Features

- 6 configurable IOs supporting
  - CapSense™ buttons
  - LED drive
  - Interrupt outputs
  - WAKE on interrupt input
  - Bi-directional sleep control pin
  - User defined input or output
- 2.4V to 2.9V, 3.10V to 3.6V, and 4.75V to 5.25V operating voltage
- Industrial temperature range: –40°C to +85°C
- I^2C slave interface for configuration
  - I^2C data transfer rate up to 400 kbps
- Reduce BOM cost
  - Internal oscillator - no external oscillators or crystal
  - Free development tool - no external tuning components
- Low operating current
  - Active current: 1.5 mA
  - Deep sleep current: 2.6 uA
- Available in 16-pin COL and 16-pin SOIC packages

Overview

The CapSense Express™ controller allows the control of six IOs configurable as capacitive sensing buttons or as GPIOs for driving LEDs or interrupt signals based on various button conditions. The GPIOs are also configurable for waking up the device from sleep based on an interrupt input.

The user has the ability to configure buttons, outputs, and parameters, through specific commands sent to the I^2C port. The IOs have the flexibility of mapping to capacitive buttons and as standard GPIO functions such as interrupt output or input, LED drive, and digital mapping of input to output using simple logical operations. This enables easy PCB trace routing and reduces the PCB size and stack up. CapSense Express products are designed for easy integration into complex products.
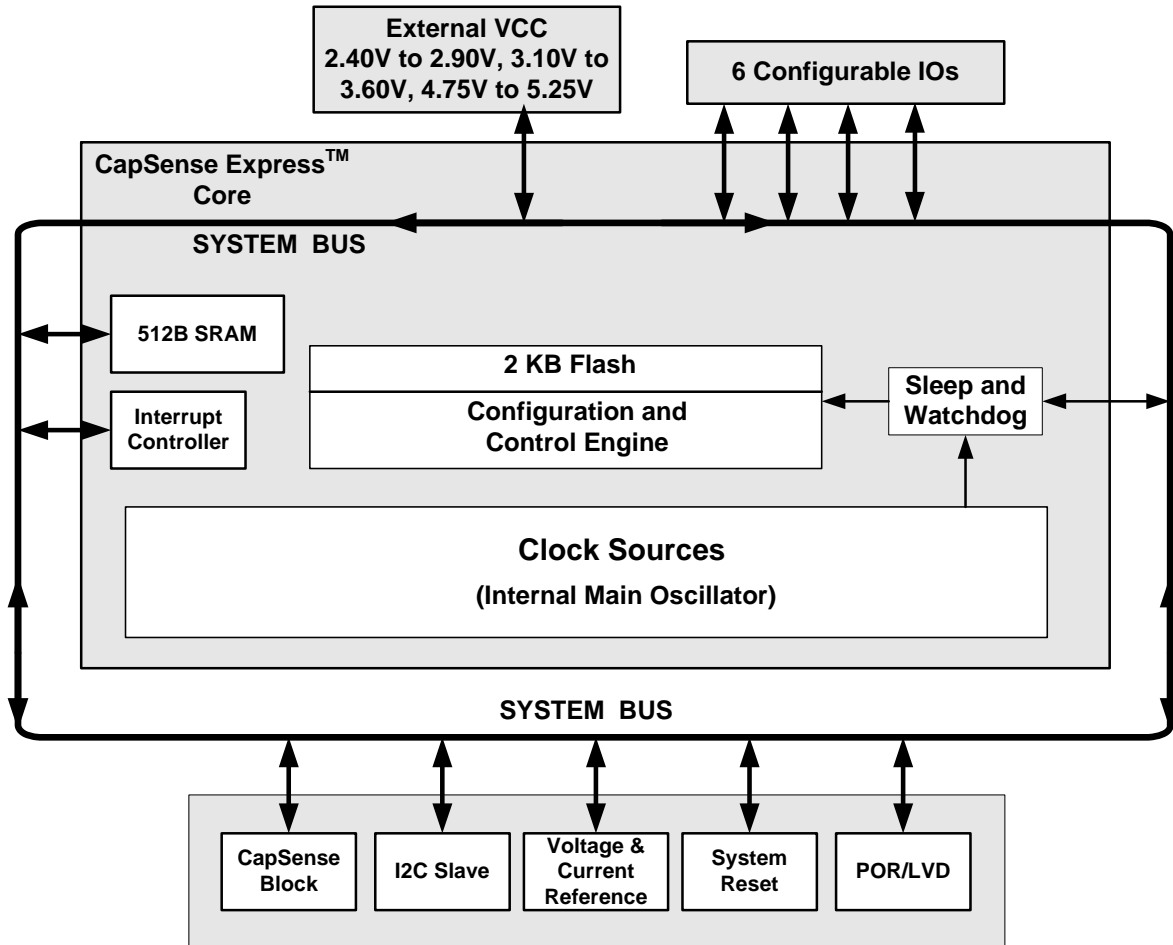
Architecture

The logic block diagram shows the internal architecture of CY8C20160.

The user can configure registers with parameters needed to adjust the operation and sensitivity of the CapSense system. CY8C20160 supports a standard I²C serial communication interface that allows the host to configure the device and to read sensor information in real time through easy register access.

The CapSense Express Core

The CapSense Express core has a powerful configuration and control block. It encompasses SRAM for data storage, an interrupt controller, and sleep and watchdog timers. System resources provide additional capability, such as a configurable I^2C slave communication interface and various system resets. The Analog System contains the CapSense PSoC block which supports capacitive sensing of up to six inputs.

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[+] Feedback

Logic Block Diagram

External VCC
2.40V to 2.90V, 3.10V to
3.60V, 4.75V to 5.25V

6 Configurable IOs

CapSense Express™
Core

SYSTEM BUS

512B SRAM

Interrupt
Controller

2 KB Flash

Configuration and
Control Engine

Sleep and
Watchdog

Clock Sources

(Internal Main Oscillator)

SYSTEM BUS

| CapSense Block | I2C Slave | Voltage & Current Reference | System Reset | POR/LVD |

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Pinouts

Figure 1. Pin Diagram - 16 Pin COL
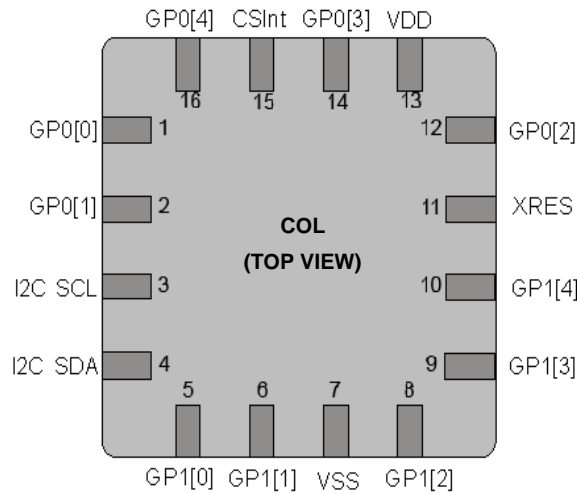
Table 1. Pin Definitions - 16 Pin COL[1]

Pin Number	Name	Description
1	GP0[0]	Configurable as CapSense or GPIO
2	GP0[1]	Configurable as CapSense or GPIO
3	I^{2}C SCL	I^{2}C clock
4	I^{2}C SDA	I^{2}C data
5	GP1[0]	Configurable as CapSense or GPIO
6	GP1[1]	Configurable as CapSense or GPIO
7	VSS	Ground connection
8	GP1[2]	Configurable as CapSense or GPIO
9	GP1[3]	Configurable as CapSense or GPIO
10	GP1[4]	Configurable as CapSense or GPIO
11	XRES	Active HIGH external reset with internal pull down
12	GP0[2]	Configurable as CapSense or GPIO
13	VDD	Supply voltage
14	GP0[3]	Configurable as CapSense or GPIO
15	CSInt	Integrating capacitor input. The external capacitance is required only if 5:1 SNR cannot be achieved. Typical range is 10 nF to 100 nF
16	GP0[4]	Configurable as CapSense or GPIO

Note
1. 6 available Configurable IOs can be configured to any of the 10 IOs of the package. After any of the 6 IOs are chosen, the remaining 4 IOs of the package get locked and is not available for any functionality.
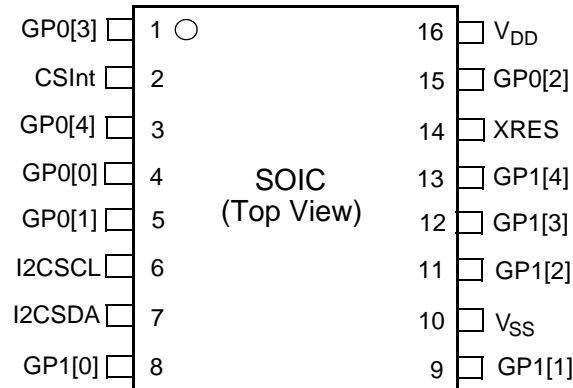
[+] Feedback

Figure 2. Pin Diagram - 16 Pin SOIC

```
         GP0[3] ▢  1 ○          16 ▢ V_DD
          CSInt ▢  2            15 ▢ GP0[2]
         GP0[4] ▢  3            14 ▢ XRES
         GP0[0] ▢  4   SOIC     13 ▢ GP1[4]
         GP0[1] ▢  5  (Top View) 12 ▢ GP1[3]
         I2CSCL ▢  6            11 ▢ GP1[2]
         I2CSDA ▢  7            10 ▢ V_SS
         GP1[0] ▢  8             9 ▢ GP1[1]
```

Table 2. Pin Definitions - 16 Pin SOIC[1]

Pin Number	Name	Description
1	GP0[3]	Configurable as CapSense or GPIO
2	CSInt	Integrating Capacitor Input. The external capacitance is required only if 5:1 SNR cannot be achieved. Typical range is 10 nF to 100 nF
3	GP0[4]	Configurable as CapSense or GPIO
4	GP0[0]	Configurable as CapSense or GPIO
5	GP0[1]	Configurable as CapSense or GPIO
6	I^2C SCL	I^2C clock
7	I^2C SDA	I^2C data
8	GP1[0]	Configurable as CapSense or GPIO
9	GP1[1]	Configurable as CapSense or GPIO
10	VSS	Ground connection
11	GP1[2]	Configurable as CapSense or GPIO
12	GP1[3]	Configurable as CapSense or GPIO
13	GP1[4]	Configurable as CapSense or GPIO
14	XRES	Active HIGH external reset with internal pull down
15	GP0[2]	Configurable as CapSense or GPIO
16	VDD	Supply voltage

[+] Feedback

The CapSense Analog System

The CapSense analog system contains the capacitive sensing hardware which supports CapSense Successive Approximation (CSA) algorithm. This hardware performs capacitive sensing and scanning without external components. Capacitive sensing is configurable on each pin.

Additional System Resources

System Resources provide additional capability useful to complete systems. Additional resources are low voltage detection and Power On Reset (POR).

■ The I^{2}C slave provides 50, 100, or 400 kHz communication over two wires.

■ Low Voltage Detection (LVD) interrupts can signal the application of falling voltage levels and the advanced POR (Power On Reset) circuit eliminates the need for a system supervisor.

An internal 1.8V reference provides a stable internal reference so that capacitive sensing functionality is not affected by minor V_{DD} changes.

I^{2}C Interface

The two modes of operation for the I^{2}C interface are:

■ Device register configuration and status read or write for controller

■ Command execution

The I^{2}C address is programmable during configuration. It can be locked to prevent accidental change by setting a flag in a configuration register.

I^{2}C Device Addressing

I^{2}C device address is contained in the upper seven bits of the first byte of a read or write transaction. The first byte of the transaction is used by the I^{2}C master to address the slave. The LSB of the byte contains the R/W bit. If this bit is 0, the master performs write operation to the addressed slave. If this bit is 1, the master performs read operation from the addressed slave. The LSB(B0) is eliminated when fixing the device address. For example, if the slave address is 02h, then the required address is 0000010 (7 bit) excluding LSB. If write operation is performed, the LSB is 0 and the address is 00000100(04h). If read operation is performed, the LSB is 1 and the address is 00000101(05h). Table 3 provides examples of I^{2}C addressing.

Table 3. Examples of I^{2}C Addressing

Slave Address Defined	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0	Address to be sent (in Hex) by Master
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0(W)	00
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1(R)	01
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0(W)	02
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1(R)	03
10	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0(W)	14
10	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1(R)	15
75	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	0(W)	96
75	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1(R)	97
127	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0(W)	FE
127	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1(R)	FF

CapSense Express Software Tool

An easy to use software tool integrated with PSoC Express is available for configuring and tuning CapSense Express devices. Refer to the application note "CapSense™ Express Software Tool - AN42137" for details of the software tool.

CapSense Express Register Map

CapSense Express supports user configurable registers through which the device functionality and parameters are configured. For details, refer to the CY8C201xx Register Reference Guide.

Modes of Operation

CapSense Express devices are configured to operate in any of the following three modes to meet different power consumption requirements:

■ Active Mode

■ Sleep Mode

■ Deep Sleep Mode

Active Mode

In the active mode, all the device blocks including the CapSense sub system are powered. Typical active current consumption of the device across the operating voltage range is 1.5 mA.

Sleep Mode

Sleep mode provides an intermediate power operation mode. It is enabled by configuring the corresponding device register. When enabled, the device enters sleep mode and wakes up after a specified sleep interval. It scans the capacitive sensors before going back to sleep again. The device can also wake up from sleep mode with a GPIO interrupt. The following sleep intervals are supported in CapSense Express. The sleep interval is configured through registers.

■ 1.95 ms (512 Hz)

■ 15.6 ms (64 Hz)

■ 125 ms (8 Hz)

■ 1s (1 Hz)

Deep Sleep Mode

Deep sleep mode provides the lowest power consumption because there is no operation running. In this mode, the device is woken up only using an external GPIO interrupt. A sleep timer interrupt cannot wake up a device from deep sleep mode. This can be treated as a continuous sleep mode without periodic wakeups. Refer to the application note "CapSense Express Power and Sleep Considerations - AN44209" for details on different sleep modes.

Bi-Directional Sleep Control Pin

The CY8C20160 requires a dedicated sleep control pin to allow reliable I^{2}C communication in case any sleep mode is enabled. This is achieved by pulling the sleep control pin LOW to wake up the device and start I^{2}C communication. The sleep control pin can be configured on any of the GPIO. If sleep control feature is enabled, the device has one less GPIO available for CapSense and GPIO functions. The sleep control pin can also be configured as interrupt output pin from CY8C20160 to the host to acknowledge finger press on any button. To enable bi-directional feature, user must use I2C-USB bridge program.

Electrical Specifications

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Notes
T_{STG}	Storage temperature	−55	25	+100	°C	Higher storage temperatures reduce data retention time. Recommended storage temperature is +25°C ± 25°C (0°C to 50°C). Extended duration storage temperatures above 65°C degrade reliability
T_A	Ambient temperature with power applied	−40	–	+85	°C	
V_{DD}	Supply voltage on V_{DD} relative to V_{SS}	−0.5	–	+6.0	V	
V_{IO}	DC input voltage	$V_{SS} - 0.5$	–	$V_{DD} + 0.5$	V	
V_{IOZ}	DC voltage applied to tri-state	$V_{SS} - 0.5$	–	$V_{DD} + 0.5$	V	
I_{MIO}	Maximum current into any GPIO pin	−25	–	+50	mA	
ESD	Electro static discharge voltage	2000	–	–	V	Human body model ESD
LU	Latch up current	–	–	200	mA	

Operating Temperature

Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Notes
T_A	Ambient temperature	−40	–	+85	°C	
T_J	Junction temperature	°40	–	+100	°C	

DC Electrical Characteristics

DC Chip Level Specifications

Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Notes
V_{DD}	Supply voltage	2.40	–	5.25	V	
I_{DD}	Supply current	–	1.5	2.5	mA	Conditions are V_{DD} = 3.10V, T_A = 25°C
I_{SB}	Deep sleep mode current with POR and LVD active. Mid temperature range	–	2.6	4	µA	V_{DD} = 2.55V, 0°C ≤ T_A ≤ 40°C
I_{SB}	Deep seep mode current with POR and LVD active	–	2.8	5	µA	V_{DD} = 3.3V, −40°C ≤ T_A ≤ 85°C
I_{SB}	Deep sleep mode current with POR and LVD active	–	5.2	6.4	µA	V_{DD} = 5.25V, −40°C ≤ T_A ≤ 85°C

5V and 3.3V DC General Purpose IO Specifications

This table lists guaranteed maximum and minimum specifications for the voltage and temperature ranges: 4.75V to 5.25V and -40°C <TA<85°C, 3.10V to 3.6V and -40°C<TA<85°C respectively. Typical parameters apply to 5V and 3.3V at 25°C. These are for design guidance only.

Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Notes
R_{PU}	Pull up resistor	4	5.6	8	kW	
V_{OH1}	High output voltage Port 0 pins	$V_{DD} - 0.2$	–	–	V	IOH $\leq$ 10 µA, $V_{DD} \geq$ 3.10V, maximum of 20 mA source current in all IOs.
V_{OH2}	High output voltage Port 0 pins	$V_{DD} - 0.9$	–	–	V	IOH = 1 mA, $V_{DD} \geq$ 3.10V, maximum of 20 mA source current in all IOs.
V_{OH3}	High output voltage Port 1 pins	$V_{DD} - 0.2$	–	–	V	IOH < 10 µA, $V_{DD} \geq$ 3.10V, maximum of 10 mA source current in all IOs.
V_{OH4}	High output voltage Port 1 pins	$V_{DD} - 0.9$	–	–	V	IOH = 5 mA, $V_{DD} \geq$ 3.10V, maximum of 20 mA source current in all IOs.
V_{OL}	Low output voltage	–	–	0.75	V	IOL = 20 mA, V_{DD}> 3.10V, maximum of 60 mA sink current on even port pins and 60 mA sink current on odd port pins.
V_{IL}	Input low voltage	–	–	0.75	V	V_{DD} = 3.10V to 3.6V.
IL	Input leakage	–	1	–	nA	Gross tested to 1 µA.
C_{IN}	Capacitive load on pins as input	0.5	1.7	5	pF	Package and pin dependent. Temp = 25°C.
C_{OUT}	Capacitive load on pins as output	0.5	1.7	5	pF	Package and pin dependent. Temp = 25°C.

2.7V DC General Purpose IO Specifications

This table lists guaranteed maximum and minimum specifications for the voltage and temperature ranges: 2.4V to 2.90V and -40°C <TA <85°C, respectively. Typical parameters apply to 2.7V at 25°C. These are for design guidance only.

Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Notes
R_{PU}	Pull up resistor	4	5.6	8	kΩ	
V_{OH1}	High output voltage Port 0 pins	$V_{DD} - 0.2$	–	–	V	IOH $\leq$ 10 µA, maximum of 10 mA source current in all IOs.
V_{OH2}	High output voltage Port 0 pins	$V_{DD} - 0.5$	–	–	V	IOH = 0.2 mA, maximum of 10 mA source current in all IOs.
V_{OH3}	High output voltage Port 1 pins	$V_{DD} - 0.2$	–	–	V	IOH < 10 µA, maximum of 10 mA source current in all IOs.
V_{OH4}	High output voltage Port 1 pins	$V_{DD} - 0.5$	–	–	V	IOH = 2 mA, maximum of 10 mA source current in all IOs.
V_{OL}	Low output voltage	–	–	0.75	V	IOL = 10 mA, maximum of 30 mA sink current on even port pins and 30 mA sink current on odd port pins.
V_{OLP1}	Low output voltage port 1 pins	–	–	0.4	V	IOL=5 mA, maximum of 50 mA sink current on even port pins and 50 mA sink current on odd port pins ($2.4 \leq V_{DD} \leq 2.9V$ and $3.1 \leq V_{DD} \leq 3.6V$).
V_{IL}	Input low voltage	–	–	0.75	V	V_{DD} = 2.4 to 2.90V and 3.10V to 3.6V.
V_{IH1}	Input high voltage	1.4	–	–	V	V_{DD} = 2.4 to 2.7V.
V_{IH2}	Input high voltage	1.6	–	–	V	V_{DD} = 2.7 to 2.90V and 3.10V to 3.6V.
V_H	Input hysteresis voltage	–	60	–	mV	
I_{IL}	Input leakage	–	1	–	nA	Gross tested to 1 µA.

2.7V DC General Purpose IO Specifications (continued)

This table lists guaranteed maximum and minimum specifications for the voltage and temperature ranges: 2.4V to 2.90V and -40°C <TA <85°C, respectively. Typical parameters apply to 2.7V at 25°C. These are for design guidance only.

Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Notes
C_{IN}	Capacitive load on pins as input	0.5	1.7	5	pF	Package and pin dependent. Temp = 25°C.
C_{OUT}	Capacitive load on pins as output	0.5	1.7	5	pF	Package and pin dependent. Temp = 25°C.

2.7V DC Spec for I^2C Line with 1.8V External Pull-Up

This table lists guaranteed maximum and minimum specifications for the voltage and temperature ranges: 2.4V to 2.9V and 3.10V to 3.60V, and -40°C≤TA ≤85°C, respectively. Typical parameters apply to 2.7V at 25°C. The I^2C lines drive mode must be set to open drain and pulled up to 1.8V externally.

Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Notes
V_{OLP1}	Low output voltage port 1 pins	–	–	0.4	V	IOL=5 mA, maximum of 50 mA sink current on even port pins and 50 mA sink current on odd port pins. 2.4≤V_{DD} ≤2.9V and 3.1≤V_{DD} ≤3.6V.
V_{IL}	Input low voltage	–	–	0.75	V	V_{DD} = 2.4 to 2.90V and 3.10V to 3.6V.
V_{IH}	Input high voltage	1.4	–	–	V	V_{DD} = 2.4 to 2.7V.
C_{IN}	Capacitive load on pins as input	0.5	1.7	5	pF	Package and pin dependent. Temp = 25°C.
C_{OUT}	Capacitive load on pins as output	0.5	1.7	5	pF	Package and pin dependent. Temp = 25°C.

DC POR and LVD Specifications

Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Notes
V_{PPOR0} V_{PPOR1}	V_{DD} Value for PPOR Trip V_{DD}= 2.7V V_{DD}= 3.3V, 5V	– –	2.36 2.60	2.40 2.65	V V	Vdd must be greater than or equal to 2.5V during startup, reset from the XRES pin, or reset from watchdog.
VLVD0 VLVD2 VLVD6	V_{DD} Value for LVD Trip V_{DD}= 2.7V V_{DD}= 3.3V V_{DD}= 5V	2.39 2.75 3.98	2.45 2.92 4.05	2.51 2.99 4.12	V V V	

[+] Feedback

DC Programming Specifications

This table lists guaranteed maximum and minimum specifications for the voltage and temperature ranges: 4.75V to 5.25V and -40°C$\leq$TA$\leq$85°C, 3.10V to 3.6V and -40°C$\leq$TA$\leq$85°C, or 2.4V to 2.90V and -40°C$\leq$TA$\leq$85°C, respectively. Typical parameters apply to 5V, 3.3V, or 2.7V at 25°C. These are for design guidance only. Flash Endurance and Retention specifications with the use of EEPROM user module are valid only within the range: 25°C±20°C during the Flash Write operation.

Refer to the EEPROM user module data sheet instructions for EEPROM Flash Write requirements outside the 25°C±20°C temperature window. Use of this User Module for Flash Writes outside this range must occur at a known die temperature (±20°C) and requires the designer to configure the temperature as a variable rather than the default 25°C value hard coded into the API. All use of this UM API outside the range of 25°C±20°C is at the user's own risk. This risk includes overwriting the Flash cell (when above the allowable temperature range) thereby reducing the data sheet specified endurance performance or underwriting the Flash cell (when below the allowable temperature range) thereby reducing the data sheet specified retention.

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Notes
Vdd$_{IWRITE}$	Supply Voltage for Flash Write Operations[2]	2.7	–	–	V	
I$_{DDP}$	Supply Current During Programming or Verify	–	5	25	mA	
V$_{ILP}$	Input Low Voltage During Programming or Verify	–	–	0.8	V	
V$_{IHP}$	Input High Voltage During Programming or Verify	2.2	–	–	V	
I$_{ILP}$	Input Current when Applying Vilp to P1[0] or P1[1] During Programming or Verify	–	–	0.2	mA	Driving internal pull down resistor.
I$_{IHP}$	Input Current when Applying Vihp to P1[0] or P1[1] During Programming or Verify	–	–	1.5	mA	Driving internal pull down resistor.
V$_{OLV}$	Output Low Voltage During Programming or Verify	–	–	Vss + 0.75	V	
V$_{OHV}$	Output High Voltage During Programming or Verify	Vdd −1.0	–	Vdd	V	
Flash$_{ENPB}$	Flash Endurance (per block)	50,000	–	–	–	Erase/write cycles per block.
Flash$_{ENT}$	Flash Endurance (total)	1,800,000	–	–	–	Erase/write cycles.
Flash$_{DR}$	Flash Data Retention	10	–	–	Years	

CapSense Electrical Characteristics

Max (V)	Typical (V)	Min (V)	Conditions for Supply Voltage	Result
3.6	3.3	3.10	<2.9V	The device automatically reconfigures itself to work in 2.7V mode of operation.
3.10	2.7	2.45	<2.45V	The scanning for CapSense parameters shuts down until the voltage returns to over 2.45V.
			<2.4V	The device goes into reset.
3.6	3.3	3.10	>3.10V	The device automatically reconfigures itself to work in 3.3V mode of operation.
5.25	5.0	4.75	<4.73V	The scanning for CapSense parameters shuts down until the voltage returns to over 4.73V.
			3.6 to 4.75V	This range is not supported by CapSense Express. The device will work, but CapSense scanning is not enabled until the voltage goes above 4.73V.
			2.9 to 3.1V	This range is not supported by CapSense Express.

Note
2. Commands involving Flash Writes (0x01, 0x02, 0x03) must be executed only within the same VCC voltage range detected at POR (power on, XRES, or command 0x06) and above 2.7V. For register details, refer to CY8C201xx Register Reference Guide. If the user powers up the device in the 2.4V–3.6V range, Flash writes must be performed only in the range 2.7V to 2.9V and 3.10V to 3.6V. If the user powers up the device in the 4.75V to 5.25V range, Flash writes must be performed in that range only.

[+] Feedback

AC Electrical Characteristics

5V and 3.3V AC General Purpose IO Specifications

Parameter	Description	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
TRise0	Rise time, strong mode, Cload = 50 pF, Port 0	15	80	ns	V_{DD} = 3.10V to 3.6V and 4.75V to 5.25V, 10% - 90%
TRise1	Rise time, strong mode, Cload = 50 pF, Port 1	10	50	ns	V_{DD} = 3.10V to 3.6V, 10% - 90%
TFall	Fall time, strong mode, Cload = 50 pF, all ports	10	50	ns	V_{DD} = 3.10V to 3.6V and 4.75V to 5.25V, 10% - 90%

2.7V AC General Purpose IO Specifications

Parameter	Description	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
TRise0	Rise time, strong mode, Cload = 50 pF, Port 0	15	100	ns	V_{DD} = 2.4V to 2.90V, 10% - 90%
TRise1	Rise time, strong mode, Cload = 50 pF, Port 1	10	70	ns	V_{DD} = 2.4V to 2.90V, 10% - 90%
TFall	Fall time, strong mode, Cload = 50 pF, all ports	10	70	ns	V_{DD} = 2.4V to 2.90V, 10% - 90%

AC I^{2}C Specifications

Parameter	Description	Standard Mode		Fast Mode		Unit	Notes
		Min	Max	Min	Max		
F_{SCLI2C}	SCL clock frequency	0	100	0	400	KHz	Fast mode not supported for V_{DD} < 3.0V
$T_{HDSTAI2C}$	Hold time (repeated) START condition. After this period, the first clock pulse is generated	4.0	–	0.6	–	µs	
T_{LOWI2C}	LOW period of the SCL clock	4.7	–	1.3	–	µs	
$T_{HIGHI2C}$	HIGH period of the SCL clock	4.0	–	0.6	–	µs	
$T_{SUSTAI2C}$	Setup time for a repeated START condition	4.7	–	0.6	–	µs	
$T_{HDDATI2C}$	Data hold time	0	–	0	–	µs	
$T_{SUDATI2C}$	Data setup time	250	–	100	–	ns	
$T_{SUSTOI2C}$	Setup time for STOP condition	4.0	–	0.6	–	µs	
T_{BUFI2C}	BUS free time between a STOP and START condition	4.7	–	1.3	–	µs	
T_{SPI2C}	Pulse width of spikes suppressed by the input filter	–	–	0	50	ns	

Figure 3. Definition of Timing for Fast/Standard Mode on the I²C Bus
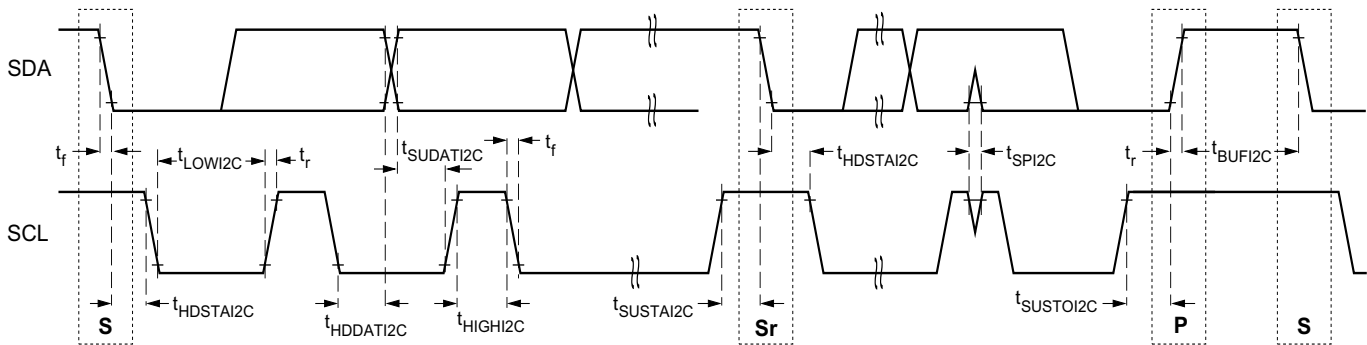
Ordering Information

Ordering Code	Package Diagram	Package Type	Operating Temperature
CY8C20160-LDX2I	001-09116	16 COL[5]	Industrial
CY8C20160-SX2I	51-85068	16 SOIC	Industrial

Thermal Impedances by Package

Package	Typical θ_{JA}[3]
16 COL[5]	46 °C
16 SOIC	79.96 °C

Solder Reflow Peak Temperature

Package	Minimum Peak Temperature[4]	Maximum Peak Temperature
16 COL[5]	240 °C	260 °C
16 SOIC	240 °C	260 °C

Notes
3. $T_J = T_A + \text{Power} \times \theta_{JA}$.
4. Higher temperatures may be required based on the solder melting point. Typical temperatures for solder are 220 ± 5°C with Sn-Pb or 245 ± 5°C with Sn-Ag-Cu paste. Refer to the solder manufacturer specifications.
5. Earlier termed as QFN package.

Package Diagrams

Figure 4. 16L Chip On Lead 3 X 3 mm Package Outline (SAWN) - 001-09116 - (Pb-Free)
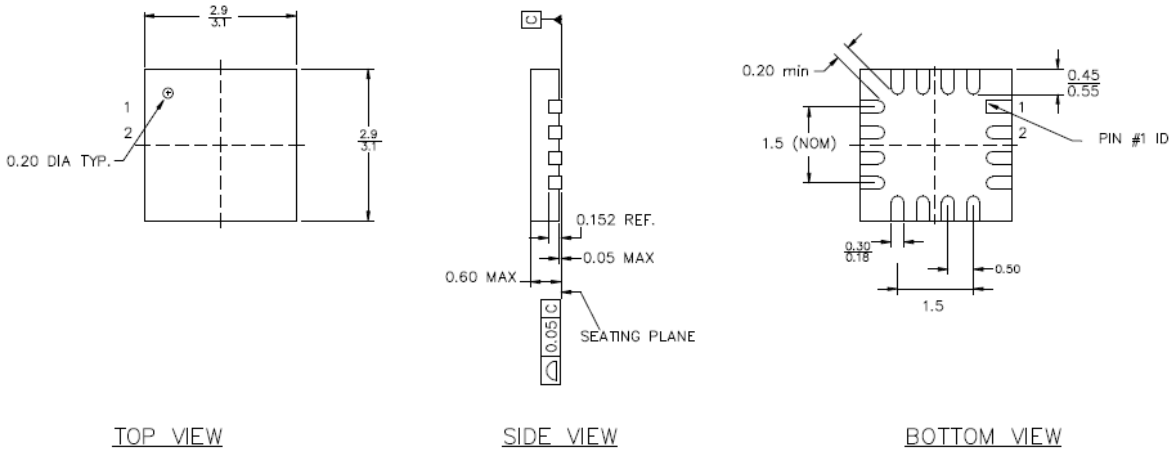
TOP VIEW   SIDE VIEW   BOTTOM VIEW

PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
LG16A	LEAD-FREE
LD16A	STANDARD

NOTES:
1. JEDEC # MO-220
2. Package Weight: 0.014g
3. DIMENSIONS IN MM, $\frac{MIN}{MAX}$

001-09116 *D

Figure 5. 16-Pin (150-Mil) SOIC (51-85068)
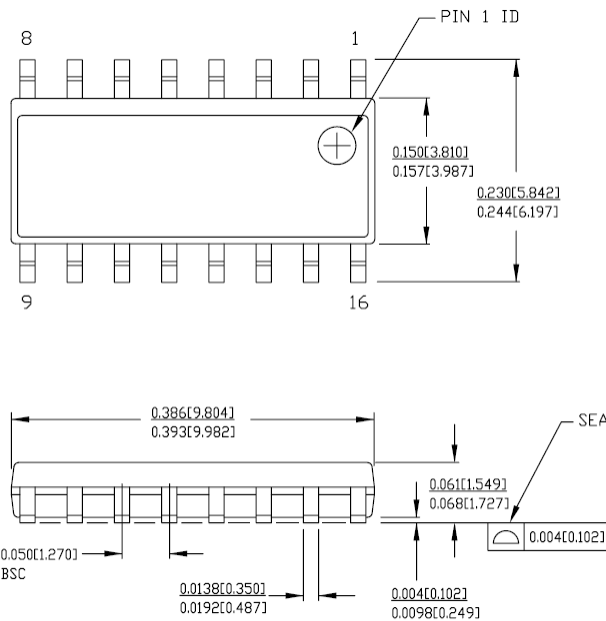
DIMENSIONS IN INCHES[MM] $\frac{MIN.}{MAX.}$

REFERENCE JEDEC MS-012

PACKAGE WEIGHT 0.15gms

PART #	
S16.15	STANDARD PKG.
SZ16.15	LEAD FREE PKG.
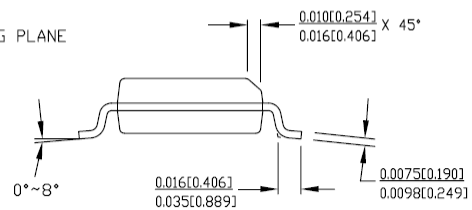
51-85068-*B

Document History Page

Document Title: CY8C20160 CapSense Express™ - 6 Configurable IOs Document Number: 001-17347				
Rev.	**ECN No.**	**Orig. of Change**	**Submission Date**	**Description of Change**
**	1341766	TUP/ SFVTMP	See ECN	New Data Sheet
*A	1494145	TUP/AESA	See ECN	Changed to FINAL Datasheet Removed table - 2.7V DC General Purpose IO Specifications - Open Drain with a pull up to 1.8V Updated Logic Block Diagram
*B	1773608	TUP/AESA	See ECN	Removed table - 3V DC General Purpose IO Specifications Updated Logic Block Diagram Updated table - DC POR and LVD Specifications Updated table - DC Chip Level Specifications Updated table - 5V and 3.3V DC General Purpose IO Specifications Updated table - 2.7V DC General Purpose IO Specifications Updated table - AC GPIO Specifications and split it into two tables for 5V/3.3V and 2.7V Added section on CapSense Express™ Software tool Updated 16-QFN Package Diagram
*C	2091026	DZU/MOHD /AESA	See ECN	Updated table-DC Chip Level Specifications Updated table-Pin Definitions 16 pin COL Updated table-Pin Definitions 16 pin SOIC Updated table-5V and 3.3V DC General Purpose IO Specifications Updated table - 2.7V DC General Purpose IO Specifications Changed definition for Timing for Fast/Standard Mode on the I2C Bus diagram
*D	2404731	DZU/MOHD/PY RS	See ECN	Updated Logic Block Diagram Added DC Programming Specifications Table Updated Features Added CapSense Electrical Characteristics Table
*E	2544918	ZSK/AESA	See ECN	Different sleep modes explained Bi-Directional Sleep Control Pin defined Table added on "2.7V DC Spec for I2C Line with 1.8V External Pull-Up
*F	2648811	DZU/PYRS	01/28/09	Included section on I2C Device Addressing Updated CapSense Electrical Specifications table Deleted VOH5, VOH6, VOH7, VOH8, VOH9, and VOH10 parameters

[+] Feedback

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