

# 4 Stereo Inputs, 2W BTL Stereo Output 16-bit Stereo DAC and Volume Control

## FEATURES

- Operation range: 2.4V~5.5V
- Volume control range
- Gain: 0 to 21dB, 3dB/step
- Attenuation: 0 to -77.5dB, 1.25dB/step
- 4 stereo inputs (mixed with an audio DAC)
- Output mode : Speaker( BTL)/Headphone(SE)
- BTL Output power, THD+N=1%, Stereo Input  
 $R_L=4\Omega$ , 2W at 5V, 0.8W at 3.3V, 360mW at 2.4V  
 $R_L=8\Omega$ , 1.3W at 5V, 0.53W at 3.3V, 250mW at 2.4V
- BTL Output power, DAC Input  
 $R_L=4\Omega$ , 1.6W at 5V, 0.70W at 3.3V, 340mW at 2.4V  
 $R_L=8\Omega$ , 0.83W at 5V, 0.35W at 3.3V, 170mW at 2.4V
- Built-in 16-bit Audio DAC
- Audio format : I<sup>2</sup>S, Right justified, Left justified
- Control interface : I<sup>2</sup>C
- Excellent Power Supply Rejection Ratio(PSRR)
- Flexibility power management
- Component less
- Reduce pop noise circuit
- Housed in TSSOP28 package, enhanced thermal PAD

## APPLICATIONS

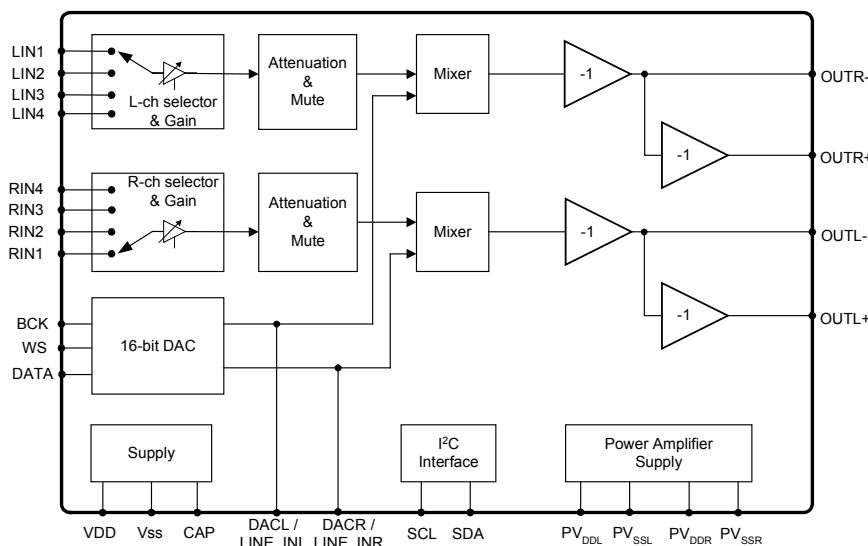
Multimedia system, Portable Digital Audio.

## DESCRIPTION

The MS6821 is a 16-bits voltage-output Digital-to-Analog Converter (DAC) integrated class AB stereo headphone driver and stereo speaker power amplifier. It can drive 2W of continuous average power into a dual 4Ω bridged-tied (BTL) speaker or 2 \* 90mW into stereo 32Ω single ended (SE) headphone. The 16-bit DAC supports general and popular formats as I<sup>2</sup>S, Right justified. The volume control offers wide range of gain and attenuation for 4-set stereo input. All of the functions are set by I<sup>2</sup>C interface.

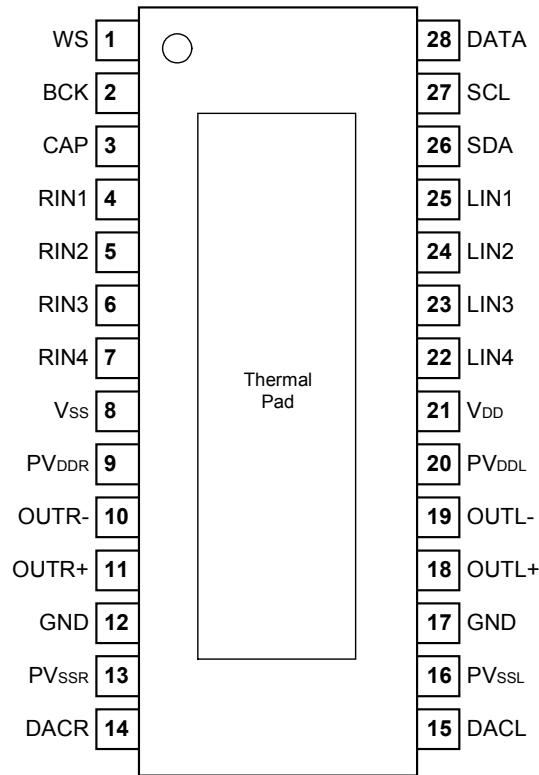
The MS6821 has good feature for portable equipment, including wide voltage operation 2.4V~5.5V, low power consumption, flexible power management, component less and small package TSSOP28, make the MS6821 ideally suitable for use in the portable digital audio equipments.

## BLOCK DIAGRAM



## PIN CONFIGURATION

Symbol	Pin	Description
WS	1	Audio word select input
BCK	2	Audio bit clock input
CAP	3	Capacitor connected
RIN1	4	Right channel input 1
RIN2	5	Right channel input 2
RIN3	6	Right channel input 3
RIN4	7	Right channel input 4
V <sub>SS</sub>	8	Negative supply voltage
PV <sub>DDR</sub>	9	Positive supply voltage for right channel of power amplifier
OUTR-	10	SE right channel output or negative output of BTL right channel
OUTR+	11	Positive output of BTL right channel
GND	12	Connected to ground
PV <sub>SSR</sub>	13	Negative supply voltage for right channel of power amplifier
DACR LINE_INR	14	DAC right channel output LINE_IN right channel input
DACL LINE_INL	15	DAC Left channel output LINE_IN left channel input
PV <sub>SSL</sub>	16	Negative supply voltage for left channel of power amplifier
GND	17	Connected to ground
OUTL+	18	Positive output of BTL left channel
OUTL-	19	SE left channel output or negative output of BTL left channel
PV <sub>DDL</sub>	20	Positive supply voltage for left channel of power amplifier
V <sub>DD</sub>	21	Positive supply voltage
LIN4	22	Left channel input 4
LIN3	23	Left channel input 3
LIN2	24	Left channel input 2
LIN1	25	Left channel input 1
SDA	26	I <sup>2</sup> C data input
SCL	27	I <sup>2</sup> C clock input
DATA	28	Audio data input



MS6821, TSSOP28

Note: 1. SE: Single Ended. BTL: Bridged-Tied Load

**ORDERING INFORMATION**

Package	Part number	Packaging Marking	Transport Media
28Pin TSSOP (lead free)	MS6821TGTR	MS6821G	3k Units Tape and Reel
28Pin TSSOP (lead free)	MS6821TGU	MS6821G	50 Units Tube

RoHS Compliance

**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Symbol	Parameter	Rating	Unit
V <sub>DD</sub>	Supply voltage	6	V
V <sub>ESD</sub>	Electrostatic handling	2000	V
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage temperature range	-65 to 150	°C
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating ambient temperature range	-40 to 85	°C
T <sub>J</sub>	Maximum junction temperature	150	°C
T <sub>S</sub>	Soldering temperature, 10 seconds	260	°C
R <sub>THJA</sub>	Thermal resistance from junction to ambient in free air TSSOP28 (enhance thermal pad)	51	°C/W

**OPERATING RATINGS**

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V <sub>DD</sub>	Supply voltage	2.4	5	5.5	V

**5V ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**(Ta=25°C, V<sub>DD</sub>=5V, V<sub>SS</sub>=0V, f=1kHz; unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>DC Characteristics</b>						
V <sub>CAP</sub>	Voltage at CAP		0.5V <sub>DD</sub> -0.05	0.5V <sub>DD</sub>	0.5V <sub>DD</sub> +0.05	V
V <sub>DC</sub>	Output DC level		0.5V <sub>DD</sub> -0.05	0.5V <sub>DD</sub>	0.5V <sub>DD</sub> +0.05	V
I <sub>Q</sub>	Quiescent current	All devices are active, BTL	-	13.0	-	mA
		All devices are active, SE	-	9.8	-	
		DAC PD, BTL	-	9.9	-	
		DAC PD, SE	-	6.7	-	
		L-ch (R-ch) PD, BTL DAC active	-	8.2	-	
		L-ch (R-ch) PD, SE DAC active	-	6.6	-	
		Only DAC is active	-	3.2	-	
I <sub>PD</sub>	Power down current	All devices power down	-	-	0.3	uA
		All devices power down, except CAP=1/2 VDD		12		
ATT	Mute attenuation				-90	dB
GA <sub>RAN</sub>	Gain/Attenuation range	Gain	0	-	21	dB
		Attenuation	-77.5		0	dB
G <sub>STEP</sub>	Gain step		-	3	-	dB
A <sub>STEP</sub>	Attenuation step		-	1.25	-	dB
E <sub>GA</sub>	Gain/Attenuation step error		-	0.3	-	dB
V <sub>I2CH</sub>	Serial interface high input level		2			V
V <sub>I2CL</sub>	Serial interface low input level				0.8	V
<b>AC Characteristics (Stereo input)</b>						
PSRR	Power supply rejection ratio	BTL Mode , R <sub>L</sub> =8Ω CAP=1uF, f=200Hz	-	61	-	dB
		SE Mode , R <sub>L</sub> =32Ω CAP=1uF, f=200Hz	-	65	-	dB
CS	Channel separation	BTL Mode, R <sub>L</sub> =8Ω Po=1W	-	78	-	dB
		SE Mode, R <sub>L</sub> =32Ω Po=60mW	-	81	-	dB
THD+N	Total harmonic distortion plus Noise	SE mode, R <sub>L</sub> =32Ω, 60mW	-	-65	-	dB
			-	0.0562	-	%
S/N	Signal-to-noise ratio	SE mode, A-weighting, 75mW	-	93	-	dB
Po	Maximum output power	BTL Mode, R <sub>L</sub> = 4Ω THD+N = 1%	-	2	-	W
		BTL Mode, R <sub>L</sub> = 8Ω THD+N = 1%	-	1.3	-	W
		SE Mode, R <sub>L</sub> = 32Ω THD+N = 0.1%	-	93m	-	W

PD: Power Down

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>Audio DAC Characteristics</b> (sampling rate=4fs, fs= 44.1kHz, f=1kHz)						
Res	Resolution		-	-	16	bits
V <sub>FS</sub> DAC	Full scale output voltage of DAC	V <sub>FS</sub> =0.72 * V <sub>DD</sub>	V <sub>FS</sub> -1.5%	V <sub>FS</sub>	V <sub>FS</sub> +1.5%	V
PSRR	Power supply rejection ratio	CAP=1uF (200Hz)		66	-	dB
		CAP=10uF (200Hz)		67	-	
CS	Channel separation			88		dB
THD+N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	DAC output, R <sub>L</sub> =1kΩ, V <sub>FS</sub>	-	-67	-62	dB
			-	0.0447	0.079	%
S/N	Signal-to-noise ratio	DAC output, R <sub>L</sub> =1kΩ, V <sub>FS</sub> A-weighting	86	90	-	dB
DACPo	Maximum output power using DAC	BTL Mode, R <sub>L</sub> = 4Ω THD+N = 0.33%	1.44	1.6	-	W
		BTL Mode, R <sub>L</sub> = 8Ω THD+N = 0.15 %	0.75	0.83	-	W
		SE Mode, R <sub>L</sub> = 32Ω THD+N = 0.042%	41.4m	46m	-	W

### 3.3V ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(Ta=25°C, V<sub>DD</sub>=3.3V, V<sub>SS</sub>=0V, f=1kHz; unless otherwise specified)

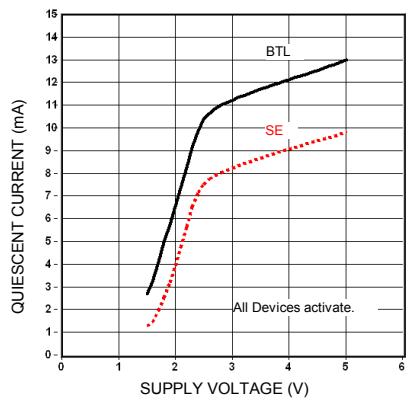
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>DC Characteristics</b>						
I <sub>Q</sub>	Quiescent current	All devices are active, BTL	-	11.5	-	mA
		All devices are active, SE	-	8.5	-	
		DAC PD, BTL	-	9	-	
		DAC PD, SE	-	6	-	
		L-ch (R-ch) PD, BTL DAC active	-	7.1	-	
		L-ch (R-ch) PD, SE DAC active	-	5.6	-	
		Only DAC is active	-	2.6	-	
<b>AC Characteristics (Stereo input)</b>						
THD+N	Total harmonic distortion plus Noise	SE mode, R <sub>L</sub> =32Ω, 35mW	-	-67	60	dB
			-	0.0447	0.1	%
Po	Maximum output power	BTL Mode, R <sub>L</sub> = 4Ω THD+N = 1%	-	0.8	-	W
		BTL Mode, R <sub>L</sub> = 8Ω THD+N = 1%	-	0.53	-	W
		SE Mode, R <sub>L</sub> = 32Ω THD+N = 0.1%	-	35m	-	W
<b>Audio DAC Characteristics</b> (sampling rate=4fs, fs= 44.1kHz, f=1kHz)						
THD+N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	DAC output, R <sub>L</sub> =1kΩ, V <sub>FS</sub>	-	-66	60	dB
			-	0.05	0.1	%
DACPo	Maximum output power using DAC	BTL Mode, R <sub>L</sub> = 4Ω THD+N = 0.25%	0.63	0.70	-	W
		BTL Mode, R <sub>L</sub> = 8Ω THD+N = 0.14 %	0.32	0.35	-	W
		SE Mode, R <sub>L</sub> = 32Ω THD+N = 0.052%	18m	20m	-	W

**2.4V ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**(Ta=25°C, V<sub>DD</sub>=2.4V, V<sub>SS</sub>=0V, f=1kHz; unless otherwise specified)

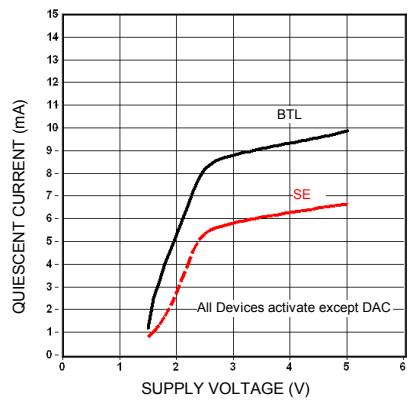
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>DC Characteristics</b>						
I <sub>Q</sub>	Quiescent current	All devices are active, BTL	-	9.9	-	mA
		All devices are active, SE	-	7.1	-	
		DAC PD, BTL	-	7.8	-	
		DAC PD, SE	-	5.1	-	
		L-ch (R-ch) PD, BTL DAC active	-	6	-	
		L-ch (R-ch) PD, SE DAC active	-	4.7	-	
		Only DAC is active	-	2.2	-	
<b>AC Characteristics (Stereo input)</b>						
THD+N	Total harmonic distortion plus Noise	SE mode, R <sub>L</sub> =32Ω, 15mW	-	-65	-60	dB
			-	0.0562	0.1	%
Po	Maximum output power	BTL Mode, R <sub>L</sub> = 4Ω THD+N = 1%	-	0.36	-	W
		BTL Mode, R <sub>L</sub> = 8Ω THD+N = 1%	-	0.25	-	W
		SE Mode, R <sub>L</sub> = 32Ω THD+N = 0.1%	-	15m	-	W
<b>Audio DAC Characteristics</b> (sampling rate=4fs, fs= 44.1kHz, f=1kHz)						
THD+N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	DAC output, R <sub>L</sub> =1kΩ, V <sub>FS</sub>	-	-63	-58	dB
			-	0.071	0.126	%
DACPo	Maximum output power using DAC	BTL Mode, R <sub>L</sub> = 4Ω THD+N = 0.85%	0.31	0.34	-	W
		BTL Mode, R <sub>L</sub> = 8Ω THD+N = 0.17 %	0.15	0.17	-	W
		SE Mode, R <sub>L</sub> = 32Ω THD+N = 0.07%	9m	10m	-	W

**TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS**

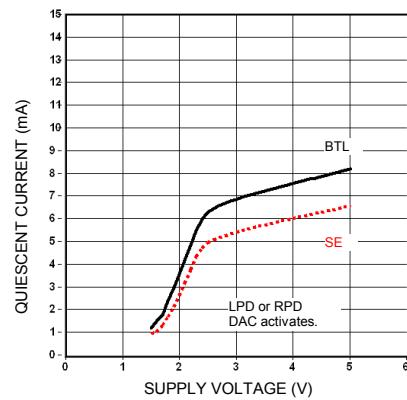
(Ta=25°C; unless otherwise specified)



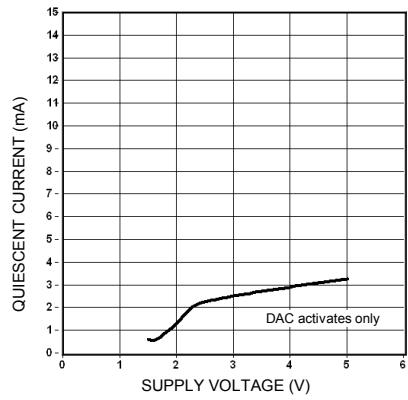
Quiescent current vs. supply voltage



Quiescent current vs. supply voltage



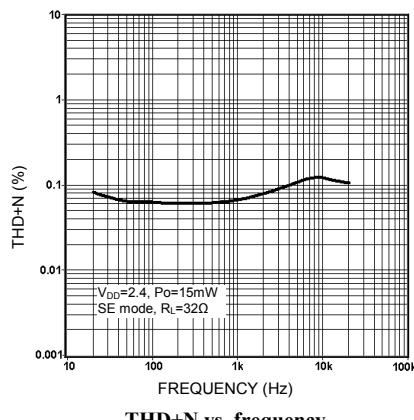
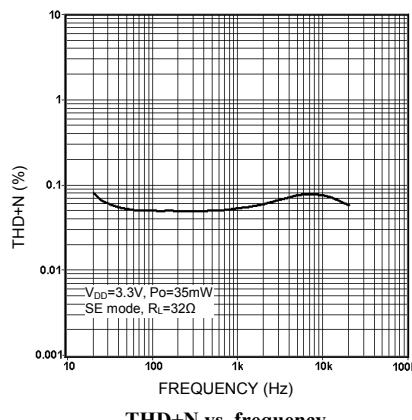
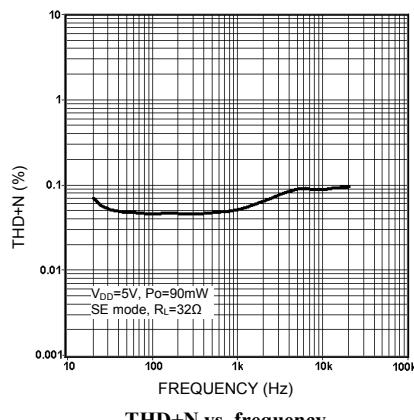
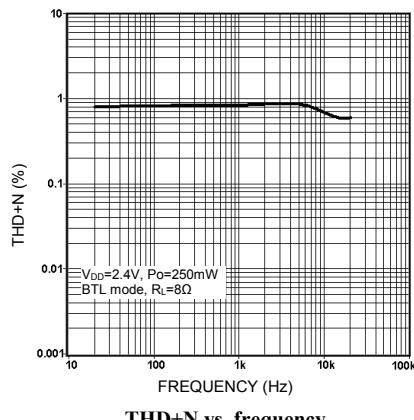
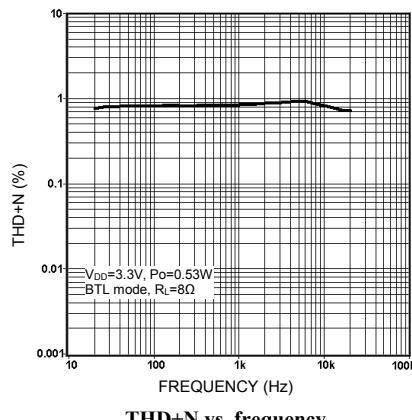
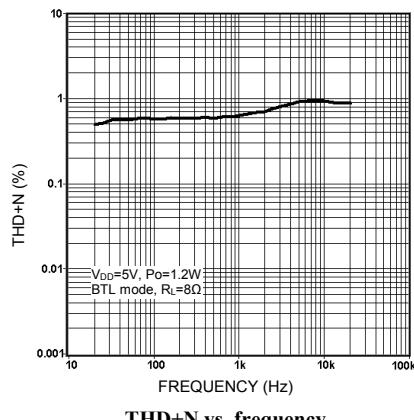
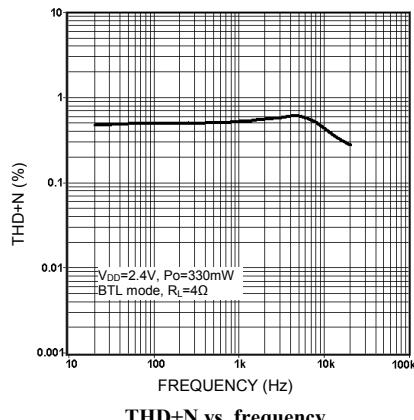
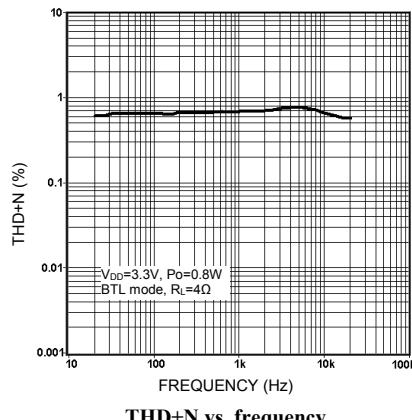
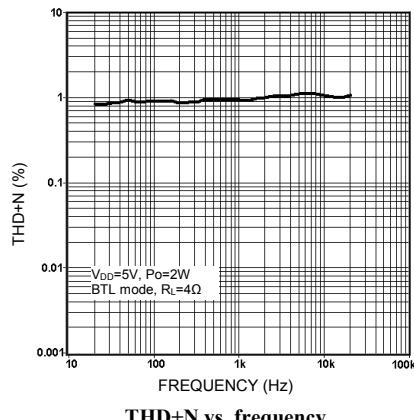
Quiescent current vs. supply voltage

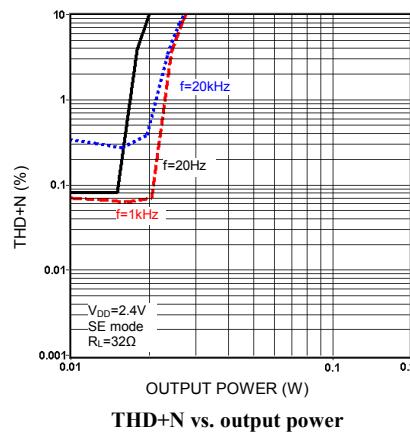
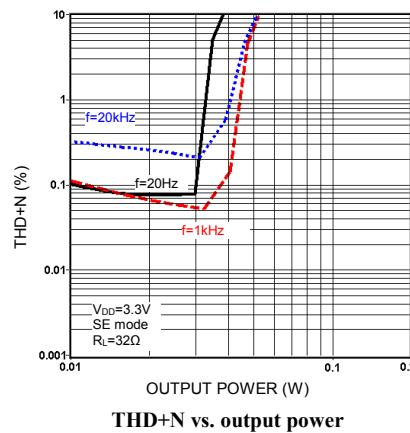
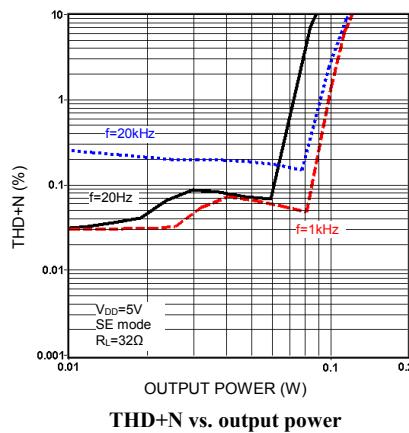
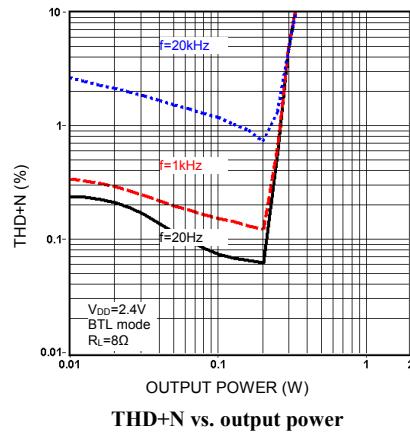
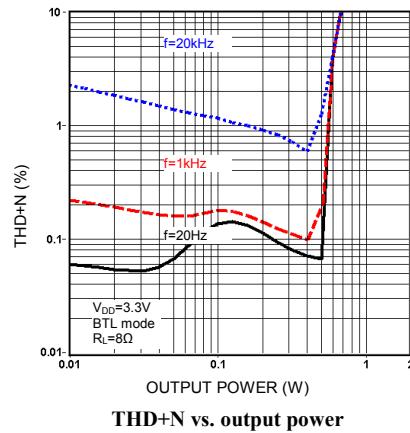
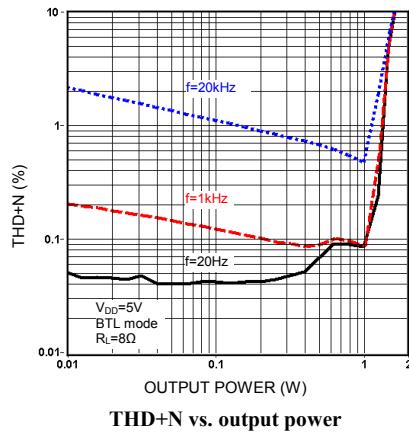
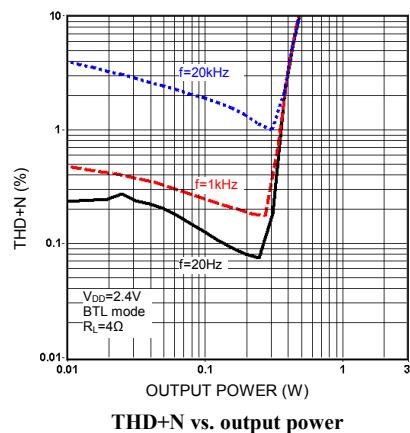
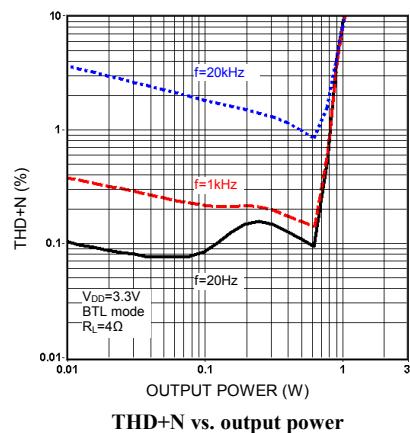
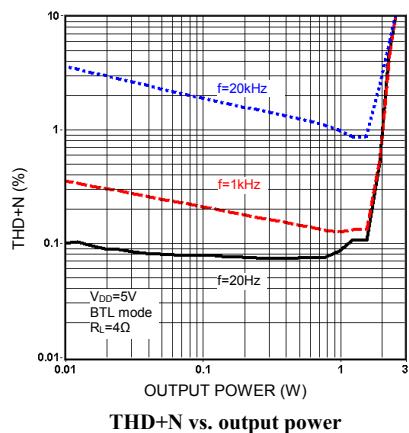


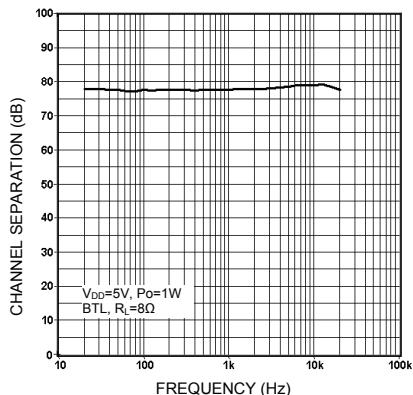
Quiescent current vs. supply voltage

**Stereo inputs signal**

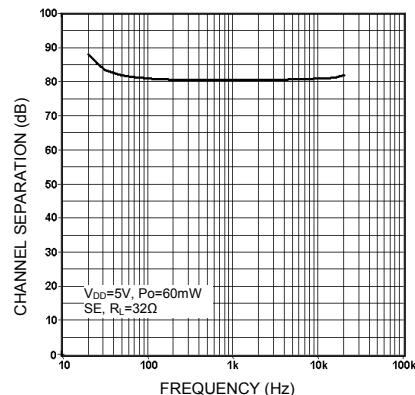
(Ta=25°C, stereo inputs signal, f=1kHz, DAC is Power Down mode; unless otherwise specified)



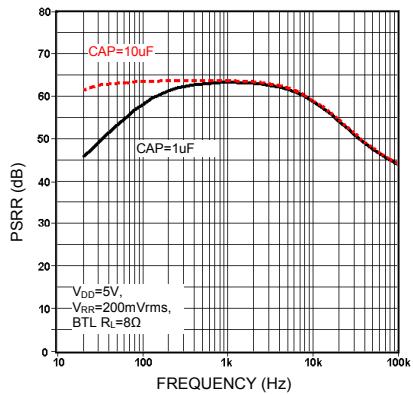




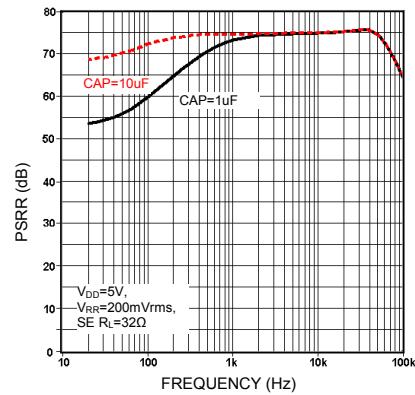
Channel separation vs. frequency



Channel separation vs. frequency



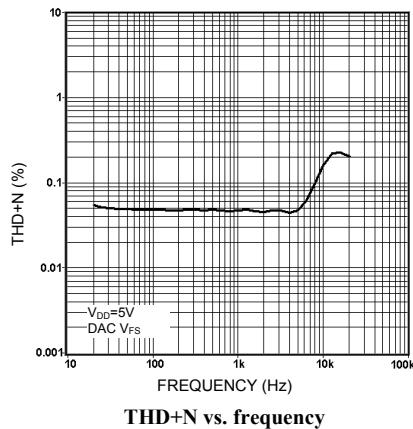
PSRR vs. frequency



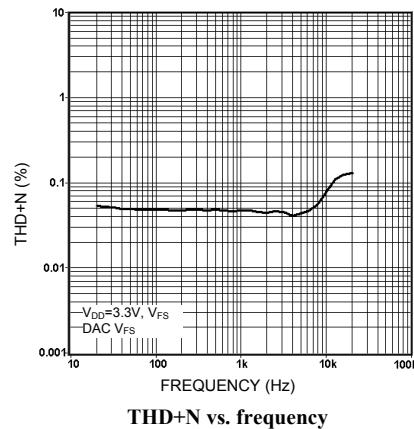
PSRR vs. frequency

**DAC inputs signal**

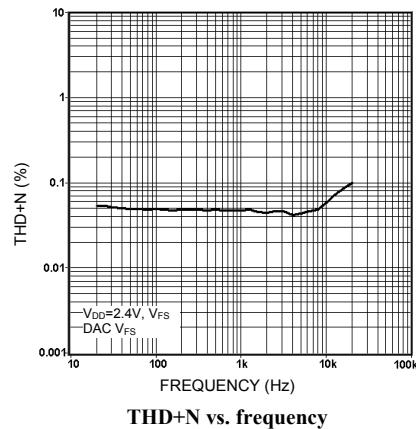
(Ta=25°C, sampling rate=4fs, fs= 44.1kHz, f=1kHz, PA is Power Down mode; unless otherwise specified)



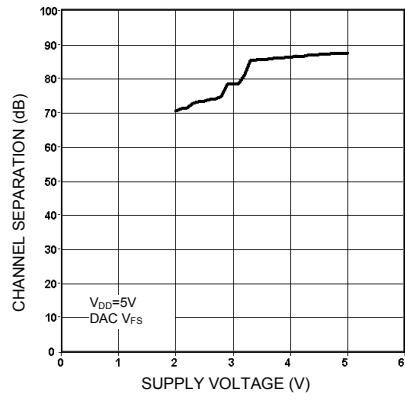
THD+N vs. frequency



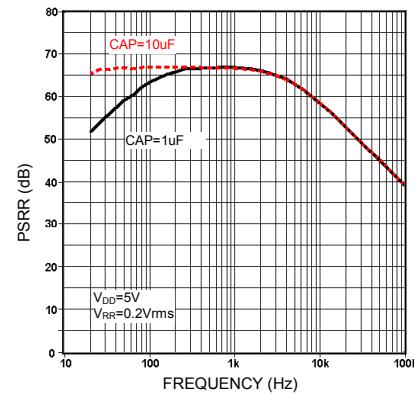
THD+N vs. frequency



THD+N vs. frequency



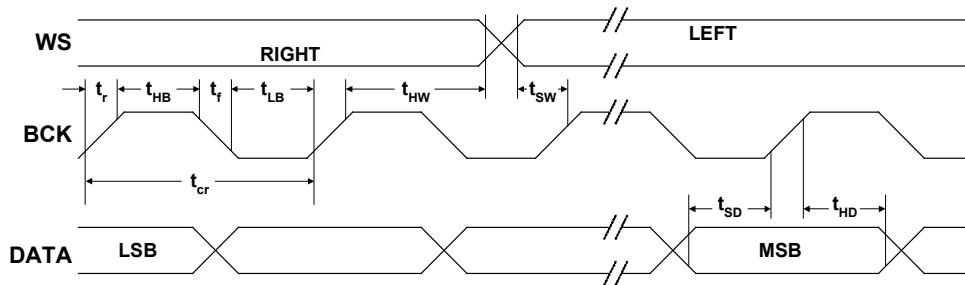
Channel separation vs. supply voltage



PSRR vs. frequency

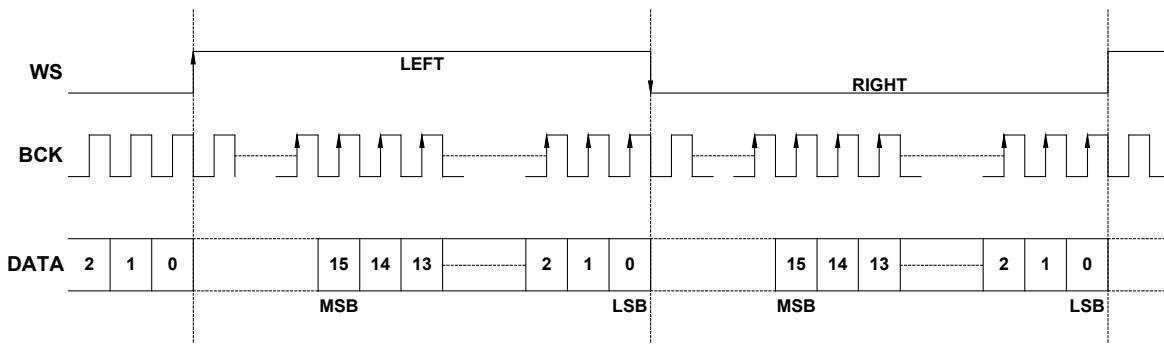
**AUDIO TIMING AND FORMAT**

The MS6821 accepts input serial data formats of 16-bit word length. Left and right data words are time multiplexed. The MSB must always be first.

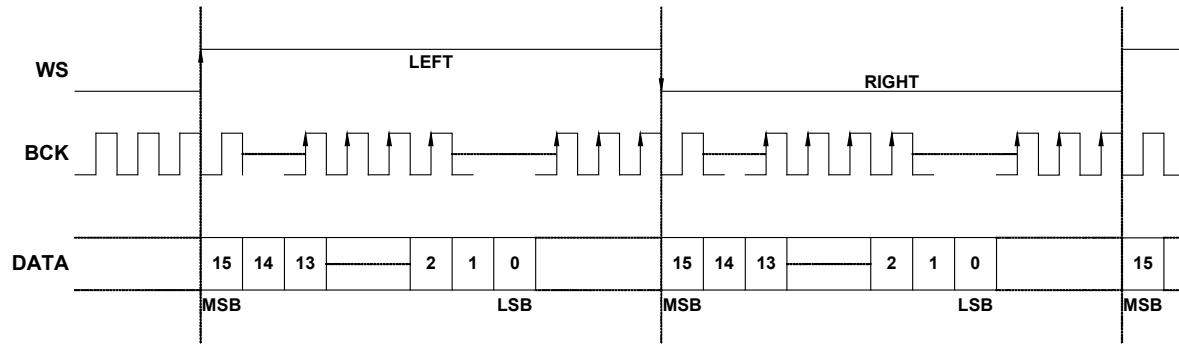
**Audio data format (BCK, WS, DATA)**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V <sub>IIL</sub>	Input LOW level		2	-	-	V
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input HIGH level		-	-	0.8	V
f <sub>BCK</sub>	Input Clock Frequency		-	-	18.4	MHz
BR	Bit Rate Data Input		-	-	18.4	Mbits/s
f <sub>WS</sub>	Word Select Input		-	-	384	kHz
t <sub>r</sub>	Rise Time		-	-	12	ns
t <sub>f</sub>	Fall Time		-	-	12	ns
t <sub>cr</sub>	Bit Clock Cycle Time		54	-	-	ns
t <sub>HB</sub>	Bit Clock High Time		15	-	-	ns
t <sub>LB</sub>	Bit Clock Low Time		15	-	-	ns
t <sub>SD</sub>	Data Set-up Time		12	-	-	ns
t <sub>HD</sub>	Data Hold Time to Bit Clock		2	-	-	ns
t <sub>HW</sub>	Word Select Hold Time		2	-	-	ns
t <sub>SW</sub>	Word Select Set-up Time		12	-	-	ns

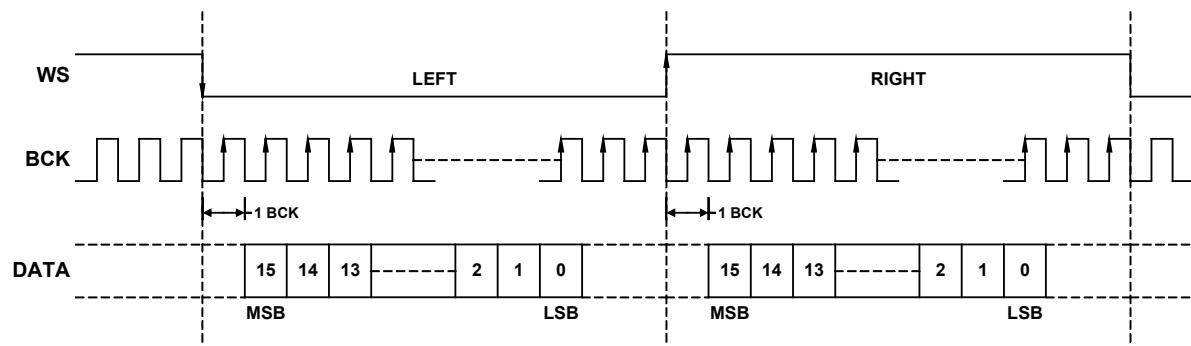
### Right justified format



### Left justified format

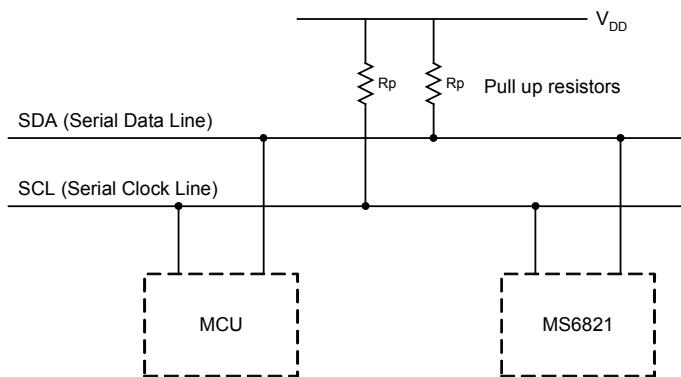


### I2S format



## I<sup>2</sup>C CONTROL INTERFACE

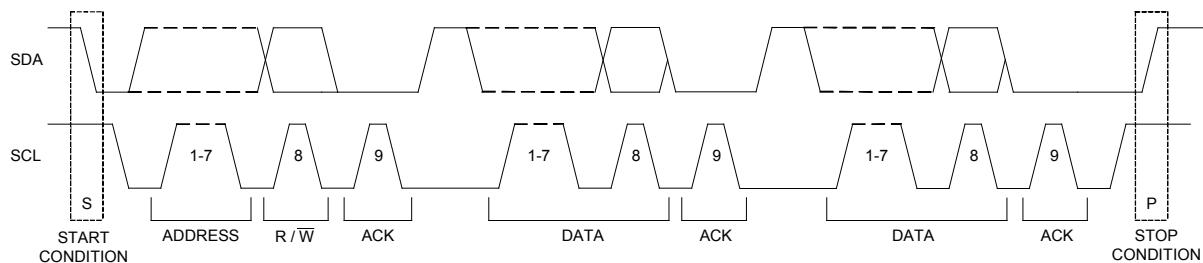
Data are transmitted to and from the MCU to the MS6821 via the SDA and SCL. The SDA and SCL make up the BUS interface. It should be noted that pull-up resistors must be connected to the positive supply voltage.



## I<sup>2</sup>C interface protocol

The format consists of the following:

- A START condition
- A chip address byte including the chip address. (7bits)
- The 8<sup>th</sup> bit of the byte must be “0”.(write=0, read=1)
- The chip must always acknowledge the end of each transmitted byte.
- A data sequence (N-bytes + Acknowledge)
- A STOP condition



## I<sup>2</sup>C chip address

88H							
1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
7 bits address							W

**I<sup>2</sup>C data bytes description**

MSB	LSB								Function
0	0	B2	B1	B0	A2	A1	A0		L-ch, Attenuation and Mute
0	1	B2	B1	B0	A2	A1	A0		R-ch, Attenuation and Mute
1	0	0	G2	G1	G0	S1	S0		L-ch, Input Gain and line Selection
1	0	1	G2	G1	G0	S1	S0		R-ch, Input Gain and line Selection
1	1	0	DAC PD	RPD	LPD	PDPR	CAP PD		Power Down Mode
1	1	1	S/B	MixL	MixR	AF1	AF0		Output mode (SE/BTL), Mixer control and Audio format

Where Ax = 1.25dB/step; Bx = 10dB/step; Gx = 3dB/step

Attenuation and Mute									
MSB							LSB		Function
0	0	B2	B1	B0	A2	A1	A0	L-ch, Attenuation and Mute	
0	1							R-ch, Attenuation and Mute	
					0	0	0	0 dB	
					0	0	1	-1.25 dB	
					0	1	0	-2.5 dB	
					0	1	1	-3.75 dB	
					1	0	0	-5 dB	
					1	0	1	-6.25 dB	
					1	1	0	-7.5 dB	
					1	1	1	-8.75 dB	
	0	0	0					0 dB	
	0	0	1					-10 dB	
	0	1	0					-20 dB	
	0	1	1					-30 dB	
	1	0	0					-40 dB	
	1	0	1					-50 dB	
	1	1	0					-60 dB	
	1	1	1					-70 dB	
	1	1	1	1	1	1		Mute	

Initial state: Both L-ch and R-ch are mute-on.

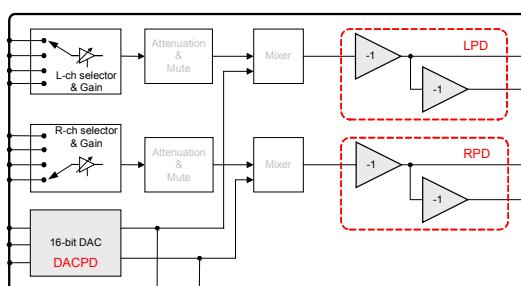
Input Selector and Input Gain								Function	
MSB					LSB				
1	0	0	G2	G1	G0	S1	S0	L-ch, Input Gain and line Selection	
1	0	1						R-ch, Input Gain and line Selection	
						0	0	Line 1 (L-ch or R-ch)	
						0	1	Line 2 (L-ch or R-ch)	
						1	0	Line 3 (L-ch or R-ch)	
						1	1	Line 4 (L-ch or R-ch)	
		0	0	0				0 dB	
		0	0	1				3 dB	
		0	1	0				6 dB	
		0	1	1				9 dB	
		1	0	0				12 dB	
		1	0	1				15 dB	
		1	1	0				18 dB	
		1	1	1				21 dB	

Initial state: L-ch1, R-ch1, Input gain is 0dB.

Power Down Mode								Function	
MSB					LSB				
1	1	0	DAC PD	RPD	LPD	PDPR	CAP PD	Power mode selection and power management	
								DAC is active mode	
		1						DAC is power down mode	
		0						R-ch PA output is active mode	
		1						R-ch PA output is power down mode	
		0						L-ch PA output is active mode	
		1						L-ch PA output is power down mode	
		0						Disable preparation for power off	
		1						Enable preparation for power off	
		0						Set the voltage of CAP to middle of supply voltage	
		1						Pull down CAP pin to ground	

Initial state: All are the power down modes.

Enable the power down preparation before the chip will be shut down.



Output mode (SE/BTL), Mixer control and Audio format								Function
MSB						LSB		
1	1	1	S/B	MixL	MixR	AF1	AF0	Output mode, mixer control and audio format
			0					Output mode is BTL
			1					Output mode is SE
				0				L-ch of input selector is the only signal
				1				Mix L-ch of input selector and L-ch of DAC
					0			R-ch of input selector is the only signal
					1			Mix R-ch of input selector and R-ch of DAC
						0	0	Right justified format
						1	0	Left justified format
						0	1	I <sup>2</sup> S format
						1	1	

Initial state: Output mode is BTL mode, unmixed mode and Right justified format

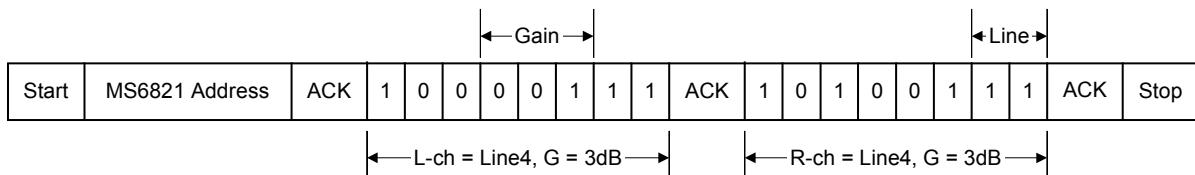
### I<sup>2</sup>C Initial code and status

MSB							LSB	Function	Initial status
0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	L-ch, Attenuation and Mute	Mute On
0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	R-ch, Attenuation and Mute	Mute On
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	L-ch, Input Gain and line Selection	Line1, 0dB
1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	R-ch, Input Gain and line Selection	Line1, 0dB
1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	Power Down Mode	All devices power down
1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	Output mode (SE/BTL), Mixer control and Audio format	BTL, Unmixed, Right justified

## I<sup>2</sup>C CODE EXAMPLE

### Input selector and input gain

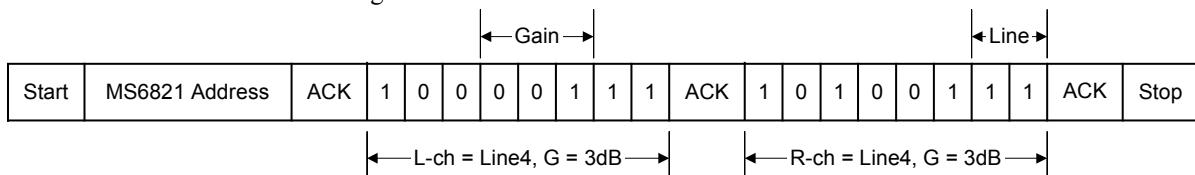
Set left channel to be line-4 and input gain to be 3dB. Set right channel to be line-4 and input gain to be 3dB.



The left and right input channel are independent.

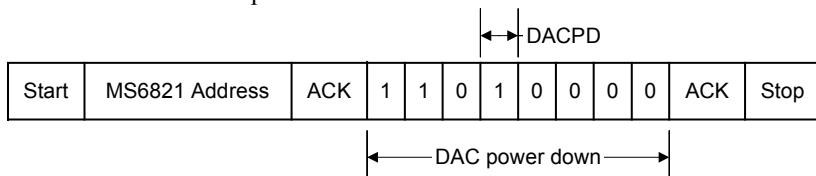
### Volume control

Set left channel to be -15dB and right channel to be 30dB.



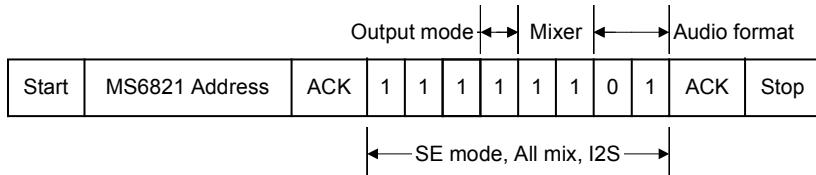
### Power down mode

Set built-in DAC to be power down mode.



### Output mode, mixer control and audio format

Set output mode to be SE mode, audio format is I2S, and both input channel to be mixed.

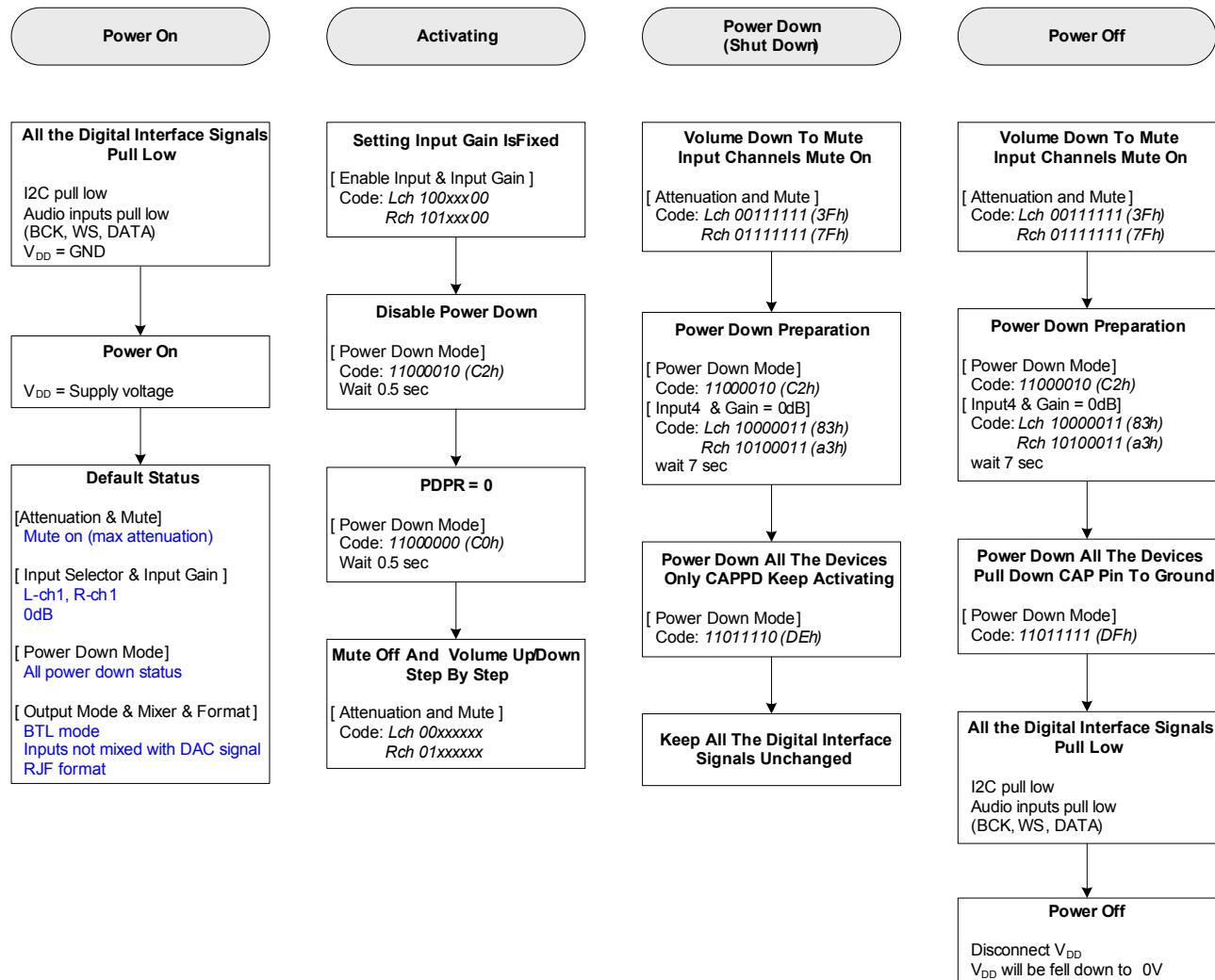


X

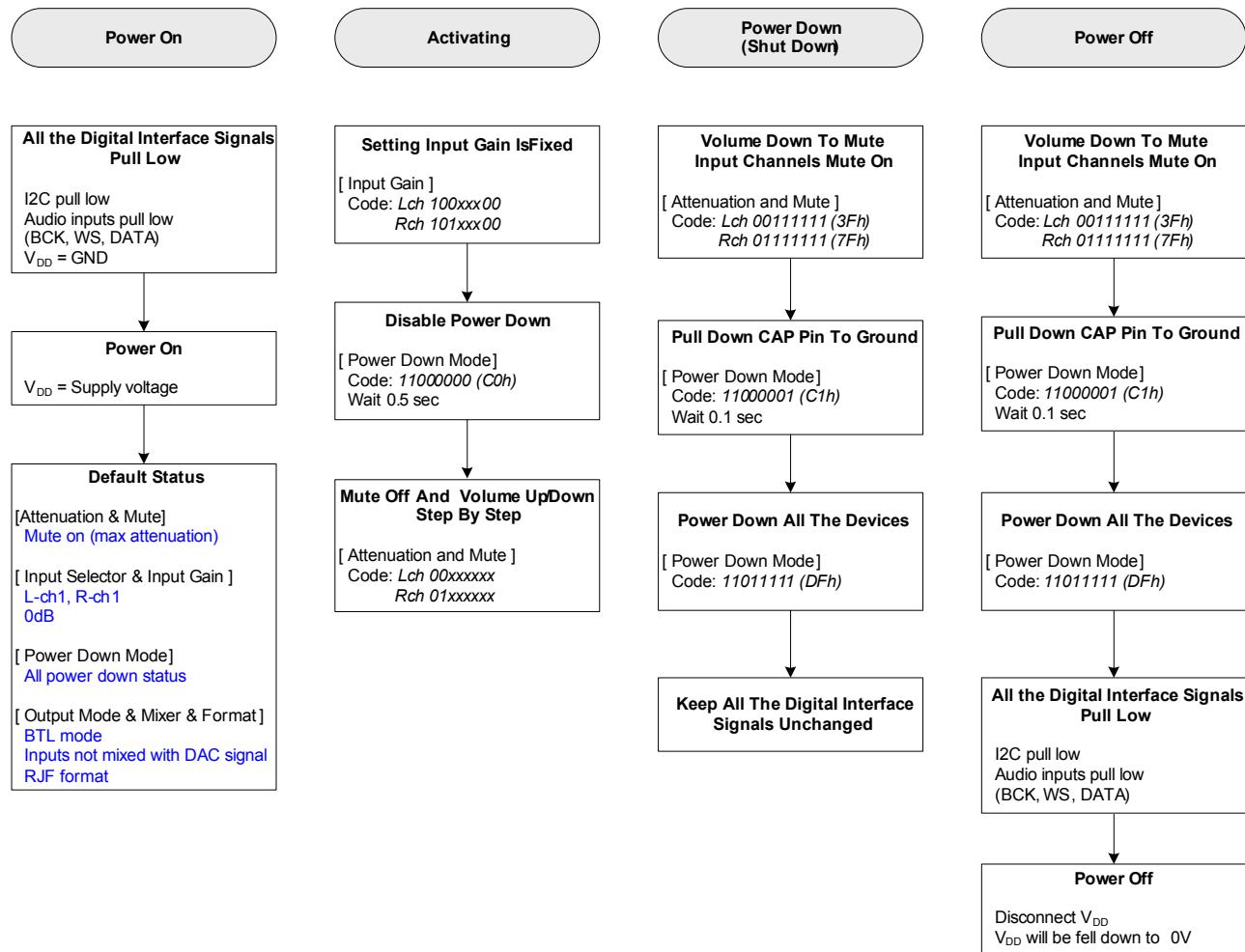
## OPERATION PROCEDURE

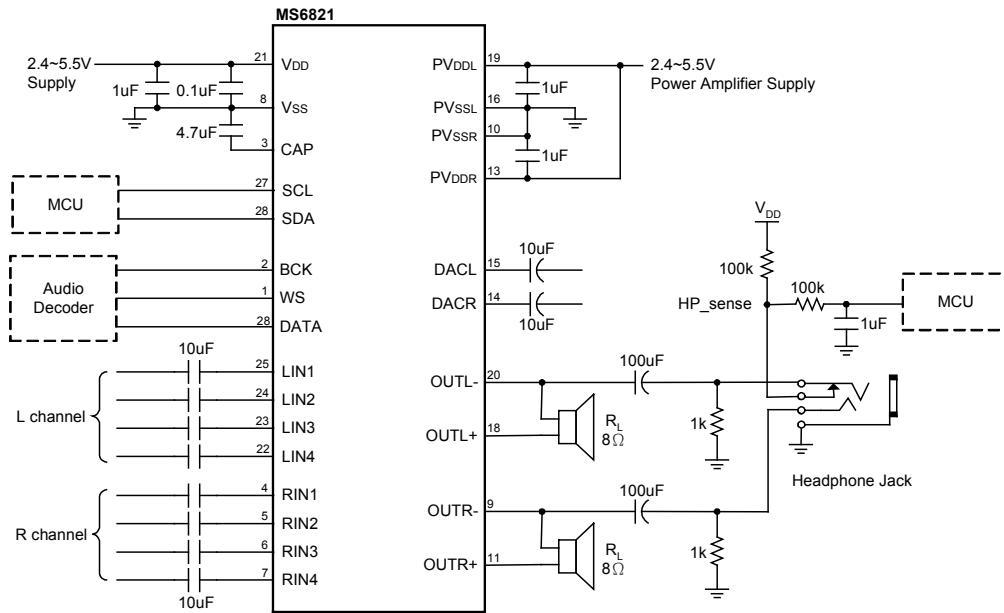
The sequence of operation: power on → activating → power down → activating → power off. The basic flowcharts are as follows:

For HP mode and HP/BTL mode

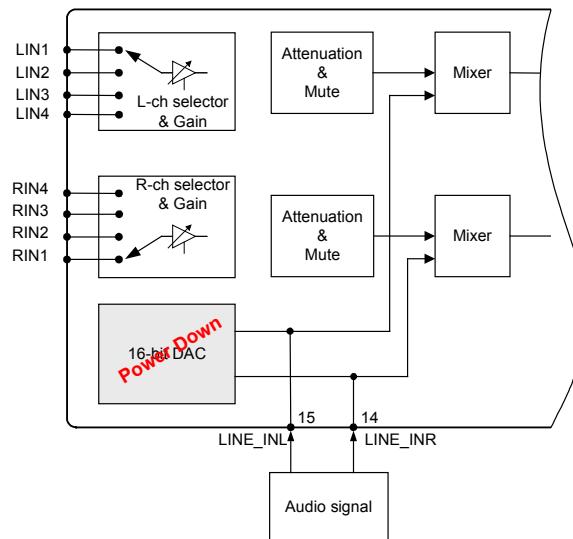


For BTL mode only



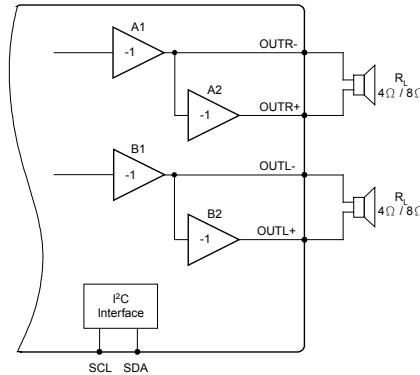
**APPLICATION INFORMATION****A base application circuit****Using LINE\_IN function -- Built-in DAC power down**

There are two functions at pin14 and pin15, one is built-in DAC output channel, and the other is LINE\_IN. The DAC must be power down if the two pins are operated in LINE\_IN function.

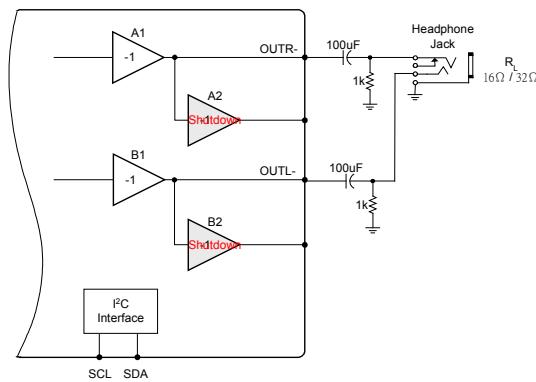


### Output mode operation -- SE mode and BTL mode

The output mode has two modes, SE mode and BTL mode. The mode is selected by I2C code via a MCU. In BTL mode, the outputs of A1(B1) and A2(B2) are then used to drive the bridged-tied load

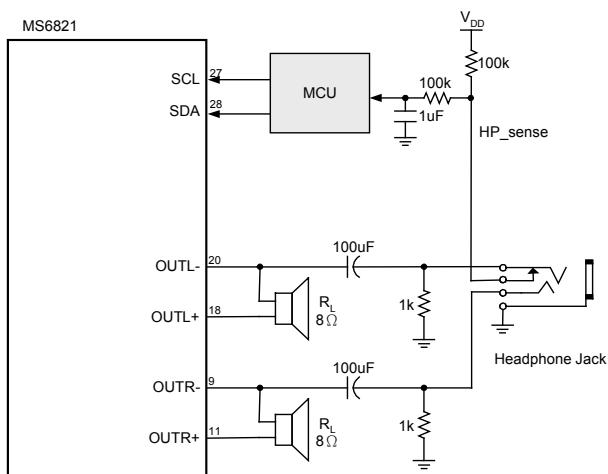


In the SE mode, the amplifiers A2 and B2 are shutdown, and then the amplifiers will be a high output impedance state.



### Headphone sense

The output mode is SE or BTL that is decided by a headphone. It has to be set SE mode when a headphone is plug-in status. The output mode is selected by I2C command code by a MCU. Please note that the MS6821 don't detect a headphone automatically. Thus a detect function is executed via a MCU. An operation diagram is as follows:

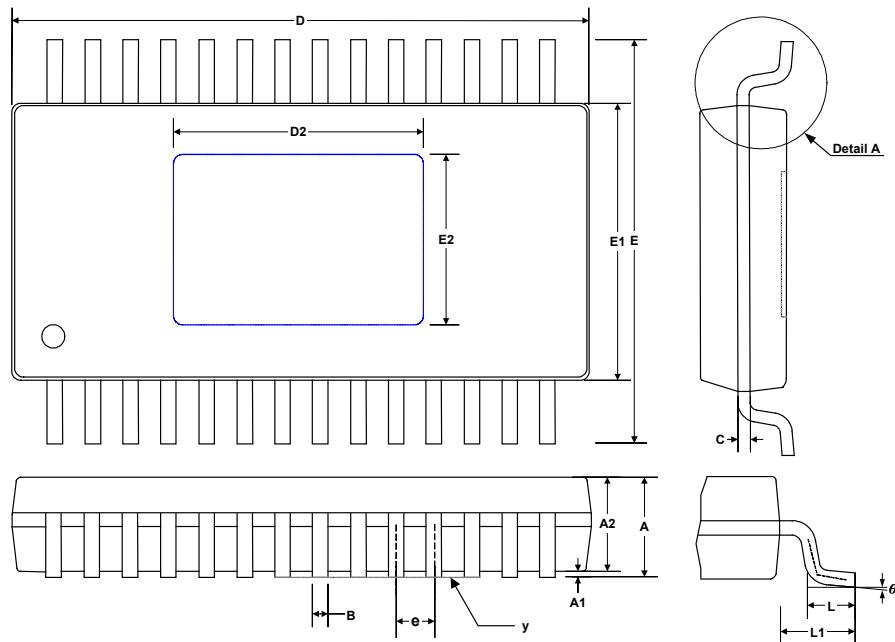


The HP\_sense pin is high when a headphone is plug-in.

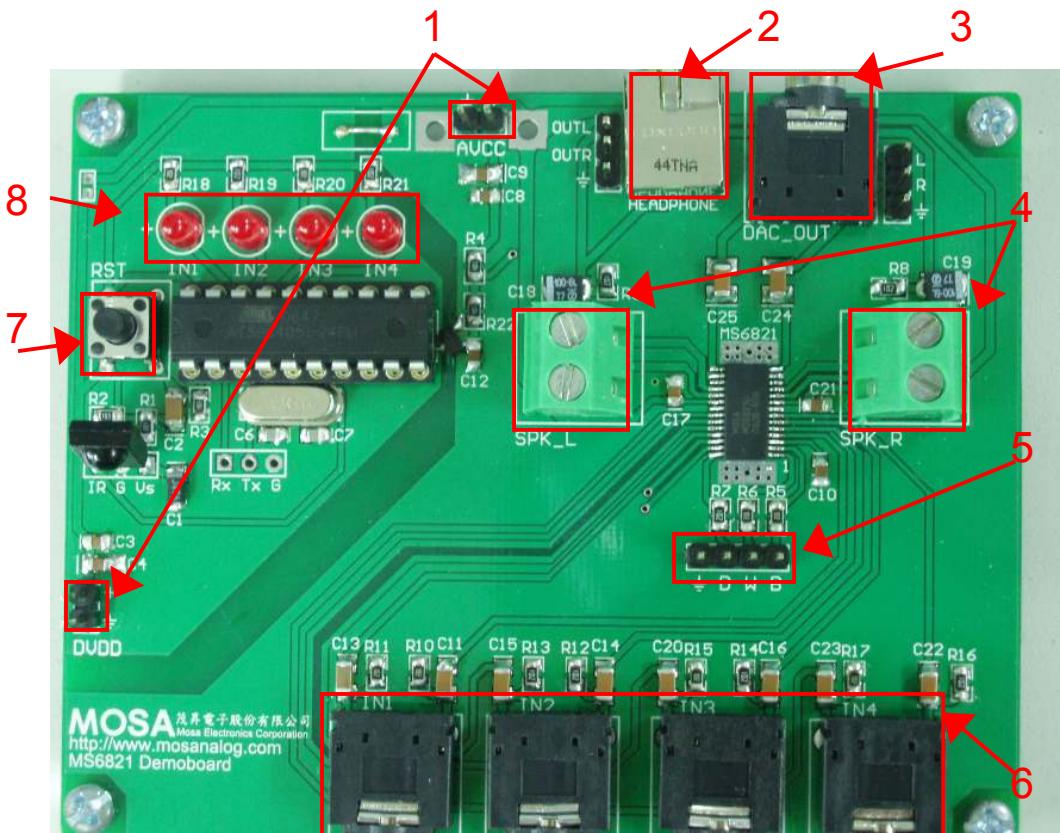
The HP\_sense pin is low when a headphone is not plug-in.

## EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS

## TSSOP28 (Thermal Pad)



Symbol	Dimension in mm			Dimension in inches		
	Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max
A	-	-	1.15	-	-	0.045
A1	0.00	-	0.10	0.000	-	0.004
A2	0.80	1.00	1.05	0.031	0.039	0.041
b	0.19	-	0.30	0.007	-	0.012
C	0.09	-	0.20	0.004	-	0.008
D	9.60	9.70	9.80	0.378	0.382	0.386
D2	3.70	3.80	3.90	0.146	0.150	0.154
E	6.20	6.40	6.60	0.244	0.252	0.260
E1	4.30	4.40	4.50	0.169	0.173	0.177
E2	2.70	2.80	2.90	0.106	0.110	0.114
e	-	0.65	-	-	0.026	-
L	0.45	0.60	0.75	0.018	0.024	0.030
L1	0.90	1.00	1.10	0.035	0.039	0.043
θ	0°	-	8°	0°	-	8°
y	-	-	0.10	-	-	0.004

**DEMO BOARD****Function description**

Label 1: Supply Input

Supply voltage range is 2.4V to 5.5V.

Label 2: Headphone Jack

Used 3.5mm diameter of headphone with 32ohm

Label 3: DAC output

Connected to a post-power-amplifier, as active speaker.

In addition, using volume control for DAC, this output can connected to input section (label 6) as feedback.

Label 4: Speaker Output

Connected to speaker with 8ohm or 4 ohm

Label 5: Digital Signal Input

Connected to digital audio formats as I2S, Right Justified and Left Justified.

Label 6: Signal Input

There are four stereo inputs in the section. Please input stereo audio signal, as music or sine wave.

Label 7: Reset

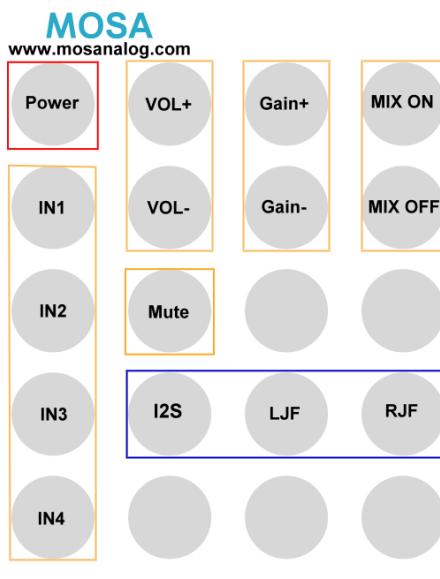
All I/O pins are reset to default values.

Label 8: LED Indicator

The LEDs indicate the chip status and IR received status. It keeps on a light state when the MS6821 is active. The other hand, keeps on a dark state when the MS6821 is power-off. It is red-dark blink once when the MCU has received the function code correctly.

**SE mode and BTL mode operation**

The headphone controls operational mode. System enters SE mode when headphone jack is empty. When a set of headphone plugged into the jack, the system switched to BTL mode.

**IR Controller****MS6821**

4 Stereo inputs / 2W PA output integrated  
Audio DAC and Volume Control

**Power ON/OFF** : The power key.

Press the key once to set power-on or power-off for MS6821.

**IN1~IN4** : Analog input channel.

Press the key once to select input channel.  
The default state is IN1.

**VOL+, VOL-** : The volume control keys.

The volume control in 1.25dB/step as the switch is pressed once, the range is -77.5dB to 0dB.  
The default value is -20dB.

**Gain+, Gain-** : The gain control keys.

The gain control in 3dB/step as the switch is pressed once, the range is 0dB to 21dB.  
The initial value is 0dB.

**Mute** : The mute key

Press the key once to set mute-on or mute-off.  
The default state is mute-off.

**PD/Active** : The power down key.

Press the key once to set power-down or activation for MS6821.

**Mix\_LR ON/OFF** : The mixing DAC signal keys.

Mix\_L ON, mixed the left channel of DAC with the left channel of input signal.  
Mix\_R OFF, unmixed the right channel of DAC with the right channel of input signal.

**I2S, LJF, RJF**: The digital input format keys.

There are three formats can be selected that is I2S, Left justified and Right justified.

## Circuit

