CMOS 8-Bit Microcontroller TMP88PS38NG/FG

The TMP88PS38 is the high-speed and high performance 8-bit signal chip microcomputers which built in a program storage area (64 Kbytes), an OSD font storage area (24 Kbytes) and the one-time PROM of vector table storage area (256 bytes). The TMP88PS38 is pin compatible with the TMP88CS38. The operation possible with the TMP88PS38 can be performed by writing programs to PROM. The TMP88PS38 can write and verify in the same way as the TC571000D an EPROM programmer.

Product No.	OTP	RAM	Package	Adaptor Socket
TMP88PS38NG	64 Kbytes (256 bytes)	2 Kbytes	P-SDIP42-600-1.78	BM11174A
TMP88PS38FG	24 Kbytes	2 Ruyles	P-QFP44-1414-0.80K	BM11175A

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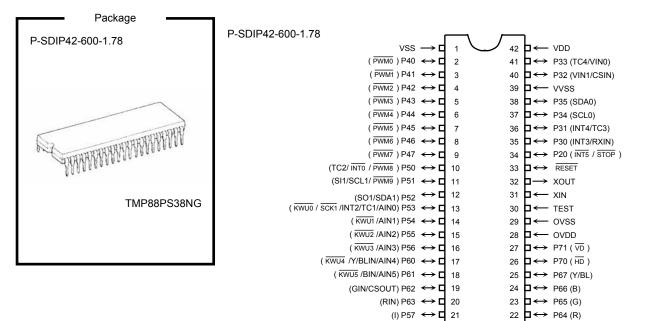
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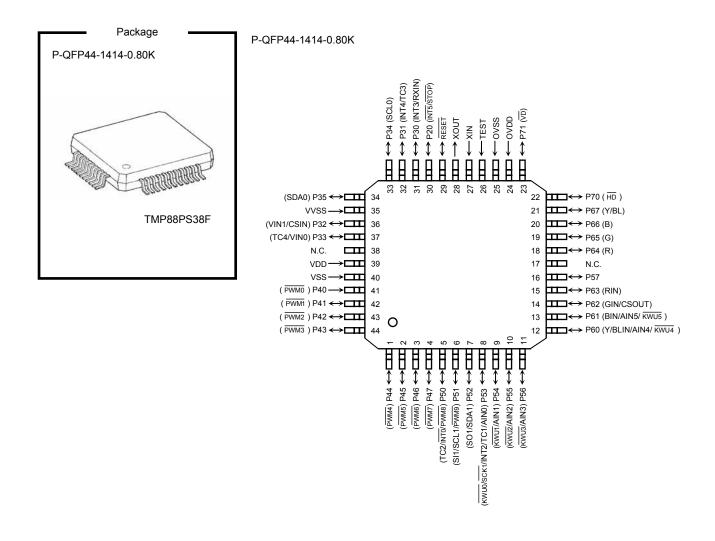
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Pin Assignments





Operational Description

The configuration and function of the TMP88PS38 are the same as those of the TMP88CS38, except in that a one-time PROM is used instead of an on-chip mask ROM.

1. Operation Mode

The TMP88PS38 has two mode: MCU and PROM.

1.1 MCU Mode

The MCU mode is activated by fixing the TEST/VPP pin at low level. In the MCU mode, operation is the same as with the TMP88CS38.

1.1.1 Program Memory

The TMP88PS38 has a 64 Kbytes (Addresses 04000H to 13EFFH in the MCU mode, addresses 10000H to 1FEFFH in the PROM mode) of program storage area, 24 Kbytes (Addresses 20000H to 25FFFH in the MCU mode, addresses 0A000H to 0FFFFH in the PROM mode) and 256 bytes (Addresses FFF00H to FFFFFH in the MCU mode, addresses 1FF00H to 1FFFFH in the PROM mode) one-time PROM of vector table storage area.

1.1.2 Data Memory

The TMP88PS38 has an on-chip 2-Kbyte data memory (Static RAM).

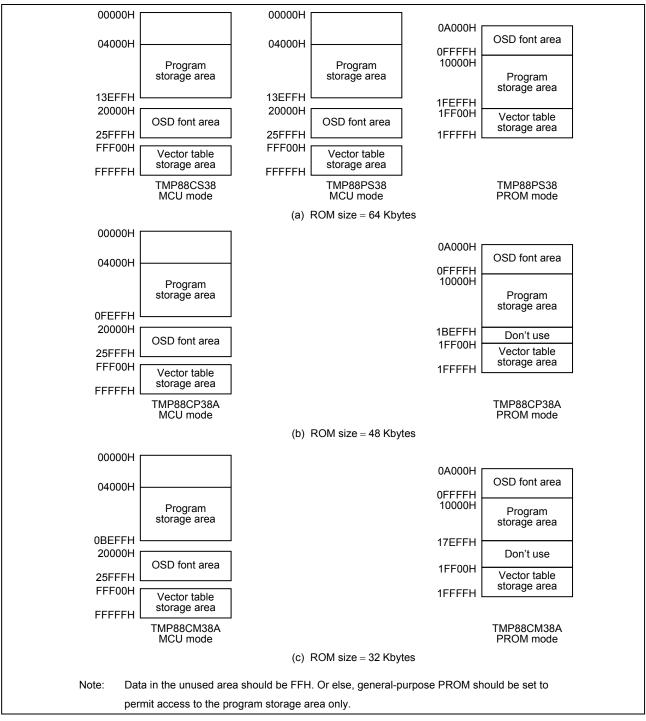
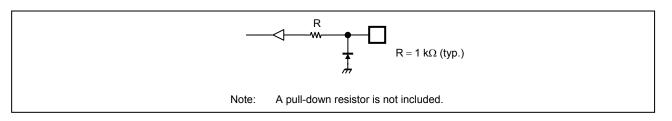


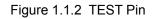
Figure 1.1.1 Program Storage Area

1.1.3 Input/Output Circuit for Pins

(1) Control pins

The TMP88PS38 is identical to the TMP88CS38 and TMP88CM38A/CP38A except that it has a TEST pin without a pull-down resistor.





(2) I/O ports

The input/output circuit for the TMP88PS38 I/O port is the same as that for the TMP88CS38 and TMP88CM38A/CP38A.

1.2 PROM Mode

The PROM mode is used to write and verify programs with a general-purpose PROM programmer. The high-speed programming mode can be used for program operation.

The TMP88PS38 is not supported an electric signature mode, so the ROM type must be set to TC571000D.

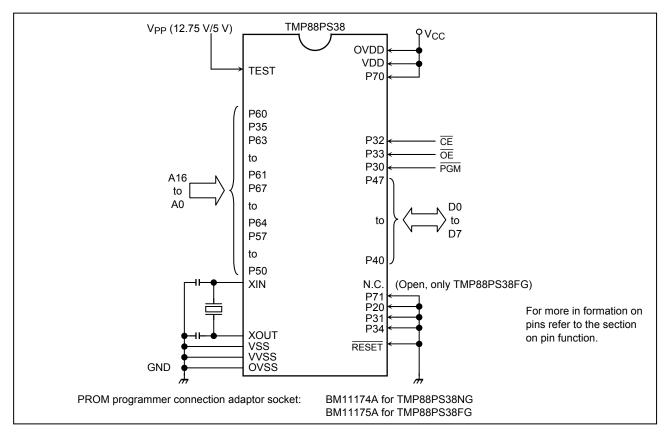


Figure 1.2.1 Setting for PROM Mode

Pin Name (EPROM mode)	Input/Output	Function	Pin Name (MCU mode)		
A16			P60		
A15 to A8	Input	PROM address inputs	P35, P63 to P61, P67 to P64		
A7 to A0			P57 to P50		
D7 to D0	I/O	PROM data inputs/outputs	P47 to p40		
CE		Chip enable signal input (Active low)	P32		
ŌE	Input	Output enable signal input (Active low)	P33		
PGM		Program mode signal input	P30		
VPP		+12.75 V/5 V (Program supply voltage)	TEST		
VCC	Power supply	+6.25 V/5 V	VDD, OVDD		
GND		0 V	VSS, VVSS, OVSS		
P70		PROM mode setting pin. Be fixed at high level.			
P71, P20, P31, P34	Input	PROM mode setting pin. Be fixed at low level.			
RESET		PROM mode setting pin. Be fixed at low level.			
XIN	Input	Connect on 8 MHz oscillator to stabilize the state			
XOUT	Output	Connect an 8 MHz oscillator to stabilize the state.			
N.C.	Open	Open			

PROM programmer connection adaptor socket: BM11174A for TMP88PS38NG BM11175A for TMP88PS38FG

1.3 Programming Flowchart (High-speed Programming Mode)

The high-speed programming mode is achieved by applying the program voltage (+12.75 V) to the VPP pin when Vcc = 6.25 V. After the address and input data are stable, the data is programmed by applying a single 0.1ms program pulse to the \overline{PGM} input. The programmed data is verified. If incorrect, another 0.1ms program pulse is applied. This process should be repeated (up to 25 times) until the program operates correctly. After that, change the address and input data, and program as before. When programming has been completed, the data in all addresses should be verified with Vcc = Vpp = 5 V.

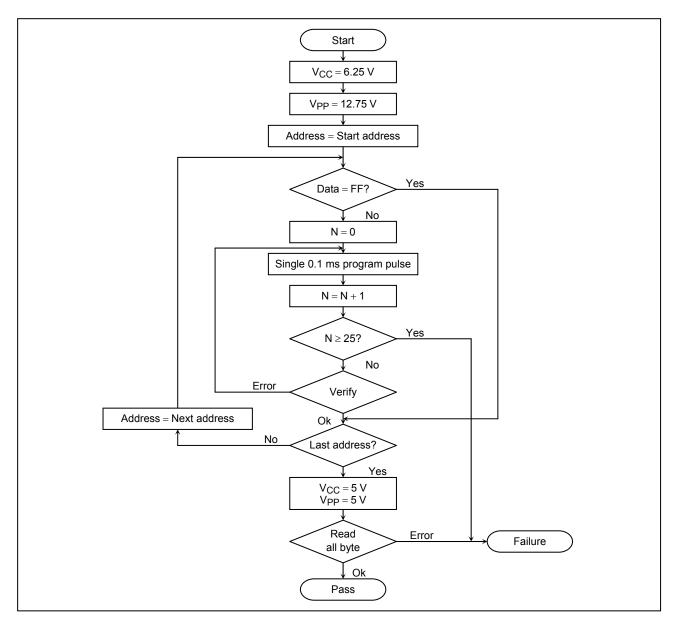


Figure 1.3.1 Flow Chart of High-speed Programming

1.4 Writing Method for General-purpose PROM Program

(1) Adapters

BM11174A: TMP88PS38N BM11175A: TMP88PS38F

- (2) PROM programmer specifying
 - i) PROM type is specified to TC571000D. (Note 1)

Writing voltage: 12.75 V (High-speed programming mode)

ii) Data transfer (copy) (Note 1)

In the TMP88PS38, EPROM is within the addresses 10000H to 1FEFFH (Program storage area) and 0A000H to 0FFFFH (OSD font area) and 1FF00H to 1FFFFH (Vector table storage area). Data is required to be transferred (Copied) to the addresses where it is possible to write. The program area in MCU mode and PROM mode is referred to "Program memory area" in Figure 1.1.

iii) Writing address is specified. (Note 1) Start address:0A000H

End address: 1FFFFH

(3) Writing

Writing/Verifying is required to be executed in accordance with PROM programmer operating procedure.

- Note 1: The specifying method is referred to the PROM programmer description. Either write the data FFH to the unused area or set the PROM programmer to access only the program storage area.
- Note 2: When MCU is set to an adapter or the adapter is set to PROM programmer, a position of pin 1 must be adjusted. If the setting is reversed, MCU, the adapter and PROM program is damaged.

Input/Output Circuit

(1) Control pins

The input/output circuitries of the $\rm TMP88PS38$ control pins are shown below.

Control Pin	I/O	Input/Output Circuitry	Remarks
XIN XOUT	I/O	Osc.enable fc VDD VDD Rf Ro XIN XOUT M	Resonator connection pins (High frequency) $R_{f} = 1.2 \text{ M}\Omega \text{ (typ.)}$ $R_{O} = 0.5 \text{ k}\Omega \text{ (typ.)}$
RESET	I/O	Address-trap-reset Watchdog-timer-reset System-clock-reset	Sink open-drain output Hysteresis input Pull-up resistor $R_{IN} = 220 \text{ k}\Omega \text{ (typ.)}$ $R = 1 \text{ k}\Omega \text{ (typ.)}$
STOP / INT5 (P20)	Input		Hysteresis input R = 1 kΩ (typ.)
TEST	Input		R = 1 kΩ (typ.)

(2) Input/output ports

Port	I/O	Input/Output Circuitry	Remarks
P20	I/O	Initial "High-Z"	Sink open-drain output Hysteresis input R = 1 kΩ (typ.)
P30 to P33 P50, P57 P70, P71	I/O	Initial "High-Z"	Tri-state I/O Hysteresis input R = 1 kΩ (typ.)
P34, P35, P51, P52	I/O	Open-drain output enable Disable	Tri-state I/O or open-drain output programmable Hysteresis input R = 1 kΩ (typ.)
P40 to P47	I/O	Initial "High-Z"	Tri-state I/O R = 1 kΩ (typ.)
P53 to P56	I/O	Initial "High-Z" Disable	Tri-state I/O Hysteresis input Key-on wakeup input ($V_{IL4} = 0.65 \times V_{DD}$) $R = 1 k\Omega (typ.)$ $R_A = 5 k\Omega (typ.)$ $C_A = 22 pF (typ.)$

Port	I/O	Input/Output Circuitry	Remarks
P60, P61	I/O	Initial "High-Z" Disable C_A R_A	Sink open-drain output High current output $I_{OL} = 20 \text{ mA (typ.)}$ $R = 1 \text{ k}\Omega (\text{typ.)}$ $R_A = 5 \text{ k}\Omega (\text{typ.)}$ $C_A = 22 \text{ pF (typ.)}$ Key-on wakeup input
		₩ Key-on wakeup	$(V_{IL4} = 0.65 \times V_{DD})$
P62		Initial "High-Z"	Tri-state I/O High current output I _{OL} = 20 mA (typ.)
(at CSOUT)	I/O		R = 1 kΩ (typ.)
P62,		Initial "High-Z"	Sink open-drain output High current output $I_{OL} = 20 \text{ mA (typ.)}$
P63	I/O		R = 1 kΩ (typ.)
P64 to P67	I/O	Initial "High-Z"	Tri-state I/O R = 1 kΩ (typ.)

Electrical Characteristics

Absolute Maximum Ratin	gs	(V _{SS} = 0 V)		
Parameter	Symbol	Pins	Ratings	Unit
Supply voltage	V _{DD}	_	-0.3 to 6.5	
Programmable voltage	V _{PP}	TEST/V _{PP} Pin	-0.3 to 13.0	
Input voltage	V _{IN}	_	-0.3 to V _{DD} + 0.3	
Output voltage	V _{OUT1}	_	-0.3 to V _{DD} + 0.3	
Output ourroot (Dor 1 pip)	I _{OUT1}	Ports P2, P3, P4, P5, P64 to P67, P7	3.2	
Output current (Per 1 pin)	I _{OUT2}	Ports P60 to P63	30	
Output ourropt (Total)	Σ lout1	Ports P2, P3, P4, P5, P64 to P67, P7	120	- mA
Output current (Total)	Σ I _{OUT2}	Ports P60 to P63	120	
Power dissipation [Topr = 70°C]	PD	_	600	mW
Soldering temperature (Time)	Tsld	_	260 (10 s)	
Storage temperature	Tstg	_	-55 to 125	°C
Operating temperature	Topr	_	-30 to 70	

Note: The absolute maximum ratings are rated values which must not be exceeded during operation, even for an instant. Any one of the ratings must not be exceeded. If any absolute maximum rating is exceeded, a device may break down or its performance may be degraded, causing it to catch fire or explode resulting in injury to the user. Thus, when designing products which include this device, ensure that no absolute maximum rating value will ever be exceeded.

Recommended Op	perating Co	nditions (V _{SS} = 0) V, Topr = -30	to 70°C)			
Parameter	Symbol	Pins	Con	Conditions		Max	Unit
			fc = 16 MHz	NORMAL mode			
Supply voltage	V _{DD}	-	fc = 16 MHz	IDLE mode	4.5	5.5	
			-	STOP mode			
Input high voltage	V _{IH1}	Except hysteresis input	- Vחח = 4.5 to 5.5V		$V_{DD} \times 0.70$	\/	v
input nigh voltage	V _{IH2}	Hysteresis input	VDD = 4.5 to 5.5V		$V_{DD} \times 0.75$	V _{DD}	v
	V _{IL1}	Except hysteresis input	eresis input $V_{DD} = 4.5$ to 5.5V			$V_{DD} \times 0.30$	
Input low voltage	V _{IL2}	Hysteresis input	VDD = 4.5 to 5	1.5 V	0	$V_{DD} \times 0.25$	
	V _{IL4}	Key-on wakeup input	V _{DD} = 4.5 to 5	5.5V		$V_{DD} \times 0.65$	
	fc	XIN, XOUT	$V_{DD} = 4.5$ to 5	5.5V	8.0	16.0	
Clock frequency	face	Internal clock	V _{DD} = 4.5 to 5	fc = 8 MHz	8.0	12.0	MHz
	fosc	Internal Clock	$v_{DD} = 4.5 10.5$	fc = 16 MHz	16.0	24.0	

Note 1: The recommended operating conditions for a device are operating conditions under which it can be guaranteed that the device will operate as specified. If the device is used under operating conditions other than the recommended operating conditions (Supply voltage, operating temperature range, specified AC/DC values etc.), malfunction may occur. Thus, when designing products which include this device, ensure that the recommended operating conditions for the device are always adhered to.

Note 2: Clock frequency fc: Supply voltage range is specified in NORMAL mode and IDLE mode.

Note 3: Smaller value is alternatively specified as the maximum value.

DC Chara	cteristics	(V _{SS} = 0	V, Topr = −30 to 70°C)				
Parameter	Symbol	Pins	Conditions	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Hysteresis voltage	V _{HS}	Hysteresis inputs		-	0.9	-	V
	I _{IN1}	TEST	$V_{DD} = 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{IN} = 5.5 \text{ V}/0 \text{ V}$	-	-	±2	
Input current	I _{IN2}	Open-drain ports	$V_{DD} = 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{IN} = 5.5 \text{ V}/0 \text{ V}$	-	-	±2	μA
input current	I _{IN3}	Tri-state ports	$V_{DD} = 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{IN} = 5.5 \text{ V}/0 \text{ V}$	-	-	±2	μΑ
	I _{IN4}	RESET, STOP	$V_{DD} = 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{IN} = 5.5 \text{ V}/0 \text{ V}$	-	-	±2	
Input resistance	R _{IN2}	RESET	V _{DD} = 5.5 V, V _{IN} = 0 V	100	220	450	kΩ
	I _{LO1}	Sink open-drain ports	V _{DD} = 5.5 V, V _{OUT} = 5.5 V	-	-	2	
Output leakage current	I _{LO2}	Tri-state ports	$V_{DD} = 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{OUT} = 5.5 \text{ V/0 V}$	-	_	±2	μA
Output high voltage	V _{OH2}	Tri-state ports	$V_{DD} = 4.5 \text{ V}, I_{OH} = -0.7 \text{ mA}$	4.1	_	_	
Output low voltage	V _{OL}	Except XOUT and ports P60 to P63	$V_{DD} = 4.5 V, I_{OL} = 1.6 mA$	_	-	0.4	V
Output low current	I _{OL3}	Port P60 to P63	$V_{DD} = 4.5 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{OL} = 1.0 \text{ V}$	-	20	_	
Supply current in NORMAL mode			V _{DD} = 5.5 V fc = 16 MHz (Note 3)	_	25	30	mA
Supply current in IDLE mode	I _{DD}	_	fc = 16 MHz (Note 3) $V_{IN} = 5.3 V/0.2 V$	-	20	25	
Supply current in STOP mode			$V_{DD} = 5.5 V$ $V_{IN} = 5.3 V/0.2 V$	_	0.5	10	μA

Note 1: Typical values show those at Topr = 25° C, VDD = 5 V.

Note 2: Input Current I_{IN3} : The current through resistor is not included.

Note 3: Supply Current IDD: The current (Typ. 0.5 mA) through ladder resistors of ADC is included in NORMAL mode and IDLE mode.

AD Conversion Characteristics		(V_{SS} = 0 V, V_{DD} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V, Topr = -30 to 70°C)				
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Analog reference voltage	V _{AREF}	supplied from V _{DD} pin.	-	V _{DD}	-	
Analog reference voltage	V _{ASS}	supplied from V_{SS} pin.	-	0	-	V
Analog reference voltage range	ΔV_{AREF}	$= V_{DD} - V_{SS}$	-	V _{DD}	-	v
Analog input voltage	V _{AIN}		V _{SS} – V _{DD}			
Nonlinearity error			-	-	±1	
Zero point error		עם = 5.0 V	-	-	±2	LSB
Full scale error		VDD - 3.0 v	-	_	±2	LOD
Total error			_	_	±3	

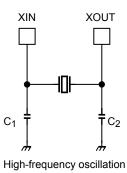
Note: The total error means all error except quanting error.

AC Characteristics		(V _{SS} = 0 V, V _{DD} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V, Topr = -30 to 70° C)					
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit	
Machine cycle time	t _{cy}	in NORMAL mode	0.5	-	1.0	μS	
		in IDLE mode	0.5				
High level clock pulse width	T _{WCH}	for external clock operation	31.25			ns	
Low level clock pulse width	T _{WCL}	(XIN input), fc = 16 MHz	51.25	_	_	115	

Recommended oscillating conditions

(V_{SS} = 0 V, V_{DD} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V, Topr = -30 to 70°C)

ſ	Parameter	Oscillator	Oscillation	Recommended Oscillator		Recom Con	mended stant
			Frequency			C ₁	C ₂
	High-frequency	Ceramic resonator	8 MHz	Murata	CSA 8.00MTZ	30 pF	30 pF
	oscillation		16 MHz	Murata	CSA 16.00MXZ040	5 pF	5 pF



- Note 1: To keep reliable operation, shield the device electrically with the metal plate on its package mold surface against the high electric field, for example, by CRT (Cathode ray tube).
- Note 2: The product numbers and specifications of the resonators by Murata Manufacturing Co., Ltd. are subject to change. For up-to-date information, please refer to the following URL;

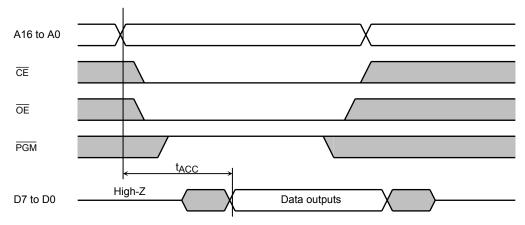
http://www.murata.co.jp/search/index.html

DC/AC Characteristics (PROM mode) (V_{SS} = 0 V)

(1) Read operation (V_{DD} = 5.0 ± 0.25 V, Topr = $25 \pm 5^{\circ}$ C)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Input high voltage (A0 to A16, \overline{CE} , \overline{OE} , \overline{PGM})	V _{IH4}		$V_{DD} \times 0.7$	_	VDD	
Input low voltage (A0 to A16, CE , OE , PGM)	V _{IL4}		0	_	0.8	V
Program power supply voltage	V _{PP}		4.75	5.0	5.25	
Address access time	tACC		-	1.5tcyc + 300	-	ns

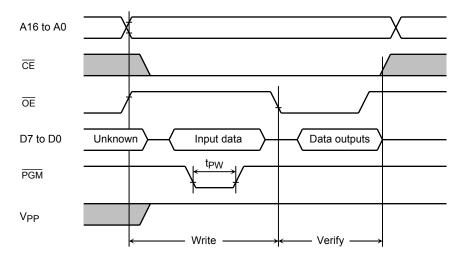
Note: tcyc = 400 ns at 10 MHz



(2) High-speed programming operation (Topr = $25 \pm 5^{\circ}$ C, V_{DD} = 6.25 ± 0.25 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Input high voltage (D0 to D7, A0 to A16, \overline{CE} , \overline{OE} , \overline{PGM})	V _{IH4}		$V_{DD} \times 0.7$	_	V _{DD}	
Input low voltage (D0 to D7, A0 to A16, \overline{CE} , \overline{OE} , \overline{PGM})	V _{IL4}		0	-	0.8	V
Program power supply voltage	V _{PP}		12.5	12.75	13.0	
Initial program pulse width	t _{PW}	V _{DD} = 6.0 V	0.095	0.1	0.105	ms

High-speed Programming Timing



Note 1: When Vcc power supply is turned on or after, Vpp must be increased.

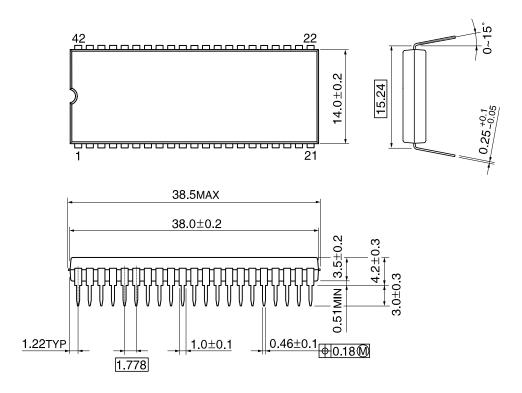
When Vcc power supply is turned off or before, Vpp must be increased.

- Note 2: The device must not be set to the EPROM programmer or picked up from it under applying the program voltage (12.75 V \pm 0.25 V) to the Vpp pin as the device is damaged.
- Note 3: Be sure to execute the recommended programing mode with the recommended programing adaptor. If a mode or an adaptor except the above, the misoperation sometimes occurs.

Package

P-SDIP42-600-1.78

Unit: mm



P-QFP44-1414-0.80K

Unit: mm

