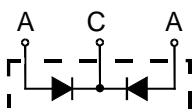
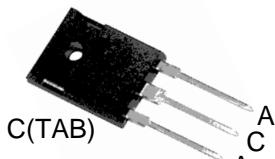


SBL4050PT thru SBL4060PT

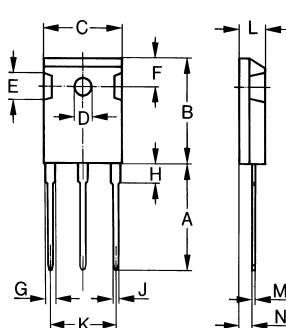
Low VF Schottky Barrier Rectifiers



A=Anode, C=Cathode, TAB=Cathode

	V_{RRM} V	V_{RMS} V	V_{DC} V
SBL4050PT	50	35	50
SBL4060PT	60	42	60

Dimensions TO-247AD



Dim.	Millimeter Min.	Millimeter Max.	Inches Min.	Inches Max.
A	19.81	20.32	0.780	0.800
B	20.80	21.46	0.819	0.845
C	15.75	16.26	0.610	0.640
D	3.55	3.65	0.140	0.144
E	4.32	5.49	0.170	0.216
F	5.4	6.2	0.212	0.244
G	1.65	2.13	0.065	0.084
H	-	4.5	-	0.177
J	1.0	1.4	0.040	0.055
K	10.8	11.0	0.426	0.433
L	4.7	5.3	0.185	0.209
M	0.4	0.8	0.016	0.031
N	1.5	2.49	0.087	0.102

Symbol	Characteristics	Maximum Ratings	Unit
I_(AV)	Maximum Average Forward Rectified Current @T _c =100°C	40	A
I_{FSM}	Peak Forward Surge Current 8.3ms Single Half-Sine-Wave Superimposed On Rated Load (JEDEC METHOD)	375	A
V_F	Maximum Forward Voltage At 20A DC @T _j =25°C	0.70	V
I_R	Maximum DC Reverse Current @T _j =25°C At Rated DC Blocking Voltage @T _j =100°C	10 100	mA
C_J	Typical Junction Capacitance Per Element (Note 1)	800	pF
R_{eJC}	Typical Thermal Resistance (Note 2)	1.4	°C/W
T_J	Operating Temperature Range	-55 to +125	°C
T_{STG}	Storage Temperature Range	-55 to +150	°C

NOTES: 1. Measured At 1.0MHz And Applied Reverse Voltage Of 4.0V DC.

2. Thermal Resistance Junction To Case.

FEATURES

- * Metal of silicon rectifier, majority carrier conduction
- * Guard ring for transient protection
- * Low power loss, high efficiency
- * High current capability, low V_F
- * High surge capacity
- * For use in low voltage, high frequency inverters, free whelling, and polarity protection applications

MECHANICAL DATA

- * Case: TO-247AD molded plastic
- * Polarity: As marked on the body
- * Weight: 0.2 ounces, 5.6 grams
- * Mounting position: Any

SBL4050PT thru SBL4060PT

Low VF Schottky Barrier Rectifiers

FIG.1 - FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

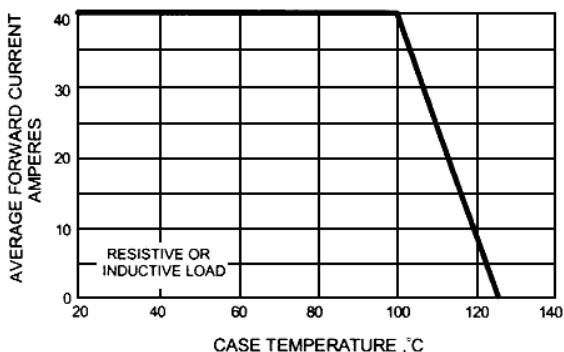


FIG.2 - MAXIMUM NON-REPETITIVE SURGE CURRENT

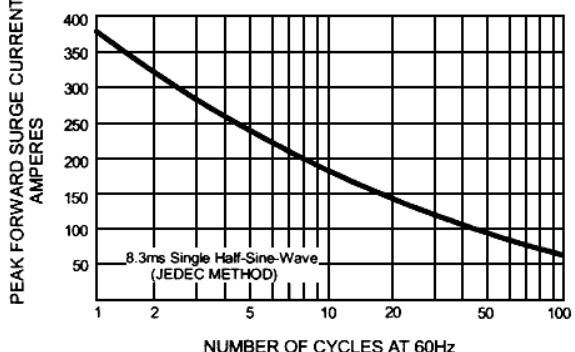


FIG.3 - TYPICAL REVERSE CHARACTERISTICS

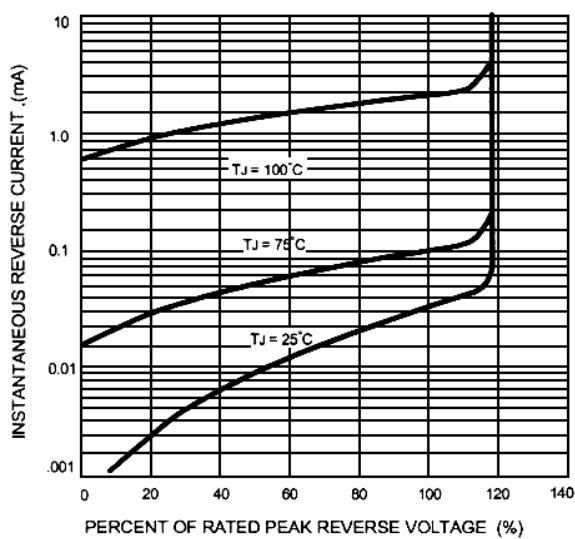


FIG.4 - TYPICAL FORWARD CHARACTERISTICS

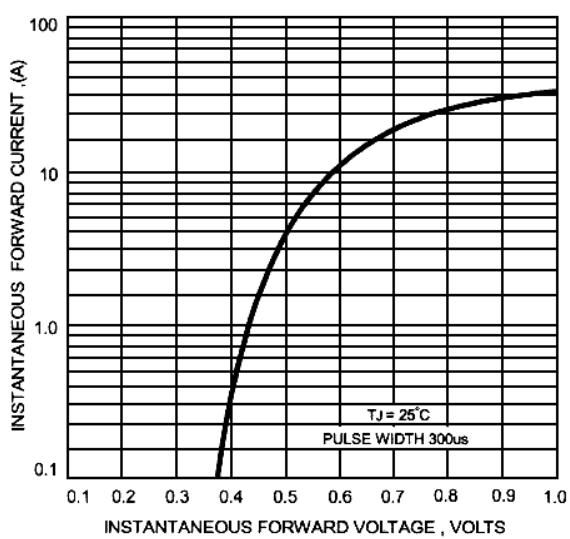


FIG.5 - TYPICAL JUNCTION CAPACITANCE

