

# 10 Gbps 850 nm Multi-mode SFP+ Transceiver

SFP-10GD-SX



### **Features**

- Hot-pluggable SFP+ footprint
- Supports 9.95 to 10.52 Gbps bit rates
- Power dissipation < 1W
- RoHS-6 compliant (lead-free)
- Commercial temperature range 0°C to 70°C
- Single 3.3 V power supply
- Maximum link length of 300 m on 2000 MHZ-km MMF
- Uncooled 850 nm VCSEL laser
- Receiver limiting electrical interface
- Duplex LC connector
- Built-in digital diagnostic functions

MRV's SFP-10GD-SX 10Gbps SFP+ transceivers are designed for use in 10-Gigabit Ethernet and 10-Gigabit Fibre Channel links over multi-mode fiber. They are compliant with SFF-8431, SFF-8432, and IEEE 802.3ae 10GBASE-SR. Digital Diagnostics functions are available through a 2-wire serial interface, as specified in SFF-8472. The transceiver is RoHS compliant and lead free as defined in Directive 2002/95/EC.

| Absolute Maximum Ratings*          |                 |         |         |         |      |      |
|------------------------------------|-----------------|---------|---------|---------|------|------|
| Parameter                          | Symbol          | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit | Note |
| Maximum Supply Voltage             | V <sub>cc</sub> | -0.5    | -       | 4.0     | V    | -    |
| Case Operating Temperature         | TA              | 0       | -       | 70      | °C   | -    |
| Storage Temperature                | TS              | -40     | -       | 85      | °C   | -    |
| Relative Humidity (Non-Condensing) | RH              | 0       | -       | 85      | %    | -    |

<sup>\*</sup>Exceeding the limits listed in the table may damage the transceiver module permanently

| Electrical Specifications        |                                     |                 |                   |                      |      |      |  |  |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|----------------------|------|------|--|--|
| Parameter                        | Symbol                              | Minimum         | Typical           | Maximum              | Unit | Note |  |  |
| Supply Voltage                   | V <sub>cc</sub>                     | 3.14            | -                 | 3.46                 | V    | -    |  |  |
| Supply Current                   | I <sub>cc</sub>                     | -               | -                 | 250                  | mA   | -    |  |  |
| Transmitter                      |                                     |                 |                   |                      |      |      |  |  |
| Input Differential Impedance     | R <sub>in</sub>                     | -               | 100               | -                    | Ω    | 1    |  |  |
| Single Ended Data Input Swing    | V in, pp                            | 180             | -                 | 700                  | mV   | -    |  |  |
| Transmit Disable Voltage         | $V_D$                               | 2               | -                 | V <sub>cc</sub>      | V    | -    |  |  |
| Transmit Enable Voltage          | V <sub>EN</sub>                     | V <sub>ee</sub> | -                 | V <sub>ee</sub> +0.8 | V    | -    |  |  |
| Receiver                         |                                     |                 |                   |                      |      |      |  |  |
| Single Ended Data Output Swing   | V out, pp                           | 300             | -                 | 850                  | mV   | 2    |  |  |
| Data Output Rise Time, Fall Time | t <sub>r,</sub> t <sub>f</sub>      | 28              | -                 | -                    | ps   | 3    |  |  |
| LOS Fault                        | V <sub>LOS fault</sub>              | 2               | -                 | $V_{CC_{HOST}}$      | V    | 4    |  |  |
| LOS Normal                       | V <sub>LOS norm</sub>               | V <sub>ee</sub> | -                 | V <sub>ee</sub> +0.8 | V    | 4    |  |  |
| Power Supply Noise Tolerance     | V <sub>CC</sub> T/V <sub>CC</sub> R | P               | er SFF-8431 Rev 2 | .1                   | mVpp | 5    |  |  |

#### Notes:

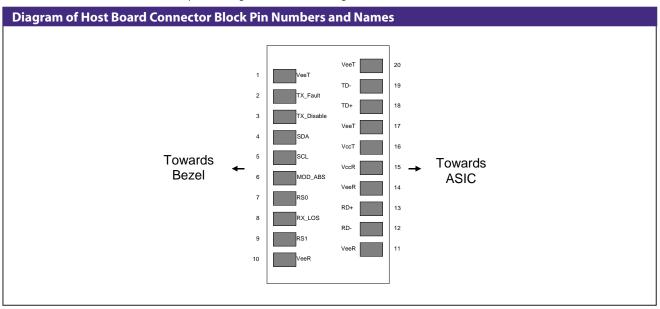
- 1. Connected directly to TX data input pins. AC coupling from pins into laser driver IC.
- 2. Into  $100\Omega$  differential termination.
- 3. 20 80 % . Measured with Module Compliance Test Board and OMA test pattern. Use of four 1's and four 0's in sequence in the PRBS^9 is an acceptable alternative. SFF-8431 Rev 2.1
- 4. LOS is an open collector output. Should be pulled up with  $4.7k\Omega 10k\Omega$  on the host board. Normal operation is logic 0; loss of signal is logic 1. Maximum pull-up voltage is 5.5V.
- 5. Testing methodology per SFF-8431. Rev 2.1



| Pin Descri | ptions             |  |      |
|------------|--------------------|--|------|
| Pin        | Function           | Name/Description   | Note |
| 1          | V <sub>EET</sub>   | Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground)               | 1    |
| 2          | T <sub>FAULT</sub> | Transmitter Fault  | 2    |
| 3          | T <sub>DIS</sub>   | Transmitter Disable. Laser output disabled on high or open.    | 3    |
| 4          | SDA                | 2-wire Serial Interface Data Line                              | 4    |
| 5          | SCL                | 2-wire Serial Interface Clock Line                             | 4    |
| 6          | MOD_ABS            | Module Absent. Grounded within the module.                     | 4    |
| 7          | RS0                | No connection required   |      |
| 8          | RX_LOS             | Loss of Signal indication. Logic 0 indicates normal operation. | 5    |
| 9          | RS1                | No connection required   |      |
| 10         | $V_{EER}$          | Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)               | 1    |
| 11         | $V_{EER}$          | Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)               | 1    |
| 12         | RD-                | Receiver Inverted DATA out. AC Coupled.                        |      |
| 13         | RD+                | Receiver Non-inverted DATA out. AC Coupled.                    |      |
| 14         | $V_{EER}$          | Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)               | 1    |
| 15         | $V_{CCR}$          | Receiver Power Supply  |      |
| 16         | $V_{CCT}$          | Transmitter Power Supply                                       |      |
| 17         | V <sub>EET</sub>   | Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground)               | 1    |
| 18         | TD+                | Transmitter Non-Inverted DATA in. AC Coupled.                  |      |
| 19         | TD-                | Transmitter Inverted DATA in. AC Coupled.                      |      |
| 20         | $V_{EET}$          | Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground)               | 1    |

### Notes:

- 1. Circuit ground is internally isolated from chassis ground.
- 2.  $T_{FAULT}$  is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7k 10k Ohms resistor on the host board if intended for use. Pull up voltage should be between 2.0V to Vcc + 0.3V. A high output indicates a transmitter fault caused by either the TX bias current or the TX output power exceeding the preset alarm thresholds. A low output indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output is pulled to <0.8V.
- 3. Laser output disabled on TDIS >2.0V or open, enabled on TDIS <0.8V.
- 4. Should be pulled up with  $4.7k\Omega 10k\Omega$  on host board to a voltage between 2.0V and 3.6V. MOD\_ABS pulls line low to indicate module is plugged in.
- 5. LOS is open collector output. Should be pulled up with  $4.7k\Omega 10k\Omega$  on host board to a voltage between 2.0V and 3.6V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; logic 1 indicates loss of signal.





| Optical Specifications                         |                        |         |                   |         |       |      |  |  |
|--|------------------------|---------|-------------------|---------|-------|------|--|--|
| Parameter                                      | Symbol                 | Minimum | Typical           | Maximum | Unit  | Note |  |  |
| Transmitter                                    |                        |         |                   |         |       |      |  |  |
| Optical Modulation Amplitude (OMA)             | P <sub>OMA</sub>       | -       | -1.5              | -       | dBm   | 1    |  |  |
| Average Launch Power                           | $P_{AVE}$              | -5      | -                 | -1      | dBm   | 2    |  |  |
| Optical Wavelength                             | λ                      | 840     | 850               | 860     | nm    | 1    |  |  |
| RMS Spectral Width                             | $\Delta \lambda_{rms}$ | -       | 0.4               | 0.45    | dB    | 1    |  |  |
| Optical Extinction Ratio                       | ER                     | 3.0     | 5.5               | -       | dB    | -    |  |  |
| Transmitter and Dispersion Penalty             | TDP                    | -       | -                 | 3.9     | dB    | -    |  |  |
| Average Launch Power of OFF Transmitter        | $P_{off}$              | -       | -                 | -30     | dBm   | -    |  |  |
| Tx Jitter                                      | Tx                     | Per IEE | E 802.3ae require | ments   | mV    | -    |  |  |
| 5  | <4.5µm                 | -       | -                 | 30      | %     | 3    |  |  |
| Encircled Flux                                 | <19µm                  | 86      | -                 | -       |       |      |  |  |
| Relative Intensity Noise                       | RIN <sub>12</sub> OMA  | -       | -                 | -128    | dB/Hz | -    |  |  |
| Receiver                                       |                        |         |                   |         |       |      |  |  |
| Receiver Sensitivity (OMA) @ 10.3Gbps          | R <sub>SENS1</sub>     | -       | -                 | -11.1   | dBm   | 4    |  |  |
| Stressed Receiver Sensitivity (OMA) @ 10.3Gbps | $R_{SENS2}$            | -       | -                 | -7.5    | dBm   | 5    |  |  |
| Maximum Input Power                            | P <sub>MAX</sub>       | +0.5    | -                 | -       | dBm   | -    |  |  |
| Wavelength Range                               | $\lambda_{C}$          | 840     | -                 | 860     | nm    | -    |  |  |
| Receiver Reflectance                           | $R_{rx}$               | -       | -                 | -12     | dB    | -    |  |  |
| LOS De-Assert                                  | LOS <sub>D</sub>       | -       | -                 | -14     | dBm   | -    |  |  |
| LOS Assert                                     | LOS <sub>A</sub>       | -30     | -23               | -       | dBm   | -    |  |  |
| LOS Hysteresis                                 | -                      | 0.5     | -                 | -       | dB    | -    |  |  |

Notes:

- 1. See Tradeoff Table 52.8, IEEE 802.3ae 2005
- $\label{prop:lem:prop:section} Average\ Power\ figures\ are\ informative\ only, from\ IEEE 802.3ae.$ 2.
- Measured into Type A1a (50/125  $\mu$ m multimode) fiber as described in ANSI/TIA/EIA-455-203-2. Measured with worst ER; BER<10<sup>-12</sup>; 2<sup>31</sup> 1 PRBS. 3.
- 4.
- See IEEE 802.3ae.

| General Specifications |                      |        |         |         |                   |      |      |  |
|------------------------|----------------------|--------|---------|---------|-------------------|------|------|--|
| Parameter              |                      | Symbol | Minimum | Typical | Maximum           | Unit | Note |  |
| Bit Rate               |                      | BR     | 9.95    | 10.3    | 10.52             | Gbps | 1    |  |
| Bit Error Ratio        |                      | BER    | -       | -       | 10 <sup>-12</sup> | -    | 2    |  |
| Maximum Suppo          | rted Distances       |        |         |         |                   |      |      |  |
| Fiber Type             | 850 nm OFL Bandwidth | -      | -       | -       | -                 | -    | -    |  |
| 62.5µm                 | 160 MHz-km<br>OM1    | Lmax   | -       | -       | 26                | m    | _    |  |
| ·                      | 200 MHz-km           |        |         |         | 33                |      |      |  |
|                        | 400 MHz-km           |        |         |         | 66                |      |      |  |
| 50µm                   | OM2<br>200 MHz-km    | Lmax   | -       | -       | 82                | m    | -    |  |
|                        | OM3<br>2000 MHz-km   |        |         |         | 300               |      |      |  |

10GBASE-SR Notes: 1.

Tested with a 2<sup>31</sup> – 1 PRBS 2.



| Environmental Specifications |                  |         |         |         |      |  |  |  |  |
|------------------------------|------------------|---------|---------|---------|------|--|--|--|--|
| Parameter                    | Symbol           | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |  |  |  |  |
| Case Operating Temperature   | T <sub>op</sub>  | 0       | -       | 70      | °C   |  |  |  |  |
| Storage Temperature          | T <sub>sto</sub> | -40     | -       | 85      | °C   |  |  |  |  |

#### **Regulatory and Industry Compliances**

MRV transceivers are Class 1 Laser Products and comply with US FDA regulations. These products are certified by TÜV and CSA to meet the Class 1 eye safety requirements of EN (IEC) 60825 and the electrical safety requirements of EN (IEC) 60950. Copies of certificates are available at MRV Corporation upon request.

### **Digital Diagnostics Functions**

MRV's SFP-10GD-SX SFP+ transceivers support the 2-wire serial communication protocol as defined in the SFF-8472. It is very closely related to the E2PROM defined in the GBIC standard, with the same electrical specifications.

The standard SFP+ serial ID provides access to identification information that describes the transceiver's capabilities, standard interfaces, manufacturer, and other information.

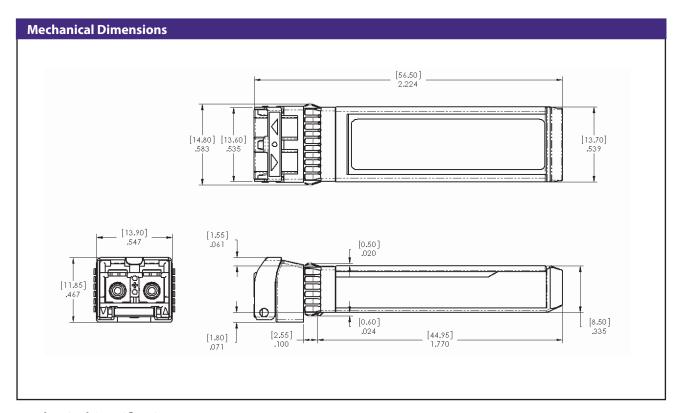
Additionally, MRV's SFP+ transceivers provide an enhanced Digital Diagnostic monitoring interface that allows real-time access to device operating parameters such as transceiver temperature, laser bias current, transmitted optical power, received optical power, and transceiver supply voltage. It also defines a sophisticated system of alarm and warning flags that alert end-users when particular operating parameters are outside of a factory set normal range.

SFF-8472 defines a 256-byte memory map in E2PROM that is accessible over a 2-wire serial interface at the 8 bit address 1010000X (A0h). The Digital Diagnostic monitoring interface uses the 8-bit address 1010001X (A2h), so the originally defined serial ID memory map remains unchanged. The interface is identical to and fully backward compatible with both the GBIC specification and the SFP Multi Source Agreement.

The operating and diagnostics information is monitored and reported by a Digital Diagnostics Transceiver Controller (DDTC) inside the transceiver, which is accessed through a 2-wire serial interface. When the serial protocol is activated, the serial clock signal (SCL, Mod Def 1) is generated by the host. The positive edge clocks data to the SFP transceiver into those segments of the E2PROM that are not write-protected. The negative edge clocks data from the SFP transceiver. The serial data signal (SDA, Mod Def 2) is bi-directional for serial data transfer. The host uses SDA in conjunction with SCL to mark the start and end of serial protocol activation. The memories are organized as a series of 8-bit data words that can be addressed individually or seguentially.

| Digital Diagnostics Specifications             |                           |         |         |         |      |      |  |  |  |
|--|---------------------------|---------|---------|---------|------|------|--|--|--|
| Parameter                                      | Symbol                    | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit | Note |  |  |  |
| Accuracy                                       |                           |         |         |         |      |      |  |  |  |
| Internally Measured Transceiver Temperature    | $DD_{Temperature}$        | -3      | -       | 3       | °C   | -    |  |  |  |
| Internally Measured Transceiver Supply Voltage | $DD_{Voltage}$            | -100    | -       | 100     | mV   | -    |  |  |  |
| Measured TX Bias Current                       | DD <sub>Bias</sub>        | -10     | -       | 10      | %    | 1    |  |  |  |
| Measured TX Output Power                       | DD <sub>Tx-Power</sub>    | -2      | -       | 2       | dB   | -    |  |  |  |
| Measured RX Received Average Optical Power     | DD <sub>Rx-Power</sub>    | -2      | -       | 2       | dB   | -    |  |  |  |
| Dynamic Range for Rated Accuracy               |                           |         |         |         |      |      |  |  |  |
| Internally Measured Transceiver Temperature    | DD <sub>Temperature</sub> | 0       | -       | 70      | °C   | -    |  |  |  |
| Internally Measured Transceiver Supply Voltage | $DD_{Voltage}$            | 3.14    | -       | 3.46    | V    | -    |  |  |  |
| Measured TX Bias Current                       | $DD_Bias$                 | 0       | -       | 20      | mA   | -    |  |  |  |
| Measured TX Output Power                       | DD <sub>Tx-Power</sub>    | -9      | -       | -2.5    | dBm  | -    |  |  |  |
| Measured RX Received Average Optical Power     | $V_{EN}$                  | -20     | -       | 0       | dBm  | -    |  |  |  |
| Max Reporting Range                            |                           |         |         |         |      |      |  |  |  |
| Internally Measured Transceiver Temperature    | DD <sub>Temperature</sub> | -40     | -       | 125     | ۰C   | -    |  |  |  |
| Internally Measured Transceiver Supply Voltage | $DD_{Voltage}$            | 2.8     | -       | 4.0     | V    | -    |  |  |  |
| Measured TX Bias Current                       | DD <sub>Bias</sub>        | 0       | -       | 20      | mA   | -    |  |  |  |
| Measured TX Output Power                       | DD <sub>Tx-Power</sub>    | -10     | -       | -3      | dBm  | -    |  |  |  |
| Measured RX Received Average Optical Power     | DD <sub>Rx-Power</sub>    | -22     | -       | 0       | dBm  | -    |  |  |  |

Notes: 1. Accuracy of Measured Tx Bias Current is 10% of the actual bias current from the laser driver to the laser.



## **Mechanical Specifications**

MRV's SFP-10GD-SX SFP+ transceivers are compatible with the SFF-8432 specification for improved pluggable form-factor. The bail color is beige.

| Ordering Information |                             |                   |                    |                     |                        |  |  |  |
|----------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|---------------------|------------------------|--|--|--|
| Model                | Description                 | Data Rate         | Wavelength<br>(nm) | Bail Latch<br>Color | Max.Link<br>Length (m) |  |  |  |
| SFP-10GD-SX          | SFP+ Transceiver Multi-Mode | 9.95 - 10.52 Gbps | 850                | Beige               | 0 -300*                |  |  |  |

<sup>\*</sup>On 2000 MHZ-km multi-mode fiber

MRV has more than 50 offices throughout the world. Addresses, phone numbers and fax numbers are listed at www.mrv.com. Please e-mail us at **sales@mrv.com** or call us for assistance.

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