

E_M-1W Series

1W, FIXED INPUT, ISOLATED & UNREGULATED DUAL OUTPUT SUPERMINIATURE SIP PACKAGE



multi-country patent protection RoHS

PRODUCT PROGRAM Output Part Efficiency Voltage (VDC) Voltage Current (mA) Number (%, Typ) (VDC) Nominal Range Max Min E0305M-1W 3.3 3.0-3.6 ±100 ±10 70 ±5 E0505M-1W ±5 ±100 ±10 72 E0509M-1W 77 +9 +56 +6 5 4.5-5.5 E0512M-1W +12 +42 +5 78 E0515M-1W ±15 ±33 ±4 79 E1205M-1W ±5 ±100 ±10 71 E1209M-1W ±6 73 +9 ±56 10.8-13.2 F1212M-1W +5 74 +12 +42 75 E1215M-1W ±15 ±33 ±4

Item	Test conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Operating Temp. range		-40		+85	°C
Storage Temp. range		-55		+125	
Storage humidity range				95	%
Lead temperature	1.5mm from case for 10 seconds			300	°C
Short circuit protection*				1	S
Temp. rise at full load			15	25	°C
Isolation voltage	Tested for 1 minute and 1mA Max	3000			VDC
Isolation resistance	Test at 500VDC	1000			МΩ
Cooling		Free air convection			
Case material		Plastic (UL94-V0)			
MTBF		3500			K hours

OUTPUT SPECIFICATIONS Test conditions Item Min Тур Max Units Output power 0.1 W Line regulation For Vin change of 1% ±1.2 % Load regulation 10% to 100% full load Output voltage accuracy See tolerance envelope graph Temperature drift 100% full load 0.03 %/°C Output ripple& Noise* 20MHz Bandwidth mVp-p Switching frequency Full load, nominal input 100 KHz *Test ripple and noise by "parallel cable" method. See detailed operation instructions at Testing of Power

*Test ripple and noise by "parallel cable" method. See detailed operation instructions at Testing of Powe Converter section, application notes.

Note:

- 1.All specifications measured at TA=25°C, humidity<75%, nominal input voltage and rated output load unless otherwise specified.
- 2. See below recommended circuits for more details

FEATURES

- High Efficiency up to 79%
- 6Pin SIP Package
- Small Footprint
- Industry Standard Pinout
- 3KVDC Isolation
- Temperature Range -40°C to +85°C
- No Heat sink Required
- No External Component Required
- RoHS Compliance

APPLICATIONS

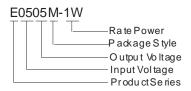
≤±10%);

The E_M-1W Series are specially designed for applications where a group of polar power supplies are isolated from the input power supply in a distributed power supply system on a circuit board. These products apply to:

- Where the voltage of the input power supply is fixed (voltage variation)
- Where isolation is necessary between input and output (isolation voltage ≤3000VDC);
- Where the regulation of the output voltage and the output ripple noise are not demanding.

Such as: purely digital circuits, ordinary low frequency analog circuits, and IGBT power device driving circuits.

MODEL SELECTION

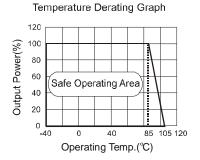


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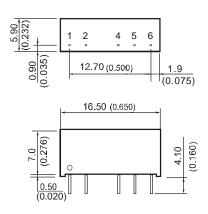
Fax: 86-20-38601272

http://www.mornsun-power.com

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



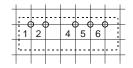
OUTLINE DIMENSIONS& PIN CONNECTION



Note: Unit:mm(inch) Pin section:0.50*0.3mm(0.020*0.012inch) Pin tolerances:±0.10mm (±0.004inch) Generaltolerances:±0.25mm(±0.010inch)

First Angle Projection 🕣 🏟





FOOT PRINT DETAILS				
Pin	Functions			
1	Vin			
2	GND			
4	-Vo			
5	0V			
6	+Vo			

APPLICATION NOTE

Requirement on output load

To ensure this module can operate efficiently and reliably, a minimum load is specified for this kind of DC/DC converter in addition to a maximum load (namely full load). During operation, make sure the specified range of input voltage is not exceeded, the minimum output load is **not less than 10%** of the full load, and that **this product should never be operated under no load!** If the actual output power is very small, please connect a resistor with proper resistance at the output end in parallel to increase the load, or use our company's products with a lower rated output power.

Overload Protection

Under normal operating conditions, the output circuit of these products has no protection against over-current and short-circuits. The simplest method is to connect a self-recovery fuse in series at the input end or add a circuit breaker to the circuit.

Filtering

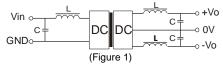
In some circuits which are sensitive to noise and ripple, a filtering capacitor may be added to the DC/DC output end and input end to reduce the noise and ripple. However, the capacitance of the output filter capacitor must be proper. If the capacitance is too big, a startup problem might arise. For every channel of output, provided the safe and reliable operation is ensured, the greatest capacitance of its filter capacitor sees the **external capacitor table**.

EXTERNAL CAPACITOR TABLE

V in (VDC)	Cin (uF)	Vout (VDC)	Cout (uF)
5	4.7	5	4.7
12	2.2	9	2.2
24	1	12	1
		15	0.47

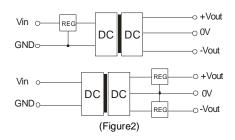
It's not recommended to connect any external capacitor in the application field with less than 0.5 watt output.

To get an extremely low ripple, an "LC" filtering network may be connected to the input and output ends of the DC/DC converter, which may produce a more significant filtering effect. It should also be noted that the inductance and the frequency of the "LC" filtering network should be staggered with the DC/DC frequency to avoid mutual interference (Figure 1).



Output Voltage Regulation and Over-voltage Protection Circuit

The simplest device for output voltage regulation, over-voltage and over-current protection is a linear voltage regulator with overheat protection that is connected to the input or output end in series (Figure 2).



No parallel connection or plug and play.