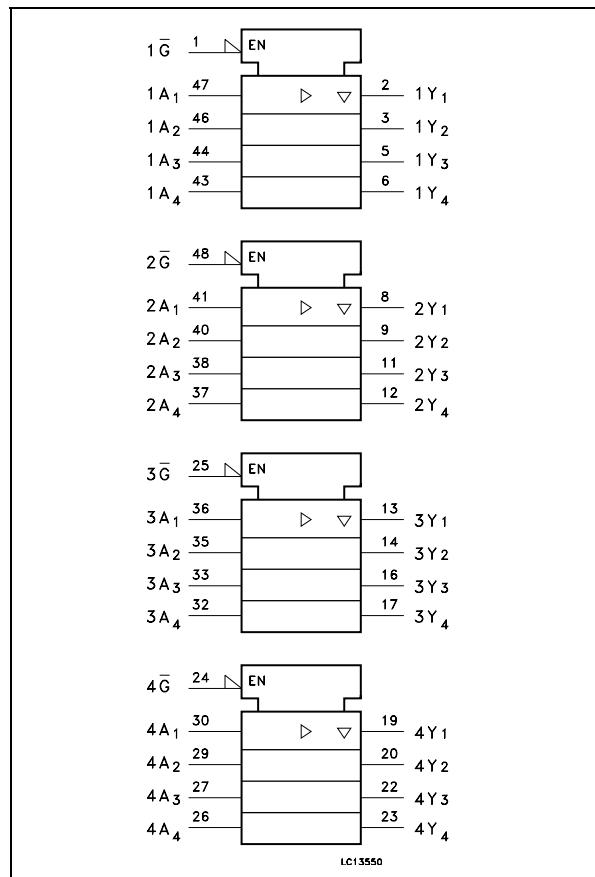


Table 3: Truth Table

INPUTS		OUTPUT
$\bar{G}$	$A_n$	$Y_n$
L	L	L
L	H	H
H	X	Z

X : Don't Care

Z : High Impedance

**Table 4: Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
$V_{CC}$	Supply Voltage	-0.5 to +4.6	V
$V_I$	DC Input Voltage	-0.5 to +4.6	V
$V_O$	DC Output Voltage (OFF State)	-0.5 to +4.6	V
$V_O$	DC Output Voltage (High or Low State) (note 1)	-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
$I_{IK}$	DC Input Diode Current	- 50	mA
$I_{OK}$	DC Output Diode Current (note 2)	- 50	mA
$I_O$	DC Output Current	$\pm 50$	mA
$I_{CC}$ or $I_{GND}$	DC $V_{CC}$ or Ground Current per Supply Pin	$\pm 100$	mA
$P_D$	Power Dissipation	400	mW
$T_{stg}$	Storage Temperature	-65 to +150	°C
$T_L$	Lead Temperature (10 sec)	260	°C

Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which damage to the device may occur. Functional operation under these conditions is not implied

1)  $I_O$  absolute maximum rating must be observed

2)  $V_O < GND$ ,  $V_O > V_{CC}$

**Table 5: Recommended Operating Conditions**

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
$V_{CC}$	Supply Voltage	2.3 to 3.6	V
$V_I$	Input Voltage	-0.3 to 3.6	V
$V_O$	Output Voltage (OFF State)	0 to 3.6	V
$V_O$	Output Voltage (High or Low State)	0 to $V_{CC}$	V
$I_{OH}, I_{OL}$	High or Low Level Output Current ( $V_{CC} = 3.0$ to 3.6V)	$\pm 12$	mA
$I_{OH}, I_{OL}$	High or Low Level Output Current ( $V_{CC} = 2.3$ to 2.7V)	$\pm 8$	mA
$T_{op}$	Operating Temperature	-55 to 125	°C
$dt/dv$	Input Rise and Fall Time (note 1)	0 to 10	ns/V

1)  $V_{IN}$  from 0.8V to 2V at  $V_{CC} = 3.0V$

**Table 6: DC Specifications (2.7V < V<sub>CC</sub> ≤ 3.6V unless otherwise specified)**

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition		Value		Unit	
		V <sub>CC</sub> (V)		-55 to 125 °C			
				Min.	Max.		
V <sub>IH</sub>	High Level Input Voltage	2.7 to 3.6		2.0		V	
V <sub>IL</sub>	Low Level Input Voltage				0.8		
V <sub>OH</sub>	High Level Output Voltage	2.7 to 3.6	I <sub>O</sub> =-100 μA	V <sub>CC</sub> -0.2		V	
		2.7	I <sub>O</sub> =-6 mA	2.2			
		3.0	I <sub>O</sub> =-8 mA	2.4			
			I <sub>O</sub> =-12 mA	2.2			
V <sub>OL</sub>	Low Level Output Voltage	2.7 to 3.6	I <sub>O</sub> =100 μA		0.2	V	
		2.7	I <sub>O</sub> =6 mA		0.4		
		3.0	I <sub>O</sub> =8 mA		0.5		
			I <sub>O</sub> =12 mA		0.8		
I <sub>I</sub>	Input Leakage Current	2.7 to 3.6	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND		± 5	μA	
I <sub>I(HOLD)</sub>	Input Hold Current	3.0	V <sub>I</sub> = 0.8V	75		μA	
			V <sub>I</sub> = 2V	-75			
		3.6	V <sub>I</sub> = 0 to 3.6V		± 500		
I <sub>off</sub>	Power Off Leakage Current	0	V <sub>I</sub> or V <sub>O</sub> = 0 to 3.6V		10	μA	
I <sub>OZ</sub>	High Impedance Output Leakage Current	2.7 to 3.6	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> V <sub>O</sub> = 0 to 3.6V		± 10	μA	
I <sub>CC</sub>	Quiescent Supply Current	2.7 to 3.6	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND		20	μA	
			V <sub>I</sub> or V <sub>O</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> to 3.6V		± 20		
ΔI <sub>CC</sub>	I <sub>CC</sub> incr. per Input	2.7 to 3.6	V <sub>IH</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.6V		750	μA	

**Table 7: DC Specifications** ( $2.3V < V_{CC} \leq 2.7V$  unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition		Value		Unit	
		$V_{CC}$ (V)		-55 to 125 °C			
				Min.	Max.		
$V_{IH}$	High Level Input Voltage	2.3 to 2.7		1.6		V	
$V_{IL}$	Low Level Input Voltage				0.7		
$V_{OH}$	High Level Output Voltage	2.3 to 2.7	$I_O = -100 \mu A$	$V_{CC} - 0.2$		V	
			$I_O = -4 mA$	2.0			
		2.3	$I_O = -6 mA$	1.8			
			$I_O = -8 mA$	1.7			
$V_{OL}$	Low Level Output Voltage	2.3 to 2.7	$I_O = 100 \mu A$		0.2	V	
		2.3	$I_O = 6 mA$		0.4		
			$I_O = 8 mA$		0.6		
$I_I$	Input Leakage Current	2.3 to 2.7	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND		$\pm 5$	μA	
$I_{I(HOLD)}$	Input Hold Current	2.3	$V_I = 0.7V$	45		μA	
			$V_I = 1.7V$	-45			
$I_{off}$	Power Off Leakage Current	0	$V_I$ or $V_O = 0$ to 3.6V		10	μA	
$I_{OZ}$	High Impedance Output Leakage Current	2.3 to 2.7	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$ $V_O = 0$ to 3.6V		$\pm 10$	μA	
$I_{CC}$	Quiescent Supply Current	2.3 to 2.7	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND		20	μA	
			$V_I$ or $V_O = V_{CC}$ to 3.6V		$\pm 20$		

**Table 8: Dynamic Switching Characteristics** ( $T_a = 25^\circ C$ , Input  $t_r = t_f = 2.0\text{ns}$ ,  $C_L = 30\text{pF}$ ,  $R_L = 500\Omega$ )

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition		Value			Unit	
		$V_{CC}$ (V)		$T_A = 25^\circ C$				
				Min.	Typ.	Max.		
$V_{OLP}$	Dynamic Low Voltage Quiet Output (note 1, 3)	2.5	$V_{IL} = 0V$ $V_{IH} = V_{CC}$		0.25		V	
		3.3			0.35			
$V_{OLV}$	Dynamic Low Voltage Quiet Output (note 1, 3)	2.5	$V_{IL} = 0V$ $V_{IH} = V_{CC}$		-0.25		V	
		3.3			-0.35			
$V_{OHV}$	Dynamic High Voltage Quiet Output (note 2, 3)	2.5	$V_{IL} = 0V$ $V_{IH} = V_{CC}$		2.05		V	
		3.3			2.65			

1) Number of outputs defined as "n". Measured with "n-1" outputs switching from HIGH to LOW or LOW to HIGH. The remaining output is measured in the LOW state.

2) Number of outputs defined as "n". Measured with "n-1" outputs switching from HIGH to LOW or LOW to HIGH. The remaining output is measured in the HIGH state.

3) Parameters guaranteed by design.

**Table 9: AC Electrical Characteristics ( $C_L = 30\text{pF}$ ,  $R_L = 500\Omega$ , Input  $t_r = t_f = 2.0\text{ns}$ )**

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition		Value		Unit	
		$V_{CC}$ (V)		-55 to 125 °C			
				Min.	Max.		
$t_{PLH} t_{PHL}$	Propagation Delay Time	2.3 to 2.7		1.0	5.2	ns	
		3.0 to 3.6		0.8	5.0		
$t_{PZL} t_{PZH}$	Output Enable Time	2.3 to 2.7		1.0	5.8	ns	
		3.0 to 3.6		0.8	4.2		
$t_{PLZ} t_{PHZ}$	Output Disable Time	2.3 to 2.7		1.0	4.5	ns	
		3.0 to 3.6		0.8	4.0		
$t_{OSLH} t_{OSHL}$	Output To Output Skew Time (note1, 2)	2.3 to 2.7			0.5	ns	
		3.0 to 3.6			0.5		

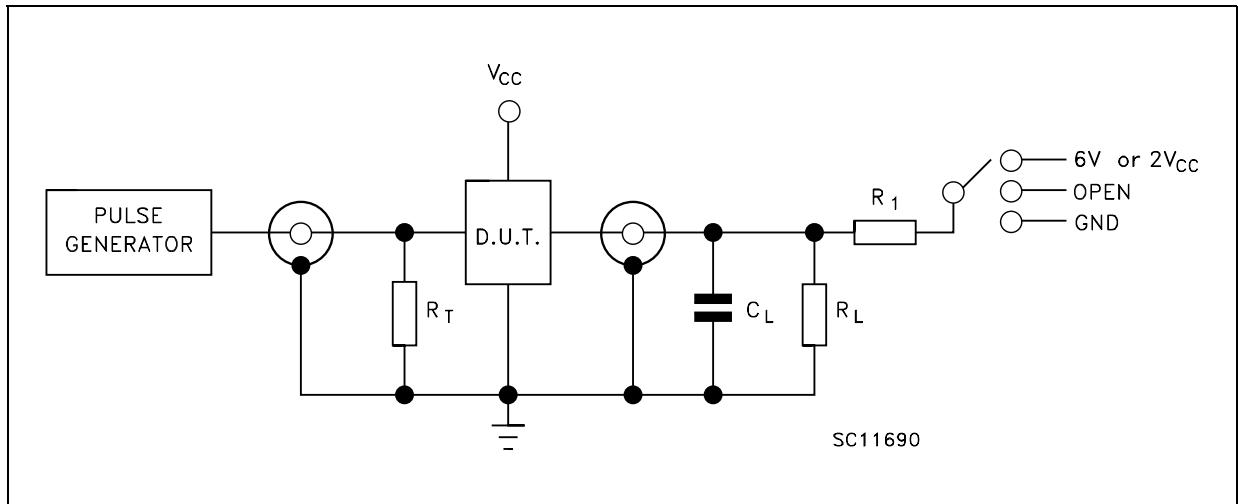
1) Skew is defined as the absolute value of the difference between the actual propagation delay for any two outputs of the same device switching in the same direction, either HIGH or LOW ( $t_{OSLH} = |t_{PLHm} - t_{PLHn}|$ ,  $t_{OSHL} = |t_{PHLm} - t_{PHLn}|$ )

2) Parameter guaranteed by design

**Table 10: Capacitive Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition		Value			Unit	
		$V_{CC}$ (V)		$T_A = 25^\circ C$				
				Min.	Typ.	Max.		
$C_{IN}$	Input Capacitance	2.5 or 3.3	$V_{IN} = 0 \text{ or } V_{CC}$		6		pF	
$C_{OUT}$	Output Capacitance	2.5 or 3.3	$V_{IN} = 0 \text{ or } V_{CC}$		7		pF	
$C_{PD}$	Power Dissipation Capacitance (note 1)	2.5 or 3.3	$f_{IN} = 10\text{MHz}$ $V_{IN} = 0 \text{ or } V_{CC}$		20		pF	

1)  $C_{PD}$  is defined as the value of the IC's internal equivalent capacitance which is calculated from the operating current consumption without load. (Refer to Test Circuit). Average operating current can be obtained by the following equation.  $I_{CC(\text{opr})} = C_{PD} \times V_{CC} \times f_{IN} + I_{CC}/16$  (per circuit)

**Figure 3: Test Circuit**

TEST	SWITCH
$t_{PLH}, t_{PHL}$	Open
$t_{PZL}, t_{PLZ} (V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ to } 3.6V)$	6V
$t_{PZL}, t_{PLZ} (V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ to } 2.7V)$	$2V_{CC}$
$t_{PZH}, t_{PHZ}$	GND

$C_L = 30 \text{ pF}$  or equivalent (includes jig and probe capacitance)

$R_L = R_1 = 500\Omega$  or equivalent

$R_T = Z_{OUT}$  of pulse generator (typically  $50\Omega$ )

**Table 11: Waveform Symbol Values**

Symbol	$V_{CC}$	
	3.0 to 3.6V	2.3 to 2.7V
$V_{IH}$	2.7V	$V_{CC}$
$V_M$	1.5V	$V_{CC}/2$
$V_X$	$V_{OL} + 0.3V$	$V_{OL} + 0.15V$
$V_Y$	$V_{OH} - 0.3V$	$V_{OH} - 0.15V$

Figure 4: Waveform - Propagation Delays (f=1MHz; 50% duty cycle)

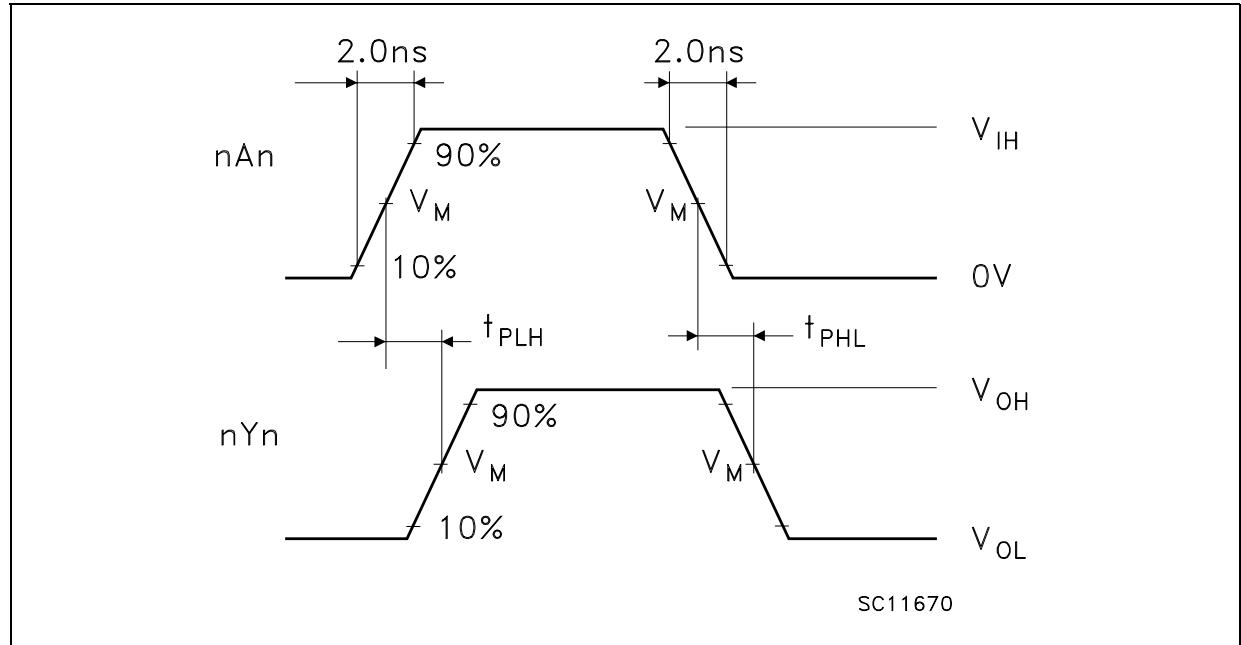
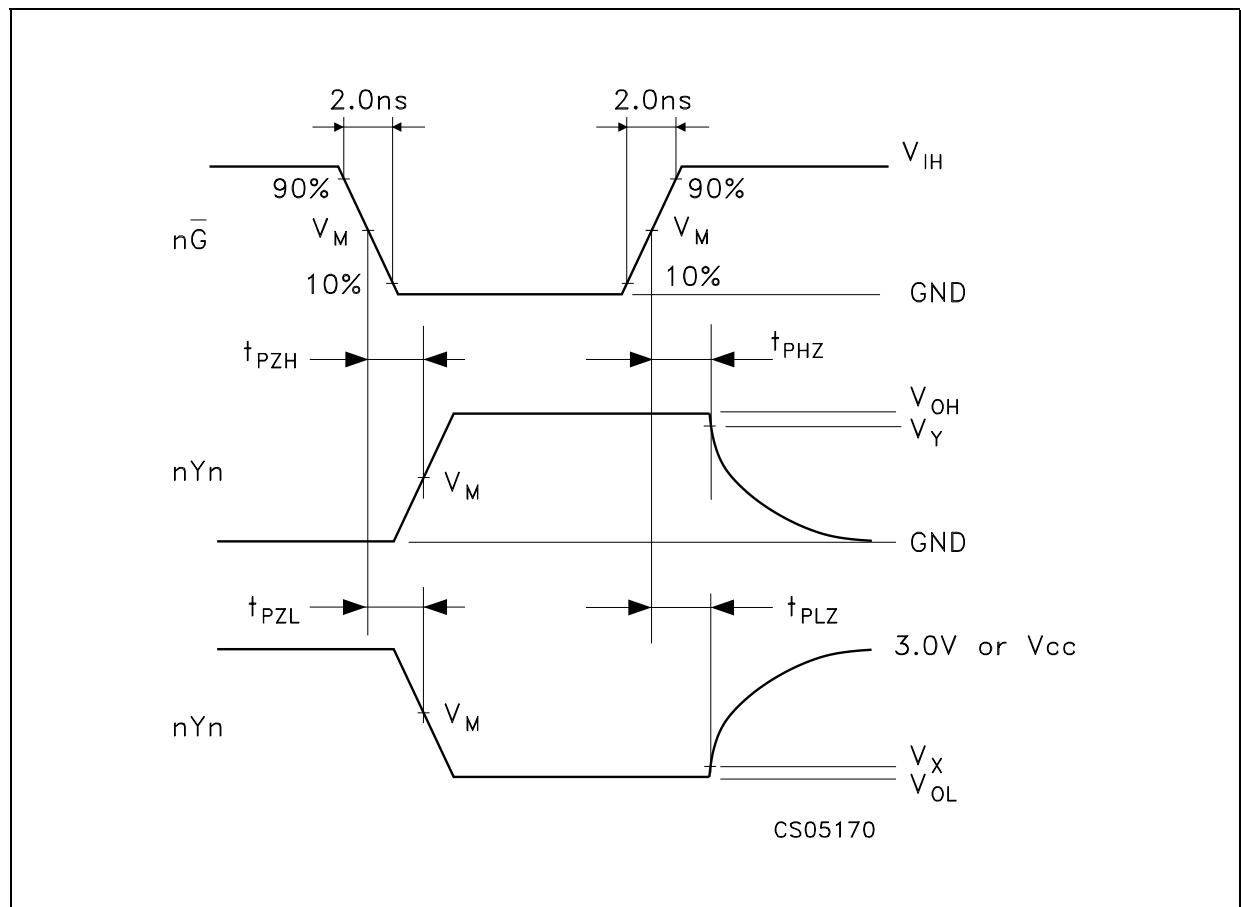
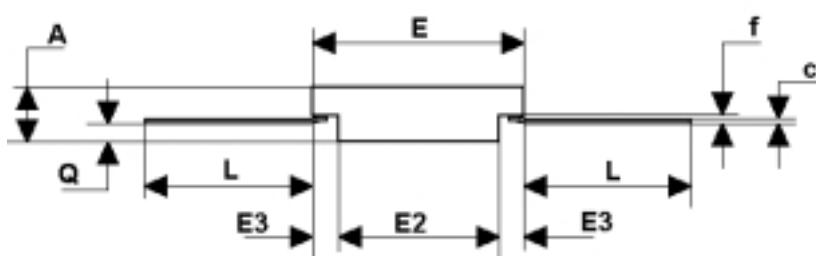
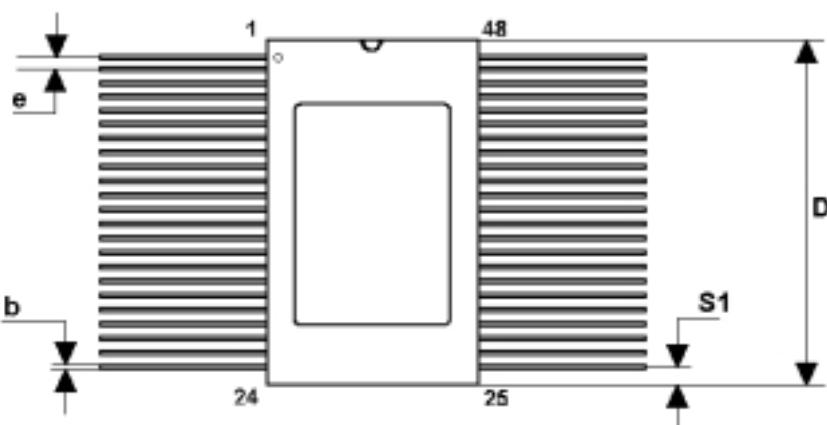


Figure 5: Waveform - Output Enable And Disable Time (f=1MHz; 50% duty cycle)



**FPC-48 (MIL-STD-1835) MECHANICAL DATA**

DIM.	mm.			inch		
	MIN.	TYP	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.
A	2.18		2.72	0.086		0.107
b		0.254			0.010	
c		0.15			0.006	
D		15.75			0.620	
E		9.65			0.380	
E2		6.35			0.250	
e		0.635			0.025	
L		8.38			0.330	
Q	0.66		1.14	0.026		0.045
S1		0.13			0.005	



7330585A

**Table 12: Revision History**

Date	Revision	Description of Changes
09-Jul-2004	1	First Release

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