

Structure Silicon monolithic integrated circuit

Product Name Home Electronics and Security Devices IC

Type **BU6554GVW**

Feature Built-in JPEG Codec, 3M pixels Camera Module Interface, QVGA LCD controller interface,

and SD Card Interface

• Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Supply voltage 1 (IO1)	VDDIO1	-0.3~+3.5	V
Supply voltage 2 (IO2)	VDDIO2	-0.3~+3.5	V
Supply voltage 3 (CORE)	VDD	-0.3~+1.9	V
Power dissipation	PD	380*1, 1000*2	mW
Input voltage 1	VIN1	-0.3~VDDIO1+0.3	V
Input voltage 2	VIN2	-0.3~VDDIO2+0.3	V
Storage temperature range	Tstg	-25~+125	℃

^{*1} IC only. If exceeding 25°C, 3.8mW should be reduced at the rating 1°C.

- * Anti radiation design is not provided.
- * Operation is not guaranteed.

• Operating conditions (Ta=-20°C~+85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	MIN	TYP	MAX	Unit
Supply voltage 1 (IO1)	VDDIO1	1.70	1.80	3.00	٧
Supply voltage 2 (IO2)	VDDIO2	2.70	2.85	3.00	V
Supply voltage 3 (CORE)	VDD	1.45	1.50	1.55	٧
Input "H" voltage 1	VIH1	VDDIO×0.8	-	VDDIO+0.3	٧
Input "L" voltage 1	VIL1	-0.3	-	VDDIO×0.2	٧
Input "H" voltage 2	VIH2	VDDIO × 0.85	-	VDDIO+0.3	٧
Input "L" voltage 2	VIL2	-0.3	•	VDDIO × 0.15	٧
Input voltage range	VIN-VDDIO1,2	-0.3	-	VDDIO+0.3	V

^{*} Supply power in the order of VDD -> VDDIO1 -> VDDIO2.

Status of this document

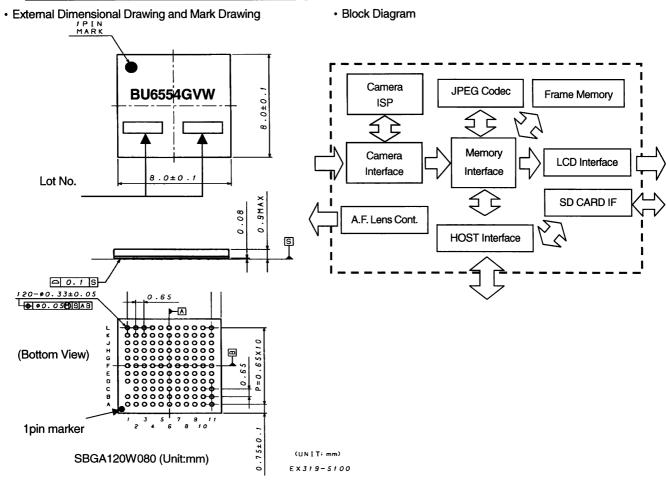
The Japanese version of this document is the formal specification. A customer may use this translation version only for a reference to help reading the formal version. If there are any differences in translation version of this document, formal version takes priority.

^{*2} When packaging a glass epoxy board of 70*70*1.6mm. If exceeding 25°C, 10.0 mW should be reduced at the rating 1°C.



• Electric Characteristics (Unless otherwise specified, VDD=1.50V, VDDIO=2.85V, GND=0.0V, Ta=25°C, F_{IN} =12.0MHz, and F_{SSYS} =48.0MHz.)

Parameter	Symbol		Limits		Unit	Condition
Falametei	Syllibol	MIN	TYP	MAX	Oill	Solidion
Input frequency	F _{IN}	10.0	-	24.0	MHz	XIN(Duty48%~52%)
Internal operating frequency	F _{SSYS}	•	-	48.0	MHz	Internal SCLK frequency
Internal PLL input frequency	F _{PIN}	2.5	-	7.5	MHz	Internal PLL input frequency
Internal PLL output frequency	F _{POUT}	100		200	MHz	Internal PLL output frequency
Standby current	IDDst_	•	-	150	μΑ	At suspend mode setting
Input "H" current 1	IIH1	-10	-	10	μΑ	VIH=VDDIO
Input "H" current 2	IIH2	25	50	100	μΑ	Pull-Down terminal, VIH=VDDIO
Input "H" current 3	IIH3	-10	•	10	μΑ	Pull-Up terminal, VIH=VDDIO
Input "L" current 1	IIL1	-10	-	10	μΑ	VIL=GND
Input "L" current 2	IIL2	-10	-	10	μΑ	Pull-Down terminal, VIL=GND
Input "L" current 3	IIL3	-160	-80	-25	μΑ	Pull-Up terminal, VIL=GND
Input "H" voltage 1	VIH1	VDDIO × 0.8	-	VDDIO +0.3	٧	Normal input (including input mode of I/O terminal)
Input "L" voltage 1	VIL1	-0.3	-	VDDIO × 0.2	٧	Normal input (including input mode of I/O terminal)
Input "H" voltage 2	VIH2	VDDIO × 0.85	-	VDDIO +0.3	٧	Hysteresis input (RESETB, CSB, SD_CSB, WRB, RDB, XIN)
Input "L" voltage 2	VIL2	-0.3	-	VDDIO × 0.15	٧	Hysteresis input (RESETB, CSB, SD_CSB, WRB, RDB, XIN)
Output "H" voltage 1	VOH1	VDDIO -0.4	-	VDDIO	٧	IOH1=-1.0mA(DC) (Including output mode of I/O terminal)
Output "L" voltage 1	VOL1	0.0	-	0.4	٧	IOL1=1.0mA(DC) (Including output mode of I/O terminal)
Output "H" voltage 2	VOH2	VDDIO -0.4	-	VDDIO	٧	IOH2=-1.0mA(DC)、XOUT terminal
Output "L" voltage 2	VOL2	0.0		0.4	V	IOL2=1.0mA(DC)、XOUT terminal





• Ball No. and Pin Name

Ball No.	Pin Name
G3	A1
G2	A2
L5	CAMCKI
L2	CAMCKO
J3	CAMD0
K4	CAMD1
L3	CAMD2
F6	CAMD3
G6	CAMD4
J4	CAMD5
L4	CAMD6
K5	CAMD7
H6	CAMD8
J5	CAMD9
K2	CAMHS
H5	CAMVS
K6	CAM_CNT0
F7	CAM_CNT1
G7	CAM_CNT2
L6	CAM_CNT3
H7	CAM_CNT4
K7	CAM_CNT5 CAM_CNT6
J6	CAM_CNT6
L7	CAM_CNT7
H1	CSB
G4	SD_CSB
G1	D0
F3	D1
F4	D2
F5	D3
F1	D4
E5	D5
E1	D6
E2	D7
D3	D8
D1	D9
D2	D10
D3	D11
C2	D12
B1	D13

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Ball No.	Pin Name		
B2	D14		
C3	D15		
F10	PHA/PWM/KEY0		
E7	PHB/KEY1		
A9	PHC/GIO2/KEY2		
G11	PHD/VD/GIO6		
H4	INT		
G9	LCDA0		
F11	LCDCS1B		
G10	LCDCS2B		
F9	LCDD0		
D11	LCDD1		
E10	LCDD2		
C11	LCDD3		
D10	LCDD4		
C10	LCDD5		
B11	LCDD6/SCL		
E9	LCDD7/SI		
D8	LCDD8		
C8	LCDD9		
A8	LCDD10		
B8	LCDD11		
A7	LCDD12		
D7	LCDD13		
C7	LCDD14		
A6	LCDD15		
B7	LCDD16		
B6	LCDD17		
D9	LCDRDB		
C9	LCDWRB		
J10	LEDCNT/GIO1		
C6	PWM0/GIO0		
H9	PWM1/GIO3		
H10	PWM2/GIO4		
H11	PWM3/GIO5		
J1	RDB		
A 5	RESETB		
K1	SDA		
G5	SDC		
D6	SDCLK		

Ball No.	Pin Name		
E6	SDCMD		
A4	SDDAT0		
B5	SDDAT1		
B3	SDDAT2		
C5	SDDAT3		
D5	SDCD		
A3	SDWP		
L8	TE_PCLK		
K8	TE_PIXCLK		
J7	TE_VSYNC		
L9	TE_HSYNC		
L10	TED0/SGIO0		
H8	TED1/SGIO1		
K9	TED2/SGIO2		
K10	TED3/SGIO3		
K11	TED4/SGIO4		
J8	TED5/SGIO5		
J9	TED6/SGIO6		
J11	TED7/SGIO7		
A10	TEST		
H3	WRB		
D4	XIN		
C4	XOUT		
F2			
K3	VDD		
E11	VUU		
B9			
J2	VDDIO1		
B4	וטוטטי		
H2			
G8	VDDIO2		
B10			
E4			
F8	GND		
E8	GIAD		
A2			
A1			
L1	N.C.		
L11] 14.0.		
A11			



· Cautions on use

(1) Absolute Maximum Ratings

An excess in the absolute maximum ratings, such as supply voltage, temperature range of operating conditions, etc., can break down devices, thus making impossible to identify breaking mode such as a short circuit or an open circuit. If any special mode exceeding the absolute maximum ratings is assumed, consideration should be given to take physical safety measures including the use of fuses, etc.

(2) Operating conditions

These conditions represent a range within which characteristics can be provided approximately as expected. The electrical characteristics are guaranteed under the conditions of each parameter.

(3) Reverse connection of power supply connector

The reverse connection of power supply connector can break down ICs. Take protective measures against the breakdown due to the reverse connection, such as mounting an external diode between the power supply and the IC's power supply terminal.

(4) Power supply line

Design PCB pattern to provide low impedance for the wiring between the power supply and the GND lines.

In this regard, for the digital block power supply and the analog block power supply, even though these power supplies has the same level of potential, separate the power supply pattern for the digital block from that for the analog block, thus suppressing the diffraction of digital noises to the analog block power supply resulting from impedance common to the wiring patterns. For the GND line, give consideration to design the patterns in a similar manner.

Furthermore, for all power supply terminals to ICs, mount a capacitor between the power supply and the GND terminal. At the same time, in order to use an electrolytic capacitor, thoroughly check to be sure the characteristics of the capacitor to be used present no problem including the occurrence of capacity dropout at a low temperature, thus determining the constant.

(5) GND voltage

Make setting of the potential of the GND terminal so that it will be maintained at the minimum in any operating state. Furthermore, check to be sure no terminals are at a potential lower than the GND voltage including an actual electric transient.

(6) Short circuit between terminals and erroneous mounting

In order to mount ICs on a set PCB, pay thorough attention to the direction and offset of the ICs. Erroneous mounting can break down the ICs. Furthermore, if a short circuit occurs due to foreign matters entering between terminals or between the terminal and the power supply or the GND terminal, the ICs can break down.

(7) Operation in strong electromagnetic field

Be noted that using ICs in the strong electromagnetic field can malfunction them.

(8) Inspection with set PCB

On the inspection with the set PCB, if a capacitor is connected to a low-impedance IC terminal, the IC can suffer stress. Therefore, be sure to discharge from the set PCB by each process. Furthermore, in order to mount or dismount the set PCB to/from the jig for the inspection process, be sure to turn OFF the power supply and then mount the set PCB to the jig. After the completion of the inspection, be sure to turn OFF the power supply and then dismount it from the jig. In addition, for protection against static electricity, establish a ground for the assembly process and pay thorough attention to the transportation and the storage of the set PCB.

(9) Input terminals

In terms of the construction of IC, parasitic elements are inevitably formed in relation to potential. The operation of the parasitic element can cause interference with circuit operation, thus resulting in a malfunction and then breakdown of the input terminal. Therefore, pay thorough attention not to handle the input terminals, such as to apply to the input terminals a voltage lower than the GND respectively, so that any parasitic element will operate. Furthermore, do not apply a voltage to the input terminals when no power supply voltage is applied to the IC. In addition, even if the power supply voltage is applied, apply to the input terminals a voltage lower than the power supply voltage or within the quaranteed value of electrical characteristics.

(10) Ground wiring pattern

If small-signal GND and large-current GND are provided, It will be recommended to separate the large-current GND pattern from the small-signal GND pattern and establish a single ground at the reference point of the set PCB so that resistance to the wiring pattern and voltage fluctuations due to a large current will cause no fluctuations in voltages of the small-signal GND. Pay attention not to cause fluctuations in the GND wiring pattern of external parts as well.

(11) External capacitor

In order to use a ceramic capacitor as the external capacitor, determine the constant with consideration given to a degradation in the nominal capacitance due to DC bias and changes in the capacitance due to temperature, etc.

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