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YSS220

(SP3) Surround Processor 3

■ OUTLINE

YSS220(SP3) is an LSI which has surround capability by digital audio technology. The LSI has built-in A/D, D/A converters which enable digital sound processing for analog signals. With a 256k pseudo SRAM or SRAM connected, the LSI can process digital delay up to 512ms.

■ FEATURES

- Built-in 15-bit floating ADC (L, R 2 channels) and DAC (FL, FR, RL, RR4 channels) enable digital processing for analog signals with 32kHz internal sampling frequency.
- 4 channels except center output can output digital signals as well. With a DAC connected externally, it will be possible with up to 5 channels (FL, C, FR, RL, RR).
- Hi-performance surround by mixing many echoes with using up to 512ms digital delay.
- Preset mode for easy control by terminal setting.
- Register control mode where it is possible to set various coefficients using microprocessor serial interface for original sound processing.
- Internal DSP is a 24-bit × 13-bit high speed multiplier with 128 steps.
- One 256k (32k x 8) pseudo SRAM or SRAM to be connected.
- 12.288MHz (384fs) master clock.
- 5V single power supply, Si-gate CMOS process.
- 64-pin plastic QFP(YSS220-F)

Note: Due to the nature of the product, the preset data cannot be disclosed although partially.

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YSS220 CATALOG CATALOG No.: LSI-4SS2202

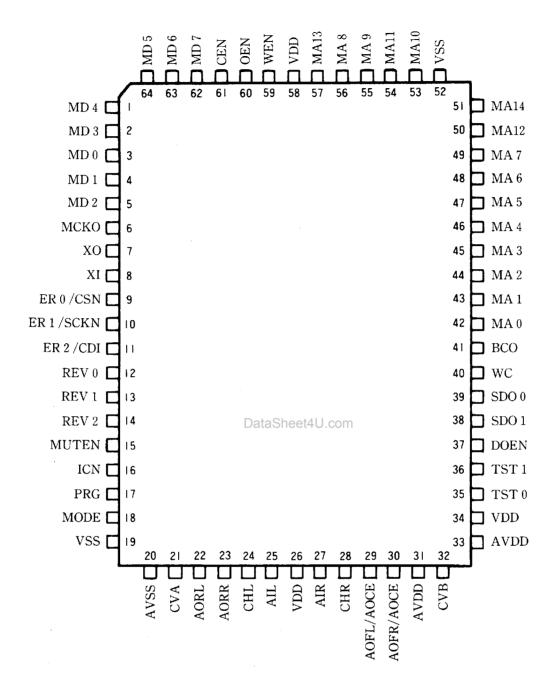
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■ PIN DESCRIPTION



<64pin QFP Top View>

2

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YSS220

No.	Name	I/O	Description				
1	MD4	I/O	External RAM interface data terminal				
2	MD3	I/O	External RAM interface data terminal				
3	MD0	I/O	External RAM interface data terminal				
4	MD1	I/O	External RAM interface data terminal				
5	MD2	I/O	External RAM interface data terminal				
6	мско	0	DOEN='L': Master clock output (12.	288MHz)			
			DOEN='H': Fixed to 'L'				
7	xo	O	X'tal oscillator terminal				
8	XI	I	X'tal oscillator terminal or external clo	ock input(12.288MHz)			
			MODE = 'H' $MODE = 'L'$				
9	ER0/CSN	I + s	ER0 : E/R preset select 0	CSN: CPU I/F chip select			
10	ER1/SCKN	I + s	ER1 : E/R preset select 1	SCKN: CPU I/F serial clock			
11	ER2/CDI	I + s	ER2: E/R preset select 2	CDI: CPU I/F serial data			
12	REV0	I +	Reverbration preset select 0				
13	REV1	I +	Reverbration preset select 1				
14	REV2	I +	Reverbration preset select 2				
15	MUTEN	I +	Output muting control (low-active)				
16	ICN	Is	Initial clear input				
17	PRG	I +	DSP program select (available only when MODE='H')				
			'L': Mode 0, 'H': Mode 1	• •			
18	MODE	I +	Operation mode select				
			'L': Register control mode, 'H': Pres	set mode			
19	VSS	_	Ground (digital block)Sheet4U.com				
20	AVSS	$-\mathbf{A}$	Ground (analog block)				
21	CVA	- A	L-ch ADC center voltage terminal				
22	AORL	OA	Rear L-ch DAC output				
23	AORR	OA	Rear R-ch DAC output				
24	CHL	- A	AIL input sample/hold capacitor terms	inal			
25	AIL	IA	L-ch ADC input				
26	VDD	_	+5V power supply (digital block)				
27	AIR	IA	R-ch ADC input				
28	CHR	- A	AIR input sample/hold capacitor term	inal			
29	AOFL/AOCE	OA	DOEN='H': Front L-ch DAC output				
			DOEN='L': C-ch DAC output				
30	AOFR/AOCE	OA	DOEN = 'H': Front R-ch DAC output				
			DOEN='L': C-ch DAC output				
31	AVDD	- A	+5V power supply (analog block)				
32	CVB	- A	R-ch, C-ch ADC center voltage termin	al			

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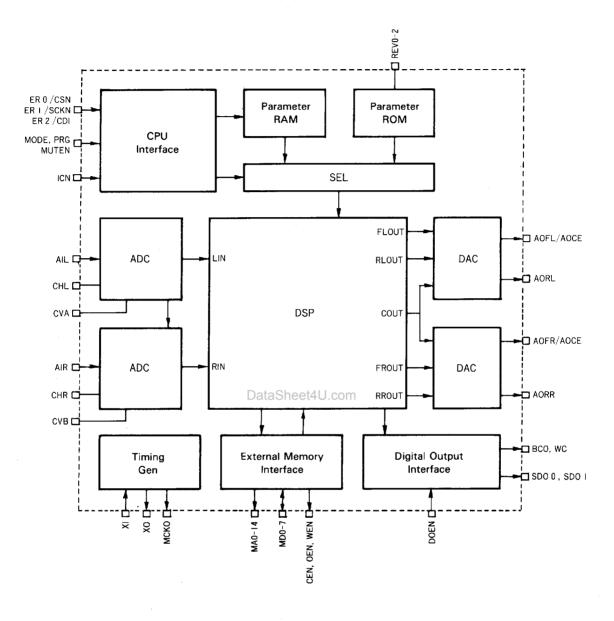
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	No.	Name	I/O	Description + 5V nower supply (analog block)			
	33	AVDD	- A	+5V power supply (analog block)			
	34	VDD	-	+5V power supply (digital lock)			
	35	TST0	I+	LSI test terminal (Connect to VDD)			
	36	TST1	I+	LSI test terminal (Connect to VDD)			
	37	DOEN	I +	Digital signal output/Analog C-ch output enable			
				DOEN='L'	DOEN='H'		
	38	SDO1	О	Digital signal output rear channel (RL, RR)	Fixed to 'L'		
	39	SDO0	О	Digital signal output front channel (FL, FR)	Fixed to 'L'		
	40	wc	О	Digital signal output word clock fs	Fixed to 'L'		
	41	BCO	0	Digital signal output bit clock 64fs	Fixed to 'H'		
	42	MA0	0	ternal RAM interface address terminal			
	43	MA1	0	External RAM interface address terminal			
	44	MA2	О	External RAM interface address terminal			
	45	MA3	О	External RAM interface address terminal			
	46	MA4	О	External RAM interface address terminal			
	47	MA5	О	External RAM interface address terminal			
	48	MA6	О	External RAM interface address terminal			
	49	MA7	О	External RAM interface address terminal			
	50	MA12	О	External RAM interface address terminal			
	51	MA14	О	External RAM interface address terminal			
	52	vss	_	Ground (digital block)			
	53	MA10	О	External RAM interface address terminal			
et4U.con	ր 54	MA11	0	External RAM interface address terminal			
	55	MA9	0	External RAM interface address terminal			
	56	MA8	О	External RAM interface address terminal			
	57	MA13	О	External RAM interface address terminal			
	58	VDD	_	+5V power supply (digital block)			
	59	WEN	0	External RAM interface write enable terminal			
	60	OEN	О	External RAM interface output enable terminal			
	61	CEN	О	External RAM interface chip enable terminal			
	62	MD7	I/O	External RAM interface data terminal			
	63	MD6	I/O	External RAM interface data terminal			
	64	MD5	I/O	External RAM interface data terminal			

NOTE) I+: Input terminal with a pull-up resister

IS: Schmitt input
A: analog terminal

■ BLOCK DIAGRAM



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■ FUNCTION DESCRIPTION

1. Clocks XI, XO, MCKO

X'tal oscillation circuit is formed by using XI, XO terminals. The oscillation frequency is 12.288MHz (fs=32KHz).

When DOEN='L', master clock is output through MCKO terminal.

2. ADCs and DACs AIL, AIR, CHL, CHR,

AOFL/AOCE, AORL, AOFR/AOCE, AORR, CVA, CVB

L, R audio signals are input to AIL, AIR terminals. External capacitors are required to CHL, CHR terminals for sample/hold. CVA, CVB are center voltage terminals of L and R channels ADCs. Connect capacitors for stability, and bias AIL, AIR terminals with these voltages, respectively. The AIL and AIR signal are DC-cut by internal HPF after A/D conversion. DAC sigals are output thorough AOFL/AOCE, AORL, AOFR/AOCE, AORR terminals. Connect

According to setting of DOEN terminal, outputs from the DACs are as follows:

capacitors for sample/hold, and buffer with a hi-impedance input for output.

DOEN	MODE	AOFL/	AOFR/	AORL	AORR	DIGITAL OUT
		AOCE	AOCE			
'H'	4CHANNEL MODE	FLOUT	FROUT	RLOUT	RROUT	OFF
L'	5CHANNEL MODE	COUT	COUT	RLOUT	RROUT	FL, FR, (RL, RR)

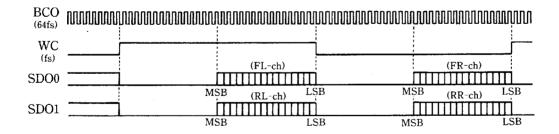
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3. Digital output DOEN, BCO, WC, SDO0, SDO1

Except center channel, each channel can also output digital data.

If digital output is required, set DOEN terminal to 'L'.



4. Microprocessor interface

MODE, PRG, MUTEN

ERO/CSN, ER1/SCKN, ER2/CDI, REV0, REV1, REV2

LSI control method varies according to setting for MODE terminal.

(Each of ER0/CSN, ER1/SCKN, ER2/CDI terminals has different functions depending on its MODE setting and terminal names indicate both functions. In this section, however, only the name for the set mode is indicated.)

(1) Preset mode (MODE='H')

All control is done by terminal settings.

Use PRG terminal for program setting, ER0, ER1, ER2, REV0, REV1, REV2 terminals for preset selection.

In this mode, when MUTEN terminal is set to 'L', both DAC outputs and digital outputs are muted instantly.

(2) Register control mode (MODE='L')

All control is done by writing data to registers using microprocessor serial interface (using CSN, SCKN, CEDI terminals).

In this mode, REV0, REV1, REV2, MUTEN terminals are invaild.

5. External RAM interface MAO~MA14, MD0~7, CEN, WEN, OEN

This LSI requires a 256K(32k*8word) pseudo SRAM or SRAM.

6. Initial clear

ICN, TST0, TST1

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This LSI requires initial clear when the power is turned on. Set ICN terminal to 'L' for one sampling period or more. TST0, TST1 are LSI test terminals. Connect them to VDD.

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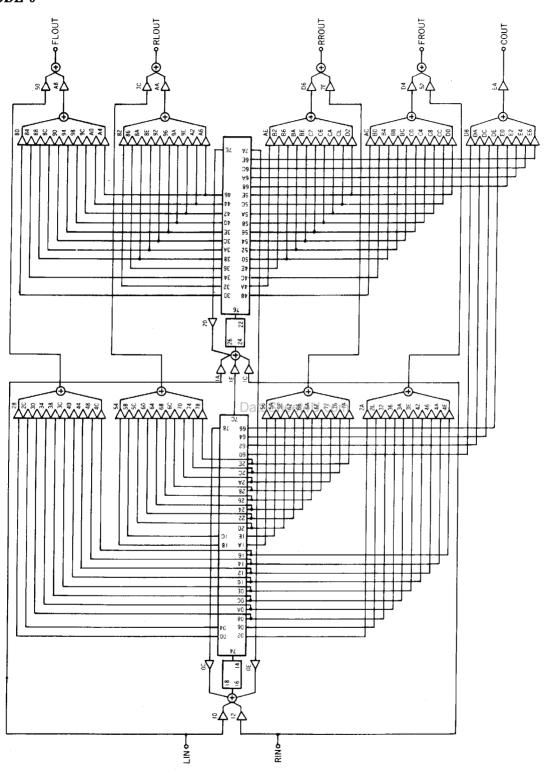
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■ DSP SIGNAL FLOW

1. MODE 0

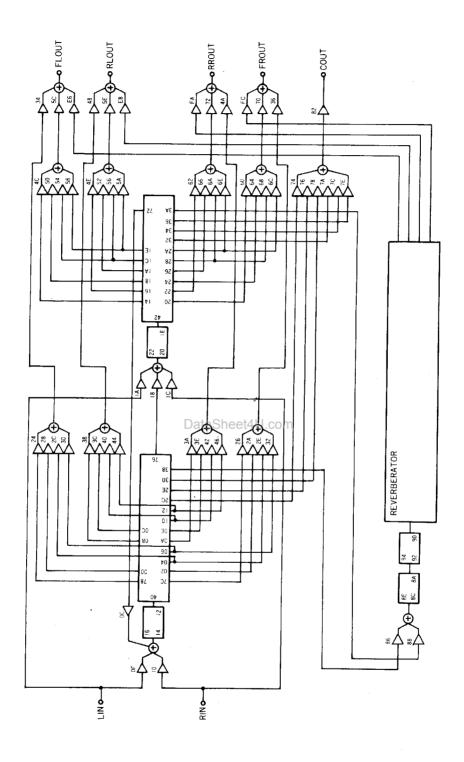


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2. MODE 1



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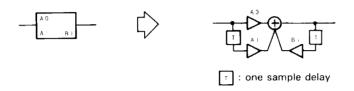
3. DSP signal flow description

• The number in the flow

In this flow, each number marked on the multiplier corresponds to the lower byte of the coefficient register address.

The number marked on delay tap (for discrimination, they are in different direction from those on the multiplier) corresponds to the lower byte of the memory pointer register addresses.

The box with 3 coefficent register addresses indicates the 1st order IIR filter.



• Processing blocks

The signal flow is devided into 3 processing blocks.

(1) VOL (VOLUME) block

This block consists of following attenuators immediately before output for each mode.

MODE 0: 0250H, 02A8H, 027CH, 02AAH, 02D6H, 027EH, 02D4H, 0252H and 02EAH

 $\mathbf{MODE}\ 1:\ 0234H,\ 025CH,\ 02E6H,\ 0248H,\ 025EH,\ 02E8H,\ 02FAH,\ 0272H,\ 024AH,\ 02FCH,$

0270H, 0236H and 0282H

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(2) REV (REVERBERATOR) block

This block is indicated as 'REVERBERATOR' in the Mode 1 signal flow diagram. Eight types of reverberator can be selected for this block by setting the terminal or OPR1.

This block uses momory addresses 1B80H-3FFFH for Preset #0-5 and 2590H-3FFFH for Preset #6 and 7.

(3) E/R (EARLY REFLECTION) block

This block consists of other parts of the signal flow than the above. For this block, it is possible to select 4 types of preset patterns in MODE 0 and 7 types in MODE 1 (by setting the terminal or OPR1) or all parameters can be set. In MODE 1, care should be used as the REV block uses a part of the memory as described above.

Registers not assigned in the flow

Do not write any data to the memory pointer registers and the coefficent registers which are not assigned in the flow.

10

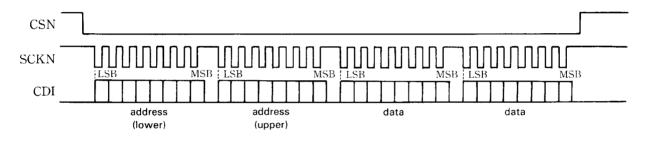
■ CONTROL DESCRIPTION

1. Microprocessor interface

When in the register control mode (MODE='L'), function control and setting of DSP parameter are performed by writing data to the registers.

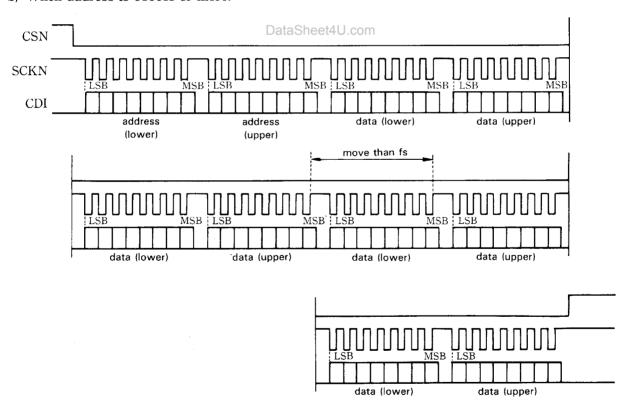
After setting the CSN terminal to 'L', send 2 bytes of the register addresses and then send the data, using SCKN and CDI terminals. As the register address where the data is written undergoes automatic increment at each sending of 1-byte data, the data is written in continuous addresses one after another only by sending them.

a) When address is 0000H or 0001H.



b) When address is 0100H or more.

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2. Register map

Address (HEX)	Name	Description
0000	OPR0	Internal operation setting register
0001	OPR1	Preset data selection register
0100 ↓ 017F	M00 ↓ M7F	Memory pointer register
0200 ↓ 02FF	C00 ↓ CFF	Coefficent register

(Note)

- * Do not write data in the other addresses.
- * Data is not fixed when initial clear (except OPR0).

3. Data setting

(1)OPR0

b0 (LSB)

: Output muting ('1'=Muted)

b1

: Program select ('0'=Mode 0, '1'=Mode 1)

b2

: "VOL block" preset mode selection ('1'=preset)

b3

: "E/R block" preset mode selection ('1'=preset)

b4-b7 (MSB)

: Set to '0' at all times.

(2)OPR1

b0 (LSB), b1, b2

: "E/R block" preset pattern selection

(Preset # = b2*4 + b1*2 + b0) ...com

b3

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: Don't care.

b4, b5, b6

: "REV block" preset pattern selection (Mode 1 only)

(Preset # = b6*4 + b5*2 + b4)

b7 (MSB)

: don't care.

< Preset patterns>

	E/R Preset#	Guide name	REV Preset #	Rev. time
Mode 0	0	Hall 1		
	1	Hall 2	Fix to 0	
	2	Stadium		
	3	Disco 1		
Mode 1	0	Hall 3	0	Hall 1.0S
	1	Hall 4	1	Hall 1.5S
	2	Church 1	2	Hall 2.0s
	3	Church 2	3	Hall 2.5s
	4	Plate	4	Hall 3.0s
	5	Disco 2	5	Hall 3.5s
	6	≪Mute≫	6	Plate 1.5s
	7	(INHIBIT)	7	Plate 2.5s

12

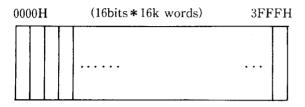
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 $(3)M00 \sim M7F$

These registers control the delay time by setting read and write addresses of the external RAM. The upper byte of the memory pointer register address is defined by 01H and the data written in that address and the next one becomes the access pointer of the memory map as shown below. The lower byte of the memory pointer register address corresponds to the number marked on the delay tap in the DSP signal flow diagram.

The access pointers are defined by 2-byte and available between 0000H and 3FFFH.



The audio data is written in the memory address indicated by the write pointer and read from the address indicated by the read poiner. The data in the memory shifts to the next address for every sample time.

Therefore, the difference between the wirte pointer and the read pointer is defined as delay time and obtained by using the following equation where the sampling frequency is 32KHz.

Delay time=[Read pointer-Write pointer] × (1/32000) [S]

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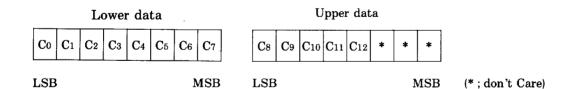
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 $(4)C00 \sim CFF$

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These registers determine coefficents of the internal multiplier.

The lower byte coefficent register address is defined by 02H and the data written in that address and the next one becomes the coefficent value according to the data assignments as shown below. The lower byte of the coefficent register address corresponds to the number marked on the multiplier in the DSP signal flow diagram.



The coefficient value of the attenuator is 13-bit, 2's complement:

(Coefficient value) =
$$(-1) \times C_{12} + \sum_{N=0}^{11} C_n \times 2^{n-12}$$

13

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4. Terminal control

When in the preset mode (MODE = 'H'), function control and setting of DSP parameter are performed by setting terminals.

Terminal	Function	Description
PRG	DSP mode selection	'L': Mode 0 'H': Mode 1
ER0 ER1 ER2	E/R Preset selection	Preset # = ER2*4 + ER1*2 + ER0 (0='L', 1='H') Refer to < Preset Patterns > table.
REV0 REV1 REV2	REV preset selection (Available only when in Mode 1. Fix all to 'L' when in Mode 0)	Preset # = REV2*4 + REV1*2 + REV0 (0='L', 1='H') Refer to < Preset Patterns > table.
MUTEN	Output Muting	'L': Muting

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■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

1. Absolute maximum ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Power supply voltage	VDD	-0.3 ~ 7.0	V
Input voltage	Vı	$-0.3 \sim V_{DD} + 0.5$	V
Operating temperature	Тор	-40∼85	°C
Storage temperature	Tstg	-50~125	°C

2. Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Power supply voltage	\mathbf{V}_{DD}	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
Operating temperature	Тор	0	25	70	°C

3. DC Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Power supply current	W	VDD=5.0V			225	mW
Input voltage H level (1)	VIH1	*1	2.2			V
Input voltage L level (1)	VIL1	*1			0.8	v
Input voltage H level (2)	VIH2	*2	3.5			V
Input voltage L level (2)	VIL2	*2			1.5	V
Input voltage H level (3)	VIH3	*3 DataSheet4U.	3.5			V
Input voltage L level (3)	VIL3	*3	00111		0.8	V
Input leakage current	VLI				10	μA
Input capacitance	CI				10	рF
Input capacitance	Co				10	рF
Output voltage H level (1)	Vol	IoL=0.4mA, *4	VDD-1.0			V
Output voltage L level (1)	Vон	IOH = -1.6mA, *4			0.4	V
Output voltage H level (2)	Vol	IOL=0.4mA, *5	VDD-1.0			V
Output voltage L level (2)	Voн	IOH = -1.6mA, *5			1.0	V

^{*1)} Applicable to MD0 \sim MD7 terminals.

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^{*2)} Applicable to input terminals other than XI terminal.

^{*3)} Applicable to XI terminal.

^{*4)} Applicable to output terminals other than XO terminal.

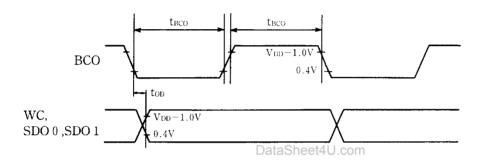
^{*5)} Applicable to XO terminal.

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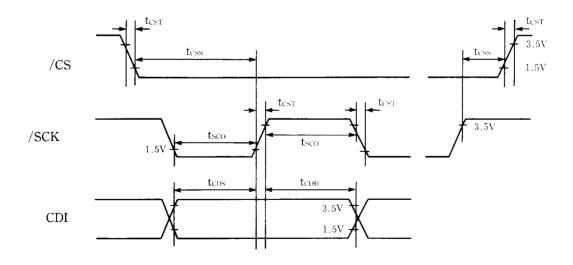
4. AC Characteristics

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
XI	frequency	fxı	11.0	12.288	13.0	MHz
XI	duty	Dxı		50		%
BCO	frequency	fвс		64fx1		Hz
BCO	ON/OFF time	tBCO	180			ns
WC, SDO0, SDO1	output delay	ton	- 40		40	ns
CSN	setup time	tcss	1/50fs			s
SCKN	ON/OFF time	tsco	1/50fs			s
CDI	setup time	tcds	1/100fs			s
CDI	hold time	tсон	1/100fs			s
CSN, SCKN	Transition time	test			1/150fs	s

(Note) Load capacitance 30pF



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5. Analog Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Analog input voltage	VIA	Amplitude		4.70		V
Analog output voltage	VOA	Amplitude		4.70		V
DC offset voltage	Vc			2.5		V
Total harmonic distortion * 1	THD+N (1)	1kHz, 0dB		0.4	0.8	%
	THD+N (2)	1kHz, -30dB		0.6	1.2	%
Signal to noise ratio	S/N	S=0dB	80	85		dΒ

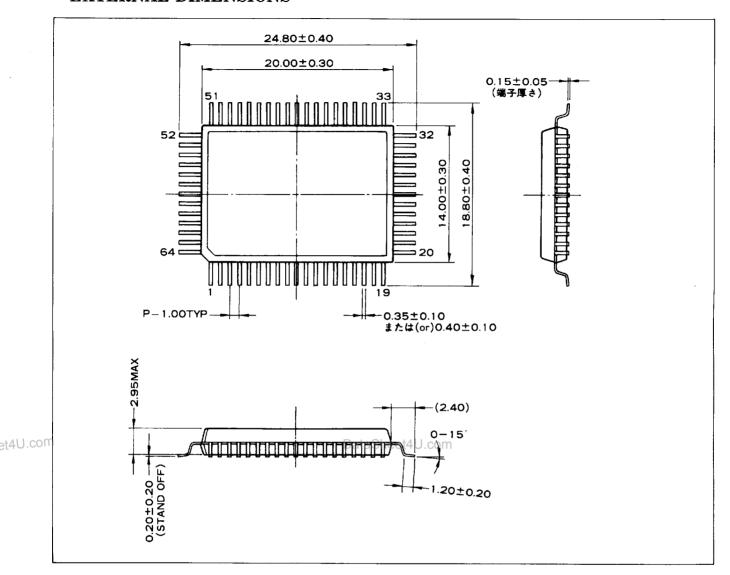
^{*1)} LPF with fc=10kHz, 36dB/oct is used when OdB=4.70PP, A/D→D/A through.

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^{*2)} IHF-A is used when OdB=4.70VPP, A/D \rightarrow D/A through.

EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS



Note) The specifications of this product are subject to improvement changes without prior notice.

18

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APPLICATION NEWS

No. : AN 079
Date of Issue: 1995. 8. 1
Device Name: YSS220 (SP3)

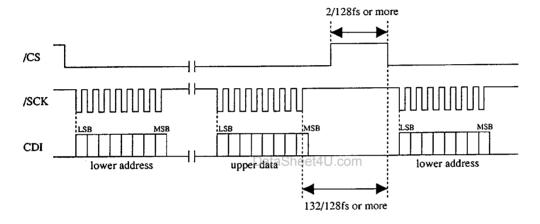
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Semi-conductor Sales Department Sales Engineering Section

YSS220 (SP3) MICROPROCESSOR INTERFACE

ADDITIONAL SPECIFICATION

Data transmission to discontinuous address



When sending the data to the discontinuous address, it is necessary to set the timing as shown above.

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